The Ottawa Daily Times

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THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the largest circulation of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000; and Weekly over 4,000; making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000; thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 366y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the Sittings and for the District of Quebec.
December 28, 1866. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
H. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carmer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Assizes' Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 22-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Hurdt's Buildings, corner of Sparks Elgin streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1867. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada) Office and residence, Glouster, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (Edinburgh and England.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Heaton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 356y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Heaton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully tested, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. R. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 28-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reid's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.f.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 238tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTEN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries' Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in the city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1865 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public that he has repainted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., in

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.
Ottawa, November 27. 226tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 1y6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT.
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

HOME INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Cash Capital, - $1,000,000
INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,597 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. rec'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 60	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	775,845 68	451,292 06
1866	1,175,105 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.
OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.
Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 164 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2600 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2600, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 20.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction at the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. CARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 394d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-4d Supt. R. Canal.

BAZAAR.
A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. Church will be held on the
22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.
Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:
MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.
A Refreshment Table will be provided.
☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.
April 409td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 229tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, Dish PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Cranding Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Calleniers, Patty-Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
409-tf Commissioner.

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 358y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
4tf DUVERNAY BROS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENRY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 373tf

HOTEL TO LET.—The Hotel and premises on Rideau-st., at present occupied by W. B. Home. This is one of the oldest established hotels in the city, and is well fitted up with a large yard, shed and stabling. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Apply to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Corner Cumberland and Clarence-streets, Ottawa.
April 3. 394

TO LET FOR A TERM of years that large and commodious three-story stone building on Sparks-st., Central Town, known as Johnston Brown's corner. One of the best business stands in the city. It is newly finished. Possession given the first of May. Terms liberal. Apply to the proprietor, Ottawa-st.
JAMES WADSWORTH
March 28. 394-1M

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE therein erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot, Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND,
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTERLY one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outbuildings thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

List of Letters—G. P. Baker.
Early Closing—C. T. Bate & Co.
Masonic Notice—Geo. C. Reiffensteen.
Notice—Blyth & Kerr.
Promenade Concert—Richard Devlin.
Ice—Ice—Ice—T. Starmer.
Building Society—James Egleson.
$1500 Reward—William P. Lett.
By-law No. 246—Robert Lyon.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MAY 1, 1867.

One can almost imagine the British Empire re-asserting its supremacy in the international Councils of Europe, when he reads that the proposition of the Queen of England for a conference of the great powers to settle the Luxemburg dispute has been acceded to by both France and Prussia. Fortunately, through British intervention, the war cloud which threatened for a time to burst over Europe appears to have been dispelled; and the prospects of peace have been not a little improved by the successive checks which Count BISMARCK has received at the hands of the North German Parliament. Napoleon, who "knows how to make sacrifices," will doubtless profit by the very narrow escape he has had from a contest too doubtful in its result to have had many attractions for him. It is yet to be hoped, therefore, that his New Year's Day's prophecy, that 1867 would be a year of peace, may yet be realised.

The *Globe* takes great consolation to itself from the silly rhodomantade of the St. Thomas *Despatch* concerning the "no party men." Who are they? Does not the *Globe* see that the *Despatch* is only poking fun at it. The *Despatch* says there "will be parties." Of course there will! There are already several parties. The *Globe* represents one, whose policy may be gathered from the pledge of Mr. MACFIE, one of its candidates, who declared his first act in the House of Commons would be to vote want of confidence in the Government; a party which teaches that any Reformer continuing to hold office with "JOHN A., or CARTIER" is a traitor; that, in fact, the Reform members of the existing Cabinet, if they do not resign at once, are seceders "to the land of Toryism." This is one party, and a pitiful one it is. But it is essentially a new party, striving to effect a new organization, and has as yet no discoverable aim, either expressed or implied, but to get exclusive control of the administration to condone for "fifteen years of toil and obloquy." It is an opposition party—in opposition to the existing government, and, as witness Mr. MACFIE's pledge, in opposition to the first government of the new dominion.

Then there is another "party"—a very large party in the West, who supported and who still support the existing government, and who will be prepared at the proper time to support the government of the new dominion in setting the new constitution in working order. This is a Coalition party embracing both Conservatives and Reformers who, catching inspiration from the brave words of Mr. BROWN in 1864, have risen above the pitiful trammels of party—that is the trammels of the old party lines—and devoted themselves to the common duty of perfecting Confederation, and will still devote themselves to the common obligation of giving it a fair and loyal footing in the affections of the people.

And there are other parties. The Reformers of North Wellington must constitute a party by themselves, or at all events represent one distinct from the others. They nominated Mr. M. H. FOLEY as their standard-bearer, whose election the *Globe* has assured us would be "a permanent injury to the Reform party," and they cannot therefore belong to the "party" of which Mr. BROWN is the Chief Organiser. We have said enough to show that there is little room for "no-party men" in the West, and again we ask who are they?

A Manufacturers' Convention has been called to meet in New York on the 8th inst., "to deliberate on the present condition and "prospects of the material interests of American industry, and to decide upon some "method of arousing public attention to this "subject." It is evident, therefore, that the American manufacturers do not consider themselves sufficiently protected, and the result of the convention undoubtedly will be a fresh appeal for increased duties upon imports. In the meantime the New York *Post* states that

"When the duty on foreign lead was one cent per pound, our own lead mines supplied one-*quarter* of the whole demand of the United States. The duty was raised one hundred per cent. *on the plea of protection*, and now our own lead mines supply only one-*twentieth* of the lead used in the United States. Meantime for all lead used by the American people they have to pay a large advance on former prices, by reason of the higher duty."

It is to be feared that the artificial system fostered in the Republic by the joint influence of high taxes, and an inflated currency is about producing a disastrous crisis. The professed reductions in the public debt which have astonished the world are found on close examination to be mainly based on a conversion from a currency to a gold debt, so that the actual obligations of the Union are only reduced by the merest fraction. Meantime manufacturing industry staggers under the load of internal taxes, Federal, State and Local, despite the enormous "protection" afforded by the tariff; while on the other hand, the people at large find it difficult to maintain themselves in their wonted positions in life by the crushing weight of the tariff and other taxes combined. The full effect of the tariff on manufactured goods, it should never be forgotten, is this: that while the foreign made article embraces in its cost, the rate of duty which goes to the Government, the cost of the home-made article embraces an amount representing the tariff rate, which goes to the pocket of the manufacturer. There is another consideration in connexion with high tariffs little less vexatious to the consumer: that the importer charges a profit on the duty, as well as a profit in the first cost of the article, while the retailer charges not only a profit upon these two, but also a profit upon the importer's profit. Where a tariff ranges about five per cent. on articles entering largely into general consumption at a comparatively cheap rate, or where on lighter but more costly fabrics or natural productions, the tariff rate does not exceed 12 or 15 per cent. these *incidental* charges of the importer and the retailer are not of very serious consequence to consumers; but when the enormous rates of 40, 50, and 100 per cent. are imposed as duty then the consequent addition by way of profit to the "middlemen" becomes of itself a serious tax, which in a country like the United States must entail a further impost of many millions of dollars annually on its industry.

We do not profess to understand whether the rates imposed by the United States Government, as Internal and Customs revenue, are so balanced as to give their own manufacturers a fair chance of competing with importers, or whether the former are inadequately "protected" by the existing system, but we rather incline to the opinion that the radical defect of their fiscal policy is in raising more money than the industry of the country can afford to pay; added to which, and perhaps, little less demoralising and destructive of legitimate industry, is the strong impetus given to frauds upon the revenue. The failure noted by the *Post* of the protective system in regard to the production of lead, may be due to causes entirely unconnected with the tariff, but the *Post* puts it forward as an illustration of the failure of the system; and we can guess in advance what the answer of the protectionists would be—namely, that the increased burthens imposed upon industry were not fairly compensated for by the increase of the tariff.

There is but one rational deduction to be made from the state of things under consideration which has any value for us: that no system of forcing industry into artificial channels, by high protective tariffs, should be entertained in this country, where all the labor it has, and all it can procure for many years to come, will find more than they can do in developing its natural productions.

Mr. W. BARBER, the well known manufacturer of Georgetown, has been nominated as the Reform candidate for the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for the county of Halton, Mr. R. MILLER who was nominated at a former convention having retired. Mr. BARBER is a man of practical good sense, who will not be a tool in the hands of any party leader.

Mr. CHARLES HYNES, of the Prescott *Messenger*, takes a kindly farewell of his readers in the *Messenger* of the 30th ult.; and announces that he intends to cross the river and revive the "Ogdensburgh *Advance*, a Democratic and "family newspaper." We wish Mr. HYNES prosperity in his new undertaking. The *Messenger* is in the market, but has not yet found a purchaser. Strange that capitalists do not fully realise what a *secure* investment a newspaper establishment is!

The Hon. JOHN CARLING has been nominated as a candidate to represent the city of London in the Canadian House of Commons. Mr. CARLING will, in all probability, be re-elected by acclamation. Few public men have enjoyed a more steady growth of popularity among their constituents than he. He was pressed to accept the candidature for the Local Legislature, but firmly refused. Under these circumstances, Mr. DAVID GLASS, who retired from West Middlesex in favor of Mr. A. P. MACDONALD, was nominated for the House of Assembly of Ontario. We presume Mr. GLASS's success in London need not be doubted.

The Montreal *Daily News* of yesterday morning appears to enjoy a "recollection" of Mr. A. P. MACDONALD'S Parliamentary career, "the exact opposite" of that of the Hamilton *Spectator*. The *News*, speaking of West Middlesex, says:

"We are glad to see again the name of our old friend—A. P. Macdonald—mentioned as the future member for this county, with the assurance that he will not be opposed. Mr. Macdonald was a hard-working, practical member in former years—not much of a speaker, but an honest, independent representative. We can quite comprehend Mr. Macdonald's popularity where he is well known."

FINANCIAL.

A meeting for the purpose of organising a Building Society upon the same basis as the "Ottawa Union Building Society," (which was brought to a close in February last,) was held on Thursday evening last, at the office of P. A. Egleson & Son, Sussex-street, when a large and influential number of gentlemen were present. After the meeting was called to order—upon motion of R. Lees, Esq., seconded by Mr. H. Davis—P. A. Egleson, Esq., was requested to take the chair, and Mr. Jas. Egleson to act as Secretary.

After the chairman had lucidly explained the object of the meeting, and shewed the beneficial working of the last Building Society, under the careful management of the President and Directors, and which was closed in nine years and two months—thereby greatly benefitting all the shareholders, borrowers as well as non-borrowers—he expressed the hope that this society would number at least 1,000 shares before many months working—thereby giving it great weight as a loan society, capable of putting from $1,000 to $1,500 monthly in the market for borrowers at a medium rate of interest, which being returnable to the society in monthly instalments, makes it a safe and desirable way in which parties being about to build may obtain advances upon easy terms of payment.

The By-Law Committee appointed at a previous meeting presented their report, accompanied by a code of by-laws which, after being read over, were passed clause by clause, and ordered to be printed for the use of the shareholders.

Moved by Mr. Wm. Stewart, seconded by Mr. A. Kerr, that the Secretary of this meeting do obtain and open the requisite stock books for this society, and do have the same ready for signature at the first general meeting, to be held at this office on Thursday, 2nd May, at 7:30 o'clock.—Carried.

After passing a vote of thanks to the Chairman and Secretary, upon motion of R. Lees, Esq., seconded by Mr. John Imlay, the meeting adjourned to the above time and place.

JAMES EGLESON,
Secretary *pro. tem.*

At this meeting, there were about 300 shares subscribed for, representing a capital of $60,000.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, April 30, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 37 above zero.
9 a. m., 46 above zero.
Noon, shade, 50 above zero.
p. m., 46 above zero.

LOCAL NEWS.

NAVIGATION.—The water was let into the Beauharnois and Lachine canals on Monday evening.

THE SPRING ASSIZES.—The Assizes commence this day at noon, before Judge Adam Wilson, who arrived in town yesterday.

PERSONAL.—A number of gentlemen arrived in the city last evening by the steamer *Queen Victoria*, among whom we noticed the Hon. JOHN HAMILTON, M. L. C. for Inkermann.

CONCERT POSTPONED.—The grand concert under the auspices of the St. Patrick's Literary Association was postponed last night on account of the inclemency of the weather. It will take place this evening without fail. The Canadian Institute has been engaged as a supper-room. See advertisement.

FIREMEN ATTENTION.—We understand that the new bell at the City Hall will be rung at seven o'clock this p.m., for the purpose of testing its quality and tone. This bell is of double the weight of the old Central bell, and was procured per order, by Mr. Thos. Birkett, 24, Rideau-street.

THE CANAL.—The water has been let into the canal, and it is now open for navigation. The prospects for traffic are very promising, and we are now entering, let us hope, upon a busy season, to continue till old winter shall again seal up the waters.

THE STEAMER CITY OF OTTAWA.—This beautiful boat has been newly painted and refitted for summer travel, in a style of comfortable elegance which will render a passage in her a pleasant trip, and we trust that she and her consorts will be patronized as they deserve to be. It is intended she shall leave for Kingston to-morrow, to be followed on Friday by another for Montreal.

THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—The guests of the Russell will dine in the magnificent saloon in the new wing of that establishment this evening for the first time. All its appointments are of the most perfect kind, and in good keeping with the well known character of its gentlemanly and generous host. All the apartments in the new wing are finished in a style of elegance and comfort, and are ready for occupation.

EARLY CLOSING.—All the leading grocers have signed an agreement, which will be found in other columns, signifying their intention to close their respective establishments at 8 o'clock p.m. (Saturdays excepted) from and after to-day. We look upon this as a very judicious move—one that will afford their clerks an opportunity of enjoying the benefit of the reading-room or the exhilarating influences of the rifle drill, in some of the many companies now formed in our city. The arrangement will in no way prove an inconvenience to the public; therefore the dealer will lose nothing. True, some one or two will be found *just small enough* to keep open, but they are not the kind of people to deal with, and a generous public, who are ever ready at least to concede to others, rights which all would wish to enjoy, a little relaxation from duty, will make their arrangements to do their shopping earlier.

ESCAPE OF PRISONERS.—Yesterday morning, the town was in a state of considerable excitement over the reported escape from the county jail of two prisoners. At first, it was believed to be Brough, the burglar, and his accomplice, Pat. Sinnett. On inquiry, however, it was found that it was George Fitzsimmons and Sinnett, and that Brough was safe in his cell, from which he will not come, except under guard. The last prisoner who escaped waited until a day or two before his trial should have come on, Fitzsimmons and Sinnett remained till the last day before the assizes. Their mode of escape was as follows: At seven o'clock yesterday morning, the escaped prisoners, with Pat. Flood, who is in for a short term from the Police Court, for a petty offence, were let out of their cells to take their breakfast, when Sinnett and Fitzsimmons went to the end of the corridor, where there is a place for washing, and a water closet, for the supposed purpose of washing before breakfast. After a lapse of some fifteen minutes, according to Flood's story, he went to see what they were doing, because the breakfast was getting cold, and he thought they were staying longer than necessary. On arriving at the place he found two doors open, which he had never before seen open, out of which the prisoners had evidently gone. He immediately returned and knocked at the door by which the turnkeys always entered and gave the alarm. The officers of the gaol came in and found that the padlock which fastened the grating door at the end of the corridor had been picked; then there was another wooden door which led immediately into the gallows-passage, also open and the lock off. To remove this lock was an easy matter, for, strange to say, it was fastened on with small bolts and nuts, the latter being on the inside. Two other doors, an iron grating one, and one of wood, had to be passed, leading into the gallows-square. The former of these was fastened by means of a thick band of iron reaching through the thickness of the prison wall, being fastened on the outside with a padlock, this, and the lock of the wooden door had been picked on the outside. From the square, another door led to the main yard, where the prisoners work at breaking stones and sawing wood. The padlock which fastened this door had been removed, and could not be found. Close to this in the angle of the walls, a ladder was found against the Eastern wall, over which the prisoners escaped. On further examination it was found that a portion of their bedding had been torn into strips and twisted into ropes, and the stout wire handle of Fitzsimmons' night bucket bent up so as to be used as a grapnel attached to hold on to the top of the wall, and thus break the fall in the descent outside. The ladder had evidently been put over the wall from the outside, for there was no such thing belonging to the jail, nor was it seen there before. The person or persons who put it there most likely picked the locks outside, leaving only the old fashioned padlock to be picked and the four nuts to be taken off by the two men, which it is said occupied no more than fifteen minutes. It is believed that a portion of the wire handle of the bucket served the prisoners as a pick-lock and a wrench for the nuts. Mr. Higgins immediately proceeded to the cell of Brough to ascertain if he was all right, and was met with the question, "Did you think I was gone too?" thereby shewing that he had a knowledge of the escape. The Sheriff on hearing the facts applied to the Police Commissioners for aid, and shortly afterwards men and horses were put in requisition and are now in hot pursuit of the fugitives, and we hope to be able soon to report good results. Had Sinnett remained he would most likely have turned Queen's evidence and convicted Brough. As it is, the result of this burglar's trial is at present somewhat doubtful.

—The Geographical Society of Paris has given its gold medal for the current year to Sir Samuel Baker, for his discovery of the Albert Nyanza.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, April 30, 1867.

It is rumored that Bishop Lynch is about to be removed to Buffalo, to replace the late Bishop Timon of that city.

The *Evening Leader* is about to be discontinued, not proving a profitable enterprise. It is said that Mr. Beatty has some idea of running for the House of Commons.

Mr. Capreol is said to have received a letter from Philadelphia stating that twenty million dollars' worth of stock in the Georgian Bay canal will be taken up in the States, provided there is equal co-operation in England and Canada.

It is reported that the Hon. George Brown contemplates selling out the *Globe*, and embarking in an important undertaking of a different nature.

A despatch from London says that on Sunday two soldiers of the 60th, both partly intoxicated, went out in a boat down the South branch of the Thames, were carried over the falls—one man sprang overboard, and would have perished but for prompt assistance from shore. The other man remained in the boat, and was carried over safely.

A considerable number of strangers are passing through town on their way to the gold regions.

A despatch from St. Catherines reports the death of Mrs. Stephenson, wife of the late Col. Stephenson, occasioned by the sudden shock of her husband's violent and unexpected death.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, April 30, 1867.

It is contemplated to build a branch railway from St. Johns to Fort Covington.

At the annual musical soiree of the Royals, the Hon. John Rose made an excellent speech, in the course of which he said that we were now about to cast off the name of a mere province, and to rise in some degree to the dignity of a nation; that one of our first duties was to develope the manhood and self-reliance of the new nationality, by providing for the defence of our liberties. He deprecated the notion that England wanted to get rid of us, but said that, as a people, she expected us to provide for our own safety, as far as lay in our power. He strongly urged the necessity of public opinion being educated up to the point when the principle would be adopted and acted on, that every man owes personal service to his country, or if exempt should contribute to its defence in proportion to his means,—when, instead of depending on isolated corps of volunteers, the whole male population should be trained to the use of arms. The volunteers, he said, have done and are doing, much good, but in future our organisation must be on a more comprehensive plan.

Weather wet and gloomy. Business dull.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Parliament Opened.

LONDON, April 30.—Parliament resumed its session yesterday. In the House of Commons last night Lord Stanley, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in reply to an inquiry stated that the proposition for a peace congress had been accepted by France and Prussia, and said he was of the opinion that the Luxemburg affair would be satisfactorily settled.

Opening of the Prussian Diet.

BERLIN, April 30.—The Prussian Diet was opened yesterday by the King in person. In his Speech from the Throne, King William said the unity of Germany was an assurance of peace to Europe, and urged the speedy adoption of the constitution. The King was silent in regard to the Luxemburg question.

London Money Market.

LONDON, April 30—Evening.—Consols closed firm at 91¼ for money; 5-20s 81¼; Ill. C. 76; Erie 40½.

NEWS BY THE "CITY OF WASHINGTON."

Closing of the Prussian Parliament—The King's Speech—Holland giving up Luxemburg—The Atlantic and Great Western R. R.—The Turkish Loan.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The steamship *City of Washington* from Liverpool 17th and Queenstown 18th, has arrived.

It appears the Prize Court at Cadiz, declared the capture of the *Queen Victoria* to have been illegal.

The North German Parliament was closed on the 17th by the King. He congratulated the House upon having established on a solid foundation the constitution, whose development he would leave to the future. The Federal authority is furnished with the attributes indispensible to it, but also sufficient for prosperity.

The time has arrived when our German fatherland is able to uphold its place, its rights, and its dignity by its own collective strength—the national self consciousness which has met with a powerful assistance from all quarters of Germany; none the less, however, are all the Governments and people of Germany unanimous that the reigning power of the nation has alone to uphold its significance, by rendering secure all the blessings of peace. The King closed by asking God to bestow his blessing upon the dear fatherland.

The Dutch government had ordered its diplomatic agents to refrain henceforth from all interference in the affairs of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg.

The financial administration of Poland is placed wholly under control of the Russian Minister of Finance.

The troubles in Oporto on account of the new taxes, have been suppressed by the military without loss of life.

James McHenry had sailed for the United States, on business connected with the investigation committee of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad.

Bankers in Constantinople gave the cold shoulder to application for the Government loan which would have yielded 22 per cent. yearly.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Union and Pacific R. R. Running Again.

OMAHA, NEBRASKA, April 30.—The Union Pacific and Chicago North-western Railroads are all right again, and trains are running regular.

The Indian War.

A Fort Laramie despatch of the 28th says the Indians have surrendered the Horse-shoe Station, and fighting is now going on.

Paper Mills Burned.

WILMINGTON, DEL., April 30.—The extensive paper works of Jessup & Moore, at Rockland, four miles from this city, was totally burned yesterday. Loss, $300,000; insured for $115,000.

Another Great Racket Match.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The four hundred dollar racket match between Foulkes and Denoe, the champion and ex-champion players of America, and Wm. Gray, the English champion and his brother, was played this afternoon. The American players were victorious, scoring four games to their opponents two in seven, constituting the match.

Suspended Payment.

ROCHESTER, April 30.—Allis, Waters & Co., private bankers of this city, suspended to-day, and made assignment. Their liabilities are about seventy-five thousand dollars.

A Quicksilver Mine Changes Hands.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—A deed was filed on the 24th in the office of the Recorder of Santa Clara County by the Quicksilver Mining Company of Pennsylvania, conveying to the Quicksilver Mining Company of New York, the new Almond Quicksilver Mine. The consideration expressed is three and a half millions of dollars.

DESERVE SUCCESS, AND YOU SHALL COMMAND IT.—Mrs. Fanny Robinson, of Londonderry, Vt., writes: "I have made an experiment with Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. I have used them two months. I now have a new growth of hair coming out, and my gray hair is extinct." Sold by all druggists. Depot, 198, Greenwich st., N.Y.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

Arrivals Out.

BREST, April 30.—The steamship *Great Eastern*, from New York, 12th, arrived last evening.

QUEENSTOWN, April 30.—The steamship *City of Boston*, from New York, 20th, arrived this morning.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—The Cunard freight steamer *Tripoli*, from New York, 17th, arrived to-day.

Uneasiness about the Luxemburg Question.

LONDON, April 30.—The King of Prussia, thus far, has been entirely silent on the subject of Luxemburg, which fact is causing considerable uneasiness in Paris.

AMERICAN NEWS.

News from Mexico.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The following news from Mexico was brought by the United States gunboat *Thama*, which arrived at Galveston on the 22nd from Tampico, April 17. Advices had been received from Juarez, dated 13th, which stated that Maximilian and the garrison at Queretaro were about at that time attempting to cut their way out, but were badly repulsed. It is believed the Emperor will be surely bagged.

The *Tahama's* news from Vera Cruz reports that place invested by the Liberals with 5,000 troops on the South, and 2,000 on the North. All access to the city was cut off, and provisions were scarce inside. The cart beef had been killed, and meat costs about a dollar per pound. The Liberals had driven off a herd of 500 sheep and goats, and starvation was imminent. The city was being shelled.

Railroad Wood Sheds Burned.

SYRACUSE, April 30.—The Central Railroad wood sheds caught fire this morning; about 1000 cords of wood, sheds, and eight caboose cars were consumed. Loss $100,000.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Gold 135⅛.

The *Post's* financial article says, speculative feeling in Wall-street continues, and there is a feeling of animation prevailing. The rate for call loans is 4 to 5 cents on governments, and 3 to 6 cents on miscellaneous.

THE WEIGHT OF BREAD.

To the Editor of the Times:

DEAR SIR,—Now that bread has risen to such a famine price in Ottawa, I think it would be most appropriate for the corporation of our city to follow the good example of Toronto, in having an officer appointed to visit occasionally the bakers' shops and weigh all the loaves therein, to see that the public have their full weight of bread. I do not wish to say that the bakers of Ottawa would intentionally sell to their customers short weight; but at the same time it is just possible that such might occur. And as so many bakers in Toronto have at different times had the entire stock of their shops seized by the Inspector, and only on Tuesday last, the 23rd of April, the Bread Inspector made a seizure from bakers' carts and shops at that place of no less than 542 loaves, which were distributed amongst the charitable institutions of the city; now, Mr. Editor, this fact proves how very necessary it is to look after the bakers, and I hope the municipal authorities of Ottawa will cause a rigid inspection to take place.

I remain, dear sir,
Yours faithfully,
PUBLIC SERVICE.

Ottawa, April 30th, 1867.

THE CHOICE OF CANDIDATES.

(From the Toronto Leader.)

The *Globe* has at length undertaken to make a seminative platform out of a crooked stick. It has no programme of measures to offer, no declaration of principles to make; but it borrows the recipe of the Prescott *Messenger* for making members of Parliament. Here it is: take good material in the shape of a candidate; be sure that he possesses a good judgment, for the purpose of ensuring that he will form correct ideas upon questions hereafter to arise; give him enough votes on the day of polling, and you will have the kind of member which the times call for. Some directions are added to those, the principal of which is that when you go in search of material for candidates, you must confine your selection solely to the ranks of one of the old political parties. We are told with a great show of reason, that those who have been in the habit of forming correct judgments on political questions, in the past, are very likely to do so in the future. This is a very good rule no doubt; but there may be some little difficulty in applying it, especially when the most opposite opinions have been formed by the same person on the same question at different times. It might, in this connection, be interesting to be informed, on a few passages in the political history of Mr. Brown, chairman of the Reorganizer's meeting, in Toronto, and generally head and front of the Opposition that is being organized. Did he exercise a sound judgment when he threw in his lot with the old and then unrepentant Tories, with the late Sir Allan McNab at their head; when he supported the candidates of that party everywhere in opposition to Baldwin Reformers? When he opposed the re-entrance into public life of the late Hon. Robert Baldwin? When one after another, he villified every Reformer of note in the country, including among them Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Hincks, Mr. Merritt, Mr. Morris, Mr. Spence, Mr. Ross, Mr. Malcolm Cameron, Mr. W. L. Mackenzie, Mr. Morin, Mr. Caron, Sir E. P. Tache. These are but a few of the Reformers' names which Mr Brown, one after another, tried to blacken. Did he exercise a sound judgment in doing so? Is he exercising sound judgment now in threatening to mete out similar treatment to the Reform members of the Cabinet, if they dare to act upon their own convictions? Did he form and exercise a sound judgment when he denounced the Intercolonial railroad project as not to be justified by any consideration, or when he declared he was ready to vote for six Intercolonial railroads? Yes, six; enough to settle the question of eastern route, western route, middle route, and every other route that has been thought of. When we get answers to these questions, we shall be in a position to form an opinion as to Mr. Brown's qualifications. But he may at least boast that, since he has been on every side of every great question, he has shown the ability to form a correct opinion, for if one side was wrong, the other must be right, and he could claim either.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

The men who are uniting to give aid and comfort to Mr. Howe and the Rouges may make what pretences they like, they will not be able to disguise from the public the anti-union game they are playing, both negatively and positively; negatively, by preventing the unionists forming a single compact party to oppose the enemy; and positively by creating a faction which will have no place but alongside the Rouges and the Howeites, and no purpose but to assist them. Few of the questions that have divided parties heretofore, in this Province, have at all approached in importance this question of union, and most of them sink into utter insignificance in comparison with it. The only ground on which parties can unite at present is that of union against the advocates of disunion. It is a ground on which Upper Canada ought to be an unit. But as this is now impossible—the men who declare it a merit to embrace Mr. Howe and the Rouges, knowing full well that to take them is to take their principles also, having exercised the power they possess to divide our population—there remains nothing but to form as strong a Coalition as possible, under the circumstances.

PRISONERS FOR THE PENITENTIARY.—Convicts keep pouring into this institution from both east and west. Six were lodged there yesterday from various places in Western Canada, one of them being the noted Trick, sentenced for seven years for a railway robbery. Two others were being brought up on Tuesday, and when near Cornwall, one of them, a forger, escaped while the cars were lying over at a way station. The other was said by a Brockville paper to have also escaped and had been recaptured, which was not the case, as he was found standing on the platform, and had made no attempt to get away. It is quite likely that these men were in charge of a constable, but they seem to have had an unusual degree of liberty allowed to them for persons in their position.—*Whig.*

A FEW SIGNIFICANT FIGURES.

Mr. Gladstone's recent enconium upon "the courage and forethought of the American people," in bearing a burden of taxation which, "both in amount and kind, makes their conduct a marvel," is undoubtedly just, so far as "bearing the burden" is concerned; but when the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer dilates upon the rapid reduction of our national debt, his remarks are not so well worthy of endorsement. To be sure, the purpose of his laudation was to improve his political prospects rather than say a kind word for the United States; but his words have received an interpretation on this side of the water which is not warranted by the facts in the case. The debt of the United States, August 31, 1865, was $2,846,000,000, and on April 1, 1867, $2,663,000,000, showing an apparent reduction of $183,000,000 in nineteen months. But of what did the debt consist at each of these dates? In round numbers, on the 31st of Aug., 1867, the debt in coin was $1,000,000,000, and that in currency was $1,846,000,000; while on the 1st of April, 1867, the coin debt was 1,500,000,000, and the currency debt $1,163,000,000. The main portion of the national debt was contracted when our currency was worth less than 74 cents on the dollar (the equivalent of gold at 135); but, assuming this valuation as a basis of calculation, a comparison of the amount in coin of the debt at the two periods mentioned results as follows:

August 31, 1865.

Debt in coin	$1,000,000,000
Debt in currency as above, at 74c	$1,366,000,000
Total	$2,366,000,000

April 1, 1867.

Debt in coin	$1,500,000,000
Debt in currency as above, at 74c	$860,000,000
Total	$2,360,000,000

This shows a reduction of but $6,000,000 in nineteen months, and those months very favorable for the collection of a large amount of revenue. The interence is obvious. The national debt is not going to melt away like mist before the rising sun. Its pressure has not begun to be felt as it will be, and as the signs of the times indicate that it is to be ere long. And so long as Congress appropriates millions to the Freedmen's Bureau, and increases the salary of its members by 66⅔ per cent, and expends money with a lavishness that would be reprehensible even if the national treasury were full to overflowing, there is no likelihood that the national debt will be so much reduced as that taxation will be materially lessened, Mr. Gladstone to the contrary notwithstanding.—*New York World.*

STREET LIFE IN PARIS.

"Carleton" writes from Paris to the Boston *Journal*:—"The streets of this capital of fashion and pleasure are alive with people. There is not the dull, heavy, constant roaring of London; there is wanting the heavy traffic of New York, but light vehicles roll along by the thousand. It requires twenty thousand cabs to do the light riding of this people. Riding is so cheap that you cannot afford to walk. Thirty cents will carry you anywhere inside the city walls in a cab. But cheaper than cabs are the omnibusses—not running helter-skelter, with some six hundred omnibusses and seven thousand horses, carrying eighty million passengers per annum. The east and west lines intersect with those running north and south, so that you can reach almost any section of the great city for six cents.

"Stand anywhere you please and watch the never-ceasing tide of life pass by. Omnibusses, always full, cabs jogging at a regular pace, great loads of hay not pitched on in forkfulls, but done up in wisps, loads of wood done up in little bundles, brush for kindlings, tied up by the peasant women. Now a great waggon filled with calves, going to market, all of which had inspection at the city gate to ensure health in the metropolis, now a procession of wine trucks; here comes the great stone-crasher, weighing several tons, grinding the broken stone to powder beneath its ponderous pressure; soldiers from Algeria, swarth Turcos with Zouave costume; soldiers of the line in trim uniform of the Imperial Guard, top-heavy with bear-skin cap; workmen in wooden shoes—such shoes as would make a sensation in Boston, clamp, clamp they go upon the sidewalk—worn here in Paris and throughout France by those too poor to wear anything as soft as leather.

"And now the workwomen, in coarse dress, but every one wearing a white ruffled cap. It is their only head dress. Never a bonnet have they owned, or will they ever own. At home or abroad it is ever the same white cap. Look at that space around the tower of St. James and you behold it filled with servants and young children, and every little toddling creature, every infant, every chubby-checked girl, tumbling on the grass or making dirt pies, wears a white ruffled cap. A workwoman or servant girl appearing without a cap would be out of her sphere. And what strong creatures these servant girls are! They will carry a great trunk up to the fifth story, or toss it from the ground to the top of a cab as if it was the easiest task in the world."

The Case of Jefferson Davis.

It is generally understood that Mr. Jefferson Davis will not be tried at the next term of the United States Circuit Court, which is to be held in Richmond next month, since Chief-Justice Chase declines to hold a court there so long as martial law exists in Virginia, and as this is in his circuit the court cannot be held without his presence. Mr. Davis's counsel, it is reported, will appear at the commencement of the term and move to quash the indictment against their client on the ground of certain informalities in it. Should the motion prevail, the prosecution will have to find a new indictment before April, 1868; for, according to the act of 1790, under which Mr. Davis is arraigned, "No person or persons shall be prosecuted, "tried, or punished for treason or other capi"tal offence aforesaid, wilful murder or perju"ry excepted, unless the indictment for the "same shall be found by a grand jury within "three years next after the treason or capital "offence aforesaid shall be done or commit"ted." As the war ended in April, 1865, the time for holding Jefferson Davis under charge of treason has nearly expired. It would be a finale to the drama of secession and civil war, if the leader of the opposition to the government should escape a long-threatened trial for impeachment by the remissness of his prosecutors; yet not more strange than the repeated postponement of his trial has been.—*N. Y. World.*

—If a person faints place him instantly flat on the floor, or bed, on his back, and let him lay quietly for ten minutes or so; it is simply a fainting fit, and the blood flowing on a level will speedily equalize itself through the system. If you are troubled with rheumatism, pleurisy, pain in the side or back, cramps in the stomach, burns, frost-bites, &c., procure at once a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is a certain cure for all such complaints. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as surely cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

OWNERS OF HORSES REJOICING.—And why not? and who knows but that their horses are rejoicing as well; who can prove the contrary? But their owners rejoice because of the astonishing and almost miraculous effects on their horses of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy." Some were lean and poor, having no appetite, others would devour their food ravenously, yet derive no benefit from it; some were hide bound with rough and shaggy hair; others had severe colds and coughs; many had the heaves and other complaints peculiar to horses; on all it operated as a charm, the disease or complaint was speedily removed, the appetite and digestive organs corrected—the skin softened, and a sleek and shining appearance given to the coat, all without any danger to, or preventing the horse being used. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—The Woodstock *Times* says that it is not "a little singular, that just as soon as the *Globe* espoused the cause of Mr. George Perry, as a candidate for the Legislature of Ontario, that gentleman felt his prospects of success wane; and the end is that he has, in great disgust, abandoned his candidature. In the Ridings of Oxford, if success is hoped for, the very best thing that one can do, is to court the hostility of the *Globe*; that secured, with a moderate share of popularity, the object is readily accomplished."

THE CESSION OF RUSSIAN AMERICA.—The Russian organ, *Le Nord*, says:—"The transatlantic telegram which announces the meeting of the United States Senate, in order to receive communication of a treaty for the cession of Russian America, contains nothing which ought to surprise us. This cession, if we are not mistaken, is the consequence of negotiations dating back several months. It is easy to see the mutual advantages that Russia and the United States must derive from such a transaction. These American countries, hitherto all but unproductive to Russia, owing to their distance from the centre of an empire already so vast, will be more easily vivified by Yankee expansion; and the current of colonisation and commerce which will ultimately be established between the Asiatic and American seaboard of the Pacific will powerfully aid the prosperity of Eastern Siberia and the basin of the Amoor."

INSECTIVEROUS BIRDS.—The season has again arrived when the feathered songsters of our woodlands, groves and lawns make their usual appearance, and already the sweet notes of the rosignol is heard from the hawthorn hedge and the loud whistle of the robin strikes upon the ear. It is at this time that the greatest injury is done by idle men and dissolute boys in shooting and trapping these annual visitors, the best protectors and scavengers of the farm, the orchard and the garden, we possess. A detective officer has been stationed on the Carouge road to prevent the killing of the birds, and gentlemen possessing property in other localities would promote their own interests, and at the same time confer a public benefit by obtaining the services of two or three more detectives to aid in suppressing these cruelties. The provisions of the law passed in 1864 are very stringent and readily enforced, as it authorises all persons to destroy traps or cages they may find set, and obliges market clerks and police officers to seize and liberate all birds brought to the markets of the city.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

LUMBER THROUGHOUT THE CONTINENT.—Messrs. Woolmer and Garrick, of Chicago, have published their annual circular respecting the prospects of the lumber trade. They say that in their trips through Canada they have come to the conclusion that a larger quantity than usual has been got out and is available for market; that the old stock in the Eastern States is also large; and that but for a temporary check caused by thaw, during the month of February, there would have been a glut in the Western markets of supplies obtained from Michigan, Wisconsin, &c. But for this, expectation put the supply for Chicago at from 800,000,000 to 1,000,000,000 feet, against 700,000,000 feet of board measure in 1866. They say that very few contracts have been made in Canada during the last winter for American account; but the high character of Canadian timber and the price paid for it in the United States, will enable shippers from Canada to sell at profit, notwithstanding the duty. The Chicago supply, according to these gentlemen, is likely to be about the same as last year, and though the tendency of all prices is to a nominal decline, in sympathy with the probable movement of the gold market, they hold that lumber stands as fair a chance as anything else to command a remunerative sale, especially considering that the prosperous condition of the farmers, and the fair appearance for the next crop, make it impossible to fear anything like a financial collapse.

DIED.

At Guernsey, on the 6th April, Marianne, widow of the late Francis Scott, M. D., Surgeon Second Battalion Rifle Brigade, and mother of Captain F. G. Scott, late 71st Regiment.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Private Board.

TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.
Address A. B. C., office of this paper.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
20 *lbs. daily for the Season*—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.

Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

A GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT!

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

Brass Band of the St. Patrick's Literary Association,

WILL BE HELD IN THE

St. Patrick's Hall,

ON

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1867.

A Quadrille Band will also be in attendance.
Doors open at 8 o'clock.

TICKETS, admitting a Lady and Gentleman' $1.50. Single Tickets, $1.00.

RICHARD DEVLIN, Secretary.

May 1. 423-1

BUILDING SOCIETY

THE

Mutual Building Society,

OF OTTAWA.

Being now formed, parties desirous of subscribing for Stock, will have an opportunity of doing so, by attending

A Meeting of the Society,

WHICH WILL BE HELD

At the Office of P. A. Egleson & Son,

80, Sussex-st.,

—ON—

THURSDAY EVENING, 2nd OF MAY,

AT 7:30 O'CLOCK,

When the first instalment will be payable, and the Directors chosen for the ensuing year.

SHARES,.........$200 EACH.

Payable by monthly instalment of.......$1.05 each.

All information regarding the working of the Society, profits, easy method of borrowing, &c., &c can be had by enquiring of the Secretary.

JAMES EGLESON,
Secy. *pro tem.*

May 1. 423td

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-tt

THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C. REIFFENSTEEN,
Acting Grand Secretary.

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423-td

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Ottawa Post Office, May 1st, 1867.

Alexander James
Arbuckel Jas
Archable Mrs Isabel
Armstrong Wm E
Ashworth W A
Barrouse Miss E
Bell Mr (Gloucester)
Benedict Geo
Benedict Miss Ann
Brady Thos
Bradley Albert
Brown Daniel
Bruce Jas A
Buru Mrs Thos
Burnett R S
Cautwell John
Cassidy Mrs Bridget
Collins Wm
Collins Miss Margt
Connelly Maria
Correy Mary Jane
Cottrell Chas W
Cross Wm
Delaney Mary Ann
Dewar John J
Fitzsimmons Henry
Foley Mrs
Ford John
French Mrs J S
Gibson Margt
Gleason Patrick
Gordon J (of Osnabruck)
Gravely Mrs
Harrod Jos
Haig George
Hall Mrs Matilda
Hanvahan Hanora
Hobbs Miss Sarah
Hodgins John
Hutchinson Elizabeth
Hunter Miss Catherine
Hyndman Mrs
Jeacle George
Johnston Hannah
Johnston Mary
Kearns Miss Catherine
Keeley Thos
Kennedy Alex
Kennedy Miss Kate
Keogh John
Kettles Chas
Killeen J B
Kirkbride James
Kiffer Mrs John
Lacy Miss Mary
Lawrence L
Leitch Miss Sarah
Lemon Jas
Lyons J W
Mauley John
Manning Michael
Manning Jas
Marcelus Keziah
Martin Mary
Mooney Miss Catherine
Moore Miss Ann
Moore Alfred
Manson J H
Murphy Wm
Mutchmor Jonathan
Nelson Andrew
Nesbitt M H
O'Brien Nellie
O'Calighan Alice
O'Hara Maria
O'Leary Mrs Mich
Oves J D
Patterson Wm
Riley Mrs Mary
Ritchie And (Gloucester)
Roache Wm
Robertson John
Robinson Frank
Rose Lewis
Rose James
Scott John
Shaw Henry J
Shaw Jas
Sheehan Patk
Smith Miss Elizth
Sowden Arthur R
Spain Eleanor M
Stafford Wm
Stephens Wm
Stevens H H
Stewart John
Stewart Francis
Stewart Miss Christina
Taylor Miss Sophia
Thompson R
Thompson Jock
Turner Mrs Mich
Vernor Mary J
Walsh Jas
Watkins Mrs
McArdle Elizth
McBride Thos
McCabe Patk
McCoy Robt
McDougall J H
McDougall Alex
McDonell Miss
McElroy Thos
McFarlane W (B Rapids)
McGillivray D
McMahon Mark
McMullen George
McPhail Mrs D
McVicar A
A H
W P

423-3. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Early Closing.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED GROcery Merchants of the City of Ottawa, hereby agree to CLOSE our respective establishments, on and after WEDNESDAY, the FIRST DAY of MAY, next, at the hour of EIGHT O'CLOCK PRECISELY (Saturdays excepted) until further notice.

C. T. Bate & Co.,
J. G. Robinson & Co.,
Browne & Hardy,
A. Campbell & Co.,
M. Sparrow & Co.,
P. A. Egleson & Son,
J. Buchanan,
W. D. Wood,
D. Whelan,
W. Wall,
D. Chisholm.
T. Patterson,
John Greene,
H. Ross,
J. McCarthy,
E. McGillivray,
A. B. Perkins,
R. McCullough,
A. Brown,
A. McCormick,
S. Howell.

Ottawa, April 30th, 1867. 423-3

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c

By-Law No. 246.

By-law to amend By-law No. 232 relating to the Fire Department:

WHEREAS it is desirable to amend By-law No. 232, therefore the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, hereby enacts as follows:

1. That in addition to the office of Superintendent created by the said By-law, there shall also be created and established the office of Assistant Superintendent.

2. That the Assistant Superintendent shall, in the absence of the Superintendent, perform all the duties, and have all the powers of the Superintendent, as the same are described in said By-law No 232, and the appointment and removal of the said Assistant Superintendent shall be subject to the same conditions as those provided in said By-law regarding the office of Superintendent.

3. That when the Superintendent is present on the occasion of any fire, the Assistant Superintendent shall receive and obey the instructions of the Superintendent and act as his aid and assistant in the direction of the Fire Brigade; and at all times in the ordinary routine of duty, the said Assistant Superintendent shall aid and assist the Superintendent as directed by the said Superintendent.

4. That the salary of the Assistant Superintendent shall be *two hundred dollars* per annum.

5. That John Langford be, and he is hereby appointed Superintendent of the Fire Department, and Paul Favreau is also, in like manner appointed Assistant Superintendent.

6. That all provisions and enactments of By-law No. 232 fixing and granting premiums for the first and second engines at fires, and for the first arrival of a hook and ladder carriage, are hereby repealed.

7. That in lieu of premiums the sum of *one hundred and fifty dollars* per annum shall be paid to each City Fire Company, in addition to regular allowances under clause No. 8 of By-law No 232, and *one hundred dollars* per annum to each hook and ladder company.

8. That all allowances for drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to fires are hereby disallowed, and the enactments in relation thereto contained in By-law No. 232 are hereby repealed.

9. That in lieu of such premiums and allowances the sum of *seventy-five dollars* shall be paid to the Chaudiere and Ottawa Fire Companies respectively, and the sum of *fifty dollars* shall be paid to each of the other fire companies, and to each hook and ladder company, to defray the expense of drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to and from fires.

10. That the fees and premiums provided in By-law No. 232, for the FIRST and SECOND puncheons of water arriving at any fire, are hereby abolished, and the enactments of By-law No. 232 in that regard are hereby repealed.

11. That in lieu of said premiums the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS is hereby appropriated, to be placed at the disposal of the Fire Superintendent, for rewards to those who arrive first at fires with a supply of water, the same to be paid and expended as the Superintendent shall decide.

12. That the Superintendent shall, immediately after every fire report in writing to the Mayor all circumstances relating thereto which come to his knowledge.

13. That all provisions of said By-law No. 232, and other By-laws of this Corporation, repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this By-law, are hereby repealed and declared void.

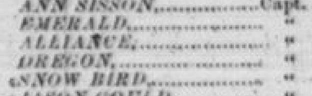
GIVEN under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-ninth day of April, A. D. 1867.

(Signed.)

ROBERT LYON, *Mayor.* L.S.

Certified, WM. P. LETT, *City Clerk.* 423-3

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.



1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKER.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN.

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

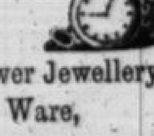
A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s



New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,
CHEAP.
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

NEW BOOKS.

DURIE & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED—Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7. "Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage." "Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.

THE CHEAP WAVERLEY

Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.

THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.

Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.

☞ Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.

The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.

Good Words—bound—for 1866.

For sale by JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, April 4. 400y

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Notice.

MR. ROWE has been instructed by Mr. Sinclair, to offer for sale at the UNION HOUSE, in Ottawa, on the 7th of MAY, at 11 o'clock, a. m., that well-known farm of 140 acres, 100 of which are cleared, and in good condition for a crop this year. It is 3 miles from this city, and recently occupied as a dairy farm by JOSEPH WHITE. Terms made known at the time of sale.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

April 30. 422-3

AUCTION NOTICE.

MR. ROWE HAS RECEIVED A large consignment of

DRY GOODS!

From a house in Montreal, which he will sell by public auction, at his Salesroom, commencing on TUESDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock.

The Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing, in Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, and of the latest styles. A variety of Men's Fancy Flannel Shirts, Hats and Caps, both men and boys. Also a large number of pieces of Fancy Tweeds, Doeskins, Cashmeres, &c., &c. Together with a variety of styles of Neck-ties, Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

April 30. 422y

AUCTION SALE

OF A VERY

Valuable Farm

IN THE

County of Carleton.

Amos Rowe, Auctioneer,

HAS been favored with instructions from the Executors of the Estate of the late GEORGE BELL, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT

ARMSTRONG'S UNION HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

On Tuesday, the 7th of May, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

That valuable Farm Property known as part of Lots 17 and 18 in the 2nd Concession of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Ottawa Front, said to contain

190 ACRES

MORE OR LESS.

The property is very beautifully situated, being only 7 miles from Ottawa City, now the Capital of Canada, and 2 miles from Bell's Corners; the Ottawa and Richmond Gravel Road running through the property. The land is of the best quality, and about 130 acres is fenced and under good cultivation. There is a good

Farm House and Out Buildings

On the property. Also a never failing creek running through the lot.

The Title is Undisputed

And terms of payment are easy, being £1,150 down, the balance in 5 equal annual instalments, secured by mortgage, paying 8 per cent. interest. The interest to be paid annually.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Further particulars or any information can be had from the Executors, John Bell, W. Graham, Jas. Bearman, or A. Rowe.

☞ Toronto *Globe* and Montreal *Gazette* 2 insertions per week in daily—and week till date, and send account to this office. 416-2awd-wtd

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent, and Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather,
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—

And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

GATINEAU MACADAMIZED AND GRAVELLED ROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company have made a

Call of Ten per cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call Shareholders are required to pay within two weeks from this 19th April, 1867, to H. V. Noel, Esquire, the Treasurer of the said Company.

JOHN AYLEN, Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

April 26. 419a

Ottawa and Gloucester

Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further

Call of Ten per Cent.

of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.

Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.

W. H. FALLS, Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

Private Tuition.

A GRADUATE of an English University, experienced in teaching, would be glad to make a few engagements as Visiting Tutor.

REFERENCES: J M Thorburn, Esq, M A; Rev F Codd, Aylmer; J A Snow, Esq, P L S, Hull. Address, B A, Post-office, Ottawa.

April 27. 420a

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

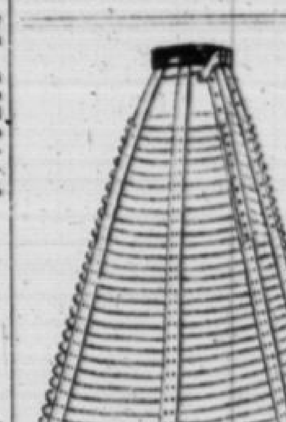
New Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.
Kidderminster, Scotch and Imperial 3 ply Wool Carpets.
All Wool Dutch and Union Carpets.
Stair Carpets. Mattings. Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Seven Cases Just Opened.

OTTAWA, APRIL 16. 403y

TO THE LADIES.



City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(OPENING DAY—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

---

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

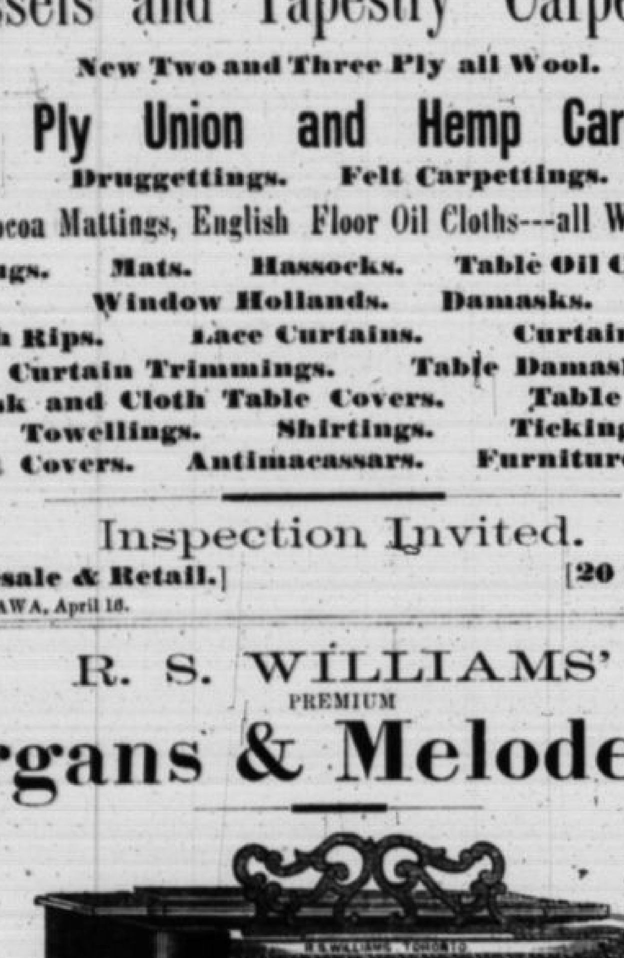
Wholesale & Retail.] **[20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons



Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity,

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8.3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK, Peg Top Depot, Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURNISHED BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

Butchers,............No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414e

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread........................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses,

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON, Besserer Street.

Ottawa ecember 7 314tf

SECOND WEEK

OF

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Peremptory Cheap Sale.

GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.

☞ A DISCOUNT ALLOWED ON SALES OVER A DOLLAR.

The Stock must be cleared out by the 31st of May.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR CHEAP GOODS.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

9 and 11 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 422-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.........................$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,........................$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.........$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866...........$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, *U. S. Consular Agent.*

April 12. 407tf

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the copartnership carried on for some years past, in the City of Ottawa, by

ALEXANDER WORKMAN
AND
EDWARD GRIFFIN,
AS HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

under the firm of WORKMAN and GRIFFIN, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
EDWARD GRIFFIN.

City of Ottawa, April 1, 1867. 398d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURchased the stock-in-trade of the business formerly carried on in Wellington-street, in this city, by MESSRS. WORKMAN & GRIFFIN,

Hardware Merchants,

Would respectfully solicit a share of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.

April 1. 398d

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN

AS THE

McCAUL FARM.

THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. R. L. Fellowes, Esq.,

Containing 200 Acres,

Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.

For particulars, apply to

Z. S. M. HERSEY.

Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 414tf

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

ROBERT HEIFER BEDINGFORD, *Plaintiff,*

AND

ROBERT SPOTSWOOD, *Defendant.*

A "concurrent" Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL, SHERIFF.

BY JAS. BAILIFF, DEPUTY SHERIFF.

Ottawa, April 12, A.D. 1867. 414b

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon. A choice supply of the above can always be had *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR Constantly on hand, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT, Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES, AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING,

AT NO. 57,

RIDEAU-STREET,

Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON, Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	**cases**	**Otard Brandy.**
50	**"**	**Martell's**
150	**"**	**Hennessey.**
75	**"**	**United Vinquels**

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET—A DWELLING on Sandy Hill.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-3

DWELLINGS TO LET.—(Possession given immediately.) A new Brick Building on Besserer-street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This Building contains seven Bed-rooms, and is finished with all modern improvements. A wooden Building on Cumberland-street, near Murray, adjacent to the residence of J. W. Peachy, Esq., containing eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and separate entrance. Apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, April 27, 1867. 420-s

To Rent,

BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing five rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

To Let,

IN THE VILLAGE OF Chelsea, eight miles from Ottawa City, a store where for some time back a good general business has been done. The macadamizing of the Gatineau road this summer is likely to add ably to the business there.

Apply to

A. HAMILTON, On the premises.

Chelsea, April 16. 412b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—For a term of years, BELLEGREEN PLACE, the residence of J. Wadsworth, situate on the bank of the Rideau River, at the East end of Ottawa-street, two and a-half acres of land, well laid out, and fenced into three gardens; a beautiful brick Cottage, tin-roofed, and gallery all round. Extensive office houses—Granaries, Stables, Carriage House, Wood House, Ice House, Poultry, &c. All in good order. This is one of the most commodious and healthy situations in or about the city. Also, a quantity of good Hardwood, Furniture and stock to be disposed of. Parties purchasing or leasing will have the refusal. Possession given on the 1st of May. Terms liberal. Apply to the proprietor on the premises.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

April 9. 404-MI

For Sale,

LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.

Apply to

JAMES MURPHY, *Blacksmith.*

Ottawa, April 6. 402d

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD, Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 416*

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully.

Yours, ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhoea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your *Extract of Sarsaparilla*. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort *before cutting*, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867. 383d3w9-

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4.00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.00 a.m., and 4.00 p. m., arriving at *Brockville* at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from *Customs* duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the *same should* properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT;
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these *Presents for Us*, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said *Decoration in the manner* set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further *for us*, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The 'Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, Idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have he general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river, without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL
Clarence Street, Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867 363d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES
BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarsen
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing;
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect, rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 18th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor, which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 110, the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1.50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at ...... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ...... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ...... 9.30 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ...... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ...... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ...... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two of the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice and Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (it a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL, Provincial Secretary.

404tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 424. OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY. MAY 2, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE
Ottawa Daily Times,
(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)
George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards, of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 14

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE:—At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 1. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC ! MUSIC ! ! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne !
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article; and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received !

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand.)
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

HOME INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Cash Capital, - $1,000,000
INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.
OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.
Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital. - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company !
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

BAZAAR.
A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK ST. CHURCH will be held on the
22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.
Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:
MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.
A Refreshment Table will be provided.
Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.
April 409td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING !
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT !
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT !
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT !
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers, Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves !
Water Coolers ! Water Coolers ! Water Coolers !
Water Filters ! Water Filters ! Water Filters !
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 136-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
408-tf Commissioner.

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

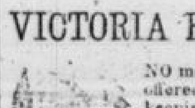
SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

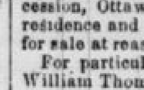
FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE
McCAUL FARM.
THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. B. L. Fellowes, Esq.,
Containing 200 Acres,
Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.
For particulars, apply to
Z. S. M. HERSEY.
Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 414tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

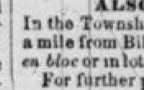
TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO.—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf



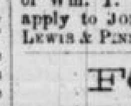
FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

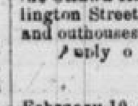


FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf



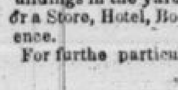
FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.



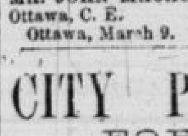
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.



POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and, windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,



IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone-Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, to be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street
March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of
MASKS,
ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber slings,
Playing Cards
1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.
P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office !
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Piano-Forte Instruction.
PROF. W. C. CLARK, Teacher of Piano, Voice, and Harmony, is now in Ottawa, and may be found at MRS. SUTTON'S, Metcalfe-st.
Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.
Ottawa, March 384-3m

METAL !
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—
Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.
W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

U. S. Consular Agency—P. H. Mahar.
Union Forwarding and Railway Company.
Important Notice.
Barber Shop to Let—John E. Wright.
Wools—Wools—Wools—Ottawa Music Store.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 2, 1867.

DR. ROBERT HUNTER arrived in this city yesterday, and is at present at the Russell House.

It will be seen by our despatches elsewhere published that COL. GOWAN has been very warmly received by the electors of South Gower. A meeting was also held at Kemptville last night. We have every reason to believe that Mr. GOWAN will receive a very flattering reception throughout the Riding.

The news from Madoc is of a very promising character. On the 27th ult., the Richardson mine was opened and two blasts taken out, which upon affidavit, sworn to before Mr. SIMPSON of Belleville, on Monday, were said to contain gold quartz to the value of thirty thousand dollars. This may in all probability be a great over-estimate, but if the parties testified were men of veracity and experience it must be conceded that the mine is exceedingly rich. In the meantime litigation is pending regarding the right to it, and until the courts shall have decided it is probable that no further operations will be carried on.

Mr. M. P. HAYES, of the Royal Canadian Bank, and Mr. CARR, the latter an experienced Australian miner, visited the Madoc region last week. From Mr. HAYES we learn that the greatest confidence is entertained by experienced miners that the Richardson Mine is not only a very valuable one, but in all probability will exceed in richness any other gold discovery heretofore made, either in California or Australia. We mention this merely to show that though some newspapers have thrown discredit on the discovery, because of the delay in working the mine, the confidence of men of experience is by no means shaken in it. In other localities, too, the indications are of a character to put it almost beyond dispute that the "Quinte Gold District" of Canada is destined to become an important source of wealth.

Mr. HAYES and Mr. CARR also visited the "Bannockburn Mine," on GARDENER'S lot, No. 29, on the 4th concession of Madoc, five miles north of the Richardson Mine. The Bannockburn is now being opened, the shaft having been sunk about twenty-two feet when they were present. The rock is a gray granite gneiss, very hard, and the gold indications exceedingly rich. Large numbers of visitors busied themselves in collecting specimens from the *debris* brought up from the bottom of the shaft. Mr. HAYES obtained one of these "washings," an examination of which is satisfactory proof of the presence of the precious metal in quantities not only *paying*, but unusually rich. Mr. HAYES also obtained a specimen from the Richardson mine, and two from the seventh concession of the Township of Tudor. The quartz from the last named township appears no way inferior to the "washings" from the Bannockburn mine in Madoc.

Since "coinage" as well as currency falls to the regulation of the Federal Government, it is probable that these gold discoveries will hasten the establishment of a Canadian Mint. The desirability of this step has been urged from many quarters for years, and we note that the London Board of Trade has already resolved upon addressing the incoming Parliament in its favor, more especially, with reference to the importance of establishing an uniform coinage in the country. But if gold is to be henceforth one of the great natural productions of Canada, it will seem exceedingly absurd to have to send it out of the country before it can be fitted to pass current within it. Doubtless, the project of establishing a Canadian Mint will engage the attention of the new Government, as soon as the confidence in her Majesty's Privy Council shall have been constitutionally expressed by the people's representatives.

The pressure of taxation in the United States, or the derangement of their commercial and industrial operations consequent thereon, must be accepted as the cause of the "phenomenon," and its counterpart noticed in the following extract from the New York *World*. It is not pretended that that "country of vast agricultural regions" produced less of the cereal crops than it required for its year's consumption as a whole, nor that the Western States, now to become importers of wheat, did not export far more last fall than they will import this Spring. What, then, is the cause of this "commercial phenomenon?" We answer unhesitatingly—poverty, or the exhaustion of the accumulated means of the country. Our neighbors will do well to take warning in time, and "re-construct" their system of taxation, if not their very habits of individual life, upon a more economical basis, otherwise they are approaching a crisis, the like of which they have never yet endured.

Many a backwoods settlement in Canada has experienced on a small scale a similar state of affairs to that in the neighboring Republic. In the winter time, to pay taxes and store bills, the poor farmers are frequently compelled to sell out their last bushel of wheat, leaving not enough to make bread for their families until the new crop. When the spring comes they buy back seed grain at twice its value, and not unfrequently are compelled to enter into agreement with some local usurious magnate to repay one bushel in April with two in October. When nations go into this business of forestalling future earnings it may do very well to pass it over with the expression of a little wonderment at the "commercial phenomenon;" but in the individual case it is not difficult to understand that it results from a poverty too great to permit of the practice of intelligent economy. In the new Canadian settlements, it is true, the industry of the people, in time, puts them beyond the necessity of practising such a wasteful hand-to-mouth system, and enables the farmer to keep enough grain to supply his own wants, and perhaps take advantage of a favorable turn in spring prices to sell a portion of the last year's crop to greater advantage than if he had parted with it all in the winter; and so the Republic, with its vast resources, as yet but imperfectly developed, will doubtless retrieve its shattered fortunes. But in the meantime, Americans would do well to heed the lesson which underlies the commercial phenomenon which they appear disposed to treat as a matter for curious speculation. It is something new, and very suggestive, to find Americans driven to the discussion of the best means for procuring a cheap substitute for wheat wherewith to make bread for the people. Would they not act the wise part to endeavor to discover and, if possible, counteract the influences of the causes which compelled them to part with more of their last year's crop than they could afford? The following is from the *N. Y. World* of the 30th ult.:

"The commercial phenomenon which has been presented in the past year, of the purchase of wheat in Liverpool and flour in France to supply deficiencies in this market, has now a striking counterpart. We have good authority for stating that on the opening of canal navigation, so far from our receiving any wheat from the West, arrangements have already been made to ship wheat hence to Rochester and Oswego. The prices of wheat are as high at all the Upper Lake markets as here, and their aggregate stock rather below that held here. This is a very remarkable state of affairs for the 1st of May. Prices are now at famine figures; all the avenues of trade are open; and yet stocks are being steadily reduced. Fortunately the promise of the crops is excellent, and there is every disposition, in anticipation of it, to sell down to the last bushel.

"It may yet, however, become a grave question what substitutes can be made available in providing bread for the poor. The dime loaves are now dismally small. Our bakers should turn their attention to producing some acceptable mixture. With good flour ranging from $15 to $18 per barrel, rye flour can be bought for $8 to $9 per barrel, and corn meal at $6 to $7 per barrel. Peas and beans are also relatively cheap. And it is undeniable that with some of these, or a mixture of them together, or with flour, a much better loaf can be made than the very inferior article now sold at the corner groceries for wheat bread.

"We are promised an almost inexhaustible supply of corn, and most American families are accustomed to its use, more or less luxuriously prepared, as an article of food. But it is not popular with Europeans. The Germans are habituated to rye, which is plenty and relatively cheap, and they are just now fortunate in their tastes.

"It is a strange fact that in this country of vast agricultural regions, there is a deficiency in the supply of vegetable food. But so it is, and we must make the best of it until another harvest."

We have enjoyed the pleasure of a hasty glance at the proof sheets of "La Sentinella," the first of the collection of poems about being published by CARROL RYAN, of the 100th Regiment, in one volume, under the title of "Songs of a Wanderer," to be issued from the press of Mr. DESBARATS in a few weeks. Some eight or nine years ago, CARROL RYAN, then a beardless youth, sent a volume to the newspaper with which we were then connected, and we cannot but award him very great praise for having so fully fulfilled the promise which at that time his boyish wooing of the Muses gave of future success. We shall only say of "La Sentinella," or what we have seen of it, that the piece is full of poetic fancy, and written in a style, or rather a mixture of styles, peculiarly adapted to the purpose of the poem—the photographing, so to speak, of the midnight musings of the solitary sentinel. The volume will contain many other pieces to which we need not now refer, and will be published at $1.00 to subscribers who may enter their names at the Mechanics' Institute, or forward orders to the Editor of the *Volunteer Review*. Apart from the literary merits of Mr. RYAN'S production—and we are happy to say that in recent years he has achieved distinction both in verse and prose,—the fact of his being a native Canadian, as well as a British soldier, ought to command for his volume a generous patronage. The forthcoming book will really be his *first* appeal to public patronage, he having doubtless long outgrown his sense of paternal regard for the little *brochure* of which we now remind him and the public merely to note the great progress he has already made, though he is yet in years as far below the ordinary culminating period of genius as he is above his first boyish effort, and should he advance at the same rate during the next decade as he has within the past, CARROL RYAN will make for himself an honored name among Canadian *Litterateurs*. We bespeak for the "Songs of a Wanderer" the patronage of the reading public, and shall be disappointed if the first edition is not exhausted inside of three months.

We have received a communication with reference to the ninth of the series of "Penny Readings," at the village of New Edinburgh, which took place on Tuesday evening. It is described as having been a very great success. The next of the series, it is stated, will take place on Tuesday evening, the 7th inst. We have noticed these points in the communication, on the supposition that the writer omitted by accident, and not intentionally, to send us his name and address.

In yesterday's Montreal *Daily News* we find several items of intelligence "By the Atlantic Cable from Ottawa." This is very enterprising but somewhat circuitous, and needlessly expensive.

LOCAL NEWS.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Committee of Management of the Protestant "Orphans' Home" beg to tender their sincere thanks to Messrs. Hunter, Rose & Co., Upper Town, for their liberality in gratuitously printing 150 copies of the annual report of the above Institution for 1866.

MAPLE LEAF C. C.—The members of the Maple Leaf Cricket Club will make a note that the regular monthly meeting will be held this Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in the club rooms, Rideau-street. A full attendance is requested.

THE LAST CHANCE.—We advise any one desirous of obtaining a really cheap summer suit, or the makings thereof, which is all the same, not to fail in putting in an appearance at Rowe's auction rooms this evening. Extra fine tweeds, flannel shirts, vests, coats and gloves, are there knocked down at prices, too small to be mentioned, but as the knight of the hammer expresses it—they are up to be sold, and sold they are accordingly.

THE NEW CENTRAL BELL.—The new fire bell at the City Hall, was rung for trial last evening, and we believe, under the circumstances, gave pretty general satisfaction. One of the circumstances is, that it speaks not with its own tongue. It was feared that its own clapper would be too heavy, and break it, so that of the old bell was put in, to be replaced by its own when those wise in such matters shall deem it able to endure its own music.

THE PROTESTANT HOSPITAL.—The appointed visitors to the Protestant Orphan's Home for the month of May are Mrs. J. A. Grant and Mrs. W. Stewart, by whom donations to the above charitable institution will be thankfully received.

MUSIC AND FANCY GOODS.—In our advertising columns will be found the announcement that Messrs. Orme & Son have commenced the sale of fancy wools, silks and patterns, so that ladies can now purchase music, musical instruments and their fancy goods at the same place.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug-Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, May 1, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 42 above zero.
9 a. m., 48 above zero.
Noon, shade, 44 above zero.
6 p. m., 37 above zero.

THE LAST CANADIAN SLAVE.—Yesterday there appeared in Court an old coloured man, named Baker, whose age is said to be 101 years. He was brought from Cornwall, where he resides, as a witness in the suit of Morris *vs.* Henderson, to prove the deaths of two persons, one, who died in 1803 and the other in 1814. This old man is perhaps the last surviving Canadian slave, and one of those emancipated by the Statute abolishing Slavery in this country. He was born in the present United States, when they were under the British Crown, and continues a British subject still. He was brought a slave to this country by his master, one of those U. E. loyalists, who left their old homes to enjoy the privileges of British rule, in preference to that of democracy. The old man fought all through the war of 1812 and continues at this day hale and hearty. In Court he walked nimbly to the highest tier of seats, and as soon as it became apparent that the absence of the defendant in the suit rendered his testimony unnecessary, walked down the steps with the agility of a man of forty years. Long may he live to shoulder his crutch and tell how fields were won, that is if he should ever grow so feeble as to require a crutch, which at present is not the case.

MADAME HAMONDI'S DRAWING-ROOM ENTERTAINMENT.—The custom of celebrating the 1st of May is of immemorial usage, and if we are not mistaken, the people in nearly all the countries in Europe make it the occasion of general festivity. All sorts of games, and especially dancing on the green by young people, are indulged in on that day in village and hamlet. In England and France, especially in the rural districts, dancing around the May-pole decked with ribbons, is indulged in by all classes dressed in holiday attire, "from morn till dewy eve." Here, the earth does not always spread her verdant carpet strewn with beautiful flowers, inviting youth and beauty to festive celebrations of spring time in the open air. And Madame Hamondi, with a laudable desire to perpetuate the memory of this beautiful custom of Fatherland, resolved to invite her pupils and their friends to a drawing-room celebration of May Day. And last evening the Maypole, appropriately ornamented, was erected in the large room of the Victoria, around which the juvenile pupils danced right merrily. The costumed and bell-bedecked Morris dancers of the olden time were not there, nor the sun, nor the rich green-sward sprinkled with floral gems; and yet May-day was enjoyed by the participants. Rich attire, brilliant eyes, happy faces, and roseate health, made it as good an in-door May-day celebration as could be desired. M. and Madame Hamondi were perfectly at home and led the dance. It should be observed that the May-pole dance was only a small portion of the amusements. Ladies and gentlemen, representing the most select circles in the capital, and who have profited by lessons of M. and Madame Hamondi, went through other dances till a late hour, and retired wishing the second of May could be turned into May-day. The improvement in the pupils since we last saw them is very noticeable.

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

BEFORE JUDGE ADAM WILSON.

The Court of Assizes was opened yesterday, at noon.

The Grand Jury was impannelled as follows: G. H. Perry, foreman, Samuel Billings, H. O. Burritt, J. Barton, Hamlet Burritt, Wilson Blair, John Caldwell, Nelson Church, Henry Codd, James Forsyth, Richard Fizzell, William Hunton, Patrick McKenna, John Neil, William Owens, Michael Skivington, H. O. Wood, Richard Taylor, James Stevenson, Thomas York.

His Lordship then delivered his charge to the Grand Jury. He congratulated the county on the comparative lightness of the business of the court on the present occasion. The Judge then gave such general instructions as would enable the Grand Jury to proceed intelligently in the work before them. The laws and evidence applicable in bigamy were explained, a case of which would come before them. His Lordship observed that it was not absolutely necessary to prove the marriage of parties who live together as man and wife, and were commonly reported as such in the neighborhood where they lived.

In cases of arson, if it is only proved that fire has been set to a house, even though it only scorches the building, it is sufficient to convict the prisoner of an intention to burn the building, and he is morally guilty of the act. A case of assault and rape, his Lordship said, would need to be carefully considered. The charge of burglary was explained as the breaking into a house at night, with the intention of committing robbery. Even the lifting of a latch, or opening a window, with the intent to rob, though nothing were broken, is sufficient to be classed under the head of burglary. The hours which constituted house robbery or burglary were fixed by law to be from nine o'clock in the evening till six o'clock in the morning.

His Lordship alluded to the late escape of two burglars from the jail, and instructed the Grand Jury to investigate the matter. It might prove to be no fault whatever of any of the officers of the jail, but some defects in the construction of the jail, or other means of securing the prisoners; if so, it was the duty of the Sheriff to cause such repairs as were necessary for the safe keeping of the prisoners to be made, at the expense of the county.

The Grand Jury then retired.

The following civil cases were then disposed of:

Lewis and Pinhey, *vs.* Andrew Porter, for four notes of $100 each, with interest. Verdict for Plaintiffs.

Stephen *vs.* Brown for a mortgage. Verdict for Plaintiffs—$1,137.07.

Morris *vs.* Henderson. Verdict by default for Plaintiff.

White *vs.* Quinn, action of Assumpsit. Verdict for Plaintiff—$673.80.

Mr. O'Reilly, the Crown Counsel, addressing his Lordship, said that in consequence of the very stormy weather, there was great difficulty experienced in getting witnesses in several cases then otherwise ready for trial, and prayed an adjournment of the court, to which the Judge acceded, and at half-past two o'clock the court was adjourned till this morning.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM KEMPTVILLE.

NORTH RIDING OF LEEDS AND GRENVILLE.

Col. O. R. Gowan before the Electors.

KEMPTVILLE, May 1, 1867.

A public meeting is now being held here—Mr. Wolfe, Reeve, in the chair; and W. Dickinson, Esq., Secretary.

F. Jones, M. P. P., Joseph Bower, Esq., and other influential persons are present. Mr. Gowan addressing the meeting.

SOUTH GOWER.

KEMPTVILLE, May 1, 1867.

At a public meeting of the inhabitants of the Township of South Gower and neighborhood, held at Heckstown yesterday, the 30th of April, 1867, convened by public notice in the newspapers, Joseph Adams, Esq., J.P., was called to the chair, and Jos. C. Spencer appointed Secretary.

The meeting was addressed by the Chairman; by Lieut.-Col. Gowan, of Toronto; L. Shaver, Esq., Reeve of South Gower; James West, Esq., of Mountain; James Anderson, Esq., Jos. Cook, Esq., ex-Town Councillor; John Johnston, Esq., Reeve of Oxford; and by Messrs. Isaac Johnston, Archibald Curry, Thomas Cooke and William Egar. Colonel Gowan quoted largely from the new constitution, and announced himself as a candidate for the representation of the Riding in the Provincial Legislature of Ontario, setting forth his principles and intentions at considerable length.

The meeting was largely attended, and much interest taken in the proceedings.

After a very full and free discussion, the following resolutions were adopted unanimously:

Moved by Lavius Shaver, Esq., Reeve of South Gower, and seconded by Joseph Cook, Esq., late Councillor for the Township, and *resolved*, that this meeting tender their unanimous thanks to Lieut.-Col. Gowan, for his able address to us, and so far as our present knowledge goes, of the candidates now in the field, for the Local Legislature, we are unanimous in giving our support to Lieut.-Col. Gowan.

Moved by James West, Esq., Land Surveyor, and seconded by John Johnston, Esq., J.P. and Reeve of the Township of Oxford, and *resolved*, that in order to prevent division in the ranks of the loyal and independent electors of this Riding, and to secure the triumph of the new constitution of Canada, it is desirable that a standing committee be appointed for the Riding, to take such steps as to them may appear desirable, by calling a convention or otherwise—should circumstances hereafter render such a step necessary—to secure unanimity among the loyal majority, and prevent the success of any trick that might be attempted by the factious minority in the Riding.

Moved by Jas. Anderson, Esq., and seconded by Archd. Curry, and *Resolved*—that such committee consist of one person to be chosen from each of the municipalites into which the Riding is divided.

Moved by J. C. Spencer, and seconded by Wm. Egar, and *Resolved*—that Joseph Adams, Esq., J. P., be appointed on behalf of this township.

A vote of thanks was then moved by Mr. Gowan, seconded by Mr. S. H. Anderson, and unanimously tendered to the Chairman and Secretary.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Chairman.
J. C. SPENCER, Secretary.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 1, 1867.

Peter McGrath, the last of the Fenian prisoners convicted at the last assizes, and in whose case sentence was deferred, was yesterday sentenced to be hung on the 11th of June. This sentence, of course, will not be carried into effect.

The Carpenters of this city are on a strike for higher wages.

A new steamer was launched at Hamilton to-day. She is constructed almost entirely of iron. She belongs to the passage line to Montreal.

There is a great crush at the concert to-night.

The officers of the 17th have left the East Wing of the Parliament Building, which is to be fitted up forthwith.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 1, 1867.

The *Moravian* passed Father Point last night, and is now at Riviere du Loup, waiting instructions from the agents.

The ice bridge at Quebec broke up during the night, and will probably go out with the next tide.

In the case of Freer for fraud, the jury were unable to agree and were discharged. Freer was admitted to bail till next term.

A fire broke out in James Donelly's dry goods store in St. Paul-street, early this morning. It is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary. It was got under without doing much damage.

The steamer *Montreal* is in port, and leaves for Quebec this evening.

Raining hard all day—business dull.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Important from Mexico—Miramon Dead—Maximilian Hidden Away.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Senor Romero, the Mexican Minister, received to-day the following telegram from the Mexican consul at New Orleans:

NEW ORLEANS, April 30, 1867.

To M. Romero, Mexican Minister, Washington, District Columbia:

Miramon is dead. The Imperial forces are disbanded. Marquez completely defeated. Queretaro taken. Maximilian hidden.

(Signed), RAMON S. DIAZ.

Packet Ship Burnt.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The Liverpool packet ship *Hibernia*, burnt to-night; loss heavy, but fully insured.

Funeral of Rear-Admiral Ringgold.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The funeral of Rear-Admiral Ringgold took place to-day; a detachment of marines followed the remains to Trinity Church, where the burial service took place. They are to be removed to Baltimore; a large number of military and naval officers also attended.

A Petition to Divide Texas into two States.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Petitions are being circulated in Texas praying the general Government to divide the State in two parts, one to be called the Western State of Texas. The reason alleged is the loyalty of the population of the proposed new State, and the preponderance of Secession in the other portion.

The Scotia's Passengers.

The *Scotia's* passengers to-day are George Peabody, Gen. Preston of S. C., John G. Saxe, Lester Wallack and family, Manager Wheatley of this city, and John W. Forney of Philadel, hia.

Large Fire at Crittendon, Ky.

CINCINNATI, May 1.—A large fire occurred at Crittendon, Ky., on Monday night, destroying the Masonic Hall and other buildings. Nearly half the business portion of the town is in ashes. Loss not stated.

Murder of a Telegraph Operator.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 1.—John S. Jones, telegraph operator at Gosport, Ind., was murdered in his office last night. No particulars are given.

The Inland Revenue System.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Among the passengers by the *Scotia* to-day for Liverpool, is Wm. Prescott Smith, Collector of Inland Revenue, at Baltimore, who goes to England for the purpose of officially examining into the Internal Revenue System of that country.

DESTRUCTION OF GAME AND OTHER BIRDS.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—As counsel for Mr. Scolopax in the suit decided yesterday in our favor, permit me to refer to a few points, which the practical and just view taken of my complaint by Mr. O'Gara rendered it unnecessary for me to enlarge upon, also to name several authorities which for the same reason were not adduced in support of the case. These references may be useful elsewhere should other trials occur, and I hope that the example set in Ottawa will be everywhere followed by sportsmen and husbandmen.

The omission to provide a close season for full snipe in the Upper Canada Game Act, was a great mistake. The law protects it in Lower Canada. Contrary to the received opinion, it breeds extensively over both Canadas. The bulk of its migration, no doubt, spreads further Northward than the Westerly and Southern parts of the Province, but large bodies of stragglers scatter themselves throughout central districts. There is therefore no reason for making a distinction between localities, where climatic influences and other features are so much alike. What sense is there, as an example, in having dissimilar game laws for the North and South sides of the Ottawa River? Why should woodcocks be shot so early as the middle of July in the township of Nepean, and not until the beginning of August in the township of Hull? Is there any reason in allowing ducks to be killed at the mouth of the Gatineau River, during fifty days after shooting them ceases to be lawful on the Rideau River. If grouse are not legally in season before the first week of September in the bush beside the Richmond-road, why should they be killed for nearly a month sooner among the hazel brakes along the Chelsea-road. These contradictory defects cannot be too soon amended. The principle of protecting game birds during periods of laying, hatching and rearing should form the basis of statutory prohibitions, and with uniform protection, it would be a welcome improvement to declare some general opening day for hunting all kinds of wild fowl.

The main object of the amicable suit between myself and Mr. Austin as fellow-sportsmen, is to supply certain wants in such one-sided legislation for the preservation of game as at present exists, and thus to throw the shield of a constructive protection over hatching birds. The accomplishment of this object will prove beneficial to agriculturists, not only by preserving birds which prey on destructive insects, but by simplifying the operation of the law passed for such purpose.

I contend that the Act 27-28 Vic., Chap. 52, forbids injury to all birds except such as are specially exempted: Eagles, falcons, hawks, and others of the eagle kind, wild pigeons, rice birds, king fishers, crows and ravens. These alone may be killed from the end of April to the beginning of August. Such is the letter and spirit of the statute. The legislature could never have intended it otherwise. If it had been meant to apply in a narrow sense to the protection strictly of those birds which are commonly known to devour noxious insects, "other" birds would not have been included; nor need any excepted kinds have been specified. When we consider the many varieties of birds, the numerous orders of insects, and the various forms of insect life, it becomes manifest that to fulfill the intention of the law a positive rather than a negative construction must be given to it. It is not enough that we say what birds shall not, but what may be killed. Farmers and gardeners, for whose benefit chiefly the law is enacted, must know from express terms what birds it is lawful to kill, and that all others are forbidden. Else how shall men who have little leisure to spare in proving the insectivorous character of particular birds, invoke the protection designed for them by the legislature. Fancy the trouble and vexation to busy tillers of the soil of being worried through scientific proofs about the habits of birds, and the connection between worms, larva, pupa or chrysalis, and the winged pests which take so large a per centage from off their laborious seeding. Imagine a ploughman or a gardener leaving his plough or spade in the sunny days of spring time to obtain evidence about the food of hundreds of different birds which pot-hunting men, and mischievous boys are driving away from his grain and hay fields, and cannonading in the vegetable patches. Who may he cite to prove which of his feathered friends feeds on carnivorous bugs, which munches herbivorous beetles, which gulps down the soft earth worms, which pecks at the plant lice, and which swallows the veritable insects. Is he to be required to show that the birds which trespassers have been blazing away at from morn till night were black-birds or cat-birds, grub-hunting robins, or fly-catching king-birds? Obviously, if agriculturists need to perplex themselves with these nice distinctions, they may find the cure as bad as the disease.

I have, therefore, argued for an application of the statute as against killing any other birds whatever, except those named and declared to be lawful food for powder and shot. Since his Worship concedes that I would be entitled to a conviction on this ground, even if my fastidious client's relish for juicy insects had not been proven, it is to be hoped there will be no longer any hesitation about enforcing the law. The whole penalty is payable to the prosecutor, who also recovers costs. Game and other birds are every day destroyed in this neighborhood, and it would well repay any active man to make a business of finding out the poachers. There is nothing discreditable in such service. It is an essential part of the machinery of game laws. Without complaints and proofs there might as well be no statutes, and magistrates could do literally nothing.

Yours truly,
W. F. WHITCHER.

Ottawa, April 30, 1867.

—If a person faints place him instantly flat on the floor, or bed, on his back, and let him lay quietly for ten minutes or so; it is simply a fainting fit, and the blood flowing on a level will speedily equalize itself through the system. If you are troubled with rheumatism, pleurisy, pain in the side or back, cramps in the stomach, burns, frost-bites, &c., procure at once a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is a certain cure for all such complaints. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as surely cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

OWNERS OF HORSES REJOICING.—And why not? and who knows but that their horses are rejoicing as well; who can prove the contrary? But their owners rejoice because of the astonishing and almost miraculous effects on their horses of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy." Some were lean and poor, having no appetite, others would devour their food ravenously, yet derive no benefit from it; some were hide bound with rough and shaggy hair; others had severe colds and coughs; many had the heaves and other complaints peculiar to horses; on all it operated as a charm, the disease or complaint was speedily removed, the appetite and digestive organs corrected—the skin softened, and a sleek and shining appearance given to the coat, all without any danger to, or preventing the horse being used. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MR. LOWE, M. P., AT WAR WITH THE B. N. A. COLONIES.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—Allow me to defer for a few days any further remarks in reply to the sophisms and misstatements of Professor Goldwin Smith, in order that I may bestow a few moments on a more important enemy of the British North American Colonies. A member of the British House of Commons—Mr. Lowe—said, not long ago, in replying to Mr. Gladstone, the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Hon. Mr. Cardwell and other gentlemen, who recommended the making of an Intercolonial Railway as well as an union of these provinces: "This plan of inducing the colonies by persuasion and by the influence of a loan of public money, to enter into a particular form of government is fraught with this evil, that we represent ourselves to them and to the world as taking a peculiar interest in the manner in which they choose to regulate their internal affairs and their relations with America. Now that we have given them self-government, let them manage their affairs their own way, and don't make ourselves responsible for the manner in which they regulate their foreign relations. The management of our own affairs is quite sufficient for us, without our mixing ourselves up in matters with which we have no concern, and over which we do not for a moment profess to exercise the slightest control." The hon. member must have drawn largely on his imagination when he spoke of "*a plan for inducing the Colonies to enter into a particular form of Government.*" For so matter-of-fact a man as Mr. Lowe, this must have required no inconsiderable effort. And yet the idea is entirely ascribeable to his inventive powers. For it is not yet beyond our recollection that the scheme of uniting the Provinces of British North America was conceived in these provinces, adopted by the leading men of both parties in the State, and urged by them on the attention of the Imperial Government. Even whilst Mr. Lowe was delivering in the House of Commons, his idea of "a plan for inducing by money and persuasion, the North American Colonies to enter into a particular form of government," there were still in London several members of the delegation which had been sent to induce the British Parliament to enact the form of government in question. If this measure met with unanimous approval, we are struck indeed with the wonderful concurrence of opinion between the statesmen of Great Britain and those of the North American Colonies, between the Imperial Parliament and the Provincial Legislatures, but we fail to discover anything like the *plan* of which Mr. Lowe complains. What money was required, what persuasion was wanting to induce the Colonies to enter into a form of government which their legislatures had already decided upon adopting, and which through their duly accredited delegates, they formally asked the general legislature to sanction?

Mr. Lowe proceeds to say that by inducing the colonies to enter into a particular form of government "we (the members of the British House of Commons) represent ourselves to them and to the world as taking a peculiar interest in the manner in which they choose to regulate their internal affairs, and their relations with America." One would suppose, on reading these words, that the honorable member was speaking of some other country than a British colony. If, indeed, there were question of a foreign state, it would be highly indecorous that British statesmen and legislators should interest themselves in its internal affairs and foreign relations. But, in case of a colony that has grown up under the fostering care of the parent land, it would be strange, indeed, if the rulers of that land took no great interest in its affairs. It would become them so to interest themselves if it were only from motives of philanthropy, the greater and the richer, and the more powerful encouraging and aiding those who are weaker as yet, less wealthy and less important. But how much more must it not appear to be the duty of the mother country to intervene, on all fitting occasions, in the affairs of the colony, when it is remembered that that colony does not stand in the position of a poor relation, but being an integral portion of the empire, has claims that cannot be set aside. How important are not her colonies to Great Britain! Does Mr. Lowe consider that they ought to be abandoned, and that the British people ought to be satisfied to remain pent up within their sea-girt islands? Does he forget that they are essentially a maritime people—a manufacturing and a commercial people? They must, therefore, have ships, and trade, and materials to supply their manufacturing wants. But all these things are not derived from the British North American colonies. No, indeed. But on the same principle, Australia and New Zealand, the West Indian possessions and even India itself, must also be abandoned. And yet, how useful—how necessary—are not all these countries, especially in great emergencies, to a land that has outgrown its agricultural supplies, and must rely for the sustenance of her people, on her largely developed industrial resources, and her vast trade which, chiefly through her colonies, extends to every clime? But, could not the British, influential as they are, establish commercial relations with foreign countries? Do they not already enjoy such relations? It must, however, be observed that all such relations are dependent on the good will of the people with whom they are or may be established.

If nations that are now jealous of Britain's power and glory, beheld her shorn of her colonies, would they not soon give her to understand that she had commenced a downward course? Would they show themselves so willing as they generally are at present, to cultivate with her friendly trade relations? Is it not possible even that a coalition might be formed according to the pattern of that "continental system," by which the mighty Bonaparte baffled in the field, hoped to humble the pride of his pertinacious adversary? Neutrality in time of war within any foreign State, or of war between two or more foreign States, might not avail us. During the civil war that raged so long in the American Union, where, but for a colony, would have been an important branch of commerce, the cotton trade, which is essential to numerous populations in England and Scotland? True, but this colony was India. India therefore must be retained, even although it should be manifest to the whole world, that British legislators *interest themselves in her internal affairs as well as in her relations with foreign States.* Canada did not supply cotton in the emergency alluded to. Let the Dominion of Canada, therefore, be severed from the Empire. Agreed. But how is the operation of severing it to be achieved. Only two ways are possible. It must either be given up in compliance with the wishes of its people, or it must be ceded to violence. The former way it will be time to consider when the people express their desire for such a severance. The latter would indicate inferiority, decadence, downfall. It will be remembered that when Rome could no longer defend her most distant possessions, the enemy were not far from the heart of her power. As soon as her smallest colony could declare itself independent in defiance of her authority, nation after nation threw off the yoke, until the Huns, the Goths, and the Vandals rushed like a whelming avalanche on the renowned city, that had boasted herself so long the mistress of the world. But it is not the pride of Empire or of conquest, but only utility by which the British people ought to be actuated. They can, therefore, well afford, without any diminution of their national glory, to rid themselves of certain colonies which are more expensive than they are useful. Without admitting that this could be done—that British prestige would not be lessened if the Dominion of Canada were severed, is there nothing to be said on the score of utility? Suppose the severance effected, our ships and our commerce both on the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans, would be wholly at the mercy of a rival power. This power, as is well known, is somewhat jealous of our greatness. In the event of a cessation of the present friendly relations,—a calamity, with which we earnestly hope humanity will not be visited in our day, but the possibility of which we must nevertheless, contemplate, what supplies of any kind could we derive from any portion of the America continent? The State with which we should be at variance, would of course afford none. The greater part of North American (not including the United States,) which is at present so willing, so anxious to serve us, would likewise be under the necessity of refusing its aid. But after all, in case of famine at home, what would that aid avail us? To all who know the productiveness of the British American Colonies, the reply is obvious. No doubt, English gold could purchase largely from other nations, but only in the event that they were willing to sell. National jealousies, the idea of protecting trade, war, famine, "continental systems" might prevail. In these colonies, only one of these evils could by any possibility exist. It would be a strange,—although a possible coincidence, if scarcity extended over British America at the same time as in the British Islands. But in countries the productions and the industry of which are so varied, famine can hardly be supposed. Among the grain producing lands of the world, the Dominion of Canada, ranks the fifth, and many parts of it are unequalled. The distribution of genial rain over its surface, and its unrivalled sunshine offer a sure reward to the toils of the husbandman. It abounds in cattle, sheep and horses. This was well shown when the immense demand by America immediately after the war, and up to the time of the expiry of the Reciprocity Treaty, could only raise somewhat the price of beef for a few weeks. Its numerous lakes and rivers swarm with all varieties of fresh water fish. Its extensive Atlantic coast possesses the largest and most productive fishing grounds in the world, not excepting the far-famed dogger bank of Northern Europe. I should exceed the limits of a letter if I were to speak of the vast and varied mineral wealth of British North America. It may be that the iron mines of Sweden shall fail, or be closed against the British people, but from Canada may be drawn an endless supply of iron ore yielding 80 per cent. of the purest metal; and steel, such as has never been seen or manufactured even at Sheffield. With the barest mention of the gold, copper and other metals which abound, it may be at once stated that the coal-fields of Nova Scotia and the North-west Territory may one day prove to be a source of wealth and long-continued national greatness, when the coal mines of England are exhausted. What with steam navigation, the vast railway system, the want of anything like an adequate supply of firewood in old England, the time might come when her people would bitterly regret having listened to the baseless theories of such enemies of the colonies as Mr. Lowe, M.P., and Professor G. Smith. For the sake of this one commodity of coal, it might be expedient, still for some time, that British statesmen should *interest themselves both in the home and foreign relations* of these promising and ever-growing colonies. Favored they are indeed, with self-government, but which is not apart from or independent of the government of the good and dear old Fatherland. And until they can treat directly with foreign powers, to do which is beyond the privilege of any colony, the mother country will continue, not, it may be presumed, without the permission of the hon. member—Mr. Lowe (she has already the good leave of an overwhelming majority of his fellow-members) to bear this burthen for them, and *to regulate*, as a sense of duty shall direct, *their relations with foreign powers, even with the neighboring power of the American Union.* The hon. member must bear to be told that such things *are the affairs of the British people*, as much as any other matters which nearly concern them, and that over these same affairs the British Parliament exercises, and for some time probably will continue to exercise very considerable and legitimate control.

I have not yet done with Mr. Lowe, M. P. But I dare say you will have no objections, Mr. Editor, to allow me to have done writing for the moment, my epistle being already, I fear, too long for your columns. A friend in New Brunswick wishes to hear what I have to say about Mr. Lowe and his anti-colonial doctrines, so, as soon as you have a little space, I shall return to the charge.

I am faithfully, &c., &c.,
NEMO.

Ottawa, April 29th, 1867.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

France Disarming.

PARIS, April 30—Evening.—The *Moniteur* to-day officially announces that orders have been issued to stop the recent military preparations throughout France.

Belgium Augmenting her Military Establishment.

BRUSSELS, April 30—Evening.—The Belgian Government is augmenting its military establishment, and preparing to raise a new loan.

The "Great Eastern" at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, May 1.—The steamship *Great Eastern*, from New York April 17, *via* Brest 29th, arrived at this port to-day. She will call at Brest on her way to New York.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Gold, 135.

The *Post's* financial article says the loan market continues easy and well supplied at 4 to 5 on Governments, and 5 to 7 on miscellaneous securities. Stock market strong. Governments active with a large investment demand. Railroad shares excited. Foreign exchange firm.

New Railroads.

PORTLAND, May 1.—This city yesterday decided to loan the credit of the city for $700,000 each to Portland, Rochester, and the proposed Ogdensburgh road on certain conditions regarding completion.

Railroad Open from Chicago to Omaha.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—The repairs on the Chicago and North-western railroad will be completed and trains running to-day. This will re-open the route from Chicago to Omaha and the Plains.

Mortality in New York and Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Last week there were 405 deaths in New York, and 105 in Brooklyn.

Surratt's Trial Close at Hand.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—It is understood Surratt will be tried on the 27th instant.

Eight Hour System in Illinois.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The eight hour system goes into effect to-day.

More Troubles in Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Parties arrived by this morning's steamer from the Mexican border report that Matamoras was beseiged for a few days by Canales, who was *en route* for Tampico. It is believed also that Cortinas will bring his army from the North, and aid in expelling Gen. Berriozabal from the Gubernatorial chair of Tamanlipil. This indicates that Ortega is still alive, and ambitious to become President of Mexico, that he will proclaim his first proclamation from the heroic city. Correspondence of the Mexican and border papers confirm the capture of Puebla, and the massacre of the officers of the garrison.

THE MAYOR.—A letter received from Marseilles by the last mail steamer states that Hon. Mr. Cauchon and family left the Hotel de la Grande Bretagne, Nice, for Rome, on the 4th instant. His Worship's health had much improved.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

PRESENTATIONS AT COURT.—In the list of presentations at Court on the 28th ult., we notice the following:—"Hon. W. P. Howland (Canada), by the Secretary of State for the Colonies; Mrs. W. P. Howland, by the Duchess of Buckingham." The *Court Journal* says:—"Amongst the costumes particularly noticeable were those of the Countess Dundonald, "Lady Heron Maxwell, Mrs. Charles Hanbury, "Mrs. Howland, Hon. Mrs. Pereira, Mrs. Baliol "Brett, Miss Duncombe, and Miss Walcott." For the gratification of our lady readers we copy the *Court Journal's* description of Mrs. Howland's costume on the occasion:—"Rich "blue moire antique train, lined with white "glace, and trimmed with tulle, apple blossom, and variegated leaves; white satin dress, "with tulle veiled skirt, ornamented with "ribbon and flowers; superb ornaments, "amethyst and diamonds."—*Globe.*

—In a recent speech delivered in New York Wendell Phillips declared that Horace Greeley was an "ass," Seward a "trembling jelly," President Johnson a "traitor," Fessenden a "Scotch terrier," Grant a "shuffling fool."

ILLNESS OF MR. GORDON BROWN.—In reference to a paragraph that has appeared in several papers, we deem it well to state that though Mr. Brown has been for some weeks labouring under severe indisposition there is nothing in his complaint that causes any serious alarm to his friends. He has been for six months past residing with his family in Paris; but it is hoped that ere many weeks elapse he will be able to return to Canada in re-established health.—*Globe.*

DIED.

At Toronto, on Monday, April 29th, Emma Lucretia Smith, daughter of the late Colonel the Honorable Samuel Smith, formerly Administrator of the Government of the Province of Upper Canada.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Union Forwarding and Railway Company.

THE STEAMER

"ANN SISSON."

CAPT. BOCKUS,

WILL LEAVE AYLMER ON THURSDAY morning, at 8:30, connecting with the Steamer "ALLIANCE" for Portage du Fort, and intermediate places.

It is expected that the navigation through to Des Joachims will be open on Monday next.

May 1. 424-3

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co's Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

A NUMBER of Scotch, English and German laborers and House Girls, will find constant employment, with good wages and good treatment, by applying at the KIRBY MANSION, Brownville, Jefferson County, N. Y. A good Stone and Brick Mason will also find constant employment and a comfortable cottage residence at very low rent, if applied for soon. Address, if by letter postpaid, Kirby Mansion, Brownville, Jefferson County, N. Y.

May 2. 424-3

A Barber Shop to Let,

WELL FURNISHED.

A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.

Reference to accompany application.

Apply to

JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.

May 2. 424a

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE

BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
FLUCY,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

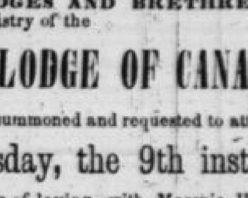
Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK,

In every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,

25, Sparks-street.

May 2. 424a



THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

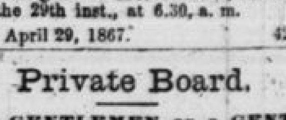
GEO. C. REIFFENSTEEN,
Acting Grand Secretary.

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423-td

'67. Opening of Navigation, '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER



"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-tf

Private Board.

TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.

Address A. B. C., office of this paper.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.

Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.

10 lbs. *daily for the Season*—$6.00.

Terms payable in advance.

Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

Early Closing.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED GROcery Merchants of the City of Ottawa, hereby agree to CLOSE our respective establishments, on and after WEDNESDAY, the FIRST DAY of MAY, next, at the hour of EIGHT O'CLOCK PRECISELY (Saturdays excepted) until further notice.

C. T. Bate & Co.,	T. Patterson,
J. G. Robinson & Co.,	John Greene,
Browne & Hardy,	H. Ross,
A. Campbell & Co.,	J. McCarthy,
M. Sparrow & Co.,	E. McGillivray,
P. A. Egleson & Son,	A. B. Perkins,
J. Buchanan,	R. McCullough,
W. D. Wood,	A. Brown,
D. Whelan,	A. McCormick,
W. Wall,	S. Howell.
D. Chisholm.	

Ottawa, April 30th, 1867. 423-3.

BUILDING SOCIETY

THE

Mutual Building Society,

OF OTTAWA.

Being now formed, parties desirous of subscribing for Stock, will have an opportunity of doing so, by attending

A Meeting of the Society,

WHICH WILL BE HELD

At the Office of P. A. Egleson & Son,

80, Sussex-st.,

—ON—

THURSDAY EVENING, 2nd OF MAY,

AT 7:30 O'CLOCK,

When the first instalment will be payable, and the Directors chosen for the ensuing year.

SHARES,.....$400 EACH.

Payable by monthly instalment of.....$1.05 each.

All information regarding the working of the Society, profits, easy method of borrowing, &c., &c can be had by enquiring of the Secretary.

JAMES EGLESON,
Secy. pro tem.

May 1. 423d.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TOWIS.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DOGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BROWDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

Ottawa and Gloucester

Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further

Call of Ten per Cent.

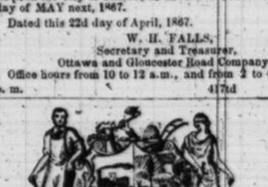
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.

Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417d



$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,

WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Notice.

MR. ROWE has been instructed by Mr. Sinclair, to offer for sale at the UNION HOUSE, in Ottawa, on the 7th of MAY, at 11 o'clock, a. m., that well-known farm of 140 acres, 100 of which are cleared, and in good condition for a crop this year. It is 3 miles from this city, and recently occupied as a dairy farm by JOSEPH WHITE. Terms made known at the time of sale.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

April 30. 422-3

AUCTION NOTICE.

MR. ROWE HAS RECEIVED A large consignment of

DRY GOODS!

From a house in Montreal, which he will sell by public auction, at his Salesroom, commencing on TUESDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock.

The Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing, in Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds; and of the latest styles. A variety of Men's Fancy Flannel Shirts, Hats and Caps, both men and boys. Also a large number of pieces of Fancy Tweeds, Doeskins, Cashmeres, &c., &c. Together with a variety of styles of Neck-ties, Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

April 30. 422y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

Directly opposite the Barracks.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannuculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rougot—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

GATINEAU MACADAMIZED AND GRAVELLED ROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company have made a

Call of Ten per cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call Shareholders are required to pay within two weeks from this 19th April, 1867, to H. V. Noel, Esquire, the Treasurer of the said Company.

JOHN AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

April 26. 419a

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Ottawa Post Office, May 1st, 1867.

Alexander James	Manning Jas.
Arbuckel Jas	Marcelus Keziah
Archable Mrs Isabel	Martin Mary
Armstrong Wm E	Mooney Miss Catherine
Ashworth W A	Moore Miss Ann
Barrouse Miss E	Moore Alfred
Bell Mr (Gloucester)	Manson J H
Benedict Geo	Murphy Wm
Benedict Miss Ann	Nutchson Jonathan
Brady Thos	Nelson Andrew
Bradley Albert	Nesbitt M H
Brown Daniel	O'Brign Neilis
Bruce Jas A	O'Caligban Alice
Burn Mrs Thos	O'Hara Maria
Burnett R S	O'Leary Mrs Mich
Cantwell John	Over J D
Cassidy Mrs Bridget	Patterson Wm
Collins Wm	Riley Mrs Mary
Collins Miss Margt	Ritchie And (Gloucester)
Connelly Maria	Rosche Wm
Correy Mary Jane	Robertson John
Cottrell Chas W	Robinson Frank
Cross Wm	Rose Lewis
Delaney Mary Ann	Rose James
Dewar John J	Scott John
Fitzsimmons Henry	Shaw Henry J
Foley Mrs	Shaw Jas
Ford John	Sheehan Patk
French Mrs J S	Smith Miss Elizb
Gibson Margt	Sowden Arthur R
Gleason Patrick	Spain Eleanor M
Gordon J (of Osnabruck)	Stafford Wm
Gravely Mrs	Stephens Wm
Harrod Jos	Stevens H H
Haig George	Stewart John
Hall Mrs Matilda	Stewart Francis
Hanrahan Hanora	Stewart Miss Christina
Hobbs Miss Sarah	Taylor Miss Sophia
Hodgins John	Thompson R
Hutchinson Elizabeth	Thompson Jock
Hunter Miss Catherine	Turner Mrs Mich
Hyndman Mrs	Vernor Mary J
Jeacle George	Walsh Jas
Johnston Hannah	Watkins Mrs
Johnston Mary	McArdle Elizb
Kearns Miss Catherine	McBride Thos
Keeley Thos	McCabe Patk
Kennedy Alex	McCoy Robt
Kennedy Miss Kate	McDougall J H
Keogh John	McDougall Alex
Kettles Chas	McDonell Miss
Killeen J B	McElroy Thos
Kirkbride James	McFarlane W (B Rapids)
Kiffer Mrs John	McGillivray D
Lacy Miss Mary	McMahon Mark
Lawrence L	McMullen George
Leitch Miss Sarah	McPhail Mrs D
Lemon Jas	McVicar A
Lyons J W	A H
Mauley John	W P
Manning Michael	

423-3. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

NEW BOOKS.

DURIE & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.
"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.
"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."
"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.

THE CHEAP WAVERLEY

Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—13 cents per volume.

THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.

Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—13 cents per volume.

Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.

The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.

Good Words—bound—for 1866.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, April 4. 400y

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

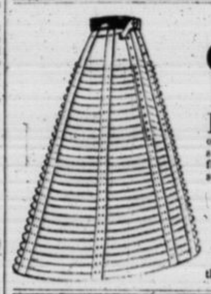
New Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.
Kidderminster, Scotch and Imperial 3 ply Wool Carpets.
All Wool Dutch and Union Carpets.
Stair Carpets. Mattings. Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Seven Cases Just Opened.

OTTAWA, APRIL 16. 403y

TO THE LADIES.



City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(OPENING DAY—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
Striped Cottons,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

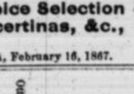
Butchers,.....No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414c

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.....9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses,

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Bonsecrer Street.

Ottawa esember 2 314tf

SECOND WEEK

OF

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Peremptory Cheap Sale.

GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.

A DISCOUNT ALLOWED ON SALES OVER A DOLLAR.

The Stock must be cleared out by the 31st of May.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR CHEAP GOODS.

GRANT & HENDERSON,

9 and 11 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 422-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c..

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up,	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4 075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
45, Sparks-street.

March 30, 1867. 396y

HOWE'S Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st, next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the co-partnership carried on for some years past, in the City of Ottawa, by

ALEXANDER WORKMAN
AND
EDWARD GRIFFIN,
AS HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

under the firm of WORKMAN and GRIFFIN, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
EDWARD GRIFFIN.

City of Ottawa, April 1, 1867. 398d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURchased the stock-in-trade of the business formerly carried on in Wellington-street, in this city, by Messrs. WORKMAN & GRIFFIN,

Hardware Merchants,

Would respectfully solicit a share of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm.

ALEX. WORKMAN & CO.

April 1. 398d

Surgical Instruments.

A COMPLETE FIELD CASE.

A Pocket Case.
A case of Tooth Instruments.
A superior Stomach Pump.
A Universal Syringe; and
A Scarificator.

May be seen at the subscriber's store, and will be sold considerably under cost.

JOSEPH SKINNER,
APOTHECARY,
Wellington-street.

April 16. 410bood

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

ROBERT HEIFER BEDINGFORD,
Plaintiff,
AND
ROBERT SPOTSWOOD,
Defendant.

A "concurrent" Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL, SHERIFF.
By JAS. BAILIFF, DEPUTY SHERIFF.

Ottawa, April 12, A.D. 1867. 414b

Private Tuition.

A GRADUATE of an English University, experienced in teaching, would be glad to make a few engagements as Visiting Tutor.

REFERENCES: J M Thorburn, Esq, M A; Rev F Codd, Aylmer; J A Snow, Esq, P L S, Hull. Address, B A, Post-office, Ottawa.

April 27. 420s

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S REDANI Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESS'NG,

AT NO. 57,

RIDEAU-STREET,

Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

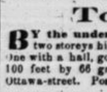
THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 221tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.



DWELLINGS TO LET.—(Possession given immediately.) A new Brick Building on Besserer-street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This Building contains seven Bed rooms, and is finished with all modern improvements. A wooden Building on Cumberland-street, near Murray, adjacent to the residence of J. W. Peachy, Esq., containing eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and separate entrance. Apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, April 27, 1867. 420-s

To Rent,

BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing 8 rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

To Let,

IN THE VILLAGE OF Chelsea, eight miles from Ottawa City, a store where for some time back a good general business has been done. The macadamizing of the Gatineau road this summer is likely to add bly to the business there.

Apply to

A. HAMILTON,
On the premises.

Chelsea, April 16. 414b

HOTEL TO LET.—The Hotel and premises on Rideau-st., at present occupied by W. B. House. This is one of the oldest established hotels in the city, and is well fitted up with a large yard, shed and stabling. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Apply to

CHARLES BOWAN,
Corner Cumberland and Clarence-streets, Ottawa.

April 3. 399d

For Sale,

LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.

Apply to

JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.

Ottawa, April 6. 40-d

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 359tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

To Let,

AT AYLMER.

THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms beside kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to

THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.

Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

317-eodMl

THOs. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

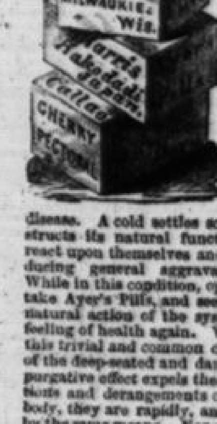
WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.
April 16. 410



AYER'S
CATHARTIC
PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.
ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.
From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.
From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.
DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.
Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.
SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.
From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.
Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.
DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.
JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.
From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

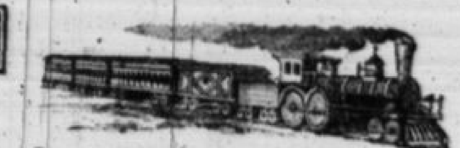
PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.
HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec., 1855.
DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.
VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 28th, 1867. 368d3w2



Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4.00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.00 a.m., and 2.00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, April 15. 413y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

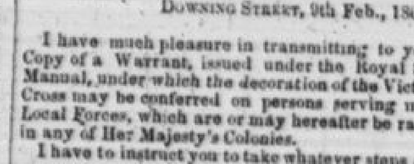
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council



PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer.

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorised by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same, —and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elswhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said Island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
391tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say.:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.
Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.
The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to
R. H. McGREEVY.
Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL
Clarence Street.
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867 363d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.
Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES
BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article, of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarsen,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a License under my hand, bearing date the 18th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor, which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 110, the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.
Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due;
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a m.	At Ottawa, 11.00 a.m.
" " 1.50 p.m.	" 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway. Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and stations at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.
Ottawa, November 26. 1y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 9.30 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c. &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini, and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated is therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The Statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two of the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much o the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 425. | OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY. MAY 3, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office! No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 45-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 31-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 37ty

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flock's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other [illegible] for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 1t 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 280tf

INSURANCE.

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Cash Capital, - $1,000,000
INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 36	$ 20,786 26
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	166,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.
OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.
Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... *Liverpool,* .... *Montreal.*
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for [the] present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

BAZAAR.
A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. CHURCH will be held on the
22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.
Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:
MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.
A Refreshment Table will be provided.
Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.
April 409td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN, Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.

ALEX. DUFF. OTTAWA, September 12.
O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.

Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.

H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
408-tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 58y

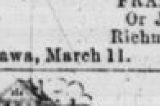
PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

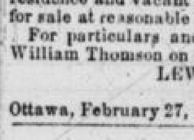
FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE
McCAUL FARM.
THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. R. L. Fellowes, Esq.,
Containing 200 Acres,
Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.
For particulars, apply to Z. S. M. HERSEY.
Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 414tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



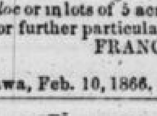
TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf



FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,

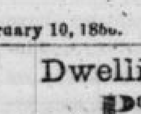
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to JAS. G. ROBINSON, Tea Pot, Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m



FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

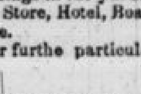
FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.



THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply o LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.



POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For furthe particulars apply to J. L. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER, Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROPERTY is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of LEES & GEMMELL, Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine Farina Cologne, in basket and plain, Lubin's Perfumes, Piver's Perfumes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Dressing Combs, Toilet Soaps, Bath sponges, Turkish Towels, &c., &c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist, 28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY, Family and Dispensing Chemist, 28, Sparks-street.
March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of
MASKS,
ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also Steel Chains, Magnets, Canes, Violins, Dolls, Whistles, Round Combs, Rubber Rings, Playing Cards.
1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.
P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE, 56 Sparks-street, and Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 3-tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT, 56, Sparks Street
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., 3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Piano-Forte Instruction.
PROF. W. C. CLARK, Teacher of Piano, Voice, and Harmony, is now in Ottawa, and may be found at MRS. SUTTON'S, Metcalfe-st. Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.
Ottawa, March 384-3m

METAL!

TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO., Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residence of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—
Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.
W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.
312tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Cricket—Croquet—Sheffield House.
Department of Crown Lands—A. Campbell.
Irish Temperance Association—John O'Reilly.
Shop and Dwelling to Let—Hugh Ross.
Library and News Depot—A. Hausser.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MAY 3, 1867.

The Reformers who hold seats in the present Parliament, and have come before Conventions for nomination have not, with three or four exceptions, declared in favor of the Chief Organiser's principle, that the Coalition should be at once and for ever broken up. It is only the young aspirants, those who never yet shared in parliamentary responsibility, such as Mr. Macfie, of East Middlesex, who commit themselves flatly to the anti-Coalition-everlasting-Tory exclusion principle, and even some of these new men, such as Mr. Evans, who is on the same ticket in the same constituency with the Coalition-hating Macfie, repudiate this extreme doctrine.

The silence of the *Globe* regarding the utterances of some of the candidates would be astounding, but for one reason: the Chief Organiser feels that he cannot "arouse the old fire" to the extent he has proposed, and he wisely concludes to accept all who will bear the name of "Reformer," and abide by the decision of the convention. Only in one case has he departed from this rule; but that case was a very flagrant one—the nomination of the Hon. Mr. Foley. With the exception of the *Globe* all the Reform papers appear to welcome Mr. Foley's return, though some of them lecture him for having justified his taking office with the Conservatives, because Mr. Brown did the same thing a few months later. It was very naughty of Mr. Foley to put in such a plea of justification, for did not the Conservatives agree to a new policy, accepted by the Reform party, before Messrs. Brown, Macdougall, and Howland took office with them? Most certainly, and this entirely changes the *political* character of the two acts; but in no way modifies the *personal* association for a common purpose between Conservatives and Reformers, which Mr. Brown now so fiercely denounces, and to which he was a party in 1864. In associating with Conservatives for the purpose of carrying on the Government, Mr. Foley would have been no more guilty than the other Reformers who so soon followed his example, provided the *policy* of that Government had been in accordance with the then views of the Reform party. This important distinction makes Mr. Foley's act a desertion of party, though under very great, and we think quite justifiable provocation; whereas, Mr. Brown led his party with him. In the case of Mr. Foley his party connection was changed; in the case of Mr. Brown it remained the same; but in both cases, and this is the point of present importance, a precedent is established in justification of Reformers joining with Conservatives when they are not divided upon policy. In the case of Mr. Brown it was pre-eminently the vindication of the coalition principle; and no one was louder than he in its praises.

But Mr. Brown now argues that this Coalition was a compact for a certain defined object, which when accomplished should cease, and parties resume their old position. It is impossible to conceive upon what ground such a proposition can be logically sustained, and therefore, we do not wonder that Reform members of Parliament refuse to give it their sanction. The Coalition was formed on a policy having for its object the accomplishment of Confederation; and Confederation being in force there is an end of the present Canadian Government—it becomes extinct by law. But the men composing that Government, and the parties supporting them throughout the country, will have their political being under the new Constitution, where Mr. Brown contends they should resume their ancient hostility. Supposing the "compact" to cease with the proclamation of the new Dominion, are the parties to it forever debarred from entering on a new one? If they united for a common purpose in 1864, why not in 1867? Mr. Brown will not deny that the Coalition of 1864 has effected a great deal of good for the country; is it impossible that a Coalition formed in 1867 can be equally successful? If the one was justified by the necessities of the hour, who shall sit in judgment above the people, and their representatives to say that a like or even stronger necessity does not now exist?

But the terminable compact theory is arrant humbug. Where is the constitutional precedent for parties farming out their confidence to governments for a limited term of years, or a specified amount of work—said confidence to be again withdrawn by effluxion of time or completion of contract? A truce to party warfare to meet a great emergency is not an uncommon occurrence, but the formation of a Coalition is an entirely different matter; and a Coalition Government, like any other government, is constitutionally bound to administer the affairs of the country, so long as it enjoys the confidence of Parliament, and not a day longer. Mr. Brown's own conduct was directly at variance with the terminable compact theory. He retired before "time was up" or "contract performed," and if his present position is a sound one stands before the world a self convicted defaulter. Why did he not fulfill the bond? Mr. Brown himself gave a constitutional reason for the step he took—his views were not in accordance with the policy of the Government—he would not share in the responsibility of a policy his judgment did not approve, therefore he resigned. That position was constitutionally sound; had his Reform colleagues agreed with his views no doubt they would have taken the same course, and had the Reform party endorsed their action there would have been a constitutional end to the Coalition. But the Reform members of the Cabinet adhered to the Coalition; the Reform party in Parliament, and in the country, with a few trifling exceptions, sustained them, so that practically Mr. Brown, by resigning in 1866, just put himself in the same position towards his party as Mr. Foley did in 1864; he separated himself from it, *for reasons of his own, the force of which his party did not recognise.* Certainly, therefore, though Mr. Brown has been the first, he ought to have been the last to reproach Mr. Foley for deserting his party. Mr. Foley, though a leader in 1864, failed to carry the party with him. After two years and a half spent in penitential retirement he comes back and seeks forgiveness, which everybody save Mr. Brown is willing and anxious to concede. Though a leader of the party in 1866, Mr. Brown failed to take the Reformers with him, and he still tries with frantic efforts to drag them at his heels; but they refuse his anti-Coalition teaching, therein giving another practical illustration of the oft-repeated maxim that example is stronger than precept.

One of the rarest specimens of literary criticism that has ever fallen under our notice appeared in the *Citizen* of yesterday morning. The literary genius presiding over the columns of our contemporary assailed the Spring circulars issued by two or three of our leading dry goods firms, charging one of them with "disgustingly conceited, coarse and unbecoming language!" Next we suppose the *Citizen* will review the posters on the dead walls, and keep a sharp look out that the auctioneers' bills are so framed as to respect all the proprieties of thought and composition, with the delicacy of sentiment so characteristic of the *original* matter that graces its own columns. This operation is said to be called "paragraphing" in the *Citizen* vocabulary, though some people might deem it a very clumsy attempt at bullying the firms alluded to. We believe we are correct in stating that none of the condemned circulars bear the *Citizen's* imprint, a circumstance highly creditable to its character! Another assertion might be hazarded: the advertisements of the censured firms do not grace the *Citizen's* columns! These little facts give a key to its *high-toned* indignation. '*Date obolum Belisario!* (Free translation—*very free!*) give your printing and advertising to the *Citizen—if you don't want to be "paragraphed!"*

It has been decided by the Department of Customs that mill and factory machinery shall only be admitted duty free, when forming part of a mill or factory as fixtures, and when of complicated workmanship. It has also been decided that iron chain cables shall be admitted free of duty, when over a half inch diameter, and under that size at 15 per cent. ad valorem.

We beg to return our sincere thanks to "the President and Members of the Ottawa Natural History Society" for their kindness in sending us, under cover bearing the Ottawa postmark "May 2," a brace of tickets to the *Conversazione* held under their auspices on the *previous evening!*

We have received some interesting particulars concerning the Madoc gold regions, which want of space compels us to lay over until to-morrow.

LOCAL NEWS.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, May 2, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 30 above zero.
9 a. m., 47 above zero.
Noon, shade, 46 above zero.
Noon, sun, 58 above zero.
6 p. m., 34 above zero.

Irish Temperance Association.—By advertisement in another column, it is announced that the annual meeting for the election of officers for this association, will be held in St. Patrick's Hall, Sussex-street, on Sunday, 5th instant. We hope, for the cause of suffering humanity, that Irishmen who profess a love for that spot, so familiarly known as "the gem of the sea," will show their determination to sustain their national honor, by rallying round the temperance banner, and by every possible means, supporting a cause that has for its object so noble a purpose as the elevation of man from a degraded position, and we hold that there is none more degrading than that of the drunkard. To the evils of the intoxicating bowl can be traced the ignominious end of what might have been a bright career of many, alas, too many of the youth of the day. How many, reader, within your knowledge, of your young acquaintances have been drawn into this fearful vortex; and instead of being an ornament to society, a joy to the hearts of relatives and friends, have become debased, and rendered themselves, as it were, outcasts to society. Its lures, its wiles and temptations are fearful to contemplate, and there is but one way to keep beyond its baneful influence—*total abstinence.* We hope to see a large meeting—efficient officers elected—and the members start on a new year with a determined resolve to discountenance the use of intoxicating liquors—and if possible to rescue some fallen brother from its soul-destroying grasp.

Coming Amusements.—The name of Lewis B. Lent, when speaking of show business, is a household one, throughout the length and breadth of Canada. His gentlemanly demeanor, his upright principles in dealing, and especially his courtesy to all connected with the press, has tended to make him one of the most popular men in connection with the show business that has ever visited Canada. It is a well known fact, too, that none but the very best artists are in his employ. His company, "The New York Circus," will enter Canada this summer about the 1st of June, at Sherbrooke, travelling only by railroad and steamboat. They will visit Quebec, Three Rivers, Montreal, Cornwall, Ottawa, Brockville, Belleville, Kingston, Cobourg, Port Hope, Toronto, and all the principal cities of the West. The *N. Y. Tribune*, referring to the closing week of this company in that city, says:—"Throughout the season, the leading equestrian attraction at the circus has been Mlle. de Berg. Mr. Lent has exhibited a great deal of enterprise in finding and presenting novelties, and has been ably assisted herein by Mr. W. S. Adams. Prof. Hutchinson, Young America, the Runnells Family, Mr. Rivers, Little Ducrow and the Levantine Brothers, are among the acrobatic surprises that have, one by one, been afforded to the disciples of the saw-dust ring. Among the best successes of the season may be mentioned the "Jockey Club Races," "The Sprite of the Silver Shower," and Mr. James E. Cooke's equestrian feats on four bare-backed horses. The New York Circus has been a favorite with us, from the first, among the amusements of the season. Whatever has been done here has been done well; nor has offense been given to good taste. We trust, therefore, that our friends of the ring may prosper in their summer tour, and come back to us, next season, refreshed, and ready for new feats of arms and legs."

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Second Day.

BEFORE JUDGE ADAM WILSON.

Davis *vs.* The Home Insurance Company. O'Reilly for plff.; Gwynn and Galt for deft. Case closed, and the case adjourned to enable counsel for the defence to telegraph advice to settle.

The Grand Jury came in with true bills against Andrew Wier for assault with intent to commit rape, and Robinson Lyon for rape.

Paquette *vs.* J. H. Kelly for seduction. Verdict by consent for plff. $200.

Loftus *vs.* Dow for balance of contract for plastering in Russell House. Verdict for deft. on first count, and for the plff. on second count, and damages assessed for plff. at $678.08. O'Reilly and O'Gara for plff., Lewis for defence.

SNIPES AND INSECTIVOROUS BIRDS.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—The accidental omission of authorities promised in my letter obliges me again to trouble you.

That snipes are "insectivorous birds" there can be no doubt. Audubon and Wilson, those eminent out-door naturalists, describe them as such. The former says:—

—"*The food of our common snipe consists principally of ground worms and insects.*"—*Audubon's Birds of America, Vol. III, p.* 325.

—"They [young snipes] seem to feed at first on minute insects collected on the surface of the mires, or amid the grass and moss."—*Ibid, p.* 323.

Wilson coincides. (*Wilson's Ornithology—verb. Scolopacidæ.*) This distinguished ornithologist ascribes the same habits to the American and European snipe *scolopax gallinago*, which differs but immaterially, the new world bird receiving its specific appellation of *Scolopax Wilsonii* in compliment to Wilson.

—"They [snipes] feed on worms and insects."—*Blaine's Encyclopedia, p.* 876.

—"Their food consists of small worms, slugs, and the larvae of insects."—*Library of Natural History, p.* 648.

—"Their nourishment consists principally of worms and larvae."—*Lewis' American Sportsman, p.* 197.

—"The jack-snipe feeds upon smaller insects than the snipe, small white larvae, such as are found in black bogs, are its favorite foods."—*The Field Book, p.* 455.

—"The food of the snipe consists chiefly of ground worms and insects."—*Canadian Naturalist, Vol. I, No. 4, p.* 297.

—"They inhabit marshy places, and the margins of rivers and brooks, where they walk about in search of their food, consisting of worms and insects, which they extract from the mud or soft ground by means of their long bills."—*Orr's Circle of the Sciences, p.* 183.

If necessary, many more authorities could be cited, such as Shaw, Albin, Thornville Donovan, Lewin, Daniel, Turton, Lacepede, Dumeril, Blumenbach, Lloyd, Vaillaint, Edwards, Latham, Berwick, Selby, Grieff, Vigors, Montague, Fleming, Jardine, Swainson and others.

Yours truly,
W. F. W.

Ottawa, May 2, 1867.

NEW EDINBURGH PENNY READINGS—MISPLACED CONFIDENCE.

The ninth of the series of the New Edinburgh Penny Readings was held last evening and was evidently a great success. The receipts at the door represented 104 persons. The following was the programme:

"The present to the priest"—Read by Mr. Tubman.
"Whack! For the Emerald Isle"—Sung by Mr. Sinclair.
"Gray's elegy on a country church-yard"—Read by Rev. H. N. Phillipps.
"The vacant chair"—Sung by Mr. French; chorus by the choir.
"Wreck of the *Golden Mary*"—Read by Mr. Sinclair.
"Good news from home"—Sung by Mrs. R. Blackburn and Mr. French; chorus by the choir.
"Farewell, my native land"—Read by Mr. P. E. Bucke.
"Smile again my bonnie Lassie"—Sung by Mr. W. A. Maingy.
"Tail of a Tadpole"—Read by Rev. T. D. Phillipps.
"Jolly Dogs"—Sung by Mr. J. Reiffenstien; chorus by the choir.
"Chapter 2nd of Sparrowgrass Papers"—Read by Mr. W. A. Maingy.
"The Reaper on the Plain"—Sung by Mr. Sinclair, who, being encored, sung "Kathleen Mavourneen."
Finale—"God Save the Queen."

It was really most gratifying to witness so large an assembly of persons drawn together with the object of affording mutual amusement after the arduous duties of the day.

The Penny Readings were suggested by a young lady in New Edinburgh, and eventually carried out by the President, Rev. T. D. Phillipps. The effect has been to draw the villagers together, to become acquainted with each other, and thus cement the bonds of friendship and union, so desirable among all classes of society, especially in a young and rapidly thriving village.

An amusing incident occurred, a brief description of which may not be out of place.

A person, whose name originally appeared on the programme, being unavoidably absent, the President handed Mr. W. A. Maingy the "Sparrowgrass Papers," requesting him to favor the audience with a reading therefrom. Mr. Maingy addressed the meeting, briefly stating "that having been so very unexpectedly called upon, he had not the opportunity of selecting any particular chapter," but that the book being the personal property of the President, he felt confident that it contained nothing but what could be read with propriety. Accordingly Mr. Maingy commenced with chapter 2nd—The description of Spring Buds—and the fact of Mr. Sparrowgrass having bought a boat, and of the visit of a Philadelphia Quaker lady. All went on smoothly—the audience appeared amused—but alas, when the reader approached the boating excursion he evidently seemed ill at ease, now casting a suspicious look towards the President, now an imploring look towards the audience, as though feeling that his confidence in the President's book had been misplaced. He now proceeded, until arriving at that part of the scene, to wit: "Meanwhile our friend seated herself upon "*something* on the beach. While I was engaged in bailing; the wind shifted, and I became "sensible of an unpleasant odour, &c." The venerable reader's countenance, at this point, assumed the becoming hue of a bashful maiden of sixteen—he fairly broke down, convulsed with laughter—the audience one and all became uproarious, the more they laughed, the more so did the reader. In vain did he implore the audience to allow him an opportunity of composing himself; a vain attempt was made to comply with the request—now and again a partially subdued laugh, then a titter, followed by a general outburst. Full ten minutes was appropriated to this enlivening scene—which was on the whole not without its good effect, inasmuch as the audience had previously become painfully impressed with the description of the "Wreck of the *Golden Mary*," which was read by Mr. Sinclair with much taste and deep feeling. Quiet being partially restored, the reader concluded—retiring midst the applause of the audience.

The next of the series will take place on Tuesday next, 7th May inst., when a promising programme may be expected, Messrs. Burritt and Henderson having been named a committee to cater for the occasion.—[Communicated.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867.

THE GAME LAWS vs. THE INSECTIVOROUS BIRDS ACT.

On Monday last a gentleman of Ottawa was convicted before Mr. O'Gara of having killed snipe contrary to law. The case was tried under the provisions of cap. 52, 27 and 28 Vic., intituled "an act for the protection of insectivorous and other birds, beneficial to agriculture." The evidence went to prove that beyond doubt snipe were protected by this bill, showing conclusively that the bird in question lives not on worms alone, but on several varieties of the insect tribe. As the result of the above investigation is of much importance to the sportsmen of the country, it is perhaps well that the law protecting the snipe of Upper Canada should be clearly understood.

While snipe are not even mentioned in the Upper Canada game laws, it cannot be denied that cap. 52., 27 and 28 Vic., fully provides for their safety between the 1st day of March and the 1st day of August, thus rectifying a somewhat strange omission.

During the Session of Parliament of 1864, several gentlemen of Quebec, desirous of putting a stop to the cruel practice of wantonly destroying small birds, drafted a measure which afterwards became law under the title of "an Act for the protection of insectivorous "and other birds beneficial to agriculture." The bill was prepared for and originally intended to apply only to Lower Canada, but upon consideration it was thought proper that both sections of the province should benefit by its wise provisions, and so it became in due course the law of the land. The Act was not intended to interfere in any way with the game laws of the country, but as the Upper Canada game laws totally ignore snipes, these birds as a consequence come under the protection of the "Insectivorous Birds Bill," and by this lucky accident spring snipe shooting is abolished. It is of great importance that in Canada we should have good game laws, carefully protecting every description of game, and prohibiting altogether the killing of birds during the spring of the year, a practice most reprehensible in itself, and unsportsmanlike to a degree.

The Upper Canada game laws, while they carefully guard every description of duck allow snipe to be killed at all times, and at the same time ruthlessly permit woodcocks to be slaughtered in the middle of the summer, when these unfortunate birds are barely able to fly.

The game laws of the Lower Province show the reverse of this picture. Wisely do they protect small game in the spring, but strange to say ducks are left at the mercy of the pot hunter until after the twentieth of May.

The remedy for these evils is obvious, viz.: A game law which will prevent any kind of shooting between the first day of March, and the first day of September in any year.

By this means the indiscriminate destruction of game will be checked, and when the shooting season does commence the sport will be more genuine, than it has ever been under the very muddled and ill-judged restrictions of the Canada game laws.—[Com.

ABOUT SNIPE SHOOTING.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—If, under the act for the protection of insectivorous birds, it be illegal to shoot Snipe now, will it not be equally illegal to do so in September next?

A reply from Mr. Whitcher, or some other legal authority, will much oblige,

J. Welch.

Ottawa, May 2, 1867.

To the Editor of the Times:

Mr. Editor,—The Police Magistrate and Mr. Whitcher may both be right; yet I would like to hear something more about the food of snipes. An old-fashioned belief prevails, that they and woodcocks are not insect-eating birds, coming within the category of fly-catchers, which the act protecting birds beneficial to agriculture has reference to. They have been (I presume wrongly) regarded as birds living by suction.

If Mr. Whitcher's views are accepted by the Magistracy a new and I think a very desirable extension will be given to the law. This in two ways: it is no longer incumbent on the prosecutor to make out the insectivorous nature of any bird; second, many waterfowl may be shewn to be insectivorous.

In the hands of so earnest a pleader for innocent clients as Mr. Whitcher is, there is no telling how many birds may be proved to be beneficial to agriculture. I am inclined to question if the term "birds" can apply to the larger species.

Your obt. servt.,
Snipe.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867.

REMINISCENCES IN THE LIFE OF A FIREMAN.

To the Editor of the Montreal Gazette:

Sir,—The death of O'Brien at Ottawa a few days ago, arising from suffocation consequent upon returning into a burning building, induces me to notice it more fully, as the several medical men who were in attendance failed to restore life after using what they considered ample measures for that purpose. I write from no knowledge of the facts beyond what is conveyed to the press by the short telegraph despatch from that city.

I myself have had some narrow escapes during the last twenty years, under similar circumstances. The sensations of suffocation by smoke are not painful; on the contrary, are rather pleasant than otherwise. There are two forms of it, the most dangerous being from heated smoke.

Many years ago, during a fire at the residence of the late Dr. McCulloch in St. Gabriel-street, it was discovered that the fire had found its way up under the roof from the eave-trough, which was tinned with the exception of the manhole (which was not accessible) and there was no outlet for the escape of the smoke or heat; the Union Company was ordered to extinguish the fire, and, being branchman, it fell to my lot to enter the building. As I groped my way gradually up the stairs leading to the attic, I soon became aware of the danger to be encountered ere it was possible to get at the fire; the smoke was most intense and the heat scorching; to breathe was next to impossible under such circumstances and there was no light. I had no sooner gained the landing at the head of the stairs than I lost consciousness and recollected no more for over 50 hours. When I awoke I found the late Dr. Thomas Arnoldi at my bedside waiting anxiously for a change for the better. My first impression on returning to consciousness was that I still held the branch pipe and was in the act of extinguishing the fire.

It appears that the men whose duty it was to attend on such occasions to afford relief when required, found no response to their enquiries if all was safe, and groping their way to the head of the stairs, found me prostrate and insensible, and rescued me. In those days the Department had a paid doctor (Arnoldi), who was generally on hand if the fire was of a serious nature, and it was well for me that on this occasion he was present. From many conversations previously had with the doctor, and the mention of several incidents showing the injurious effects and symptoms experienced by smoke at fires, he, on this occasion, for the first time, adopted the suggestion I had made, which was that *on no pretence whatever should the patient be removed into the open air*, but as far as possible allow him to inhale the warm air, even though it should be charged with smoke.

Since that occurrence I have had considerable experience in similar cases, and I am fully satisfied that a sudden change from the heated smoke to the cold pure air is certain death to the patient.

Yours,
P.

To Sportsmen.—Parties desiring to obtain any article in the line of fishing tackle, will find a large stock to choose from at E. K. MacGillivray's Sheffield House, Sparks-street. See advertisement.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 2, 1867.

A meeting will be held to-morrow, to receive the report of the committee on the subject of providing an hospital for eye and ear diseases, for the benefit of the poor.

Four large rafts from Lake Superior started down the lake this afternoon in tow of the steamers *Wellington, Highlander* and *J. A. Macdonald.*

McLean's battery of garrison artillery will shortly be furnished with short Enfields.

The concert last night was very successful. The house was jammed to the doors. The performance surpassed anything of the kind ever heard in this city.

The Toronto hunt met at Todmorden House, on the other side of the Don to-day, and had a run across the country.

The licensed victuallers held a meeting at the St. Lawrence Hall this afternoon, on the subject of the present license law.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 2, 1867.

The *Minerve's* correspondent at Paris writes that the Roman Court showed the greatest regard for Messrs. Cartier, McGee, Ryan and Beaudry. Cardinal Barnabo granted them several audiences and promised to examine carefully the memorial presented by the latter, concerning ecclesiastical affairs in Montreal.

J. Doutre, Esq., Q. C., has been elected Batonnier and Rouer Roy, Q. C., syndic of the Bar of Montreal.

Weather unpleasant, snowed this forenoon.

Steamer *Montreal* left for Quebec at 3 p.m.

The steamship *St. George*, Smith, from Glasgow, with passengers and general cargo for Quebec and Montreal, passed inward at Father Point at 7:30 this a.m. The steamship *Moravian*, Aiton, left River du Loup at six this a.m. for Quebec and Montreal.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

The Peace Conference.

London, May 2.—The day for the meeting of the peace conference has again been changed, and it is now announced that the diplomatic preliminaries are already so far advanced that the conference will hold its first session on the 9th, instead of the 12th inst.

Two Fenian Prisoners Sentenced to be Hanged.

Dublin, May 2.—Two Fenian prisoners Burke and Doran, have been convicted of high treason, and sentenced to be hanged on the 29th of the present month. The trial of McCafferty is now in progress before the commission.

London Money Market.

London, May 2—Eve.—Consols closed at 91¼ for money; American securities are a shade weaker; 5-20's 71½; I. C. 75½; Erie 42½.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

From South America.

New York, May 2.—Panama dates to the 23rd have been received. The *Star and Herald* says: Gen. Olarte, in view of the expected invasion by the forces of Dogoda, has issued orders to organise the militia, and place them on a war footing, and in Panama the enlistment is carried on with energy.

The election of Deputies for the coming Congress had resulted in a Government majority in Chili.

The relations between Peru and Chili are far from cordial, and a termination of the Spanish question is all that is necessary to lead to an open rupture.

The Asiatic cholera is carrying off many victims in the principal cities of Nicaragua; in Leon one hundred deaths occurred in one day.

Confirmation of Mexican News.

New Orleans, May 2.—The *Times* of this city publishes a report received from a private source, saying another battle had been fought at Queretaro, resulting in the defeat of the demoralized Imperialists, and the death of Miramon. After the fight Queretaro was occupied by the Liberals. Maximilian cannot be found anywhere. It is supposed that he has secretly fled. This confirms the report that Diaz had defeated Marquez at Queretaro, and that the Liberals were completely masters of the situation.

Political Speculations in Russia.

New York, May 2.—The *World's* St. Petersburg correspondence announces the reception of the news of the Russian-American treaty by the Czar on the 2nd of April. The matter had been conducted so secretly that only Gortschakoff and one other minister knew anything of the negotiations; indeed the Russian-American Company a few months ago had a renewal of their concession for twenty years. The people remark that seven millions dollars will hardly pay for the compensation to the company and officials and the transfer expenses. It is said the United States have entered into a treaty of offensive and defensive alliance with Russia for ten years, during which the Monroe doctrine is to be fully vindicated on the American continent, while the Russian supremacy over Europe is to be firmly established by the expulsion of the Turks and the substitution of Russian for Ottoman sway in the East.

Negro Convention in Mobile.

New York, May 2.—A special Mobile despatch to the *Tribune* says: The convention of the colored citizens of the State is now in session in this city, with the object to take grounds as to their future welfare. They will proclaim unbroken alliance with the Republican party.

Secretary Stanton Proposed for Next President.

St. Louis, May.—The *Democrat's* Jefferson city despatch says: Governor Fletcher, and a large number of leading men of the North-Western States, are corresponding with a view of securing the nomination of Secretary Stanton for the next President.

Scarcity of Wheat in Iowa.

The Dubuque *Herald* states that the Governor of Minnesota is about to issue a proclamation urging the citizens to ship no more wheat down the river until after the harvest, owing to its scarcity.

NEWS BY THE PERSIA.

Spirit of the European Press.—Cession of the Fortress of Belgrade.—The Spanish Question likely to be Amicably Settled.—Arrest of Bank Note Forgers.—Arrival out of the Frigate "Orontes."—More Fenian Arrests in Ireland.

New York, May 2.—The steamship *Persia*, from Liverpool 20th, and Queenstown 21st, arrived this evening.

The London *Times'* city article of the 19th says, heavy quotations from Berlin caused a renewed decline in consols, accompanied by fresh panic in foreign securities, averaging one per cent. Judging from the effect each rumor in Berlin or Paris, the impression would seem to be entertained that any rupture between France and Germany would be the signal for every nation in the world to repudiate their obligations.

Telegrams from Berlin of the 19th describe a general rush to effect sales, without assigning any reason. The King's speech, it is assumed, produced bad a effect.

The *Times'* Paris correspondent states that a private letter from Berlin mentions that Bismarck recently declared to foreign diplomatists that it was impossible for him to make concessions in regard to Luxemburg. He could not consent to its neutralization, nor withdraw Prussian troops from the fortress, nor admit the question to be open to negotiation; and even if Prussia were willing Germany would not hear of it.

There are vague rumors of the King of Prussia's visit to the Paris Exhibition.

The *Times* editorially says: nothing could this moment be more significant than the speech with which the King of Prussia closed the first session of the North German Parliament. All reticence is now cast aside, and whatever importance France and Austria may attach to the Treaty of Prague, it is evident at Berlin neither sovereign or people deem German national unity is a matter with which foreign powers have no business to concern themselves.

Baron Von Wullersdorff has resigned the ministry of commerce, and been appointed commander of the expedition to Eastern Asia, with power to conclude commercial treaties with Siam, Japan, and China.

The fortress of Belgrade had been ceded to the Servians, and taken possession of by the Servian authorities on the 19th—Prince Michael reading the Sultan's firman that day to the troops.

The London *Times* after discussing the Spanish decision relative to the *Victoria*, says now a first instalment of redress has been obtained, we may feel sanguine as to the final adjustment of the difficulty, and nothing but the continued imprisonment of McPherson, the engineer of the *Tornado*, stands in the way of accepting the reference to arbitration if proposed.

The London *Morning Post* says the people of America have not concluded the bargain for Russian-America merely from an ambitious desire to engage territories, but with a view of turning it to profitable account as they did Louisiana and Florida.

The King and Queen of Portugal leave Lisbon for Paris on the 24th.

Bank of Portugal notes have been forged and photographers arrested.

A Madrid letter of the 14th states it is known there, that the English fleet is cruising before Cadiz, but the journals are interdicted from publishing the fact.

The frigate *Orontes* arrived at Queenstown on the 19th with troops from Quebec.

Further arrests of Fenians continue in Ireland, and vigorous search in the country is going on.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

The Peace Conference.

London, May 1.—Eve.—The peace conference will meet in this city on the 12th instead of the 15th of May. It is understood Lord Stanley, Secretary of State for foreign affairs, who is to represent Great Britain at the conference, will preside over its deliberations.

The King of Greece in London.

King George of Greece has arrived in London.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 1.—Gold, 135⅜.

The *Post's* financial article says loans are easy, but firmer at 6 @ 7. Stocks unsettled. Governments stronger. Railroad shares lower. The lull in the speculation movement continues.

The Burning of the "Hibernia."

New York, May 2.—Loss by the burning of the ship *Hibernia*, last evening, amounts to $100,000. One fireman is missing.

Trotting Match.

New York, May 2.—The trotting match on the Union Course yesterday, between Cora and Lew Pattie, for $1900, resulted in favor of Cora. Best time, 2:37½.

News from Japan and China.

New York, May 2.—The *Herald's* special from San Francisco gives news from Japan to April 30. The war with China was suspended. Apologies had been demanded by the British minister, and made by the Mikado, for insults offered to British officers by natives.

Another fire had destroyed a large portion of Yokohama.

The news from China is not important.

Cost of Defending the Fenian Prisoners.

New York, May 2.—The *Herald's* special says $500,000 is the fee claimed by the counsel employed by the United States to defend the Fenians on trial in Canada last winter, and the question arises as to how Mr. Seward can pay it, there being no provision for such outlay, and the Senate not being apt to grant appropriations.

The U. S. Public Debt Statement.

The *Times'* special says, the public debt statement will not be ready until Saturday. It will show a contraction for the month of from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 in greenbacks, compound interests and certificates of indebtedness—about three million dollars of the amount being legal tenders. It will also exhibit a reduction of debt about seven million dollars. The coin balance in the Treasury is $116,000,000; currency balance is $35,000,000, and the aggregate cash balance in the Treasury does not materially vary from the April statement.

SUFFERING IN IOWA.

The People of some Portions in a Starving Condition.

From the Fort Dodge (Iowa) Northwest, April 17.

For several weeks past we have heard reports of great suffering among the homestead settlers in the counties north and west of us, from the severity of the climate and its long continuance. Great numbers of cattle, sheep, and hogs throughout Northern Iowa and Southern Minnesota, are known to have perished from scarcity of food and intense cold and deep snows which have continued throughout the entire month of March.

On Monday Kelly Almond, a resident of Clay county, was in town, and from him we learn that large numbers of the people of Clay county, are in a most deplorable condition.

Winter set in early, and there has been a continuous succession of severe snow-storms following each other at short intervals, from early in November up to the first of April. The early frost of last fall cut off the corn crop, and the wheat raised was entirely insufficient to feed the heavy immigration that came in too late to raise a crop. Early in the winter the snow became so deep that it was almost impossible to get down to Fort Dodge, a distance of seventy-five miles, to procure flour and provisions. As the winter advanced the snow became deeper and the storms more severe, drifting the deep ravines full of snow, in places to the depth of from fifteen to thirty feet. There is one stretch of forty miles across the bleak prairie, without a house or grove to shelter the traveller. Isolated from all the surrounding world, the inhabitants of Clay county were entirely shut in by the snowy barrier, and those who had moved in during the past season have suffered terribly from cold and hunger.

Great numbers of cattle, sheep and hogs have perished, and for weeks past many of the people have subsisted on parched corn and turnips. Meat, flour and meal were not to be had at any price. A man might starve to death with his pockets full of greenbacks, for they would avail nothing in the struggle among the settlers to keep from starvation. On Tuesday, the 22nd day of January, John Laughlin, a returned soldier, about twenty-eight years of age, saw a deer not far from his cabin. Taking his gun he started after it, and has not been seen since. Not returning the next day, his wife became alarmed and got some of the neighbors to go out and search for him. The great snow storm came on the next day, and no traces of Mr. Laughlin could be found until Sunday, when parties who were out searching, found the deer killed and dressed and hanging on a tree, about four miles up the river from Mr. Laughlin's cabin. Some pieces of venison were cut off it, and a sheet that Mr. Laughlin had taken with him was wrapped around the deer. Following some tracks visible where the snow had been blown away, the neighbors went down the river about two miles, to where it makes a sudden bend westward. Here at the bend, about a mile and a half from his home, Mr. Laughlin's gun was found sitting up against some bushes and the deer skin thrown over it. No further traces of the lost hunter have been found, and it is supposed that he got bewildered in the terrific storm of Thursday night and perished, and that his body drifted under the snow. He left a young wife, who has recently gone back East to her friends.

Our informant, Mr. Almond, started on the third day of April for Fort Dodge, with a sled and five pair of cattle. He was seven days in making the trip. The snow was from two to three feet deep most of the way for forty miles, and in many places it was drifted from ten to fifteen feet deep, completely burying up his team. One pair of cattle became entirely exhausted, and perished on the road. With the others he got through and reached here on the 10th. Many of the people have had their hands, feet and faces badly frozen during the winter in getting up wood and taking care of their cattle. A large number of their cattle have perished, and many of the homestead settlers are on the verge of starvation. All kinds of provisions are very scarce here, and the streams are now so swollen that it would hardly be possible to send assistance to these destitute and suffering people. In a few days the snow will probably have thawed away so that teams from the Little Sioux can come down and take up supplies.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Advices from the west coast of Africa, dated at Sierra Leone, February 14th, report that the natives were giving trouble to the English in the Gambia.

—The railway up Mount Washington is being constructed with great activity. The track iron is being transported to the base of the mountain, and teams and laborers are hard at work. A large and magnificent hotel will be built this summer, and will be ready for the travel of next year.

—Mr. Fairman, the Englishman who made extensive discoveries of petroleum in Northern Italy, has just been honored by a private audience of the King, who had conferred on him the Cross of Saints Maurice and Lazarus, in acknowledgment of the service rendered to the country by his researches.

—At a religious meeting last week, at Church-street Chapel, Camberwell, an "unconverted" visitor paid for two six-penny tea tickets with a bad half-crown; and after doing Gargantuan trencher feats, departed ere the collection, with three purses abstracted from the pockets of absorbed hearers.—*South London Press.*

—Sir Charles Dyell in the new edition of his "Principles of Geology," notices the discovery of live fish in some artesian wells sunk in the Desert of Sahara. They were brought up from a depth of one hundred and seventy-five feet, and were not, like those of Adelsburg, blind, but had perfect eyes.

—The newest fashion in Paris is to have the dining-room chairs no longer covered with morocco or moleskin, but with dark green cloth, the walls hung with dark-colored velvet paper or cloth, and relieved by candelebra behind, which are attached by plates of metal or glass, the whole being highly "becoming" to ladies in full dress.

—The Hungarian nation has just presented the Emperor Francis Joseph with the domain of Godollo. There is a fine chateau and excellent shooting in the forests on the estate, which is about fifteen miles from Pesth. It belonged formerly to the now extinct princely family of Gassalkovitch, but had been lately purchased by a Belgian Company.

—A shocking murder is reported from Birmingham. John Pryse, a traveller for a firm of gunmakers in that town, had detected some defalcations in the accounts of the cashier, James Scott, and the latter suddenly attacked him with a six-barrelled revolver, from which he fired four shots. Three of the bullets took effect. Another shot went through the hand of the principal of the firm, who was present.

—A correspondent of the New York *Evening Post*, writing from Spain, says that Mr. Perry, Secretary of the American Legislation, has ascertained that the national air "Yankee Doodle," is commonly played by bands in the Basque Provinces, and has existed among them for hundreds of years. Mr. Perry examined a manuscript of great antiquity, which contained the identical musical notes of the piece, which has hitherto been supposed to be of purely American origin.

—A fleet of twenty steamboats will navigate the Seine at all hours of the day, during the Exhibition, and will convey passengers at very cheap rates, the highest fare being thirty centimes, and the lowest twenty. The company organized to build these boats calculate that thirty thousand passengers will be conveyed daily. Six vessels, forming part of this flotilla, are anchored near the Ponts des Arts on the right bank of the river.

—Among the conveniences at the Paris Exhibition will be a model *creche*, in which the children under three years of age of all women employed in the building will be tended and fed gratis. The *creche* will open on the first of April, and babies desirous of a right of admission are requested to write down their names or make their marks at their earliest convenience, in order that sufficient accommodation may be provided.

—If a person faints place him instantly flat on the floor, or bed, on his back, and let him lay quietly for ten minutes or so; it is simply a fainting fit, and the blood flowing on a level will speedily equalize itself through the system. If you are troubled with rheumatism, pleurisy, pain in the side or back, cramps in the stomach, burns, frost-bites, &c., procure at once a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is a certain cure for all such complaints. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

—A singular explosion took place at a village near Leicester, on Sunday. A bottle had been placed in an oven for the purpose of warming the water which it contained, and while a number of people residing in the house were gathered round the fire, the bottle, which had been forgotten, exploded, inflicting serious injuries upon those who were in the room. One child died soon afterwards, another was so much injured that he was not expected to recover, and several other persons were scalded and cut.

—A curious case of maternal tenderness in the canine race was stated the other day at a sitting of the Société d'Acclimatation in Paris. A poor dog being deprived of her pups, took a fancy to a young lamb that had lost its mother. The lamb throve mighty well under the *regime* of dog's milk, and at length took to feeding on grass. This the poor foster mother could not bear, and she attempted by every means in her power to prevent her foster child from disgracing itself by such uncanine behaviour, but found at length it was to no purpose and resigned herself to her disappointment.

—The Brooklyn *Times* says:—The fashions of gentlemen are really most absurd this year. Anybody who will take the trouble to watch our *jeunesse dore* as they hurry down South Seventh street, to catch the boat, on a fine morning, or who will use his eyes when the young fellows come out of our fashionable churches on Sunday, is tolerably sure of a hearty laugh. Young America was never famous for the muscular development of its lower limbs, and the tight unmentionables in which he now delights to encase them, make his deficiencies in that respect deplorably conspicuous. His fragile, pipe-stem legs seem hardly capable of supporting the heavy, curly-brimmed silk "stovepipe" which is now in fashion, and for his coat (?) it is abbreviated to a schoolboy's roundabout, leaving exposed to the rude jeers of a heartless world that portion of his anatomy once protected by a tail. Our young fellows are really objects of commiseration, and yet the wicked tailors add insult to injury by charging preposterous prices for these jackets, just as though they were coats! The male fashions furnish an apt *tu quoque* for the other sex, and the latter know how to use it. Which are the more absurd—the ladies' *chignons* or the dandies' style of coats and pants?

Owners of Horses Rejoicing.—And why not? and who knows but that their horses are rejoicing as well; who can prove the contrary? But their owners rejoice because of the astonishing and almost miraculous effects on their horses of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy." Some were lean and poor, having no appetite, others would devour their food ravenously, yet derive no benefit from it; some were hide bound with rough and shaggy hair; others had severe colds and coughs; many had the heaves and other complaints peculiar to horses; on all it operated as a charm, the disease or complaint was speedily removed, the appetite and digestive organs corrected—the skin softened, and a sleek and shining appearance given to the coat, all without any danger to, or preventing the horse being used. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Italian Emigration to South America.—The papers of Genoa call the attention of the Italian Government to the immense number of emigrants who are constantly leaving that town for South America. They declare that the emigration mania is so universal in that part of Italy that in many villages on the coast the only inhabitants left are old men, women and children, so that during the last levy for the army not a single individual capable of bearing arms was to be found in them. It is said that the Government intends to take steps for checking this exodus.

Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Company.—We are happy to learn that the preliminary proceedings for taking out the charter for this company are completed, and the shareholders will be called together in a few days to appoint Directors. The steamship *Secret* is nearly complete at Halifax, and will leave for Quebec early in May.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

Wooden Buildings.—Judgments were rendered by His Worship the Recorder on Saturday in twenty-nine cases, against parties in St. Rochs, for erecting wooden buildings, and ordering their demolition within four days after signification of the judgments.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

Luxemburg.—A few notes on the history of Luxemburg may be of interest at the present moment. Originally a county, Luxemburg was made a duchy in 1354, and remained under the dominion of its dukes during the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries. Louis XIV. seized the southern part of the duchy and incorporated it with France, the remainder being left under the rule of Austria until the French revolution, when the whole of Luxemburg became a French possession. The Congress of Vienna again restored its separate existence, and the King of the Netherlands became its Grand Duke. In 1830 it joined the Belgians in their revolution, and the London Conference divided it between Belgium and Holland, the portion falling to the latter state being the territory now known as the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg. The right of maintaining a garrison in Luxemburg was conceded to Prussia by the treaties of the 31st of May, 1815, the 8th of November, 1816, and the 12th of March, 1817. The population of the grand duchy, according to the census of 1866, is 206,574.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Great Flood and Loss of Life in Ireland.—A correspondent of the *Irishman* writes from Hacketstown on Monday: "The floods of Friday night and Saturday morning have done a great deal of damage in the neighborhood of the various streams which take their rise in the mountains of Wicklow. The quick thaw, together with the great rain, caused streams to become immense rivers in the course of a few hours, sweeping away everything that lay in their course. Near the village of Rathdrum, county Wicklow, a poor man with his wife and four children were found dead beneath the ruins of their cabin on Saturday morning. A great many sheep and cattle were destroyed, farmsteads flooded, corn and hay swept away, and in several cases the very soil of ploughed fields—some of which were sown—was swept away. The oldest inhabitant of the country does not recollect a greater flood."

Death of an Inventor.—William Bullock, the inventor of the Bullock printing-press, died in Philadelphia, a few days since, from the results of an accident, one of his feet having been crushed by a bolt while superintending the adjustment of one of his new printing-presses in the Philadelphia *Ledger* office. Amputation became necessary, with fatal results. Mr. Bullock was apparently on the road to a fortune. His press was self-feeding and did rapid work, although in a manner inferior to the fast presses of Messrs. Hoe & Co. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* and the New York *Sun* each use two of the Bullock presses, printing from stereotype plates; and Mr. Bullock was engaged in perfecting a machine to print from type forms. He was a modest, unassuming man, ingenious and persevering. His death will be regretted by all who have enjoyed his acquaintance.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as surely cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Female Detective.—In Hamilton the last sensational is a female detective, said to be the same mysterious individual who a year or so ago created a sensation among the rumsellers of Kingston. She appeared before the police court the other day and gave evidence against thirteen parties, who were fined $30 each. She was dressed in deep mourning, and wore a heavy black veil which completely concealed her features from observation. Some persons in court wished to have her veil raised, but the magistrate would not allow it, and thus she maintained her incognito. Her mysterious appearance and peculiar calling have occasioned considerable sensation in the "ambitious city."

A Miniature Sovereign.—We have the pleasure of announcing to our readers the accession of a new European Sovereign. Prince Henry XXII, of Reuss-Greiz, having attained his majority, has ascended the throne of that country, which since 1859 has been governed by his mother, the Princess Caroline, as regent. The extent of the territory over which Prince Henry XXII. is now ruler is seven square miles.

Dr. Livingstone.—At a meeting of the Geographical Society, on Monday night, Sir R. Murchison read a resolution of the Council, expressing their opinion that one or more expeditions should be sent out to ascertain the fate of Livingstone, and requesting Sir R. Murchison to communicate this to Lord Stanley. Sir R. Murchison said many applications had been received from persons competent to undertake or join such an expedition.

DIED.

At the residence of her father, Inkerman Cottage, Nepean, on the 2nd inst., Maria Matilda, youngest daughter of Major Patterson, aged 2 years and 6 months.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, at 2 p.m. without further notice.

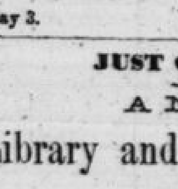
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
Irish Temperance Association,
For the Election of Officers,
WILL TAKE PLACE
On SUNDAY Next, 5th Inst.,
At 8 O'Clock, p. m.,
IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL.

Members are requested to attend punctually.

JOHN O'REILLY,
Secretary.

May 3. 425-2



SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks, Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.

May 3. 425tf

JUST OPENED.
A NEW
Library and News Depot.
A. HAUSSER,
COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

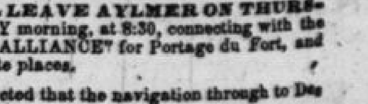
Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

Union Forwarding and Railway Company.



THE STEAMER
"ANN SISSON,"
CAPT. BOCKUS,

WILL LEAVE AYLMER ON THURSDAY morning, at 8:30, connecting with the Steamer "ALLIANCE" for Portage du Fort, and intermediate places.

It is expected that the navigation through to Des Joachims will be open on Monday next.

May 1. 424-3

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

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DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C. REIFFENSTEIN,
Acting Grand Secretary.

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423-tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.

10 lbs. *daily for the Season*—$6.00.

Terms payable in advance.

☞ Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

A NUMBER of Scotch, English and German laborers and House Girls, will find constant employment, with good wages and good treatment, by applying at the KIRBY MANSION, Brownville, Jefferson County, N. Y. A good Stone and Brick Mason will also find constant employment and a comfortable cottage residence at very low rent, if applied for soon. Address, if by letter postpaid, Kirby Mansion, Brownville, Jefferson County, N. Y.

May 2. 424-3

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE

BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
PLUCY,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK.

In every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,
25, Sparks-street.

May 2. 424a

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Notice.

MR. ROWE has been instructed by Mr. Sinclair, to offer for sale at the UNION HOUSE, in Ottawa, on the 7th of MAY, at 11 o'clock, a. m., that well-known farm of 140 acres, 100 of which are cleared, and in good condition for a crop this year. It is 3 miles from this city, and recently occupied as a dairy farm by JOSEPH WHITE. Terms made known at the time of sale.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

April 30. 422-3

AUCTION NOTICE.

MR. ROWE HAS RECEIVED A large consignment of

DRY GOODS!

From a house in Montreal, which he will sell by public auction, at his Salesroom, commencing on TUESDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock.

The Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing, in Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, and of the latest styles. A variety of Men's Fancy Flannel Shirts, Hats and Caps, both men and boys. Also a large number of pieces of Fancy Tweeds, Doeskins, Cashmeres, &c., &c. Together with a variety of styles of Neck-ties, Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

April 30. 422y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,
34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 **1867**

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TOBIN.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:50 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

Early Closing.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED GROcery Merchants of the City of Ottawa, hereby agree to CLOSE our respective establishments, on and after WEDNESDAY, the FIRST DAY of MAY, next, at the hour of EIGHT O'CLOCK PRECISELY (Saturdays excepted) until further notice.

C. T. Bate & Co.,	T. Patterson,
J. G. Robinson & Co.,	John Greene,
Browne & Hardy,	H. Ross,
A. Campbell & Co.,	J. McCarthy,
M. Sparrow & Co.,	E. McGillivray,
P. A. Egleson & Son,	A. B. Perkins,
J. Buchanan,	R. McCullough,
W. D. Wood,	A. Brown,
D. Whelan,	A. McCormick,
W. Wall,	S. Howell.
D. Chisholm.	

Ottawa, April 30th, 1867. 423-3.

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N.B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

ROBERT HEIFER BEDINGFORD,
Plaintiff,

AND

ROBERT SPOTSWOOD,
Defendant.

A "concurrent" Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL, SHERIFF.
By JAS. BAILIFF, DEPUTY SHERIFF.

Ottawa, April 12, A.D. 1867. 414b

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

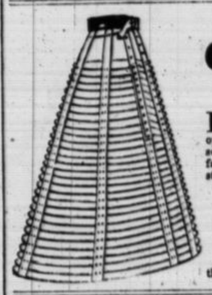
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

New Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.
Kidderminster, Scotch and Imperial 3 ply Wool Carpets.
All Wool Dutch and Union Carpets.
Stair Carpets. Mattings. Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Seven Cases Just Opened.

OTTAWA, APRIL 16. 403y



TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

---

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milions,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Coatings,
Cassimeres,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
Striped Tweeds,
&c.,
&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK.

Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

381y

Ottawa, March 13.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,
Butchers,.....No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414e

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.....9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses,

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.

Ottawa ecember 7 316tf

SECOND WEEK
OF

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Peremptory Cheap Sale.

GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.

☞ A DISCOUNT ALLOWED ON SALES OVER A DOLLAR.

The Stock must be cleared out by the 31st of May.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR CHEAP GOODS.

GRANT & HENDERSON,
9 and 11 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 422-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle-maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION
REQUISITION
—TO—
Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further

Call of Ten per Cent.

of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.

Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

A Barber Shop to Let,

WELL FURNISHED.

A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.

Reference to accompany application.

Apply to

JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.

May 2. 424a

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannuculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet-White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—

And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

NEW BOOKS.

DURIE & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.
"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.
"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."
"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.

THE CHEAP WAVERLEY

Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.

THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.

Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.

☞ Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.

The Fruit Culturist, by Dongall.
Good Words—bound—for 1866.

For sale by JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, April 4. 406y

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 399y

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING.

AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,

Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON:
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK Tea ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases	Otard Brandy.	
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey.
75	"	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DWELLINGS TO LET.—(Possession given immediately.) A new Brick Building on Besserer-street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This Building contains seven Bed-rooms, and is finished with all modern improvements. A wooden Building on Cumberland-street, near Murray, adjacent to the residence of J. W. Peachy, Esq., containing eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and separate entrance. Apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, April 27, 1867. 420-s

To Rent,

BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing five rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

To Let,

IN THE VILLAGE OF Chelsea, eight miles from Ottawa City, a store where for some time back a good general business has been done. The macadamizing of the Gatineau road this summer is likely to add fully to the business there.

Apply to

A. HAMILTON,
On the premises.

Chelsea, April 16. 412b

HOTEL TO LET.—The Hotel and premises on Rideau-st., at present occupied by W. B. House. This is one of the oldest established hotels in the city, and is well fitted up with a large yard, shed and stabling. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Apply to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Corner Cumberland and Clarence-streets, Ottawa.

April 3. 399d

For Sale,

LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.

Apply to

JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.

Ottawa, April 6. 402d

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25° to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 416-b

GATINEAU MACADAMIZED AND GRAVELLED ROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company have made a

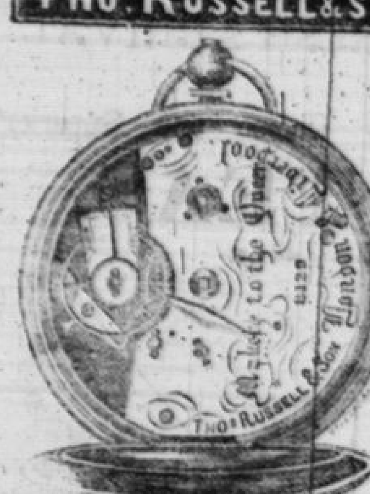
Call of Ten per cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call Shareholders are required to pay within two weeks from this 19th April, 1867, to H. V. Noel, Esquire, the Treasurer of the said Company.

JOHN AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

April 26. 419a

THO. RUSSELL & SON



TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building in Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 416*

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deepseated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache anybody can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867. 384dwm

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient, Humble Servant, (Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept;

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought it hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command, (Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16, COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 129y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Offices shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mas head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL

Clarence Street, Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 386tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers,*" in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers* in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers* in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers* Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 18th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor, which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 110, the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE, Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway. Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.30 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at .... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two of the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will be charged for every additional township named in the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL, Provincial Secretary.

404tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 426. | OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY. MAY 4, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 388y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union-Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be repared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 24. 17w-160-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other ... y for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M.D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR. Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 386-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits ... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year ... 25.31
And each subsequent year ... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,
BEAVERS,
PETERSHAMS,
DEVONS,
WHITNEYS
IRISH FRIEZE,
CANADIAN DO.,
BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,
BEDFORD CORDS,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,
BANNNOCKBURN DO.,
HALIFAX DO.,
KERSEYS,
FLANNELS,
COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SMOCKS,
SOCKS,
MITTS, WOOLLEN
Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK,
BAGS, LINEN,
Do., TRAVELLING,
COTTONS, STRIPED,
Do., BLUE,
Do., GREY,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
BLANKETS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale. and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL at standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorising the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
408-tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps.
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 358y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN
AS THE
McCAUL FARM.
THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. R. L. Fellowes, Esq.,
Containing 200 Acres,
Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.
For particulars, apply to
Z. S. M. HERSEY.
Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 414tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON, Tea Pot, Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 26, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For furthe particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY. Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c, &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL, Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store.
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street
March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of
MASKS.
ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.
1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.
P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Stree
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Piano-Forte Instruction.
PROF. W. C. CLARK, Teacher of Piano, Voice, and Harmony, is now in Ottawa, and may be found at MRS. SUTTON'S, Metcalfe-st.
Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.
Ottawa, March 384-3m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT, *City Clerk.*
City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 423-c

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh
BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for
HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING.
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.
All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.
N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.
Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Timber Limits—Henry Grist.
Piano-Forte Organ and Organ Instruction.
Ottawa Cricket Club—E. H. Benjamin.
Office to Rent—J. G. Bell.
Servant Girls Wanted—Russell House.
Auction Sale—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 4, 1867.

ARRIVAL OF THE HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD.

We are happy to be able to announce that the Hon. JOHN A. MACDONALD arrived by the steamship *Persia*, at New York, on Thursday evening the 2nd inst. He will have left New York in time to reach Ogdensburgh this morning, and may, therefore, be expected in this city during the early part of the day. All our principal citizens will naturally desire to turn out to give him a cordial greeting at the Railway station. Time will not permit of preparations for anything like a formal reception, but the spontaneous gathering of the people to tender him a right hearty welcome, and an escort to his residence, would be no less appropriate, and we are sure far more grateful to Mr. MACDONALD's feelings than any long studied and complicated arrangements for a formal reception. We may expect to learn by telegraph from Prescott the hour of his departure from that station, so that ample time may be given to turn out and meet him at the station here.

Since the above was in type we learn that the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL also arrived out by the *Persia*, and may be expected to reach this city in company with Mr. MACDONALD to-day.

Mr. BIRKETT, of this city, whose mining experience was acquired at the Cariboo diggings and in the California gold-fields, recently visited the Madoc region, and kindly called on us the other day to give us the benefit of the information he had gathered concerning the state and prospects of the greatest of Canadian gold discoveries.

As parties in this city and neighborhood may desire to pay a visit to the Canadian El Dorado, the following details may not be uninteresting: From Belleville to Madoc six stages run daily—distance 28 miles, fare $1.50. From Madoc to El Dorado eight miles, four stages daily, fare $0.50. El Dorado, as our readers generally are aware, is the new village on the Richardson lot—it has an Upper and a Lower town, the former containing about twenty-five and the latter fifteen houses. The hotels or taverns afford excellent accommodation at the moderate rate of $1 per day, and comfortable board and lodging may readily be secured at from $3.50 to $4 per week. Merchandise of all kinds is offered for sale in abundance and at reasonable prices.

Mr. BIRKETT, who examined the quartz from the Richardson mine, says it is estimated to be worth from $60,000 to $75,000 per ton—the richest ever known. He washed from three pans of dirt about $1.50 worth of the precious metal, though the same dirt had probably been washed over two hundred times before by specimen hunters. He considers the discoveries in the new gold district the greatest ever yet made. At Queensburg, in the Township of Elzevir, some nine miles East of El Dorado, Mr. B. saw two nuggets taken from a shaft which had been sunk about twelve feet. Mr. MOORE, adjoining the Richardson lot, was also sinking a shaft, and though only some twelve feet down, had met with very favorable indications. Mr. BIRKETT considers there are about one thousand men prospecting in the woods, and he estimates the travel to and from El Dorado at from fifty to one hundred per day. Some ten or fifteen shafts were being sunk in the neighborhood.

Mr. BIRKETT purchased two lots, 220 by 66 feet each, from Mr. MOORE, adjoining the Richardson lot, for one thousand dollars, and so high had the fever of speculation risen by the result of the recent blastings in the Richardson mine, that a few days afterwards he was offered an advance of two thousand dollars on the purchase money. Mr. BIRKETT does not intend, however, to speculate in that way. He bought for the purpose of working, and has formed a company of ten under the title of "The Ottawa and Thamesford Company." He is now making arrangements for immediate operations with great hopes of abundant success.

"What Reformer in Parliament does not know that the whole end and aim of the proceedings of last session was to drag the Reformers through the mire, and cause a split, if possible, in our ranks?"—*Globe.*

What Reformer in Parliament does not know that the attempt to drag the Reformers through the mire, was made solely and wholly by Mr. BROWN, and turned out a signal and most ignominious failure? Who does not know that except for Mr. BROWN and two or three others having voluntarily separated themselves from the party, there would have been no "split" either effected or attempted?

"Attorney-General Macdonald said:—It was proper that the first Lieutenant-Governors appointed 'should be merely provisional'—that those Governors should merely be the men to issue the writs and to see the local machinery of each Province started, UNTIL THERE HAD BEEN AN EXPRESSION OF THE OPINION OF THE PEOPLE, and the Governor-General was surrounded by advisers who, IT HAD BEEN PROVED, POSSESSED THE CONFIDENCE OF THE PEOPLE.'

"There is no possibility of mistake about this language. It sweeps away every shadow of pretext for the continuance of the Coalition."—*Globe.*

But we venture the assertion that none of them were ever bold enough to rely upon a "text" so inapt as the above. What, in the name of common sense, has the responsibility of the Governor's advisers to the people's representatives to do with the existence or non-existence of the Coalition? Might not the "Provisional" Governor surround himself with advisers some of whom had formerly belonged to each of the old political parties? And would it be surprising that his advisers so selected should command the confidence of the people? The very *provisional* character which the governments at first must assume, instead of sweeping away "every shadow of a pretext (*Brown* phraseology) for the continuance of the Coalition," would strike any man of common sense as highly suggestive of the necessity for maintaining it.

"And if patronage were of any consideration whatever in the matter—is the record in the past so very pleasing? Have they had the share that was stipulated at the formation of the Coalition?"—*Globe.*

What in the world is the *Globe* driving at? One of the last offices of great importance filled—the Registrarship of Huron—was given to an "honest" Reformer of many years service in the ranks; and Mr. BROWN shook the pillars of State until they trembled to their foundations because of it! The recipient of that office was worse in his eyes than Judas Iscariot!

"And has the position of the Reformers in the Coalition Cabinet been so pleasant that they should desire to retain it a single hour longer than necessity demands?"—*Globe.*

Mr. BROWN has established a precedent which, perhaps, may commend itself to others. When his position ceased to be "pleasant" he resigned his place in the Coalition, regardless of the "compact," either as to its duration or the success of its purpose. The Reformers did not think fit to follow his example then, and it may well be questioned whether they will hearken to his unsought advice now.

"There could, therefore, be but one effect from the Liberal members of the Cabinet remaining longer in office—and that would be to embarrass the Reform party, and help the Tories in the coming struggle at the polls."—*Globe.*

"What a falling off was there!" But a few days ago the *Globe* saucily declared that if the Reform members of the Cabinet remained in office they would only be seceders to the "land of Toryism!" Then the Reform party could get along without them and they would be perverts read out of the ranks; now, however, their continuance in office would "embarrass the Reform party." Nonsense! It would only "embarrass" Mr. BROWN by making patent to the whole world, what he must be pretty well convinced of already, that he has lost his former sway; that the *role* of Chief Organiser, played with so much vehemence, is about ending in an inglorious fizzle; and that he, while affecting the attitude of a party dictator is in reality dwarfed to the proportions of a disappointed demagogue.

The foregoing extracts are all clipped from one article in the *Globe* of the 2nd instant, on the "continuance of the Coalition." The drift of Mr. BROWN's labored effort is to prove 1st, that the Coalition should be broken up at once; 2nd, that its formation was a source of great humiliation to *Reformers*; 3rd, that the patronage under it was not *evenly* distributed; 4th, that the patronage of the "Provisional" Governments until the meeting of the Confederate and Local Parliaments, will be so trifling that the teeth of patriotic Reformers need not "water" at a great rate on account of its loss, &c., &c. The article abounds in *ad captandum* assertion and virulent invective, without the slightest regard to facts. As a further illustration (in addition to those already given) we may state that the *Globe* affirms that not one member of the party in Upper Canada would willingly be held responsible for the purchase of the Ottawa Slides, though but a short time ago its own columns furnished evidence to the contrary in the reported speech of Mr. MCMONIES, of North Wentworth, before the Convention assembled at Dundas. We accept the *Globe's* column and a half of abuse, declamation and entreaty, as a "*sair backsliding*" from the insolent and presumptuous tone which characterised its first allusion to the position of the representatives of the Reform party in the Cabinet, though we shall be very much mistaken if the *soft sawder* now being resorted to will have any better effect than the impertinent dictation of a few days ago.

Lest it may have been supposed that our acknowledgment to the Ottawa Natural History Society for the receipt of tickets, *after date*, implied any intentional discourtesy on either side, we beg to state that the tickets were honored with an excursion on the Ottawa and Prescott Railway, and hence failed to reach their destination in time. The envelope bore evidence of this fact, and we had no difficulty in understanding that its occurrence must have been purely accidental, but we thought it due to the society, to let the members know why we had failed to notice their *conversazione*, which we understand was a pleasant and successful affair.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* has become a daily. We are glad to notice the change, and hope it may tend to our contemporary's increased prosperity. The development of mineral wealth in the rear of Belleville, and the consequent prosperity which may be expected to enliven trade in that part of the country, ought to be a guarantee of the success of this journalistic enterprise. The daily *Intelligencer* is very neatly got up, and looks as if it would not only deserve, but command a prosperous career.

By order in council, passed April 30th, with reference to two communications from the Hon. D. CHRISTIE, President of the Upper Canada Agricultural Society, the report of the President of the Executive Council thereon was approved, to the effect that the prohibition on the importation of cattle be not removed, but that persons desirous of importing cattle should apply to the Bureau of Agriculture, each case being dealt with on its merits.

THE TELEGRAPH is the title of a new daily evening paper published in Quebec by Mr. J. J. FOOTE, proprietor of the *Morning Chronicle*. The first and second numbers of the *Telegraph* give promise of success. The paper is neatly got up and the matter selected with judgment, while the editorial, as becomes an evening paper, is confined to a very brief and pithy commentary on passing events. We wish the *Telegraph* success.

INSPECTION.—The usual half-yearly inspection of the 100th Regiment it is expected will take place on or about the 10th instant, by General Russell.

In the land of cakes and cautious habits, there was once a bard who declared that—

"Even ministers, they ha'e been kenned
In holy rapture,
A rousing whid, at times, to vend,
And nail't wi' scripture!"

LOWER CANADA DOMINATION.

The *Globe* has just brought to light another frightful case of oppression, exercised by Lower Canada upon her poor, weak sister in the West. A Lower Canadian, it says, has been permanently appointed to a clerkship in the Custom House at Hamilton. Mr. Magill, the member for the city, remonstrated, but all in vain; the underhand influence of a Lower Canadian member of Parliament was too strong for him, and the disgraceful appointment was made. Bad upon the face of it, isn't it? To think that even up to the last moment of the connection between Upper and Lower Canada, the latter *will* insist upon exercising this kind of tyranny, and outraging the feelings of the whole western province. But the worst of all is that it should do this through the instrumentality of Upper Canada members of the Government. In this case "the supreme acting authority" is said to have been the Hon. Mr. Campbell, acting on behalf of the absent Finance Minister. Our readers will perhaps not be very much surprised when we tell them that the whole matter, *trifling as it is*, has been misrepresented by the *Globe*. That paper gives the name of the gentleman who was appointed as Sewell. That is blunder or mis-statement No. 1. His name is Woodward, and he was taken into the Hamilton Custom House some time ago to fill a temporary vacancy. Mr. Woodward, (whose name at least does not give any hint of French descent) made himself so useful in the office that the collector wrote twice to the Customs Department at Ottawa, recommending that his appointment should be made permanent; and after a time Mr. Worthington sent the collector's application, endorsed by his own recommendation, to the Hon. Mr. Campbell for approval. That gentleman, as we are informed, had no idea in the world where Mr. Woodward had come from, or what was his nationality. The collector had stated among other things that he possessed a competent knowledge of French and German, and that, upon that account, as large quantities of goods were imported into Hamilton from France and Germany, his services in the office were of peculiar value. Mr. Campbell then appointed him, without knowing anything more about him than the collector had stated. Two days after the appointment had been made, Mr. Magill wrote, remonstrating against it, but then of course it was too late; even allowing that Mr. Magill's remonstrance should have stood in the way of the appointment of a gentleman who had been temporarily employed for over six months, and who was peculiarly fitted for the office for which he was recommended. This is the whole truth of the story, the sum and substance of the *Globe's* last case of Lower Canada Domination.—[COM.

LOCAL NEWS.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, May 3, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 18 above zero.
9 a. m., 30 above zero.
Noon, shade, 35 above zero.
Noon, sun, 80 above zero.
6 p. m., 41 above zero.

POLICE COURT.—There was but one case before the Police Magistrate yesterday. Augustus Burns was charged with attempt to commit assault. This Augustus is the same gent who has been reported on several occasions for attempting to borrow five cents to pay postage with, and on being brought before his Worship on this occasion, he suddenly became very humble, begged the pardon of the lady he had offended, as also that of everybody else in Ottawa, and finally on agreeing to leave the city to-day, he was let off for the small sum of $1 and costs.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, HULL.—The annual vestry meeting was held in the Sunday Schoolroom of St. James's Church, on Easter Monday last. Messrs. Haycock and Marston, were re-elected Church Wardens for the year, and the representatives to the Diocesan Synod were also the same as last year, namely, Messrs. Rubidge and Harington. The accounts for the past year were presented by Mr. Haycock, at whose request two Auditors of the same were elected. The gentlemen chosen for this office were Messrs. Grassett and Alley. A large proportion of the pews in the new church were let for the year, and it is hoped that the building will be ready for Divine Service about the 20th of May. Before the close of the meeting a sealed packet was placed in the hands of the Minister by Mr. Pope. It was thus addressed:

"To the Revd. John Johnston; presented as a token of affection by the members of his congregation."

On breaking the seal it was found to contain the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, which had been collected by Mr. Gale, in his usual quiet way of doing good. This generous contribution was gratefully acknowledged by Mr. Johnston, who spoke in the warmest manner of the sympathy and numerous tokens of kindness evinced towards him by his congregation during the past year. It was unanimously resolved by the Vestry that at the evening services in St. James's Church all the sittings should be free.

PRESENTATION.

Another of those pleasant surprises which tend to shew that worth is not always allowed to pass unheeded, took place yesterday evening. Miss Wigley, who has for the past four years been organist in the Chapel of Ease, (in connection with Christ Church) Sussex-street, being about to leave the city, a few of her friends—attendants of the Chapel—determined to mark their appreciation of her services, and accordingly put it into a tangible form, and presented her with a purse (a very elegant tortoise-shell one) well filled with *gold*, and bearing on one side the following:—

To
GRACE WIGLEY,
from
A FEW FRIENDS.
Easter Monday,
Ottawa, 1867.

Accompanied with the following address:—

Miss Grace Wigley, Organist Chapel of Ease, Sussex-street, Ottawa:

Learning of your intending departure from this city, and from the position of organist to the chapel of Ease, a few of the attendants at the chapel could not allow the opportunity to pass without acknowledging their appreciation of your services and regular attendance. Permit us, therefore, on their behalf to present you with the accompanying purse, which we hope you will accept, not for its pecuniary value, but for the expression of kind feelings which they entertain towards you, and express the hope that you may be long spared to continue in that path of usefulness which has characterised your exertions while here.

Respectfully,
JAMES EGLESON,
L. S. THOMPSON.

Miss Wigley was greatly surprised and overcome with feelings of gratitude, and acknowledged the receiving of the purse in a few feeling remarks.

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Third Day.

FRIDAY, May 3, 1867.

The court was opened at 9:30 a.m.

Mathieson vs. Clarke. Lewis for Plaintiff; Lyon for defendant. Action for ejectment. Verdict for defendant.

The Queen vs. Chas. Browe. The indictment charged the prisoner with having in his possession sundry burglar's tools, a dagger, and a loaded revolver, as against the law in such cases made and provided. On the clerk reading the indictment, and asking the prisoner whether he pleaded guilty or not guilty, the prisoner plead "guilty" as to having the articles enumerated in his possession.

His Lordship the Judge explained the nature of the case to the prisoner, and on this explanation, ordered the clerk to enter a plea of not guilty.

The prisoner then stated that he was not ready for trial, but would be in a few days. A second indictment was read charging the prisoner with the robbery committed at Mr. E. Hall's, on Wellington-street. The prisoner pleaded "not guilty," and not ready for trial. Another indictment was also read against the prisoner for stealing a diamond for cutting glass from Charles Cote, to which he also pleaded "not guilty"—not ready for trial. Still another was read against the prisoner for robbing the premises of James Hoy. Plea, "not guilty"—not ready for trial.

The Queen vs. Joseph Shroeder. Bigamy. The charge set forth three marriages, all the parties thereto being alive. The prisoner pleaded "Not Guilty," but would be ready for trial to-morrow.

The Queen vs. Timothy Murphy. Incendiarism. The charge set forth his having attempted to set fire to the building of James Clarke. The prisoner pleaded "Not Guilty"; ready for trial to-morrow.

Fellowes vs. Ottawa Gas Company. Verdict by consent for plaintiff.

The Queen vs. Andrew Weir. Assault with intent to commit rape on his own daughter, Janet Weir. Gibb for defendant. Mr. James O'Reilly, Q. C., opened the case, an account of which has already appeared in our Police Court reports, and being in its nature extremely disgusting, we refrain from publishing the particular details. After the examination of the witnesses, the girl being the principal one, and whom the counsel for the defence subjected to a rigid cross-examination, but was unable to shake in any particular of her testimony, his Lordship charged the jury in a clear and distinct manner, as regarded the various points in the case, giving to the prisoner, however, the benefit of a doubt as to intent, he being very much intoxicated at the time. Verdict, Guilty of a common assault. The prisoner was sentenced to ten days' imprisonment at hard labor.

TRUE BILLS.

The Grand Jury came into court and returned true bills in the following cases: Joseph Shroeder, bigamy, in two distinct cases; Chas. Brough, larceny; Chas. Brough, burglary, two cases; Patrick Sinnott, burglary. In this latter case, the Queen's Counsel, James O'Reilly, Esq., moved the process of the court on the indictments found against Patrick Sinnott and Geo. Fitzsimmons, wounding with intent, &c.; Geo. Fitzsimmons, robbery; Chas. Brough, misdemeanor; Timothy Murphy, attempt to commit incendiarism; Wm. McCoomb, forgery, five indictments.

THE FOOD OF SNIPES.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—Your correspondent, "Snipe," doubts that the habits of his namesake are more than exceptionally insectivorous. In this opinion he is alone. He alludes, also, to the popular notion of the common snipe being a sucker. There is in both respects just enough of actuality at the bottom of these popular ideas, to save them from being wholly erroneous. All of which I shall in another letter explain. The once accepted supposition that snipes live entirely by suction, relates to some curious facts,—although the conclusion is as fanciful almost as that the night-hawk, popularly called goat-sucker, sups like a gipsy thief by milking the neighbors' cattle.

Without seeking to detract from the merits of the fly-catchers referred to by "Snipe," as destroyers of insects injurious to vegetation, I claim especial merit for my client. Not satisfied that he takes insects only to vary his food, I maintain that Mr. Scolopax is the most efficient of insectivorous birds; and besides being so fine a sporting member of the feathered community, and such a splendid fellow on moist toast, he is, therefore, doubly entitled to protection, as an industrious and timely friend to vegetable prosperity.

Regarding the term "birds" used in the statute, I quite agree with "Snipe," that the expression is apt to mislead. It is not a generic name, but comes from the Saxon word *bridd*, signifying young of fowls, and properly means chickens. A correct descriptive term for the class *aves* of flying animals is FOWL. This is the title which should have been used in an Act, the terminology of which might affect its legal interpretation. If our Corporation should direct the City Clerk to draft a by-law forbidding citizens to throw defunct cats into that lovely pond of stagnant water at the corner of Nichol and Besserer streets, I am sure an accurate man like Mr. Lett would not use the word "kittens."

Yours truly,
W. F. W.

Ottawa, 3rd May, 1867.

—John Newton once said: "The art of spreading rumors may be compared to the art of pinmaking. There is usually some truth, which I call the wire; as this passes from hand to hand one gives it a polish, another a point, others make and put on the head, and at last the pin is completed."

MARRIED.—The Montreal *Evening Telegraph* publishes the following account of the establishment of a somewhat complicated family connexion:—In this city on the 15th April, by special license, by the Rev. Wm. Taylor, D. D., James Perry, aged 16 years and 3 months, to the widow of the late George Tite and Robert Sargeant, of her Majesty's Customs, aged 47 years and mother of nine children; her present husband is stepfather to his brother's wife, and grandfather to three children.

DEFYING THE SURGEONS.—The Milwaukee *Wisconsin* notices a remarkable case in which a bullet passed into the brain of a man who yet lives apparently in good health. It appears that Ole Eversen, a Norwegian, about nineteen years of age, a private of Company K, Second Wisconsin infantry, was wounded in the head by a rifle ball on the 21st of July, 1861, just as he was entering the battle of Bull Run. He was taken prisoner and carried to Richmond, and there attended by Dr. James M. Lewis, the surgeon of his regiment, who had also been captured. Dr. Lewis and several rebel doctors decided that any attempt to remove the ball, which had plainly lodged in the brain, would end fatally, and therefore contented themselves with dressing the wound, which soon healed up, although it would open at intervals and discharge a good deal of offensive matter. After a year's imprisonment the man was exchanged, went home and set to work on a farm, where he seemed to get entirely well. A year afterwards he re-enlisted, served during the remainder of the war, and is to-day on his farm, hale and hearty, with every prospect of a long life before him, and feeling no further ill effects from the bullet in his brain than an occasional headache. The difficulty with all these American stories is that it is not safe to believe them.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 3, 1867.

Two of the four rafts that left here on the first inst., were wrecked yesterday near Whitby. They broke away from the tugs owing to the rough weather, and went to pieces.

It is understood that a review of Volunteers from all parts of Upper Canada will be held in the neighborhood of this city, in the course of the summer. It is stated that a number of men belonging to the volunteer corps in Toronto, have been threatened with dismissal by their employers if they continue to attend drill.

It is said the *Rescue*, bought by the Government for a gunboat during the Fenian troubles, is found by the Marine Inspector to be totally unseaworthy, her hull being greatly decayed. An investigation will probably be made into the circumstances attending her purchase.

Weather very cold and unseasonable. Froze hard last night, ice being formed to the depth of a quarter of an inch.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 3, 1867.

Weather fine, but cold and disagreeable.

Navigation fully opened. Steamer *St. George* has arrived at Quebec. The *Moravian's* passengers arrived here at 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The Canada Inland Navigation Company have commenced their trips.

A young man named McEdwards was drowned in the canal yesterday. Body not yet found.

The ship *Gleniffer* is on her way up from Quebec.

Mr. Beaudry, late Mayor of this city, is likely to run for Terrebonne. Mr. Viger declines re-election.

FROM SOREL.

SOREL, May 3, 1867.

The execution of Provenchier came off at 10 o'clock this morning. The criminal made no confession of his crime.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Defeat of the Government on the Reform Bill.

LONDON, May 3.—In the House of Commons last night, a division took place on the Reform Bill, and the Government was defeated by a majority of 81 votes in favor of the Liberal party.

The Government insist on its prohibition against the holding of political meetings in Hyde Park.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 3—Evening.—Consols closed steady at 91; 5-20s 71¼; Ill. C. 75½; Erie 42.

No Peace Plan Agreed on Yet.

LONDON, May 3—Evening.—There is considerable uneasiness felt in financial circles, both here and on the continent, as to the result of the forthcoming peace conference. Earl Derby says officially that no plan has been fixed upon as the basis of settlement of the Luxemburg question, though he confidently hopes that permanent peace will be the result of the deliberations of the Congress.

Insurrection in Spain.

Despatches have been received, which state that a rising of the Republicans in Catalonia, Spain, has occurred. Nothing has transpired as to the proportions of the insurrection.

Another Prussian Treaty.

BERLIN, May 3.—A treaty of alliance has been concluded between Prussia and the Grand Duchy of Hesse.

The Government accepts the Reform Amendment.

LONDON, May 3.—The Derby Government has accepted the amendment to the Reform Bill, which was carried by the Liberals last night.

The Government has concluded not to interfere with the Reform meeting, which is to be held on Monday next, but is swearing in special constables to prevent any disturbance of public order.

French Opinion of the Situation.

PARIS, May 3—Evening.—Baron Moustier, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, in the Corps Legislatiff to-day, said that the basis which had been agreed upon for the negotiations of the Peace Conference, assured the peace of Europe.

Prussia Accepts the Neutralisation of Luxemburg.

BERLIN, May 3—Evening.—In the Prussian Diet to-day, Prime Minister Bismarck announced that the Government had accepted the proposition for the neutralisation of Luxemburg.

Saxony approves of the new Constitution for the North German Confederation.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Yellow Fever on Board a U. S. Frigate.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 3.—The U. S. flag ship *Susquehanna*, from Cape Haytien, reports that the yellow fever has broken out there. One seaman on board the *Susquehanna* had died of it, and she has seven cases very mild, now on board.

Jeff. Davis Likely to be Paroled.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Commercial's* special says: Chief Justice Chase still declines to preside at the trial of Jeff. Davis. He will hold no court in the South until the civil authority is so far re-established as to cease to be dependent on military power. The opinion prevails that he will be liberated on bail or parole next week.

Mrs. Davis went to Washington last evening, for the purpose of conferring with President Johnson upon the release of her husband.

Presentation of the Japanese Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Japanese Commissioners were presented to the President this noon.

Increase of Population in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 3.—The Mayor, in his message, states that the population of the city has increased from 80,000 to 145,000, during the past two years.

Murder and Suicide.

ABSECOM, N. J., May 3.—This morning about 8 o'clock James Yates of Bakersville, N.J., killed his grand child, aged eight years, with a hatchet, and then went to his own home and hung himself in a room.

Destitution Among Irish Emigrants.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Great numbers of refugees are arriving in this city from Ireland. They give very discouraging accounts of the state of the country, and say the Fenian movement in Ireland is entirely given up. It is said that Col. Roberts has made a special call upon the Fenian Brotherhood for aid for the families of the Irish state prisoners.

Memphis Improving in Morals.

MEMPHIS, May 3.—No murders occurred last night for the first time within a week.

On Wednesday night, a planter named Smith Wilson, residing in Germantown, while sitting on a sofa, talking to his wife, was shot through the window by some unknown assassin. He fell into his wife's arms and expired.

Gen. Diaz in Front of Mexico.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Senor Romero, Mexican Minister, received to-day the following despatch:

CORA MATA, IN FRONT OF VERA CRUZ, April 15, 1867.

I have the honor to enclose to you a copy of Gen. Diaz's official report to the Federal Government of the very important victory he has obtained over the traitor Marques, on the 12th inst., at San Cristobel. Having followed up this victory he is now at the City of Mexico. We are waiting here a battery of heavy rifle artillery which Gen. Diaz sent us from Puebla, and which will arrive here to-morrow or next day to assault Vera Cruz; when we receive the artillery we can take the city in a few hours. It is said that Queretaro has been taken by Gen. Escobedo and Maximilian captured.

(Signed), RAFAEL BENAVIDES.

Moulders' Strike in Columbus, O.

COLUMBUS, O., May 3.—The Moulders' Union at Ironton, O., are on a strike, but some of them went to work. The strikers attempted to run them out of the town, and in the affray one of the strikers named Chas. Devener, was killed.

Riots in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 3.—The action of the eight hour men appears to have brought about almost a general suspension of business, and has in some cases been the means of violence. The riotous spirit is confined entirely to the more ignorant class of labourers, mostly employed in the lumber and dock yards. The mayor has issued a proclamation informing them the law must be enforced, and asking them to go quietly to their homes.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Racing—Snow in Memphis!

MEMPHIS, May 2.—The races to-day were well attended. Dash two miles for $500, won by Fanny Brown. Time four minutes and seven seconds. Purse $400, best two in three, won by Mollie Austin. Time four minutes and three-quarter seconds. The next meeting will be on Saturday, May 3. There was a fall of snow this morning sufficient to cover the ground.

The Ownership of the Panama Railroad.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Herald's* Panama correspondence says: The parties contending for the future ownership of the Panama railroad are making a lively fight over the matter. The holders of thirty million dollars of bonds in England offered the whole of these securities, together with a large amount of money, for the road, but the present owners have bid higher, and it is probable it would remain in their hands.

The Indian War in Honduras.

Advices from British Honduras report that the Indian Chief of the Chichelans, was not captured as reported. A large British force was under arms, although the Indians continued at war only with the Yucatan tribes.

An Extensive Treaty.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The *Herald's* Lima correspondent says an offensive and defensive treaty has been accepted by Salvador, Honduras, Colombia, Venezuela, Ecuador and Bolivia. It is believed Chili and Peru would accept it.

The Revolution in Hayti.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondent says the revolution in Hayti is still in full activity.

A Writ of Habeas Corpus Issued for Jeff. Davis.

The *Times'* Washington special says Judge Underwood has issued a writ of *habeas corpus* for the purpose of bringing Jeff. Davis before his court at the next term in Richmond, on the 13th instant.

U. S. Postmaster-General Reported Resigned.

The *Herald's* special says a rumor is current that Postmaster-General Randall has resigned.

Severe Frost in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, May 3.—A severe frost was experienced throughout the western reserve last night. At Cleveland the water froze to the thickness of a quarter of an inch. At several points, on the lake shore, the peach trees are injured; no damage is reported in the south of the State. It is thought that the grain crops and fruits are not badly damaged.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Gold 136¼.

The *Post's* financial article says: The loan market is abundantly supplied with idle capital, and rates are a little more in favor of the borrower. Call Loans 5 to 6 per cent. Discounts 6 to 7 per cent. The demand for Governments is increasing, and prices are firm at yesterday's quotations. R. R. Shares strong. Erie more active, also M. S., R. I., and Ft. W. Foreign Exchange inactive.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The S. S. *Wm. Penn* from London, and the *Denmark* from Liverpool have arrived.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The steamer *Columbia* from Glasgow has arrived.

COST OF A LOCK-OUT.

The lock-out in the iron mills of Pittsburg, which commenced on the 12th of last January, has just terminated. In this difficulty, as with several others that have lately occurred between employers and workingmen, the latter were finally successful in enforcing their claims. The cause of the lock-out was an effort on the part of the employers to cut down the schedule of wages. They asserted that the value of their manufactures had decreased to such an extent that they were obliged either to lower the rate of wages or to suspend business. The workmen declined to make any concession, and the mills were accordingly closed. Now, after three and a half months of idleness, the mills are again in operation, and the workmen are obtaining the old rates of wages. The sequel has proven, either that the professions of the employers about the necessity of reduced wages were not truthful, or that the cost of ore and fuel has sufficiently decreased to change the whole aspect of affairs—unless, indeed, they find it better to submit to a small loss in running the mills than to a large one from the ruin of their machinery by the rust of idleness.

Iron is worth no more now—less in fact—than it was three months ago, and if it could not be profitably made at that time it cannot now. The moral advantage, therefore, is all with the workmen. But how about the material advantage? We know nothing about the number of men who were out of employment during the lock-out. The iron mills of Pittsburg are very extensive and the number must have been large. Let us suppose, however, that there were only a thousand, and that the rate of wages offered to them was $3.50 per day—fifty cents less than they had previously received. In the three months and a half of idleness these men lost an aggregate of $318,500—a sum large enough, one would suppose, to set up co-operative mills, with accommodation for at least 500 workmen. Now, how long will it take the thousand men to make good, at $4.00 a-day what they would have earned at $3.50 during the three and a half months of idleness? It will take them 637 days—more than two years, excluding Sundays—to say nothing of the interest. These figures show how expensive strikes or lock-outs are to workingmen, although they are also proportionately expensive to employers. If workingmen, instead of striking for better wages, would only resolve and work along and save for a short time what they would lose by idleness, they might build co-operative workshops of their own, and become independent of grasping employers.—*New York Sun.*

—If a person faints place him instantly flat on the floor, or bed, on his back, and let him lay quietly for ten minutes or so; it is simply a fainting fit, and the blood flowing on a level will speedily equalize itself through the system. If you are troubled with rheumatism, pleurisy, pain in the side or back, cramps in the stomach, burns, frost-bites, &c., procure at once a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is a certain cure for all such complaints. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as surely cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

OWNERS OF HORSES REJOICING.—And why not? and who knows but that their horses are rejoicing as well; who can prove the contrary? But their owners rejoice because of the astonishing and almost miraculous effects on their horses of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy." Some were lean and poor, having no appetite, others would devour their food ravenously, yet derive no benefit from it; some were hide bound with rough and shaggy hair; others had severe colds and coughs; many had the heaves and other complaints peculiar to horses; on all it operated as a charm, the disease or complaint was speedily removed, the appetite and digestive organs corrected—the skin softened, and a sleek and shining appearance given to the coat, all without any danger to, or preventing the horse being used. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MR. BROWN'S BARGAIN WITH THE TORIES IN 1854.

(From the Toronto Leader.)

Mr. Brown bids all the world look at the present situation through the politics of the past. He tells us if we do so we shall see reasons for supporting none but Reformers, in forthcoming elections, which will be held under a Coalition Government. We have agreed to meet him on this ground; and we now proceed to take a second glance at the political chess-board in 1854, and the game he then played.

No one who has the slightest acquaintance with the names of our public men, in 1854, will have the least difficulty in designating the political party to which a Ministry composed of the following members belonged: Mr. Hincks, Mr. J. Morris, Mr. Malcolm Cameron, Dr. Rolph, Mr. Morin, Mr. Drummond, Mr. Chabot, Mr. Dunbar Ross, and Mr. Chauveau. This was the Ministry that appealed to the country, in 1854; this was the Ministry that Mr. Brown *opposed*, at the elections of 1854, this was the Ministry to defeat which he supported the Tories, wherever they presented themselves in opposition to Reformers.

And we must here explain that the designation Tory had then a significance, in our politics, which it has never since possessed. There had, up to that time, been no Coalition, nothing to soften the habitual asperity that pervaded our politics; no yielding of extreme views; no compromise between contending parties. One party still clung to the Clergy Reserves as the means of establishing and maintaining a dominant state church; the other insisted on the devoting of these lands to secular uses and the placing of all the denominations on a footing of equality before the law. When this point of the state church had been given up, the great distinguishing feature of Toryism was gone for ever; and after the Coalition of 1854, a mild, diluted and liberalized Conservatism took its place. From the day that Sir Allan McNab and his friends took up the programme of the Ministry whose names we have given above, at the point where they left it, Toryism became a misnomer in our politics.

At the elections of 1854 Toryism put forth its last effort, and made its last struggle; it staked everything on the issue; and it had Mr. Brown for its advocate general.

In East Brant Mr. Brown supported Mr. Kerlie, a political pupil and follower of Sir Allan McNab, against Mr. David Christie, whom the *Globe* never mentioned but by the contemptuous epithet of "Douce Davy." Mr. Kerlie was a young man, with no experience in public life, no knowledge of legislation, no qualifications such as are required in the representative of a great and popular constituency or any other constituency. But he was sure of the Tory vote, and if Mr. Brown could throw a feather's weight into the scale his election was certain. Mr. Brown did, in fact, contribute the last straw that broke the camel's back; and Mr. Christie, the Reform candidate for East Brant, owed his defeat to the treachery of the man who had sold his influence to the Tories.

What was Mr. Christie's crime? It was that he had adhered to the principles and supported the leaders of his party. Mr. Brown whose nature is to the last degree vindictive, and who never forgives anything, had, besides, a little personal grudge against Mr. Christie. In 1851, Mr. Christie had borne a prominent part in healing a breach in the Reform party, by the introduction of Dr. Rolph to the Cabinet. Mr. Brown, when informed of the arrangement, unable to conceal his anxiety to learn how it would affect him, eagerly asked: "What about newspapers?" The reply indicated that the *Globe* would have no monopoly of confidence or anything else; and the moment it was given, Mr. Brown exclaimed in a tremendous fit of passion: "I'll knock the bottom out of it,"—the new political arrangement.

All this might no doubt have been forgotten, if not forgiven, by Mr. Brown, under the circumstances; but he had made a compact with the Tories, the carrying into effect of which compelled him to oppose Reform candidates everywhere. We admit his fidelity to that engagement; we admit that he succeeded so far in assisting Tory candidates in their elections as to attenuate the Reform majority so that the Liberal Ministry was unable to stand its ground when brought face to face with the new House.

NEW YORK JOURNALISM—THE HERALD.

[From the Scottish American Journal.]

Those who remember the New York daily journals of twenty years ago cannot but notice with considerable wonder, if not admiration the progress that has been made—the enlargement of the more lively and readable news sheets, from small penny papers, with a circulation of from 10,000 to 25,000 each, to great double and triple sheets, filled with correspondence from every quarter—home and foreign, and daily morning telegrams, literally from the ends of the earth; circulating from five to ten copies each for one formerly sold, and commanding for each four times the old price.

There is a wondrous change in the whole ramifications of the news business—a change, indeed, amounting to a revolution—due, in part, to the marvellous facilities for travel and postal conveyance that the last quarter of a century has opened; due, also, in part, to the telegraph, in its later development; but due, mainly, to the vast strides education has made among the great body of the American people, to an improved popular taste, to the accumulation of wealth, and to the competition, and spirit, and enterprise among newspaper proprietors, which have thus been stimulated by the reading public.

It might be difficult to prove that, in the department of political or general criticism, the more enterprising New York journals have made any advance at all corresponding to their healthy progress as vehicles of news; and yet, we think there is in this regard a general, if not uniform improvement. Much of the chaff and rubbish that used to pass for editorial reading would not be tolerated today. There is very much less personality than there once was, and it is left to us to hope that the improvement in this regard will go on.

It is a hopeful sign that the New York *Herald*, so long the leading news journal, (in the new and magnificent quarters which its proprietor has built for the accommodation of his enormous business) has begun to find out that it may be piquant without being coarse; that it may furnish humorous, and, not unfrequently, witty, matter in its editorial columns, without being offensively personal; that its invectives may be pointed and telling, without overstepping the bounds of legitimate political discussion. All this is a sign for the better, especially in view of the number of imitators which a great metropolitan journal like the *Herald* naturally finds among the smaller newspaper fry.

To Mr. Bennett's own countrymen it is no disagreeable task to notice the progress and improvement of his journal in other than a purely financial sense. His career in many respects is one of the most remarkable illustrations in our time of those qualities in the Scottish character which lead to business success. We know nothing of the charges which were laid against the integrity of his newspaper practices many years ago by rivals and enemies, who could neither equal him in industry, perseverance, literary tact, perception, or enterprise. The time is past when proof need be sought either to establish or refute such charges. Financial and political successes, such as have fallen to the lot of no other American journalist, render it unnecessary to revive the scandals of other times. What is almost marvellous in Mr. Bennett's career is its apparently hopeless opening, from the time that he found he belonged to a religion which was in a measure alien to his own countrymen, and all along through his bitter Colonial experience as a teacher; as a toiler in a Boston printing house; as a fagging reporter and correspondent on the New York press, at a trifling salary—up to a time when he had almost reached middle age. To find him at that age starting on an enterprise in which he could not fail to invite enmity and opposition in every form, and find himself in competition with old established concerns—we say, to find the man who had run away from his home a boy under age, to seek his fortune abroad, thus struggling for more than twenty years as a servant of others, and then setting out in middle life to place on foot an enterprise which has netted him millions of money, and which many more millions could not purchase were it in the market, surely illustrates a most notable career. We do not suppose that anything more than a mere outline (filled in with guess-work) of the history of the man has ever been written. Some one, perhaps, with fair materials for a biography, which could not fail, in good hands, to be instructive and interesting, will probably be found. It is better, perhaps, that they should not be used during the life of the subject; unless, the proprietor of the *Herald* were to give the public an autobiography. That could not fail to be a literary success. But judging from the reputed character of Mr. Bennett, the work is not likely to take that shape, be it done when he is alive or published after his death.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST,
Box 102, Ottawa.
May 4. 426-a

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.
May 4. 426y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager....John Townsend.

THE PUBLIC is respectfully informed that this Theatre *will be re-opened for the Season*, with entirely new scenery and decorations,

On Monday evg., May 6, 1867,

When will be produced the Grand Romantic Operatic Spectacle, entitled

THE NAIAD QUEEN;

OR,

The Revolt of the Naiads.

The Queen, - - By Miss Florence Townsend.
Director of the Ballet, - - Mr. Hamondi.

Gowan's full Band will be in attendance.
Doors open at 7:30; Curtain to rise precisely at 8:15. Carriages at 11.
ADMISSION—Boxes 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5; Gallery, 25 cents.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
May 4. 426td

Ottawa Cricket Club.

THE ANNUAL MEETING, for the Election of Officers, will be held at the RUSSELL HOUSE, on MONDAY EVENING, the 6th inst., at 8 o'clock.

Members and others taking an interest in Cricketing, and those wishing to join are requested to attend.

Members' fees must be paid to entitle them to vote.

E. H. BENJAMIN,
Secretary.
May 4. 426td

Office to Rent,

IN BELL'S FIRE PROOF BUILDING, opposite the Russell House, with Vault. Apply to
J. G. BELL.
May 4. 426-2

WANTED,

6 GOOD HOUSEMAIDS, AND 6 GOOD Laundry Maids.

Apply at the
RUSSELL HOUSE.
May 4. 426-3

AUCTION SALE

ON THE

Market-square, Lower Town

WILL be sold on TUESDAY, MAY 7, a quantity of Household Furniture, in Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, Tables, &c. 1 Cooking Stove and Utensils, Crockery, Glassware, &c., &c.

Also, 1 Buggy, very good, 2 sets of Harness, 1 Cutter, 1 Sleigh, and a quantity of other articles too numerous to mention; being the whole of the effects of a private family leaving town.

Terms of sale cash.
Sale to commence at TEN a. m.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
May 4. 426td

THE ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE

Irish Temperance Association,

For the Election of Officers,

WILL TAKE PLACE

On SUNDAY Next, 5th Inst.,

AT 8 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL.

Members are requested to attend punctually.

JOHN O'REILLY,
Secretary.
May 3. 425-2

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE
BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
FLUCY,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK,

In every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,
25, Sparks-street.
May 2. 424a

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

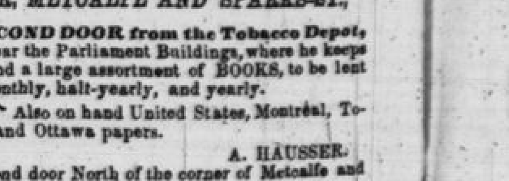
COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.
Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.
May 3. 425tf

Union Forwarding and Railway Company.



THE STEAMER

"ANN SISSON,"

CAPT. BOCKUS,

WILL LEAVE AYLMER ON THURSDAY morning, at 8:30, connecting with the Steamer "ALLIANCE" for Portage du Fort, and intermediate places.

It is expected that the navigation through to De Joachims will be open on Monday next.

May 1. 424-3

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

New Watches & Clocks,

New Fancy Goods,

New Gold & Silver Jewellery,

New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 425tf

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Ottawa Post Office, May 1st, 1867.

Alexander James	Manning Jas
Arbuckel Jas	Marceius Keziah
Archabie Mrs Isabel	Martin Mary
Armstrong Wm E	Mooney Miss Catherine
Ashworth W A	Moore Miss Ann
Barrouse Miss E	Moore Alfred
Bell Mr (Gloucester)	Manson J H
Benedict Geo	Murphy Wm
Benedict Miss Ann	Mutchmor Jonathan
Brady Thos	Nelson Andrew
Bradley Albert	Nesbitt M H
Brown Daniel	O'Brien Nellie
Bruce Jas A	O'Calighan Alice
Buru Mrs Thos	O'Hara Maria
Burnett R S	O'Leary Mrs Mich
Cautwell John	Oves J D
Cassidy Mrs Bridget	Patterson Wm
Collins Wm	Riley Mrs Mary
Collins Miss Margt	Ritchie And (Gloucester)
Connelly Maria	Roache Wm
Correy Mary Jane	Robertson John
Cottrell Chas W	Robinson Frank
Cross Wm	Rose Lewis
Delaney Mary Ann	Rose James
Dewar John J	Scott John
Fitzsimmons Henry	Shaw Henry J
Foley Mrs	Shaw Jas
Ford John	Sheehan Patk
French Mrs J S	Smith Miss Elizth
Gibson Margt	Sowden Arthur R
Gleason Patrick	Spain Eleanor M
Gordon J (of Osnabruck)	Stafford Wm
Gravely Mrs	Stephens Wm
Harrod Jos	Stevens H H
Haig George	Stewart John
Hall Mrs Matilda	Stewart Francis
Hanvahan Hanora	Stewart Miss Christina
Hobbs Miss Sarah	Taylor Miss Sophia
Hodgins John	Thompson R
Hutchinson Elizabeth	Thompson Jock
Hunter Miss Catherine	Turner Mrs Mich
Hyndman Mrs	Vernor Mary J
Jeacle George	Walsh Jas
Johnston Hannah	Watkins Mrs
Johnston Mary	McArdle Elizth
Kearns Miss Catherine	McBride Thos
Keeley Thos	McCabe Patk
Kennedy Alex	McCoy Robt
Kennedy Miss Kate	McDougall J H
Keogh John	McDougall Alex
Kettles Chas	McDonell Miss
Killeen J B	McElroy Thos
Kirkbride James	McFarlane W (B Rapids)
Kiffer Mrs John	McGillivray D
Lacy Miss Mary	McMahon Mark
Lawrence L	McMullen George
Leitch Miss Sarah	McPhail Mrs D
Lemon Jas	McVicar A
Lyons J W	A H
Mauley John	W P
Manning Michael	

423-3. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

NEW BOOKS.

DURIE & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED—

Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.

"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.

"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."

"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.

THE CHEAP WAVERLEY

Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.

THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.

Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.

Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick; Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.

The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.

Good Words—bound—for 1866.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, April 4. 400y

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION NOTICE.

MR. ROWE HAS RECEIVED A large consignment of

DRY GOODS!

From a house in Montreal, which he will sell by public auction, at his Salesroom, commencing on TUESDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock.

The Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing, in Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, and of the latest styles. A variety of Men's Fancy Flannel Shirts, Hats and Caps, both men and boys. Also a large number of pieces of Fancy Tweeds, Doeskins, Cashmeres, &c., &c. Together with a variety of styles of Neck-ties, Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.

The sale is positive and without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

April 30. 422y

AUCTION SALE

OF A VERY

Valuable Farm

IN THE

County of Carleton.

Amos Rowe, Auctioneer,

HAS been favored with instructions from the Executors of the Estate of the late GEORGE BELL, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT

ARMSTRONG'S UNION HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

On Tuesday, the 7th of May, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

That valuable Farm Property known as part of Lots 17 and 18 in the 2nd Concession of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Ottawa Front, said to contain

190 ACRES

MORE OR LESS.

The property is very beautifully situated, being only 7 miles from Ottawa City, now the Capital of Canada, and 2 miles from Bell's Corners; the Ottawa and Richmond Gravel Road running through the property. The land is of the best quality, and about 130 acres is fenced and under good cultivation. There is a good

Farm House and Out Buildings

On the property. Also a never failing creek running through the lot.

The Title is Undisputed

And terms of payment are easy, being £1,150 down, the balance in 5 equal annual instalments, secured by mortgage, paying 8 per cent. interest. The interest to be paid annually.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Further particulars or any information can be had from the Executors, John Bell, W. Graham, Jas. Bearman, or A. Rowe.

Toronto *Globe* and Montreal *Gazette* 2 insertions per week in daily—and week till date, and send account to this office. 416-2awd-wtd

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK

34, Sussex-st.,

Directly opposite the Barracks.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

Early Closing.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED GROCERY Merchants of the City of Ottawa, hereby agree to CLOSE our respective establishments, on and after WEDNESDAY, the FIRST DAY of MAY, next, at the hour of EIGHT O'CLOCK PRECISELY (Saturdays excepted) until further notice.

C. T. Bate & Co.,	T. Patterson,
J. G. Robinson & Co.,	John Greene,
Browne & Hardy,	H. Ross,
A. Campbell & Co.,	J. McCarthy,
M. Sparrow & Co.,	E. McGillivray,
P. A. Egleson & Son,	A. B. Perkins,
J. Buchanan,	R. McCullough,
W. D. Wood,	A. Brown,
D. Whelan,	A. McCormick,
W. Wall,	S. Howell.
D. Chisholm.	

Ottawa, April 30th, 1867. 423-?.

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.

10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.

Terms payable in advance.

Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

A NUMBER of Scotch, English and German laborers and House Girls, will find constant employment, with good wages and good treatment, by applying at the KIRBY MANSION, Brownville, Jefferson County, N. Y. A good Stone and Brick Mason will also find constant employment and a comfortable cottage residence at very low rent, if applied for soon. Address, if by letter postpaid, Kirby Mansion, Brownville, Jefferson County, N. Y.

May 2. 424-3

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

ROBERT HEIFER BEDINGKORD,
Plaintiff,

AND

ROBERT SPOTSWOOD,
Defendant.

A "concurrent" Writ of Attachment has issued in this cause.

WM. F. POWELL, SHERIFF.

By JAS. BAILIFF, DEPUTY SHERIFF.

Ottawa, April 12, A.D. 1867. 414b

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

A Barber Shop to Let,

WELL FURNISHED.

A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.

Reference to accompany application.

Apply to

JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.

May 2. 424a

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

New Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.

Kidderminster, Scotch and Imperial 3 ply Wool Carpets.

All Wool Dutch and Union Carpets.

Stair Carpets. Mattings. Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Seven Cases Just Opened.

OTTAWA, APRIL 16. 403y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)

EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)

THE QUAKER TRAIL.

THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d.

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths—all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.

Window Hollands. Damasks.

French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.

Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.

Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.

Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.

Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.—CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c. &c. &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

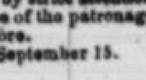
Butchers,..............No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414c

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread......................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses,

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.

Ottawa ecember ? 314tf

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

---

SECOND WEEK

OF

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Peremptory Cheap Sale.

GOODS REDUCED IN PRICE.

A DISCOUNT ALLOWED ON SALES OVER A DOLLAR.

The Stock must be cleared out by the 31st of May.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR CHEAP GOODS.

GRANT & HENDERSON,
9 and 11 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 422-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK—Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up..................................	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,..............................	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,........	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866..............	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,....	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further

Call of Ten per Cent.

of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.

Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

Private Board.

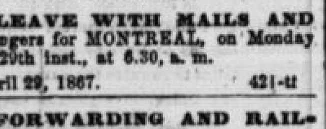
TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.

Address A. B. C., office of this paper.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER



"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,..............	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,..............	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,..............	" FINDLAY
OREGON,..............	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,..............	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,..............	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,..............	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,..............	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,..............	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

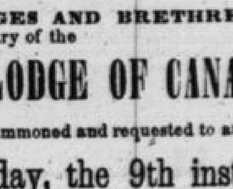
SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.

A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf



THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C. REIFFENSTEEN,
Acting Grand Secretary

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423-td

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	Otard Brandy.
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey.
75	"	United Vinqueis

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.

BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.

ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.

BASS' EAST INDIA.

DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE

DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.

DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

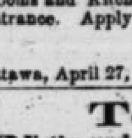
SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Or to

MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.

May 3. 425tf



DWELLINGS TO LET.—(Possession given immediately.) A new Brick Building on Besserer-street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This Building contains seven Bed-rooms, and is finished with all modern improvements. A wooden Building on Cumberland-street, near Murray, adjacent to the residence of J W. Peachy, Esq., containing eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and separate entrance. Apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, April 27, 1867. 420-a

To Rent,

BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing five rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

For Sale,

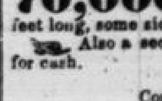
LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.

Apply to

JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.

Ottawa, April 6. 402d

Three Houses to Let,



ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 185 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

GATINEAU MACADAMIZED AND GRAVELLED ROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company have made a

Call of Ten per cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call Shareholders are required to pay within two weeks from this 19th April, 1867, to H. V. Noel, Esquire, the Treasurer of the said Company.

JOHN AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

April 26. 419a

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at this Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

THO: RUSSELL & SON

TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 416*

AYER'S
CATHARTIC
PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb, 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

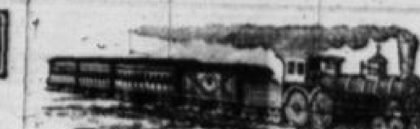
VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867. 388d3m



Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries.

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

B B & S

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, ree of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "The Quinte Gold Mining Division."

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic. Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorised to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, tha is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfort able and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN

Ottawa, February 20, 186 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

By-Law No. 246.

By-law to amend By-law No. 232 relating to the Fire Department:

WHEREAS it is desirable to amend By-law No. 232, therefore the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, hereby enacts as follows:

1. That in addition to the office of Superintendent created by the said By-law, there shall also be created and established the office of Assistant Superintendent.

2. That the Assistant Superintendent shall, in the absence of the Superintendent, perform all the duties, and have all the powers of the Superintendent, as the same are described in said By-law No. 232, and the appointment and removal of the said Assistant Superintendent shall be subject to the same conditions as those provided in said By-law regarding the office of Superintendent.

3. That when the Superintendent is present on the occasion of any fire, the Assistant Superintendent shall receive and obey the instructions of the Superintendent and act as his aid and assistant in the direction of the Fire Brigade; and at all times in the ordinary routine of duty, the said Assistant Superintendent shall aid and assist the Superintendent as directed by the said Superintendent.

4. That the salary of the Assistant Superintendent shall be *two hundred dollars* per annum.

5. That John Langford be, and he is hereby appointed Superintendent of the Fire Department, and Paul Favreau is also, in like manner appointed Assistant Superintendent.

6. That all provisions and enactments of By-law No. 232 fixing and granting premiums for the first and second engines at fires, and for the first arrival of a hook and ladder carriage, are hereby repealed.

7. That in lieu of premiums the sum of *one hundred and fifty dollars* per annum shall be paid to each City Fire Company, in addition to regular allowance under clause No. 8 of By-law No 232, and *one hundred dollars* per annum to each hook and ladder company.

8. That all allowances for drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to fires are hereby disallowed, and the enactments in relation thereto contained in By-law No. 232 are hereby repealed.

9. That in lieu of such premiums and allowances the sum of *seventy-five dollars* shall be paid to the Chaudiere and Ottawa Fire Companies respectively, and the sum of *fifty dollars* shall be paid to each of the other fire companies, and to each hook and ladder company, to defray the expense of drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to and from fires.

10. That the fees and premiums provided in By-law No. 232, for the FIRST and SECOND puncheons of water arriving at any fire, are hereby abolished, and the enactments of By-law No. 232 in that regard are hereby repealed.

11. That in lieu of said premiums the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS is hereby appropriated, to be placed at the disposal of the Fire Superintendent, for rewards to those who arrive first at fires with a supply of water, the same to be paid and expended as the Superintendent shall decide.

12. That the Superintendent shall, immediately after every fire report in writing to the Mayor all circumstances relating thereto which come to his knowledge.

13. That all provisions of said By-law No. 232, and other By-laws of this Corporation, repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this By-law, are hereby repealed and declared void.

GIVEN under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-ninth day of April, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

423-3

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarsen
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in tawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:50 a m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on th line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, November 26. 1y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c. &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated is therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two of the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the *subscription* to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "*good faith*" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 427. OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY, MAY 6, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 3,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

F. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post-Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-8

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

D. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 113-y

MR. H. R. FRIPT,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished, and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair-Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1,t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21utf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 19. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 186tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

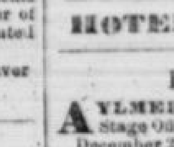
DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., &c.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,....... Liverpool,....... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,491,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits......... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year......... 23.31
And each subsequent year......... 26.74
Which payment is subject to farther reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq........ Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.

O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Hot Water Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Boiling Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Canisters, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

TOBACCOS.

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NEW BOOKS.
DURIE & SON
HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.
"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.
"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."
"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.
THE CHEAP WAVERLEY
Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.
THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.
Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.
Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.
The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.
Good Words—bound—for 1866.
For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, April 4. 400y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN
AS THE
McCAUL FARM.
THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. R. L. Fellowes, Esq.
Containing 200 Acres,
Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.
For particulars, apply to
Z. S. M. HERSEY.
Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 418tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jan-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN Immediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of the Malcolm Cameron. This building contains seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY
Sandy Hill
Ottawa, February 10, 1866 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr King, &c. and adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply by LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine Farina Cologne, in basket and plain, Lubin's Perfumes, Piver's Perfumes, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Dressing Combs, Toilet Soaps, Bath Sponges, Turkish Towels, &c., &c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

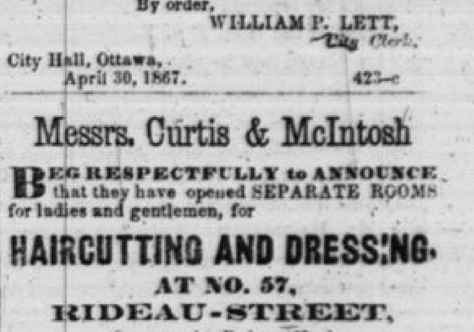
MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street
March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of
MASKS.
ALSO, a fresh Arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Ball, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains, Magnets, Canes, Violins, Dolls, Whistles, Round Combs, Rubber Rings, Playing Cards.
1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.
P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 3-tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m



$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh
BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for
HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING.
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.
All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.
N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.
Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 9 314tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Hair Cutting and Dressing Rooms—Curtis and McIntosh.
New Billiard Room—Wm. Murray.
Situation Wanted.
St. Alban's Church—T. Bedford Jones, D. D.
Great Cheap Sale—Grant and Henderson.
American Invoices—Thomas Worthington.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 6, 1867.

The reception accorded the Delegates on Saturday afternoon by the citizens of Ottawa, despite the very inclement state of the weather, was such as cannot have failed to have been gratifying to the returned Ministers, and reflected credit on the public spirit of the people of the city. Those of our readers who were not present will be glad to learn that both Mr. MACDONALD and Mr. MACDOUGALL appear to have improved in health during their absence from the country, and though necessarily, but little was said by either of them, under the pelting rain, as to the success of their mission, what little they did say was indicative of the fullest confidence in the beneficial results to flow from the Union of the Provinces, which in conference with their co-Delegates from this and other Provinces had been matured under their hands. The settlement of the Capital of the new Dominion at Ottawa was also alluded to, and from the opinion expressed by Mr. MACDONALD on his own behalf, as well as on the behalf of Mr. MACDOUGALL, we should fancy that the rumor-mangering upon this subject will at length have received an effective *quietus*. Having joined the crowd in welcoming them on the occasion of their return home, we beg here to express our gratification at seeing both gentlemen in the apparent (and we hope real) enjoyment of excellent health and spirits, and we sincerely wish the events of the next six months may prove as satisfactory to them, and as beneficial to the country, as have those of the past.

The Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL left this city on Saturday by special train at noon. He is expected to return on Tuesday.

A meeting of the Executive Council has been called for Friday next, and we understand that the news of the issue of HER MAJESTY'S PROCLAMATION may be expected about the beginning of next week. As before intimated, the UNION ACT will probably go into effect about the beginning of July.

The Hon. Mr. HOWLAND, who accompanied Messrs. MACDONALD and MACDOUGALL across the ocean, went from New York to Toronto. It was understood when the Upper Canada Delegates left England that the Hon. Mr. CARTIER was to have sailed by the *Nestorian*, on the 25th ult. The Hon. Mr. McGEE will probably return about the end of the month.

To our editorial in Saturday morning's issue on the recent appointment of Mr. WOODWARD to a permanent clerkship in the Custom House at Hamilton, the abbreviation "Com." (i. e. *communicated*) was accidentally attached, whereas the same should have followed the account of the presentation to Miss WIGLEY, (printed in the *same* column) which really was "communicated" to us. The attaching of a word at the end of the wrong one of two articles, both on the same "galley," is a mistake which may very readily be made, as the "craft" well understand, but we wish to explain the matter to the public in this instance because our editorial responsibility was intended to have been as fully pledged for the accuracy of the explanations we gave of Mr. WOODWARD's appointment, as for any other of the many corrections we have been compelled to make to the *Globe's* misrepresentations, within the past few months. The effect, and very probably the intention, of the *Globe's* blundering account of this affair was to mislead the public into the belief that a studied slight had been offered to Mr. MAGILL, a thing which we are sure neither that gentleman nor the public at large would suppose could have been contemplated, either by Mr. WORTHINGTON, or the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL, who is officially responsible for the appointment; but if such an impression did get abroad through the *Globe's* misstatements, the explanations we offered on Saturday were amply sufficient to show that it was totally without foundation.

A case of unusual public interest was brought before the Grand Jury at the Assizes held at Cornwall, which terminated in quite an unusual manner. Mr. J. S. BRUCE, assessor of the Town of Cornwall, was indicted for dealing fraudulently with the rolls. The Grand Jury reported "no bill" in the premises, whereupon the Hon. J. S. MACDONALD stated to the Court that he was prepared to bring into Court, evidence that the Grand Jury had been subjected to improper influences with the view of affecting their judgment on the case. Mr. Justice WILSON directed the jury to retire and investigate the charge preferred by Mr. MACDONALD. They did so, and as might have been expected, reported that they had discharged their duty faithfully and conscientiously, and denied the implication that they had been tampered with.

It is very possible that the Hon. J. S. MACDONALD may have been misinformed. He is known of old to be ever ready to make a charge of improper motives, upon the slightest pretexts; in fact this is one of the most objectionable traits in the hon. gentleman's character as a politician, which, however, is condoned for in some degree by his readiness to apologise when convicted of wrong-doing. But it is quite certain, or at least morally so, that had any member of the Jury been guilty of collusion, or been a party to undue outside pressure, he would have been most unlikely to confess it; and that, therefore, their own declaration of innocence will not likely be accepted as satisfactory by those who made the charge, or those who believed in the first instance that there was good ground for it. Doubtless, Mr. BRUCE's alleged crime is in connection with what is called "the manipulation of the assessment rolls," to affect the voters' list made up therefrom, and if so it is a very serious one for which there ought to be, if there is not, in the statute book, an exemplary punishment provided. We do not refer to this case with any knowledge as to whether this charge was merely trumped up or well founded; but we notice it in connection with the fact that already complaints of a general kind are being brought in several western newspapers that the assessment rolls are being "manipulated" in the interest of political parties; and to enter our protest in the first place against such charges being made unless they are well founded, and then to counsel that the most active measures should be taken to bring the guilty parties to justice.

If such things are done by assessors, it is hardly to be supposed that they act of their own mere motion. They must be assured more or less directly of the countenance and protection of some of the members of the municipal bodies which employ them, or of some influential outsiders. There is, therefore, a presumption of conspiracy in such cases, which, without lessening the crime of the assessor, makes others partners with him in his guilt. The object of such fraudulent assessments is generally understood to be the exclusion of the names of certain parties from the voters' lists for the purpose of influencing the election of members of Parliament—an act of the most unscrupulous political villainy that can well be conceived, and which strikes at the independence of Parliament at its very source. Undoubtedly it is cheaper in a money point of view to bribe an assessor, and a few confederates, to reduce the assessment of certain parties below the electoral qualification, than to buy an equal number in case of a corrupt election. It is safer, too, because many a tax-payer will esteem a low rate of taxation as more valuable to him without a vote, than a higher rate with the privilege of the franchise, so that the victim may in some cases be a consenting party to the fraud.

The approaching elections in constituencies where there are to be keen contests will test the operation of the new assessment law, and we may safely venture to predict that in many instances the defeated candidates will assert that their prospects were damaged by its operation. It would be folly, however, to give credence to such charges, unless when sustained by the fullest evidence, and wherever it can be shewn that men have been robbed of the right of voting by the improper conduct of assessors, or courts of Revision, there ought to be a means for the punishment of the guilty parties, even if the fraud be discovered too late to permit of the correction of the voters' lists; or though the discovery may not have been made until after the election.

We understand that James Heenan, Esq., merchant of Pembroke, has been solicited by a very large and influential portion of the voters of North Renfrew, to accept a nomination for that Riding, to represent them either in the Commons of Canada, or Local Legislature of Ontario. We believe the gentleman has not yet consented to run, but we sincerely trust Mr. Heenan will leave all personal considerations aside, and accept the proposed nomination, for at least one of the Houses.

RETURN OF THE DELEGATES,

Arrival of Hon. John A. Macdonald and Hon. W. Macdougall.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

On Saturday afternoon, at 5:20 o'clock, the usual train from Prescott was received by a most unusual concourse of people, it having been ascertained on Friday afternoon that the Hon. JOHN A. MACDONALD was to arrive at Ottawa on the following day. A private telegram to his family here, also got abroad, and warned the people that the Hon. WM. MACDOUGALL would arrive by the same train.

The Civil Service Regiment, under Colonel WILY, were marshalled in the Parliament-square, and, headed by the splendid band of the 100th Regiment, marched down to the railway station, where they were drawn up two deep on the platform.

Though the day was exceedingly cold, and towards the afternoon threatened to rain, which began to fall about five o'clock, and continued for about an hour, a large crowd of the citizens assembled about the depot to join in giving a welcome to the returned Delegates. Among those present, we noticed His Honor Mr. JUSTICE WILSON, at present holding the Assizes in this city; Sir HENRY SMITH; J. O'REILLY, Esq., Q. C., Recorder of Kingston; JUDGE ARMSTRONG; W. F. POWELL, Esq., Sheriff of Carleton, and most of the leading citizens of Ottawa.

When the rain was about its worst, the train, which was sharp to time, stopped in front of the station, and the Hon. JOHN A. MACDONALD presented himself on the platform of the last car. This was the signal for a most enthusiastic cheer, which was repeated again and again in honor of the honorable gentleman's safe arrival, the Civil Service Regiment at the same time saluting him in true military style. The Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL then presented himself beside his colleague, when the crowd repeated the hearty welcome with no less enthusiasm. The hon. gentlemen bowed repeatedly in acknowledgment of the enthusiastic reception tendered them.

His Worship the Mayor, who was decorated with a massive gold chain as his badge of office, followed by the members of the City Corporation, advanced to the platform of the car, and having shaken hands with the Delegates and cordially welcomed them back to Ottawa, read the following address, which had been previously adopted at a special meeting of the City Council, held on Saturday morning at eleven o'clock:

To the Hon. John A. Macdonald, Attorney-General of Upper Canada, and Minister of Militia of the Province of Canada:

SIR,—The corporation of the city of Ottawa cannot allow your arrival home after so lengthy an absence to pass without some demonstration of our pleasure at seeing you again amongst us, safe from the perils of sea voyaging, and in the enjoyment of improved health and vigor.

We rejoice in offering you our warmest felicitations on the success attendant upon the efforts of yourself and colleagues in securing the great measure for the Confederation of the British North American Colonies. Your part in the achievement of the success of this triumph of statesmanship crowns your career as a public man, and attracts towards you the gratitude of your fellow-colonists and countrymen.

The announcement of your marriage since your departure, impels us to the offer of our warmest congratulations, and we cordially wish you and your estimable lady a long and happy life.

The conclusion of the reading of the address by His Worship was the signal for another outburst of cheers. When these had subsided:

HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD spoke to the following effect, (though in such a crowd and under the pelting rain it was utterly impossible to take notes.)—Mr. Mayor,—I return you my most hearty thanks for the very flattering address, and the people at large for the very hearty welcome they have given me. It is now almost six months since I left Ottawa, and when I did I felt that I was leaving home, though I did not leave unwillingly, considering the mission we had in hand. (Cheers.) I feel now when I return that I am coming home. (Cheers.) It is a grand thing in this fast age, when men are so soon forgotten, to find that after six long months of absence, myself and colleagues are still kindly remembered, that, at all events, our memory had not been effaced. (Cheers.) I feel truly grateful for the welcome extended to myself and colleagues; though sorry that there are not more of them present, there is here one important member of the Delegation, important not only on account of his ability; not only for his position, but also because he is a representative of this part of the country—the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL. (Cheers.) Myself and Mr. MACDOUGALL can take credit for having worked for Ottawa, which we have looked at as our home and the place which, during our day and generation, will be the residence of the leading politicians of the country. (Cheers.) Though we had regarded Ottawa as the future capital of the Confederation, it was not until we saw inserted in the Imperial Act the declaration that, subject to Her Majesty's prerogative, Ottawa should be the capital of the new dominion, that we ceased to watch its interests (great cheering). There are many things about which I should like to speak, but the subjects might be dry, and as you (the people) are not dry subjects (laughter—it was raining heavily), I will take an early opportunity of discussing the great subjects upon which myself and my honorable colleagues have been engaged while in England, and which I trust will materially tend to the development of the great resources of this country and enhance its future prosperity. In the meantime I can only refer to one point to which Mr. Mayor, you have so kindly drawn my attention in your flattering address, and I beg to say that having gone to England to perfect the scheme of union, I desired to shew the world that I had faith in my own principles, and I made a personal union for myself (laughter and cheers). On behalf of Mrs. MACDONALD I return my sincere thanks for your kind expressions of welcome. Mr. MACDONALD then concluded with a few remarks, again returning thanks on behalf of himself and colleague, and retired amid the cheers of the assemblage.

Loud and continued calls were then made for Mr. MACDOUGALL, who, on stepping on the platform of the car, was warmly cheered. He thanked the assembly for the very cordial welcome extended to him, and congratulated his hon. colleague on the very fine display, especially of the Civil Service volunteers, who had turned out to welcome him as the Minister of Militia (cheers). Mr. MACDOUGALL expressed the satisfaction of himself and co-Delegates at the complete success which had attended their mission to England, and said that if in the future the same ability, the same patriotism, the same patient devotion to the interests of the country should characterise the administration of the new constitution which had characterised the labors of the Delegates in framing it, the Confederation would never have occasion to regret its adoption (great cheering.)

The Hon. JOHN A. and Mrs. MACDONALD then came down the platform of the car, the appearance of the lady being the signal for a gallant outburst of applause. The Hon. Mr. and Miss MACDOUGALL immediately followed, and preceded by His Worship the Mayor, the Delegates and their companions, were seated in the carriages provided—Mr. and Mrs. MACDONALD in Buckley's splendid carriage, driven by the proprietor, four in hand, and Mr. and Miss MACDOUGALL, in Mr. MACDOUGALL's own carriage. The crowd cheered lustily as the carriages drove off, the band of the 100th heading the Civil Service Regiment, and playing appropriate music. The procession moved up Sussex-street, and was composed of retinue carriages, in which were the Mayor and members of the Corporation, and a number of the leading citizens.

At the corner of Sussex and Rideau-streets, the military wheeled to the right, and marched up to their parade ground, where they were dismissed. A number of the hon. gentlemen's personal friends, however, accompanied them to their residences on Daly-street. The procession, when formed and in full motion, extended from the depot up Sussex as far as Murray-street. Bunting was displayed from many of the buildings along the route of procession, on the public buildings, and all other principal places in the city, thus giving it the appearance of a gala day.

THE HAMILTON CUSTOM HOUSE APPOINTMENT.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—Having seen some comments in your issue of this day, on the observations of the *Globe* newspaper, as to the appointment of Mr. Woodward to a situation in the Hamilton Custom House, at which the *Globe* has waxed warm on the alleged grounds of that gentleman's supposed French Canadian extraction, and having had the pleasure of knowing Mr. Woodward before he ever set foot in Canada, I may state that he is an Englishman by birth, and of a highly respectable family, resident near London. He has been about 17 years in Canada, is married to the daughter of a Quebec gentleman of the first respectability, and with practical business habits combines a thorough knowledge of the French and German languages. I give you my name as a guarantee for the accuracy of my statement.

I remain yours,
CONSTANT READER.

Ottawa, May 4, 1867.

LOCAL NEWS.

ARRIVALS AT RUSSELL HOUSE—May 4.—G. D. Wright, Burlington, Vt.; Sir H. Smith, Kingston; P. M. Partridge, Ottawa; J. Pine, Montreal; A. M. Kinlay, do.; Thos. Murray and lady, Pembroke; Mr. Armstrong, Arnprior.

THE HOOP SKIRT FACTORY.—This establishment is now in full blast, and within the past few days has been the resort of many visitors, who have been unanimous in their expressions of surprise, not only at the prices, but the extra quality of the goods offered for sale.

BILLIARDS.—Mr. Wm. Murray, who for many years has occupied rooms on Metcalfe-street, has, to meet the wants of his patrons, enlarged his rooms and placed therein new marble-top tables of the latest pattern. Inspection is invited.

POLICE COURT.—There was only one case before the Police Magistrate on Saturday, viz.: that of Jane Dunn, charged with vagrancy. As the "pretty Jane" could not give any correct account of her doings, his Worship sent her down to the county "sleve," to rusticate for one week.

HAIR CUTTING AND DRESSING ROOMS.—Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh, of 57 Rideau-street, are now prepared to furnish, on the shortest notice, and in a superior style, all the varieties of hair work. These gentlemen have also fitted up a private room where ladies can have their heads dressed by a lady "artist."—See advertisement.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, May 4, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 23 above zero.
9 a. m., 38 above zero.
Noon, sun, 41 above zero.
6 p. m., 43 above zero.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—After the usual Easter close of this establishment, during which period Mr. Townsend, the enterprising manager, has had the interior thoroughly renovated, painted and decorated, and has added a new drop curtain, as well as several new scenes, for the purpose of producing this evening the grand romantic operatic spectacle of the "Naiad Queen," a piece full of startling and scenic effects. The ballet for this performance will be under the direction of Mr. Hamondi. We hope to see the house crowded, and a hearty welcome given to Mr. Townsend, such a one as will make him feel in reality that "Love's labor is not lost."

FIRE.—About half-past five o'clock on Sunday afternoon a fire broke out in a carpenter's shop, on the corner of Nelson and Besserer-streets, Sandy Hill, occupied by Messrs. Stewart and Traylor, which, with its contents, was entirely consumed. Fortunately for the occupants, most of their tools had been removed to their new shop. As there was no stove in the building, nor had there been any one in it during the day, the fire was undoubtedly the act of some incendiary. The different fire companies were promptly on the ground, but the building being isolated their services were not required. We noticed the Chaudiere company did not use a horse on this occasion, but drew their machine by hand and made good time.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Saturday afternoon about three o'clock, Henry Welsh, of Gloucester, was driving his team along Rideau-street and came in collision with a cart standing in front of MacFarlane's grocery store, at the corner of Gloucester-street. The cart was immediately upset and the boy in charge of it, a lad of thirteen, named Henry Clarke, was thrown under the box; when picked up it was found that the base of his skull had been severely fractured, and blood flowed freely from his mouth, nose and ears. Medical attendance was promptly procured, but on Saturday afternoon there was not the slightest hope of the lad's recovery. When the accident occurred his mother, Mrs. Clarke, also of Gloucester, was in the store, and her state may better be imagined than described, on finding what had befallen her son. Welsh, who was considerably under the influence of liquor, though driving slowly at the time of the occurrence, was taken in charge by the police. At ten o'clock on Sunday morning, death relieved the boy from his sufferings. An inquest will be held at nine o'clock this morning.

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Fourth Day.

SATURDAY, May 4, 1867.

The Court was opened at 10 a.m.

The first case called was that of The Queen *vs.* Wm. McCoomb; to each of the five indictments for forgery, the prisoner pleaded "Not Guilty," and not ready for trial.

The Queen *vs.* Robinson Lyon. Rape. W. A. Ross and R. Lyon, for defendant.

Jas. O'Reilly, Esq., Q. C., stated the particulars of the case, a report of which was published some time ago, when the examination took place at the Police Court, and in a most impressive manner charged the jury with the importance of the duty devolving on them in this case.

The witnesses were subjected to a close cross-examination by the plaintiff's counsel, and at the close were addressed upon its validity by Mr. R. Lyon.

His Lordship, in delivering his charge to the jury, was very particular in pointing out the doubtful points of the case, and at the same time took pains to impress upon their minds the too frequent occurrence of such cases, and the necessity for the protection of society by inflicting the full penalty of the law where conviction could be fully brought home to the prisoner.

The jury retired, and after about thirty minutes' deliberation returned into Court and gave a verdict for common assault against the prisoner.

The Court was then adjourned until half-past 9 a.m., Monday.

—The omission of Italy from the great powers called to consult on the Luxemburg question excites considerable comment. Surely, with her newly acquired territory and her 24,000,000 of population, she is entitled to rank among the "first."

—If a person faints place him instantly flat on the floor, or bed, on his back, and let him lay quietly for ten minutes or so; it is simply a fainting fit, and the blood flowing on a level will speedily equalize itself through the system. If you are troubled with rheumatism, pleurisy, pain in the side or back, cramps in the stomach, burns, frost-bites, &c., procure at once a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," which is a certain cure for all such complaints. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as surely cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 4, 1867.

The Metropolitan of Canada sailed for Canada on the 18th of April.

Lady Michel is expected out by the *Nestorian*, due at Father Point to-morrow or Monday.

The convocation of McGill College met yesterday, and degrees in law and medicine were conferred on several candidates. A large and fashionable audience attended the ceremony.

The concerts at the Crystal Palace have not proved remunerative. The committee announce a deficit of about $180 for the season.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 4, 1867.

A telegram from Wellington-Square, announces the wreck of a large schooner called *Queen of the Lakes*. She was driven ashore on Burlington Beach during the night, and has since broken up. She had a large cargo of coal on board, which is probably a total loss.

The military authorities here are unable as yet to obtain proper quarters for the troops, and find it impossible. Unless efforts be made by the city to assist in securing barrack accommodation for the garrison, it will be removed.

A painter named Ackerhouse, fell down the stair case at Mathewson's clothing store, King-street, to-day, and received such severe injuries that it is thought he will not survive.

Mr. Cumberland has addressed a letter to the Warden and Reeve of Gray, on the subject of the Gray and Simcoe Railway, and strongly supports the route through those counties as the shortest and most practicable.

A despatch from London says, a great foot race took place there, between two soldiers, Collier of the 60th, and Winston of the 53rd. Distance, 150 yards, $25 a side. Winston was strongly backed and bets were heavy, but Collier won easily. Both regiments were on the ground, and the 60th carried their man on their shoulders in triumph to the barracks.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

The Approaching Reform Meeting.

LONDON, May 4—Evening.—Extraordinary precautions are being taken by the authorities to guard against any possible riotous demonstration on the occasion of the proposed Reform meeting on Monday. Notwithstanding these measures, serious apprehensions are felt, and the stock market closed considerably depressed in consequence.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Arrest of a Stock Broker.

BOSTON, May 4.—Mr. John Leighton, a leading operator in mining stock, was arrested yesterday for embezzlement, at the instance of parties in New York.

Suffering from Floods in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, May 3.—The whole region bordering on the Oachita and Black rivers, has been overflowed by recent crevasses, and the suffering and loss is incalculable.

Mob Law in Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, KY., May 4.—Lieut. Rice, with a detachment of the United States infantry, last night attempted to arrest the murderers of the negroes at Nicholasville, Ky. He was met by a superior force and was unable to make the arrests. He was wounded in three places, but not fatally.

Fires in Chicago, and Loss of Life.

CHICAGO, May 4.—The elevator on 16th-street, belonging to Ormour, Dole & Co., was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss $200,000, fully insured. The elevator caught fire several times, but was extinguished without serious damage. Cause of fire unknown.

Six firemen were buried in the ruins at 89, South Water-street, last night; three of whom were taken out alive, and but little injured. The others were dead when found.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Gold, 135¼.

At the Gold Board, gold was weak and stocks strong. W. U. Tel. 4.

The *Post's* financial article says: Wall-street is quiet to-day. Loans easy, at 5 per cent. on governments, and 6 on railroad shares. Stocks not active, but firm; governments in good demand; railroad shares unsettled and irregular; Erie leads the market; foreign exchange closed firm for the steamers.

The steamers to-day took out $439,000 in specie for Europe.

Military Despotism in Virginia.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The *Herald's* Richmond telegram says that H. Rives Pollard, editor of the Richmond *Examiner*, announced a lecture at Lynchburg, Va., on "The Chivalry of the South," but General Wilcox issued an order prohibiting its delivery. Pollard declares he will carry this case to President Johnson, as a question involving the liberty of speech.

Terrible Suffering in Vera Cruz.

The *Herald's* Vera Cruz letters report a distressing condition of affairs owing to the seige and the scarcity of provisions. Vomito is also raging violently.

Starvation in South Carolina.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, has furnished the *Herald* an abstract of letters from all parts of that State, which exhibit a terrible state of suffering from starvation.

Horace Greeley as Security for Jeff. Davis.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The *Times'* telegram says bail to the amount of $100,000 for the release of Jeff. Davis will be tendered, Augustus Schell and Horace Greeley as sureties. The Judiciary Committee have received letters showing that Davis was fully cognizant of the cruelties and barbarisms practised at Andersonville.

Great Fire in Rochester—Loss of Life.

ROCHESTER, May 4.—Fire this a.m., consumed property to the amount of $100,000. Three or more lives lost. Fire began soon after midnight and continued till 8 o'clock this morning. Palmer's block Main-street, and several adjoining stores were destroyed, also, the Washington Hall block in the same street. When its immense roof fell in three or more men were buried in the ruins. The charred and mangled bodies of John Pike, Henry Forceler, and Joseph Woornett were taken from the ruins. It is feared several other persons perished.

Fire in Chicago—Loss of Life.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Fire at 89 Water-street last night. Total loss $35,000. Four firemen were buried beneath the falling walls. Three were taken out dead and the other will probably die.

Two Children Suffocated to Death.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Two colored children were suffocated in Locust-street this a.m. Their mothers had left them locked in a room which they set fire to by playing with matches. The fire was extinguished and the children taken out dead.

OWNERS OF HORSES REJOICING.—And why not? and who knows but that their horses are rejoicing as well; who can prove the contrary? But their owners rejoice because of the astonishing and almost miraculous effects on their horses of "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy." Some were lean and poor, having no appetite, others would devour their food ravenously, yet derive no benefit from it; some were hide bound with rough and shaggy hair; others had severe colds and coughs; many had the heaves and other complaints peculiar to horses; on all it operated as a charm, the disease or complaint was speedily removed, the appetite and digestive organs corrected—the skin softened, and a sleek and shining appearance given to the coat, all without any danger to, or preventing the horse being used. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

COUNTY OF PEEL.

Nomination of Candidates.

A large and influential meeting was held at Brampton on Thursday last, at which the Hon. J. H. Cameron, for the Commons, and W. Gooderham, Jr., for the Legislature of Ontario, were unanimously nominated. We make the following extracts from the *Leader's* report:

The Chairman, upon calling the meeting to order, said that he believed they all knew what the meeting had been called for; and he was glad to see such a large number present. He doubted not that had the weather been more favorable and the farmers less engaged on their farms, a much larger number would have attended—provided that they could have crowded into the hall. All were doubtless aware that the object of the meeting was to nominate fit and proper candidates to represent the county of Peel in the Canadian House of Commons and the Legislature of Ontario. This was a question of the utmost importance to the country, and he trusted that all good men would unite in bringing forward the best men to be found, and having them triumphantly elected. (Hear.) The whole matter lay with the electors themselves, and as it was therefore in their hands, he would call upon any gentleman present to address the meeting. As their respected member, the Hon. Mr. Cameron, was present, perhaps the meeting would like to hear him. (Cheers.)

Mr. John Coyne, of Brampton, suggested that it would be perhaps better to offer a general resolution before Mr. Cameron proceeded to address the meeting, in order to ascertain whether the candidates that might be proposed would consent to observe a line of policy sanctioned by the electors of Peel. He therefore begged to move the following resolution:—

Resolved—"That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable that in the formation of the government of the Dominion of Canada the principle of coalition shall be maintained in the representation in the Cabinet of the Province of Ontario."

The mover of the resolution then proceeded to support it in a brief speech, contending that those who had given up party differences for the sake of furthering the great scheme of confederation, deserved the thanks of the whole community.

Mr. Michael Perdue seconded the resolution.

The Hon. Mr. Cameron then arose, amid loud cheers, and proceeded to say that that was a favorable opportunity of speaking to the meeting, in order that he might lay his views relative to the new order of things before his friends and supporters in the County of Peel. When he had asked them to come there that day as Conservative elector she did so for the purpose of making arrangements for the approaching elections; because it would be injudicious to proceed in a political conflict without being properly prepared for engaging in the contest. He then proceeded to refer to the objects for which the Coalition cabinet had been formed. It had been formed, as all were well aware, for the purpose of accomplishing the grand scheme of the Confederation of these provinces. That was the object for which Mr. George Brown, Mr. Macdougall and Mr. Howland and others had joined the Coalition. As this arrangement had been entered into by the Conservatives and Reformers when the Coalition was formed they were desirous of carrying out the agreement. The Conservatives, he wished his friends to understand, had no desire to commit a breach of faith with the other party, but were desirous of clinging on to the Confederate ship till she was safely launched with a fair wind and flowing sail. If there was to be a breach of faith it would not come from the Conservative members but from the other side, and he wished that to be clearly understood. If, however, after the Confederate bark was fairly afloat it was found desirable to take sides with regard to the regulation of banks or commerce it might be done without injuring the country. He then proceeded to say that if the independent electors of Peel desired to get any other person to represent them in the House of Commons he would be ready to retire, but he did not think they did, as he believed he had the confidence of all his old friends and the respect and support of a large number of the other party who had heretofore voted against him. (Applause.) He then referred to the different matters that would be brought before the Legislature of Ontario, and counselled his friends to select a good man for that position. He predicted that as Confederation was now an accomplished fact, and British Columbia knocking at the door for admission, the colonies of Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island would not remain long out of the Union; and then he pointed out the great resources of the country, comparing them favorably with those of the United States when they gained their independence, asserting that in a few years this country would occupy just as important a position as that. It was gratifying to observe that English statesmen had recently spoken so strongly in favor of Confederation, and were determined to assist us. Instead of disapproving of the Union of the Colonies, the people of the old mother land were giving us their blessing and saying to us God-speed. (Applause.) He had no doubt that whenever it were necessary the people of this country would be found ready to give their blood as well as their money in defence of their homes. It had been stated that although we had risen to man's estate that we felt ourselves still dependent upon the mother country; but he believed that we were able, and if the necessity should arise, were ready to defend ourselves; and he doubted not in future years the soldiers of this grand Confederacy would stand side by side with those of the mother country, in defence of their mutual interests. (Cheers.) He was fully convinced that this country would yet be in a position to pay back some of that protection which had been so kindly given to us by the mother country in by-gone days, when we were not in a position to defend ourselves. (Cheers.)

Again returning to the subject of Canadian politics, he submitted that after refraining from party strife for nearly four years it would be unwise to revive those unpleasant feelings that unhappily existed before the formation of the Coalition; and those who advocated a renewal of party strife he believed were the greatest enemies of their country. When the time should come for the loyal people of Canada to take sides he knew where the men of Peel would be found, and he knew too where he would be found—his constituents and himself would be found in front of the enemy ready to do battle in the interests of their common country. He reminded the meeting that the party who had cried out so lustily against the principle of coalition was one that was anxious to obtain power, and when that person was in power he was as ready to spend as much money as anybody. (Cheers, and cries of "Brown, who was prepared to build six intercolonial railroads whilst he was in power.)" The hon. gentleman brought an eloquent speech to a close by repeating that as the coalition had been formed for the accomplishment of a special object the Conservative members of the House had no desire to take the responsibility of breaking it up till the interests of the country demanded it. The solemn contracts they entered into should not be lightly broken. The time had not yet come for the Conservative party to commit a breach of faith, and the future prosperity of the new confederation would not be jeopardized by any such act on their part. (Cheers.) These were his views and he was prepared to stand or fall by them. (Cheers.) If he was to have opposition in his county, he was prepared to accept it, and go in and fight and win on the strength of the principles he had enunciated that day. He would fight his opponents if they desired it as Conservatives against Clear Grits, or as Federalists against against anti-Federalists; and he felt certain that himself and his friends would have a long pull, and a pull altogether in order to secure triumphant his return. (Loud cheers.)

The chairman then put the resolution to the meeting, and it was carried unanimously amid loud applause.

Mr. Wm. Hughes, of Brampton, then rose and moved the following resolution:

Resolved—"That the Hon. J. H. Cameron be requested to offer himself as a candidate for the representation of the county of Peel in the Commons of Canada."

The motion was then put and carried unanimously amid loud cheers—every man in the room springing to his feet.

The Hon. Mr. Cameron briefly replied, thanking his friends for the hearty manner in which the resolution had been carried. He was glad to observe that the resolution had been seconded by a gentleman who had opposed his return at the last election—(cries of "good, good),"—and he was also very much pleased to hear that gentleman state that he (Mr. Cameron) had carried out every pledge he had made to the people of the county of Peel. (Cheers).

Mr. J. Coyne took the floor and in a brief speech, proposed the following resolution:

Resolved—"That Mr. Wm. Gooderham, Jr., be requested to offer himself as a candidate for the representation of the county of Peel in the Legislature of Ontario." The mover of the resolution spoke at some length in favor of the nomination of Mr. Gooderham. He (the speaker) had taken upon himself to request the Hon. Mr. Cameron to ask Mr. Gooderham if he would consent to become a candidate for the Legislature of Ontario if nominated, and he was glad to be able to inform the meeting that Mr. Gooderham had consented to do so. A large number of the electors who had no faith in the gentleman, Mr. Smith, that had been nominated by the Reform Convention recently, would support Mr. Gooderham. He therefore trusted that the resolution would be carried.

Mr. Henry Rutledge briefly seconded the resolution, stating that Mr. Gooderham was one of the fittest men that could be appointed to that position.

The Chairman put the resolution to the meeting, and it was carried unanimously—only two out of a house of between two and three hundred having stood up against it.

Committees were then appointed, and the meeting separated with cheers for the candidates.

THE FRENCH EXHIBITION.

Opening of the Salle Evangelique—Speeches by the Earl of Shaftesbury, M. Guizot, and Bishop Stevens of Pennsylvania.

(Paris (April 17) correspondence London Times.)

The opening of the Salle Evangelique in the English Garden of the French Exhibition took place on Monday afternoon, under the presidency of the Earl of Shaftesbury. Half an hour before the opening, the building was crowded. Among others who were present on the occasion were Bishop Stevens of Pennsylvania, Baron de Chaubaud la Tour, M. Guizot, the Pasteurs Vallette, Monod, Pressense, Casalis, Fisch, Rev. Messrs. Forbes, Gardner, Woods, Tindall; Drs. Steane, Eldridge, &c. Lord Shaftesbury in an opening address explained the object which the founder of the hall had in view—namely, the preaching of the gospel in divers languages, and holding meetings and conferences of various kinds connected with Christian and philanthropic efforts. In referring to these he said whether it succeeded or failed it was a noble conception, in connection with this vast Exhibition and gathering of all nations, to erect a sanctuary, such as they now met in, where the word of God should be declared; for it must ever be remembered that the true dignity of man consists not in what he has or what he is on this earth, but in his vast capabilities for the future. It was better, therefore, that the promoters of the undertaking should be blamed, even if failure ensued, than be praised for not having made the attempt. He could not but express his thanks to the illustrious sovereign who sits upon the throne of France and to the Imperial Commissioners for the readiness and liberality with which every facility had been given them for carrying out the arrangements connected with this enterprise. The foundation of that hall and the gatherings to be held in it, were significant of great principles. It was a hopeful sight that in this great display of wealth, of the enterprise of nations, and advance in intellectual pursuits there were men like those assembled there whose desire was to remember Jerusalem. He thought the conferences of Christians from all parts therein might be looked upon as a revival under happy circumstances, oecumenical councils. He confessed his great disappointment in what was called the march of intellect in the nineteenth century. They had been promised great things; that from the intercourse of nations, peace, harmony, and confidence among them would be maintained, and that wars should thereby cease. Instead of this, they had lately witnessed some of the most bloody wars the world has ever seen. And that was terrible; yet he heard that in this very Exhibition a large space, at least a disproportionate one, was allotted to machines destructive of human life. But within this hall men would meet for very different purposes. They had heard much of patriotism, and an ancestor of his once wrote a book called *Characteristics*, in which he disputed the truth of the Christian religion on the ground that it did not inculcate patriotism. But was the Bible given to solve competitive jealousies of nations; to make the Frenchman say "I am better than the Englishman," or the Englishman "I am better than the Frenchman," or the American "I am better than both?" Did it not rather teach men that they were all of one common family, that they had all one Father, that all the earth was one Fatherland, that they were all to love Him, and each other in Him. Thus the Gospel inculcated a true Catholic spirit, and recognized all nations as one family. He rejoiced, then, at the erection of that hall, because it would tend to soften differences, unite Christians and spread the Gospel.

General Chaubaub la Tour also addressed the meeting, heartily welcoming Lord Shaftsbury and the others who co-operated in this movement.

He was followed by Mr. Guizot, who rejoiced in the religious liberty now accorded; but he reminded the meeting that even that was little worth without religion itself.

Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania, was thankful for that opportunity of testifying his fraternal love. He trusted that his own heart beat responsively to hundreds of other hearts present. He rejoiced that the meeting was presided over by one whose name was identified with every movement of enlightened philanthropy and Christian effort. There were present at that meeting representatives of divers nationalities of Christian communities; but they were willing to keep in abeyance minor differences, in order to carry out the great object of preaching the truth; "and," he concluded, "I hold out the right hand of fellowship across the ocean, coming as I do from Philadelphia, the city of brotherly love, and we welcome you as Christian brothers." Finally, the meeting was addressed by Pasteur Monod and the Rev. Dr. Elridge, and the proceedings then closed, as they had opened, with prayer.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA—GENERAL ORDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, Ottawa, May 3, 1867.

The several corps of volunteers in the Province will assemble at noon, on Friday, the twenty-fourth instant, and fire a *feu de joie* in the usual manner in honor of Her Majesty's Birth-day.

At the garrisons of Montreal, Quebec, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and London, the volunteers will act in conjunction with Her Majesty's troops, in case the officers commanding the garrisons at those stations should desire such co-operation; and the senior officers of volunteers at those places will place themselves in communication with the officers commanding Her Majesty's forces for that purpose, at the stations above named.

Ottawa Field Battery of Artillery.—To be Pay-master: Alexander Smyth Woodburn, Esq., vice R. Bishop, whose resignation is hereby accepted, he being allowed to retire retaining his rank. To be 2nd Lieutenant, acting till further orders: Serjeant John Stewart, vice MacNab, promoted.

18th "Prescott" Battalion of Infantry.—To be Ensign (temporary): Peter H. McIntosh, gentleman, M. S., vice Harkins, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

56th "Prescott" Battalion of Infantry, No. 1 Company, Prescott.—To be Captain: Captain William Armstrong, vice Jessup, promoted. To be Ensign, acting till further orders: Sergeant William Geralds, vice Twomley, whose resignation is hereby accepted.

No. 2 Company, Prescott.—To be Captain, (temporary): Lieutenant James M. Welch, M.S., vice White, promoted. To be Lieutenant (temporary): Samuel Reynolds, Jr., gentleman, M. S., vice Welch, promoted. To be Ensign, acting till further orders: Sergeant James Gore, vice Hurley, left the limits.

No. 3 Company, Burritt's Rapids.—To be Captain: Lieutenant Reuben O. Campbell, vice Shepperd, promoted. To be Lieutenant, acting till further orders: Ensign Daniel Campbell, vice R. O. Campbell, promoted. To be Ensign, acting till further orders: Color-Sergeant Thos. A. Kidd, vice D. Campbell, promoted.

DESERVE SUCCESS, AND YOU SHALL COMMAND IT.—Mrs. Fanny Robinson, of Londonderry, Vt., writes: "I have made an experiment with Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. I have used them two months. I now have a new growth of hair coming out, and my gray hair is extinct." Sold by all druggists. Depot, 198, Greenwich st., N.Y.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach; unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OFFICE OF THE
BRITISH AM. BANK NOTE CO.,
Ottawa, May 4, 1867.

NOTICE.—A Special Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at their Office in Ottawa, on TUESDAY, MAY 14th, at 4 o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of confirming the purchase of real estate.

By requisition,
FRANCIS BOURNE,
Secretary.

May 6. 427-2

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'
Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,
No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,
Curtis and McIntosh, proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF
Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,
Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,
In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

NEW BILLIARD ROOM,
Centre Town.

TO MEET the demands of Confederation W. MURRAY has extended his Billiard Room. He has now three standard four pocket Marble Tables, with very fine new Combination Cushions, &c. All Billiard players are respectfully invited to give them a trial.

☞ Honey's Block, Metcalfe-street, opposite the Methodist Church.

WM. MURRAY, *Proprietor.*

May 6. 427a

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH,
(Free Seat.)
THE
CORNER STONE
OF THIS CHURCH, WILL (D. V.) BE LAID
On Thursday, the 9th Inst.

THE Clergy, Committee, Congregation and other friends, are requested to assemble at the Court House, when the proceedings will commence with the chanting of the Litany, at 2 p.m., precisely.

A procession to the ground will be formed, accompanied by the band of the 100th Regiment.

Addresses will be delivered by the Ven. Archdeacon of Ontario, and the (Acting) Grand Master, T. D. Harington, Esq.

A collection in aid of the building fund will be taken up after the stone is laid.

T. BEDFORD JONES, D. D.

☞ All are requested to bring their Prayer Books and Hymn Books. Choral practice at the the Chapel room, on Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock.

May 6. 427td

Private Tuition.

A GRADUATE of an English University, experienced in teaching, would be glad to make a few engagements as Visiting Tutor.

REFERENCES: J M Thorburn, Esq, M A; Rev F Codd, Aylmer; J A Snow, Esq, P L S, Hull. Address, B A, Post-office, Ottawa.

April 27. 420a

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 *lbs. daily for the Season*—$6.00. Terms payable in advance.

☞ Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

A Barber Shop to Let,
WELL FURNISHED.

A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.

Reference to accompany application.

Apply to
JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.

May 2. 424a

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 3, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

THIRD WEEK
OF THE
GREAT CHEAP SALE!
AT
GRANT & HENDERSON'S,

As they are moving into the Bishop's New Building on Sussex Street, near the Cathedral, on the 1st o JUNE next.

Giving Decided Bargains for Cash only.

Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 427-y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.... John Townsend.

THE PUBLIC is respectfully informed that this Theatre *will be re-opened for the Season*, with entirely new scenery and decorations,

On Monday evg., May 6, 1867,

When will be produced the Grand Romantic Operatic Spectacle entitled

THE NAIAD QUEEN;
on,
The Revolt of the Naiads.

The Queen, - - By Miss Florence Townsend.
Director of the Ballet, - - Mr. Hamondi.

Gowan's full Band will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7:30; Curtain to rise precisely at 8:15. Carriages at 11.

ADMISSION—Boxes 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5; Gallery, 25 cents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

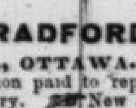
May 4. 426td

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST,
Box 162, Ottawa.

May 4. 426-a



New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited o call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. Church will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE.	MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER,	MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY,	MRS. WM. TAYLOR,

MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE
BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
FLUCY,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK.

In every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,
25, Sparks-street.

May 2. 424a

JUST OPENED.
A NEW
Library and News Depot.
A. HAUSSER,
COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

Ottawa Cricket Club.

THE ANNUAL MEETING, for the Election of Officers, will be held at the RUSSELL HOUSE, on MONDAY EVENING, the 6th inst., at 8 o'clock.

Members and others taking an interest in Cricketing, and those wishing to join are requested to attend.

Members' fees must be paid to entitle them to vote.

E. H. BENJAMIN,
Secretary.

May 4. 426td

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY
AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURNISHED BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
ON THE
Market-square, Lower Town

WILL be sold on TUESDAY, MAY 7, a quantity of Household Furniture, in Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, Tables, &c. 1 Cooking Stove and Utensils, Crockery, Glassware, &c., &c.

Also, 1 Buggy, very good, 2 sets of Harness, 1 Cutter, 1 Sleigh, and a quantity of other articles too numerous to mention; being the whole of the effects of a private family leaving town.

Terms of sale cash.
Sale to commence at TEN a. m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

May 4. 426td

AUCTION SALE
OF A VERY
Valuable Farm
IN THE
County of Carleton.

Amos Rowe, Auctioneer,

HAS been favored with instructions from the Executors of the Estate of the late GEORGE BELL, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION
AT
ARMSTRONG'S UNION HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
On Tuesday, the 7th of May, 1867
AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

That valuable Farm Property known as part o Lots 17 and 18 in the 2nd Concession of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Ottawa Front, said to contain

190 ACRES
MORE OR LESS.

The property is very beautifully situated, being only 7 miles from Ottawa City, now the Capital of Canada, and 2 miles from Bell's Corners; the Ottawa and Richmond Gravel Road running through the property. The land is of the best quality, and about 130 acres is fenced and under good cultivation. There is a good

Farm House and Out Buildings

On the property. Also a never failing creek running through the lot.

The Title is Undisputed

And terms of payment are easy, being £1,150 down, the balance in 5 equal annual instalments, secured by mortgage, paying 8 per cent. interest. The interest to be paid annually.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Further particulars or any information can be had from the Executors, John Bell, W. Graham, Jas. Bearman, or A. Rowe.

Toronto *Globe* and Montreal *Gazette* 2 insertions per week in daily—and week till date, and send account to this office. 416-2awd-wtd

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK.
34, Sussex-st.,

Directly opposite the Barracks.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

Prepare for Spring Work.
AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,
CAN BE HAD
GARDEN TOOLS
Of every description:
HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,
Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,
NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements
IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.
THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE
STOVES,
IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

New Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.
Kidderminster, Scotch and Imperial 3 ply Wool Carpets.
All Wool Dutch and Union Carpets.
Stair Carpets. Mattings. Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Seven Cases Just Opened.

OTTAWA, APRIL 16. 403y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

---

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
PREMIUM
Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
No. 14, Rideau-st.,
HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

Office to Rent,

IN BELL'S FIRE PROOF BUILDING, opposite the Russell House, with Vault. Apply to J. G. BELL.

May 4. 426-2

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

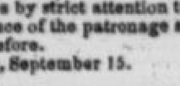
Butchers,.................No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414c

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.......................... .9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

WANTED,

6 GOOD HOUSEMAIDS, AND 6 GOOD Laundry Maids.

Apply at the RUSSELL HOUSE.

May 4. 426-3

CRICKET. CROQUET.
—AND—
FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE.!
—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,
FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

---

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.................$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,..................$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.......$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866..........$4 075,830.55

Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION
REQUISITION
—TO—
Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further

Call of Ten per Cent.

of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.

Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,
CHEAP.
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

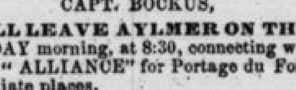
Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.
W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Union Forwarding and Railway Company.



THE STEAMER
"ANN SISSON,"
CAPT. BOCKUS,

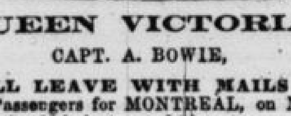
WILL LEAVE AYLMER ON THURSDAY morning, at 8:30, connecting with the Steamer "ALLIANCE" for Portage du Fort, and intermediate places.

It is expected that the navigation through to De Joachims will be open on Monday next.

May 1. 424-3

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

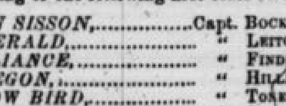


"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-tt

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867  1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,...............	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,...............	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,...............	" FINDLAY
OREGON,...............	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,...............	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,...............	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,...............	" DUGGAN
PEMBROKE,...............	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,...............	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

Surgical Instruments.

A COMPLETE FIELD CASE.

A Pocket Case.
A case of Tooth Instruments.
A superior Stomach Pump.
A Universal Syringe; and
A Scarificator.

May be seen at the subscriber's store, and will be sold considerably under cost.

JOSEPH SKINNER,
APOTHECARY,
Wellington-street.

April 16. 410beod

Private Board.

TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.

Address A. B. C., office of this paper.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY,
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse.
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

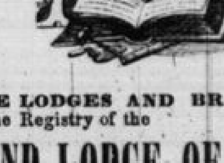
FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf.



THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE
OF THE NEW
St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely.*

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C REIFFENSTEEN,
Acting Grand Secretary

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423 td

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL.

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.
DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

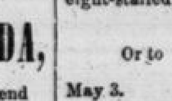
ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.



SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.

May 3. 425tf

DWELLINGS TO LET.—(Possession given immediately.) A new Brick Building on Besserer-street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This Building contains seven Bed-rooms, and is finished with all modern improvements. A wooden Building on Cumberland-street, near Murray, adjacent to the residence of J W. Peachy, Esq., containing eight Rooms and Kitchen, with good yard and separate entrance. Apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, April 27, 1867. 420-a

To Rent,

BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing five rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

For Sale,

LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed given.*

Apply to
JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.

Ottawa, April 6. 40.d

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

GATINEAU MACADAMIZED AND GRAVELLED ROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company have made a

Call of Ten per cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call Shareholders are required to pay within two weeks from this 19th April, 1867, to H. V. Noel, Esquire, the Treasurer of the said Company.

JOHN AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

April 26. 419a

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL
Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

THOS. RUSSELL & SON.

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 410*

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

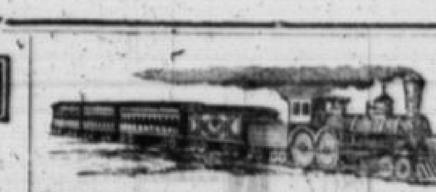
☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867. 368d3w9—



Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do farther for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,) —to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same, —and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their farther Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorised to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL

Clarence Street, Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN

Ottawa, February 20, 1867 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

By-Law No. 246.

By-law to amend By-law No. 232 relating to the Fire Department:

WHEREAS it is desirable to amend By-law No. 232, therefore the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, hereby enacts as follows:

1. That in addition to the office of Superintendent created by the said By-law, there shall also be created and established the office of Assistant Superintendent.

2. That the Assistant Superintendent shall, in the absence of the Superintendent, perform all the duties, and have all the powers of the Superintendent, as the same are described in said By-law No. 232, and the appointment and removal of the said Assistant Superintendent shall be subject to the same conditions as those provided in said By-law regarding the office of Superintendent.

3. That when the Superintendent is present on the occasion of any fire, the Assistant Superintendent shall receive and obey the instructions of the Superintendent and act as his aid and assistant in the direction of the Fire Brigade; and at all times in the ordinary routine of duty, the said Assistant Superintendent shall aid and assist the Superintendent as directed by the said Superintendent.

4. That the salary of the Assistant Superintendent shall be *two hundred dollars* per annum.

5. That John Langford be, and he is hereby appointed Superintendent of the Fire Department, and Paul Favreau is also in like manner appointed Assistant Superintendent.

6. That all provisions and enactments of By-law No. 232 fixing and granting premiums for the first and second engines at fires, and for the first arrival of a hook and ladder carriage, are hereby repealed.

7. That in lieu of premiums the sum of *one hundred and fifty dollars* per annum shall be paid to each City Fire Company, in addition to regular allowances under clause No. 8 of By-law No 232, and *one hundred dollars* per annum to each hook and ladder company.

8. That all allowances for drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to fires are hereby disallowed, and the enactments in relation thereto contained in By-law No. 232 are hereby repealed.

9. That in lieu of such premiums and allowances the sum of *seventy-five dollars* shall be paid to the Chaudière and Ottawa Fire Companies respectively, and the sum of *fifty dollars* shall be paid to each of the other fire companies, and to each hook and ladder company, to defray the expense of drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to and from fires.

10. That the fees and premiums provided in By-law No. 232, for the FIRST and SECOND puncheons of water arriving at any fire, are hereby abolished, and the enactments of By-law No. 232 in that regard are hereby repealed.

11. That in lieu of said premiums the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS is hereby appropriated, to be placed at the disposal of the Fire Superintendent, for rewards to those who arrive first at fires with a supply of water, the same to be paid and expended as the Superintendent shall decide.

12. That the Superintendent shall, immediately after every fire report in writing to the Mayor all circumstances relating thereto which come to his knowledge.

13. That all provisions of said By-law No. 232, and other By-laws of this Corporation, repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this By-law, are hereby repealed and declared void.

GIVEN under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-ninth day of April, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified.
WM. P. LETT.
City Clerk.

423-3

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat
Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach,
Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel
Complaints, Burns, Scalds,
Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*: also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE. ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m. At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m. " " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at........ 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........ 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at........ 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,........ 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at........ 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if in any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two of the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES,—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 428. OTTAWA, C. W. TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 14,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and the usual allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 394tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf.

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Luke Conner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post-Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 16, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C. E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1865. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.,
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ether Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington-street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21otf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-•

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

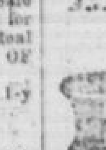
To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A Fresh Lot of Hood, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

BOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,........ Liverpool,........ Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 356-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:—
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12.
O'MEARA & CO.
227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.

Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

—We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Callenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.

JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.

BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. Inspection invited.

H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
406-tf

TOBACCOS.

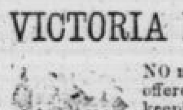
SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 358y

NEW BOOKS.
DURIE & SON
HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.
"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.
"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."
"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.
THE CHEAP WAVERLEY
Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.
THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.
Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.
Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.
The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.
Good Words—bound—for 1866.
For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, April 4. 400y

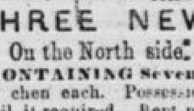
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE
McCAUL FARM.
THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. R. L. Fellowes, Esq.,
Containing 200 Acres,
Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.
For particulars, apply to
Z. S. M. HERSEY.
Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 414tf

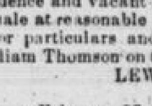
VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



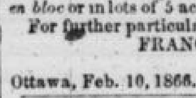
TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Deau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf



FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,

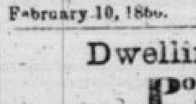
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 318-3m



FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

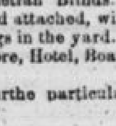
FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.



THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.



POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels
&c., &c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street
March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of
MASKS.
ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Card
1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.
P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 3-tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Stree
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.—
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 23d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 2 314tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Change of Time—Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
Montreal and Ottawa Forwarding Company.
St. Patrick's Literary Association—H. Gallagher.
To Consumptives—Special Notice.
Ritchie Hotel—John Ritchie.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Errors of Youth—Special Notice.
Court of Revision—W. P. Lett.
Ontario Bank—D. Fisher.
Two Gold Charms Lost.
Chignons—Chignons—Chignons—E. Miles.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MAY 7, 1867.

The Toronto *Leader* calls attention to the fact that the Reform organization in Toronto, manipulated under Mr. BROWN's personal superintendence, has upon its "committee" the names of many who are thousands of miles away, and at least one who has been dead these last two years. The *Leader* thinks there is a peculiar fitness in setting up dead men to fight dead issues over again, and says, "if the party resurrectionists are to go back "to legendary politics, why not make use of "the names of dead men?" There may be some force in the question, but then there comes into the account the objection which the "sovereign citizen" had to the steam shovels—"they can't vote!" Besides we think the *Leader* unnecessarily severe in criticising the composition of this committee. Why not make some allowance for the great probability of its having been compiled from an old Directory? On the other hand, since it was found necessary to parade the names of gentlemen without their consent, was it not much the safer plan to use the names of those who have been placed beyond the reach of entering an objection?

From the remarks made in the *Globe* of the 3rd inst., with reference to the Brampton meeting we had expected to find something exceedingly "funny" in the following issue. Now, to have a joke from the *Globe* is always a rare treat; the thing is done so gracefully; and we confess it was with a feeling of disappointment that we found the anticipated entertainment whittled down to a lugubrious dissertation upon "the great grand master" and "the little grand master."

We find, however, that Mr. BROWN is in the confidence of the "Conservatives." The *Globe* tells us something about the Brampton meeting we probably never should have known, but for its "peaching." The Brampton meeting, it says, was in one respect a "grand success," because "it was thought "necessary to get rid of Mr. JOHN COYNE!" Ought not the organised "Reformers" to take warning by such an evidence of alliance between Mr. BROWN and the "High Tories" as this piece of confidential information reveals? Should they not require some "checks and guarantees" that Mr. BROWN will not do in '67 what he did in '54—support the "Tory" candidates in preference to the Reformers?

Seriously, it is pitiful to see a column and a quarter of the merest drivel occupying the space which should be filled with readable if not instructive matter, all to prove that because Messrs. CAMERON and COYNE together could not command the Catholic vote, therefore Mr. COYNE should be "got rid of," when as a matter of simple fact Mr. COYNE himself proposed and warmly advocated the nomination of Mr. GOODERHAM, which was ratified by the meeting with only two dissentients. The *Globe* may think it can frighten the Roman Catholics of the West by thus prating about the two grand masters, "red gowns, sashes and feathers" included, but the time is not *very far gone* by since the *Globe* devoted its best powers of invective to bring another kind of vestment, as well as wearers, into contempt with the general public; and since Mr. BROWN is so fond of trying all men by their actions in the past, he will find to his cost that the Catholic voters will not be likely to hesitate in applying the test to himself or those who choose to enlist under his banner. Whoever of our public men may have fairly earned a "clean bill," as between themselves and those who formerly opposed them, Mr. BROWN has forfeited every title to it by raking up the dead embers of almost forgotten fires; and if he should by dint of hard blowing succeed in re-kindling them, assuredly it is his own hands they will first burn.

A correspondent of the *Leader* calls attention to the treatment of convicts and the employment of convict labor. On the first point he complains that the most exemplary conduct of the prisoner, cannot win for him the remission of a single day's sentence, nor any other reward save the negative one of not getting punished—a reward exceedingly *negative* when it *merely amounts to* not getting punished for crimes *not* committed. In this respect it seems feasible enough that some modifications might be made in the law, whereby on the one hand extremely vicious conduct on the part of the prisoner might prolong his sentence, and on the other exemplary behaviour might shorten it. This distribution of rewards and punishments might safely be left in the hands of the Board of Prison Inspectors with their powers in this respect clearly defined by statute. The great aim in such a reform of prison regulations would of course be to assist in the reformation of the convicts, which society, for its own safety, if not for higher considerations, is bound to promote by every prudent means. As to the "ticket-of-leave" system recently in vogue in England, we confess that we are not by any means in love with it. Though we have not studied its operation so closely as to warrant us in forming a very decided opinion of its merits, we utterly fail to see any sound principle at its foundation. Even if in many cases it may prove that the paroled convict will behave himself, and hence become a useful member of society, it does not at all follow that the public should be exposed to the risk involved in the "ticketing" of unreformed scoundrels.

With reference to the employment of convict labor, and the new channels into which it might be turned, the *Leader's* correspondent says:

"Canada, in my opinion, presents a field no less wide than did Great Britain for the advantageous and reforming employment of our convict population. In the enlargement of our canals; and in the dredging of them and of our harbors; in the construction of fortifications and harbors of refuge; in the draining and *reclaiming* of our extensive marshes; the opening up of colonisation roads, &c., &c., lie abundant employment for our convicts for many years to come. We have ventured to imitate, and, in some instances, have surpassed, the most advanced nations of the old world in physical enterprises, shall we now when the aspirations of the whole people are incited to higher spheres of action than heretofore, and their energies are being braced for new and greater efforts, display a masterly inactivity in imitating the higher moral achievements of the English people—their successful treatment of crime and its agents.

"Amongst the many projects which present themselves to us for accomplishment there is nothing to forbid our undertaking with the means available for such a purpose—some hundreds of able-bodied, vigorous men—the opening up of a serviceable highway to the north-west territory, should it be brought in as part of the public domain. Another work that might, also, be specially attended to, as one of great commercial value, is the construction of a canal which would bring the waters of lakes St. Clair and Erie into connection at the narrowest portion of the peninsula, but some thirty miles in length. By this medium the troublesome and expensive passage of the St. Clair flats would be avoided, and that route shortened by some 130 miles; and a tract of from 50,000 to 100,000 acres of land now valueless for cultivation, and injurious to health for many surrounding miles, be drained and reclaimed to a condition of superior pasturage."

If satisfactory means can be found to direct the labor of the convicts to the carrying out of such works as are indicated above, we fancy that no two opinions would exist as to the desirability of their adoption. Such a reform would be eminently practical, and if well planned would doubtless result in great benefit to the country, and perhaps contribute to the moral reformation of the convicts themselves. Among the new questions which will come before the new Legislatures the one under consideration will deserve, and we hope receive, a full share of attention.

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—Yesterday morning, Mary Loravi, for keeping a house of ill-fame, was fined $20 and costs, or one month in jail. She accepted the latter.—Thos. Palmer, for assault was fined $1 and costs.

O. & P. R. R.—By the new time table of the Ottawa and Prescott Railroad, published in this issue, the hour of arrival and departure, it will be noted, has been changed in order to connect with the trains running East and West on the Grand Trunk.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—Mr. E. Miles, of the Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, has just received direct from Paris, all that is new and novel in chignons, nests, frizzets, etc., some of which are gotten up in a very beautiful style. Inspection is invited.

ANOTHER TOW BOAT.—The steamer *Montreal* arrived in port last night, and had considerable difficulty in making her way to the locks, by getting aground in the canal. She is intended for the purpose of towing on the Ottawa.

CLEAN OUT.—We were informed yesterday that the prisoners Fitzsimmons and Sinnett, who recently broke jail in this city, have got clean out of the country. Two persons answering their description were seen to cross on *Friday night last*, a short distance below Prescott. There is one consolation, if they have frustrated the ends of justice—the country is at least well rid of two scoundrels.

EARLY GROWTH.—We were yesterday shewn a cucumber of twelve inches in length and about five inches in diameter, grown by Mr. Steele, of the Gatineau Mills, about ten miles from Ottawa. This early monster was on exhibition at Mr. J. H. Dwyer's fruit depot, Sparks-street. Mr. Steele, we are informed on reliable authority, has melons which, it is said, will be ripe about the end of this month. This is early, and we ask, who can beat it?

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, May 5, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 35 above zero.

9 a. m., 42 above zero.
Noon, shade, 46 above zero.

MAY 6.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 40 above zero.

9 a. m., 49 above zero.
Noon, shade, 53 above zero.
6 p. m., 49 above zero.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE—OPENING NIGHT.—Last evening a highly appreciative audience greeted the "Naiad Queen." Had the weather been at all settled the house would have been crowded, as it was, however, it presented a decided improvement on former occasions. The interior of the theatre also presents the appearance of having undergone some very necessary improvements. New drop curtain, new scenery, passages carpeted and new decoration throughout. We did not witness the performance, but were told by competent judges who were present, that the scenic effect was rich, and moved like clock work, people all in their places, and up in their parts. The "Naiad Queen" will be repeated on Wednesday evening when we anticipate a full house.

GOOD SIGNS.—It is with pleasure we notice the immense delivery of fruit and ornamented trees being made in this locality by Messrs. Pontey & Taylor, agents for George Leslie's famed nurseries at Toronto. They have now at the Albion Hotel, a large number of cases filled with trees, to supply the orders of 446 farmers and others in this locality, the price of which amount to over $3,000. In addition to which they have delivered a $250 order for the grounds at Rideau Hall. They have also a large order to supply at Metcalfe village. This augurs well for our farmers, and we may reasonably look forward to the time, when in this locality we shall not only have an ample supply of fruit for home consumption, but a supply to put in the market.

MORE DISCOVERIES OF GOODS STOLEN BY BROUGH.—Last evening, by means only known to himself, Detective O'Neill received information that a gentleman had, during the examination of Brough yesterday, identified him as a person who had left at a place in Lower Town, in the end of April last, a large chest for safe keeping, and at once proceeded to the house described, and there found the box referred to. He at once broke it open, using one of Brough's tools for the purpose. In the chest was a small box, from which was taken a very ingeniously contrived telescope, or panel saw, for cutting out door panels, a neat auger, to match the saw, one small fine hand saw, two large cased chisels, used as prys or jimmys, several steel picks, for the purpose of *turning keys in locks*, so as to bring them to bear directly on the bolt before inserting the twister, two iron drills, a light hand axe, and two flat files. This stock, it may be said, with those previously taken render this gent's kit complete. In the large box was a chest of tea, with a diamond brand on the side, in the centre of which was a P., on the outside the letter O. Also, a quantity of sugar and raisins. O'Neill, after placing this stock in possession of the police, proceeded to find an owner for the tea. The private marks turned out to be that of Mr. P. Poulin, who identified it as property stolen from him. Although he had lost both sugar and raisins, it was impossible for him to identify that in the box as his. The tools, &c., will be on view at the Court House to-day. Much has been said from time to time in praise of O'Neill's shrewdness and daring in running up evil doers, and in this case we may simply add, that he is deserving of all and even more than has been uttered.

CITY COUNCIL—REGULAR MEETING.

MONDAY, May 6, 1867.

Council met—Present, his Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Langford, Cunningham, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Guerard, Heney, Martineau, Abbott, Bangs, Goulden, Bate and Rochester.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

A number of petitions for street repairs were presented, and on motion were referred to the respective committees.

A communication was read from Colonel Coffin, Ordnance Land Agent, relative to the nuisance at the end of Kent-street, and relative to the fence erected for the prevention of the same. This communication was met by a resolution claiming that the fence be removed.

A lengthy discussion arose on the petition of Mr. Hearn, relative to repairs to be made in a drain to carry off the water and prevent his cellar from being flooded. The motion for adoption was finally carried.

Amongst other petitions presented was one from Mr. D. Goode, praying that an Inspector of Bread be appointed. Petition referred to a special committee.

A communication concerning the ferry between Ottawa and Hull, numerously signed, was read by his Worship the Mayor, praying that the ferry sale be annulled, and the ferry left open to public competition.

His Worship the Mayor was authorised to confer with the Government.

Several motions were presented appointing a Board of Works.

After some discussion Ald. Rochester, Bangs, Featherston, Friel and Martineau were appointed to constitute said Board.

A resolution was carried appointing a committee to carry out the proper celebration of her Majesty's Birthday, appropriating $400 for the purpose, and authorising his Worship the Mayor to issue the usual proclamation.

Ald. Cunningham and Friel supported the motion, from the fact that a large amount of the grant went to provide a dinner for the firemen.

Ald. Robinson objected on the ground that if the grant was principally to be expended to feed the firemen, let the council give $1000, and feed all the poor of the city.

Ald. Heney defended the firemen from the attack, or the insinuation concerning the firemen made by Ald. Robinson.

The motion was finally carried.

The Mayor was authorised to issue checks, quarterly, for the payment of the carters, &c.

The council then adjourned.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

An inquest was held *yesterday morning* by Dr. Riel, Coroner, on the body of Richard Clark, the boy who was fatally injured on Saturday afternoon, and whose death on Sunday morning was mentioned in yesterday's paper. The following was the jury empanelled—George Saddler, (foreman), John Joice, Victor Laporte, Geoffrey Nolan, James Graham, Wm. Duffy, Martin Stokes, Henry Jackson, Robert Stewart, Thomas Hollbrooke, Edward Brennan, Richard Nolan, John Farmer, Phillip Stapleton and Charles Taylor.

The inquest was held at the Protestant Hospital, whither the body had been removed.

Abijah Dunning was the first witness called, (after the jury had viewed the body and instructed Drs. Grant and Codd to make a *post mortem* examination). He stated in effect, that he had jumped into Walsh's team about a minute and a half before the accident occurred. Walsh and his wife both appeared a little intoxicated. Walsh was acting quietly and driving slow; he spoke sensibly and appeared quite able to keep his seat. Witness explained the position of the cart, which was standing towards the south side of the street, the horse turned obliquely towards the sidewalk, and the back of the cart towards the middle of the street. There was another cart between it and the sidewalk. There was a steep embankment on the other side of the street, but thought Walsh had room enough to pass. The fore wheels of Walsh's waggon had passed, and the hind wheel caught the fender of the cart. He called to Walsh when he first saw the cart being raised up, and thought if Walsh had stopped, perhaps the accident might have been prevented. The boy did not attempt to escape. The cart was upset, and Walsh's team went on. Witness immediately jumped out and ran back to the cart. He caught the fenders behind and raised the cart up until the boy was removed. The boy lay under the box entirely concealed, with his head towards the back of the cart. The boy's mother was the first to come to drag him from under it. Walsh and his wife returned while witness was holding the cart. The boy was removed to a house near by.

The testimony of Drs. Grant and Codd was given in writing. Its purport was conclusively to establish the fact that death had been caused by the fracture of the skull.

Several other witnesses were then examined, but as the actual circumstances under which the accident happened are so fully set forth in the finding of the jury, we deem it needless to do more than reproduce the verdict:

"That the said Richard Clark, on the 4th day of May, A.D. 1867, then being in a certain tumbling cart, standing at the door of one Wm. McFarland, grocer, on Rideau-street, at that place or part of the city called Sandy-Hill, was then and there accidentally and by misfortune overturned, and violently thown out of the said tumbling cart against the ground, this being caused partly by the cart of the deceased being in an oblique and transverse position in the said Rideau-street, as also by the neglectful way and manner in which one Henry Walsh, then under the influence of liquor, and who was driving a certain waggon, which at the time struck the back of the deceased's cart, and caused it to tumble in the way aforesaid, by means whereof the said Richard Clark, did then receive one mortal fracture, in and upon the hinder part of the head of him, the said Richard Clark, of which said mortal fracture, the said fourth day of May in the year aforesaid, until the fifth day of May in the said year, did languish, and on the said fifth day of May did die of the said mortal fracture, and so the jurors aforesaid, upon their oath do say, that the said Richard Clark, in the manner and by the means aforesaid set forth, casually and by misfortune came to his death, and not otherwise. Moreover, the jury on this inquest would notice, and draw the attention of the proper authorities to the very dangerous condition of that part of Rideau-street, at the Southern end of Gloucester-street, exactly where this accident has occurred, and that the corporation should repair it without the least delay."

The Coroner then discharged Walsh with a severe reprimand.

It is to be hoped the corporation will now take the recommendation of the jury into consideration, and act upon it at once. The press long ago called attention to the embankment, which—at night especially—is positively dangerous.

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Fifth Day.

BEFORE JUDGE ADAM WILSON.

MONDAY, May 6, 1867.

The court was opened at 10 a.m.

The first case called was that of the Queen *vs.* Charles Brough, for having in his possession sundry burglarious tools and dangerous weapons contrary to law. The case was opened by Jas. O'Reilly, Esq., Q.C.,—who in addressing the jury exhibited the articles taken from the prisoner on the night of his arrest by Detective O'Neill, and which comprised a number of picks for opening locks, a diamond, a large chisel, used as a pry or jimmy, a screw driver, a dagger, and a loaded revolver. The learned counsel in closing his remarks to the jury passed a most deserved eulogium on the pluck and cuteness exhibited by O'Neill in arresting Brough, as he did, knowing his daring character and that he was well armed.

E. J. O'Neill *sworn*,—From information previously received, I had the prisoner marked as a bad character and several burglaries having been recently committed, my suspicions rested upon the prisoner as the person who had committed them. On the night I made the arrest, I had been watching for some time on Ashburnham Hill, having been informed that a suspicious character was on the hill, and after waiting for some time, I heard a dog bark, and proceeded in the direction of the sound, when on going to the rear of a building I saw a person with an umbrella over his head, moving down the street; I at once cut across another lot, and so came up with the prisoner. I bade him good evening, wishing to get into conversation; after some words passing between us, I asked him into Eagan's to take a drink. After this we proceeded down street; he asked me where I lived, I said down in Letter O. After proceeding some distance further, he called me by my name, and I at once drew my revolver and placed my left hand on his shoulder, saying, "you are my prisoner; and if you make one move, I'll blow your brains out." I then with my left hand searched his breast-coat pocket, and took from there a dagger, a revolver, and screw driver. Feeling then somewhat easy, we proceeded down the street, and by this time I was joined by my brother-in-law, and another person whom I had engaged to assist me in watching this night, and my brother-in-law, noticing the prisoner move his right hand, called out: "Look out, Edward;" when seeing him move, I seized him by the arm, and took from him this large chisel used by burglars as a jimmy or pry, and then on making still further search, I found a feeler and several twisters. [The tools were here exhibited, and their utility fully explained.] After we reached the Police Station, he asked what he was arrested for, I said you know well enough; he then said, I suppose Mrs. Sinnett has rounded on me, meaning she had given information against him. At the station, he admitted to me that he had committed the burglary at Mr. Hall's, and on inquiring what these tools, the twisters, were used for, he said for opening locks and picking pockets. [The detective here gave an illustration of the manner in which they were used for effecting the purpose for which they were manufactured.] The prisoner also said they were given to him by a person whose name he did not know. He (the prisoner), after his commitment at the Police Court, gave me the name of the person from whom he got the twisters, and admitted that he had used them on a door.

Edward Albert, sworn. This witness's testimony went to prove the arrest of the prisoner by detective O Neill, and the taking from him of the tools then produced.

This witness's testimony completed the case for the prosecution.

The first witness called for the defence was H. J. Williams, whom the prisoner said at the opening of the case he desired to have summoned, and on Mr. Williams stepping into the box he stated that he did not know the prisoner at the bar, nor, to the best of his knowledge, had he ever seen him before.

The prisoner stated that he (Mr. Williams) was not the man—not the Mr. Williams to whom he referred.

After waiting some time for a Mrs. Turner, whom the prisoner desired as a witness, and he not appearing, his Lordship asked the prisoner if he had anything to say to the jury, to which he replied, nothing only that the tools were given to him by another person.

His Lordship then addressed the jury, showing that it was the prisoner's own fault that the witnesses he had asked for, were not present; that what Mrs. Turner's testimony would prove the prisoner had not stated; however, the counsel for the Crown had done all in his power to accommodate the prisoner. His Lordship was about stating the case to the jury, when Mrs. Turner was brought into court.

The prisoner at once stated that she was not the person.

His Lordship then proceeded to review the evidence against the prisoner, shewing that the simple getting of such tools, or having them given to him, was not the question with which they had to deal; it was the fact of his having them at an hour after 9 o'clock at night, and without any lawful reason, which the prisoner had not shewn to be the case. The evidence, as given by O'Neill, was then carefully explained to the jury. In concluding his address to the jury, his Lordship passed a high compliment upon detective O'Neill's ability as a detective, especially when it would be considered the danger to which he was exposed when in the discharge of his duty, generally performed in the dead hour of night. True, another implicated with the prisoner in the acts of burglary had escaped the hands of justice—had broke jail—still the ends of justice had to a certain extent been procured, inasmuch as the quiet of this city had been preserved, and the citizens made to feel a certain amount of security. He (his Lordship) had felt it his duty to refer to O Neill's conduct in this case in particular.

The jury then retired for the deliberation of their verdict. After an absence of about a quarter of an hour, the jury came into court with a verdict of "Guilty."

The Queen *vs.* Timothy Murphy. *Incendiarism.* W. A. Ross for defendant.

James O'Reilly, Esq., Q.C., placed the case before the jury; a full report of which appeared in the TIMES in the month of March last.

In the course of the evidence, it was attempted to be proven that Murphy, from his habitual drunkenness, was not conscious of what acts he committed, or that after having done anything he would have no recollection of what he had done.

After an absence of some time, the jury came into court, and the foreman stated that they could not agree upon a verdict.

His Lordship addressed them upon the subject of their agreeing upon a verdict, and recommended that they return and consider the matter further. If, however, they could not agree and it was impossible for them to arrive at a decision, as the case was not of very great importance, he would dismiss them. The jury was accordingly discharged, and the prisoner admitted to bail in bonds of two sureties of $100 each, and the prisoner in $200. The case will be further heard at the next Recorder's Court.

The Queen *vs.* Charles Brough, burglary. This indictment related to the burglary committed upon the residence of James Hoy.

The evidence in this case was almost a resume of that given in the previous case, with the exception of that of Mr. Hoy, who swore to having locked the hall door before retiring that night, and the finding of it open in the morning, with a pane of glass broken, and the fragments of burned matches on the floor; and that three coats were gone that had been left in the hall.

Chas. Hoy, son of the above witness, deposed to the missing of his coat on the morning in question, and a purse with $2, in paper, a Tennessee greenback, and some silver in it; that the purse and bills now produced were his. The first time he seen the purse, after the day in question, it was in the possession of Detective O'Neill. During the examination of O'Neill, the prisoner endeavored to destroy his evidence, by stating that that given at the police court, was entirely at variance with the present. The deposition was produced and read, corresponding in toto with the present.

The Judge then charged the jury, setting forth the whole testimony.

The jury retired, and after an absence of fifteen minutes returned, giving a verdict of "guilty."

The Queen *vs.* Charles Brough—burglary. This indictment related to the burglary committed at Edward Hall's on Wellington-street, on Sunday morning, 20th April.

The Queen's counsel stated the facts of the case to the jury, and called Mr. Hall as the first witness—who on being sworn, gave the same testimony as to the burglary, and the similarities of the face of the prisoner, to that which he observed in a looking-glass on the night in question, as he gave at the Police Court, at the time of the prisoner's arrest.

Sergeant Davis of the police force, and one of the turnkeys, were also sworn; their evidence proved the admission on the part of Brough to having committed the burglary at Hoy's and Hall's. This terminated the evidence for the prosecution. His Lordship asked the prisoner if he had any questions to ask, or wished to address the jury—to which the prisoner replied that he had nothing to say.

His Lordship then charged the jury, shewing in a very distinct manner the complete chain of evidence, all of which, together with the prisoner's admission, pointed to his being the guilty party. The jury retired and after a few minutes deliberation came into court with a verdict of "guilty."

The Queen *vs.* Charles Brough—larceny of a diamond from Charles Coté. There being no evidence produced against the prisoner—the jury, without retiring, rendered a verdict of "not guilty."

Cushing *vs.* McDonnell. Messrs. Lewis and Lees for plffs.; Fellowes and Bolton for defts. Action of ejectment. The lots of land on which plaintiff claims ejectment are 40 and 41, 8th Con. of Osgoode. This case was argued until a late hour last evening, when the court adjourned until 9:30 this a. m.

CANADA AT WIMBLEDON.

The committee appointed at a meeting of the volunteer officers of Ottawa city on the 27th of April, met for despatch of business at the "Queen," on Saturday the 4th of May, 1867. Present—Major Forrest, Chairman; Major Anderson, Major Grant, Captain Perry, Lieut. McNab, Lieut. Russell, Lieut. Macpherson, Ensign Walsh.

Moved by Capt. Perry, seconded by Ensign Walsh, that Lieut. Russell do act as Secretary to this committee.—Carried.

Moved by Major Anderson, seconded by Major Grant, that we, the committee appointed at a meeting of the volunteer officers of the city of Ottawa to confer with any similar committee on the subject of sending home Canadian representatives to the approaching International Rifle Tournament at Wimbledon, with a view to further this object, do hereby authorise the Secretary to correspond with the various commandants throughout the Province requesting them to convene meetings to organise committees for the purpose of selecting from each a delegate to meet at Ottawa on Wednesday the 15th inst., to confer with the proper authorities on the subject, and agree upon a subsequent course of action.—Carried.

Moved by Major Grant, seconded by Lieut. McNab, that the Secretary is hereby authorised to correspond with the Secretary of the National Rifle Association of Great Britain, asking for information respecting the various matches, which as Canadians we would be entitled to enter for, and the conditions; likewise any other information which might prove of service.—Carried.

The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.

It is to be hoped that the officers of No. 1 military district at the capital, who have taken this subject up so promptly, may meet with success.

JOTTINGS BY THE WAY.

To the Editor of the Times:

PRESCOTT, May 6, 1867.

SIR,—Your readers, who number a great many in the Ottawa region, may, without losing the benefit of your excellent political and local news, accept of a few notes from a travelling correspondent. I left Ottawa by the afternoon train from Prescott, and in passing through the country cannot give a very pleasing account. Everything in the agricultural line lies dormant, owing, no doubt, to the backward spring. I cannot, I assure you, quote from the poets to express anything beautiful in regard to this season of the year, as everything seems to bear an unnatural hue. All looks bleak, raw and autumn like.

Kemptville is the first place of note reached, and I make particular allusion to it now more from circumstances which took place, than on account of the village itself, which lies midway between this place and Ottawa, and is nicely situated, containing some beautiful brick and wooden villas. Here we met the Hon. John A. Macdonald, the Hon. Wm. Macdougall and the whole party. The villagers turned out in large numbers to welcome our returned ministers; amongst those present was Francis Jones, Esq., M.P.P., and also a number of our own leading citizens, who I hope have given these most worthy statesmen a cordial reception.

Prescott is next reached in about an hour. This town, of about 4000 inhabitants, is beautifully situated on a rising ground opposite Ogdensburgh, in the state of New York. It is a place of some historical importance. The reminiscences of '37 are still visible; the old fort which some time ago was about to be dismantled is again repaired and garrisoned by a company of the Royal Canadian Rifles under the command of Capt. McDonald and Lieut. Lowe. The old Union Jack still flutters in the breeze over the old fort, and long may it continue so. The gunboat *Hercules* is stationed here for repairs, and is truly a fine war-craft for the size. She is manned by about 80 as *jolly tars* as her Majesty's navy can boast of, under the command of Lieutenants Scott and Sugden, and to the latter I am greatly indebted for an inspection of her. She carries 6 guns, 2 brass 12 pounders, one at the bow, with 4 guns on the quarter, 2 brass 12 pounders, one 24 pounder brass, and one 24 pounder Armstrong breech-loader, besides each man is armed with a cutlass, six-shooter, and a breech-loading rifle. The crew are from her Majesty's ship *Aurora*, at present lying at Quebec.

The Wilson troupe of theatricals, numbering 24 persons, are at present here and they are no doubt a splendid troupe. I had the pleasure of seeing "Colleen Bawn" played on Saturday evening, and it was a treat rarely to be met with, especially in Ottawa. This troupe I understand are negotiating with Mr. Lester for the Skating Rink, and you may expect them in Ottawa about the first of June, when all lovers of the drama will see something which they can appreciate.

Tourists are just now beginning to move to and fro in great numbers. In Prescott tourists can, by staying at the "International," have their creature comforts attended to in first class style by Mr. Daniels.

I will not further trespass on your space at present, but you may occasionally hear from,

Yours, &c.,

— SEA GULL.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryans' Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's pulmonic wafers or cough and voice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 6, 1867.

Arrangements have been made by the Great Western road to run through trains from Toronto to New York and Chicago, commencing on Monday next.

Major Russell, late of the Confederate service, died suddenly in this city yesterday.

The military authorities are in treaty with the Trustees of Knox's College for a lease of the building as a barracks.

A man named Hayes, who was found insensible in the streets last week by the police, died very suddenly in jail to-day. He was apparently suffering from the influence of some narcotic drugs.

An emigrant train from Montreal ran off the track near Port Hope yesterday. It is understood no one was hurt.

The case of the Richardson mine was brought before Vice Chancellor Mowatt on Saturday, and an injunction granted stopping *pro tempore* any operations on the part of Messrs. Lombard & Co. The mine, therefore, will remain closed for the present.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 6, 1867.

A letter appears in the *Herald*, from the Hon. John Young, in which he advocates connecting the Intercolonial Railroad with the Grand Trunk at Riviere du Loup, carrying it to Bic, and making the latter place the harbor of ocean steamers, which would be open nine months of the year. Passenger and mail service to be conducted from there. He also proposes to suspend the construction of the remainder of the Intercolonial Railroad, and devote the funds to reconstructing our canal system, and establishing a first-class line of intercolonial steamers.

The steamships *Moravian* and *St. George*, and ship *Gleniffer* are in port.

The dinner to Mr. Galt will come off at Sherbrooke on the 22nd instant.

FROM QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 6, 1867.

The steamship *Nestorian* passed Father Point at 5 p.m.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 6—Evening.—Consols, 91⅞; 5-20's, 71¾; I. C., 75¼; Erie, 42¼.

The Great Reform Demonstration.

LONDON, May 6.—The great Reform meeting which has been in contemplation some time occurred in Hyde Park, in this city, to-day. As was expected, there was a vast crowd of people in attendance, though but few speakers. There were no riotous demonstrations whatever, and the services of the police were not required; not one of the extra policemen who had been sworn for this occasion, was present. The meeting was of very short duration, and the multitude dispersed without disorder.

The Sentenced Fenians.

The *Morning Post* in an editorial to-day expresses the opinion, that the Government will not execute the sentence of death recently passed on the condemned Fenians, Burke and Doran.

Opening of Navigation in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURGH, May 6.—The ice went out of the River Neva and the Harbor to-day, and the ports of St. Petersburgh and Cronstadt are again open to commerce.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Japanese Commission.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: The Japanese Commission is believed to be to ascertain some reliable means of defence against the possibility of attacks of hostile iron-clad vessels, and to provide themselves with the means.

Supposed Murders in South Carolina.

From Augusta, S. C., a report comes that two U.S. soldiers have been hung in Edgefield, S.C., by a posse of citizens. No reason is given for the outrage. An officer of the army with a guard are on their way to investigate the matter.

Jeff. Davis to be Tried.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The *Post's* special says, the Government to-day sent instructions to Gen. Burton, commanding at Fortress Monroe, to obey the writ of *Habeas Corpus* granted by Judge Underwood in the case of Jeff. Davis. The writ is returnable at Richmond, May 16.

Resisting the Officers of the Law.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Police officers Declue and Skiltors in endeavoring to arrest a man named Brennan, in Brooklyn, for violating the Excise Law, were set upon by a crowd and beaten with clubs unmercifully.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

European Gossip.

LONDON, May 5—Eve.—Berlin despatches deny that Prussia has made any warlike preparations whatever. Bavaria has not entered the North German Confederation as rumored. Representations in favor of peace had been communicated almost simultaneously from England, Russia, and Austria to the Prussian Government.

Russian Complaints.

LONDON, May 5.—The press of Russia complain that France is still continuing her military preparations.

The Peace Conference.

Italy and Belgium are to be represented in the peace congress, in addition to the other powers previously announced.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, May 5.—The steamship *Asia* from Boston 24th, touched here to-day and proceeded to Liverpool.

The steamship *Helvetia* from New York 20th also arrived to-day and sailed for Liverpool.

Rebellion in Cochin, China.

LONDON, April 6.—The rebellion in Cochin, China, is reported to be spreading. The city of Nankin is threatened by them.

The Derby Government have ceased to oppose the proposed Reform meeting in this city.

London Money Market.

There is no change in consols and American securities, since noon, with the exception of Erie shares, which have advanced ¼. Consols 91¼; 5-20's 72; Ill. C. 75¼; Erie 42¾.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Gold 136½.

The *Post* says loans are easy; market abundantly supplied at 5, with exceptions at 4 on Government. Foreign exchange a little more active.

Abolition of Slavery in the Brazils.

NEW YORK, May 5.—The *Herald* has a despatch by the cable, dated Rio Janeiro, April 8th, stating that the Emperor of Brazil had issued a decree, declaring all slaves free—the mandate to take effect within 20 years, and all children of slaves, born hereafter, to be free from their birth.

—The Royal Geographical Society of London has resolved in favor of sending an expedition to Africa for the sake of ascertaining definitely the fate of Dr. Livingston, and the Government is to be memorialized to assist in the enterprise.

SOMEBODY SAYS.—There is something peculiarly attractive in a horse. His intelligent eye and ear, his lofty carriage, his free and graceful motion, his vast strength, his obedient temper, and his indispensable use, all endear him to us. We love to look at his fine proportions, and take in the inspiration of his energy and power, but it is only when the horse is properly cared for—when he is free from disease or unsoundness of any kind that he will exhibit these points of attraction, and without which he is of but little value. A package of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine, should be in possession of every man who owns a horse to be used in case of emergency. Don't fail to get it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

STEAMERS' DATES.

The Resignation of Mr. Gladstone—A Franco-Italian Alliance—Reform Meetings—Volunteer Review—The Labor Movement—The Pope's Benediction—Yachting.

NEW YORK, May 5.—The steamship *Union*, from Southampton, April 23rd, and *City of Paris*, from Liverpool, April 24th; *via* Queenstown, April 25th, arrived to-day.

Mr. Gladstone in his letter resigning the leadership of the Opposition, says he will not move the amendment for which he had given notice, but will gladly support any other gentleman who will bring forward amendments that he can approve.

The *Times* says Gladstone cannot resign. He owes it to the Liberal party to remain its leader.

The movement against the army reorganization in France continued.

Gerardin's paper, *Liberte*, continued to stimulate a warlike feeling in France.

The London *Times'* city article notices rumors that France and Italy had concluded offensive and defensive operations, but deems them unfounded.

The English journals generally refuse to regard Gladstone's letter as a virtual resignation of the leadership of the Liberal party.

A monster Reform demonstration took place at Birmingham on the 22nd ult.—from 50,000 to 100,000 people participated. John Bright made a speech in which he denounced the Government Reform Bill as a fraud, tending rather to restrain than to extend the franchise, and said the Liberal party was now helpless to improve a radically bad bill. He condemned the conduct of Liberal members who had been deceived by and voted with the Government, and called upon Liberals to rally round Gladstone, whom he warmly eulogized. A resolution denouncing the Government measure was carried.

The following day a similar demonstration was held in Leeds.

Twenty-five thousand metropolitan volunteers were reviewed on Easter Monday.

The Cobden statue was formally inaugurated at Manchester on the 23rd.

Eight hundred working men had resolved to strike for a reduction of the hours of labor.

Sir Robert Murchison is not satisfied of the death of Dr. Livingston, and demands that an expedition be sent to clear up all doubts.

On Easter day the Pope bestowed his benediction on the city and the world, from the Vatican, in presence of a great concourse.

Omar Pasha has arrived in Candia, and is making vigorous preparations for the prosecution of the campaign against the insurgents.

The city of Paris, Royal London and Royal Western Yacht Clubs have opened all their matches to all American yachts.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies, after a heated debate, passed the convention with France for allotment of the pontifical debt.

The resumption of the Fenian trials in Dublin created but little excitement, and was attended by no demonstrations on the part of the populace.

—A New York paper says: The importance of the supplies of flour and wheat which we have drawn from California cannot be overestimated. They have saved us from famine.

—Good words cost nothing but are worth much.—Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "Mrs. S.A.Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum are the best preparations I have ever known. They have restored my gray hair to its original color." Sold by all Druggists. Depot 198 Greenwich st., N. Y.

GENIUS AND LABOR.—Alexander Hamilton once said to an intimate friend, men give me some credit for genius, all the genius I have lies just in this, when I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings—my mind becomes pervaded with it; and every one who has used the Canadian Pain Destroyer can speak of the magical effect it has in subduing coughs, colds, pleurisy, rheumatism, cramps, or all pains of the human body. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000; a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

STATEMENT

Of the Revenue and Expenditure of the Province of Canada, for the month of April, 1867:

		Amount.
REVENUE—	Customs	$533,264 45
	Excise	183,296 07
	Bill Stamp Duty	7,351 48
	Post Office	50,862 32
	Crown Lands Dept.	112,712 64
	Miscellaneous	40,347 12
	Total	927,834 08
EXPENDITURE		665,921 20

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a *few weeks* by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the *symptoms* and *true cause* of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 350y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *restorer*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jas. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 2d 2m-y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2:45 p.m.	" "	5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a m.
" "	1:30 p.m.	" "	4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

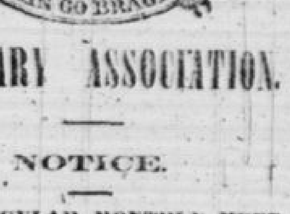
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

ST. PATRICK'S



LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETing of the Association will take place on TO-MORROW, (Wednesday) ev'g., instead of to night.

By order,

H. GALLAGHER,
Asst. Secretary.

May 7. 428-1

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AGGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, Agent,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, Agent,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESSES in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

E. MILES.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 8. 428-2-19w-1

ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

The Court of Revision

FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on THURSDAY, the thirteenth day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager ... John Townsend.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of THE NAIAD QUEEN, on Monday last, the Lessee has the honor of announcing its reception with TOWNSEND'S GREAT SHADOW PANTOMIME, for the afterpiece, on Wednesday and Friday evenings.

On Wednesday, evg., May 8, 1867,

Will be presented the Grand, Romantic, Operatic Spectacle, entitled

THE NAIAD QUEEN;

OR,

The Revolt of the Naiads

The Queen, - - By Miss Florence Townsend.

Director of the Ballet, - - Mr. Hamondt.

To conclude with Townsend's great

Shadow Pantomime.

Received everywhere by crowded houses, with roars of laughter, and the most enthusiastic applause.

Gowan's full Band will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7:30; Curtain to rise precisely at 8:15. Carriages at 11.

ADMISSION—Boxes 50 cents; Private Boxes, $3; Gallery, 25 cents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 7. 428d

LOST, ON SATURDAY LAST, TWO Gold Charms—Tea Kettle and Horn. Any one returning them to the Department of Crown Lands, will be suitably rewarded.

May 7. 428-2

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH,

(Free Seat.

THE

CORNER STONE

OF THIS CHURCH, WILL (D. V.) BE LAID

On Thursday, the 9th Inst.

THE Clergy, Committee, Congregation and other friends, are requested to assemble at the Court House, when the proceedings will commence with the chanting of the Litany, at 2 p.m., precisely.

A procession to the ground will be formed, accompanied by the band of the 100th Regiment.

Addresses will be delivered by the Ven. Archdeacon of Ontario, and the (Acting) Grand Master, T. D. Harington, Esq.

A collection in aid of the building fund will be taken up after the stone is laid.

T. BEDFORD JONES, D. D.

☞ All are requested to bring their Prayer Books and Hymn Books. Choral practice at the Chapel room, on Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock.

May 6. 427td

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. Chuach will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE. MRS. HUTCHISON.
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409d

OFFICE OF THE
BRITISH AM. BANK NOTE CO.,
Ottawa, May 4, 1867.

NOTICE.—A Special Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at their Office in Ottawa, on TUESDAY, MAY 14th, at 4 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of confirming the purchase of real estate.

By requisition,
FRANCIS BOURNE,
Secretary.

May 6. 427-2

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Puffs, Puffs, &c.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 386-3m

NEW BILLIARD ROOM,

Centre Town.

TO MEET the demands of Confederation W. Murray has extended his Billiard Room. He has now three standard four pocket Marble Tables, with very fine new Combination Cushions, &c. All Billiard players are respectfully invited to give them a trial.

☞ Honey's Block, Metcalfe-street, opposite the Methodist Church.

May 6. WM. MURRAY, *Proprietor.* 427a

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST,
Box 402, Ottawa.

May 4. 426-a

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS.
FLOUR and OATMEAL.
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY.
ALES and PORTER.
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

ON THE

Market-square, Lower Town

WILL be sold on TUESDAY, MAY 7, a quantity of Household Furniture, in Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, Tables, &c. 1 Cooking Stove and Utensils, Crockery, Glassware, &c., &c.

Also, 1 Buggy, very good, 2 sets of Harness, 1 Cutter, 1 Sleigh, and a quantity of other articles too numerous to mention; being the whole of the effects of a private family leaving town.

Terms of sale cash.

Sale to commence at TEN a. m.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

May 4. 426td

AUCTION SALE

OF A VERY

Valuable Farm

IN THE

County of Carleton.

Amos Rowe, Auctioneer,

HAS been favored with instructions from the Executors of the Estate of the late GEORGE BELL, to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT

ARMSTRONG'S UNION HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

On Tuesday, the 7th of May, 1867

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

That valuable Farm Property known as part of Lots 17 and 18 in the 2nd Concession of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Ottawa Front, said to contain

190 ACRES

MORE OR LESS.

The property is very beautifully situated, being only 7 miles from Ottawa City, now the Capital of Canada, and 2 miles from Bell's Corners; the Ottawa and Richmond Gravel Road running through the property. The land is of the best quality, and about 130 acres is fenced and under good cultivation. There is a good

Farm House and Out Buildings

On the property. Also a never failing creek running through the lot.

The Title is Undisputed

And terms of payment are easy, being $1,150 down, the balance in 5 equal annual instalments, secured by mortgage, paying 8 per cent. interest. The interest to be paid annually.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Further particulars or any information can be had from the Executors, John Bell, W. Graham, Jas. Bearman, or A. Rowe.

☞ Toronto *Globe* and Montreal *Gazette* 2 insertions per week in daily—and week till date, and send account to this office. 416-2awd-wtd

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE

BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
FLUCY,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK,

in every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,

25, Sparks-street.

May 2. 424a

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

New Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.
Kidderminster, Scotch and Imperial 3 ply Wool Carpets.
All Wool Dutch and Union Carpets.
Stair Carpets. Mattings. Hearth Rugs and Door Mats.

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

Seven Cases Just Opened.

OTTAWA, APRIL 16. 403y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(OPENING DAY—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milkons,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
&c., &c.
Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

Office to Rent,

IN BELL'S FIRE PROOF BUILDING, opposite the Russell House, with Vault. Apply to J. G. BELL.

May 4. 426-2

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

Butchers,.....No. 1-4.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414e

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 14. 280y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.....9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

WANTED,

6 GOOD HOUSEMAIDS, AND 6 GOOD Laundry Maids.

Apply at the

RUSSELL HOUSE.

ay 4. 426-3

THIRD WEEK

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE!

AT

GRANT & HENDERSON'S,

As they are moving into the Bishop's New Building on Sussex Street, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of JUNE next.

Giving Decided Bargains for Cash only.

Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 427-y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425v

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.....$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866.....$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

A Barber Shop to Let,

WELL FURNISHED.

A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.

Reference to accompany application.

Apply to

JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.

May 2. 424a

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.

Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.

10 *lbs. daily for the Season*—$6.00.

Terms payable in advance.

☞ Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 421-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,.....Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,..... " LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,..... " FINDLAY
OREGON,..... " HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,..... " TOSER.
JASON GOULD,..... " OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,..... " DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,..... " CHAVRETTE.
CALUMET,..... " BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 13. 407tf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C. REIFFENSTEIN,
Acting Grand Secretary

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423 td

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 15. 408y

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

Private Board.

TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.

Address A. B. C., office of this paper.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

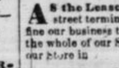
THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 223tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.



SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street, opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer,
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.

May 3. 425tf

To Rent,

BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing 6 rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

For Sale,

LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.

Apply to

JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.

Ottawa, April 6. 404d

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 25 inches long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

418-td

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we in end to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 430y

THOS RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER, **BOOKBINDER,** Metcalfe-street, BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for BOOKBINDING, PAPER-RULING, or BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING, Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 410*

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H P McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867. 383-13w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26th APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of trade and commerce, except under leases of licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL.

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)
DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada,

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought it hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic., Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,) —to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirements of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—Establishment.

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Medical Superintendent.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books; and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—Passengers.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—Vessels.

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for farther observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
391tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do. of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

By-Law No. 246.

By-law to amend By-law No. 232 relating to the Fire Department:

WHEREAS it is desirable to amend By-law No. 232, therefore the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, hereby enacts as follows:

1. That in addition to the office of Superintendent created by the said By-law, there shall also be created and established the office of Assistant Superintendent.

2. That the Assistant Superintendent shall, in the absence of the Superintendent, perform all the duties, and have all the powers of the Superintendent, as the same are described in said By-law No. 232, and the appointment and removal of the said Assistant Superintendent shall be subject to the same conditions as those provided in said By-law regarding the office of Superintendent.

3. That when the Superintendent is present on the occasion of any fire, the Assistant Superintendent shall receive and obey the instructions of the Superintendent and act as his aid and assistant in the direction of the Fire Brigade; and at all times in the ordinary routine of duty, the said Assistant Superintendent shall aid and assist the Superintendent as directed by the said Superintendent.

4. That the salary of the Assistant Superintendent shall be *two hundred dollars* per annum.

5. That John Langford be, and he is hereby appointed Superintendent of the Fire Department, and Paul Favreau is also, in like manner appointed Assistant Superintendent.

6. That all provisions and enactments of By-law No. 232 fixing and granting premiums for the first and second engines at fires, and for the first arrival of a hook and ladder carriage, are hereby repealed.

7. That in lieu of premiums the sum of *one hundred and fifty dollars* per annum shall be paid to each City Fire Company, in addition to regular allowance under clause No. 8 of By-law No. 232, and *one hundred dollars* per annum to each hook and ladder company.

8. That all allowances for drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to fires are hereby disallowed, and the enactments in relation thereto contained in By-law No. 232 are hereby repealed.

9. That in lieu of such premiums and allowances, the sum of *seventy-five dollars* shall be paid to the Chaudiere and Ottawa Fire Companies respectively, and the sum of *fifty dollars* shall be paid to each of the other fire companies, and to each hook and ladder company, to defray the expense of drawing engines and hook and ladder apparatus to and from fires.

10. That the fees and premiums provided in By-law No. 232, for the first and SECOND puncheons of water arriving at any fire, are hereby abolished, and the enactments of By-law No. 232 in that regard are hereby repealed.

11. That in lieu of said premiums the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS is hereby appropriated, to be placed at the disposal of the Fire Superintendent, for rewards to those who arrive first at fires with a supply of water, the same to be paid and expended as the Superintendent shall decide.

12. That the Superintendent shall immediately after every fire report in writing to the Mayor all circumstances relating thereto which come to his knowledge.

13. That all provisions of said By-law No. 232, and other By-laws of this Corporation, repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this By-law, are hereby repealed and declared void.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-ninth day of April, A. D 1867.

(Signed.)
ROBERT LYON, *Mayor.* L.S.

Certified.
WM. P. LETT, *City Clerk.* 423-3

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers* in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers* in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers* Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*: also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

RAILROADS.

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6:20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustees.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c. ... 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 429. | OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY. MAY 8, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employés, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 293-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fieck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21utf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c, &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other ... for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moss Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa,
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 30. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES.
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 356-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 327y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 301td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order.
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

No. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT!

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,	COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

BLANKETS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA. September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Candling Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt but cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
406-tf

TOBACCOS.

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NEW BOOKS.
DURIE & SON
HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.
"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.
"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."
"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.
THE CHEAP WAVERLEY
Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.
THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.
Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.
Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.
The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.
Good Words—bound—for 1866.
For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, April 4. 400y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN
AS THE
McCAUL FARM.
THE FARM is pleasantly situated on the Banks of the Ottawa River, in the Township of Clarence, near the Steamboat Landing, and adjoining "Butternut Grove," the residence of G. R. L. Fellowes, Esq.,
Containing 200 Acres,
Of Land, a portion of which is under cultivation, and on which is a convenient and well finished Stone Cottage and out-buildings.
For particulars, apply to
Z. S. M. HERSEY.
Hawkesbury Village, April 15, 1867. 414tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE Property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as, T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenant therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hall Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROPERTY is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels
&c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street
March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of
MASKS.
ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Card
1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.
P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 3-tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 5 p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem.
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa [illegible] 2 [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

To Lumbermen—Magee & Russell.
Boot and Shoe Store—George Murphy.
An Experienced Salesman Wanted.
Key Lost.
Trunks, Saddles, &c.—S. & H. Borbridge.
Corinthian Lodge—Geo. H. Lane.
House for Sale—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MAY 8, 1867.

We mentioned some days ago that the Hon. John Carling had been nominated as candidate for the representation of London in the House of Commons and Mr. David Glass for the Legislature of Ontario. It has since transpired that the desire to obtain Mr. Carling's services for both Legislatures has proved too strong for Mr. Glass's prospects of a successful candidature. A meeting was called of both parties to nominate an opponent to Mr. Glass, and in the meantime a requisition was circulated calling upon Mr. Carling to accept the candidature for both Legislatures. At the latest advices from London Mr. Glass had signified his willingness to retire, provided Mr. Carling would accept the duties of Local Representative, and Mr. Carling had expressed himself as willing to represent London in both Legislatures, if Mr. Glass would withdraw, so that we may consider it as good as settled that the Hon. John Carling will be the member for London at Toronto as well as at Ottawa, for opposition to him is considered on all sides as entirely out of the question.

We are rejoiced at this result. Mr. Carling is the first man of parliamentary experience who is yet fairly before the electors for the Local Assembly, if we except the Hon. J. S. Macdonald and Col. O. R. Gowan. We hope that the good sense of the constituencies will be aroused to the impropriety of entrusting the working of the Legislative machinery of the Local Constitution to untried men, and that before the elections come round many of our ablest politicians will have consented to accept seats in the Assembly of Ontario, if only for a Session or two, in order that the best experience of the country may assist at the setting in motion of the new Constitution. There is of course a natural reluctance on the part of members to assume even the appearance of monopolising political honor; and there is on the part of aspiring candidates a very natural disposition to decry the system of electing the same man to the two Parliaments. But the circumstances of the Province are entirely exceptional, and every year the necessity or desirability of continuing this exceptional system will be growing less. It is at the beginning that the greatest necessity exists for experienced men in the Local Legislature, and it is just at the beginning, unless the course we advocate is followed, that there will be the greatest deficiency of tried Legislative talent.

A brief despatch in yesterday's paper announced that the Emperor of Brazil had issued a decree declaring the abolition of slavery, the mandate to take effect within twenty years, and all the children born of slaves, from this time to be free from their birth. Happy Empire to have achieved by the Emperor's decree, a result which has cost the Republic hundreds of thousands of lives, and countless millions of dollars! and no less happy slaves, who seeing the end of the degradation of their race, and their children growing up to a state of freedom, are not themselves thrust suddenly into a condition of existence for the duties of which they are unprepared. They will be spared the double infliction of the "Freedman's Bureau" and the philanthropic patronage of the apostles of "impartial suffrage."

That the Empire should have laid the foundation by peaceful and constitutional means for reaching the result which the Republic achieved by such disastrous violence, ought to furnish a lesson to our neighbors and set them a thinking whether, after all they have acted wisely or well in preventing the establishment of Imperial Government in Mexico. The condition of the slave population of Brazil will, for the remainder of their bondage, doubtless be much better than will be that of the Southern Blacks for many years, or even of the Mexican populace who by the intrigues of the American Government have become a prey to anarchy and the merciless tyranny of rival and reckless military chieftains. Had the American Government provided for the peaceful emancipation of Southern slaves by purchase, or by a gradual extinction of the right of property in them, they would have achieved a moral triumph which would have elevated the character of the Republic in the eyes of the world. But the abolition of slavery as a mere accident of war, as a deed justified only by the rules of war for the destruction of the enemy's property, brings with it nothing of that consciousness of moral greatness, which the emancipation of four millions of human beings from bondage to freedom, ought to bring with it. The American people by their fanatical intemperance of agitation were only saved from rending their country in twain, because the greater physical power of one of the contending factions enabled it to overcome the other. Their emancipation, like the sacking of one of their cities, was but a rude, ruthless deed, in its immediate consequences injurious alike to the emancipated slave and his injured master, while the spectacle of the Brazilian Empire in liberating its bondsmen by peaceful progressive and gradual means, is suggestive of the existence of a high appreciation of human rights, and a solid foundation of liberty. Emancipation in Brazil is attended by every circumstance which can give it significance in the eyes of the world, and true value to the slave; in the United States it was the accidental result of an internecine feud, carried out in utter disregard of the interests of the negroes, and—up to this time—has undoubtedly proved a curse instead of a blessing to the great majority of them.

By the abolition of slavery in Brazil, it may be said that the "peculiar institution" has almost ceased to exist among civilised nations. The slave population of Brazil is estimated at about 3,000,000, two-thirds of whom will probably live to participate in the act of emancipation. With the gradual extinction of slave labor a fresh impetus will be given to the industry of the people at large, and it may fairly be anticipated that Brazil, which offers natural facilities for settlement unsurpassed by any country under the sun, will now become an attraction to the surplus populations of some of the continental countries of Europe; and that under a system of free labor, and a wisely administered constitutional government, such as Brazil possesses, its progress towards natural greatness in the future is fully assured.

The Stratford *Beacon*, a Reform journal of considerable local influence, combats, at length, and with vigor, the arguments of the *Globe* in favor of the premature disruption of the Coalition. The question of "patronage" upon which Mr. Brown evidently relied in his effort to convince the party that the Reform Members of the Cabinet should withdraw from further association with the Conservatives in the administration of public affairs, is effectually disposed of by the *Beacon*, and the following extract from its remarks has a touch of humor in it—it brings the question fairly home to Mr. Brown:

"No doubt the Reform members of the Cabinet feel as keenly as ever Mr. Brown did when he was in the Government, the "unpleasantness of their position;" but they will probably like him sacrifice their personal feeling for the completion of the great constitutional work which he gave them to do, and which he assisted for a long time in carrying on. And if such *as faint by the way* claim to be entitled to wear the crown, what ought not to be the reward of those who endure even to the end? We agree with the *Globe* that the Reformers had not their share of the good things going at the hands of the Coalition. But their desire to continue the Coalition until its work is finished, in spite of this, is an evidence of their unselfish sincerity, and a direct answer to those who would accuse them of holding on to the skirts of the Coalition for the sake of the loaves and the fishes."

LOCAL NEWS.

Field Battery.—The officers, non-commissioned officers, gunners, drivers and horses will parade in uniform at 2 o'clock on Friday the 17th and Tuesday 21st *inst.*, for brigade drill.

Sale of Real Estate.—The real estate property of the late Geo. Bell, Esq., comprising Lots Nos. 17 and 18 in the 2d Con. Nepean, in accordance with advertisement, was sold yesterday, by Mr. Amos Rowe, to Messrs. Thomas and William Graham, of Bell's Corners, for the sum of $6,100.

Police Court.—Only one case, Terence O'Neill—slightly oblifricated and kicking up a row. Terence had fallen into bad company, and as he expressed it, taken a cruiskeen too much. Being a harmless fellow, he was sent down to the "loop hole" for three days—just long enough to sober up.

Acknowledgment.—The Treasurer of the Protestant Orphan Home begs to acknowledge the receipt, with thanks, of the sum of $3.67, being proceeds of a Juvenile Bazaar, held by Susan and Bessie Kelty, Lizzie and Florence Slater, Isabella Cassels, and Isabella Skead.

Blackwood's Magazine.—April 1867. *New York: L. Scott & Co., publishing Co. Ottawa: John Durie & Son.* Contents: Elizabeth and Mary Heman's ancient Christianity; The moral and political revolution in Japan; The Army—part 3; Manhood Suffrage and the Ballot in America; A Letter never Sent; Brownlows—part 4; The Ministers and their Measures. The articles in the present number are exceedingly interesting.

Temperance Meeting.—At the meeting of the Irish Catholic Temperance Society, held in St. Patrick's Hall, on Sunday last, the following officers were elected for the current year:—President, Rev. Father Molloy; 1st Vice President, John Heney, Esq.; 2nd do., John O'Reilly, Esq.; Treasurer, Thos. Kehoe; Secretary, P. G. Leyden; Assistant Secretary, Martin Battle; Committee of Management, Messrs. H. Tonney, I. Kehoe, S. Hanly, L. Grubert, W. Kehoe, W. Busn, W. Brennan, R. O'Reilly, P. Brady, and W. Duffy. The meeting was enthusiastic, and business transacted with that energy that augurs well for the success of this society. The members, individually, have work to perform, and if every man works vigilant in the discharge of his duty, some brands may be plucked from the fire ere another year passes away.

Christian Brothers' School.—The pupils of this excellent institution, about 500 in number, were publicly examined at the St. Patrick's Hall. A large concourse of the pupils' friends had gathered to note the progress made, and we are assured that it was of a highly satisfactory nature. The pupils—French and English speaking—are pretty evenly balanced, being about half and half, and are divided into six classes, directly presided over by the Christian Brothers, gentlemen whose education and high scholastic training has, in every point of view, qualified them for the noble task of instructing the youth of our generation. After the examination a programme, consisting of music, dialogues, speeches, etc., was entered upon, and in almost every instance received unbounded and well merited applause. The entertainment terminated a little after ten o'clock, in a manner reflecting the highest credit on all connected with the school.

NORTH LEEDS AND GRENVILLE.

Wolford.

A public meeting of the inhabitants of the Township of Wolford, was held in the Town Hall of Mirrickville, on the 2nd of May, 1867, Aaron Mirrick, Esq., J. P., of Mirrickville, in the Chair, and John Burchill, Esq., Provincial Land Surveyor, Secretary. The Town Hall was densely crowded, a large number being unable to obtain seats. Amongst those present were several Justices of the Peace, and Town Councillors, together with George Montgomery, James Bates, and Ogle R. Gowan Esqs., candidates for the representation of the Riding, in the House of Commons, and in the Provincial Legislature. At the close of the speaking, the following resolution was moved by Mr. Charles Edwards, seconded by Hugh Brown, Esq., J. P., and carried by a large majority: *Resolved*, that this meeting pledges itself to support Lieut.-Col. Gowan as a candidate to represent the North Riding of Leeds and Grenville in the Local, or Provincial Legislature.

A. Mirrick, Chairman.
John Burchill, Secretary.

Elmsley.

At a public meeting of the inhabitants of South Elmsley, held in the Town Hall, Smithsfalls, on Friday the 3rd of May, Edward F. Weekes, Esq., J. P., and Town Councillor, was called to the Chair, and Mr. John Ferguson, appointed Secretary. There was a very good attendance of the yeomanry of the county, the large Town Hall being nearly full. There was also a number from the Town and adjoining Township. Mr. Gowan's address was very able, and towards its close, frequently elicited applause. The following resolution was moved by Mr. Robert Hunter, seconded by Mr. Robert Ferguson, and unanimously adopted: *Resolved*, that we are well pleased to have the opportunity of tendering a cordial welcome to our old and consistent friend, Col. Ogle R. Gowan, and are happy to hear from him that he consents to serve as our representative in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, and we hereby promise him our united and active support. And we sincerely trust that, as a well earned reward for past services, his election may be by acclamation. *Carried unanimously.*

E. F. Weekes, Chairman.
John Ferguson, Secretary.

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Sixth Day.

Tuesday, May 7.

The court opened at 9:30 a.m.

The case of Cushman *vs.* MacDonnell, continued. After the case had been fully argued and a profound depth of legal acumen gone into, the point for the jury's decision was set down as to whether the taxes paid by defendant to the Sheriff, at Cornwall, who had no right to receive it, was an authority for payment to the Treasurer for the district of Ottawa. The jury after deliberation, returned a verdict for defendant.

The Queen *vs.* Joseph Shroeder, bigamy. J. F. Boulton for defendant. The indictment set forth the prisoner as having been married in Montreal in 1862 to one Marie Dallas, and afterwards, in Ottawa, and while the previous mentioned wife was still alive, having married one Annie O'Brien, the said last marriage having been consummated by the prisoner under the name of Hilliard.

James O'Reilly, Esq., Q. C., in placing the case before the jury strongly urged upon them the necessity, if the statements he was about to bring before them were proven, to find a verdict against the prisoner, for he, the learned counsel, held that the crime of bigamy was a most heinous one, one perpetrated against not only the laws of the land, but the laws of God.

The first witness called was Clemence Doll, who swore that he knew the prisoner at the bar, and that he was present at a marriage between the prisoner at the bar, and one Sophie Damlos, in the Catholic Church in Montreal, in '62, known as the Cathedral of Notre Dame; that the ceremony was performed by a Catholic Priest, the Rev. Mr. Prevost, properly robed as according to custom; was present as a witness to the marriage.

Cross examined—Know prisoner for eight years, lived in Montreal to my knowledge about seven years; have known Sophie Damlos about nine years; don't know that she was ever married before; was at the time of marriage about 19 years old.

Elizabeth Baker sworn—Reside at present in Gloucester, lived in Montreal in '62—and there knew the prisoner Joseph Shroeder—knew his wife—her name before marriage was Sophie Damlos; know that they lived together as man and wife; knew his first wife, she was dead at the time he married Sophie Damlos; seen the last named person a short time ago at the Police Court in this city.

Rev. Mr. Wardrope sworn—Am a clergyman of the Presbyterian Church, officiating in this city; on the 11th Sept., 1866, I married one John Hilliard, said to be residing in Gloucester, to one Annie Nolan; I recognise the prisoner at the bar to the best of my knowledge, as the person I married to Annie Nolan. They were married by the usual proclamation of bonds in the church.

E. J. O'Neill sworn—Am a police officer; a woman calling herself Mrs. Shroeder, applied to me about her husband having left her, and married another woman; brought the prisoner at the bar face to face with her, and they at once recognised each other. She said to him, how are you Mr. Hilliard—hope you are doing well with your new name and wife; after driving some distance together, they commenced talking in the German language; after reaching Billings' Bridge he said, I wrote to you in the States several times, got no answer, and had you not left me I would not have married again. At the Police Magistrate's office, I said, the woman in the house when I arrested you is your present wife; he replied, yes; I recognise the person now standing up as her, and he called her Annie O'Brien. Afterwards I said, is this the woman to whose marriage Louise Pulaski was a witness? he said no; she has gone to the States and left me. She told me of his marriage with Sophie Damlos, who he sometimes called Marie Dallas, in Montreal, and that Doll, and another person were witnesses to the marriage, which was solemnized by a Priest named H. J. Prevost; I afterwards went to Montreal and procured a copy of the certificate of marriage from the Registrar.

Peter Aylen, Esq., of Aylmer, was placed in the box, and read a translation of the marriage certificate referred to.

Annie O'Brien sworn—Know the prisoner at the bar; became acquainted about nine months ago in this city; was married to him by the Rev. Mr. Wardrope; I gave in my maiden name, Annie Nolan; have been married before; my husband was dead at the time; was married to prisoner on the 3rd of September; lived together about six months, in Gloucester. I met a woman at the Police Court in this city, who claimed him as her husband.

This was the last witness for the prosecution.

The jury having had the case placed before them in accordance with the evidence, retired, and after five minutes came into court with a verdict of "Guilty."

The Queen *vs.* Joseph Shroeder. *Bigamy.* This second indictment set forth the marriage of the prisoner to one Bridget Connors *alias* Higgins.

The testimony given on the former charge was read over to the deponents, and re-affirmed to. In addition to his former testimony, E. J. O'Neill said, when at the Police Magistrate's office, he asked the prisoner if this was the woman to whose marriage Louise Pulaski was witness. He (the prisoner) replied, "No; that was Bridget Connors or Higgins." I then asked, where was he married to her? He replied, in the little frame church below the market, in Ottawa.

Rev. Mr. Stone, sworn—Produced the marriage register of the York-street Methodist church. Mr. A. A. Brown was the resident minister of this church in September, 1865. The entry in the book records the marriage of Joseph Hallat, residing in Ottawa, to Bridget Connor, also residing in Ottawa. Mr. Brown, soon after this marriage, removed to Murfreesboro', Tenn. I recognize the entry as being made in Mr. Brown's hand-writing. At this time I was residing in Brockville.

Louise Pulaski, sworn—Reside in Gloucester; know the prisoner at the bar for about 20 months; know him by the name of Joseph Heller. I know a woman called Bridget Higgins, not Connors, but she was known as Joseph's wife—I mean the prisoner at the bar—he called her Bridget. I know they were married near a little church, below the market, in Ottawa, about the 11th September, 1865, myself and several others were present when they were married—they were married in the minister's house. Know that they lived together as man and wife for about two months.

Laurence Brown, sworn—I know the prisoner at the bar—know Bridget Connors—was present at the recording of the names of the prisoner and Bridget, at Mr. Brown's house, near the church on York-street; after the marriage came out with me, and we went down to the place where Joseph lived. Afterwards in conversation, Joseph said to me he was now married to Bridget, and she was a tidy woman; she was generally called Bridget Higgins; she was sometimes called Connors, and at others Higgins; she told me she gave in the name of Connors to be married by; he (the prisoner) told me he had been called three times in church by the Rev. Mr. Brown.

H. J. Boulton addressed the jury on behalf of the prisoner, after which his Lordship summed up the evidence. The jury retired and in ten minutes came into court with a verdict of "Guilty."—Sentenced on first indictment, Penitentiary three years; second indictment, Penitentiary two years.

Brown *vs.* Stevens.—Action for damages. R. Lees, Esq., County Attorney for pltf., O'Reilly and Walker for deft. Brown, the pltf. in this case, claimed damages for having his leg broken in a scuffle which took place at the Commercial College in this city, in which the deft. Stevens threw him down, causing the breaking of a bone, and thereby a permanent injury for life. The nominal claim for damages was set down at £5,000.

The evidence adduced, showed that some words arose between pltf. and deft., about the rudiments of Book-keeping, and that they finally clenched, after Brown had said "you are a d—n liar." Stevens threw Brown, when the latter complained that his leg was hurt. Stevens expressed great surprise and sent for a doctor, and pltf. was taken home; both parties were angry and talking loud. When Brown was down Stevens raised his coat and playfully slapped him.

Dr. Wood, sworn—I am a licensed practical physician and surgeon; was called upon to attend Mr. Brown at the Commercial College, last fall, and found that his left leg was broken, and the ankle partially dislocated; the break was just above the ankle joint (leg bones and a foot were here exhibited—the large bone is called *tibia*, the smaller or back bone *fibula*, and the spot where the fracture was made on Brown's leg was here pointed out). When Brown was taken home, I put on splints to remedy the evil—it was a difficult case to treat from the many injuries. In time Mr. Brown will be better than he is now, but will never be as well as before, for the bone is somewhat shorter, and will cause a halt or limp in his walk; the left leg will be a quarter of an inch shorter than the other; it will be some time before it will be perfectly well; the shortening could not be avoided in consequence of the injury being so near the ankle joint; if the limb had been extended, it would have caused a stiffness of the ankle joint. I am not attending him now; my charge for services was $46. I was attending him about two months; know nothing of his circumstances, nor of Mr. Stevens; during the time Mr. Brown's leg was in the splints, he would require constant attention.

Cross-examined.—Have been in practice 14 years; have a speciality—the cure of cancer; do practice more at medicine than surgery; there is, however, more of the former than the latter; did not try the extensions, because I did not deem it prudent; it would not have been wise; fractures from accidental turning of the ankle are of frequent occurrence; they are generally of a very bad character; Dr. Leggo did not, to the best of my knowledge, tell me that I had botched the job; I have a general practice as well as a speciality—my cure of the cancer.

Mr. Johnston Brown (father of the plaintiff) sworn—My son suffered a great deal; has not been able to do anything as yet; was just fitting himself out to make a start in the world; has no means to support himself; am not able to do anything for him; have heard that Stevens has means; know he has; know he lends money; has lent me money; I owe him yet about $1500; Stevens came to the house from the college, and in my presence said it was his fault.

Cross-examined—It was but a few minutes after my boy was brought in; there was a good deal of sympathy expressed for him; the doctor came to the house with him; I am indebted to Mr. Stevens. I was sued in February, shortly after I brought this action; when my son made the statement about how the affair occurred, the doctor and several others were present.

Mrs. Margaret Brown—pltf's. mother, sworn—The testimony given in point of fact was all from hearsay, and amounted in part to a corroboration of Mr. Johnston Brown's.

Mr. Lees summed up the evidence for the plaintiff.

The defence called no witnesses, but rested their case on the evidence drawn out of plaintiff's witnesses.

Jas. O'Reilly, Q. C., in addressing the jury expressed his surprise at the charge made, that he was brought specially from Kingston to defend this case. My learned friend has put on a great solemnity—preaching a sermon—I never knew him to be so before now; lawyers are not given to much solemnity. There is no need of it, if the case had been put straight and honest it would have been much better; I had expected to have seen this young man Brown, almost dead—not a bit of it—all this is put on for the occasion, as soon as this case is over he will skip as nimbly as ever. The run on my client seems to be made because he is married and has some money. Now, gentlemen, I put it to yourselves—in your school-boy days, did you not have playfulness about you? Did you never have a wrestle in side or back hold? Does not the whole evidence go to show that the whole matter was a mere schoolboy scuffle—did not one of the witnesses show that after Stevens had thrown Brown, he turned up his coat playfully and slapped him? Was he not then the first—when Brown complained—to fly to his assistance? Who gave the first offence? Not Stevens. Brown was the aggressor, by using the words: "You are a d—n liar," or words to that effect. The learned counsel then proceeded to examine the testimony of the old man and the old lady, which he showed were at variance with that given by the pupils, who were present, but that the secret of the suit lay in the fact that Mr. Brown—the plaintiff's father—owed Stevens, and had this not been the case, the suit would never have been instituted

The Grand Jury came into court and presented in the case of William Scott, for perjury, a true bill, and in that of Henry Walsh for manslaughter, no bill.

His Lordship addressed the jury, putting the evidence to them as he had taken it down, and they retired for deliberation.

The court was then adjourned, it being half-past ten o'clock, until half-past nine this a. m.

—Good words cost nothing but are worth much.—Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "Mrs. S.A.Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum are the best preparations I have ever known. They have restored my gray hair to its original color." Sold by all Druggists. Depot 198 Greenwich st., N. Y.

—The London *Times* states in a leader that it learns from America that a special Commissioner of Revenue has received instructions to visit Europe and see what he can discover touching the labor and wages question, the relations of employer and employed, the operation of protective duties, &c. This envoy, who has to report to Congress before the conclusion of the year, will arrive at a most opportune moment, for the revelations of our Trades' Union Commission will be ready for his notice and consideration.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryans' Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's pulmonic wafers or cough and voice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

Somebody Says.—There is something peculiarly attractive in a horse. His intelligent eye and ear, his lofty carriage, his free and graceful motion, his vast strength, his obedient temper, and his indispensable use, all endear him to us. We love to look at his fine proportions, and take in the inspiration of his energy and power, but it is only when the horse is properly cared for—when he is free from disease or unsoundness of any kind that he will exhibit these points of attraction, and without which he is of but little value. A package of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine, should be in possession of every man who owns a horse to be used in case of emergency. Don't fail to get it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7, 1867.

Hon. Mr. Howland arrived in town last night.

The annual meeting of the Merchants' Exchange Association took place to-day. Thos. Clarkson, Esq., was elected President for the ensuing year.

The census of the city, taken by the assessors, shows a falling off in the population, but this can hardly be correct. From their figures there would seem to be a decrease of upwards of 4,000 since 1861. A special census is talked about to arrive at the fact, as it is known the assessors performed that part of their duty in a very hasty manner.

Mr. Simpson, agent for Leslie's Nursery, has been missing for some days, and it is feared he has met with foul play. When last seen he had a considerable amount of money in his possession.

Two mail conductors on the Grand Trunk railroad, have recently been discharged on suspicion of being implicated in the disappearance of certain money letters on their divisions. The matter has been undergoing investigation for some time by the post-office authorities.

An unknown man was found dead on the track near Cobourg last night—his head being completely severed from the body. Nothing was found on his person to lead to his identification.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 7, 1867.

The weather is very disagreeable. It has rained almost incessantly for three days.

New Brunswick papers state that the Hon. John Rose is to be Lieut.-Governor of that province, and that one of the maritime provinces will furnish a Governor for Ontario.

A large quantity of war materials and stores, is reported on the way out to this country.

Engineers have begun preliminary operations at Longueuil in connection with the fortifying of Montreal.

SECOND DESPATCH.

Montreal, May 7, 1867.

A despatch received this evening from Halifax, states that the steamship *China* encountered terribly stormy weather on the passage out. On Friday last her decks were completely swept by a heavy sea. One seaman was washed overboard, J. C. Cogswell, of Halifax, was killed, one man's leg broken, and several other persons seriously injured. Hon. Mr. Mitchell had his ancle sprained.

FROM HALIFAX.

Halifax, May 7, 1867.

The steamship *China* arrived at 11:30 last evening. The Hon. P. Mitchell is among the passengers.

FROM ST. JOHN.

St. John, N. B., May 7, 1867.

Dr. Aylward was elected Mayor of St. John, N. B., to-day.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

London, May 7—Eve.—Consols 91¼; Erie 41¼; Ill. C. 75¼; U.S. 5-20's 71¼.

Sitting of the Peace Conference.

London, May 7.—The conference of the European Governments for the settlement of the conflicting claims of France and Prussia in regard to the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, met in this city to-day. It is reported that the leading powers hesitate to carry out the proposition for guaranteeing the neutralization of Luxemburg, and that the people of the Grand Duchy ask for annexation to Belgium.

The Government has accepted the Liberal amendment to the Reform Bill, providing for a lodgers' franchise.

Trial of Fenians.

Dublin, May 7.—The prisoner Connolly was to-day convicted of high treason by the special commission, and the prisoner Clark was acquitted and discharged from custody.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Annexation Feeling in Victoria, V. I.

San Francisco, May 6.—The *Victoria Colonist*, the oldest and most widely circulated journal in Vancouver's Island, British Columbia, says editorially, under date of the 30th ult., that nine out of every ten men in the colony, under their present state of wretchedness and poverty, would welcome annexation to the United States. These remarks were called forth by the rumor that England was about to sell her north-western American possessions to the United States.

Railroad Consolidation Prohibited.

Milwaukee, May 7.—The United States District Court yesterday granted an injunction against the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien R.R., prohibiting the consolidation of the Milwaukee and St. Paul R. R. with the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, or the paying of any dividends, interest, or any money on account of stock issued by the President and Board of Directors.

Fenians Becoming Orderly.

Cleveland, May 7.—At a meeting of the Tara Circle of the Fenian Brotherhood, that body repudiated the acts of the mob in the late outrage on the British schooner *Elk*, denying that it was done by the Fenians.

Union of Presbyterians.

New York, May 7.—The Joint Committee of the two Presbyterian General Assemblies, old and new school, after a session of a week in this city, agreed upon terms of re-union, with remarkable unanimity. These terms are to go before the churches for a year before final action.

Arrival of the "City of Limerick."

Sandy Hook, May 7.—The steamer *City of Limerick* from Liverpool 25th, has arrived.

The Eight-Hour Movement in Chicago.

Chicago, May 7.—Work has been resumed in a large number of manufacturing establishments. In some employees are working the old ten hours system, while others are working eight hours with 20 per cent. reduction in pay.

What is Not Charity.—It is not charity to give a penny to the street mendicant, of whom nothing is known, while we haggle with a poor man out of employment for a miserable dime. It is not charity to beat down a seamstress to starvation price, to let her sit in her wet clothes sewing all day; to deduct from her pitiful remuneration if the storm delays her prompt arrival. It is not charity to take a poor relative into your family and make her a slave to all your whims, and taunt her continually with her dependent situation. It is not charity to turn a man who is out of work into the streets with his family because he cannot pay his rent. It is not charity to exact the utmost farthing from the widow and orphan. It is not charity to give with a supercilious air and patronage, as if God had made you, the rich man, of different blood from the shivering recipient, whose only crime is that he is poor. It is not charity to be an extortioner—not though you bestow your alms by thousands.

The London Newspapers.—It is said that eleven years have elapsed since the London *Morning Star* began publication; twelve years since the London *Telegraph* was first issued; and twenty-one years since the London *Daily News* began. When the *Daily News* was first printed, it had the owners of *Punch*—Messrs. Bradbury & Evans—as proprietors, with Charles Dickens for chief editor, Douglas Jerrold as assistant editor, Albany Fonblanque and John Forster among the leading writers, "Father Prout" as Roman correspondent, Mr. George Hogarth (Mr. Dickens' father-in-law) as musical critic, Mr. R. H. Horn, the poet, as Irish Famine Commissioner, Mr. Dickens, Sr., as manager, and the best staff of Parliamentary reporters in London. It was to be the great rival of the London *Times*, but its career has developed that merely literary men are not the people who can make a successful newspaper. The London *Daily News* has seldom paid expenses; and now with a circulation of not over 6,000, it manages to keep above water, whilst the *Times* is as haughty, as imperious and as successful as ever.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

McCafferty, the Fenian, Found Guilty.

London, May, 7—2 p.m.—A despatch from Dublin announces that McCafferty, who has been on trial in that city for treason has been found guilty.

France and Prussia Still Arming.

Notwithstanding the preliminaries looking to the preservation of peace, France and Prussia are both rapidly arming. Their course is producing distrust and alarm in the financial circles here and elsewhere.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 7.—Gold 138⅞.

The *Post* says loans are easy, but scarcely so pressing of surplus funds by lenders, still borrowers are abundantly supplied at yesterday's rates. Governments steady with no speculative demand, and fair enquiry for investing. A heavy failure is reported in the street of a tobacco and cotton house.

Colored Men on a Virginia Grand Jury.

Richmond, Va., April 6.—The U. S. District Court—Judge Underwood presiding, commenced its session to-day. Among the members of the Grand Jury were Jno. M. Botts, and five colored men.

Preparations for the Trial of Jeff. Davis.

The *Examiner* has information that the session of the court will be prolonged until the adjournment of the Supreme Court, when Chief Justice Chase will preside at the trial of Jeff. Davis. Mr. Davis will probably be brought here on Saturday, and then held by the civil authorities till the trial.

The Great Reform Demonstration—A Female Speaker on Female Suffrage.

New York, April 7.—The *Herald's* special dated London, evening, May 6, says: The Reform demonstration in Hyde Park to-day was an immense affair. It numbered at least 100,000, embracing roughs, gentlemen, women, children, and working men. Sir Robert Walpole's proclamation that the assembly was illegal, was posted around upon every available spot, but proved utterly abortive. The morning papers announced that the Government would not attempt to put down the meeting, but all the troops in London and vicinity were under arms, and a large force of police was concentrated in a secluded part of the Park, and vehicles were kept ready to convey them to any point in case of riot. Fifteen separate meetings were organized, at one of which a woman spoke in favor of female suffrage. One stand was devoted to religious speeches; most of the revolutionary sentiments uttered by the speakers were loudly cheered as the police passed by the crowd. The Reformers advocated order, and practically carried out that idea, by driving off the trees in the park the roughs who had perched in their branches. The entire press denounce the course of the government. The Tories treat the meetings as a mob victory, while the Reformers claim them as a splendid popular triumph. The bitterest feeling exists on both sides, and all London is intensely excited. Some of the meetings are still in progress, and will continue until a late hour.

PRUSSIA.

Close of the North German Parliament—The King's Speech.

At the close of the North German Parliament April 17, a large number of Deputies were present, including Prince Frederick Charles. The Queen and the Crown Princess, with her eldest son, were in the Royal box. On the entry of the King, Herr Limson, President of the Parliament, exclaimed: "Long live the King, the Protector of the North German Bund!"

His Majesty then delivered the following speech from the throne:

"Illustrious, Noble, and Honorable Members of the Parliament of the North German Confederation: I see you again assembled around me at the termination of your important labors with a feeling of sincere satisfaction. The hopes I recently expressed from this place in the name of the allied Governments have since then, through your aid, been brought to fulfilment. With patriotic earnestness you have understood the greatness of your task, and have kept in view our common objects with voluntary self-restraint. For that reason we have succeeded in establishing upon a secure basis a Constitution whose development we may confidently leave to the future. The Federal authority is furnished with the attributes indispensable to, but also sufficient for, the prosperity and the power of the Confederation. The individual States, while their future is guaranteed by the totality of the Bund, have retained their freedom of action in all departments wherein variety and development is admissable and salutary. To the popular representation is secured that co-operation in carrying out the great national objects which corresponds to the spirit of the existing constitutions of the countries and to the necessities of the Governments to see their action supported by the agreement of the German people. All of us who have co-operated in carrying out the national task—the allied Governments as well as the representatives of the people—have readily made the sacrifice of our views and our wishes, and we were able to do so in the conviction that these sacrifices were made for Germany, and that they were worth our union. By this universal readiness, coupled with the conciliation of and victory over opposing views, the guaranty is at the same time gained for that fruitful development of the Confederation, with the conclusion of which, also, the hopes common to us with our brethren in South Germany have advanced nearer to their fulfilment. The time has arrived when our German fatherland is able to uphold its peace, its rights, and its dignity by its own collective strength. The national self-consciousness, which has found elevated expression in the Parliament, has met with a powerful echo from all quarters of Germany. None the less, however, are all the Governments and peoples of Germany unanimous that the regained power of the nation has, above all, to uphold its significance by rendering secure the blessings of peace. Honorable Gentlemen: The great work in which we have thought worthy by Providence to co-operate is approaching its completion. The popular representatives of the individual States will not refuse their constitutional recognition to what you have created in community with their Governments. The same spirit that has enabled the task to succeed here will also preside over their deliberations. Thus, then, the first Parliament of the North German Confederation may close its labors with the elevating consciousness that it is accompanied by the thanks of the Fatherland, and that the work it has accomplished will, with the help of Providence, be fruitfully developed both in our time and in future generations. May God bestow His blessing upon us and our dear Fatherland."

A Berlin despatch says that the Ambassadors of England, Russia, Denmark, and Holland were present. The *Liberte* wonders whether the French Ambassador was absent of unnoticed.

Loud cheers greeted the paragraphs relating to South Germany and the duty of securing the blessings of peace. Count Bismarck declared the session closed, and three cheers were then given for the King at the call of the Saxon Plenipotentiary.

FRENCH COMMENTS ON THE SPEECH.

The *Presse* says: The King says not a word of foreign policy. How could he mention Russia without some allusion to arrangements made with her? How mention Austria without explaining the difficult position of the two Governments? How speak of France without giving rise to a manifestation and without envenoming the existing dispute? Silence was the only way of getting out of the difficulty. * * * The whole importance of the speech is in the passage where the Prussian King congratulates himself that Germany is in a position to defend the peace, her rights, and her dignity. Is peace in danger? Is the dignity of Germany threatened? In what manner and by whom? Are the rights of Germany in peril? What is the right in question, and what is the attempt made on it?"

COUNT BISMARCK.

The *Entendard* contradicts the rumor of Count Bismarck's resignation, and says that his position in the Prussian Ministry is stronger than ever. Bismarck has gone into the country for his health.

ALLIANCE OF PRUSSIA WITH RUSSIA.

La Presse is informed from Vienna that there is no longer any doubt that the defensive alliance concluded between Prussia and Russia last year has been converted into one for offense and defense.

THE COBDEN STATUE.

The splendid statue of Richard Cobden, which has been erected at Manchester, England, was inaugurated on the 25th April. The ceremony of handing the statue over to the city authorities was to have been performed by Mr. Gladstone, but in his unavoidable absence the duty was performed by Mr. George Wilson, who was Chairman of the anti-Corn Law League. Mr. Wilson said:

Having been for seven years in almost daily contact with him, it is not to be expected that I should be able to give in a few short sentences a sketch of the labors which were imposed upon me during that period. [Hear, hear.] But, having enjoyed for years before the origin of the League the personal friendship of Mr. Cobden, and having labored with him for other objects besides free trade, I may state for the encouragement of the young men of Manchester—[hear, hear]—that he was no favorite of fortune; he had no advantage of birth or education above the average of young men who occupy a similar position to his at the present time. If you had passed down Mosley-st. 30 years ago you would have found him seated at his desk attending to his correspondence, or striving to build up a large and prosperous business; but you would have found also that he always possessed leisure to give attention to public objects, and to the applications made for charitable purposes. ["Hear, hear," and cheers.] From the first, no man who called on Mr. Cobden could have failed to be convinced that he desired from the bottom of his heart to undertake the discharge of those public duties which would confer a benefit on his fellow-townsmen. [Hear, hear.] From the first, he desired to succeed in business, and he paid close attention to it; but he also emancipated himself from the desire to amass wealth merely for the purpose of enjoying it, and he conquered and overcame the desire of amassing it for the purpose of self gratification. [Hear, hear.] He sought the benefit of his fellow-countrymen from the first. I will not say that in his early life Mr. Cobden might not wish to have the approbation of his fellow-countrymen, and that that might not be a great stimulus to him in his public work; but I will say this, that after the first commencement of his public labors no man desired less to serve the people for the sake of applause, and to no man was that applause which men think so much of, so painful as it was to him during the last days of his life. [Hear, hear.] He separated his duty as a citizen from the applause which usually follows good works. He desired, from the mere desire of doing good, to benefit those around him. [Hear, hear.] Gentlemen, if you will look at his political life you will find that he was not exempt, like other public men, from the vicissitudes which attend an honest course of public action. He stood for Stockport in 1837, and he lost his election. He was called from the Council of the League in 1841, to Stockport, and was returned by a large majority. In 1847, he was returned for Stockport, and for the great West Riding, during his absence, free of expense. [Cheers.] In 1857, ten years later, he found it difficult to obtain a seat. He was unsuccessful in his desire to obtain a seat for a moderately-sized borough in the West Riding. And yet, when he closed his career he closed it, not inappropriately, as member for that borough which is the birthplace of his friend and companion in arms, his political brother, John Bright. [Loud cheers.] But, gentlemen, if there were vicissitudes in his public career outside of Parliament, there was none in the House of Commons. He entered the House, I may say, at a time when Protection was at its climax—when the Whigs, advocating a fixed duty, were displaced by Sir Robert Peel, and when, to all appearance, the sliding scale was to remain throughout all time to come. He took his place in the House, and an attack was made upon him by Sir Robert Peel in 1843, which called forth the expression of his fellow-countrymen in his behalf. In 1846 the same Sir Robert Peel passed one of the most graceful eulogiums on Mr. Cobden that was ever heard in the walls of Parliament. [Hear.] He was offered a seat in the Government of Lord John Russell in 1846, which he declined; he declined a seat in the Government of Lord Palmerston afterward; and the House of Commons, recognizing his great and eminent services, passed on his death a tribute to his memory which will be read by his fellow-countrymen for all time to come. [Cheers.] If such, then, were the opinions of the House of Commons, he was scarcely less influential abroad. In 1847 he left England to hold free-trade meetings in Russia. He was the guest of Louis Phillippe in France; he was the correspondent of the most eminent men in Prussia; and, later on, he went to America, and was passed over all the railways in America free of expense. [A procession of trades' societies at this moment approached the square, headed by a brass band, and the clamor of the instruments for a time compelled a pause. Mr. Wilson then proceeded.] He found a seat in the Cabinet awaiting him on his return, which he declined. He went to France, and passed the French treaty. [Hear, and cheers.] He came back to England, and declined the honors of his sovereign. And where is the man who has not been benefited by the labors of Richard Cobden? [Hear, hear.] Where is the nation which might not adopt his views with advantage? [Hear, hear.] Where is the limit at which his principles are destined to be suspended? [Hear, hear.] Wherever ignorance flies before education—wherever monopoly recedes before the advancing armies of free trade—[cheers]—and wherever the red splendors of the battle-field pale before the light of peace, there you see his principles extending and advancing. [Loud cheering.] We may inaugurate this monument as a graceful recognition by his fellow-townsmen of his great and lasting services: we may pass down Peter-st., and see the great hall which was the theater of his world-renowned labors: we may pass along Bond-st., and recognize his desire to benefit the young men of Manchester in the building which stands there; we may pass the public schools in which he was deeply interested; and thus we may seek to localize and perpetuate his memory in the town of Manchester. But the great monument of his labors will be seen three times a day in the homes and on the tables of the working classes of this country [loud cheers], and will be reflected in the eyes of their children when they receive, not the limited allowance of food granted to protection, but enjoy the harvest of the civilized world. [Loud and prolonged cheering.]

THE LABORING CLASSES IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the New York World.]

The eight-hour demonstration at Chicago, which is attracting so much attention, is merely a more noticeable outbreak of an epidemic which has seized the whole laboring population of the country. The laboring classes are everywhere in profound discontent. If they had merely got some new theory or taking crochet in their heads, which only required refutation to restore them to their old habits, the present manifestations might be regarded as a transient dream. But in truth their condition has never been so depressed as it is at present, and this in spite of very high nominal wages. If they saw other classes equally pinched, they would doubtless endure their lot with more patience, looking upon it as a necessary consequence of derangements in which the whole community were common sufferers. But when they walk the streets and observe more costly apparel and extensive frippery than were ever worn before; when they compute the profits of the landlords of whom they hire their tenements; when they read in the newspapers the income returns of the wealthier classes, which are increasingly heavier while laborers find it more and more difficult to meet their weekly bills, is it strange that the enquiry forces itself upon their minds, why the pressure of the times bears so heavily on them, and so lightly upon others? Why are the rich growing every year rapidly richer, and the people who work for wages rapidly poorer? With their minds full of such questionings, and their hearts full of discontent and misgivings, is it strange that new theories of the rights of labor should penetrate easily and strike their roots deep?

Whether the old relations between labor and capital are right or wrong, it is evident enough that they are not operating in the old way. They are working more than ever before for the advantage of the rich and to the detriment of the poor. None of the defences of the old system of which certain newspapers are just now so profuse, account for those new results of its operation, which are giving such a stimulus to the strikes that are prevailing all over the country. It seems idle to discuss this question precisely as it would have been discussed seven years ago. What the artizans want to know is, why they do not partake, as formerly, in the prosperity of the other classes.

The Economy of Health.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of *you*, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

Genius and Labor.—Alexander Hamilton once said to an intimate friend, men give me some credit for genius, all the genius I have lies just in this, when I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings—my mind becomes pervaded with it; and every one who has used the Canadian Pain Destroyer can speak of the magical effect it has in subduing coughs, colds, pleurisy, rheumatism, cramps, or all pains of the human body. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.—Return of traffic for week ending April 27, 1867:

Passengers	45,362
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	4,800
Freight and Live Stock	72,732
Total	$122,894
Corresponding week of 1866	129,969
Decrease	7,075

JOSEPH HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.
428-1a-19y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 350y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

For Sale,

BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.

Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

CORINTHIAN LODGE,

A. F. and A. M., No. 59, R. C.

THE Members of this Lodge are requested to meet at the

LODGE ROOM, ELGIN STREET,

ON

Thursday next, the 9th instant,

At 2 P.M., Precisely,

In obedience to the summons of the Acting Grand Master Most Worshipful Brother, T. D Harington, for the purpose of taking part in the ceremony of laying the corner stone of St. Alban's Church.

By order of the W. M.
GEO. H. LANE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-2

Wanted,

BY O'MEARA & CO., an experienced SALESMAN, who understands the Clothing Business. Good references required.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-3

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager....John Townsend.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of THE NAIAD QUEEN, on Monday last, the Lessee has the honor of announcing it for reception with TOWNSEND'S GREAT SHADOW PANTOMIME, for the afterpiece, on Wednesday and Friday evenings.

On Wednesday evg., May 8, 1867,

Will be presented the Grand, Romantic, Operatic Spectacle, entitled

THE NAIAD QUEEN;

OR,

The Revolt of the Naiads.

The Queen, - - By Miss Florence Townsend.
Director of the Ballet, - - Mr. Hamondi.

To conclude with Townsend's great

Shadow Pantomime.

Received everywhere by crowded houses, with roars of laughter, and the most enthusiastic applause.

Gowan's full Band will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7:30; Curtain to rise precisely a 8:15. Carriages at 11.

ADMISSION—Boxes 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5; Gallery, 25 cents.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 7. 428td

The Court of Revision

FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*

City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

Trunks,
TRUNKS,
TRUNKS.

Saddles,
SADDLES,
SADDLES.

Harness,
Harness,
Harness.

CHEAP!
CHEAP!
CHEAP!

AT S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STRACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon, Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

LOST,

A KEY OF A CHUB'S PATENT CASH BOX. Any person leaving the above at the Store of R. Kenley, 32 Sparks-street, will receive a reward of $2.00.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-3

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER, Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville, April 28, 1867. 428-td

LOST, ON SATURDAY LAST, TWO Gold Charms—Tea Kettle and Horn. Any one returning them to the Department of Crown Lands, will be suitably rewarded.

May 7. 428-2

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK.

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE

BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
FLUCY,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK,

in every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,

25, Sparks-street.

May 2. 424a

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH,

(Free Seat.)

THE

CORNER STONE

OF THIS CHURCH, WILL (D. V.) BE LAID

On Thursday, the 9th Inst.

THE Clergy, Committee, Congregation and other friends, are requested to assemble at the Court House, when the proceedings will commence with the chanting of the Litany, at 2 p.m., precisely.

A procession to the ground will be formed, accompanied by the band of the 100th Regiment.

Addresses will be delivered by the Ven. Archdeacon of Ontario, and the (Acting) Grand Master, T. D. Harington, Esq.

A collection in aid of the building fund will be taken up after the stone is laid.

T. BEDFORD JONES, D. D.

☞ All are requested to bring their Prayer Books and Hymn Books. Choral practice at the the Chapel room, on Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock.

May 6. 427td

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK ST. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE,	MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER,	MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY,	MRS. WM. TAYLOR,

MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

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FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

NEW BILLIARD ROOM,

Centre Town.

TO MEET the demands of Confederation W. MURRAY has extended his Billiard Room. He has now three standard four pocket Marble Tables, with very fine new Combination Cushions, &c. All Billiard players are respectfully invited to give them a trial.

☞ Honey's Block, Metcalfe-street, opposite the Methodist Church.

WM. MURRAY, *Proprietor.*

May 6. 427a

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 8. 428-2-19w-1

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

---

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths—all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

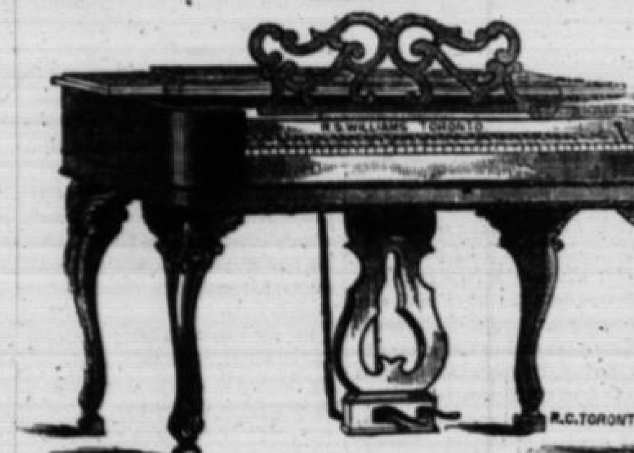
Wholesale & Retail.] [**20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons



Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.—CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

O. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, &c.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST.
Box 102, Ottawa.

May 4. 426-a

THIRD WEEK

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE!

AT

GRANT & HENDERSON'S,

As they are moving into the Bishop's New Building on Sussex Street, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of JUNE next.

Giving Decided Bargains for Cash only.

Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 427-y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

---

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK—Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

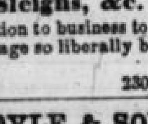
From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

Butchers,..................No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414c

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.

Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C. REIFFENSTEEN,
Acting Grand Secretary

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423-td

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

Private Board.

TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.

Address A. B. C., office of this paper.

Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

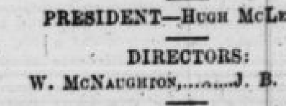
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867.  1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON,........J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

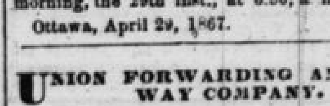
D. MURPHY, *Agent,*
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent,*
85 Commen-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER



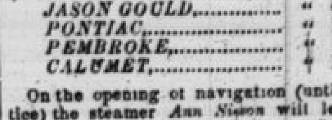
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 21-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867  1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a. m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-e

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vineyards

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 22tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Barber Shop to Let,

WELL FURNISHED.

A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.

Reference to accompany application.

Apply to

JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.

May 2. 42?a

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.

May 3. 425tf

To Rent,

BY the under-signed, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing Everyone each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD.

April 25. 418-b

For Sale,

LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mr. Lee's ..., 68 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be sold cheap for cash, and a clear unencumbered deed given.

Apply to

JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.

Ottawa, April 6. 40-d

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 355tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.............................. 9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 380tf

WANTED,

6 GOOD HOUSEMAIDS, AND 6 GOOD Laundry Maids.

Apply at the

RUSSELL HOUSE.

May 4. 426-3

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

As the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we in order to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.

10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.

Terms payable in advance.

☞ Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 421d

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 416

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & CO. *Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach.* Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. *I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing.* In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: *Sir*, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism for a long time*, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer, Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 28th, 1867 383dw

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses "from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought it hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings; Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 329y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same, —and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their farther Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?

   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?

7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected, under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?

   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?

4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarsen
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches .
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated *in* therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shewn either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition*, by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.50 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1.30 p.m.	" " 4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at............ 8.00 A.M.

Night do do at............ 8.15 P.M.

Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at............ 9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at............ 6.45 A.M.

Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at............ 8.30 A.M.

Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond............ 2.00 P.M.

Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at............ 3.30 P.M.

Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

To H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY
AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 430. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY. MAY 9, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
— COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over his office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-s

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 293-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other p..y for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

WANTED---IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,....... Liverpool,........ Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.......... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.......... 25.31
And each subsequent year.......... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.......Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.

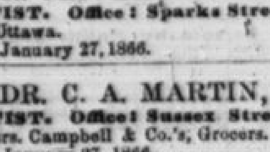
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorising the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

TOBACCOS.

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NEW BOOKS.
DURIE & SON
HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
Annual of Scientific Discovery, 1866-7.
"Ecce Deus;" "New America," by Dickson.
"Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Held in Bondage."
"Our Father's Business," and "Out of Harness," by Guthrie.
THE CHEAP WAVERLEY
Vols. published—Waverley, Rob Roy, Guy Mannering, The Pirate, Kenilworth, The Antiquary—15 cents per volume.
THE CHEAP COOPER'S NOVELS.
Vols. published—Last of the Mohicans, Water Witch, Homeward Bound, The Deerslayer—15 cents per volume.
Ticknor's New Illustrated Edition of Dickens' Works—Pickwick, Our Mutual Friend, Copperfield—Just published.
The Fruit Culturist, by Dougall.
Good Words—bound—for 1866.
For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, April 4. 400y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate: Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 16, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

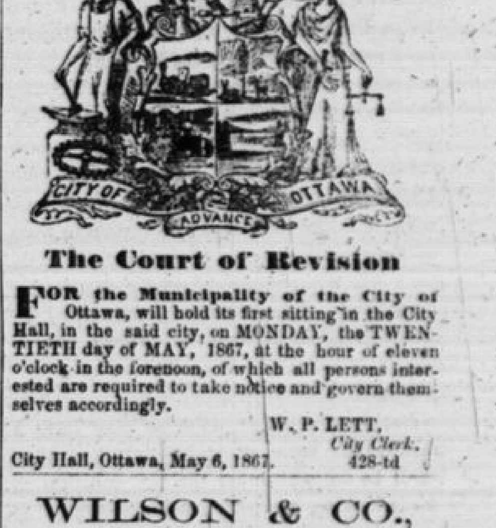
For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

A Barber Shop to Let,
WELL FURNISHED.
A GOOD OPENING for a Young Man of steady habits.
Reference to accompany application.
Apply to
JOHN E. WRIGHT,
Pembroke.
May 2. 424a

To Rent,
BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing five rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.
H. ADOLPHE PINARD.
April 25. 418-b

For Sale,
LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.
Apply to
JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.
Ottawa, April 6. 402d

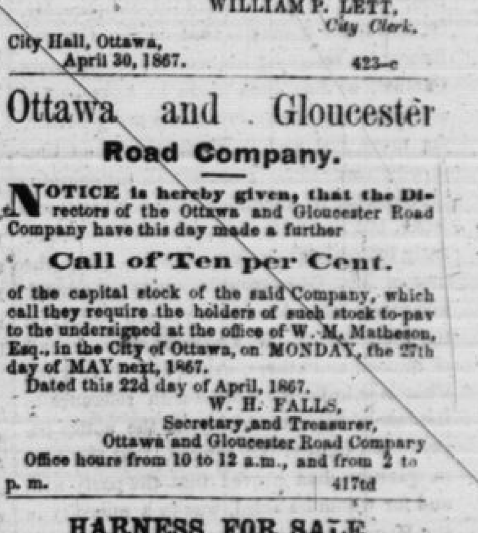
SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store.
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y



The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m



$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction the person or persons who maliciously set fire the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 2 314tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Medical Hall—W. M. Massey.
Lot for Sale in Madoc—Alfred A. Campbell.
Poclamation—J. L. Orme & Son.
Cook Wanted—Mrs. T. Duignan.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Dalhousie Lodge—William Hay.
House to Let—Mrs. Bunting.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 9, 1867.

We notice by the published list of the *Nestorian's* passengers that the Hon. Geo. E. Cartier did not arrive by that steamer.

We devote a large portion of our space this morning to the publication of the presentment of the Grand Jury, on the circumstances attending the escape of prisoners from the Ottawa jail. It is to be hoped that prompt measures will be taken to carry out the suggestions therein made. To-morrow we shall publish in full *the* evidence taken by the Grand Jury in the premises.

By an official report from the Inspector of the Quinte Gold Mining District, up to the 6th inst., we learn that about one hundred shafts have been sunk in Madoc and adjoining Townships, but the work has been temporarily suspended by the heavy rains. The increase of settlement around the mines is extraordinary; some three or four thousand persons having gone in during the last month and many of them are still engaged in prospecting. A post-office with daily mail from Madoc, is about being established at Eldorado. Gold has been found on lot 29, fourth concession of Madoc, at Downie's rapids, in Hungerford, and also in Tudor. In addition to the increased postal facilities a line of telegraph is being rapidly pushed forward to the centre of the gold region. Thirty mining licenses have been already issued. A steam quartz *crushing* machine is being imported, to be set up either at Eldorado or Bannockburn, and will be in operation in about a couple of weeks.

There is a bitterness in the tone of the political discussions at present carried on between the Union and anti-Union press of the Maritime Provinces which is happily unequalled in Canada. It is true the Chief Organiser's newspaper mouthpiece keeps up a farcical show of virtuous *indignation*, berating the poor "Tories" and the mythical "no-party" men, in a style that would do no discredit to the ferocious writers in the anti-Union papers of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, but like the fabled exhortation to piety by the presiding genius of the realms of darkness, it is without effect, because destitute of "unction." The country is not excited by it, nor will the electors be thrown into a frenzy of agitation in the absence of a real live issue.

But in the sister colonies they have a momentous issue at stake—whether they shall be dragged under the new constitution while kicking against it, and professing that its imposition is an act of oppression, or whether they shall cheerfully accept it as a measure of colonial progress, calculated to enhance their prosperity. On such an issue there is at least an excuse for bitterness, and room enough for both parties to entertain honest convictions of right, however much mistaken one of them must be. We can hardly believe, however, that the exaggerated statements of the anti-Union press can be put forth by the writers with very full faith in their truth. It is pretty generally known that personal aims and Yankee proclivities have had a great deal to do with keeping alive the anti-Union agitation, and though the zeal of the agitators may very naturally have had a considerable influence on the public mind in opposing Confederation before the passage of the Union Act, it does not by any means follow that the men who still persist in keeping up the agitation will be as successful in carrying the people with them, now that Union has been accomplished. The common sense of the Provinces will demand a fair trial for the measure before joining in an agitation for its repeal; the electors will have had full time to consider the whole question before the day of polling, and when that day does come the anti-Unionists, we have good reason to believe, will suffer an overwhelming defeat. Private advices *from* a trustworthy source lead us to hope that not more than three or four of the fifteen seats assigned to New Brunswick in the Canadian House of Commons will be filled by the disruptionists; and with regard to Nova Scotia the proportionate strength of the disaffected will not be much if any greater. Under these circumstances we can look on with equanimity at the furious newspaper warfare now being carried on by our brethren of the press in the Maritime Provinces.

Were we to trust our own judgment, after a careful perusal of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone's letter of the 18th ult., we should say decidedly that his reported resignation of the leadership of the Reform party arose entirely from a misconception of the true sense *of his letter*. *It is* absurd to call such a production "a letter of resignation," and no less absurd to compare Mr. Gladstone's course to that of Mr. George Brown, in resigning his seat in the Canadian Cabinet, as has been done by a respected contemporary whose criticisms are generally far more just and discriminating than that to which we *refer*. Pressure on our columns prevents the republication of the Gladstone letter, but the following synopsis will sufficiently inform our readers: On the 12th, the first of Mr. Gladstone's series of amendments was voted down by a majority of 21; on the 17th, Mr. R. W. Crawford, on behalf of himself and others, asked Mr. Gladstone what was to be his course with reference to the rest of his amendments on the notice paper. Mr. Gladstone replied, that the vote in question had proved that the party with and for whom he acted, was in a minority in the House; that "when any suitable occasion shall arise," if it be the wish of the party, he would "be prepared again to attempt concentrated action upon this or any "other subject for the public good." Here, then, is a declaration of willingness to continue to act for the Liberals, in his capacity of leader in the House. "But," he says, "until then....*I feel* that prudence requires "me to withdraw my attempts......accordingly, I shall not proceed with the amendments......but *I* shall gladly accompany "others in voting against an attempt from "whatever quarter, to limit yet further the "scanty modicum of enfranchisement proposed by the Government," &c., &c.

In all this we can but detect a candid confession of what everybody discovered when the result of the vote was known; that on a test issue the *Government* had beaten the Opposition, and that therefore the former and not the latter should be held responsible for the new Reform Bill. That Mr. Gladstone, as the leader of the Reform party, should decline to run the risk of a succession of defeats appears quite reasonable, and even dignified. Mr. Disraeli was seen to command a majority of the House in favor of the Government measure, and Mr. Gladstone recognised the fact. It was useless to have pursued the struggle further when beaten on the first move, and though Mr. Gladstone took this very sensible view of the situation, and avowed his intention of acting upon *it*, *it is* quite beside the question to assume that he has resigned the leadership of the Liberal party.

What is to be gathered from the vote, Mr. Gladstone's letter, and the subsequent proceedings of the Reform agitators, is that the bill of the Conservative Government will *not* be accepted by the Reformers. Mr. Gladstone has given countenance to this partizan spirit, by disclaiming on account of himself and his party, all responsibility for the bill. The misfortune to be dreaded is, therefore, that the next election, though held under the Reform Bill, now being enacted, may be carried in the midst of increasing agitation in favor of a further extension of the suffrage. Under such circumstances, the progress of Democratic ideas will be greatly accelerated by the accidental circumstance of the present bill being in the hands of the Conservatives. Mr. Bright, who knows well the Whig love for office, saw at an early period of the agitation how he could turn this to good account, and we had the honor of pointing out, last year, that the question of parliamentary Reform was being used by him as a *stalking* horse against the Derby Government—a game which will doubtless be played to the end. It is not creditable to the English Liberals, though it is quite characteristic, that they should offer, *when in office*, but a very scanty measure of reform, and insist, when out, upon a measure so sweeping as to threaten to upset the very foundations of the English parliamentary system.

"His (Mr. Kew's) philosophy has lasted the Tory editors a good while now, and we would venture to suggest that some other no-party Reformer might be advantageously trotted out now—if one can be scared up anywhere."—*Globe.*

The *Leader* has "scared up" one. Mr. George Brown, in 1854, was an exemplary advocate of an outside Coalition. Ten years later he rose above "the pitiful trammels of party;" and though for personal reasons he is now a back-slider, who shall say that within the next decade Mr. Brown will not again "repeat" himself?

LOCAL NEWS.

Personal.—The Hon. J. S. Macdonald arrived in town yesterday by the morning train.

Passed.—We are glad to learn that Mr. J. P. Robertson and Mr. Clemow, law students of this city, passed creditable examinations at Toronto yesterday.

Distinguished Visitors in Court.—During the sentencing of the prisoners, the court was honored with the presence of distinguished visitors—the Hon. John A. Macdonald and the Hon. J. S. Macdonald. His Lordship received the visitors, and in company with Judge Armstrong they occupied seats on the Bench with his Lordship for some time.

Police Court.—An unfortunate female Mary Wilford, was charged by Sergt. Davis, with having been found in an oblivious state, produced from imbibing too much "tangle leg." Mary pleaded with all her native talent, but his Worship was not in a mood to be softened with Mary's gentle persuasiveness, and accordingly fined her $2.00 and costs, or in default two weeks in the County boarding-house.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 8, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 37 above zero.

9 a. m., 48 above zero.
Noon, shade, 48 above zero.
6 p. m., 45 above zero.

Assizes—New County, Renfrew.—The first Court of Assize for the new County, will be opened at Pembroke on the 14th inst—his Lordship Judge Adam Wilson presiding. Jas. O'Reilly, Esq., Q. C., who is entrusted with the Crown prosecutions, will also be in attendance. We are told that much interest is felt by the people, and gratification expressed at the opening of the first court in Pembroke. There are some important civil cases, and a number of criminals to be disposed of.

The Theatre Last Night.—The intolerable weather prevented anything like an audience being *present*. We sympathise with Mr. Townsend in his misfortune, for it really appears to be such. So sure as a performance is announced—so sure do we have inclement weather. The "Naiad Queen" will, however, be again repeated on Saturday evening, and we advise those who have not been able to witness this grand spectacular piece, not to fail in being present, as it will be withdrawn to make room for fresh novelties.

Found Dead.—About noon yesterday the body of an old man was discovered laying in a stable in rear of the ruins of the "Canada Hotel," on Sussex-st. Dr. Biel, Coroner, was notified and an inquest held. It appears that the body has been there for some time; that the old man must have died from want and exposure, or been frozen to death. Nothing was found on his person to give a clue to his name nor was he identified. The jury returned a verdict in substance—"That it was the body of an unknown man, and there being no marks of violence on the body, deceased had died from natural causes."

Sorrowful Scene.—Shortly after the Court opened yesterday morning, Chas. Brough was again brought up to be tried for stealing one box of tea from Mr. P. Poulin. A few minutes after he had been placed in the dock, his wife with a fine, healthy-looking child in her arms, came into Court, and seated herself just behind the prisoner. She tapped him gently on the shoulder. He turned, and on meeting her gaze, a *sickly smile passed* over his countenance, but on looking at the smiling little cherub in the mother's arms, he broke down, and his feelings underwent a general revulsion. He wept bitterly, and well he might, to find that by his own willful acts, he there sat in the presence of the woman whom he had sworn to love, cherish and honor, a degraded felon, doomed shortly to hear pronounced that sentence which would place a barrier between them for many long years; she—poor, heart-broken, dejected soul—to have to submit to the cold, uncharitable eye of this *Christian* world, for the acts committed by him, and in which she had neither knowledge nor part. Again, that innocent pledge of their love, (for beyond doubt he is susceptible of feeling,) to be branded as the child of a thief; all this passing over his mind was plainly visible, and the inward convulsions of his person became painfully perceptible. Verily, the way of the transgressor is hard.

THE ASSIZES FOR THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Seventh Day.

Wednesday, May 8, 1867.

The court was opened at 9:30 a.m.

The verdict of the jury in the action for damages, Brown *vs.* Stevens, was announced—the damages being set down at $200.

Bain *vs.* McIntyre. R. Lees, Esq., County Attorney, for Plaintiff; Alexander Gibb, Esq., for Defendant. Action for damages on rent, etc.—Verdict for Defendant.

The Grand Jury came into Court and presented the following return to indictments:

The Queen *vs.* Wm. McCoomb, uttering forged orders—no bill.

The Queen *vs.* John Fitzsimmons, assisting *prisoner to escape from jail*—no bill.

PRESENTMENT OF THE GRAND JURY.

The Clerk of the Court then read the presentment of the Grand Jury, which is as follows:

The Grand Jurors of our Sovereign Lady the Queen present that they have taken into consideration your Lordship's charge, and been guided in the discharge of their duties by the lucid manner in which it defined them: that they have particularly directed their attention to that portion thereof, which related to the inspection of the County Jail, and to the investigation of the recent escape of the prisoners Fitzsimmons and Sinnett, therefrom, and they find as follows:

That having inspected the jail as part of the usual routine duty of the Grand Jury—that it is well and cleanly kept, except in the Northern corridor of the lower story, where two lunatics are confined, whose cells are in a filthy condition, and whose malady, we believe to be aggravated by the strict confinement to which they have been subjected, and that necessarily in a jail constructed for the safe-keeping of criminals alone, without any of the appliances or conveniences necessary for the care and management of dangerous lunatics. There are four cases of this description now in the prison, and we respectfully bring them under your Lordship's notice, for the purpose of having them removed to the Provincial Asylum, where their unfortunate condition can be ameliorated to a great extent, and to relieve the County Jail of an onerous burden, which is in reality a nuisance, likely to affect the health of the other prisoners, from the utter impossibility of any remedy being applied with the ordinary means at the disposal of the officers of the prison.

That there is a defective stove pipe in the southern corridor of the second flat, which should be remedied, and that the prison is destitute of a steady supply of water, which has to be carted into the premises.

For the latter want, a remedy has been proposed by H. H. Horsey, Esq., the architect, under whose superintendence, and from whose designs, the jail was built; it is that of obtaining the water from the canal by means of force pumps in the basement story, with leading pipes to the canal, or a well sunk below its level. On the site of the prison it does not appear possible to obtain water.

That, having inquired into all the circumstances of the escape of Geo. Fitzsimmons, charged with assault and robbery, and Patrick Sinnett, charged with burglary, on Tuesday morning, April 30th; they have examined the following witnesses whose evidence they herewith submit: James Bailiff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff of the county of Carleton; C. S. R. Higgins, Esq., Governor of the County Jail; Mr. Wm. McEwan, senior turnkey; John Nile, turnkey; E. J. O'Neill, detective police officer, and find as follows:—

That the only rules governing the discipline of the jail are "the authorised rules and regulations for the government of the common jails of Canada," and customary usage, and however efficient these may have been in former days, it is evident from the cases before the court, and the frequency of escapes, that they are deficient in one main requisite—*the safe keeping of the prisoners.*

It is to be regretted that a difference of opinion as to the jurisdiction should have led to the disregard of the rules proposed to be enforced for the local management of the jail by the Deputy Sheriff, and that the sole care of the prisoners was left to two turnkeys, who are manifestly insufficient for the full and proper safety of the jail.

It appears from the evidence that no regular or close inspection of the outer guards—the locks, &c., of the main doors of the prison—has been made, or enforced as a duty, and that their safe-keeping was confided to padlocks alone; the worst possible security for outer doors to which unobstructed access for several hours could be obtained.

From 9 o'clock, p.m., to half-past 6 o'clock, a.m., no sort of vigilance whatever was exercised. The whole staff of the jail consists of a jailer, two turnkeys and a matron.

One of the turnkeys is also custodian of the Court House, where he sleeps; the other sleeps in the jail, but after the periodical visit to the cells at 9 o'clock at night, it would be almost impossible for any of the parties entrusted with the care of the jail to hear any noise which might occur in the corridors, or at the eastern extremity of the building.

It appears from the evidence of the jailer and both turnkeys, that the prisoners were to all appearance safe in the cells on the night of the 29th of April last at 9 o'clock p.m. At or about 7 o'clock on the morning of the 30th of April the turnkey, Mr. Ewan, opened the Northern corridor of the second flat, in which the prisoners Fitzsimmons, Sinnett, Patrick Flood and a harmless lunatic were confined, as well as the three first named, and turned them into the corridor, thus violating in Sinnett's case the express orders of the jailer, but this was done under the plea that it was necessary to do so, to allow him to wash, remove his night pail and clean his cell. Fitzsimmons had the privilege of the corridor from the fact of long confinement, he having been in jail from the 26th of December last, beginning to tell on his health. Breakfast was served at the same time, and the turnkey retired to his own meal at the Court House.

A period variously stated of from 25 to 40 minutes elapsed when the turnkey Nyle, residing in the jail, was aroused by the noise made by the prisoner Flood, and on going to ascertain the cause was informed that Fitzsimmons and Sinnett were not in the corridor: further search immediately undertaken showed that they had escaped, and they have not since been recaptured.

The county jail is a parallelogram; standing nearly East and West; the main entrance is in the Western end, through a receiving room, called in this case "the office." It is what is popularly known as a "prison within a prison," in design; that is on each side corridors divide the *cells from* contact with the outer walls; the doors of the cells face the windows, so that access thereto *from* without is practically impossible except through the passages at either end.

From this disposition the corridors are necessarily North and South, with relation to each other, but running East and West parallel to the outer walls.

The prison is surrounded with a wall on its East and South sides about 20 feet in height, and a similar wall in a line with the West front until it joins the Court House. It looks into the Court House yard on the North side, around the East end of which a wall of about 14 feet in height is placed. This constitutes what is known as the *work yard*, where wood and water is received, and whatever labor done by the prisoners, carried on. A partition wall in which is a wooden door, continued from the East end of the prison of the same height as the wall surrounding it, separates the work-yard from the women's yard, from which there is no other outlet except through the door under the drop leading into the prison.

There are the following modes of access to the yards from the jail, viz:—two doors on the North side leading into the work-yard, one door on the East end leading into the *women's* yard, two doors on the South side leading into kitchen yard and an enclosure. There is no communication between North and South sides except through the building; at the Eastern end of each corridor a passage leads into lobby in rear of the Eastern end of the jail; a flight of steps leads from the lobby to the door communicating with the women's yard.

The passage leading out of the North corridor, to the lobby, is closed by an iron grating, opening inwards and secured by a large padlock; three feet six inches from this it is *further closed* by a wooden door, secured by a stock or rim lock, opening out into the lobby. The lock is bolted to the face of this door next the corridor, with four bolts of three-eighths *or half* inch iron, quite smooth and not burred, the nuts exposed.

The door leading to the women's yard, is covered by a grating opening inward and a wooden door opening outwards, the latter is secured by a stock or rim lock and padlock, both door and grating are locked by the one operation outside in the yard; they are about three feet apart.

The communication between the women's yard and work-yard is made by a door in the wall or partition before described; it is of wood and was secured with padlock and stock-lock.

An investigation of the manner in which the prisoners escaped led to the discovery that the grating at the Eastern end of corridor was opened, the lock on wooden door taken off, by which access was obtained to the lobby, the door of communication with women's yard opened, also the door in partition wall, between the yards. A ladder was found planted in the corner at the junction of the old and new jail walls which at this point is only fourteen feet in height, and the prisoners are *supposed* to have dropped into the street leaving behind them a sort of rope made from the *rug of Fitzsimmons'* bed, with the wire handle of his night pail attached by way of a hook, and the ladder, are the only visible agents employed.

The water closets and wash-rooms are at the Eastern end of the corridors, and the passage through which the prisoners reached the lobby lies between them and the cells.

From a close examination of the premises, the locks, witnesses, and a due consideration of all the circumstances, the Grand Jury are of opinion that this escape was managed by, assistance from without, aided by negligence from within.

The whole locks of the jail are opened by *three keys*, each turnkey and the jailer possesses the same number, they are deposited in the office through which visitors pass, and sometimes locked up alone, and from which articles have been stolen.

To effect this escape it was not necessary to possess more than *one padlock key*, for although three padlocks and three stock locks had to be opened, none of the latter, according to the evidence, were locked, but the one leading from the corridor to the lobby, of which the nuts were exposed to any one opening the grating, and which appears from Detective O'Neill's evidence to have been detached from the bolts and tampered with some time previous to the escape. The evidence of the turnkey—Nyle—*shows* that he *lost a key*, or *had it stolen* from his bunch some time before the escape, while they lay *in the* office, and if *that key* found its way into the hands of any of Fitzsimmons' friends, it is evident the very plan of escape followed out would suggest itself—to open at night, previous to making the attempt, the door of communication between the yards, to open the door leading into the jail under the drop, while the prisoners having previously obtained a duplicate of the key, which is of very common and simple make, and having free access to the grating at the end of the corridor, during the day, without surveillance, could attempt to pick the stock-lock, and be obliged to take it off, is not only possible, but more than probable, especially as it is in evidence that Fitzsimmons was allowed to receive bread, meat, potatoes, and probably other matters from his friends, any one of which could be made the vehicle of conveying a duplicate of the stock-key which unlocked the padlock, and was little over three inches in length. The Grand Jury are therefore of opinion that the escape was effected by means of *the stolen padlock key*, and they are not prepared to say what amount of culpability should attach to the prison officials for the very serious neglect of duty evidenced on all sides in this transaction.

Having, as they believe, fully cleared up the mystery attached to the escape and reduced it to a very simple operation, they feel that in placing this matter before your Lordship, the Sheriff, the Board of Prison Inspectors, they have done their duty in the *premises*, but would further recommend that the rules laid down by the Deputy Sheriff, or such modification of them, as the prison inspectors may see fit to adopt, been forced in the future management of the jail, and that the number of turnkeys be increased by *three*, making altogether *five*, of which one should be a *day patrol*, another a *night guard*, the duties to be interchangeable, one in charge of the prisoners at work, and two constantly on duty inside the jail.

That all the locks on the outside of the prison be changed, (as we understand the stock-locks have been opened with a wooden key,) and while the cell locks may be all of one kind, the *outer locks* should be of an entirely different construction and diverse from each other; the keys and locks to be numbered, and *lastly* that a stricter discipline be enforced in every department of the jail.

And we further present that the ventilation of the Court House is bad, and that there is no accommodation for a second jury.

An accident, attended with loss of life, occurred on Rideau-st., on Saturday last. It is partly attributable to the dangerous state of the thoroughfare in the locality.

We cannot close this presentment without bringing under your Lordship's and the public notice the zealous, energetic, efficient and valuable services of E. J. O'Neill, the detective police officer of this city, and to acknowledge an indebtedness to his skill in the various difficult investigations we have been called on here to make.

We respectfully request that the evidence on which this presentment is founded be published by your Lordship's permission; and having, at great personal inconvenience, discharged our duty to the Crown and country, respectfully request to be released from further attendance at court.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed on behalf of the Grand Jury,

Geo. H. Perry, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room,
Ottawa, 8th May, 1867.

His Lordship thanked the Grand Jury for the pains they had taken in their investigations, and submitted that the evidence referred to in their presentment, might be published, after which they were discharged.

[The evidence referred to will be published in full to-morrow.]

SENTENCE OF PRISONERS.

The prisoners were brought into court to *receive sentence*:

Robinson Lyon—Assault—To be imprisoned for two months in the County jail at hard labor, and pay a fine of $50, or be imprisoned until said fine be paid.

Charles Brough—Carrying burglar's tools, and burglary—for being in possession of the implements referred to—to be imprisoned in the Penitentiary for two years.

On being asked if he had anything to say why the sentence of the Court should not be passed on him, he broke down, and cried like a child, sueing for mercy. His wife, who sat just behind the prisoner's dock, screamed and cried in a violent manner until she had to be removed. He was sentenced for the burglary at Hoy's to four years Penitentiary, to be computed from the expiration of two years, when completed; for the burglary at Hall's four years penitentiary, this sentence to be computed from the completion of the six years already given, making a full term for his crimes of ten years.

Brough acknowledged his guilt, and begged that his Lordship would not deal too hard with him. His Lordship stated that from letters found he feared that he had been connected with men of desperate character for some time, and he could not feel any sympathy with him now; his exhibition of feeling, and all the trouble and infamy entailed by the crimes he had committed should have been though of before now. He (his Lordship) hoped that at the expiration of his sentence, he would endeavor to seek an honest livelihood.

The Queen *vs.* Chas. Brough, stealing. The testimony failed to fix the crime upon the prisoner, and he was accordingly dismissed on this indictment. The prisoner was then removed to his cell in the jail.

Griffin *vs.* Parris; R. Lees for pltf.; Jamieson as attorney and R. Lyon, counsel for deft. This action was brought to recover the value of a quantity of saw logs, which were cut into lumber on shares, and were afterwards burned with defendant's mill, situated in the County of Lanark. The claim was set down at $596.28. Verdict for defendant.

Joseph Shroeder was again brought into Court, and his Lordship explained to him that the prosecuting attorney, who had the management of the cases against him, had stated that he had not been able to procure any testimony as to the third marriage—had he (his Lordship) have known this at the time, he would not have inflicted so heavy a punishment; however, it was not yet too late to reverse the record, and he would accordingly place the sentence on record thus: for the first offence, three years, at hard labor in the Penitentiary, and for the second, to be further so imprisoned for one month longer, after the expiration of the before-mentioned three years. Joseph, "who will never be a bishop," was again led back to his cell.

This being the conclusion of business, the Court of Assizes was declared closed for the present term.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 8, 1867.

Sergt.-Major Cummins arrested a man named Cook in the hospital here to-day, on suspicion of being a burglar, who was fired on and wounded in attempting to break into a store at Port Hope about a week ago. Cook was under treatment for a bullet wound in his arm.

Bishop Lynch, in view of the difficulty in finding suitable accommodation for the troops, renews his offer respecting the hospital—offering to find a proper place for patients, and give up the hospital building for a barracks, for a certain number of years. The domestic management of the hospital to be under the direction of the Sisters of Mercy, and the present board of trustees, and ministers of all denominations to have access to patients as at present.

The Police Magistrate having threatened to exclude reporters if they continue to criticise his decisions in a hostile spirit, receives a severe rebuke from the *Globe* and *Leader* to-day.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 8, 1867.

Weather abominable—raining nearly all day.

The steamer *Grecian*, while running the Lachine rapids yesterday, struck a rock and began to fill so rapidly it was found expedient to run her ashore. She grounded on a sand bank in a totally secure position, her main deck remaining above water. A steamer from town took off her passengers about forty in number, this morning. No lives were lost. It will probably take ten or twelve days to get her off and in running order again.

It seems the *De Salaberry* had a narrow escape on Monday, while running the Cedars. A fog came on suddenly bewildering the pilot, the boat got her head completely turned round and was swept down the worst part of the channel, stern foremost, fortunately without any harm being done.

A Quebec company are about putting two steamers on the Saguenay route, and lively competition is expected between them and the mail line.

FROM LONDON.

London, May 8, 1867.

Much alarm exists here in consequence of the numerous burglaries that have recently been perpetrated in this city; no less than five robberies were committed on Monday night.

FROM ENNISKILLEN.

Enniskillen, May 8, 1867.

Oil has been struck on a new well at this place at a depth of 640 feet, the greatest depth at which it has been reached in Canada.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

Russia Concentrating Troops.

London, May 8.—Reports from Warsaw state that the Russian Government is concentrating troops and munitions of war in the province of Poland.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Storm in New York.

New York, May 8.—The wind has been blowing a gale all day from the North-east, accompanied with torrents of rain. The tide is unusually full, with the usual amount of damage to merchandise and the furniture of families, in the cellars and basements of those buildings near the river.

Presbyterian Delegates.

Philadelphia, May 8.—The Rev. Drs. Fairburn, Denham, Hall, and Wells, of the Scotch and Irish Presbyterian delegation, received a formal welcome here last night at Dr. Wylie's church. They start to-morrow upon a tour through the principal cities of the United States.

New York State Sheep Fair.

Auburn, N. Y., May 8.—The State Sheep-breeders and Wool-growers Third Annual Fair opened here to-day. Many prominent exhibitors of this and other States are present with the finest specimens of sheep.

An Active Vigilance Committee.

St. Louis, May 8.—The Kansas city *Journal* says: Thirty outlaws have been hanged by the Vigilance Committee in Johnson and Peltis Counties, during the Winter and Spring.

Arrival of the "China."

Boston, May 8.—The steamship *China* arrived here from Halifax this afternoon.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 8.—Stocks at second board showed a decided improvement. Gold dropped to 137⅞. The *Post* says: The depression on the Stock Exchange continues, but no further failures are reported. Loans easy at 5 to 6 per cent. Stock market unsettled and lower. The failure of Watts, Crane & Co., produced some depression, and the bear speculation is in the ascendant. Governments firm, but not active.

Lynch Law in Kentucky.

Louisville, May 8.—A party of thirty men marched one Thomas Gebhart out of the Taylor County jail on Monday and hung him to a tree, because they feared he would escape the law, if tried; being a murderer and a pest to society.

W. L. Garrison is Presented with $30,000.

Boston, May 8.—William Lloyd Garrison was a passenger to-day for Europe in the steamer *Cuba*. Several of his friends went on board just previous to his departure and presented him with $30,000, as a partial tribute for his life-long and successful labors in the anti-slavery cause. It is understood $20,000 more will be raised making the present $50,000.

Colored Republican Delegates in South Carolina.

Charleston, S. C., May 8.—The South Carolina Republican State Convention assembled in this city last night. Six out of the forty-two districts in the State were represented. The delegates were almost exclusively colored men.

National Railroad Convention.

New York, May 8.—The National Railroad Convention met to-day. Nearly all the roads are represented. The subject of signals, &c., were considered. Also, resolutions looking to the increased charge to Government, for the transmission of mail matter.

—Good words cost nothing but are worth much.—Rev. John E. Robie, Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum are the best preparations I have ever known. They have restored my gray hair to its original color." Sold by all Druggists. Depot 198 Greenwich st., N. Y.

MR. LOWE, M. P., STILL AT WAR—THE COLONIES DETERMINED TO GIVE HIM NO QUARTER.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—Having mentioned in my letter of 2nd May, that a friend in New Brunswick desires to know my opinion of the Intercolonial and anti-British views lately expressed in Parliament by Mr. Lowe, I shall offer no further apology for asking once more a little space in your columns.

The honorable member having advised his fellow members to leave the British American Colonies *entirely to themselves*, as if they were something with which the British people have no concern, proceeds to find fault with the admirable plan which has been adopted with a view to increasing the strength and *prosperity* of these provinces. He considers, and I dare say, he sincerely considers, although it struck me at first that there was something like affectation in what he said, that the union of the British North American Colonies as recently decided on by the British Legislature, "is a sort of challenge or defiance to the United States." In the days of knight errantry, perhaps the confederation of several neighboring States or Provinces would have borne the appearance of a challenge. But in our more sober times, when so great a portion of mankind hold the opinion that a much greater measure of national as well as individual happiness may be enjoyed by cultivating the arts of peace, a few provinces which besides, cannot be suspected of aggressive views, may be allowed to concur in adopting some plan for increasing their resources, their trade, their wealth, and even for mutual defence, without being accused of throwing down the gauntlet to a neighboring country. If any people of the United States, as well as Mr. Lowe, should happen to view the confederation of these provinces in the light of a challenge, as an union set up as a *rival* to their greater and now long established union, Canadians are prepared to undeceive them. But why should it be necessary to say that *no such challenge*, no such rivalry is meant? Must every householder who makes improvements in his dwelling in order to increase his comfort and that of his family give an account of all that he does, *to his neighbors* and explain to them the objects he has in view, lest they should suspect him of some sinister intention towards them?

A New York journal lately anticipated the answer which all Canadians are ready to give when it cordially congratulated them on the means which they so wisely have had recourse to, *in order to increase* their resources and their happiness, whilst they established at the same time a new safeguard for the continuance of rational liberty on the American continent. Such is also, I hesitate not to affirm, the opinion *of the great majority* of the American people. It would be unfair to form a judgment from the rash utterances lately delivered in the Congress of the United States, *this assembly* being composed in great measure of very *youthful* and inexperienced members. Mr. Lowe, even, must acknowledge that there is a wide difference between defiance and defence. It is the privilege of the weakest and the most humble to have recourse to the latter, whilst the former does not always become the powerful and the strong. If we look to the animal creation, from which we are taught to learn so many useful *lessons*, we shall find that the least and most contemptible are gifted with means of defence which are proof against the strongest. Now, without wishing to insinuate any comparison of these provinces with the hedge hog, or with that other not over beautiful Canadian animal which, by diffusing around itself anything but a pleasant fragrance, puts its boldest enemies to flight, *I* will say that this country is entitled to defence, is privileged to possess defence, and that, moreover, it may avail itself of its powers of defence, and that, too, as far as need may be, without giving any reasonable *cause* of offence to any neighbor, however sensitive. As soon as any community is organised and comes to possess political institutions, it necessarily sets about providing the means of defending those institutions, and it so acts when in the neighborhood of powerful states, as well as when surrounded only by provinces or countries that are not more powerful than itself. If it neglected such measures, it would be despised, and not without cause. But in providing for their own defence, the smallest states acquire a title to the respect of the greatest and most formidable, and by means of their alliances, as well as by the energy and national spirit of which they give proof, secure for themselves a position which, in the event of new arrangements consequent on wars or diplomatic negotiations, must always be considered. Defence, therefore, is very far from being defiance. And if in the case of Canada, it were so viewed, we should only be convinced that it ought to be all the more effective and available.

It is difficult to imagine how it could have occurred to Mr. Lowe that the Canadians, by taking measures for their defence against any possible enemy, place themselves in a hostile attitude towards their neighbors of the United States. There is no war, or rumor of war, with those States. On the contrary, we hear of nothing but friendly relations. Are not Canadians, who go to push their fortunes in the United States, made welcome there? And do we not behold every day citizens of the United States coming to Canada with a view to improve their fortunes? And who among the Canadians ever finds fault with his American neighbors for investing their capital in Canadian enterprize, or for applying their industry in the improvement of a country—the resources of which are as yet only partially developed? Many Americans in the hard and trying time of their internal troubles, must have rejoiced that there was another dominion than their own, on the continent of America. And it argues not a little in favor of the absence of any hostile feeling towards them, that so great a number of their citizens, when compelled by the misfortunes of war, to abandon their homes, found shelter and hospitality on the soil of Canada. Nor was it from sympathy with one side more than another, that this hospitality was bestowed. Opinion was divided as regarded the cause of variance in the United States. And I think it is not too much to affirm that when an American came within our borders, whether on business or for the sake of a temporary home, the question was never asked him whether he were of the North or of the South. It was the privilege of Canada, as a free State, to receive both. And it would not have become her to repel the members of one party in order to win the favor of the other. It is no proof surely of any want of good neighborhood, that the Canadians showed themselves inclined to renew the Reciprocity Treaty which had proved so beneficial to both countries. I cannot help entertaining the belief that the American people generally, especially those amongst them whose interests are connected with trade, would have been glad to see the treaty renewed, and that the plan for renewing it was only defeated by some politicians who may yet live to see the error of their way. Commercial relations have not ended, however, with the treaty. And surely the determination of the two people to trade with one another under *difficulties*, does not prove any nascent hostility.

It is fitting, nevertheless, that the means of defence should be increased as our population increases, and in proportion to the development of our agricultural and industrial resources. Whatever provision, therefore, may be made for defence under the new order of things its development will be gradual, and it must be a long time before it could be interpreted even as an appearance of hostility or defiance.

But in vain shall we protest against war and hostile intent, whilst men in Mr. Lowe's position drive us whether we will or not, into hostilities, declaring openly in the British Parliament, that our object in uniting the Provinces *is not defence against aggression*, but that "*we are setting them up as a rival to America*." No wonder if the assembled Commons received this utterance with cries of "no, no." Notwithstanding this energetic denial of his charge, Mr. Lowe continues to discourse upon it as if it were well founded, and then proceeds to descant most learnedly on "*the absurdity of thinking that we can defend these colonies against any attack by the United States.*" There is no question, not the remotest rumor of such an attack. But granting it for argument's sake, does Mr. Lowe pretend that the British Empire would be unable to repel it? An invasion of Canada by the Americans would necessarily be the result of a quarrel either with the Canadian or the Imperial Government. We cannot suppose so wise and considerate a people as the Americans plunging without cause, into the expenses and the horrors of war. A quarrel with the Canadians would be of their own seeking, and they would not think of provoking such a quarrel unless they had a view to annexation. That they trouble themselves about such a thing is more than I can believe, and there are many reasons, which so acute a people cannot fail to see, for thinking that it is more conducive to the general well-being and happiness, that so large a continent as that of North America should be divided into several States or nations. Only think of Europe all under one Government! And yet the idea of such unity has more than once entered into the dreams of men. It has been realised, too; but only for a moment. Charlemagne wisely divided the empire of Europe. Louis XIV. never could win it. Napoleon gained it, but only to see it scattered to the winds. America must appear, when its geography is considered, still less fitted to form one undivided dominion. No doubt, if the Canadians saw that the only safety for themselves and their free institutions was to be found in annexation to the United States, they would be the warmest advocates of such annexation. But they will surely fail to be so, whilst they behold in their present relations a stronger and more permanent guarantee for constitutional government and the liberties of the people than any for which they could exchange it. The objects which the British North American Colonies are anxious to promote, by uniting in one dominion, are liberty through constitutional government, national prosperity and happiness, but by no means *rivalry*, far less *defiance*. The advantages for which we strive, the Americans hold in honor. They cannot, therefore, quarrel with us for endeavoring to secure them. And we shall be careful to give them no other cause of quarrel. There are several reasons why we should believe that the Americans will not seek to be at variance with their Canadian neighbors. One or two of these I shall now state as briefly as possible. In the first place, the American people have too much sense to think of fixing a quarrel upon us without any provocation on our part. If they did so, it could only be for the sake of playing for awhile at the melancholy game of war. Now, it appears to me that they are a people who with ever such great resources, would only resolve on a state of war when it became absolutely necessary. Their prosperity and happiness depend on their agricultural, industrial and commercial pursuits. War requires that all these should be seriously interfered with, it not completely abandoned. If not for a mere point of honor, they might, however, determine on war for the sake of territory. This is equally improbable and unworthy of so great a people. Have they not already more territory than they can occupy or utilize for generations to come? Are the resources of all their States as yet thoroughly developed? And how many "territories" do they not possess, in which colonization is scarcely commenced? If, besides, they wanted more territory, they could purchase it; and this would be cheaper than going to war for it. Of this there could be no better judges than the Americans themselves. For of late years they have transacted business in both ways. They know to a cent, what the extensive Northern region which they purchased, the other day, from Russia, cost. They have also reckoned what their recent war expenses amount to. But before they pay the reckoning, they must groan for many years to come, under the heavy burthen of their immense national debt. In a friendly spirit, we may be allowed to express the hope that in the succeeding years in which they shall have to bear this weighty charge, the people of some of the most fertile States will not meet with such difficulties as they have to contend with this present year. Their debt at the conclusion of the war amounted to the large sum of $2,366,000,000 in gold. In the course of the nineteen months or so, that have elapsed since the war, a time upon the whole not unfavorable to the collection of revenue, it has been reduced by $6,000,000, still leaving as the national burden the enormous amount of $2,360,000,000 in gold. The reduction is a great, a noble effort. But it appears small, indeed, when compared with the heavy reckoning which must be provided for in years to come. A clever paper of the United States finds fault with Mr. Gladstone for dilating upon the "*rapid* reduction" of this debt. And not without reason; for however laudable the effort as regards the country, it appears less considerable when compared with the ponderous balance which remains. The danger of increasing rather than diminishing this debt, is surely a subject for the gravest consideration.

In case my correspondent in New Brunswick should think that I am concluding this letter somewhat abruptly as orators sometimes commence an oration by what is called an *exordium ex abrupto*, you will please do me the favor, Mr. Editor, to say, that on an early day, I propose considering the possibility of a war in which Canada should be involved, arising out of some difference between Great Britain and the United States. You may add that I intend to put the question boldly to Mr. Lowe, whether in such a case, he would consider the idea of defending Canada, "*the most ridiculous and chimerical that can possibly be.*"

I am your faithful servant,

Nemo.

Ottawa, May 7th, 1867.

Genius and Labor.—Alexander Hamilton once said to an intimate friend, men give me some credit for genius, all the genius I have lies just in this, when I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings—my mind becomes pervaded with it; and every one who has used the Canadian Pain Destroyer can speak of the magical effect it has in subduing coughs, colds, pleurisy, rheumatism, cramps, or all pains of the human body. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryans' Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation *of the* throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's pulmonic wafers or cough and voice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

The Economy of Health.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

Somebody Says.—There is something peculiarly attractive in a horse. His intelligent eye and ear, his lofty carriage, his free and graceful motion, his vast strength, his obedient temper, and his indispensable use, all endear him to us. *We love* to look at his fine proportions, and take in the inspiration of his energy and power, but it is only when the horse is properly cared for—when he is free from disease or unsoundness of any kind that he will exhibit these points of attraction, and without which he is of but little value. A package of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine, should be in possession of every man who owns a horse to be used in case of emergency. Don't fail to get it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the Times.*)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 8, 1867.

Flour—Extra	10 00	@	10 50
No. 1	9 50	@	0 00
No. 2	7 00	@	7 30
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 15
" Spring "	0 00	@	4 40
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 25	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Buckwheat	6 25	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 70	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs.	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 37	@	0 40
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	1 50
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 60
Prime Mess per do.	15 00	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 10
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 45
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 60	@	0 70
Butter—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 14
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 55	@	0 60
Hay—Per ton	14 00	@	16 00
Wood—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure* for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. A. S. Woodburn, on the 29th ultimo, by the Rev. S. G. Stone, Mr. Richard Allen, of Gloucester, to Mrs. Elizabeth Phair.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Cook Wanted.

A FIRST-CLASS COOK WANTED. Apply immediately, to MRS. T. DUIGNAN, Sparks-st.

May 10. 430-1

PROCLAMATION.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS, For sale by Box and Package, at OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE, 25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
430-y 28, Sparks-street

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant.

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager......John Townsend.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of THE NAIAD QUEEN, on Monday and Wednesday last, the Lessee has the honor of announcing it for repetition with TOWNSEND'S GREAT SHADOW PANTOMIME, for the afterpiece, on Friday evening:

On Friday evg., May 10, 1867,

Will be presented the Grand, Romantic, Operatic Spectacle, entitled

THE NAIAD QUEEN;

OR,

The Revolt of the Naiads.

The Queen, - - **By Miss Florence Townsend.**
Director of the Ballet, - - **Mr. Hamondi.**

After which the grand ballet

The Carnival de Venice,

With its Tableaux.

To conclude with Townsend's great

Shadow Pantomime.

Received everywhere by crowded houses, with roars of laughter, and the most enthusiastic applause.

Gowan's full Band will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7:30; Curtain to rise precisely a 8:15. Carriages at 11.

ADMISSION—Boxes 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5; Gallery, 25 cents.

On Saturday afternoon a Grand Matinee at two o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 10. 430-2

TO LET.

Possession given 1st June.

PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to

MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

Dalhousie Lodge, U. A. F. & A. M.,

No. 571, E. R.

THE Brethren of this Lodge are hereby summoned to meet at the Lodge Room on

Thursday, the 9th instant,

At half past one o'clock, precisely, to join the sister lodges in assisting Most Worshipful Bro. T. D. Harington, Acting Grand Master of Canada, to lay the Foundation Stone of St. Alban's Church.

By order of the W. M.
WILLIAM HAY,
430-1 Secretary.

CORINTHIAN LODGE,

A. F. and A. M., No. 59, R. C.

THE Members of this Lodge are requested to meet at the

LODGE ROOM, ELGIN STREET,

ON

Thursday next, the 9th instant,

At 2 P.M., Precisely,

In obedience to the summons of the Acting Grand Master Most Worshipful Brother, T. D. Harington, for the purpose of taking part in the ceremony of laying the corner stone of St. Alban's Church.

By order of the W. M.
GEO. H. LANE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-2

THE LODGES AND BRETHREN on the Registry of the

GRAND LODGE OF CANADA,

Are hereby summoned and requested to attend

On Thursday, the 9th instant,

For the purpose of laying, with Masonic Honors, the

CORNER STONE

OF THE NEW

St. Alban's Church,

To be erected on Daly-street, in this city.

A SPECIAL GRAND LODGE will be opened at the Masonic Rooms, Elgin-street, at TWO O'CLOCK, P.M., and proceed to the ground at half-past two *precisely*.

By order of M. W. Brother T. D. Harington, P. G. M. Acting Grand Master.

GEO. C. REIFFENSTEEN,
Acting Grand Secretary.

N.B.—The Worshipful Master, Officers and Members of "Dalhousie Lodge," No. 571 Registry of England, and all transient Brethren are invited and requested to attend and assist in the above ceremony.

Ottawa, 1st May, 1867. 423-td

ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH,

(Free Seat.)

THE

CORNER STONE

OF THIS CHURCH, WILL (D. V.) BE LAID

On Thursday, the 9th Inst.

THE Clergy, Committee, Congregation and other friends, are requested to assemble at the Court House, when the proceedings will commence with the chanting of the Litany, at 2 p.m., precisely.

A procession to the ground will be formed, accompanied by the band of the 100th Regiment.

Addresses will be delivered by the Ven. Archdeacon of Ontario, and the (Acting) Grand Master, T. D. Harington, Esq.

A collection in aid of the building fund will be taken up after the stone is laid.

T. BEDFORD JONES, D. D.

All are requested to bring their Prayer Books and Hymn Books. Choral practice at the Chapel room, on Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock.

May 6. 427td

Furnished Apartments!

TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family. Address D. C. S., at this office.

April 18. 402-3

Private Board.

TWO GENTLEMEN or a GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, can be accommodated with BOARD in a private family, in Centre Town. Parlor and Chambers pleasant and airy.

Address A. B. C., office of this paper.
Ottawa, May 1, 1867. 423

LOST, ON SATURDAY LAST, TWO Gold Charms—Tea Kettle and Horn. Any one returning them to the Department of Crown Lands, will be suitably rewarded.

May 7. 428-2

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK.

34, Sussex-st.,

Directly opposite the Barracks.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.
April 27. 420y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited o call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Ladies Attention!

WOOLS. WOOLS. WOOLS.

THE ABOVE in great variety, consisting of SINGLE and DOUBLE

BERLIN,
ZEPHYR,
LADY BETTY,
SHETLAND,
FLEECE,
ANDALUSIAN,
&c., &c., &c.

Also PATTERNS,
PURSE and FLOSS SILK,

In every shade, and everything connected with the above, at the

OTTAWA MUSIC AND FANCY STORE,

25, Sparks-street.

May 2. 424a

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK ST. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

LOST,

A KEY OF A CHUB'S PATENT CASH BOX. Any person leaving the above at the Store of R. Kenley, 33 Sparks-street, will receive a reward of $2.00.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-3

NEW BILLIARD ROOM,

Centre Town.

TO MEET the demands of Confederation W. MURRAY has extended his Billiard Room. He has now three standard four pocket Marble Tables, with very fine new Combination Cushions, &c. All Billiard players are respectfully invited to give them a trial.

Heney's Block, Metcalfe-street, opposite the Methodist Church.

WM. MURRAY, *Proprietor.*
May 6. 427a.

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

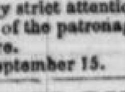
Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.
May 8. 428-2-19w-1

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

Butchers..................No. 14.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.
April 20. 414c

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.
OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.
OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings.
Vest Patterns. Broadcloths.
Cassimeres. Doeskins.
&c. &c.

O. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, March 13. 381j

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.
May 1. 423tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street
March 30, 1867. 396y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 8. 385-3m

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST,
Box 102, Ottawa.
May 4. 426-a

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
May 8. 429y

THIRD WEEK

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE!

AT

GRANT & HENDERSON'S,

As they are moving into the Bishop's New Building on Sussex Street, near the Cathedral, on the 1st o JUNE next.

Giving Decided Bargains for Cash only.

Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 427-y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.......................$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,....................$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.......$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866.........$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.
Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Wanted,

BY O'MEARA & CO., an experienced SALESMAN, who understands the Clothing Business. Good references required.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-3

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.
Ottawa, April 13. 408y

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.............................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

WANTED,

6 GOOD HOUSEMAIDS, AND 6 GOOD Laundry Maids.

Apply at the RUSSELL HOUSE.
ay 4. 426-3

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY,
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

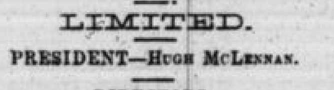
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867.  1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:
W. McNAUGHTON,.........J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent,*
Canal Basin, Ottawa.
ISAAC BONNER, *Agent,*
85 Commen-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.
May 7. 428-8

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

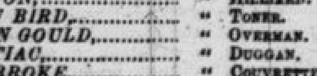
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 21-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867  1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,................Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,.......................... " LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,.......................... " FINDLAY
OREGON,.......................... " HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,.......................... " TONER.
JASON GOULD,.......................... " OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,.......................... " DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,.......................... " COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,.......................... " BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President
Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.
April 25. 418-b

Trunks,
TRUNKS,
TRUNKS.
Saddles,
SADDLES,
SADDLES.
Harness,
Harness,
Harness.
CHEAP!
CHEAP!
CHEAP

AT S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.
May 8, 1867. 429-3m

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.
Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

HOWE'S Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00. Terms payable in advance.

Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER, No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 410e

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully.

Yours, ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

February 28th, 1867. 363299

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of *Public Works*, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL:

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,) —to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same, —and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the lim of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generall do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?

Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?

7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said Island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle rom any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?

Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?

4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lp Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing:
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any *other* company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a *resident* within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2:45 p.m.	" "	5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1:30 p.m.	" "	4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond .... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ....10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, *U. S. Consular Agent.*

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Malden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II, NO. 431. OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 6,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 360-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Luke Curner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 338y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over he office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter, Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 95-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 25th April, 1867. 419td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c
O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Coading Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
406-tf

TOBACCOS.
SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco, ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread .... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

Furnished Apartments!
TO LET, IN CENTRE TOWN, A FURnished BED-ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM, with or without board, in a private family.
Address D. C. S., at this office.
April 18. 402-5

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply o
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For furthe particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, an be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street,
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

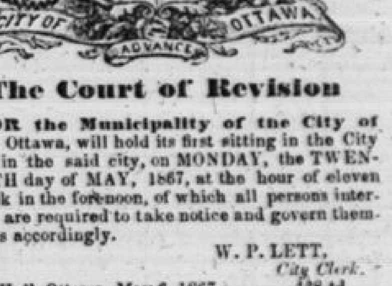
TO LET,
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

To Rent,
BY the undersigned, two Dwellings—two storeys high—containing five rooms each. One with a hall, good yard, stabling, a well, and 100 feet by 66 ground for a garden, situated on Ottawa-street. Possession given 1st May, 1867.
H. ADOLPHE PINARD.
April 25. 418-b

For Sale,
LOT LETTER U, NORTH SIDE OF Rideau-street, opposite Mathew's Hotel, 66 feet frontage, 99 feet deep. Will be *sold cheap for cash*, and a clear *unencumbered deed* given.
Apply to
JAMES MURPHY,
Blacksmith.
Ottawa, April 6. 402d

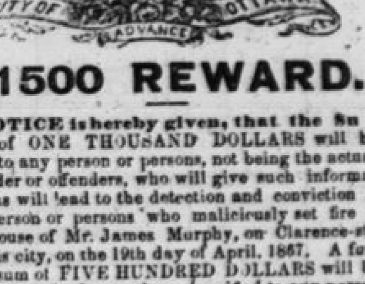
SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano,
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y



The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m



$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction the person or persons who maliciously set fire the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any persons guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa ecember 2 314tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Trunks—Trunks—S. & H. Borbridge.
Trees for Sale—Pontey and Taylor.
Store and Dwelling to Let—J. R. O'Connor.
Art Journal, 1867—John Durie and Son.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
New Family Grocery—Dalglish & Russell.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 10, 1867.

The Hon. SOLICITOR-GENERAL COCKBURN arrived yesterday morning, and the Hon. Sir N. F. BELLEAU and H. L. LANGEVIN by the evening train. The Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS is expected this evening. A sitting of the Executive Council will be held to-day, according to previous announcement.

The Montreal *News* in a late issue commenting on the honorable position attained in Canadian politics and statesmanship by the PROVINCIAL SECRETARY, regrets "the arrogant and offensively domineering tone in "which the *Globe* dictates" to the Reform members of the Cabinet. No one who remembers the discussions in Parliament last summer, can suppose for a moment that the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL will be influenced in his future course by the dictation of the *Globe* or its principal stockholders. The Reform members of the Cabinet parted company with Mr. BROWN only when he deserted them, and he cannot, therefore, have any special right either to dictate or advise their action.

The Unionists of Halifax had a most successful meeting on the 30th ult., at which a full Union ticket was nominated. Very able addresses were made by the candidates and others, and the utmost confidence was evinced in the success of the Union party throughout Nova Scotia. Space will only permit us to make one extract, which is particularly significant, as throwing light on the party organization movement in Nova Scotia How different the sentiments of Dr. Tupper from those of the Chief Organiser of Ontario!

"Dr. Tupper, having been called for, came forward amid the most enthusiastic applause, which lasted for some minutes, and then spoke as follows:—Mr. Chairman, and gentlemen electors of the county of Halifax, I see it stated in the organ of the Anti-Unionists of this city, this morning,—a prophecy, in fact was ventured upon, and that was, that Dr. Tupper and his shadows would be here to-night. Now I may express the hope in Eastern phraseology that *my shadow will never be less*. (Cheers.) The sea of upturned faces that meets my eye to-night carries conviction to my mind, in common with the *friends* of progress and Union in Halifax, and as it will through Nova Scotia when the account of this meeting reaches the people, that this county is sound to the core. (Cheers.) I intend, on the present occasion, to ask this great, important and influential assemblage to give a name to the great party that is assembled here to-night not only for Halifax but for the province of Nova Scotia. A gentleman who spoke here this evening said that for the present, he was prepared to furl the Liberal flag under which he had done battle in days gone by, and that the day might come when, in the discharge of his duty, *he might feel* it necessary to unfurl it again.

"In the meantime, however, he was prepared to keep it furled, and range himself under the banner of Union. I *feel*, in common with that gentleman, that, in the presence of the great question which is brought here to-night, it becomes men of all parties, under whatever flag they may have done battle hitherto, to adopt the banner of the Union party. I, therefore, intend to ask the great Liberal and Conservative parties,—who have differed in days gone by, and have according to the dictates of their own consciences, manfully battled for the principles they entertained,—to adopt the principles of the Unionist party, and to recognize no flag but that of Union." (Cheers.)

The organised Reformers of Hamilton have selected Mr. J. M. WILLIAMS as their candidate for the Local Legislature, who will of course run on the ticket with Mr. MAGILL. Those acquainted with the political history of Hamilton need not be told that it sustained the late Sir ALLAN MACNAB, so long as he remained in public life; that on his retirement the Hon. ISAAC BUCHANAN was returned by a very large majority, as a supporter of the CARTIER-MACDONALD Government; and that, on his resignation, Mr. CHARLES MAGILL was elected by the joint influence of the Reformers and Conservatives, as a supporter of the existing Coalition. By this simple record, it will be seen that Hamilton has never been subjected to violent party changes; its political course has been exceedingly *even*; and when the city voted, as it did twice as part of the Burlington Division, it, on both occasions, gave large Conservative majorities.

It seems only right, therefore, that the existing Reform Association of that city, an organization as yet but a few weeks old, should tell the public what is its special object. Does it design, by its patronage of Mr. MAGILL, to deprive that gentleman of the support of those Conservative electors, who formerly sustained him because he was a supporter of the Government in which they had confidence? Does it, as the halting argument of the Hamilton *Times* would imply, *contemplate* the restoration of party lines in the constituencies and the association of party leaders in the Government? Or does it with the *Globe* advocate determined opposition to every Conservative politician, as well as to every Reformer that will act with the Conservatives? These questions should be answered, in order that the public may know under which banner the Reformers of Hamilton have ranged themselves.

One of the candidates before the convention on Tuesday evening, Mr. JOHN MCKEOWN, was, some time ago described in the *Globe* as a "Coalitionist," but that paper or its correspondent has since apologised, so that we are led to infer that Mr. MCKEOWN is not a Coalitionist, and that the Reform Association of Hamilton disapproves of the Coalition principle, or in other words endorses the "restoration" doctrines of Mr. BROWN. Mr. MCKEOWN himself said he was a Reformer and had always been a Reformer, and Mr. WILLIAMS for his politics referred to his position for the past twenty-five years—two definitions either of which would have been quite intelligible under the old condition of affairs, but neither of which are explicit in view of the new career upon which the country is about to enter.

The Hamilton *Times* affects to justify this non committal policy of the Reformers, on the ground that it is absurd to express either confidence or non-confidence in a ministry yet to be formed. Might it not with equal force point out the absurdity of nominating candidates for an election, the writs for which have not been issued, and the very Constitution under which it will be held not yet in force? Does our contemporary believe that the electors will allow their candidates to steal into Parliament, without expressing an opinion as to the degree of confidence they are prepared to extend in working the Constitution to those who framed it? Is it possible to conceive that any large number of the public would willingly assist in ostracising either section of the existing Cabinet? Have not the members of the present Government carried out the policy upon which it was formed in a manner entitling them to the lasting gratitude of the country? Ministers undoubtedly have retained the confidence of the very great majority of the people, whether Conservatives or Reformers, and if the Hamilton organisation hoists the BROWN flag it is certain to meet with a crushing defeat at the polls.

"His (Mr. Brown's) whole political capital is invested in the prejudice which he has succeeded in stirring up against his political opponents, and to see *that* in danger of disappearing, is like seeing a run upon a bank in which you hold a large amount of stock." *Montreal Gazette.*

Precisely so, and it is just because this political capital was dissipated by Mr. BROWN'S blunder in attempting to break up the Government last year, that he is now frantically trying to obtain from the constituencies at the expense of his late Colleagues that which the Reform members of Parliament refused him.

The Government Inspector reports that during March and April alluvial mining was carried on as vigorously as the weather would permit, on 16, 17, 18, and 19, DeLery Concession, Seigniory Rigaud Vaudreuil, $6,240 being taken out during that period. In quartz mining, all the rock extracted from Rigg's shaft and others has been conveyed to the DeLery Company's crushing machine, which is to commence working on 1st proximo.

The Hon. A. T. GALT, and the Hon. J. B. ROBINSON, arrived in town last night.

GRAND CEREMONIAL.

At three o'clock yesterday, in accordance with previous announcement, the Brethren of the Masonic Fraternity of this city turned out *en masse*, to lay the corner stone of the St. Alban's Church, on Daly-st. The early part of the day was lowery and threatening, and many feared that the ceremony would have to be postponed.

At two o'clock, however, the Building Committee and a large number of Dr. Jones' friends assembled at the Court House, where the Litany was read, a hymn sung, and prayers read; after which they proceeded in a body to the site of the building. There the band of the 100th Regiment was in attendance, as also the Ottawa Cadet Company, Capt. James F. Boulton in command. It was truly laughable to see with what importance these military *enfants* performed their "sentry go" in order to keep the crowd back. The Masonic Fraternity having arrived on the ground, the usual beautiful and solemn services of the laying the corner stone was entered upon by Thomas Douglas Harington, P. G. M. The addresses delivered by the Venerable Archdeacon of Ontario, as also that of the Past Grand Master was eloquent, and did space permit we should insert them in full, as it is, however, we can only give a synopsis of the whole affair.

The corner stone having been lowered to its place, with the three regular stops, the Rev. Dr. Jones presented the P. G. M. with the gavel, with which the usual three taps were given; the plumb, level and square applied; the corn, wine and oil spread on; a prayer read, a hymn sung, a voluntary contribution laid on the stone, the benediction pronounced by the Venerable Archdeacon, and the assembly dispersed, all seemingly pleased with this highly interesting ceremony.

There were present with the Rev. Dr. Jones the Venerable Archdeacon of Ontario, Rev. Dr. Boswell, Rev. J. Stannage, Rev. Chas. Codd, Rev. J. A. Morris, Rev. C. P. Merritt, Rev. A. C. Nesbitt, Rev. J. S. Lauder, Rev. J. Johnston, Rev. T. D. Phillipps and Rev. H. N. Phillipps.

The gavel presented to the P. G. M. was manufactured at the jewellery establishment of Messrs. Young & Radford, Sparks-st., and is deserving of more than a passing notice. The gavel is of blackwalnut, the rim and head heavily silver mounted; the ground work on its face delicately frosted, the outer edge a beautiful series of scroll work; in the centre a raised shield surmounted with the P. G. M.'s crest, and on the shield the following inscription:—

"Presented to M. W. Thomas Douglas Harington, Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Freemasons of Canada, on the occasion of laying of the corner stone of St. Alban's Church, Ottawa, 9th May, 1867."

On the top of the handle a silver cap, surmounted by the Square and Compass with initial "G," a silver vine of laural leaf running round the handle from cap to head, all finished in a most artistic style. The article is in itself a jewel, and speaks volumes for the skill of the manufacturers. On the stone was the following inscription:

"Corner Stone of St. Alban's Church, laid May 9th, 1867, Thos. Bedford Jones, Incumbent; K. Arnoldi, Architect; Thos. Painter and Geo. Taylor, Contractors; N. Goddard and Thos. Stamer, Churchwardens."

The building will not only be a great convenience, but an ornament to that part of the city. The design is spoken of by competent judges as very handsome, and is from the pencil of Mr. K. Arnoldi.

The style of architecture in which this church is being carried out is the Gothic or pointed, but in the plainest manner compatible with neatness. When fully completed it will consist of a nave 78 x 38, and chancel 37 x 25, (inside measurement.) On the South side of the latter will be the rectory, and on the North a magnificent tower and spire rising to the height of 190 feet. The site of the edifice is at the corner of Daly and King-sts., where there being a sloping of the ground it will show two stories on one side. The main entrance will be South-East by a neat porch. The masonry will be of the best Gloucester lime stone with no work whatever on the face, laid in random courses. The only dressing being for doors and window jambs, buttress weatherings, plinth, &c., but this is being done in a peculiarly rough manner, which though costing little is very effective and harmonises well with the style. The roofs will be old fashioned open timber ones, the principals resting on neat stone corbels.

In the evening the employees on the building, and their friends, were entertained at Mr. John Graham's Albion hotel.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 9, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 40 above zero.
9 a. m., 45 above zero.
Noon, shade, 53 above zero.
Noon, sun, 87 above zero.
6 p. m., 48 above zero.

LOCAL NEWS.

CROWDED OUT.—Mr. W. F. W.'s letter on the "habits and food of snipes," is unavoidably postponed until to-morrow.

THE THEATRE TO-NIGHT.—In our notice of the performance on Wednesday evening, we should have said that the next performance of the "Naiad Queen" will take place on Friday evening. A special performance, for schools, will be given on Saturday afternoon.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—This morning's train will bear hence on their journey homeward—Brough and Shroeder—the prisoners who were sentenced to the Penitentiary for their crimes. In order that they may have safe conduct there, the Deputy Sheriff and Mr. George Clarke, will escort them up. They will find ere their time of servitude expires, that "honesty is the best policy."

NEW GROCERY STORE.—We would call the special attention of families residing in Upper or Central Town, to the new family grocery store, just opened by Messrs. Dalglish & Russell, in the new building, corner of Kent and Wellington-sts. Parties have no longer the necessity or excuse of going to Lower Town for their groceries. Mr. Dalglish is thoroughly acquainted with the business, having been employed for a long time in James Buchanan's branch store. We hope to see the new beginners get a liberal patronage, and our word for it, they will prove themselves deserving.

MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS.—On the 10th and 11th of June, the colossal menagerie and circus of Geo. F. Bailey & Co., will hold forth in this city. The retinue of this mammoth combination comprises 130 horses, the gigantic hippotamus, four performing elephants, six lions, a cage of leopards, a den of trained lions, white or polar bear, Australian kangaroo, poonah, Ichneumon, golden and silver pheasants, and a great number of parrots, monkeys, apes, etc. This is the largest and best combination of the kind on this continent. They will visit Prescott, Cornwall, Metcalfe, Ottawa, and pass westward visiting all the principal towns and cities.

THE CRY IS "STILL THEY COME."—Scarcely a day passes, but some new source of the mineral wealth of Central Canada becomes developed. Mineral after mineral creeps out everywhere, and we should not be surprised some of these fine mornings to learn that the foundation of our Parliament Buildings was a mass of quartz, well stocked with the "bulb." A few days ago Mr. Michael Scott, living on the Gatineau road near Chelsea, just eight miles from this city, discovered a very rich mine of plumbago on his farm. A part of this notice has been written with a piece of the veritable article, and we have now on our table as pure and fine a sample as could be desired.

POLICE COURT.—There were three cases presented yesterday for his Worship's attention. Catharine Whelan, drunk and noisy on the street. Catharine is an old offender, and was fined $5 and costs, or three weeks in the lock-up. Her exchequer being *non est*, Catharine went down.—Annie Cameron was charged with being abusive on the street. This girl appeared demented—her mind wandering, and answered questions in such a manner as plainly shewed that she was not strictly accountable for her conduct; case remanded.—John Shedden, a native of "auld Ayr," that town rendered so famous by Scotia's darling poet, but John had nae muckle poetry in his soul—nothing but stern reality there—and that reality was an idea that the whole population had a desire for John's life. In this case a softening of the brain was perceptible, and as the prisoner had committed no breach of the peace, he was also remanded.

VEGETATION.

Notes on the General Phenomena of Vegetation in the neighborhood of Ottawa, during the month of April, 1867.

In consequence of an unfavorable state of weather for vegetation, very few of our native plants had commenced to flower before the close of the month. The catkins of *Alnus incana* expanded about the 15th. Those of Populus tremuloides, Populus granidentata a few days after, followed by Populus balsamifera.

Corylus rostrata, Erythronium Americanum, Hepatica triloba, Hepatica acutiloba, and Claytonia Caroliniana, were first observed in flower about the 27th, in exposed places. Whilst Acer rubrum, Ulmus fulva, Ulmus Americana, Ulmus racemosa, Salix discolor, Dirca palustris, and two or three Carices which here, are April flowering plants, could scarcely be said to have commenced to flower at all, except in the opening of a few buds on plants favorably situated, indicating a late spring, and, upon comparing notes, nearly a week later than last year.

Since the commencement of the present month, a change in the weather has produced a change, although not rapid, in vegetable growth, and floral development. The fields begin to look green. The following stems of detached clumps of Wood grasses, Carices and many pretty flowering plants are making their appearance above the decaying leaves, and the leaves of a few shrubs are beginning to expand. It is intended to notice these phenomena from time to time definitely, for the information, of those who feel interested. In these notices will be given the time of the expansion of the flowers and leaves; the ripening of the seed, (when practicable, which is seldom the case), and the localities of rare plants.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 9, 1867.

Last evening the annual meeting of the Upper Canada Bible Society, in the Wesleyan Church, took place, Hon. Mr. Allan in the chair. From the report it appeared the receipts for the year amounted to $23,052, and expenditure $22,962.

No accommodation for troops has been found yet, a difficulty having arisen with the trustees of Knox's College, who oppose the removal of partitions in the building.

Arrangements are being made for a grand field day next Monday.

The news from England to-day has had a bad effect in commercial circles.

John McDonald, M.P.P., has resigned his position as director of the Bank of Commerce. Mr. Austin has been elected in his place.

The prisoners sentenced to the penitentiary at the recent Assizes started for Kingston this afternoon, in charge of two sheriff's officers.

In the infanticide case against Jane Hall, the jury returned a verdict "That medical testimony proved the child to have been dead some days before birth." The unfortunate girl is in custody, and will be tried for attempting concealment of birth.

In the case of the child found dead in the sewer on Cruickshank-st., the jury returned the following verdict: "That on the morning of the 8th inst., the body of a female child was found on Cruickshank-st., and from the medical evidence the jury are of opinion that the child was born alive, and that the immediate cause of death was congestion of the brain—the result of strangulation by means of a cord or string being firmly tied around its neck. The jury would urge upon the detectives to use their best exertions to bring the perpetrator of this foul deed to light and condign punishment."

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 9, 1867.

Weather continues rainy, but with some appearance of clearing up.

The passengers on the steamer *Grecian*, before leaving her, passed several resolutions strongly commendatory of Capt. Hamilton, to whose courage and skill they in a great measure attribute their being saved.

The Institute Canadian is to be affiliated with the Victoria College at Cobourg, and become the law faculty of that University.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Prussia Assuming a Menacing Attitude.

LONDON, May 9—Noon.—The demand of the Prussian Cabinet in regard to Luxemburg is assuming a menacing tone.

The Emperor of Russia to visit Paris.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 9.—The Emperor Alexander will visit Paris in June next.

The New German Constitution.

BERLIN, May 9.—The Prussian Diet yesterday accepted the new Constitution for the North German Confederation.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A Gallant Woman.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 9.—A negro named McErvin, while attempting to force an entrance into the house of J. B Synnot last night, was shot dead by Mrs. Synnot, who was alone in the house.

A Prize Fight on Canadian Soil.

CLEVELAND, May 9.—A steamer will leave here to-night, to convey the principals and a party to Point au Belle island, Canadian territory, to witness a prize fight between Bill Davis and Elliott on Friday.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Havana dates of the 4th have been received. There is considerable excitement over a murder that has just been discovered. A body was found in a box about to be shipped to Cardenas. The murderer had obtained a passport, and sailed for Spain. Many heavy failures have taken place lately, and more are daily expected.

Important to Financiers.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Buffalo has been selected as one of the cities to which the payment of registered securities of the government will be made after July 1st; parties desiring their interest paid there are required to give notice at the Treasury Department.

Ex-President Pierce at Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 9.—Ex-President Pierce arrived here this morning. His visit is regarded as having some important connection with the trial of Jeff. Davis.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

First Sitting—Names of the Representatives—Propositions for Peace.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The *Herald's* special from London says: The first Session of the Peace Congress after its organization in this city, yesterday, was not merely a formal meeting of the great powers' representatives, as some persons here assume, but one at which the Luxemburg question was discussed, with a desire to bring the difficulty between France and Prussia to a speedy close. The names of the plenipotentiaries are: England—Lord Stanley, President; France—Prince De La Tour Avergne; Prussia, Count Bernstroff; Austria—Count Appoiiiji; Russia—Baron Brunnow; Italy—Marquis Dazzilo; Luxemburg—Baron de Tornaco; Belgium—M. Hans de Weyer; Netherlands—Baron Bentinell. The proceedings are to be kept secret until the close of the Congress; it is known, however, that France is willing to accept the neutralization of Luxemburg, and the dismantling and raising of the fortress, so it may not remain as a menace. Prussia is not disposed to consent to this, unless all the great powers now represented at the Congress give a guarantee of the settlement. The giving of this guarantee would bind them to engage in war against the future designs of either France or Prussia seeking aggrandizement in this direction. England hesitates to give such a guarantee, and is rather in favor of the idea of the people of Luxemburg for annexation to Belgium. The guarantee question is being discussed and points at the issue of basis and action being defined. The session was adjourned to Thursday, to enable the representatives to have telegraphic communication with, and receive instructions from their respective governments. Meantime pending the issue of the deliberations of the Peace Congress, great war preparations are going on on both sides, notwithstanding official denials to the contrary. France is buying arms both in England and Spain, and Prussian troops of the regular army, are being held in readiness to support the garrison in Luxemburg.

THE "CHINA'S" DATES.

An Expedition to Discover the Fate of Dr. Livingstone—Strikes in Paris—Queen Victoria's Letter—War almost Certain.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The *China's* mails arrived late to-night, with London papers of the 27th.

A small expedition is to be despatched to Africa to learn the fate of Dr. Livingstone.

Nearly all the tailor shops in Paris are now closed, and 30,000 tailors have thrown themselves out of bread.

It is believed in Paris that Jules Favre's demand, for leave to question the government on the Luxemburg question would not be allowed in the Legislative body.

The *Memorial Diplomatique* says, it is believed in diplomatic circles that Duke Grammont brought from Paris the bases of an intimate understanding between France and Austria in view of eventualities, should war become inevitable.

Queen Victoria's letter to the King of Prussia, energetically insists that they should spare Europe the calamity of a war, in which England would necessarily preserve absolute neutrality, and she disapproves of the excessive claims maintained by Prussia.

The European *Times* of the 27th says, every day diminishes the prospects of peace between France and Prussia. The war fever is gradually rising in Paris. The hatred of the French towards Prussia is on the increase, and preparations for a decisive struggle in each country are pushed forward with extraordinary vigor.

Rumor declares Victor Emmanuel to receive a French loan, or perhaps gift, of twenty-five millions sterling.

The Court of Berlin makes a demand from Germany beyond the role of a hundred thousand men, within one month of the breaking out of hostilities. There is just a possibility that place may still be preserved, the Court of Berlin having consented to the demolition of the fortress of Luxemburg.

London papers of the latest date, generally concede that war is almost certain.

It is officially affirmed that Denmark has made no military preparations.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The steamers *Ville de Paris*, from Havre 25th, and *Chicago* from Liverpool 25th, have arrived.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Gold 137½. The *Post* says the Loan market is still working a little; there is, however, no fear of a momentary stringency. Call Loans are 5 a 7, and choice bills 6½ a 7½, with a scarcity of approved paper stock; market firm for governments and unsettled for other securities; foreign exchange inactive.

The *America* took out $24,000 in specie today for Europe.

Fatal Railroad Collision.

CLEVELAND, May 9.—A collision occurred on the Bellefontaine and Indianapolis Railroad near Degraff, O., last night, between two trains; the two engineers and one fireman were killed and two injured.

—Rev. M. Thacher, Pitcher, Chenango Co. N. Y., writes—"I am sixty years of age. By the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, my gray hair is restored to its natural color. I am satisfied it is not a dye, but acts on the secretions. My hair ceases to fall. Your hair dressing is superior to all others. For eruptions it has no equal." Sold by all druggists. Depot 198, Greenwich st., N. Y.

GENIUS AND LABOR.—Alexander Hamilton once said to an intimate friend, men give me some credit for genius, all the genius I have lies just in this, when I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings—my mind becomes pervaded with it; and every one who has used the Canadian Pain Destroyer can speak of the magical effect it has in subduing coughs, colds, pleurisy, rheumatism, cramps, or all pains of the human body. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

GRAND JURY INQUEST, IN ESCAPE OF PRISONERS.

MONDAY, May 6, 1867.

Half-past eleven a.m.

James Bailiff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff, sworn—Am Deputy Sheriff of the County of Carleton, act in absence of the Sheriff in all matters connected with the management of the jail. "The authorised rules and regulations for the government of the common jails of Canada," a copy of which is before the Grand Jury, were issued by the Prison Inspectors. In paragraph No. 3, 1st section, "a register of daily movements in the prison," is not kept; in No. 2 the two account books named are not kept to my knowledge, and in No. 4 the daily journal is not kept. Have been in office as Deputy Sheriff for nearly three years, during all that time there were no rules or regulations made with the consent of the Sheriff in addition to those general rules, nor am I aware whether any had been made before. There is no assistant keeper—between the jailer and turnkeys there is no subordinate authority. There is no regulations respecting the duties of turnkeys, except such as are issued from day to day *viva voce*.

The keeper's first duty is to look to the safety of the prisoners, that is their safe keeping; to do this properly the first thing in the morning is to inspect the prison, at six o'clock a.m. in summer, and 7 o'clock in winter. This inspection should extend to every lock inside and outside of the jail. On account of the jail being a *lock-up* for the *city*, I put the hour for this inspection so late, as the jailer must of necessity have his rest at night broken. In this inspection it should be ascertained that each individual prisoner is in safe keeping, and that the means thereto have not been tampered with inside or outside. The next duty is to inspect the food, and ascertain whether it is good in quality or of sufficient quantity. The turnkeys should then be directed to have the cells cleaned under their personal inspection. The prisoners should be marched off to labor at 7 o'clock, or half-past at the furthest. Till noon the jailer is at liberty to attend to the internal duties of the jail, which will consist in receiving and discharging prisoners and other routine. At noon the prisoners should be marched into dinner, and inspected again, the food should be previously inspected. After dinner, for which an hour should be allowed, the jailer should see them set to work again; between that time and lock-up time, the internal duties of the jail should be attended to, and a thorough inspection of the jail made some time during those leisure intervals, especially between noon and lock-up. The lock-up should take place half an hour before sunset in winter, or while there would be sufficient daylight to secure the cells and jail, and at six o'clock in summer. The locking-up should be performed under the jailer's supervision, and a thorough inspection should be made afterwards between locking-up and nine o'clock p.m. I did not consider it necessary to have any inspection made during the night, trusting to the vigilance of the turnkeys. I think now that an inspection at a period between nine a.m. and seven p.m. would be necessary to the safety of the jail. I have repeatedly given Mr. Higgins, the jailer, those instructions; it is his duty to retain the keys of the jail at all times; he is their proper custodian, and I have insisted repeatedly in his fulfilment of this duty, which he flatly refused to perform, declaring he was not going to act as a common turnkey. He also refused to superintend the prisoners when at work. He declared in presence of the sheriff, about two months ago, during the sitting of the Recorder's Court, that he would not follow my instructions, since which date I have taken no part in the supervision of the jail. I brought under the notice of the sheriff the laxity of discipline in the jail at the time of Brough's arrest. On the 30th of April, Mr. Higgins came to my house a little before eight o'clock a.m., and informed me that two of the prisoners—Fitzsimmons and Sinnett—had escaped; he labored under great excitement, and I could not make out a connected account of how it happened. I did not see him on the first occasion, but he came back with the Serjeant of Police, Davis, and I directed the latter to turn out all his men in pursuit, and I would see him paid; about ten minutes clapsed between both visits. My suspicions point to no accomplice within the jail. The escape has been managed from the outside, aided by the laxity of discipline, and violation of the 24th paragraph of "general rules," which says, "visits should always take place in the presence of the officer of the prison, on one special day, from one to two p.m. on Fridays." Those prisoners have not since been retaken. There has been no cause of dispute between myself and Mr. Higgins, except in so far as his refusal to obey my instructions, may be so called. I look upon the locks and fittings of the prison to be sufficient to prevent the escape of prisoners with ordinary vigilance.

JAMES BAILIFF,
Deputy Sheriff, Co'y. Carleton.

Charles T. N. Higgins sworn,—Am jailer of the County of Carleton Jail. The turnkeys in the morning open the prison at half-past six in summer and winter. At the same time the prisoners are let into the corridors to wash and make up their beds; they breakfast in the corridor at seven o'clock; at half-past seven breakfast is over, dishes removed; corridors and cells cleaned; the outside turnkey takes the prisoners into the yard to work; they remain till about a quarter or twenty minutes before 12 o'clock, when they are brought in to wait on their dinner; which is given to them at 12 o'clock; at 2 o'clock they return to the yard where they work in winter till 4 o'clock and in summer till 5 o'clock, at which time they return to the corridors and have tea; the cells are opened at half-past 5 o'clock, prisoners have access thereto for making their beds and getting water; the locking-up is completed by six o'clock in summer; there is no gas in the corridors or other lights, and the locking-up occurs before dusk in winter; the locks of the cells are inspected at 9 o'clock by the turnkeys and myself; no other supervision is exercised; during the night there is but one turnkey in the jail, the other is the custodian of the Court House; there can be no noise heard in the jailer's house which may occur in the further end of the prison. The whole staff of assistants consist of two turnkeys and one matron; no supervision is exercised during the night; the turnkey answers the bell and admits a prisoner; the county jail is, also, a lock-up for the city, which is the only reason why a prisoner should be admitted during the night; no special examination takes place of the locks or outer defences of the prison; the keys are left on the office table in a row, the turnkeys have access to them; my own personal duty is that of general supervision, which I have exercised optionally, excepting that of locking up at 9 o'clock p.m., every night; having had no prior experience before obtaining this appointment, I consulted with other gentlemen in similar positions and have been guided by their experience and followed the practice of my predecessors in the management of the jail; there are no rules or regulations defining the governor's special duties; he may do little or much so long as the safety of his prisoners are assured. The number of books kept are one account and stock book, a punishment book and inspector's report book; there is no journal kept, but the books which have been delivered to me have been kept according to the 5th paragraph of general rules; I hold myself directly responsible to the sheriff for the discharge of my duty—when the deputy acts in accordance with the instructions of the sheriff I obey all his orders as far as they consist with the "general rules;" unless the deputy brings me specific orders from the sheriff I would not obey any orders he issued. The escape of the prisoner St. Julien was due to the fact of the deputy sheriff having ordered him to be placed in a position by which he had access to a defective lock. The deputy sheriff told me it was my duty to stand in the yard and supervise the prisoners while breaking stones. I told him I would not do so except ordered by the sheriff, as it was the duty of a turnkey; my duty being that of general inspector. I am of opinion the deputy sheriff attempted to exercise an authority he did not possess and I resented it, for the reason that for four years previously the former deputy nor himself never attempted to interfere with the management of the jail in any way, till the death of Sheriff Fraser. Mr. Bailiff then considered he was acting as *sheriff pro tem.* and I obeyed his directions as far as possible till Sheriff Powell's appointment. Friday is the day defined by the "general regulations" for visitors, but it has been customary to allow them to visit on other days for the convenience of country visitors, and exceptional cases in the city; the visits always take place in presence of a turnkey; no person makes the rounds of the prison after the lock-up.

On the morning of 30th April, two prisoners, Patrick Sinnett and George Fitzsimmons, escaped from the jail; Sinnett was committed on or about the 25th of April for burglary; Fitzsimmons for an assault and robbery on the 26th of December last; I was present at the inspection of the cells on the night of the 29th of April, at 9 o'clock p.m.; they were both then in their cells, in which they were found and released by the turnkey (William McEwen,) between half-past six or seven, and let out into the corridor for the purpose of washing themselves, and taking breakfast. While in the act of dressing myself, John Nyle, turnkey came to me and stated that Sinnett and Fitzsimmons had gone; I dressed hurriedly, and proceeded to search the prison; at last found the door leading into the passage to the drop forced, both it and the iron grating; found also the grating and door below the drop open, and the door in the wall dividing both yards open, with a ladder in the angle where the inner and outer wall joins; about fifteen minutes were occupied in this search; at once advertised the police, and took such measures as I could to have them arrested; it must have been about ten minutes after seven when I heard of the escape. The turnkey in charge, Wm. McEwen, let out Patrick Sinnett against my express orders; Fitzsimmons was properly let out, as his health could not stand a confinement of *four months*. I had reason to fear the escape of the other, and therefore gave them orders most stringently; I know the grating and door at the end of the corridor through which prisoners escaped, was locked at two o'clock p. m., on the 29th of April; I saw the outer door at six o'clock p.m., on the evening of that day, it was locked both with padlock and stock lock; this door opens from the outside, and the grating inside is locked by the same padlock, so that it was only necessary to pick or force both these locks on the outside to gain access to the prison; it is impossible to pick or force these locks from the inside; the door of communication between the yards was locked at the same hours; there is both a padlock and stock lock on the door of communication; both were opened; one padlock is missing; am not sure off which door it was; I have no reason to believe that any of the officers of the jail aided in the escape of the prisoners; my idea is that the prisoners escaped by assistance from without. Visitors as a rule never go into the corridor; after St. Julien's escape I was afraid to let Fitzsimmons stand at the office window, and his friends were allowed to communicate with him through the grating at the end of the corridor in presence of a turnkey. I am of opinion that a night guard inside, and a patrol outside is absolutely necessary to the safety of the jail; I believe every outside lock and fitting in the jail is defective, which fact I have represented to the county council on several occasions. The ladder put over the wall, an implement which does not belong to the jail, evidences the assistance from the outside; the walls at the female's yard through which the prisoners had to pass are about 20 feet in height, in the work yard from which they finally escaped about 14 feet; the latter requires to be raised, and both surmounted with a chevaux de frieze; the deputy sheriff gave me no orders relative to the safe keeping of prisoners, that was not complied with; he urged me to let Fitzsimmons into the yard, and he was there *three* or four times against my wish, but in obedience to his orders; from a remark Fitzsimmons made to me, that it would not be hard for a man to get over the walls, I had him removed to the corridor, and would not permit him to pass beyond; I cannot say on what day previous to the escape Fitzsimmons' friends were admitted to visit him, but a greater degree of latitude is allowed a prisoner before his trial for facilitating communication with his counsel, and providing funds for his defence; no article has ever been admitted to a prisoner without being examined by myself, or one of the turnkeys; visitors are not searched because they have no immediate contact with the prisoners. I inspect all the locks of the jail every day at same period of the day, and the cell locks at 9 o'clock p.m.

C. T. N. HIGGINS,
Governor of Jail C. C.

William McEwen, sworn—Am senior turnkey in the jail of the county of Carleton. My duty is to assist in locking up prisoners, seeing to the cleanliness of the prison, and serving out rations; do not exercise any supervision over prisoners while at work in the yards. I never was instructed to look after the locks on the outside of the prison; if I saw a door open, I would consider it my duty to look to it. The door of communication between the two yards (work and women's) is a wooden door; it is secured by a stock lock; there is no padlock on it to my knowledge; there might be. I never found a padlock on it when I had occasion to open it. The escape of G. Fitzsimmons and Pat. Sinnett took place on Tuesday morning, and the door was known to be locked on the previous Thursday, to the best of my belief. We removed straw out of the beds on that evening, and then I ascertained that it was locked, by doing so myself; it could be opened by Mr. Higgins or Nyle without my knowledge; saw the outer door and grating under the door through which the prisoners afterwards passed, locked at the same time; one lock on that door (a padlock) was locked; that door has only been opened twice since 12th April, 1866; the stock was not locked when I locked it at either time; it has never been locked to my knowledge. On the morning of 30th April, I let the prisoners, Fitzsimmons and Sinnett, into the corridor from their cells; did not examine the grating or door at east end of corridor, leading into drop-room. Mr. Higgins gave me positive orders not to let Sinnett into the corridor; I did not understand the order to apply to his meals; he always got his meals in his cell, except breakfast; in order to get his night-pail emptied, himself washed, and his cell cleaned out, he was allowed to take that meal in the corridor; this is a general rule, adopted to other prisoners since I have been in the jail; have been in the jail since 12th April, 1866. It was near 7 o'clock when I let the prisoners out of their cells. About twenty-five minutes afterwards I heard that they had broken out of jail; I was then at breakfast in the Court House, of which I am Custodian; went over immediately to render what assistance I could; Mr. Higgins sent me to the Police Court; could find no one there; then returned to the jail. Both Fitzsimmons' sisters visited him on Monday; have no idea in my mind as to how the escape occurred; came out to the Court House by the prisoners' entrance door; never pass through the work yard, except when it is open; leave the jail at half-past 9 or near 10 o'clock at night; never go round the jail to see whether the outer guards of the prison are safe or not. Mr. Higgins, myself and Nyle inspect the prison at 9 o'clock at night; never inspect the outside of the prison, to see whether locks, &c., have been tampered with; in the morning saw the passage grating leading from east end of corridor to drop-room; between 3 and 4 o'clock on the evening previous, it appeared to be locked. I went down to see the state of the water closet.

WILLIAM MCEWEN,
Turnkey of the County Jail.

John Nyle sworn—Am turnkey of the county jail; have been in that employment for about 13 years. I have the guard and supervision of the men at work in the yard; am up at 5 o'clock a.m.; while the furnace is at work I must let the man that attends it in; it is always one of the prisoners, and I have to take him out of his cell; I sleep in the jail; I let the prisoners out of their cells at half-past 6, in order to wash, clean the cells, and empty their night pails; they breakfast in the corridors. Mr. Higgins gave orders that the whole of the prisoners awaiting trial should be locked in their cells; he particularly referred to Sinnett and Drough; after breakfast all prisoners awaiting trial are locked up in their cells; others go out in the yard. Mr. McEwen goes to breakfast while the prisoners are at theirs; I take half an hour afterwards; the prisoners don't go to work till eight o'clock, when I return; I remain with the prisoners till a quarter to 12 o'clock, when they are marched back to the corridors till their dinner is served; I attend and serve the dinner, assisted by one of the prisoners; an hour is allowed for dinner; after the expiration of that time, I am relieved by Mr. McEwen, and go to dinner myself. The prisoners are locked in the corridors; at their meals they are allowed knives and forks; McEwen sees to the removal of the dinner utensils; when I return, which is about one o'clock, McEwen goes to dinner, and he returns about two; the men are then marched out to work again. In summer they continue at work till half-past four, and in winter till sometime before dark, so as to give sufficient light to lock up by; we lock up on alternate nights. I leave for tea after the prisoners march back to the corridors and are at supper, on one night, and McEwen does so at same time next night. I return at half-past five, and he does the same. At nine o'clock, myself, McEwen and Mr. Higgins inspect the inside of the prison and ascertain that every prisoner is in his cell, by seeing him there; we try all the locks to ascertain whether they are locked. It never was a rule to examine the locks at the eastern end of the corridor. I could not say that the locks referred to were examined at any time, to my knowledge. The locks on the outside of the prison are never systematically examined, at least to my knowledge, as the door inside the drop and other doors are seldom used. Visitors are generally admitted to the office; prisoners are brought to a grating or screen, and the conversations take place in the presence of the turnkey; both turnkeys perform this duty in their turn; I do it whenever McEwen is at his meals; whenever I am engaged in the yards, he does it all the time; Fitzsimmons' friends saw him the day before his escape in my presence; the interview took place at the large grating in the corridor; I heard every word they said; I was quite close to the girls during the whole interview; they did not stop over *five minutes*; they passed nothing to him, only a little bread and meat and potatoes, which he was allowed by the doctor; the bread was about half a small cottage loaf; his friends had interviews with him on the previous Friday; McEwen was present on that occasion. Some day during the previous week two boys, John Curry, and another man whose name I did not learn, but since find from McEwen it was Fitzsimmons' brother, had an interview with Fitzsimmons; Curry lives in letter O, and had been in prison for an assault; the other man had also been in prison; McEwen was present on that occasion; he told me so himself; I cannot say, to my own knowledge, whether any other party had seen him; there is no turnkey at the lock; whenever the turnkey goes into the corridors, he takes the keys with him, and there is no turnkey to lock him in. I saw Fitzsimmons and Sinnett in their cells at nine o'clock on the evening of the 29th April; McEwen unlocked the corridor in which their cells were, on the morning of the 30th April, about the hour of seven o'clock; he took their breakfast into the corridor afterwards, assisted by a soldier who is a prisoner for a military offence; after serving breakfast, he went to serve the meals in the upper corridor; this would occupy about twenty minutes in opening and serving breakfast in both corridors, about half an hour or twenty-five minutes elapsed; afterwards McEwen went to his breakfast to the Court House; about ten minutes after McEwen left, one Patrick Flood, a prisoner in the same corridor with Sinnett and Fitzsimmons rapped at the door, about one minute after the rapping commenced I went to see what caused it; I thought at first they had been fighting, he told me to come as quickly as I could; I asked him what was the matter, he told me Fitzsimmons nor Sinnett was not there; I asked what did he mean, as the door was locked. Well they are not here, was his reply; I opened the southern corridor to ask the soldier confined there to assist me; after letting them into the corridor, I gave one of them my revolver and went and called Mr. Higgins; he came up with me and we went through the corridor; found the grating and door at eastern end opened, in the passage leading into the drop room; went through both doors and saw the grating and door leading to the women's yard open; thought they were in the yard till I saw the door open between the two yards, and the ladder standing in the corner of the work yard; Fitzsimmons tore up his rug and made a kind of a rope, and with the wire handle of the night pail attempted to cross the wall, but it was too short; this rope was in the yard alongside of the ladder; I never saw the ladder before, nor do I know to whom it belongs; have no idea of any party assisting in the escape; I am of opinion Patrick Flood knew of it; he told me he wondered what kept those men from breakfast, and he went to look for them in the wash-room, when he did not find them there he gave the alarm, but I am of opinion that he knew of their escape and gave them sufficient time to clear out; the turnkeys at all times have access to the keys; three keys unlock every lock in the jail; a carpenter in the jail made two wooden keys which unlock all the main doors, he is a prisoner for a trifling offence; am not sure he was in jail at the time of the escape. There are triplicates of the keys, one of the padlock keys has been missing for about two weeks; the keys are in no one's particular charge, they were left on the table in the office, we never carried about the keys with us; I told Mr. Higgins that my key was missing, I left it on the office table; also asked McEwen about it; he said he had not got it, but I should look round for it; did so but did not find it since; that key would have unlocked the padlock at the eastern end of corridor on the outside of the door, under the drop, and the padlock on the door of communication between the yard; I could not say whether the door under the drop was locked with the stock-lock; I cannot say whether it was ever closed or not by the stock-lock; visitors pass through the office where the keys were deposited; the door leading into the office from the front door was not regularly locked when visitors passed in; only one turnkey was on duty at a time, and his time would be taken up with the visitors; parties could pass into the office unnoticed from the front door; and often visitors have been left in the office while the turnkeys were called away to other duties; a revolver belonging to Mr. Higgins was stolen from this office some time ago; I cannot swear whether there was a padlock on the door between the yards or not; McEwen did not tell me the evidence he gave, neither did Mr. Higgins; broke a key in the stock-lock of the door under the drop since the prisoners escaped; the padlock of the grating in the eastern end of corridor was found on the floor after the prisoners escaped; the stock-lock of the corridor door was found loose on the bolts and the door partly closed; there was a padlock found on the step of the door under the drop outside.

JOHN NILE,
Turnkey.

Edward J. O'Neill, Detective Policeman, sworn—Remember that George Fitzsimmons was committed about the 26th December last, for assault and robbery on the person of one Joseph Mills. I arrested him and delivered him over to the jailer; I also arrested Patrick Sinnett about three o'clock on the morning of the 25th of April, on a charge of burglary; am not positive whether I gave him into the custody of the jailer, but think I did; am certain he was in jail, however. Heard on Tuesday morning, the 30th of April, that both those prisoners had escaped. The intelligence reached me at half-past nine o'clock; I came immediately down to examine the jail for the purpose of tracing the course of escape, and taking means for their re-capture. On arriving at the jail, I saw Mr. Higgins, he came with me and showed me each of the doors, the cells then were occupied, and the way by which they escaped; went through the north corridor in the second flat, where the prisoners were confined, went in at the western end, the ordinary way of entrance. I made the examination for the purpose of satisfying myself whether the locks had been *picked, forced*, or opened *with keys*. I satisfied myself at the time that each and every one of the padlocks had been opened *with keys*. I am satisfied that the *padlock* on the iron grating at the east end of the corridor, leading into the drop room, was opened *with a key*. Three feet six outside that grating is a wooden door, closed with a stock-lock, four bolts running through the door and lock, *nutted* on the side next the grating, these were from ⅜ to ½ inch bolts smooth, without any burr thereon. The nuts were taken off, and the lock taken from the door—this could not be done without opening the grating from the corridor. I feel confident that the nuts had been taken off the bolts of the stock-lock on the door leading from the eastern end of the corridor to the drop room once or twice before, as they had oil or grease on them, and appeared as if they had been marked. I took off this stock-lock to-day, and I find that the central ward was pushed with some instrument used from the corridor side, and bent so that its key would not work, the ward was bent towards the drop room. The key could not have done this, without putting the face of the lock in the same direction, and leaving the same space between the face of the lock and ward, as would have been before it was disturbed. The only agency which could be employed to meet such a contingency, would be an horizontal pull on the key, which would either have broken it or bulged out the face of the lock in the direction of the pull. My opinion is that the lock was disabled by an attempt to pick it by an unskilful hand, with a key which fitted the key hole, but would not turn in the wards, and that the centre ward was bent in an attempt to push it out of the way, and this necessitated the taking off the lock. The keys are arranged in the office on a table according to sizes. When a visitor comes to see a prisoner he is locked into the office, and converses with his friends through a grating, or the visitor is locked into it, in either case the result would be the same; the turnkeys have got duties to perform which sometimes call them away, and either of the parties are left alone. I am personally acquainted with this fact. I saw an interview between Mrs. Gravelle, now in prison, and her husband, one was on the land. ing outside the office, with the matron, the other Gravelle was inside the office; I could not see any person with him. As there is only one turnkey, it is my impression that the visitor is left in the office while the turnkey is locking up the prisoner. I found the lock on the door, leading into the women's yard, was opened *from* the inside, the door of communication was also opened from the outside. I believe their escape was assisted by the brother John Fitzsimmons; I have no private information that he assisted the escape, but I have private information that he offered Jos. Mills a watch and some money to settle the matter, and not appear against his brother George Fitzsimmons; Joseph Mills was the party charging him with the robbery; I know Patrick Flood, the prisoner who was in jail with Fitzsimmons and Sinnett on the morning of the escape; I arrested him for larceny, stealing mutton from his former master Dr. Hill, in that case a padlock was broken off a coach house door, which the mutton was in; he was sent to the Recorder's Court, and convicted of the same; Mr. Higgins, the jailer, on the morning of the escape said he was very glad to see me, as he had been looking for me that I might assist in the recapture.

EDWARD J. O'NEILL,
Detective.

H. H. Horsey, Esq., exhibited a plan of the jail; he advises that a well should be sunk near the canal, and pumps put in the basement story.

RETURN OF THE CANADIAN DELEGATES.—Three of the Canadian delegates, Hon. John A. Macdonald, Attorney General, Hon. W. P. Howland, Finance Minister, and Hon. W. MacDougall, Provincial Secretary, arrived by the *Persia*; and after spending Friday in New York, left for their respective homes, accompanied by their ladies, last evening in excellent health and spirits. We are glad to be able to state, that before the close of the present month, or so soon as the names of the Canadian Legislative Councillors can be fixed upon, and forwarded to the Home Government, which is made necessary by the act, we shall be in possession of the Queen's Proclamation, giving effect to the act of Confederation, and erecting the three principal Provinces north of us into one dominion, or, in fact, nation, as it will almost entirely control its own affairs hereafter. Oppositionists in Canada West, who would, if they could, revive old party lines and issues, must find new men to aid them in their plans, for we are convinced that these Western Canada Delegates are too well pleased with their work to lend a hand in undoing it just yet.—*N. Y. Albion.*

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

—One of the companies which participated in the recent firemen's parade at Charleston was a hook and ladder company composed of ex-officers and soldiers of the Union army, and other Northern men. This company borrowed a National flag from the military authorities, with which to decorate their truck. After the parade, the boys left their truck unguarded, and went to help an engine company work their apparatus. A man named Stephen Calhoun Smith, a former member of the Hampton Legion, took advantage of their absence to cut a piece out of the flag, and afterwards boasted of it among his fellow rebels. General Sickles sent him to Castle Pinckney.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility not experienced* in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing and renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to *yourself*.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

BIRTH.

On the 9th inst., the wife of Griffidus Mann, Esq. of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At St. James' Church, Hull, C. E., by the Rev. J. Johnston, on the 8th instant, Mr. Eli Porter Rowsel, to Rachael Elizabeth Grace, step daughter of Mr. Wm. Sweetman, all of this city.

DIED.

At Ottawa, on the 9th inst., the Rev. Henry Beeson, Wesleyan Minister, after a very protracted illness.

The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon, the 11th inst., leaving the residence of Mrs. Ross, Union Square, at 3 o'clock, proceeding to the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe-st., for service, and leaving the church at half-past 3 o'clock for the Cemetery. Friends are requested to attend without further notice.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORMAN & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's, Worms Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

TREES FOR SALE

JUST RECEIVED AND for sale at JOHN GRAHAM'S ALBION HOTEL, a lot of Choice

Fruit Trees.

Apply to

MESSRS. PONTEY & TAYLOR,

On the premises.

Geo. Leslie, Proprietor Toronto Nurseries.

May 10. 431-2

NEW

FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,

COFFEES,

SUGARS,

SPICES,

SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

☞ A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tf

NEW STORE AND DWELLING TO LET,

BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.

J. R. O'CONNOR.

May 10. 431tf

***Art Journal*, 1867.**

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.....John Townsend.

NOTICE.—In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of THE NAIAD QUEEN, on Monday and Wednesday last, the Lessee has the honor of announcing it for repetition with TOWNSEND'S GREAT SHADOW PANTOMIME, for the afterpiece, on Friday evening.

On Friday evg., May 10, 1867,

Will be presented the Grand, Romantic, Operatic Spectacle, entitled

THE NAIAD QUEEN;

OR,

The Revolt of the Naiads.

The Queen, - - By Miss Florence Townsend.

Director of the Ballet, - - Mr. Hamondi.

After which the grand ballet

The Carnival de Venice,

With its Tableau.

To conclude with Townsend's great

Shadow Pantomime.

Received everywhere by crowded houses, with roars of laughter, and the most enthusiastic applause.

Gowan's full Band will be in attendance.

Doors open at 7:30; Curtain to rise precisely a 8:15. Carriages at 11.

ADMISSION—Boxes 50 cents; Private Boxes, $3; Gallery, 25 cents.

On Saturday afternoon a Grand Matinee at two o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 10. 430-2

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,

Butchers,.....No. 1-4.

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414z

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street

430-y

PROCLAMATION.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS,

For sale by Box and Package, at

OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE,
25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. Church will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409d

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

FOR SALE,
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

LOST,

A KEY OF A CHUB'S PATENT CASH BOX. Any person leaving the above at the Store of R. Kenley, 33 Sparks-street, will receive a reward of $2.00.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-3

NEW BILLIARD ROOM,

Centre Town.

TO MEET the demands of Confederation W. MURRAY has extended his Billiard Room. He has now three standard four pocket Marble Tables, with very fine new Combination Cushions, &c. All Billiard players are respectfully invited to give them a trial.

☞ Henry's Block, Metcalfe-street, opposite the Methodist Church.

WM. MURRAY, *Proprietor.*

May 6. 427a

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE.—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT.—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS.—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [**20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufactures.

Milltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 413tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 89 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST,
Box 102, Ottawa.

May 4. 426-a

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

THIRD WEEK

OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE!

AT

GRANT & HENDERSON'S,

As they are moving into the Bishop's New Building on Sussex Street, near the Cathedral, on the 1st o JUNE next.

Giving Decided Bargains for Cash only.

Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 427-y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.....	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,.....	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.....	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866.....	**$4,075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,....	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Wanted,

BY O'HEARA & CO., an experienced SALESMAN, who understands the Clothing Business. Good references required.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-3

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., Times office. 427b

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

HIBBERT'S' LONDON STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon. A choice supply of the above can always be had *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR Constantly on hand, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10. 405tf

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON,.....J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent,*
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent,*
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-8

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 21-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,.....Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,..... " LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,..... " FINDLAY.
OREGON,..... " HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,..... " TORRE.
JASON GOULD,..... " OVERMAN.
CONTIACK,..... " DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,..... " COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,..... " BLOVDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 229tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for Cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen. In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, G. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Mercury*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Waig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

HOWE'S Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

As the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 17. 420y

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6 00.
Terms payable in advance.

Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER, No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.

April 16. 416*

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. *My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system.* You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully,
Yours, ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhoea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.
Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867. 356d3w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought it hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilman's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 129y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division*."

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorised to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force;" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on *Grosse Isle* aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—Establishment.

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Medical Superintendent.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the lim of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generall do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—Passengers.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—Vessels.

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle?
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL
Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. H. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the *same persons* who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867,

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p.m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p.m., and 8:30 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. ... 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THOS RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, *U. S. Consular Agent.*

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dwtm

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 432. | OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY. MAY 11, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,.......... $5 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur; attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-160-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General; Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28. 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-y

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 30. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,..........Liverpool,..........Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 *Stg.*
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.......... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.......... 25.31
And each subsequent year.......... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.......... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for a present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

SEALED TENDERS,
ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this office, until
Saturday, the 11th day of May,
NEXT, AT NOON,
For the Partial Reconstruction and General Repairs of the Parliament Buildings, at Toronto.
Plans and specifications may be seen on and after the 29th instant, in Toronto, at the office of the Department, in the Eastern Wing of the Buildings to be repaired.
Parties tendering must give their names and addresses in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.
Tenders must be endorsed, "Tenders for repairs, &c., Parliament Buildings."
The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order.
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 26th April, 1867. 418td

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK;
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sits Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chaffing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorising the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
403-tf

TOBACCOS.
SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread.......... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,
Butchers,.......... No. 14.
BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.
MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.
April 20. 414c

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,
CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.
—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

House to Let,
CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.
Apply to JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.
Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTERLY one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted or a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROPERTY is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W. ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 337tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrandt Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN
April 27. 420y

The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 426-td

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 7

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Three new Houses to Let—R. H. McGreevy.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.20 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.
North side of the Ottawa. Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 11, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

The Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS arrived in town last night.

The Hon. Mr. CARTIER sailed on the 2nd inst., and is expected home by the middle of next week.

The following Ministers were present at the meeting of the Executive Council yesterday: Sir N. F. BELLEAU, Hon. Messrs. MACDONALD, BLAIR, MACDOUGALL, CAMPBELL, HOWLAND, LANGEVIN and COCKBURN. The Council will sit again to-day.

In the last number of the Brockville *Central Canadian*, it is said that among others FRANCIS JONES, Esq., M.P.P., is an applicant for the vacant shrievalty of the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville. We have the best authority for saying that the statement is entirely without foundation. Mr. JONES is not, never was, and does not intend to become an applicant for the office.

A correspondent of "Public Opinion," April 27th, who calls himself a "Canadian" is glad to see that his countrymen have offered opposition to Confederation, and he hopes it will never be established. If he cannot be English he would like to be American, and he sees no advantage either to England or the British Provinces, for the confederation is likely to produce evil.

Whoever this precious "Canadian" may be, the calibre of his judgment may be safely determined by the illusory basis of his "hopes." On behalf of his countrymen we beg to assure him that he has their full permission to become Yankee, Englishman, or Fee Jee Islander, if the metamorphosis should prove at all to his liking. In most communities there are to be found a few croakers whose pretension to a monopoly of sound sense leads them to conclusions directly at variance with the common judgment, and though daily experience proves the absurdity of their conclusions, because they belong to the class who never learn by experience, they fail to discover on which side lies the folly. But with respect to Confederation it must be confessed that the croakers in Canada have been few and far between. Upon no great question of public policy could it well be possible to have secured a greater unanimity of opinion, for with the exception of a little knot of *Rouge* politicians and those who follow them, the opponents of Confederation were only difficult to count because of their scarcity.

The Perth *Courier* of yesterday is more than usually impertinent. The reception given to Messrs. MACDONALD and MACDOUGALL on Saturday last, is made the occasion of no little vulgar abuse of this city. If the Solon of the *Courier* desires to be convinced that the people of Ottawa will *not* get up a demonstration in honor of "the most scrubby politician in the Province," he has only to pay the capital a visit. Pending this experiment will he be kind enough to enlighten us as to "all the one-horse orators.......... *waxing themselves* into large proportions?" We are also puzzled by the following statement:

"An occasion arose on Saturday last, when an opportunity for a renewal of this grovelling spirit could be put in practice, and to resist seem impossible."

Putting an opportunity in practice is a novel kind of proceeding which we think will stand a little further illustration, while an impenetrable cloud shrouds the special object or objects which "*to resist seem* impossible." Do explain, Mr. *Courier*, and be good enough when next your indignation is aroused against Ottawa to abuse it in intelligible language.

Another article in the same paper strung together in true "feeble-forcible" style, is evidently intended not only to make the TIMES hang its head in shame, but to drive the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL out of the Cabinet. The surpassing impertinence of the *Courier* in attempting to dictate to Ministers, and assuming to speak for the Reform party scarcely deserves notice; but the following extract is worthy of reproduction if only to illustrate the swelling assumption of the *Courier* genius:

"If Mr. Macdougall does not come out of the Cabinet we *feel quite certain* that he will come out of North Lanark, and if he is not out of it before the election he will have to pledge himself on the hustings to leave it immediately—otherwise *he will not be elected*."

We have given the *Courier* some useful information already, for which, however, he has paid us with abuse, but we beg to tell him for his enlightenment that not only Mr. MACDOUGALL, but every other Minister will be "out of the Cabinet," and a new Government will be formed before the election. With reference to the state of feeling in North Lanark, we have shewn on a previous occasion, when the *Courier* put forth the same assertion in another form, that its representations were utterly and notoriously incorrect. The charge against this journal of "coolly insinuating the probability of Messrs. BLAIR, HOWLAND, and MACDOUGALL becoming out-and-out Tories," if made in earnest, proves the editor of the *Courier* as incapable of understanding, as he is of writing plain English. We have no wish to discourage the aspirations of the *Courier*; and if, as we suspect, the article before us was written with an expectation of its being copied into the *Globe*, we hope the editor may be gratified. Had we any influence in that quarter, we should solicit the honor for him, as a proof of our personal good will, but the transcendant merits of the production may win the coveted distinction without our interference.

Departing from his usual custom of scissors and paste patchwork, the *Citizen* of yesterday morning got off an original editorial, of which his "effort" made to obtain the copy of the evidence taken before the Grand Jury during their investigatoin into the circumstances connected with the escape of the prisoners from jail, and the failure of that effort, form the subject. That the powerful exertions of our enterprising *confrere* should have come to naught, was naturally enough a cause of regret to him; and since the fruits of his "every effort" were not visible in his columns, he may well be pardoned for explaining the circumstances by which he was "frustrated." It is not, therefore, with the intention of quarrelling with the course the *Citizen* has seen fit to take, but merely to supply a few omissions in his narrative, and give him a hint which may be useful in the future, that we refer to the matter at all. In the first place the evidence was applied for on behalf of the TIMES to Mr. JUSTICE WILSON, and not to the Deputy Clerk of the Crown, and it was by direction of the Judge that we were permitted to publish it, in accordance with the recommendation of the Grand Jury in their presentment. The copy was in our office on the afternoon of Wednesday, but space not permitting its publication on Thursday morning, we then stated that we should insert it on the following day. Now it was *after* the *Citizen* had discovered in our columns that we intended to publish the evidence, that his "every effort" began, for not until half-past ten o'clock on Thursday did he apply to Mr. FRASER, whereas the application on behalf of the TIMES was made to the Judge on the day before. If, then, the *Citizen's* "every effort" is to be crowned with success in the future let him begin at the proper time, and not content himself with following in the wake of the TIMES. Why did the *Citizen* of Thursday give no promise of publishing the evidence when commenting on the presentment of the Grand Jury? Clearly the intention to publish it was an afterthought inspired by the perusal of Thursday's TIMES. With regard to the detention of the manuscript in this office we have only to say that, from the moment we were made aware that it was wanted, we lost no time in getting it into type, and if the *Citizen* was not in possession of it at half-past nine o'clock on Thursday evening, the fault was entirely his own. The document was placed in the hands of the clerk of the Russell House by Mr. FRASER, before that *time*, with instructions to deliver it to the *Citizen* "when called for," but perhaps the "effort" of paying another visit to the Russell House was too much for him.

We do not enter upon the very small topics of a personal character between the "proprietor of the *Citizen*" and Mr. FRASER, which are "narrated" by our contemporary, further than to express our entire dissent from the practice of prostituting journalism by such discussions. If "our agent" of the *Citizen* met with a rebuff, while *touting* for "some trifling printing and advertising patronage," which had previously been given to the TIMES, without solicitation, the circumstance should have suggested the possibility of a revulsion in the current of this particular kind of trade, of which the less said would be so much the better for the *Citizen*. Perhaps, however, the personal attack on Mr. FRASER may have been in pursuance of the system of "paragraphing" to which a few of our leading dry goods merchants, who do not advertise in the *Citizen*, were treated the other week, but if so that system is a bad one, and not at all likely to prove profitable.

The "no party cry" is coming to unutterable grief. Not only is it denounced daily by the *Globe*, and weekly by the St. Thomas *Despatch*, but the Pembroke *Observer* has also pronounced it a "humbug!"

LOCAL NEWS.

FIRST OUTWARD.—The s. s. *Moravian*, Capt. Wylie, sails from Quebec, this morning, for Liverpool, carrying the Canadian and United States mails and passengers. This is the first outward ocean steamer for the season '67.

GOT BOOTED.—The Police Force, yesterday, to a man, got well booted, and it served them right. Mr. Crosby, of Sparks-st., per order, supplied them with well made substantial boots, and from the state of the streets they were much needed.

SAFE HOME.—We learn by telegram, that the prisoners Brough and Shroeder, arrived at their future quarters, the Provincial Penitentiary last evening, and were safely ensconced out of the way of committing future depredations, for a few years at least.

POLICE COURT.—H. Dupuis was taken up for having some articles in his possession, of which he would give no account. Remanded for further investigation. The two unfortunates, whose minds appear to be in a very disturbed state, Annie Cameron and John Shedden, were further remanded.

ONTARIO LA CROSSE CLUB.—On Wednesday next this Club will have a practice match, at which the whole of the members are expected to be on hand. The Ontario's, we hope will work vigorously, and by every effort, prepare themselves for the coming struggle on the 24th May, in the champion match with the Montrealers.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 10, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 36 above zero.

9 a. m., 44 above zero.
Noon, shade, 50 above zero.
4 p. m., 49 above zero.

PLEASING TESTIMONIAL.—The Building Committee of the St. Albans Church, presented to the ven. the Archdeacon with a massive gold pencil-case, as a memento in commemoration of the laying of the corner stone of the building. The compliment was gracefully acknowledged, and we have no doubt will be a highly prized one. The article was purchased at the manufacturing establishment of Messrs. Young & Radford, jewellers, Sparks-st.

MEND YOUR WAYS.—There is more truth than poetry in this caption, especially when referring to the very ways over which our venerable city fathers have to pass. We particularly refer to the side path leading past the Russell House. Now, if a leg is to be broken, and unless repairs is promptly made, such may soon be the case, perchance some of the functionaries of the corporation will try a twist at it, just for the seeing of how the operation can be performed.

A RARE CHANCE.—Messrs. Pontey and Taylor, offer for sale at low rates, a quantity of young fruit trees, fresh from the nurseries of Geo. Leslie, Toronto. There are no better cultivated nurseries than those of Mr. Leslie, and it is a well known fact, that his fruit carries off all the principal prizes at the Provincial Exhibition. Our farmers, and those who have large gardens in this neighborhood, should not lose this opportunity of securing trees that in a few years will not only prove ornamental, but remunerative.

FIRE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.—About half-past three yesterday afternoon, a fire broke out in a cottage on the south side of Rideau-st., owned by Alexander Burritt, Esquire, and occupied by P. A. Loftus, Esq., contractor. The fire originated in the attic, and was caused by a defect in the chimney. The Rideau and Ottawa engines were very promptly on the ground, as was the Lower Hook and Ladder Company, but their services were not required, as Mr. Loftus' friends in the vicinity extinguished the fire with a few buckets of water.

A GOOD BEGINNING.—We were highly gratified yesterday to learn from the Rev. Dr. Jones, that the offertory collection laid on the corner stone on Thursday amounted to $55. Had there been the opportunity for all those who desired to contribute, to reach the spot, we feel confident that the sum would have reached $100. As this church is to be *free seats* for all—rich and poor alike, we hope that those who were unable to pass in their contributions, will attend service at the Court House on Sunday, and there deposit their *mite*—for be it ever so small—the offering will be acceptable.

GRAND MATINEE.—In order to afford the juvenile population, a chance to witness the enchanting spectacle of the "Naiad Queen," with all its fairy scenery, gilded grottoes, etc., Mr. Townsend will give a matinee, or afternoon performance, this Saturday afternoon, commencing at two o'clock. The little people rarely have the opportunity of witnessing such performances, as they take place at that hour, when they are where they should be, domiciled at home, so we hope that all the youth of our schools will have permission to witness this romantic illusion ere it is withdrawn.

THE UNKNOWN DEAD.—The case of the old man found dead, reported in Wednesday's issue—having reached Mr. Thos. Langrell, Chief of Police—he proceeded at once to the spot, and identified the body as that of a man named James Rathford, a native of New York city, and a painter by trade, and about 60 years of age. Had resided in Canada for nearly four years. Was put into jail as a vagrant on the 15th January last, for one week. On the 23rd he again applied at the station to be sent back, and was recommended to go and seek work, he went away and was not seen from that time, until the discovery on Wednesday.

A NUISANCE.—We refer to the nuisance, and a dangerous one too, of cabmen, carters and teams in general, being driven across the sidewalk, at the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-sts. It is made a sort of convenient short cut, all of which seems very nice to the drivers of vehicles, but to pedestrians it is quite another matter. People in walking along the sidewalk, and knowing that there is a proper crossing fifteen or twenty feet further on, don't apprehend any danger, when all of a sudden—"look out," cries Jehu, and before the "look out" is made, that article, for the finding of which, so many lives have been sacrificed, the *pole*, is discovered. If one or two were *invited* to see Mr. O'Gara, perchance it would prove a remedy for the evil.

HABITS AND FOOD OF SNIPES.

To the Editor of the Daily Times:

SIR,—A seeming discourtesy towards your correspondent "Snipe" appears in my last letter. I did not mean to say that he was alone, but *not* alone in his opinion. In fact several good tempered letters on the snipe question have reached me, in most of which like doubts are expressed. The views stated in these letters admit of being classified thus:

1. Snipes breed altogether in the northern parts of Lower Canada, and afford sport in western districts only whilst migrating from the southward in the spring months.

2. Canadians are thus raising snipe for our southern neighbours to shoot; spring shooting in Upper Canada should therefore be allowed.

3. They are not birds which devour insects prejudicial to agriculture, and cannot be comprehended by the statute protecting insectivorous fowl.

The opinions and even the prejudices of such hearty sportsmen as these correspondents and other dissentients are known to be, certainly claim respect. In differing with them, I desire to say, that unless sustained by the clearest proofs, I should do so with extreme diffidence.

The migratory movements of the English snipe are much the same in Britain as in America. They breed, feed and (many of them) winter in various parts of the British Isles. Wintering birds inhabit the lowlands and southern parts of the kingdom near the sea. As spring advances they disperse generally throughout Britain—some to the mountains and moors, others to the *fens* and bogs. At different periods during autumn, according as the broods become able to emigrate, another move takes place, and wisps of restless birds from every direction spread themselves again over the land, approaching by degrees more southerly and humid localities.

The common snipe of America imitates in the main its British congener. They winter in the Southern States. Early in the spring they rise in fickle detachments from the savannahs of Florida, and the plantations of the Gulf States, wheeling and tarrying in their course through Georgia and the Carolinas. After taking a fresh feed of milky rice-worms and yellow larva of the maize-moth, buried at the bases of soft rills, they press northward and are soon distributed over the Western and Middle States. Here they stay to fatten in new grounds. In the grain fields, meadows and marshes, they feast on earth worms, grubs, and eggs, and worm-like larvae of countless crop-blighting and aquatic insects. These pests are now near the surface of the damp soil, creeping among the debris of winter, or on the oozy mire, just warming into life beneath the hot sun and warm rains. As spring time progresses another move sprinkles them over the Northern States and the British Provinces. Many, however, remain to breed in hilly sections of the Middle and Eastern states. When with us they perform the same good offices for our agriculturists in the corn, wheat and oat grounds, and in the meadow lands, that they have done elsewhere, by eating the larvae of insects buried in the loamy soil or floating on the miry marshes. They are not idle among the wrigglers concealed in the springing herbage. During the first half of June they have pretty much all scattered about and settled down for breeding, the bulk of them not having gone so far north as is generally supposed. This really depends very much upon the facilities for nesting, the food, and the nature and extent of disturbance they may meet with in the course of migration. If hunted closely they seek places of security and quiet in the interior, among the peat bogs and mossy savannahs of northerly and easterly parts of Canada.

The hatched snipe are very precocious youngsters, and large, compared with the size of full-grown birds. They tumble out of their nests whenever clear of the shell. Their growth also is exceedingly rapid. The parent birds being now lean and sickly, are impatient to again shift their feeding-places, and the little scolopaxes must grub themselves from the moment they shell out. It is not long before the old stock and the new begin to move away from northern solitudes. Their departure is irregular, and the autumnal migration southward occupies nearly three months. They are shot east of Quebec as late as the beginning of November, and in many situations about Western Canada they linger until Christmas.

During these fall months they become fat and healthy, frequenting again the corn and grain fields (especially at night), and the wet meadow lands.

Sportsmen who forego snipe shooting in spring will find in the fall season four or five times the number. I admit that there are certain localities in both Canadas where snipe are particularly transitory. This is the case, too, in several counties of England. And upon the lands situated around the basin of the great lakes, the still standing *crops* warn off eager snipe hunters and their pottering dogs. Autumn shooting being thus practically denied to some, they argue earnestly for a week or two of sport in spring time. The demand it is hard to resist. Let them, however, consider how such arguments cut two ways. Snipe are of so changeable a nature, require so much food, and can so easily vary their feeding preserves, that the very places where numbers have bred and eaten all they could find may be suddenly deserted. Again it is only when they are breeding that any appear far north. The plea is just as strong in these exceptional instances for shooting them whilst actually hatching. If brother sportsmen would consider this, I fancy they might prefer good autumn and fall shooting, even if they had to go a day's journey for it.

The exception to snipe not coming within the meaning of the Act 27, 28 Vic., Cap. 52 merits a separate letter.

Yours truly,
W. F. W.

Ottawa, May, 8th 1867.

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

Minutes of Council, March 9, 1867.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present.—The Reeve, Deputy Reeve, and Messrs. Stevenson and MacLaren.

The Minutes of last session were read.

The Clerk stated that he had, as directed, applied to Mr. Elliott for Catalogue or Invoice of Township library, but of which Mr. Elliott stated that he had no knowledge. He obtained books (fourteen volumes, one from Mr. Elliott, belonging to the Township. An account from the TIMES Office, was presented for printing and advertising. A petition for aid in erecting a bridge on the Township line, between the Townships of Fitzroy, and Huntley was also presented.

Moved by Mr. Stevenson, and seconded by Mr. Story, that motion No. 11, of last session be amended by rescinding the name of Samuel Stevenson, and substituting the name of George Baird, instead thereof.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Stevenson, seconded by Mr. Story, that this council do grant the sum of one hundred dollars, to build a bridge on the town line between Huntley and Fitzroy, at Lot No. 1, in the First Concession in Fitzroy, and Lot No. 27 in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, on condition that the Township of Huntley do grant a like sum.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Story, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that this council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The council met pursuant to adjournment.

Moved by Mr. Story, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that the Treasurer pay the proprietor of the TIMES twenty-seven dollars and 23 cents for printing and advertising for past year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Story, seconded by Mr. McLaren, that the by-law to appoint certain officers be now read a first, second, and third time, and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

By-law No. 169 read first, second and third time, and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that the Clerk be instructed to post up notices for 'Tenders for Collector for the Township of Fitzroy, to be received until the first day of March next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Stevenson, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that this Council do now adjourn until Saturday, the fourth day of May next.—Carried.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

By-Law, No. 169.

By-Law to appoint certain officers for the Township of Fitzroy, for the year 1867.

The Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, enacts as follows: That the following persons be and they are hereby appointed to the undermentioned officers for the year 1867.—Namely:

Pound-Keepers, Donald McMillan, James Murphy, John Bradley, Jr., Charles Mohr, Duncan McLeod, John Nicholson, James Shaw, Thomas Fraser, Jr., Robert Scott, Thos. May, Samuel Featherson.

Assessors of Highways—Thomas May, Abraham Halpenny, Samuel Coan, John Goodham, James Blair, Abraham Miller, William Gourlay, Ralph Tact, Richard Monforte, John Howe, George Moreton, Noble Dean, Richard Wilson, Andrew White, Robert Harris, John Moorhouse, James Murphy, Patrick Curry, Thomas Doolan, William Green, John Riddell, William Hunt, John F. Richey, Thomas Marshall, George Baird, Samuel Baird, Jr., James Turner, John Power, Donald Dow, Thomas McBride, William Bradley, Archibald McVicar, C. B. Wilson, Charles Hunt, John McDonald, Thomas Fraser, Senr., James Jeffrey, John McDermott, William Craig, John Hudson, Andre Dugeau, John Shannon, John Sherlock, Robt. White, Hugh Carry, John Lewis, William Cavanagh, Andre Brunette.

Fence Viewers—George Wilson, John Elliott, Joseph Halpenny, James Craig, Thomas Green, and John R. Wilson.

Road Surveyor—Andrew B. Henderson.

Assessor—Robert Walker, Junr.

Inspector of Licenses—Francis Gillan.

Given under the hand of the Reeve and the seal of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, this ninth day of March, A.D., 1867.

(Signed),
JOHN NEIL, Reeve,
W. P. TAYLOR, T. C.

—Rev. M. Thacher, Pitcher, Chenango Co., N. Y., writes—"I am sixty years of age. By the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, my gray hair is restored to its natural color. I am satisfied it is not a dye, but acts on the secretions. My hair ceases to fall. Your hair dressing is superior to all others. For eruptions it has no equal." Sold by all druggists. Depot 198, Greenwich st., N. Y.

GENIUS AND LABOR.—Alexander Hamilton once said to an intimate friend, men give me some credit for genius, all the genius I have lies just in this, when I have a subject in hand I study it profoundly day and night it is before me. I explore it in all its bearings—my mind becomes pervaded with it; and every one who has used the Canadian Pain Destroyer can speak of the magical effect it has in subduing coughs, colds, pleurisy, rheumatism, cramps, or all pains of the human body. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 10, 1867.

This morning a prisoner charged with rape, while being conveyed from the country to jail, in this city, escaped from the constable, and though closely pursued, succeeded in getting off clear.

A meeting comes off at the St. Lawrence Hall this evening, to consider the question of establishing a House of Industry.

Bills of the Bank of Commerce are now in circulation—they were engraved by the Canada Bank Note Company, and present a very creditable appearance.

In Hamilton, yesterday, a little boy, while setting off fire-crackers, had his face almost completely skinned by an explosion, his nose badly burnt, and it is supposed his eyesight is destroyed.

A telegram from Welland says Captain King, who lost a leg, and was otherwise injured in the encounter at Fort Erie, last June, is now dying from the effects of his wounds.

The detachment of Royal Artillery, at London, is about being removed to Toronto. It is stated that one of the regiments now stationed there will also be removed in a few weeks.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 10, 1867.

The Hon. U. J. Tessier left this morning for Ottawa.

A company of the Royal Canadian Rifles is to be transferred from St. Johns to Kingston, about the 14th.

It is said that the average amount of gold washed from the DeLery property, on the Chaudiere, has been of late $2000 a day.

Oporto advices state that four vessels laden with wine, have sailed from that port for Montreal. The first of the fleet sailed on the 7th ult.

A lad about fifteen years of age, a son of Mr. Gibson, clerk in the locomotive office, at Point St. Charles, was accidentally struck by a passing train while he was on the track, and killed.

A lady jumped overboard from the *Nestorian*, on the way out, and was drowned.

The cold, wet weather is having an unfavorable effect on business. In hardware, during the week, a fair business was done, but in dry goods it was very light. The spring demand may be said to be over. Compared with the last few years, there has been a decided falling off. Weather very unpleasant to-day—almost cold enough to freeze.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

A New Atlantic Cable.

PARIS, May 10.—The new Franco-American Telegraph Company, which proposes to lay an electric cable between Brest and Halifax, has been promised the support and assistance of the Imperial Government.

Deliberations of the Peace Conference.

LONDON, May 10—Evening.—The peace conference holds its second session to-day. The following basis for the deliberations of the conference was agreed upon: first, the territory of Luxemburg is to remain in the possession of the King of Holland, as Grand Duke of Luxemburg; second, the neutralisation of the Grand Duchy is to be guaranteed by all the European powers participating in the conference; third, the Fortress of Luxemburg is to be razed.

Earl Derby's Opinion.

Earl Derby stated in Parliament, last night, that he considered the preservation of the peace of Europe no longer a question of doubt.

Amendment to the Reform Bill.

In the House of Commons, last night, a division took place on an amendment, made by the Government to the Reform Bill, and the amendment was adopted.

Secretary Walpole Resigned.

The Hon. S. H. Walpole, Home Secretary, has resigned his position in the Cabinet.

The New Home Secretary.

The Hon. Gatheron Hardy has been appointed Home Secretary, in place of Mr. Walpole, and the Earl of Devonshire replaces Mr. Hardy as Chairman of the Poor Law Board.

Arrivals Out.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 10.—The steamship *Borussia*, from New York, 26th, arrived yesterday.

FALMOUTH, May 10.—The steamship *Mississippi*, from New York, 27th, arrived to-day.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Extensive Shoe Trade Failures.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The failures of James H. Wheeler & Co., in the shoe trade, Faut and Garr in the leather trade, and of a bank president in the same trade are reported from Boston.

New York Regatta.

The Annual Regatta of the New York Yacht Club occurs on June 12th; race open to English yachts.

Prize Fight.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, May 10.—Wm. Davis and Jim Elliott fought to-day on Point au Belle Island. Elliott won by a foul, after nine rounds occupying eleven minutes, Davis going down without a blow. He is badly punished and is said by many to have sold the fight.

Arrest of a Bank Robber.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Gales Esmond was arrested to-day for stealing $23,000 from Sheuker & Bauer, Wall-st. brokers, in 1864. He made a full confession.

Fox, the Missing Billiard Player.

ROCHESTER, May 10.—The body of Lewis Fox, the billiard player who mysteriously disappeared in December last, was found this morning floating in the river, at Charlotte.

Davis under the Writ of Habeas Corpus.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 10.—The writ of *Habeas Corpus*, in the case of Jeff. Davis, was served this morning on Gen. Burton, by Marshal Underwood. Mr. Davis and family, Gen. Burton, and the Marshal, are going to take the steamer to-morrow for Richmond. Gen. Burton on Monday will personally produce the prisoner in court. In the event of Mr. Davis being released by Judge Underwood, under the writ, he will be immediately rearrested and put on trial under the indictment for high treason.

The "Great Eastern" not to Return.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The *Evening Post* says: The *Great Eastern* is not to return to his port, we presume because she can't pay her expenses as a passenger ship between here and France; passage money will be refunded on application.

Death of a Railroad President.

HARTFORD, CONN., May 10.—Chas. F. Pond, President of the Hartford and New Haven Railroad, died at his residence in this city, this p. m., of paralysis.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

Military Scenes in Paris.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The *Herald's* Paris correspondent referring to the war preparations of France, says: The military scenes witnessed in the streets of Paris, moving of artillery, waggons, guns, gun carriages and munitions, were similar to those seen just previous to the war, and Italian campaign.

Prussian Preparations.

The *Herald's* Berlin correspondent says: Prussia makes her preparations steadily, and without any noise or excitement, as in France, but on a very extensive scale. Orders for the mobilization of the 8th, 9th, 10th, and 11th army corps were made out in Berlin, and extensive promotions have taken place in the army.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The New York Money Markets.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Gold 37½.

The *Post* says: The loan market is easy at 3 @ 6. Large amount are offering at 4 per cent, to the dealers in Governments. Discount demand small. Stocks unsettled, but there is rather more activity. Governments firm with a fair demand. Railroad shares not so depressed as yesterday, but there is little disposition to buy. Foreign exchange strong.

Freshet in New York State.

NEW YORK, May 10.—There is a great freshet along the Erie Rail Road. At Oswego, bridges were carried away, and at Waverly the track was covered with sand two or three feet deep.

Jeff. Davis.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The *Times* special says: Chief Justice Chase has nothing whatever with the issue of a writ of *Habeas Corpus* in the case of Jeff. Davis, and that his name was attached as a mere matter of form. The Commander of fortress Monroe will put the prisoner in the hands of the U. S. Marshal, who will be responsible for his custody. Mr. Davis will be furnished with rooms at the Spottswood House, Richmond, until after a hearing of return to the writ. Thus the government does not release its hold upon the prisoner, the matter of bail has not been thought of. The case is one merely as to why government holds the prisoner.

A Negro Riot in Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, VA., May 9.—A serious riot occurred this evening. A fight took place and a negro was rescued. The mob of negroes arrested him, but he was again captured. Three policemen were injured with paving stones. The mob consisted of nearly one thousand blacks. A company of soldiers charged bayonets and drove them away. The riot is most likely to be renewed.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

The intelligence of the unanimous vote of union with Canada by the Legislature of British Columbia, appears likely to bring to issue at length the long pending question of the Hudson's Bay Company. The British North American bill just passed takes powers for the extension of the Confederation to this colony, and also to "Rupert's Land and the North-western Territory;" but, as several hundred miles of Rupert's Land, that is, of the Hudson's Bay Territory, intervene between Canada West and British Columbia, it is apparently necessary for Canada to acquire this tract before she can give effect to the vote of British Columbia. This view was pointed out in a despatch of Sir E. B. Lytton, when Minister for the Colonies in 1859, in which he urged the impracticability of "leaving an intervening proprietary jurisdiction" to divide the Confederation. As regards the means of settling with the Hudson's Bay Company, the Canadians are understood to rely upon a pledge given by the late ministry to apply to Parliament for the guarantee of a loan to be raised by Canada for the purpose, contained in the following passage in Mr. Cardwell's despatch of the 17th of June, 1865:

"On the fourth point, the subject of the North-Western territory, the Canadian ministers desired that territory should be made over to Canada, and undertook to negociate with the Hudson's Bay Company for the termination of their rights on condition that the indemnity (if any) should be paid by a loan to be raised by Canada under the Imperial guarantee. With the sanction of the Cabinet, we assented to this proposal, undertaking that, if the negociation should be successful, we, on the part of the crown, being satisfied that the amount of the indemnity was reasonable and the security sufficient, would apply to the Imperial Parliament to sanction the arrangement and to guarantee the amount."

It appears that the course which will be at once the most simple and advantageous both for Canada and the company is to purchase that western part of the Hudson's Bay territory which describes the United States' frontier on the south, and the line of the Saskatchewan river and Lake Winnipeg on the north, and which would connect Canada with British Columbia. It is the only fertile and colonizable part of the territory, being about two hundred million acres in extent. The Hudson's Bay Company would then be left with their vast hunting grounds in the north and east, the abode of the fur-bearing animals, with their coast line and shore settlements, so as to preserve intact the trade which has always been the staple source of their revenue. It is understood that neither the company nor the Canadians are indisposed to such a mode of arrangement, and it has been suggested that the former could hardly do better than apply the indemnity to be obtained in reduction of the amount of their shares.—*London Times.*

THE NEW CONFEDERATE CABINET.

[From the Scottish American Journal.]

While the completion of the Confederate Cabinet must ultimately be determined by the complexion of the first Confederate Parliament; while the pure and sound system of British responsible government is to be carried out in the new dominion, and ministers held to a strict accountability to the Legislature, it is well known to be the strong desire of the Home authorities, from the Queen downwards, to have the Governor-General select his first set of advisers from among those who have stood honestly, faithfully, truly and steadily to the principles of Union, and who have contributed most directly to the consummation now reached.

We do not see how the wisdom of this course can be called in question. While it is possible enough (and from present appearances even probable) that in some of the Provinces, especially in Western Canada, the old dividing lines of parties may by and by be restored, it cannot be said that the coalition of parties formed to give effect to confederation has fulfilled its mission. It has laid the foundation, with Imperial help, of the new structure. It has got the whole outline of the enlarged system drawn out. It has overcome all the preliminary difficulties of organization; and it has up to that extent completed the provisional task assigned to it. But those members of the coalition who did most of that provisional work are those we must believe best fitted at least to set the new machinery in motion. The delegates from each separate province know each other. That is an important point. They are likely to be able to enter into a new executive council with something like harmony of purpose. They can each speak with more or less confidence for the particular part of the Confederacy which they individually represent. They enjoy the entire respect of the Crown, and, to sum up, their prolonged and arduous labors entitle them to the additional honor of beginning the *new* order of government, and to the gratification of trying their hands as statesmen upon a larger scale than they have ever before had opportunity for.

THE DIFFICULTY WITH SPAIN.

Lord Stanley has declined for the present to press upon the Spanish government the question of indemnification in the case of the imprisoned crew of the *Tornado*. The claim was made by Sir James Crampton on the 11th of February last, in pursuance of instructions from her Majesty's government.

The *Gibraltar Chronicle* has a letter from its Madrid correspondent, dated April 12, which states that Sir James Crampton had commenced paying a series of farewell visits, and that he was supposed to be about to leave Madrid for some time on leave of absence, but adds that his departure may be viewed as a temporary measure, caused by the necessity of his presence in England during the discussions of the *Tornado* case, or even as a much more serious exodus. We may add that, although the Spanish marine court has declared the seizure of the *Victoria* to have been illegal, the Spanish government have not yet apologized for the act, and that in reference to the imprisoned men belonging to the *Tornado*, there are likely to be serious differences of opinion between the two governments. A letter which appeared in the *Liberte* on the 18th of April, dated Madrid April 12, says: "It was known here to-day that the English fleet was cruising before Cadiz. The journals have been interdicted from publishing this news." There are five iron-clads in the Mediterranean fleet, three frigates and seven sloops and gunboats.

SOMEBODY SAYS.—There is something peculiarly attractive in a horse. His intelligent eye and ear, his lofty carriage, his free and graceful motion, his vast strength, his obedient temper, and his indispensable use, all endear him to us. We love to look at his fine proportions, and take in the inspiration of his energy and power, but it is only when the horse is properly cared for—when he is free from disease or unsoundness of any kind that he will exhibit these points of attraction, and without which he is of but little value. A package of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine, should be in possession of every man who owns a horse to be used in case of emergency. Don't fail to get it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE PRINCESS OF WALES.

The London *Lancet* of the 15th ult. says: "We are happy to report that the little change which has taken place in her Royal Highness during the past week has been of a satisfactory character, and that a small, but appreciable, improvement has shown itself in the condition of the affected joint. For the rest her Royal Highness's general health and spirits continue excellent, while for the last three or four nights, the amount of natural and refreshing sleep which has been obtained leaves nothing to be desired."

The *Medical Press and Circular* of the 17th ult. has the following:—"It is universally regretted that the health of her Royal Highness continues to give causes for anxiety. Mr. Hawkins and Mr. Pollock have both seen the royal patient, in consultation with Mr. Prescott Hewett and Mr. Paget. In deference to the well-known wishes of the illustrious family we have all along abstained from comments on the case, except such as were really called for by the public interest excited on behalf of the Princess, who has endeared herself to the nation. We shall continue to maintain what we consider a judicious reticence, merely repeating that the information we have given is absolutely correct, while the attempt of some of our contemporaries to give a different version to the facts is as erroneous as it is uncalled for."

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, April 22, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau and Bate.

Ald. Friel introduced a By-law to amend By-law No. 232 relating to the Fire Brigade.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the By-law to amend By-law No. 232 be now read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the first clause in the By-law be filled up with the name of John Langford, it being agreed that the said John Langford accepts said office without salary for the present year.—Lost by amendment.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the name of Pierre Dufour be inserted in lieu of Ald. Langford to act as Fire Superintendant for the current year.—Lost by amendment.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Heney, that as it is advisable before filling up the blanks in the By-law to consult the wishes of the Fire Brigade, that, therefore, the filling up of the said blanks be postponed till the next regular meeting of this council, and that the City Clerk be instructed to call a meeting of the members of the Fire Brigade for Friday the 26th inst., to select five names from which this council may select two names to fill up the said blanks.—Carried.

YEAS—Bangs, Featherston, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Robinson and Friel.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that the council do now proceed to general business.—Lost.

YEAS—Bate, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Goulden and Heney.

NAYS—Langford, Cunningham, Bangs, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau and his Worship the Mayor.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that this council do now adjourn, to meet for general business on Friday night; and that the By-law to amend By-law No. 232 be taken up, rescinding any provision to the contrary.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

CITY HALL, April 26, 1867.

Adjourned meeting for general business.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Goulden, Traversy and Heney.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that on account of domestic affliction in the family of his Worship the Mayor, this council do now adjourn until Monday the 29th inst., for general business.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The Newfoundland sealing fleet this spring consists of 64 sailing vessels and 2 steamers; from Cabonear 22 sailing vessels; from St. John 6 steamers and 23 sailing vessels. The total tonnage of vessels from St. John is 13,779, manned by 1,616 men, being a slight decrease on last year's fleet.

—The Lansingburg clergy have a novel way of doing things. At a recent public wedding the officiating clergyman, after the knot had been successfully tied, announced that if there were any others in the church who desired to be united in wedlock they should step forward, and forthwith another couple approached the altar as candidates for the matrimonial degree.

—The corner-stone of a magnificent Jewish Temple was laid in Louisville, Wednesday, with imposing ceremonies, attended by an enormous crowd of spectators. The corner-stone had beside the Jewish date, "Anno Domini, 1867," an acknowledgment of the Christian Era. Rabbi Wise, of Cincinnati, was the orator of the occasion.

ROWING.—Hamill has staked the entire $1,000 for his match with Walter Brown, May 23, on the Monongahela at Pittsburgh, and has also challenged Dierst and Wolfe for $1,000 apiece, five mile races, to be pulled on the two succeeding days after the race with Brown. Should they fail to accept this challenge, Brown has gallantly offered to row any other two men in America on the same conditions.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryans' Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's pulmonic wafers or cough and voice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

—One of the companies which participated in the recent firemen's parade at Charleston was a hook and ladder company composed of ex-officers and soldiers of the Union army, and other Northern men. This company borrowed a National flag from the military authorities, with which to decorate their truck. After the parade, the boys left their truck unguarded, and went to help an engine company work their apparatus. A man named Stephen Calhoun Smith, a former member of the Hampton Legion, took advantage of their absence to cut a piece out of the flag, and afterwards boasted of it among his fellow rebels. General Sickles sent him to Castle Pinckney.

YACHTING.—Mr. James Gordon Bennett has newly refitted and painted his yacht, *L'Hirondelle*, and has changed her name to the *Dauntless*. It is rumored that she will soon make a trial cruise under the command of her owner. A new yacht for Mr. Pierre Lorillard will be launched from Westervelt's yard to-morrow, which it is said will be the largest yacht ever built in America. Her dimensions are as follows: Length, 142 feet, over all; breadth of beam 28 feet; hold 10 feet, with hollow floor and ends as a keel boat, but so arranged that her keel may be removed and a center-board substituted. A heavy iron shoe will be attached under the keel to serve as ballast. It is intended that this yacht shall take part in the French Regatta. She will have no cabin in her for the present. A schooner yacht of 170 tons is being built for Mr. Lorillard, who formerly owned the sloop *Eva*.

—The Paris correspondent of the Pittsburg *Gazette* gives the following curious medical experiment: "A poor fellow was guillotined here a few days after our arrival. According to the custom his head and body were given to the surgeons for the advancement of science. An experiment was tried with the head, with a very interesting result. They injected into its arteries fresh arterial blood taken from a dog, and shortly afterwards the head gave unmistakeable signs of life. The color returned to the cheeks and lips, the eyes opened brightly and gazed upon those around, the lips moved as if attempting vainly to speak, and the entire face bore the semblance to active life. So soon as the operator ceased to inject the life blood of the dog, the appearance of death rapidly succeeded. It was earnestly held by the eminent surgical gentlemen in attendance, that during the operation the brain was in natural action, and that the lips tried to utter the last thought which found resting place in the mind of the condemned."

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—A melancholy accident, says the Hamilton *Times*, occurred on Wednesday, at Mr. Hadden's mill, near Kilbride, in the township of Nelson. A young woman named Lucy Higgins, residing in Mr. Hadden's family, visited the mill for some purpose, and while there her hoopskirt caught on a circular saw going at full speed, and she was instantly drawn upon the dangerous piece of machinery. One leg was cut completely off, and the poor girl was thrown several yards with great force, sustaining a fracture of the skull. Her sufferings were terminated by death within half an hour after the accident.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Episcopal)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, Rev NESBIT, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S LAUDER, Rev NESBIT, Curate.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7.
School House, New Edinburgh, 4½ p m. Assistant Rev T D Phillipps, M A.

St Alban's Parish—Daly Street—All Services Free.
Rev Dr JONES.
Court House, Daly Street. Hours of service 11 a m, and 7 p m. Sunday School 3 p m. Holy Communion on First and Third Sundays of month at morning service. Daily Prayer at 11 a m, and 5 p m at the Chapel Room. Wednesday evening, with lecture and choral practice, 7 p m.
Military Service at the Court House 9 a m, Rev T D Phillipps, M A, Chaplain.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev E S HOWARD.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m.
Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev JOSEPH ELLIOT.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D MCPHAIL, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. WARDROPE.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Rev. Mr. MOORE.
Services will be held in the Church, Banks Street at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Dr. SPENCE.
Rev. Mr. MCLARDY, Assistant
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. J. DOUSE, Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. STONE.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Rev. Mr. MCGRATH, P. P.
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. DANDURAND, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m.; and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. GUILLARD, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass at 8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael. Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6 p.m.; week days, 7½ p.m.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 10, 1867.

FLOUR—Extra	10 00	@	10 50
No. 1	9 50	@	0 00
No. 2	7 00	@	7 30
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 15
" Spring "	0 00	@	4 40
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 25	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Buckwheat	0 25	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 70	@	1 85
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 37	@	0 40
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 60
Prime Mess per do.	15 00	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 15
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 10
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 45
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 60	@	0 70
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 14
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	0 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 55	@	0 60
HAY—Per ton	14 00	@	16 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.
428-1a-19y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *restorator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 28 — 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

DIED.

At Arnprior, on the 3rd inst., Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Mr. T. Tighe, after a lingering illness, aged 13 years and 9 months.

May her soul rest in peace.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.... John Townsend.

GRAND PERFORMANCE,
THIS AFTERNOON,
Saturday, at Two o'Clock.

THE NAIAD QUEEN;
A GRAND BALLET,
And Townsend's Shadow Pantomime.

Schools and Children, 10 cents; Adults, full price. Doors open at 1.30.

Ottawa, May 11, 1867. 432-1

TO LET.

THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.

May 11. 432tf

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.
Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,
At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S
FACTORY AND STORE,
Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

AT THE CAPITAL.

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,
Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

NEW

FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,
UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

☞ A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tf

***Art Journal*, 1867.**

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,
34, Sussex-st.,
Directly opposite the Barracks.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 426y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street

430-y

PROCLAMATION.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS,
For sale by Box and Package, at
OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE,
25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. CUCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409d

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half-year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

NEW BILLIARD ROOM.

Centre Town.

TO MEET the demands of Confederation W. MURRAY has extended his Billiard Room. He has now three standard four pocket Marble Tables, with very fine new Combination Cushions, &c. All Billiard players are respectfully invited to give them a trial.

☞ Heney's Block, Metcalfe-street, opposite the Methodist Church.

WM. MURRAY, *Proprietor.*

May 6. 427a

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 330y

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON,
Butchers,.....No. 14,

BEEF, Veal, Mutton and Pork always on hand. Families supplied at their own residence.

MICHAEL BOYLE & SON.

April 20. 414c

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE.—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT.—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS.—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [**20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED BY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milions, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,
HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE
STOVES,
IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,
CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Puffs, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

TIMBER LIMITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED is commissioned to purchase a TIMBER LIMIT. Parties desirous of selling will please send price and location to

HENRY GRIST,
Box 102, Ottawa.

May 4. 429-a

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

THIRD WEEK
OF THE

GREAT CHEAP SALE!

AT

GRANT & HENDERSON'S,

As they are moving into the Bishop's New Building on Sussex Street, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of JUNE next.

Giving Decided Bargains for Cash only.

Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 427-y

CRICKET. CROQUET.
—AND—
FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware
FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4 075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION
—TO—
Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

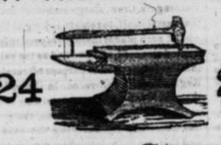
I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., Times office. 427b

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24  24

Rideau Street,
CAN BE HAD
GARDEN TOOLS
Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,
NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements
IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

TREES FOR SALE.

JUST RECEIVED AND for sale at JOHN GRAHAM'S ALBION HOTEL, a lot of Choice

Fruit Trees.

Apply to
MESSRS. PONTEY & TAYLOR,
On the premises.

Geo. Leslie, Proprietor Toronto Nurseries.

May 10. 431-2

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., Times office. 410e

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA
FORWARDING COMPANY.
LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:
W. MCNAGHTON.....J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to
D. MURPHY, *Agent,*
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent,*
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 21-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEACH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TOBEE.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVERTE.
CALUMET,	" BLODGIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 1¼ lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinguels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 72tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-6

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NETS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STEACY, Court Hair-Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Waivers.

May 7. 429tf

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen,

In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News, and Mercury*, Montreal; *Citizen and Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News and Weig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard and Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun and Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian and Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times and Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

HOWE'S Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

As the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

Ice. Ice. Ice.

THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.

☞ Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.

All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.

T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.

May 1. 423d

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER, BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.

WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S. TIMES office.

April 16. 410*

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & CO. GENTS: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully,

Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous Malignant Erysipelas by large doses of the same; says he cures the common Eruptions by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a Goitre—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in Female Diseases of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of Venereal and Mercurial Disease. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic Rheumatism for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an affection of the Liver, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than derangement of the Liver. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 20th, 1867 365dw6w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (Fisheries Act):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL,
425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "The Quinte Gold Mining Division."

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT,

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding Four hundred Dollars in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots; and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorised to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorised to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the lim of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generall do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
391tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
418-td Secretary and Treasurer.

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.80, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. R. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorising signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be *proved* by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m. " " 2.45 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m. " " 1:30 p.m.

ARRIVAL.
At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m. " " 5:20 p.m.
At Prescott 9.35 a.m. " " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond .... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THOS RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases which affect the Wind of Horses; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 433. OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY. MAY 13, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cluner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E. Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night. References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1866 48-ut

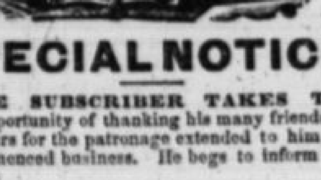
Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET



SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR,
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867, 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN.
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 30. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Situation Wanted.
WANTED, by a young Man, a situation as under-clerk or light porter in a dry goods or grocery store. No objection to make himself generally useful—not afraid of work. For character, as to honesty and sobriety, can produce the best testimonials. Address A. C. S., TIMES office.
April 16. 410

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STR T.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.

Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Callenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.

JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.

BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.

H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinté Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
408-tf

TOBACCOS.

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place, 26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. OS. 58y

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN, *Auctioneer.*
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the Capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL, Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER, No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

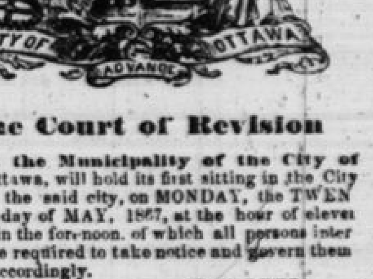
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING TO LET.
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING, Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings
Apply to H. McLEAN, Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN
April 27. 420y



The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the fore-noon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*
City Hall, Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 428-td

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO.
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., 3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO., Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT, *City Clerk.*
City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 423-e

Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS, Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON, Besserer Street
Ottawa ecember 7 314tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Great Clearing Cheap Sale—Grant & Henderson.
Confederation Billiard Rooms—W. Murray.
Auction Notice—Amos Rowe.
American Invoices—Thomas Worthington.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

OTTAWA, MAY 13, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

It is stated by the Montreal papers of Saturday, that it is in contemplation to give the Hon. Mr. CARTIER a public reception on the occasion of his arrival, which, as he is understood to be a passenger by the *Hibernian*, may be expected to-morrow. The Hon. Mr. CARTIER has well deserved this mark of public confidence, and we doubt not but that the citizens of Montreal will accord him a flattering welcome.

We learn that Mr. MCINTYRE, the sitting member for Renfrew, has positively stated that he does not intend to offer himself for re-election. Mr. JOHN L. MACDOUGALL is understood to be a candidate for the representation of the South Riding, in the House of Commons, and Mr. D. M'LAGHLAN, of Arnprior, is also mentioned as likely to offer for the same position. The positive refusal of Mr. BONFIELD to accept a nomination for the Legislature of Ontario, on the ground that his business engagements required his undivided attention, leaves the field as yet clear for aspirants to the Local Parliament.

On Saturday another meeting of the Executive Council was held, at which all the Ministers now in Canada were present. Matters of much importance were acted upon. It is understood that at this meeting the names of the Senators for Quebec and Ontario were adopted, and telegraphed at once to the Imperial Government, though we presume they will not be made known to the public until promulgated in the QUEEN's proclamation. We understand that the establishment of a weekly line of steamers from Quebec to the Lower Provinces was also sanctioned by the Council. The Council will sit again to-day.

The Legislature of New Brunswick was opened on Saturday. The Governor's speech will be found under the telegraphic heading. The allusions to Confederation and the Intercolonial Railway, are in such terms as might have been anticipated, while with regard to the Militia and Volunteer force his Excellency appeals to the patriotism of the New Brunswickers to correspond with the spirit evinced by the Imperial Government, in showing its determination to defend the integrity of the Colonies. It is probable that the present session of the Legislature will be utilised in making such changes in the Constitution of the Local Government of New Brunswick as will adapt it to the restricted sphere of action allotted to it under the new Constitution.

The "labor movement" in the United States, whether with reference to the eight hour system, or the "strikes" that have been made for higher wages, warns us of the very unhealthy condition of the relations which at present exist between employers and employed in the great manufacturing industries of the country. The laborer complains that he works too much for the money he receives, and agitates for the compulsory reduction of the day's labor from ten to eight hours; or he believes that he gets too little money for his work, and so strikes for higher wages. It is needless to say that the several operatives are fortified in their demands by all the strength which their unions or societies can afford them; but they are opposed on the other hand by the depressing influence of a general dullness in business, which in the end is likely to give to the employers the best of the quarrel.

This misunderstanding between capital and labor has grown to its present proportions under a very highly protective system. The foreign article, the product of the "poorly fed and ill paid labor of Europe" comes into the American market, if it comes at all, under the disadvantage of an enormously heavy tariff. Yet we find the manufacturers crying out for more protection and the workmen for more wages. The problem for the Americans to solve is, whether they have not overloaded the industry of the country by imposing an amount of taxation it cannot bear; or whether by their protective policy they have forced that industry into unprofitable channels, thereby depriving it of the power to bear the burthen of taxation, which under a more enlightened system of legislation, it would be able to carry with ease.

In England "strikes" have also been of frequent occurrence of late years and have not been without their serious consequences. There they occur under an entirely different commercial policy and hence it might be concluded that "protection" or "free trade" had no necessary connection with them. But the Trades' Unions, under whose manipulation these strikes are brought about in England, are essentially "protective" societies, they deny the right of free trade in labor. Their fundamental principle is the establishment of a dead level of mediocrity whereby superior talent is denied the right of commanding higher remuneration. They exercise an extra-judicial terrorism over refractory members, and sometimes perpetrate excesses of the very worst kind. Whether on the whole their influence has been of real benefit to the working classes may very fairly be questioned, though undoubtedly in particular instances they have achieved great good in thwarting the schemes of extortionate employers. But the tendency has been to establish an antagonism between capital and labor, which, as each becomes aggregated and organised, threatens to become still more serious. The "Tailors' Strike," in London, illustrates the organization of labor on a scale which a few years ago would have hardly been expected. No sooner had they turned out than the telegraph was called into requisition to put their fellow-craftsmen in Paris and Brussels on their guard, so that none from those cities might be seduced over to London by the Masters.

A short time ago, capital also showed its independence, by importing from Belgium certain articles formerly manufactured in England; and now it is reported that the trades' organizations have so far extended on the continent that "strikes" may be maintained there up to a point which will prevent the continental manufacturers from underselling, in the British markets, such articles as England has heretofore made for herself. Several such strikes are said to have been already sustained by funds from London.

There is one important industry which as practised in this country is never exposed to disturbances like these. The agricultural population have no organised quarrel with capital because nature is their paymaster. If, therefore, it is deemed of the first importance to avoid the risk of provoking complications between capital and labor, such as have already been the cause of so much trouble, and yet threaten more, both in Protectionist America and Free Trade England, it ought clearly to be the policy of the new Dominion to encourage that direction of industry which is the least likely to lead to it. However important manufactures may be as a source of wealth to the country, the adoption of the protective system in Canada, with the view to their encouragement, could not fail to retard the development of the agricultural resources of the country, to an extent for which a forced manufacturing industry would be no adequate compensation. If we look at the United States, threatened with famine prices for the necessaries of life, within a year in which there was no failure in the crops; with millions of acres of uncultivated lands ready to yield a rich return; and with hundreds of thousands of laborers, factory hands and mechanics, out of employment, or barely able to maintain existence, we cannot fail to discover that the industry of that country has been continuously and systematically misdirected through the operation of the protectionist doctrines that have so long obtained in their legislation; and it becomes us, on the threshold of the new Confederation, to see that no mistaken theories of legislative interference with the natural direction of labor are permitted to lead us into a like mistake.

[Since the foregoing was in type, we have been authorised to state positively that Mr. J. L. MACDOUGALL is a candidate for the representation of the Riding in the Canadian House of Commons.]

Chancellor VANKOUGHNET arrived here on Saturday, and will open Court to-day at the usual hour.

The Hon. J. S. MACDONALD left for Cornwall on Saturday by the noon train.

The Hon. A. T. GALT leaves to-day for Sherbrooke.

LOCAL NEWS.

FIRST FLEET.—The first fleet of barges arrived up on Saturday night in tow of a steamer, and were moored at the lumber piles on the north side of the river.

FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATES.—Benjamin Rathwell and William Borthwick, of the County of Carleton, are gazetted as having received first-class certificates.

SECOND-CLASS CERTIFICATES.—Jonathan Cross, Captain John R Craig, and Ensign Ephraim Loucks, of Prescott and Russell, are gazetted as having received second-class certificates.

POSTPONED.—In consequence of an accident sustained by Miss Florence Townsend, on Saturday afternoon, the performance at the theatre, previously announced for this evening, is unavoidably postponed.

NAVIGATION OF THE UPPER OTTAWA.—The Upper Ottawa is now open to Pembroke and Des Joachims. The boats of the Union Forwarding and Railroad Company, will therefore run according to the time table elsewhere advertised. It is to be noted that passengers for Des Joachims direct, should leave Ottawa either on Monday or Thursday to avoid unnecessary delay on the route.

FIRE ON SUNDAY.—About half-past three on Sunday afternoon, an old building said to be used as a carpenter shop, in rear of the Victoria Warehouse, Sussex-st., was discovered to be on fire. The alarm was quickly given, and the Lower Town Hook and Ladder Company, and Ottawa Engine promptly on the spot, but fortunately their services were not required, a few buckets of water had done the work.

BEN COTTON'S MINSTRELS.—As *Cotton* has been proclaimed King in the sunny South, so has this famed troupe been proclaimed *King* in the burnt cork profesh. They recently gave a series of their unique performances in Toronto, where even the great *Globe*, as also the *Evening Telegraph*, unite in declaring their performances, as a whole, to be unequalled, unapproachable. Mr. Kendall, the agent, has secured her Majesty's Theatre for three nights this week, Thursday, Friday and Saturday next.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 11, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 30 above zero.

9 a. m., 47 above zero.
Noon, shade, 50 above zero.
Noon, sun, 77 above zero.
6 p. m., 48 above zero.

INCENDIARISM.—On Friday night about 12 o'clock, an untenanted house on King-st., the property of Mr. J. Evans, was discovered to be on fire, but by the efforts of the neighbors the fire was extinguished without causing a public alarm. That the building was set fire to there can be no doubt; the doors were found broken open, and the torch had been applied in the garret near the roof. The building was insured in the Ætna and Hartford for $500.

A DISCOVERY.—On the arrival of "Brough" at the Penitentiary, the authorities at once recognized him as an old acquaintance, he having already put in three terms of short service, and on each occasion being committed from different localities. His last term was served under the *alias* of "Frost." The wife, who accompanied him as far as Prescott, on their parting, simply bid "good bye" to Charlie dear; her fountain of tears, so profusely shed at the time of his being sentenced, seemed to have dried up. So goes the world.

VALUABLE DONATIONS.—The Managing Committee of the Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum have been favored with the following donations to the library of the institute, viz.: From Hon. Wm. Macdougall, Provincial Secretary, a copy of the "Geology of Canada," from 1863 to 1866; from Alpheus Todd, Esq. Librarian, "The Biography of F. X. Garneau, by L'Abbe Casgrain; and from A. N. Bedard, Esq., "Hunting Scenes in the Wilds of Africa." All valuable accessions to the already well-stocked library of this praiseworthy institution.

ANOTHER FIRE.—About half-past nine, Sunday evening, the alarm of fire was again given. The brigade turned out promptly, and proceeded to the spot indicated, it was found that their services were not required, the flames having been extinguished. The fire occurred in a stable in rear of LeCour's blacksmith shop, and originated in the careless lighting of a lamp and throwing the partly burned match on the floor. The stable belonged to Mr. F. McDougall, hardware merchant, Sussex-st.

OUR MINERAL WEALTH.—That the mineral wealth of Canada, in mining parlance, is only "creeping out," there can be no doubt. The central part of Canada in particular appears to abound with rich deposits of gold, copper, antimony, mica, lead, plumbago, etc. Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock, Insurance and Exchange Agents in this city, last fall forwarded to scientific men in London, Edinburgh, a quantity of plumbago, from their claim in Buckingham. After a careful analysis, that tested in London was pronounced to contain 93 per cent. of metal, suited for all purposes to which it is applied, whilst that tested in Edinburgh gave 92 per cent.

NO FUN IN FISHING.—A juvenile disciple of "Izaak's," on Saturday, in search of piscatorial plunder, lowered himself, rod in hand, down the chain of the flood gate at the lower lock of the canal, and proceeded like one of old to fish in a tub. The youth had not long enjoyed his perch, nor had he even got a "nibble," when a boat was to be locked down to the Ottawa. The men in charge opened the gate, in went the water, and the zealous fisherman soon discovered that he had too much water, when he commenced to bellow most lustily. The water was shut off above, and the lad had to shin it up the chain in quick time. From the fright and shaking he got on reaching *terra firma*, we opine that when he goes fishing for fun again, it won't be in the locks.

CIVIL SERVICE PARADE.—On Saturday afternoon, the six companies of the Civil Service battalion paraded in Parliament-square, under command of Colonel Wily, for the purpose of making their first practice at firing with blank cartridge, in order to be prepared for the *feu de joie*, on the coming 24th. There were on parade 13 officers and 232 non-commissioned officers and men. The parade state of the companies is as follows: No. 1, 2 officers, 41 rank; No. 2, 2 officers, 36 rank; No. 3, 1 officer, 34 rank; No. 4, 2 officers, 38 rank; No. 5, 3 officers, 50 rank; No. 6, 3 officers, 33 rank. The companies were put through a number of military evolutions, and practised in firing in files, sections, sub-divisions and companies, and although their first attempt, as a general thing the firing was good.

HARD TIMES.—If it ain't "hard times," 'coming events cast their shadows," and through the mist we sight "hard times," for the laboring classes, at least. On Saturday, veal, mutton and beef could not be obtained for less than from 12½c. to 20c. per lb., and our baker most graciously gave notice that to-day the article called a 4-lb. loaf (as to the weight of which we have grave doubts) would cost 20c. Now, if we were believers in the doctrine set up by the great C. O. R. P.—the champion of liberty, the Hon. Geo. Brown—we would promulgate the recommendations he once preached when the prices of food ran high in Toronto, viz.: "that the poor should live on coarser diet—oatmeal porridge"; but we don't, and most likely never will, have faith in any of his sermons; we won't recommend them as antidotes to meet the coming evil here.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—It is our painful duty to record the death of Mrs. Catharine McCarthy, wife of John McCarthy, Tailor, Queen-st. For some time past Mrs. McCarthy had been subject to fits of melancholy, and for the last two or three days, wearied from incessant watching over her children, four of whom are sick, and two of these having been given up on Saturday as being past hope of recovery, she seemed to sink in despair, and her actions gave evidence of an unsettled mind. At about four o'clock on Sunday morning she was seen at the back door, shortly after she was missing; search was immediately made, and in a very few minutes she was discovered in a well, which is situated about forty feet in rear of the building, the body being in a sitting posture and the water just covering the nose. The body was taken out, Dr. VanCortland notified, an inquest held, and the case thoroughly investigated. The well is but twelve feet deep, and there was under four feet of water in it, it is however in a very insecure state, and should promptly be put in repair. After mature deliberation, the jury rendered a verdict in effect, that deceased had died from suffocation by water, and that the act causing death, had been perpetrated whilst laboring under a fit of temporary insanity.

TIMELY RESCUE.—A man, named King, who is well known to be of eccentric habits, and on some occasions gives evidence of mental aberration, a few days ago took it into his head that his food did not digest properly, and in order to put matters to right, he deemed it advisable to try a turn at fasting. He proceeded down the hill side to a point in rear of the main buildings and seated himself on a high projecting rock, some distance from the base of the cliff, and there fell asleep. On awakening some time in the night he found communication cut off, the river having rapidly risen; so in a stupified state he sat "like patience on a monument smiling at grief," but nary a smile did he give. With stubborn will he like unto Canute of old, commanded the tide to roll back—but it only rolled on and kept rolling and rising. In the meantime search was being industriously made for his whereabouts, when about 5 o'clock, p. m., he was discovered, and a boat was promptly procured and the King was captured. The rescue was timely, for on the following morning the rock had vanished, there being over three feet of water on its surface. We need scarcely add, that his desired object was fully attained: thirty-two hours exposure to the bracing air of the Ottawa, had regulated digestion and sharpened the appetite if not the senses.

POLICE COURT.—Michael Mears was charged by his wife, who, from every indication, is a decent, hard-working woman, with not only using most improper and unbecoming language, but having pillaged her of the little earnings she had by hard work saved up. His Worship took a reasonable view of the case, and advised the pair to go home and settle their difficulties. Case dismissed.—Mary Ann Thompson and Mary Duruan—improper characters—were remanded.—John Shedden, whose case had been remanded for medical examination. A certificate from Dr. Grant showed he was of unsound mind, but perfectly harmless. Committed for three weeks, not for any criminal conduct, but to keep him under the doctor's charge, for the purpose of endeavoring to settle his mind.—James Morton, of Nepean, charged with stealing a vest valued at $2.00, the property of George Rait. On the prisoner, who is quite a young lad, being asked whether he wished the case to be disposed of summarily, or turned over to the Recorder's Court, he said he preferred to have his Worship, dispose of it, and pleaded not guilty. Mr. Rait identified the vest as his property, and said that in a conversation with the prisoner he said he would give $1.00 for it, and then finally refused to pay anything, saying "You will have to prove it yours before I give anything," and that he had received the vest from his employer, who, on being questioned, stated that prisoner's story was untrue. Adjourned until to-day, in order to procure further evidence.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 11, 1867.

Fine specimens of gold from a mine eight miles from the Richardson mine, at Madoc, have been brought to this city by Mr. Donaldson, emigrant agent.

The apparition of a Chinese woman in the streets to-day excited much attention. She is said to be the servant of an American lady temporarily resident in this city.

A fire occurred in Palace-st., to-day, by which the coal-oil depot and twenty-seven barrels of oil were destroyed.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 11, 1867.

The steamship *Moravian* sailed from Quebec at 11 a.m. Bishop Farrell, of Hamilton, is among the passengers. He is on a visit to Rome.

The only son of the late Sir L. H. Lafontaine, a child four years of age, died last night at the St. Lawrence Hall. The Baronetcy is consequently extinct.

It is reported to-day that several gold operators have got into trouble—one of them to a very heavy amount. The names are not made known yet.

The City Council are moving in the matter of a public demonstration in honor of Mr. Cartier, on his return to Canada. Many influential gentlemen are exerting themselves for the same object, and are meeting with much success.

FROM LONDON.

LONDON, May 11, 1867.

Two houses were destroyed by fire to-day, in one of which a young child was forgotten. She was bravely rescued, however, by Phillip Burroughs. The *Free Press* office was saved with difficulty.

Mason has been making another raid upon the liquor sellers, but prosecutions have suddenly been dropped; but it is said without his receiving a certain pecuniary consideration.

Opening of the N.B. Legislature.

Speech of the Governor of New Brunswick.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

It affords me sincere pleasure to meet you for the first time in Parliament. In conformity with the address of the House of Assembly delegates were appointed to proceed to England to unite with delegates from Canada and Nova Scotia, arranging with the Imperial Government for the Union of British North America. I congratulate you upon the successful manner in which these gentlemen have discharged the important and delicate mission confided to them. I will direct the papers connected with the subject to be laid before you. Her Majesty the Queen, with that earnest solicitude for the welfare of all her subjects which she has always evinced, having been graciously pleased to assent to the Act for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, in which the immediate construction of the Intercolonial Railway was secured, I feel confident that the people of this Province, ever distinguished for their loyalty, will cheerfully unite in giving effect to the provisions of the Imperial Act, and that under Providence it will be productive of lasting benefit to New Brunswick. Your attention will be directed to the changes necessarily consequent upon the Union. It is, I know, a source of rejoicing to you all, that the Imperial Parliament has empowered the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury to guarantee the interest of three millions of pounds sterling for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, an object so long desired by the inhabitants of this Province—so necessary for defence—for the development of its resources—the advancement of its material interests—the more perfect Union of the different Provinces—and the consolidation and perpetuation of British power on this continent. The success which, during the past year has attended our agricultural and lumbering operations has afforded cause for gratification and thankfulness, and I trust that the depression which unfortunately at present exists in the important business of shipbuilding, a business in which this Province has been so pre-eminently distinguished, may soon cease, and that the commercial prosperity of your seaports may be thus restored. I consider it my imperative duty to express my opinion as to the necessity of the Militia being placed upon a more efficient footing, for the determination evinced by the Imperial Government to maintain the integrity of this portion of the Empire, demands corresponding exertion on the part of this Province. The officers of that force are, I am aware, most desirous that immediate steps may be taken to attain that object, and it affords me the greatest possible satisfaction to be able to bear testimony to the zealous and soldier-like feeling which pervades both in the volunteers and militia of the province. By the Imperial Act of Union the power to enact laws regulating the Militia, and for defensive purposes is vested in the Parliament of Canada; otherwise I should have pressed upon your attention the necessity of preparing the able-bodied men of the province by military drill, exercise and arrangements, to defend their homes and their country. At present I can only express my sincere desire that every means may be adopted for this purpose; and I well know that her Majesty's subjects in New Brunswick will consider no sacrifice too great to attain so important an object. You will, I am sure, agree with me in the opinion that the rifle association which has been recently organised will be of great service in stimulating the military ardor, and keeping alive the loyal zeal of the volunteers and militia. It is my pleasing duty to inform you that this association has met with marked success. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly—I have given directions that the accounts of the past year should be laid before you. You will be gratified to find that the revenue was considerably in excess of the expenditure, notwithstanding the large sum required for defensive purposes, in consequence of the threatened attack of lawless desperadoes on the frontier.

Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

Towards the close of the year 1865, the Lieut. Governor, in conjunction with the governments of the other British North American Provinces, appointed a commission to make enquiries with a view to opening new channels of trade with the West Indies and South America. The report of this commission will be laid before you. A large increase of trade with these countries will afford a wider scope for the enterprise of our merchants, and must be productive of general advantage. In leaving you to your legislative duties I must assure you of my confident belief that your deliberations will tend to the welfare of New Brunswick, and you will readily join with me in grateful thanks to Almighty God for the peace and prosperity which has fallen to your lot, and in a heartfelt prayer that the changes which will shortly be made in your position, as an integral portion of the British Empire, may result as well in the development of the vast natural resources of the Province as in the increased honor and renown of the Mother Country.

SOMEBODY SAYS.—There is something peculiarly attractive in a horse. His intelligent eye and ear, his lofty carriage, his free and graceful motion, his vast strength, his obedient temper, and his indispensable use, all endear him to us. We love to look at his fine proportions, and take in the inspiration of his energy and power, but it is only when the horse is properly cared for—when he is free from disease or unsoundness of any kind that he will exhibit these points of attraction, and without which he is of but little value. A package of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine, should be in possession of every man who owns a horse to be used in case of emergency. Don't fail to get it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, May 11—Eve.—The Cunard S. S. *Scotia* from New York 1st, has arrived.

New Telegraph Line in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURGH, May 11.—The telegraph line connecting this city with the mouth of the Amoor River, in Siberia, has been successfully completed.

London Money Market.

LONDON May 11—2 p.m.—Consols declined to 92¼; Ill. C 76¼; Erie 42¼; 5-20s 73⅛.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, May 11—2 p.m.—Cotton somewhat easier, but no decline in prices has thus far been established.

News from London.

LONDON, May 11.—The *Globe* says that the treaty has been signed by all the powers.

It is said that Greece buys seven monitors from the United States.

The Prince of Wales is at Paris.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The National Bank Defalcation.

BALTIMORE, May 11.—The Mechanics' Bank defalcation case was determined in the U. S. Circuit Court this morning, by the sentence of Samuel H. Wentz to six years' imprisonment in the city jail. The whole amount embezzled by Wentz and his accomplices is over $300,000.

From Panama.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Panama dates of the 4th have been received. Commander Leonard Paulding, of the U. S. steamer *Waltree*, died at Panama on the 29th ult. Advices from the interior of Colombia state that the revolution proclaimed in the State of Magedalena concluded in a manner highly satisfactory to the national government.

Jeff. Davis in Richmond.

RICHMOND, May 11.—Mr. Davis arrived this afternoon; the brows of the surrounding hills were thickly covered with spectators anxious to get a glance at him. There was no demonstration, no cheering, nor hissing. Mr. Davis was driven to the Spottswood Hotel, thus disappointing the large crowd which had gathered on Main-st., near the wharf, to see him. He said little about his imprisonment, but spoke in terms of the warmest affection of ex-President Pierce, who visited him on Thursday last. It is the opinion, expressed by one of Mr. Davis' counsel, that if bail is refused him, the Executive will interfere to prevent his further confinement until his trial comes off.

Latest from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, May 11.—Tampico dates report that Gomez, commanding Tampico, opened a revolt against Juarez on the 5th. Gen. Panon, commanding the forces north of the State of Vera Cruz, had received orders to relieve Gomez who was dismissed from the army in disgrace. On the 23rd Maximilian was at Queretaro and had placed himself at the head of a column of 6,000 men leading a sortie. The fight lasted all day. The Liberals were surprised at first and driven back, but subsequently rallied and repulsed their enemy.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

The Derby Government Safe.

LONDON, May 11—Evening.—The success of the Derby Government on the vote on the Reform Bill, ensures its position.

Commutation of the Death Sentence.

The death sentence of the convicted Fenian, Doran, has been commuted to a long term of imprisonment.

An Important Assertion.

Earl Derby officially says: The government will not make public the real history of the recent Fenian uprising, on account of apprehension of troubles with a certain foreign government, which was involved in the plot.

Settlement of the Luxemburg Question.

The treaty of the great powers on the Luxemburg question will be formally signed by the participants to-morrow.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Fenian Outrages at Cleveland.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The *Times'* special says Sir Frederick Bruce has called our Government's immediate attention to the Fenian outrage on British subjects at Cleveland. The United States District Attorney will prosecute the offenders for whatever crime they may be deemed guilty.

More Land Purchases.

Senator Doolittle was given authority to treat with Denmark for the purchase of the Island of St. Thomas, while in Europe.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Gold 135¼.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The *Post's* financial article says the loan market is easy at 5 on Governments, and 6 on other collaterals. Stock Market better. Governments strong. Railroad shares more active, and improved increase.

The specie export to-day is $1,805,000.

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The *Herald's* special says: In the House of Commons on the evening of the 9th, Lord Stanley congratulated the House and country at large on the fact, that the good sense and moderation of the powers primarily interested as parties in the Luxemburg difficulty, had the effect of arresting the unspeakable calamity, which would ensue to the people from a European war. With respect to the part taken by her Majesty's Government in the matter, the Cabinet acted in accordance with constitutional usage in their Ministerial responsibility as the official advisers of the Crown and Sovereign, which responsibility, as well as the reasons which induced them to undertake it, they were ready to vindicate to Parliament, and before the country. The matter had become very critical, members were informed every moment by telegraph and otherwise of the increasing gravity of the case, so he, (Lord Stanley) could not take upon himself to postpone or delay an amendment desired by all the parties interested, and proposed in the conference, when by so doing he would likely prevent altogether the maturing and giving expression to the sentiments, with reference to the guarantee of the neutrality of Luxemburg. He (Lord Stanley) regretted to observe that the House of Commons should shew a susceptibility with regard to the action of the Cabinet, for he also rated the guarantee. The members of the House were aware that England, and what was an unusual occurrence, the remainder of the great powers, who were parties to the Luxemburg and Belgio-Holland treaty of the year 1839, had absolutely guaranteed the territory of Luxemburg to the King of Holland, at that time. What the government had now done was merely to adapt that guarantee to the present circumstances of the case, and render it efficacious in view of the change which had taken place in the German confederation. Ministers had not extended, but on the contrary had rather limited the guarantee incurred in 1839, and by that action contracted the responsibility which the country sustained under it. The present negotiations would be brought to a conclusion within the space of a few days, and then the whole of the papers connected with the proceedings of the London Peace Conference of 1867, would be laid before Parliament. Loud cheering followed the close of Lord Stanley's speech. During the close of the debate in the House of Commons on the Disraeli Compromise Reform Amendment, Mr. Gladstone said the Government Bill was a shallow, transparent, and dissimulating pretence of a measure for the extension of the franchise, and he despaired of its ever being made a good or beneficial one by amendment in the House.

Mr. John Bright delivered a speech in which he declared that the Derby bill was the most unjust and offensive measure ever submitted to the Commons of England.

Mr. Roebuck and Mr. Disraeli defended the government bill and plan. The debate closed after the speech of the Chancellor of the Exchequer; strangers were excluded from the House and the division taken. When the doors were opened it was declared the vote was for the government bill, thus, for government, 322 against 256; majority for government 66. The announcement of the result was received with loud and protracted cheering from the ministerial benches.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, April 29, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Rochester, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Goulden, Traversy, Heney, Martineau, Guerard, Bate and Abbott.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of J. G. Bell for a grant of $150 in aid of constructing a box street drain on Elgin-st. to intersect Slater-st. drain.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the petition of J. G. Bell, be received, and that he be allowed the sum of $150 on completion of such a drain on Elgin-st. as he describes, made to the satisfaction of the City Engineer, suspending rule of order No. 41, for this purpose.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson in amendment, that the petition of J. G. Bell, lay on the table until this council has decided what amount shall be appropriated for the improvement of Wellington Ward.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that all in the amendment be struck out, and the following substituted: that the petition of J. G. Bell, be received, and that the sum of $150 be paid him on the completion of a drain on Elgin-st. such as he describes, to the satisfaction of the City Engineer. The said sum to be deducted from any sum that may be hereafter appropriated for improvements in Wellington Ward the present season, rule 41 to be suspended for this purpose.—Carried.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of H. T. Weatherly and others for a drain on O'Connor-st.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of H. T. Weatherly and others, for a drain on O'Connor-st. be received, and referred to the City Engineer to report on the cost.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the communication of Daniel McLachlin for the abatement of a nuisance occasioned by the discharge from the Sparks-st. drain.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the communication of D. McLachlin asking that the nuisance created by Sparks-st. drain discharging on his property be abated, be referred to the Board of Health.—Carried.

Ald. Goulden presented the petition of J. P. Leprohon and others for a crossing on Cathcart-st. North; the petition of the Sisters of Charity asking leave to enclose the end of Wilbrod-st., and that of Julia King asking exemption from two years taxes.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the petition of J. P. Leprohon and others, asking for a platform on Cathcart-st. North, be received and referred to the city engineer, with instructions to report the cost of the same at the next meeting of this Council.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the petition of the Sisters of Charity, just read, be received and referred to the city solicitor, with instructions to report at the next meeting of this Council.—Carried.

Ald. Friel presented the account of Pierre Poulin.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the account of Pierre Poulin be referred to the market committee.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Joseph Aumond and others, for a fire engine in St. George's Ward.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of Joseph Aumond and others be received and referred to the fire committee, and that they be instructed to report on the cost of removing the Queen Engine to St. George's Ward.—Carried.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of E. McGillivray, President of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company, and Montreal and Gloucester Road Company, proposing to advance $100 to improve the approaches of each of said roads from this city, to be repaid with seven per cent. interest in two years.

Moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of the President of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company, and the Montreal and Ottawa Road Company, be received and granted: and that the City Engineer be instructed to proceed with the work immediately, and that any rules to the contrary be suspended.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the sum of $200 be appropriated, to be expended in street improvements for the year, in Wellington Ward, and a sum equal proportionately to amount of assessment in each of the other wards of the city, the said sum to be expended in such manner as the council may direct, that the amount already expended in any improvements that may have cost $100 or over, be deducted from the amount appropriated to each ward, and that the sum of $1,000 of the Wellington Ward appropriation be expended in improving Bank-st. to the city limits, and a like sum in improving Rideau Hill, at the end of Rideau-st., suspending all rules to the contrary.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, in amendment to the amendment, that the petition of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company, and the Montreal and Ottawa Road Company, be received, and that rules of order be suspended to enable this Council to appropriate the sum of one thousand dollars for the grading and ditching of Bank-st., and Esther-st., from the city limits to Sparks-st., in Wellington Ward, and a similar sum for the improvement of Rideau-hill, in St. George's Ward; and that the city engineer be instructed to prepare plans of the proposed work, limiting the cost to the sums named; and that tenders for the performance of the work be advertised as soon as the city engineer's plans and specifications are prepared.—Carried.

YEAS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Abbott, Heney, and the Mayor.

NAYS—Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, and Martineau.

Ald. Cunningham presented a communication from the chairman of the Board of Commissioners of Police, reporting upon the petition of J. B. Turgeon, and the salaries of the police force, and the necessity of supplying that body with revolvers.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of Mrs. Cowan be received and referred to the Assessment Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Friel presented the petition of Robert McGreevy, for a cheque, instead of one lost by him.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Heney, that a cheque be granted, as prayed for in the petition of R. H. McGreevy, on the usual terms in such cases.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented the petition of Andrew Heavey, for payment of an account.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of Andrew Heavey, just read, be received and referred to a special committee, comprised of Ald. Robinson, Bangs, and the Mayor, to report thereon at the first regular meeting of this council.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of J. & M. Pennock, and others, for the appointment of Francis Graham as Assistant Fire Superintendent.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of J. & M. Pennock, and others, praying that F. Graham be appointed Assistant Fire Superintendent, be received and laid on the table until the appointment of said office comes up.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the petition of the widow Julia King, just read, be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the communication of the Rev. J. Guillard, for a sidewalk on the south side of King-st.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the communication of the Rev. J. Guillard be received, and that the City Engineer be, and he is hereby instructed to have the same completed in accordance with his report, and that the cost thereof be deducted from any appropriation that may be made by this council for the improvement of St. George's Ward.—Carried.

Ald. Langford presented the petition of N. S. Blasdell and others, for the removal of an obstruction from the end of Kent-st.

Moved by Ald. Langford, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the petition of N. S. Blasdell and others, just read, be received and referred to the Chief of Police, with instructions to have the obstruction complained of removed.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented sundry accounts which were read.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the accounts of Mr. Sullivan, Mrs. Murphy, the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Company, and N. Carpenter, just read, be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No. 3 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee in this their 3rd report beg leave to submit that having examined the following accounts and finding them correct, recommend that his Worship the Mayor do sign cheques for the same, viz.:

Fire Department.—Thomas Birkett, new bell for City Hall $359.36; A. Lepage 12 weeks wages to 1st April, 1867, $151.20; Alexis Foisey, repairing fire engines, 1866, $12.20; W. G. Cordingly, sundries for Ottawa Fire Co., $8.55. Total $531.31.

Streets Improvements.—Labourers for January, 1867, $88.00; Labourers for February, 1867, $56.00; Labourers for March, 1867, $72.65—217.45; W. H. Bulley, 1,258 loads of earth on Elgin-st., in 1856, $37.74; H. N. Bate, cutting down Queen-st., 1866, $80.00—335.19; Gas light per Ottawa Gas Company, 78 street lamps for 3 months to 1st April, 1867, $507.00; 3 months light By Ward market $11.70; 3 months light City Hall $33.40; Repairing city street lamps in 1866, $3.65—555.75; P. Cleary, 3 months salary cleaning market to 4th inst., $50.75.

Miscellaneous.—Detective O'Neill, balance of salary 3 months to 1st April $40.00; License Inspector 3 months salary, $100.00; Auditors for 1867, $160.00; P. Robert for burial of a child, $2.50; Mr. D. Wood, candles, &c., for City Hall, $2.55; Dr. Jackson inquest on private Jas. Kelly, $5.00; Dr. Sweetland, inquest on Stephen O'Brien, $5.00. Total, $315.05.

Grand total $1,788.05.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Chairman.
CHARLES T. BATE,
ISIDORE TRAVERSY.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that Report No. 3 of the Finance Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

YEAS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

NAYS—Robinson, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

The By-law to amend By-law 232 was then introduced by Ald. Friel.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the first blank in the By-law before the council be filled up with the name of John Langford—the office to be held without salary till the first of January next, should Mr. Langford remain a member of this council after his appointment.—Carried.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that the appointment of Fire Inspector be postponed for six months.—Lost.

YEAS—Robinson, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that this council do now adjourn.—Lost.

YEAS—Robinson, Featherston, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the previous question be now put without debate.—Carried.

YEAS—Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

NAYS—Robinson, Featherston, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

The original motion to insert the name of John Langford, was then carried on the following division:

YEAS—Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

NAYS—Robinson, Featherston, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the second blank in the By-law be filled up with the name of Pierre Dufour.—Lost.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the second blank in the By-law be filled with the name of Paul Favereau.—Lost.

Moved in amendment to the amendment that the second blank in the By-law be filled with the name of Francis Graham.—Lost.

YEAS—Robinson, Featherston.

NAYS—Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau.

The amendment was then lost on the following division:

YEAS—Bate, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Martineau.

NAYS—Rochester, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Traversy, Heney.

The original motion was then lost on the following division:

YEAS—Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the second blank in the By-law be filled with the name of John Heney, it being understood that he receives no salary, so long as he retains his seat as a member of this council.—Lost by amendment.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the second blank in the By-law be filled up with the name of L. A. Grison.—Lost.

YEAS—Featherston, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Abbott, and his Worship the Mayor.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, in amendment that the second blank in the By-law be filled up with the name of Paul Favereau.—Carried.

YEAS—Bate, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston.

A motion to adjourn was then lost on the following division:

YEAS—Bangs, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

On motion of Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, the By-law was then read, clause; by clause the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th were then moved and adopted.

A motion to expunge the sixth clause was lost on the following division:

YEAS—Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Heney.

The sixth clause was then adopted.

The 8th and 9th clauses were put and adopted.

A motion to expunge the 10th clause, relating to first puncheons of water at fires, was lost on the following division:

YEAS—Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Heney.

The 10th and 11th clauses were then adopted.

On motion of Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Goulden, the following was inserted as the 12th clause of the By-law:

That the Superintendent should immediately after any fire, report in writing to the Mayor all circumstances relating thereto, which come to his knowledge.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the By-law to amend By-law 232 as amended, be now read a second time and passed.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the sum of $1500 be appropriated by this council to be offered as a reward for the discovery of the person or persons supposed to have maliciously set fire to several properties in this city—$1000 to be paid on conviction of the party who set fire to the house of Mr. Murphy, on Clarence-st., on the 19th inst., and $5000 n the conviction of any person guilty of any incendiary act during the past six months, and that the city clerk advertise the same.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

CITY HALL, 12 o'clock, noon, May 4, '67.

Special meeting held in the City Hall, for the purpose of adopting an address to the Hon. John A. Macdonald, on his return home from England.

Present—Ald. Friel, Rochester, Langford, Heney, Bate, Robinson, Featherston, and Traversy.

Ald. Traversy presented a draft of an address to the Hon. John A. Macdonald.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the address, just read, be approved and adopted, and presented by this Corporation to the Hon. John A. Macdonald, on his arrival in this city, this afternoon, and that his Worship the Mayor do sign the same and affix the Corporation seal thereto.—Carried.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The session of the Legislature of Newfoundland was brought to a close on the 28th ult. We give the following extracts from the speech from the Throne, which are of public interest. The recommendation in favor of Union is strongly expressed:

I am happy to be able to congratulate you on the general successful issue of the seal fishery, and I trust that the ensuing season may be attended with not less favorable results from the chief occupation of the people.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to the Secretary of State the report of the Joint Committee appointed by you on the question relating to what is commonly known as the French Shore which was adopted by your honourable Houses. I am certain that her Majesty's Government will gladly endeavour to carry into effect the views thus expressed by the Local Legislature, and I trust that their expression will lead to such an understanding with the Government of France as will practically remove the vexed questions with regard to our fisheries, which have proved so irritating for years past, and will be found to be satisfactory to public feeling, as well as substantially beneficial to the best interests of the Colony.

The Act of the Imperial Parliament recently passed for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, has accomplished in respect of those Provinces the proposed Confederation of all the British North American possessions. The measure contains provisions for the admission of this Colony, in common with others not included, upon terms with others hereafter to be settled. It becomes the duty of each member of your bodies to carefully investigate this subject in order that when at your next meeting it may be again brought under the consideration of the Legislature, you may be able deliberately to choose the course to take with regard to the most important question which the community has yet been called upon to decide, and which in any case must exercise the greatest influence in its future fortunes.

This duty will be not less important than any others which devolve upon you in respect of the constituencies whom you represent, and whose true interests will no doubt obtain your careful consideration.

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

—The water in Detroit is full of reptiles of the genus lacerta. On the 16th inst., one of these creatures, sixteen inches long, and as large as a man's wrist, was taken from a water pipe.

—Rev. M. Thacher, Pitcher, Chenango Co., N. Y., writes—"I am sixty years of age. By the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, my gray hair is restored to its natural color. I am satisfied it is not a dye, but acts on the secretions. My hair ceases to fall. Your hair dressing is superior to all others. For eruptions it has no equal." Sold by all druggists. Depot 198, Greenwich st., N. Y.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryans' Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's pulmonic wafers or cough and voice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

STATEMENT

Of the Provincial Notes in circulation, Wednesday, May 1st, 1867, and of the specie held against them at Montreal and Toronto, according to the returns of the Commissioners under the Provincial Note Act:

Provincial Notes in circulation—		
Payable at Montreal	$2,351,085 00	
Payable at Toronto	$747,615 00	$3,098,700 00
Specie held—		
At Montreal	$511,000 00	
At Toronto	$219,000 00	
		$730,000 00
Debentures held by the Receiver General under the Provincial Note Act		3,000,000 00

BIRTH.

At Wakefield, on the 8th instant, the wife of Mr. A. T. Millar, of a son.

Aylmer *Times* please copy.

DIED.

Suddenly, on the 12th inst., at the residence of her husband, Queen street, Catharine Donovan, aged 49 years, wife of Mr. John McCarthy.

Friends and acquaintance are requested to attend the funeral, to-day, (Monday), May 13th, at 4 o'clock, p. m.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

LAST WEEK BUT TWO!!

OF THE

GREAT CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

BY

GRANT & HENDERSON,

Who are removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on 1st June.

Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

☞ *SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP.*

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

☞ A Rare opportunity of getting such goods at a bargain.

Velveteens, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

☞ Greatly reduced in price to save removal.

A Liberal Discount Allowed. All Sales for Cash Only.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 13, 1867. 433-y

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 237-y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

☞ Honey's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 433-a

NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
433-y Auctioneer.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 10, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

NEW

FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

☞ A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tt

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
430-y 28, Sparks-street

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,

General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

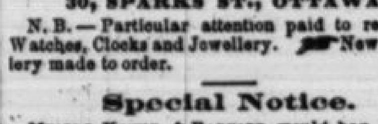
MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.



Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

PROCLAMATION.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS,

For sale by Box and Package, at
OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE,
25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 29, 1867. 428-td

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(OPENING DAY—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] **[20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 433tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

C H E A P.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4 075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRE- sented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residence of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, &c.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands. In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle.
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle.
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNABE'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST [illegible] SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

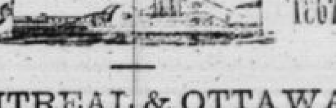
SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 466tf

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867.  1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON, ...J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

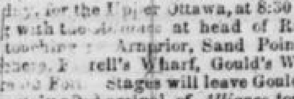
D. MURPHY, *Agent,*
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent,*
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER



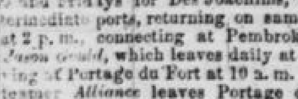
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 21-tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867  1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD	" LAUCH.
ALLIANCE	" FINDLAY
OREGON	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TOWER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a. m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:50, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance.*

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 415-s

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	Otard Brandy.
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey.
75	"	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily.

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 22tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RE- turning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in surpense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 28, 1867. 367dw9 tf

TREES FOR SALE

JUST RECEIVED AND for sale at JOHN GRAHAM'S ALBION HOTEL, a lot of Choice

Fruit Trees.

Apply to

MESSRS. PONTEY & TAYLOR,
On the premises.

Geo. Leslie, Proprietor Toronto Nurseries.

May 13. 431 2

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 4?0-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A A C.

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NETS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STRACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 4?8tf

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhoea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867. 368d3w9w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen"se from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified,

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con Stat Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of Our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments,
Shop Fittings,
Perfumery,
Drugs,
Paints,
Glassware,
Medicine Chests,
Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines
Drysalteries,
Dye Goods,
Colors,
Lozenges,
Chemicals,
Oilmen's Stores,
Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 220y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic. Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage, Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid. And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 15 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred *tons measurement* shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandise which shall be on board such ships or vessels shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorised to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifying of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle
3. How many persons have you on board?
Cabin passengers?
Steerage passengers?
Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform
Collodian
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Pandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

418-td

Check Lost!

A CORPORATION CHECK for $372.50, dated 4th December, 1865, No. 532, payable to the undersigned.

Payment of this Check has been stopped, and the public are cautioned against negotiating it.

The finder will be rewarded on bringing it to

R. R. McGREEVY.

Ottawa, April 8th, 1867. 403-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The *statement* should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least *two persons*, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURES.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2.45 p.m.	"	5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1.50 p.m.	"	4.15 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., at 1:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p.m. and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., at 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p.m. and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustees.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond .... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at .... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THO RUSSELL & SON

TO H M THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and *safe* in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 434.] OTTAWA C. W. TUESDAY. MAY 14, 1867. [PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 3,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 14,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only........ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line........ 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line........ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 366y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A., B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 4tutf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-109-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-8

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 18-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman - Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN.
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.

LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office,
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-•

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

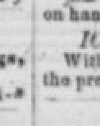
To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons, will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 23. 280tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,........Liverpool,........Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits........ $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year........ 25.31
And each subsequent year........ 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.........Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do., BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK-MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN Do., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,

IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STR T.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Callenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL, of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.

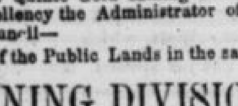
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-td

TOBACCOS.
SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

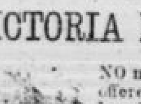
TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to P. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,

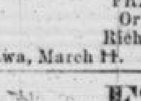
ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given, May 1st.
Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

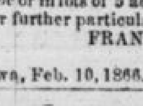
VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital.
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 14. 379tf



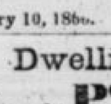
FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y



FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

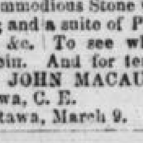
FOR SALE.



THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,



IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 422d

FOR SALE OR TO LET

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,

BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 434tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.

PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale.
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blonet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store.
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

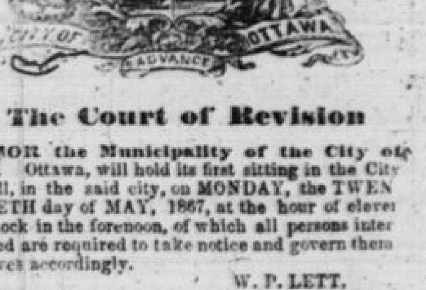
METAL!

TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
'Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p.m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa ecember 2 314tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.
Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.
May 4. 426y



The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any persons guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.—R. W. Shepherd.
Ben Cotton's California Minstrels.
New City Directory—Hunter, Rose & Co.
Her Majesty's Theatre—Amateurs.
Notice of Removal—Broom Factory.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 14, 1867.

☞ *For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.*

The Hon. H. L. Langevin leaves to-day, and the Hon. Sir N. F. Belleau will leave to-morrow, for Quebec.

The Executive Council was in session yesterday and another meeting will be held to-day, at which it is probable that all the business now before the Council will be disposed of.

The Kingston *Whig* states that a telegram had been received from the Hon. J. A. Macdonald by the Mayor, stating that Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald would arrive at Kingston at three o'clock on Thursday afternoon. A meeting was called for three o'clock yesterday to make arrangements for the public reception, by which it is designed to welcome Mr. Macdonald's return to his constituency.

The European difficulty, or as it has been called the "Luxemburg question," is now definitively settled upon terms, the bases of which were announced some time ago as having been agreed to by the great powers. Our despatches do not enlighten us as to the only point upon which any fear existed that the Conference might disagree: the guaranteeing of the neutrality of the Duchy. But from the moment of the acceptance of the proposition for a conference on the part of France and Prussia, all danger of a war was considered at an end. The reassertion of the influence of Great Britain in the international affairs of Europe, and the success attending it, will doubtless add much to the moral strength of the Derby Government. Though France and Prussia may both be said to have received a check with reference to ulterior designs, yet there is a triumph for the former in the withdrawal of Prussian troops from the Fortress of Luxemburg, which the astute Emperor will know how to turn to account in calming the irritation of the French people.

The New York *Herald's* cable despatch casting a doubt on the pacific results of the conference, which will be found elsewhere, is not we think entitled to much credence. In fact, all the startling news by the cable should be received with the greatest caution, as it has been abundantly proved that the despatches are manipulated for the purpose of affecting the stock markets in the interest of speculators. The imminence of war was never so great as represented by the telegraphic despatches, and we may now safely afford to regard with doubt any further representations of continued insecurity for peace between the great powers, unless they bear internal evidence of veracity greater than can generally be found in a "special" to the *Herald*.

Though the people of Montreal will undoubtedly give the Hon. Mr. Cartier a reception befitting the occasion of his return from the successful discharge of his important duties at the seat of Empire, yet we think it would not be out of place for the citizens of Ottawa to tender him a public welcome when he makes his next visit to the capital of the new dominion. It cannot have escaped attention how cheerfully the French Canadians of this city joined their fellow citizens in doing honor to the two Ministers who made the capital their first stopping place on their return home; and it would evince a graceful reciprocity of sentiment if the Canadians of British origin would join in paying a like compliment to Mr. Cartier, who has long enjoyed the position of a representative man of his race. Besides this consideration, the city of Ottawa is not without its special causes of gratitude to Mr. Cartier, who from the day that the Queen's decision was first made known on the then long-vexed question of the Seat of Government, has never failed to uphold the claim of Ottawa; and has upheld it, too, not without exposing his popularity to a severe test, both in the Montreal and Quebec districts. Had Mr. Cartier proved regardless of the Queen's decision, in former years, it would have been beyond the power of Mr. Macdonald to have given our citizens the comforting assurance that he did the other day as to the location and permanence of the Capital of the new dominion in this city. It should also be kept in mind that the interests of the city are bound up with the prosperity of the contiguous territory both of Quebec and of Ontario; that the suburbs of Ottawa are already extending on both sides of the river; that it is to a great extent an inter-Provincial city; and, as the Seat of Government, has duties to discharge to the public men of all the Provinces, but especially of Ontario and Quebec. Doubtless if the project we have suggested were brought before the corporation it would readily be endorsed by the members, and an address from the council, presented by his Worship the Mayor, on behalf of the citizens of all nationalities, to the hon. gentleman on his arrival, with such an accompanying "turn out" as the citizens might feel disposed to make, would be an appropriate welcome.

After two years, less a few days, of confinement in Fortress Monroe, Jefferson Davis, the ex-President of the exploded Confederacy of Southern States, is conditionally set at liberty, having been admitted to bail yesterday by Judge Underwood at Richmond. Whether he will ever be called upon to stand his trial for treason, the only charge now remaining against him, there is very great reason to doubt. Charged first with conspiring for the assassination of President Lincoln, next with instigating horrible cruelties to be practiced on Northern prisoners, it now appears that there remains upon his name but the single stain of rebellion against the Federal Constitution, of which it is notorious that he was only guilty in common with some eight millions, more or less, of his fellow-citizens. Will the American Government proceed with a trial which will re-open the discussion of the whole question of the right of secession, and the relative obligations of the citizen to his State, and to the Federal Government, when the two come in conflict, according to the Constitution as it was in 1861? Assuming that the chances are two to one in favor of the triumph of the Federal claim over that of the State, is it worth while to settle a case *de jure*, which has already been put *de facto* beyond the range of dispute? Would it not be wiser as a measure of policy, more conducive to the best interests of the Union, as well as more consistent with the course pursued towards the other leading spirits of the rebellion, that Jefferson Davis should receive an unconditional pardon, without trial, than that pardon should be given after conviction, or that the trial should result, as is quite possible, in acquittal? Mr. Davis has yielded his convictions not to any judicial interpretation which was heretofore, or may now be, put upon the instrument of the Constitution, but to the stern logic of facts which destroyed the fabric he struggled so manfully, and with so much sagacity to build up. He will not be a better citizen if convicted of treason and pardoned, nor will he or others be improved by his trial and acquittal. On the contrary, the latter result would retard the restoration of harmony of feeling between the populations of the heretofore hostile sections to a degree that would inflict incalculable injury on the prosperity of the Union.

Such of the "State Trials" as have followed the suppression of the rebellion have not been conducted in a way to reflect much honor on the purity of Federal administration. Already has Gen. Butler proclaimed his conviction of the innocence of Mrs. Surratt of complicity with the crime for which she was executed with much indecent haste; and the conviction of the infamous Conover, Judge Holt's tool, of perjury, as well as of systematic subornation of perjury, has exploded the whole fabric of the evidence upon which these cases rested. If we are to credit the charges and insinuations which passed between Butler and Bingham in Congress, we should have to admit that the story of Booth is yet but half told; and as to the case of Capt. Wirtz, it is not even pretended that he was fairly tried, or righteously condemned. With these examples before them the American people ought to be in no hurry to test the result of a trial in the case of Ex-President Davis. "The loyal North" has the administration of the Government in its own hands; it cannot strengthen its position by heaping fresh indignities upon the old man whose public life closed with the collapse of the Confederacy. But by extending him a free pardon it would establish a fresh incentive to the speedy restoration of harmony between the sections, which is an essential to the future progress of the Republic.

We have received a communication from a respected correspondent, informing us that "some one, with or without authority, has "been preventing the city watermen from "obtaining their usual supply," and he contends that this "churlish conduct, *admitting its legality*," ought not to be *tolerated*—a kind of doctrine from which he must excuse us for dissenting. If the party hinted at has a *legal right* to do that with which he is charged, he ought not only to be *tolerated*, but *upheld* in its enjoyment; and if the Corporation has bartered away the rights of the citizens in regard to freedom of access to the waters of the Ottawa, the matter should at once be laid before the Council, with the view of securing a remedy.

The Quebec *Chronicle* says: "It is reported "that orders have been received to put the "Vice-Regal residence at Spencer Wood in "order for the early reception of the Governor-"General and family." This step has probably been rendered necessary by the delay in completing the Vice-Regal residence in this city.

MEDICAL COUNCIL, U. C.

The Medical Council of Upper Canada will assemble in this city, in the Parliament Buildings, about noon to-day. They are twenty in number, as follows:

Dr. Dickson, President.
Dr. Askin, Chatham.
Dr. Fulton, Fingal.
Dr. Turquand, Woodstock.
Dr. MacPherson, Caledonia.
Dr. Clarke, Guelph,
Dr. Pattullo, Brampton,
Dr. Morton, Bradford,
Dr. McGill, Oshawa,
Dr. Dewar, Port Hope,
Dr. Brouse, Prescott,
Dr. Grant, Ottawa,
Dr. Beaubien, do.
Dr. Aikins, Toronto,
Dr. Richardson, do.
Dr. Bovell, do.
Dr. Berryman, do.
Dr. Lavell, Kingston,
Dr. Sullivan, do.
Dr. Yates, do.
Dr. Strange, Hamilton, Secretary.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 13, 1867.

A grand review of the regular and volunteer forces came off on Spadina-avenue to-day, and notwithstanding the unfavorable weather was a splendid affair. The volunteers, in full strength, were brigaded with regulars and put through a variety of manoeuvres by Gen. Sisted, including a sham battle. The General was much pleased with their efficiency.

The gunboat *Prince Albert* has been laid up at Goderich. Her crew will return to the *Aurora* at Quebec.

The celebrated blind preacher, Rev. Mr. Milburn, delivered sermons yesterday in St. George's Church before very large congregations.

The *Queen of the Lakes*, which went ashore near Oakville last week, has been got off. Her cargo was nearly all saved.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 13, 1867.

The weather for the last two days has been very fine. The water is falling fast. Numbers of barges from below, laden with wood, have arrived within the last week or two.

H. M. S. *Wolverine*—a fine, large iron steamer—arrived in port on Saturday, and has since been visited by great numbers of people.

The treasurer of the Volunteer Relief Fund has received back the greater portion of the surplus money refunded to subscribers, with directions to apply it to purchasing horses for the Montreal Field Battery.

—Whalers arriving at Honolulu from their winter cruises bring poor reports. The *Advertiser* of March 16th learns from whalemen that there have been very few whales on the coast the past winter.

LOCAL NEWS.

C. H. & L. C.—The regular meeting of the Centrals takes place this evening; chair to be taken at 7:30. A full and punctual attendance is requested.

The Garrison Artillery.—This fine body of men with company, No. 3 of Gloucester, were out on Sandy Hill yesterday for exercise in firing and gave full satisfaction.

Court of Chancery.—This court commenced its sittings yesterday morning in the Court House, Chancellor Vankoughnet presiding. There were but three cases before the court.

Parade.—The 100th paraded yesterday morning in Parliament-square—the band being in attendance. The Regiment looked admirably on parade, and their evolutions were executed with true military precision.

The Fire on Sunday Evening.—We have been informed by Mr. MacDougall, that the fire in his stable on Sunday night, *did not* occur through carelessness, but that it was the work of incendiaries, the stable having been fired in two places.

Military.—It is rumored, with what truth we do not know, that we are, despite of our wishes to the contrary, about to loose the 100th regiment. It is said, and we fear there is truth in the statement, that they will leave for Montreal about the tenth of next month.

The 100th Amateurs.—Arrangements have been made for the amateurs of the 100th regiment to give a grand variety entertainment at her Majesty's Theatre on the evenings of Tuesday and Wednesday the 21st and 22nd inst. Lieut-Col. Campbell has kindly given permission, and also for the services of the splendid band on the occasion. We are told that the military amateurs are well up in theatricals.

Destruction of Cotton.—During, and since the American war, it has been computed that several millions of dollars were lost by the quantity of cotton destroyed; still *cotton is king*, at least Ben Cotton, the leader of the California Minstrels, says so, and from the very flattering notices bestowed upon his performances everywhere, there must be some truth in the assertion. Our citizens, however, will have the opportunity of judging of his abilities on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday evenings next.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 12, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 31 above zero.
9 a. m., 46 above zero.
Noon, shade, 51 above zero.
6 p. m., 52 above zero.

Ottawa, May 13, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 28 above zero.
9 a. m., 46 above zero.
Noon, shade, 59 above zero.
Noon, sun, 84 above zero.
6 p. m., 53 above zero.

Police Court—Morning.—Jane Dunn was charged with being a common prostitute, and pleaded guilty. The poor wretch said she did live near the Railroad, and had no clothes, and was obliged to seek all sorts of hiding places, to avoid being seen; but now she was about to get some clothes, and would be ready to leave the city altogether in a fortnight. Fined $5, or in default two weeks in jail.—James Martin, whose case was adjourned from Saturday, was again brought up for stealing a vest from Mr. Rait, tailor, on Wellington-st. James Clark proved to having seen the vest in prisoner's possession, and that he accounted for its possession in various ways. Elizabeth Carroll had known the prisoner for a good while, and had done his washing and ironing. Four months ago, she saw the vest on him, or one just like it. She would not swear to its being the same. Sent to the Recorder's Court; bail $100, and two sureties in $50 each.—Mary Ann Thompson and Mary Durnan, charged with vagrancy and trespass. Fined $10 each, or three weeks.—Two youths were brought up charged with setting off fire crackers on Sunday. Fined $2 each and costs, or one week in jail.—Lucy and Josephine Lahair were charged with being inmates of a house of ill-fame. Case dismissed.

The Queen's Birthday.—We have great pleasure in announcing that proper steps are being taken for the celebration of the Queen's Birthday. Our civil authorities, we are advised, have resolved on the adoption of a liberal programme. A grand procession of the firemen will be one of the great attractions of the day; about $240 will be appropriated for that purpose. The Ottawa La Crosse Club will have $40 in aid of expenses incurred in the La Crosse match, which will take place at three o'clock. $36 will be awarded in prizes for canoe races on the canal. For the canoe race from Champagne's Hotel the first prize will be $12, and for the second $6. Three bands will be engaged to accompany the procession, the La Crosse match and the canoe races. An appropriate sum will be placed in the hands of Mr. Lett, to be awarded in prizes for athletic games. The procession of firemen will be marshalled by the superintendent. One excellent feature in the programme will be that our reverend city fathers will deny themselves the privilege of riding on the twenty-fourth, so that there may be that much the more money to be more advantageously expended. It this is not self denial, what is it?

Another Case of Determined Incendiarism.—On Sunday afternoon about 5 o'clock, the cholera wing of the Protestant Hospital was again discovered to be on fire. On Sunday, two weeks before, about the same hour of the day, a similar attempt was made. The fire on that occasion was extinguished without other damage than tearing off an outside baseboard. Just before this first fire was discovered three boys were observed to run away from the building. The fire last Sunday was probably the work of the same young villains, but this time they determined to make sure work of it, for they crept under the building a distance of fifteen feet where the fire was found to have been set. The building was fortunately unoccupied and unfurnished, there having been no occasion to use it since the alteration was made. The fire was not observed till the building was full of smoke, and it was at first feared that the building was on fire in several places, but this was found not to be the case. The floor was broken through in several places, and the fire found to be fifteen feet from the back wall under the house. Alderman Featherston, Edward McGillivray, Esq., Mr. Fingland, Captain White, of the Civil Service, Mr. Turner, an old fireman, and Mr. Burpee, were present, and rendered great service. Alderman Featherston took off his coat and crept under the building, and discovered where the fire was. Mr. Turner, whose experience was of great service, did all in his power, as also did Mr. Burpee. All the gentlemen labored with great energy, and in a short time were rewarded by seeing the fire perfectly extinguished without giving public alarm. Mr. Saddler, the steward, who afterwards explained to us the particulars on the spot, desires to make public expression of his gratitude to the gentlemen present, by whose exertions the building was saved from ruin.

Police Court—Afternoon Session.—The forgery case, the hearing of which was appointed for three o'clock yesterday afternoon, was by consent adjourned to Wednesday at the same hour.—The case of Annie, otherwise Margaret Campbell, an insane girl of about eighteen years of age, was disposed of by sending her temporarily to jail whence she will probably be sent to a lunatic asylum, of which she has already been an inmate. Medical testimony was adduced to shew that her insanity is of a mild character, though it would appear that on some occasions she becomes violent; for she was brought up on a charge of knocking a woman down.—There being another case to try and as Mr. O'Gara had business in the Court of Chancery his Worship the Mayor took the Police Magistrate's place; when Patrick Powers was charged by John Aylworth with receiving $100 from Mr. George Burke, with intent to defraud complainant of that sum due him for work. It appeared from the evidence that the prisoner was about to remove from the city to Toronto, and had already taken his goods for removal to the railway station on Thursday last, where complainant attached them. Powers then liberated them by depositing $100, the amount of complainant's claim with Mr. Burke, Clerk of the Division Court. Yesterday both parties appeared before Mr. Burke and stated that they had come to a settlement, and Powers handed a ten dollar gold piece and what appeared to be a ten dollar cartridge of silver to Aylworth and they left. Aylworth on opening the cartridge found forty-three cents but no silver. The complainant in his evidence admitted that he had agreed to settle his claim for twenty dollars, and said he supposed the money paid him to be that amount. It was not shewn that prisoner represented the cartridge to contain ten dollars, or any specified amount, though it was evidently received in the belief of its being ten dollars. His Worship did not consider that the case had been made out; it was, therefore dismissed.

NOTES BY THE WAY.

Toronto, May 6, 1867.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—I left Prescott yesterday at 10 a.m., for Toronto, on the Royal Mail Line steamer *Champion*, Capt. Sinclair and Purser McIntosh; I must say that if all the officers on this line, are of the same stamp the line is worthy of public patronage. In a first-class fare, meals are included, and on the *Champion* are got up in first-class style, all thanks to Moore the Steward. Mr. Burnett, of the "Burnett House," Kingston, has a lease of all the bars on this line, which is sufficient guarantee for the quality of the wines and liquors.

We reached Brockville in about one hour. This town has a beautiful appearance off the river, and is a compact and well built little place of 4,000 inhabitants. The terminus of the Ottawa and Brockville Railway is here, and to judge from the piles of lumber awaiting shipment at this *depot*, the Upper Ottawa Mills are doing a good business.

Gananoque is the next place of importance reached; it is built at the mouth of a river of the same name and has a population of about 1,000.

We passed through the Thousand Islands which are situated between Brockville and Kingston, and no finer scenery, I suppose, can be found on the continent, but I am sorry to say owing to the very inclement weather, all on board were deprived of the pleasure of enjoying it.

Kingston is reached at 6 p. m., and we were compelled to wait there till midnight owing to the roughness of the lake. Our Inland Revenue men were on board in goodly numbers wending their way to an examination in Kingston, to test their capability to their offices. Kingston is so well known to your readers that any description is entirely unnecessary. It is a compactly built place, has a good appearance off the lake. Fort Henry, the first fortress, is a splendid work of defence, so are Fort Frontenac and Fort Frederic; and altogether Kingston seems to be a place of strength, and, also, of naval importance.

Leaving Kingston we immediately plough the billows of great Ontario, which frown in an apparently vengeful mood before our craft, and the dreadful darkness of the night makes affairs look terrible, yet your humble servant retired to his state-room, and placing himself in the embrace of *Somnus* heard or saw nothing till the peal of the breakfast bell awakened all on board, when we were fast approaching the rising town of Cobourg. Cobourg contains some 7,000 inhabitants; it is the seat of Victoria University, the buildings for the most part are of brick. Port Hope is the next place we called at, and is a pretty little town about the size of Brockville; it is the terminus of the Lindsay and Port Hope Railway, and communication by steamer is to be had between Port Hope and Rochester in the State of New York.

All manner of birds abound on the lake, such as Sea-Gulls, Ducks, Eagles, and others of the bird species whose names I am unable to give.

Agricultural prospects look brighter as we approached Toronto, farmers were busy sowing their grain, but the weather is very unfavorable. I met with Col. Ogle R. Gowan, returning to Toronto on the boat, and he told me that he had made a very successful tour through North Leeds and Grenville; his chances, I presume, are good.

Yours &c.,
Sea Gull.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Toronto, May 10, 1867.

Sir,—This city is all astir with business of every kind, being as it were a centre for trade both from the East and West, as well as from the North or Georgian Bay region. The Grand Trunk Railway passes through, and the Great Western has its Eastern terminus here; the Royal Mail Line of steamers make it their principal port, also the North-western Transportation Company and American lines of steamers; it is also the terminus of the Northern Railway. Communication with the Niagara Falls is kept up by means of the steamer *City of Toronto*, fare $1.25, return ticket $2.00, meals included; the steamer *Rothesay Castle* plys between this city and Hamilton, she is an iron steamer and cannot be excelled for speed on the lakes, fare to Hamilton 75 cents & return ticket $1.00. The buildings in connection with the Railway are of a magnificent kind, and from the great number of men employed I should think, confer a great boon on the laboring class of the population.

Amusement of every kind is here afforded. The theatre known by the name of *The Royal Lyceum* is well conducted, and Masters, a Comedian well known to Ottawa audiences, plays here. The *Lyceum* is adjoining the Rossin House on King-st., West, which, I see has been rebuilt but not yet opened. Ben Cotton is here with his splendid California Minstrel troupe, and *hangs up* in the St. Lawrence Hall; I think he will pay you a visit in Ottawa shortly. Dr. Van Vleck is here exposing the Davenport brothers and he pronounces jugglery and spiritualism as the greatest humbug of the age.

The gold mining of Madoc excites the Toronto people considerably, and a joint stock company is being organized to work on 100 acres purchased in the vicinity of the Richardson Mine, Madoc. There are 20,000 shares of $5.00 each, which will make a capital stock of $100,000. The idea is not a bad one for Ottawa folks to adopt.

Military matters engage public attention here more than in Ottawa. I draw this inference from the large attendance at the drill shed each evening, and also the very large attendance on the field days of each battalion; I had the pleasure of seeing the Queen's Own march out last Wednesday, and they had a good muster, headed by their excellent brass band, and under the command of Col. Gilmore. The dress is similar to the R.C. Rifles, and on the shoulder straps are the initials Q. O. R., designating the corps. The 10th Royals, under the command of Col. Brunel, are also a splendid body of men, and are proficient in drill; they have a splendid brass and bugle band containing 56 instruments. I would like if our C. S. R., in Ottawa, would emulate these two excellent regiments, and get up a good band. There is a good Volunteer Field Battery here, but my old friend Captain Forsyth, I must say, deserves his laurels for having such a splendid battery in Ottawa, for I think it stands *par excellence*, as far as Canada is concerned. The drill shed is a large structure situated on Front-st., near the bay, and must be at least three times the dimensions of your skating rink, but similarly built, and at night when brilliantly lighted up has a grand appearance; on either side are the armories of the respective companies. I omitted to mention the York Cavalry, a splendid troop, under the command of Captain Dennison, and also the fine battalion of Garrison Artillery, composed of the employees of the Grand Trunk Railway. The regulars stationed here are the 17th Regiment, Col. McKinstry; the 13th Hussars, about whom I will be better able to give you an account in my next, as a great review takes place next Monday of both the regular and volunteer forces of the city, in Spadina-avenue; the Bay and Grey batteries of Royal Artillery. The Torontonians are in a great sweat about barracks for the troops vacating the Parliament Buildings, and I believe the result will be a removal of the troops from the city. It is generally supposed that the Hussars will replace the 100th Regiment in Ottawa, with a view to be in the capital on state occasions, and you may also expect to have in your midst the 3rd Brigade of Royal Artillery, under orders from Malta, with the 59th Regiment.

Osgoode Hall, situated on Queen-st. at the foot of College-Avenue, is one of the finest public buildings in Toronto, and it is one with which all members of the legal fraternity in Upper Canada must have more or less intercourse. The grounds are being tastefully laid out, and the Square will soon be surrounded by a beautiful iron paling. In this building are located all the higher courts of jurisdiction, and also the Law School. In the Eastern wing those who wish to enter the profession have to perform the odious task of *riding the goat*, and as in all other associations this ceremony excites prior to its taking place a great amount of nervous debility in the equestrian patient, but after all is not so severe as it is generally represented to be; no doubt the best of men have been plucked, and very moderate men pass good examinations; there is a great deal in a person's appearance and the amount of *brass* you can incrust upon your face. Here students will find the venerable old Gwynne, who is a terror to those not well up, and a praise and protection to those who are the reverse. Out of some 35 students who went up for examination 17 were plucked; the beficlers on this occasion were rigid, and hence the great amount of plucking.

The following students passed:—G. S. Wright, B. A., Belleville; A. F. McIntyre, Cornwall; J. P. Robertson, Ottawa; T. W. Brocke, Perth; R. H. Bowes, Toronto; J. W. Hector, Toronto; R. R. Lang, Stratford; J. R. Strathy, Toronto; E. G. McPherson, Stratford; J. McNaughton, Galt; F. C. Clemow, Ottawa; John Rowe, Guelph; G. W. H. Ball, Galt; I. Butterfield, L'Orignal; Charles Mickle, Stratford; J. E. Fuller, Toronto, and F. S. Smith, Stratford.

The weather is still unsettled, and the season unusually backward; winter lingers long in the lap of spring, and all over the country the wet, cold and variable weather we have had lately is lamented. In most places vegetation of all kinds is very backward, and in some there is a constant struggle to maintain life. The accounts of the winter crops, however, are not unfavorable, and should spring soon become, as is its wont, balmy and genial, no great harm will be done. As it is now the growth of everything is tardy and uncertain.

Yours, &c.,
Sea Gull.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

Royal Visits.

Berlin, May 13.—It is announced that the King of Prussia will visit Paris during the summer, in company with the Emperor Alexander of Russia.

French Iron-Clads.

Cherbourg, May 13.—Four iron-clads of the French fleet arrived at this port this morning, from the Gulf of Mexico.

Lord Lyons Ambassador to Paris.

London, May 13.—Lord Lyons, formerly Minister to the United States, has been appointed to succeed Earl Cowley, as ambassador of Great Britain at Paris.

Funeral of Gov. Wright.

Berlin, May 13—Evening.—The funeral of the late American Minister, Gov. Wright, took place to-day, and was attended by all the American residents and visitors here, and by a large number of the citizens of Berlin.

Arrival Out.

Brest, May 13—Eve.—The steamer *Celia*, New York 28th, arrived here to-day on her way to London.

The Great Eastern Sued for Non-Payment of Wages.

Liverpool, May 15—Eve.—An attachment has been served on the steamship *Great Eastern* at the suit of her crew for non-payment of wages.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Shooting Affrays.

Philadelphia, May 13.—Thos. Holland, keeper of a notorious house in Dock-st., was shot on Saturday night by one Spencer. He will probably die.

New York, May 13.—Two mariners, named Wm. Fordell and Jas. P. Malone, got into a dispute off the navy yard yesterday, when the former fired a revolver killing the other instantly.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: A local colored preacher of the Methodist Church, was recently shot, and mortally wounded by a white man named Morris, in Sumpter District, S. C. It is said the shooting was occasioned by remarks made by him at a public meeting.

A Villainous Parson.

Boston, May 13.—Rev. Mr. Howe, of the Baptist Church, Abington, has recently been detected in familiarities of a gross and shocking character with many of the children of both sexes belonging to his congregation. He has left town, being threatened with a ride on a rail. Howe was a member of the Legislature and has sent in his resignation to that body.

Arrival of the "City of New York."

New York, May 13.—The steamer *City of New York* brings European dates, *via* Queenstown, of the 2nd. The news has been almost entirely anticipated by cable despatches.

A Madrid telegram says the budget for 1865 and 1866 shows a deficit of 340,000,000 of reals. It is said this will be covered by reduction and new taxes.

Death of a Roman Catholic Bishop.

Louisville, May 13.—Bishop Lavielle, of the Roman Catholic Church, died at Bardstown, Ky., Saturday evening, after a long and painful illness. His remains will arrive here today and be laid in state at the cathedral until three o'clock, when the funeral ceremony will take place.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted has passed into a proverb. In the United States where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cts. per box.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

Luxemburg to be Evacuated Immediately.

London, May 12.—The treaty which was signed yesterday by the members of the Peace Congress has been ratified by their respective governments. By the terms of the settlement the Fortress of Luxemburg is to be evacuated by the Prussians within a month from date of the treaty.

France Makes Satisfactory Explanations.

Berlin, May 12.—The French Cabinet has made satisfactory explanations to Prussia in regard to the recent wars like preparations in France.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Situation in Europe.

New York, May 12.—A cable despatch to the *Herald* dated the 11th, says: Notwithstanding the satisfactory solution of the Luxemburg question by the treaty arrangement, fears are entertained, and generally expressed, that war has been merely postponed by the work of the diplomats. Warlike preparations are still actively carried on in France, Germany, Prussia and Greece. It is said that before the close of the Peace Congress a proposal is likely to be addressed by England to all powers inclined to belligerent action, in which Queen Victoria will recommend and urge a general disarmament. Should this proposal be entertained another Congress will probably assemble in London, to secure its formal adoption and uniform execution by all the great powers, but it is thought that even this proposition will not be successful in securing the maintenance of peace. The fourth military conscription during this year has been put in force in Greece, by which the Greek army has been increased to 30,000 men. The condition of the navy is also engaging the serious consideration of the Greek Government. Large enrollments of seamen are now in process of completion.

Death of Gov. Wright.

A telegram from Berlin announces the death of Gov. Wright on the 11th, of dropsy.

Jeff. Davis.

Richmond, May 11.—The crowd around the Spotswood House dispersed, after vainly waiting to see Mr. Davis. This evening he received the visits of nearly a hundred prominent citizens. There is no restriction on his movements and he has the liberty of the house.

Richmond, Va., May 12.—The following is generally understood to be the programme in court to-morrow. The prisoner will be produced by General Burton, and the Judge will likely discharge him. He will be immediately re-arrested on a bench warrant to answer the indictment found by the Grand Jury at Norfolk. Mr. O'Connor, his counsel, has stated to his friends that he will insist on an immediate trial. Another of his counsel states that if the trial is not granted a motion for bail will be insisted on. The general opinion is no trial will take place now, and perhaps not until June. Horace Greeley and A. Schell, of New York, and A. Welch and Judge Jackman, Philadelphia, are to go bail. It is generally believed Davis will be held in custody until his trial.

Jeff. Davis Admitted to Bail.

Richmond, May 13.—Jeff. Davis has been admitted to bail in the sum of $100,000, Horace Greeley, Augustus Schell and Judge Jackman, of Penn., becoming bondsmen.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 13.—Gold 135¼.

The *Post's* money article says: Loans are easy at 4 to 5 per cent. Commercial paper quiet at 6 to 7 per cent. Stocks unsettled. Governments firm. R. R. Shares irregular. Foreign exchange firm.

STEAMERS' DATES.

The Irish Tenure Bill—The King of Prussia and Bismarck Expected to Visit Paris—The Candian Insurrection—Rosa Bonheur Insane—The Galway Line for Sale—More Fenian Prisoners.

New York, May 12.—The steamship *Palmira*, from Liverpool, *via* Queenstown, and *Harmonia* and *New York*, from Southampton, May 1st, have arrived.

The Irish Land Tenure Bill has been discussed at length in the British Commons. Mr. Gregory moved an amendment, declaring no bill of the kind could be acceptable, which did not provide for the adoption of a system of leases in Ireland.

Warm gratitude has been expressed in French society to Victoria, whose personal intervention would prevent the great calamity of war. It would tend to draw closer bonds of amity between the two countries.

The Queen of Spain has sold almost all her jewels in London. A single diamond watch and chain brought £20,000 sterling.

The King of Prussia and Count Bismarck are expected to visit Paris after the close of the Prussian Chambers. The King's speech at the opening thereof said they met to ratify national unity.

Omar Pasha's army and the forces of another Turkish general, were moving to surround the insurgents in Candia.

It is reported that Rosa Bonheur has become insane.

Duke Grammont, French Minister to Vienna, stated to Baron Beust that France gives up all idea of territorial aggrandizement.

Lord Stanley had expressed to the Spanish government the satisfaction of England at the solution of the case of the *Queen Victoria*.

The Galway line of steamers—the *Adriatic*, *Hibernia*, *Colombia* and *Anglia*—are advertised for sale.

Twelve Fenian prisoners were brought from Thurles, Tipperary, to Nenagh, on April 29th, and lodged in jail for trial.

The *Invalide Russe* has an editorial on the Eastern question, hinting plainly that France, with at least one or two of the great powers, was secretly encouraging the Sultan to despise the demands of the Cretan insurgents, and disregard counsels given on behalf of the Christians.

—The Chicago *Times* says: "One effect of the strike, already visible, is to bring to Chicago a great influx of mechanics from other places. Probably there never were so many mechanics in Chicago of all kinds as there are at this time, and the number is rapidly increasing. If the strikers hold out, it is more than probable that every shop will soon be filled with new hands."

—A little boy in an Illinois country town was recently killed under somewhat odd circumstances. His father had a butting ram and the boy was amusing himself by putting the handle of a pitchfork through a crack in the barn door for the ram to butt against. The ram butted at the handle, and drove the tines of the fork violently against the boy's head, and one of the tines entered the boy's eye and penetrated the brain.

Carelessness.—Many persons neglect their horses' health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine; it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

New Heads for the Ladies.—An effort is making, on the part of certain leading ladies in fashionable circles in this city to bring in a new style of wearing the hair. They are proceeding on the principle that beauty unadorned is adorned the most, and hence all chignons, rats, waterfalls, hair pins, bands and other excrescences with which it is customary to lumber up the head and rot the hair, are to be discarded. That hair, in short, is to be worn just as nature made it, hanging loosely over the shoulders or flowing down gracefully behind. This *mode*, of course, will be stoutly resisted by such of the dear creatures as nature has not given a bountiful supply of head covering, but, nevertheless, it is believed the experiment will be a success when once it has a fair trial. The chignon makers and the perukers are turning up their noses at the very suggestion, but the disinterestedness of their motives is perfectly understood. The feeling seems to be that, as our mothers, wives, sisters and daughters are absolutely compelled, just now, to wear other people's hair or to be out of the fashion, it is about time that some of the sex had sufficient moral courage to show how their own hair can be worn, and how, therefore, the feminine caput can be made to look, not the hideous humpy-dumpy it now is, but a "thing of beauty," if not a "joy forever."—*N. Y. Sun.*

CITY COUNCIL.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Robinson, Featherston, Friel, Guerard, Heney, Martineau.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Heney, that Ald. Cunningham do take the chair.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Bate, Bangs, Heney, Abbott, and Goulden then entered.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of Wm. Jamieson and others, for grading part of Albert-st.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bangs that the petition of Wm. Jamieson and others, for grading part of Albert-st., be received and referred to the city engineer.—Carried.

Ald. Guerard presented the petition of Robt. O'Reilly and others, for improvements on Church-st.

Moved by Ald. Guerard, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of Robt. O'Reilly and others be referred to the city engineer.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented the petition of John Heron, for repairs to a drain in St. George's ward.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the petition now read be received, and referred to the city engineer with instructions to repair said drain at a cost not exceeding $25.—Carried.

Yeas—Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Traversy, Heney, Martineau.

Nays—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of Alexander Chrizite and others, for the grading and improvement of Biddy-st.

Moved by Ald Bate, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of Alexander Christie, E. J. O'Neill, J. B. Lewis and others, be received and referred to the city engineer.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented the petition of S. Robert and others, for a platform on Augusta-st.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the petition of S. Robert, W. Price and others, just read, be received and referred to the city engineer, with instructions to report at the next regular meeting of this council.—Carried.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of Johnston Brown, for payment for a platform constructed by him.

Moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. Abbott, that the petition of Johnston Brown be received and referred to a select committee, composed of Ald. Heney, Robinson, and the mover.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented a communication from Col. Coffin, respecting a fence recently erected across the end of Kent-st., by the government, and complained of as a nuisance and obstruction by residents in the vicinity.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, that the communication from the Ordnance Land Agent be received, and the city clerk be instructed to acknowledge its receipt, stating that while the corporation is desirous of accommodating parties living in the neighborhood of the fence lately erected by the Ordnance Department across Kent-st., on the Bank of the Ottawa, yet it must consider more particularly the privileges the public at large have heretofore enjoyed in having free access to the Ottawa River at said point, and as the general public will not willingly give up this privilege, a removal of the fence in question must respectfully be insisted upon.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal..................$6 00 each.
First class.................................. 3 50
Second do.................................... 2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14.— 434S

New City Directory, 1867-8.

MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with MR. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the new work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair at the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

☞ A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tf

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

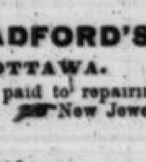
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Grose's Trusses,
Grose's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Pyver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street

436-y

New Watches & Clocks, 
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS' Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

433-y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and Commission Merchant.

April 27. 420y

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

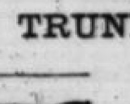
STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

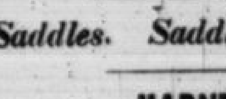
And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 433tf

TRUNKS. 

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.



Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

PROCLAMATION.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS, For sale by Box and Package, at OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE, 25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 28 1867. 366tf

LAST WEEK BUT TWO!!

OF THE

GREAT CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

BY

GRANT & HENDERSON,

Who are removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on 1st June.

Dress Goods, Millinery and Man tles!

☞ *SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP.*

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

☞ A Rare opportunity of getting such goods at a bargain.

Velveteens, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

☞ Greatly reduced in price to save removal.

A Liberal Discount Allowed. All Sales for Cash Only.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 13, 1867. 433-y

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

CARPETS & HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

ARE NOW SHOWING CROSLEY'S NEW PATTERNS IN

Brussels and Tapestry Carpettings.

New Two and Three Ply all Wool.

Two Ply Union and Hemp Carpettings.

Druggettings. Felt Carpettings.

Cocoa Mattings, English Floor Oil Cloths---all Widths.

Rugs. Mats. Hassocks. Table Oil Cloths.
Window Hollands. Damasks.
French Rips. Lace Curtains. Curtain Holders.
Curtain Trimmings. Table Damasks.
Damask and Cloth Table Covers. Table Napkins.
Towellings. Shirtings. Tickings.
Toilet Covers. Antimacassars. Furniture Chintz.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, April 16. 410y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CITY REPRESENTATION
REQUISITION
—TO—
Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

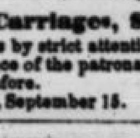
☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

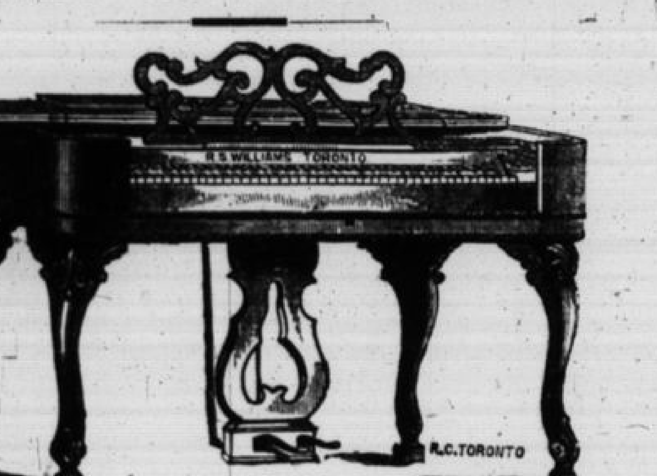
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

R. S. WILLIAMS'
PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons



Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 281y

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up..........................$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,.......................$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,..........$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866..............$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,.....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

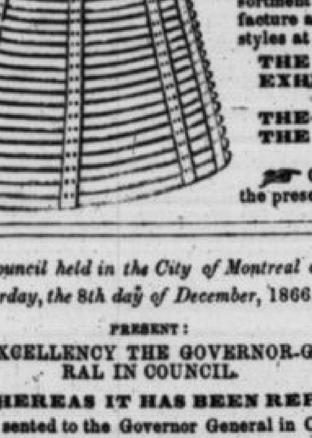
—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

TO THE LADIES.



City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE--(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT--(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS--Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

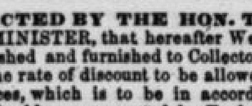
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPREsented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf



AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 10, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

☞ Honey's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 433-a

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON,..........J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-8

'67. Opening of Navigation. '67.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. A. BOWIE,

WILL LEAVE WITH MAILS AND Passengers for MONTREAL, on Monday morning, the 29th inst., at 6.30, a. m.

Ottawa, April 29, 1867. 21-tt

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,..............Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,.................." LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,................" FINDLAY
OREGON,.................." HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,..............." TONER.
JASON GOULD,............." OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,................." DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,................" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,.................." BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-e

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

For Sale,

70,000 SPLIT SHINGLES, 125 pieces Cedar, from 25 to 48 feet long, some siding and ladders.

☞ Also a second-hand Buggy, for sale cheap for cash.

H. ADOLPHE PINARD,
Cor. of Bolton and Dalhousie-sts.

April 25. 418-b

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

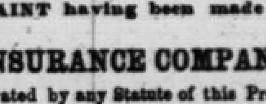
Bread..........................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf



To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

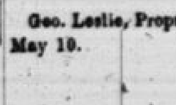
PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

TREES FOR SALE.



JUST RECEIVED AND for sale at JOHN GRAHAM'S ALBION HOTEL, a lot of Choice

Fruit Trees.

Apply to

MESSRS. PONTEY & TAYLOR,
On the premises.

Geo. Leslie, Proprietor Toronto Nurseries.

May 10. 431-2

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.

BELLEVILLE.

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, in the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, G. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

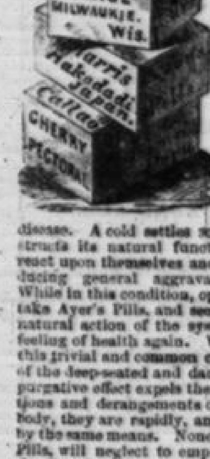
THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867. 368d1w9

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified,

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought at hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries. Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

B. B. & S.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the reservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and duties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 18 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely · Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—Establishment.

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorised to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Medical Superintendent.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—Passengers.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—Vessels.

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec, or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

391tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Salphuric
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE, MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER, MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY, MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1857, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAs now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated is therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate name being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or, by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE. ARRIVAL.

From Prescott, 7.00 a.m. At Ottawa, 10.20 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m. " 5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m. At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1.30 p.m. " 4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, May 7.

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10.10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
* The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THOS RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 21, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 4353 OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,........ $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,...... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing.
OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public.
Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 286y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 8. 418-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 24 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business, and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,....... Liverpool,....... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa,
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.......$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year......... 25.31
And each subsequent year......... 20.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 388-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

TOBACCOS.
SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st., next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital.
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply o
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For furthe particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. *daily for the Season*—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 439d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET,
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430 tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town
May 8. 429tf

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!
JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of
Gladiolus and Rannuculus.
Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.
A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the
Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN
April 27. 420y

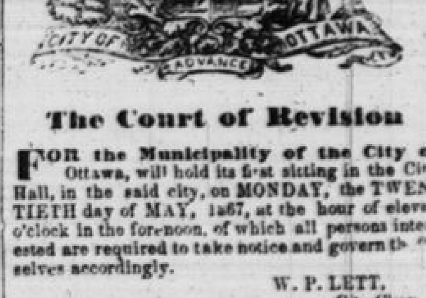
WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

METAL!
TRADE MARK:
THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.
THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.
F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.
FOR SALE BY
ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.
Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c
April 8. 403-3m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq. in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417 d

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 9 314tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.
W. C. CLARK,
PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.
Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.
May 4. 426y



The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st. in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Watch and Clock Makers—Young & Radford.
Tenders—W. P. Lett.
Notice—Philip Thompson.
Fancy Dress Goods—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.
Notice—John Brown.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 15, 1867.

☞ *For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.*

The following Ministers leave town to-day: Sir N. F. Belleau, Hon. Messrs. Macdougall, Howland, and Campbell.

The Executive Council closed its sittings yesterday for the present. We understand that the next meeting will take place in the latter part of next week.

We understand that notice has been given in the Crown Lands Department, that the several offices of the department will be closed on the 30th June. At that date, therefore, as a *Canadian* branch of the public service, the Crown Lands Department will cease to be. This measure is, of course, preparatory to the organization of a like department for Quebec and Ontario, to the respective capitals of which provinces the archives relating to each will be transferred without delay. In the organization of these provincial departments, it is to be hoped that the claims to consideration of the present officers will not be overlooked.

A pretty little farce, on the boards for one week, was gracefully brought to a termination on Monday last. As the details of the first act, names of the *dramatis personæ* omitted, were fully given in the editorial columns of the *Citizen* on Tuesday of last week, and of the second, with the same circumstantiality and the same omission, on Tuesday of this week, we have little to add beyond explaining the *plot* as it was intended, and the *denouement* as it really occurred. Let us say, therefore, that a baker's dozen, more or less, of the citizens of Ottawa, emulating the ambition of the famous "Three Tailors of Tooley Street," fancied themselves to be the people of Ottawa, as the aforesaid Tailors supposed they were "the people of England," and thereupon, in the plenitude of their self-assumed powers, made a solemn procession to the apartments of the Attorney-General West, and then and there tendered for his acceptance the suffrages of the electors of the city of Ottawa, either for the Local or the General Parliament, if not for both. It is needless to add that the Hon. John A. Macdonald received the "deputation" with the same courtesy and consideration, as if the voters of the city had really empowered them to dispose of their franchise at the next election. He declined at once the offer to represent Ottawa in the Commons, as he was already pledged to good old Kingston, which is not likely to desert him in this generation. For the Local Parliament he took a week to consider, and, as we have already said, the petty farce was closed on Monday by his acquainting the deputation, or such of them as called for his answer, that for the present he and his colleagues were in doubt whether they should offer themselves for both Legislatures, that therefore he must decline the gratifying offer, as it would not be right to keep them in suspense. Nothing could have been more courteous on the part of the Attorney-General, and when he added that "should he subsequently make up his mind to offer for "election for Ontario, he *hoped* that some "constituency would accept his services" the words were suggestive, whether intended or not, of just a *very slight* intimation that his parliamentary position was not entirely dependent on the generosity of the *disinterested* deputation before him!

Now, we think it due, both to the Attorney-General West, and the electors of Ottawa, to say that, should circumstances lead the former to seek the suffrages of the latter, he would meet with a cordial and very general support, such as would place him, by long odds, ahead of all competitors, were anybody foolhardy enough to contest the honor with him. But the farce of the thing is this, that a self-constituted deputation who have not the votes of the people at command should have pretended to make an offering of these votes to Mr. Macdonald. We believe Mr. G. B. L. Fellowes, a gentleman of provincial fame, headed the deputation, and though his presence might have been suggestive of well-filled poll books on election day, we know not that it is a guarantee for the course which the independent electors of the city intend to pursue. The *plot*, as it was intended, was therefore, that these self-constituted irresponsible gentlemen should have the honor of investing Mr. Macdonald with the parliamentary representation of Ottawa, the *denouement*—that they did'nt succeed, and must now simmer down to their original status. We believe that several unsuspecting gentlemen from whom better things might have been expected, consented to play a part in this little drama, but all has ended happily, as it should always do in a farce. Mr. Macdonald has lost nothing of the confidence of the people of Ottawa, who would still be happy to have the honor of electing him to either Legislature; the unsuspecting gentlemen, who unwittingly were drawn into the snare, have received a lesson which may profit them in the future; the originators, though failing in their purpose, are certainly not worse off than they were before; and if everybody else is satisfied, we surely have no right to complain. *Exeunt omnes.* The curtain falls.

The gold fever has broken out in its most virulent form in the Township of Tudor. We mentioned some time ago that excellent specimens, which we had seen, had been taken from the Seventh Concession of that Township; and we now learn from Mr. E. Miles of this city, that on Lot 11 of the 7th Concession a shaft has been sunk some fifteen feet, and quantities of very valuable quartz have already been abstracted. Lot 9 on the same Concession has been sold by Mr. Weston, the proprietor, to a Toronto company for fifteen thousand dollars. Ten thousand dollars have been offered and refused for the adjoining lot (10), the proprietor Mr. Michael being unwilling to sell at such a *low* figure, seeing that he has already found some splendid specimens of the precious metal. On the Ninth Lot on the Sixth Concession a claim has been sold to a Brockville company, so that Tudor bids fair to display an activity in gold mining, little if any, behind the neighboring Township of Madoc.

Mr. Miles, himself, has made a speculation in gold lands, and can show some admirable specimens found on his "location." He has purchased a claim 400 by 200 feet from Mr. Welch, the owner of Lot Ten in the Sixth Concession of Tudor, for the term of five years, at a cost of five hundred dollars cash. Mr. Miles convinced himself as well as he possibly could of the value of the investment before making it, and he now purposes getting up a company with the modest capital of $600—thirty shares of twenty dollars each, for the purpose of commencing active operations without delay. The gold found on this claim was within four feet of the surface, and one nugget weighed nearly one pound weight. It has been assayed by Mr. Bell and pronounced to be of fine quality. No doubt Mr. Miles will readily find parties to join him in working his "claim," who, should it prove as successful as appearances indicate, will be willing to reward him substantially for his first investment.

The new discoveries are not, however, confined to Tudor. The Belleville *Intelligencer* of Monday evening says, "we have been "shewn some sand taken from a creek on "Lot 28, 2nd Con. Madoc, by Mr. Wm. "Foote and D. Anderson of Quebec, from "which we picked (fine *pickings* for an edi- "tor!) a number of colors, which were pro- "nounced good gold by Mr. McFee, jeweller, "since which Mr. Bell has assayed the "sand and found one grain of gold to one "ounce of sand." The same paper, also states that "from 50 to 100 colors of gold" were washed from a panful of dirt dug from the bottom of a creek on Lot 19 of the Second Concession of Madoc, so that the general diffusion of the precious metal through that region of country can no longer be a matter of doubt.

According to the arrangement adopted with reference to steamboat communication with the Maritime Provinces, the Government steamer *Lady Head*, now running from Quebec to Picton, and intermediate ports, is to continue to make fortnightly trips as at present. To secure weekly communication an allowance for carrying the mails on alternate weeks with the *Lady Head* is to be given to the Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Company, who have just placed a steamer on the line. The proposal that this boat should visit the smaller ports in New Brunswick was rejected by the Government, on account of the undue detention of mails and passengers involved in this lengthening the voyage. For the accommodation of these minor places arrangements are left to be made, in the meantime, by the Province of New Brunswick placing a small steamer on the route. The arrangements now adopted, including that for continuing the *Lady Head* on the route, are only of a temporary and provisional nature, the matter, in all its bearings, being one which a Provincial Government about to leave office could not be expected to deal with in any other way. The experience of the next few months will enable the General Government to judge, better than can be done now, what arrangements are required, and to what extent the action of the Government is called for. The matter is also one in which many separate provincial and local interests are concerned; and to what extent these should be provided for by the General or by the Provincial Governments, is a point which cannot be determined, or even discussed, till after the General Government is formed. The want of an efficient means of communication by way of the Gulf has been chiefly owing, we believe, to the circumstance that every arrangement proposed, required the support of several different governments, among whom it was found impossible to secure joint action with reference to this matter, however favorably their interests and inclinations may have influenced them. Practically, of course, matters are still in the disjointed condition which has so long been such a serious draw-back to the general prosperity. But in a few weeks, this will cease, and a united Government, in which all the provinces are represented, will be able to deal efficiently with the interests of all. The present postponement of permanent arrangements is not to be regretted, as it may be found desirable to secure a more enlarged plan for the service of the Gulf than has yet been proposed. With the prospect of Newfoundland joining the Confederation before long it may be necessary that a boat to St. John should form a part of the scheme. The present temporary arrangement will enable the new Government to deal maturely with all these points, with a view to a more permanent arrangement for the future, and also to determine whether the point of departure should be Quebec or Montreal.

We understand that the contract has been let for the necessary repairs to the Parliament Buildings at Toronto, to render them fit for the reception of the Government and Legislature of Ontario.

MEDICAL COUNCIL—ANNUAL MEETING.

First Day.

The council met at 7 o'clock last evening at the General Committee Room of the Legislative Assembly; the President, Dr. Dickson, in the chair, and Dr. Strange, of Hamilton, Secretary.

The roll was called, when all the members answered to their names except Dr. Bovell of Toronto.

The President delivered an able and interesting address, giving a *resume* of the proceedings since last meeting of the council, particularly with reference to the communications between the President and the authorities of McGill College, and also the negotiations concerning the amendment to the Medical Act passed last Session. He next referred to the correspondence between himself and the English Medical Council, for the purpose of obtaining the privilege of registration in England for the registered practitioners of this country. This matter is still under consideration, and will be brought before the Medical Council in England at its next Session.

Dr. Dickson then left the chair, which was taken by the Secretary.

On motion of Dr. Dickson, seconded by Dr. Brouse, Dr. Turquand of Woodstock was unanimously elected President for the ensuing year.

Dr. Turquand was then conducted to the chair, when a vote of thanks to the outgoing President was moved, seconded and carried by acclamation.

It was then moved, seconded and carried, that Drs. Dickson, Berryman, Macpherson and Clarke, do constitute a committee to examine the credentials of the three members elected since the last meeting of the Council.

The Council then adjourned to meet this morning at 10 o'clock.

VEGETATION—No. 2.

Notes on the phenomena of vegetation in the neighborhood of Ottawa between the 1st and 15th of May, last.

In our last week's notice reference was had to Acer rubrum, Ulmus racemosa, Ulmus fulva, Ulmus Americana, Salix discolor and Dirca palustris. They are plants of rapidly flowering habits; their period of inflorescence occupies but a short period, and as there is no succession their flowering is now past.

Carex eburnea and Shepherdia Canadensis were observed in flower on the 8th, on rocky banks near Hull Village. And on the 11th were found in high woods east of the city, Dicentra Canadensis, Dicentra Cucullaria, Corydalis aurea, Sanguinaria Canadensis, Asarum Canadense, Caulophyleum thalictroides, Trillium erectum, Carex pedunculata and Carex plantaginea.

The herbage of Carex lacustris and Carex stricta looks green in the marshes.

The inflorescence of Sambucus pubens, Prunus Pennsylvanica and Viburnum lantanoides are quite perceptible.

Rudimentary leaves are making their appearancy in Prunus Pennsylvanica, Prunus Serotina and Prunus Virginiana.

Many of the leaves in Ribes cynosbati, Ribes prostratum and Ribes Floridum, have attained their full size, as well as an occasional plant of Rubus strigosus; while there is a perceptible swelling, and elongation in the leaf buds of Ostrya virginica, Carpinus Americana, Fraxinus sambucifolia and Fagus ferruginea.

In a single plant of Betula papyracea, which stands against a rocky cliff adjoining the Major's Field; many of the male catkins are fully expanded, induced no doubt by the heat from the rock.

It would be desirable to mark the occurrence of Lichens, and the fructification of Liverworts and mosses. A number of species of the latter are now in fruit, but as they are principally tenants of swamps and low moist woods which are in a very unsatisfactory state for the excursionists at present we must let them rest for future notices.

LOCAL NEWS.

Attention.—No. 4, Garrison Battery will parade this evening at 7½ o'clock, at the drill shed, in uniform, with forage caps, also Friday evening, at the same hour and place. By order.

The Weather.—Yesterday was one of those rainy, lowering, depressing days to which we have of late been too much accustomed. In the metropolis of England, it might be endured, but for the metropolis of our usually bright dominion of Canada, it is a little too much of a bad thing.

Acknowledgment.—The Treasurer of the county of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges per honor of J. Mather, Esq., the receipt of one hundred and twelve dollars, collected by him from the men employed at Messrs. Gilmour & Co.'s Gatineau Mills, being in aid of the said institution.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Heard, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 14, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 42 above zero.
9 a. m., 46 above zero.
Noon, shade, 47 above zero.
6 p. m., 47 above zero.

Billiards.—In view of the increasing population of our city, and consequent demand for all kinds of amusements, Mr. William Murray has added some fine new billiard tables to his rooms, which he has appropriately named the "Confederation Billiard Rooms." All fanciers of the game would do well to give a call to Mr. Murray's rooms. See advertisement.

"L'Evenement."—This is the title of a new daily paper published in the French language at the ancient capital. It is neatly printed, and presents mechanically a very creditable appearance. A writer of some celebrity on the French Canadian press, M. Hector Fabre is the principal editor, who in his introductory takes strong ground in favor of Confederation. We heartily wish our *confrere* success.

The Westminster Review.—L. Scott & Co. New York.—We have received from Messrs. Durie & Son, the *Westminster Review* for April; its contents are—Italy and the War of 1866; The Papal Debt; Thomas Hobbe's Contemporary Music and Musical Literature; New America; Mr. Swinburne's Poetry; The Hopes and Fears of Reformers: Contemporary Literature.

Long Island.—A correspondent writing from "Long Island Locks" says: "The ground is drying fast, but no sowing is done as yet. On Wednesday night last, several waggons, people, and horses, had to be helped out of a clay hill, not far from our quarters. One horse was literally buried in the wet clay, and it required several men with all sorts of appliances to bring him out. You need not wonder if I dread such roads, and rely upon our steam fleet."

Manufacturing Establishment.—Messrs. Young and Radford, of Sparks-st., advertise to-day their new stock of clocks, watches, jewellery, &c., imported specially for the Ottawa trade, as also, that they are now prepared to manufacture every sort of masonic emblems, medals, etc. That they can perform such work in the first style of the art, articles recently manufactured by them for presentation purposes, give undeniable proof.

Ottawa La Crosse Club.—This Club will, weather permitting, play a match for practice this evening at six o'clock. There is considerable interest manifested in Montreal, in the match to come off in this city on the Queen's Birthday, as the following extract from the Montreal *Gazette* will show:—"*Montreal vs. Ottawa.*—We believe in connection with the Lacrosse Match to be played between Montreal and Ottawa on the Queen's Birthday, the Victoria Rifles intend engaging a steamer for an excursion to Ottawa. We understand that they will leave on the Thursday afternoon previous, and return on Saturday."

Very Useful.—On referring to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Mr. Sutherland, favorably known as the compiler of the "Ottawa City Directory for 1866," has announced that he will immediately commence a canvas for a city directory for 1867. That such a work would prove of the greatest utility there can be no doubt; every merchant, hotel keeper, in short, every business man, will find it of the utmost importance, especially now that so many of our population have shifted their residence since the 1st inst. It will also be valuable for the statistical and other information that will be published as an addition to the "Directory."

Visit of the Montreal Victoria Rifles.—This splendid volunteer corps propose to visit Ottawa on the Queen's birthday. We learn that measures will be taken to ensure them a right welcome reception to the capital, and we hope they will arrive in time to assist at the celebration of the birthday of our gracious sovereign.

Absconded.—Yesterday afternoon two boys (pretty maturely developed boys,) one about five feet eight inches and the other an inch taller, and both about twenty-one years of age, indentured apprentices of Mr. R. Eaton, painter, of Rideau-st., left their employ contrary to law, taking with them, so says Mr. Eaton, certain articles belonging to him. A telegraph was despatched for their arrest, but it was doubtful if too much time had not been allowed to elapse before Mr. Eaton lodged the complaint. We shall see this morning; the names of the culprits were John Rooney and John Kehoe.

A Rifle Range at Last.—We understand that the efforts of the committee appointed at the meeting of the officers of the volunteers of this city held some days ago in the Parliament Building, to procure a suitable rifle range have been crowned with success. It was feared at first that the nearest spot of ground available for the purpose was three miles distant from the city. This would have been a serious inconvenience, especially to those whose only opportunities for practice are before and after business hours. It will be learned with pleasure, therefore, that arrangements are being completed to secure a most suitable site for a range within the limits of the city. Heretofore the want of such a range has been urged as an objection to the stay of the regulars here. We therefore congratulate all parties on the removal of such objection.

Look to your Cartridges.—A few days ago a poor woman went to a store for a loaf, with the last quarter dollar of a cartridge presented to her on the previous Saturday night by her husband, and received by him as his week's wages. On tendering it to the shopkeeper for her loaf, the unhappy woman was told it was a bad one. Having just removed out of the neighborhood where she was known, she was, or fancied she was suspected of having a guilty knowledge of the spurious character of the coin, at which she became greatly annoyed, and so were her children and husband to find no bread for supper. This was Friday night last, and the prospect of fasting on Saturday was not agreeable. The difficulty was remedied, however, by borrowing a quarter. Another reason for looking to your cartridges may be found in the circumstance of forty-three copper cents, being palmed off for a ten dollar cartridge of silver by Powers, on Monday last, and for which he appeared in the Police Court. How many times this thing has been done we have no means of knowing. It succeeded with Mr. Aylworth, and may be tried again. Look to your cartridges.

UNITED COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL SPRING ASSIZES.

First Day.

The sittings of this Court commenced at L'Orignal, on Thursday, 9th instant, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Adam Wilson. The criminal business was, for these counties usually so free from crime, heavy and serious in its nature. The County Attorney, E. T. Dartnell, Esq., conducted the criminal business on the part of the Crown.

The following Grand Jurors answered to their names, and were sworn:

William Jamieson, Esq., Foreman; Levi. Casselman, Charles Hunter, James Lowrie, Malcolm McRae, H. McNally, Peter McLaren, James McCusker, John Pickering, John Ramage, George Scott, John Sheehan, and Daniel Wyman.

His Lordship then delivered his charge to the Grand Jury, and expressed his regret to find so heavy a calendar in this usually quiet and orderly place. The calendar contained a case of alleged child murder, in which three parties were implicated, a charge of administering drugs to procure abortion, two cases of larceny, and four indictments under the act for the protection of growing timber. His Lordship then briefly, but explicitly, instructed them on the state of the law bearing on these alleged offences, and the Jury having retired to their room, the civil business was at once proceeded with.

Perry *et al.* vs. Flinn. This case was the first on the docket, an action of ejectment, in which there was a verdict by consent for the plaintiff. P. O'Brian for plaintiff; E. T. Dartnell for defendant.

Gault *et al.* vs. Franklin. This was an undefended case. Verdict for plaintiff. N. B. Faulkner, Esq., Attorney.

Empson vs. Johnson. This also was an undefended issue. Verdict for plaintiff. W. H. Radenhurst, Attorney.

Whyte vs. Treadwell. This was an action in which John Whyte, an assignee of the estate and effects of Adolphus James, was plaintiff, and Charles P. Treadwell, as Sheriff of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, the nominal defendant, and was an action brought by the assignee to recover the value of certain goods sold by the Sheriff to Albert Hagar, Esq., under execution at his suit against the goods of the insolvent, James, and to which, or to the proceeds the plaintiff claimed to be entitled, an attachment having issued against the insolvent on the morning of the sale. The declaration contained three counts, 1st, alleging that defendant, after James became insolvent, converted to his own use certain goods and chattels of the plaintiff as assignee. 2nd, that defendant, after insolvency of James, wrongfully deprived plaintiff as assignee aforesaid, of the use and possession of said goods. 3rd. The common counts. To these defendant pleaded to 1st and 2nd counts, not guilty. 2nd. To 1st count: goods not the plaintiff's. 3rd. To 2nd. count: not possessed. 4th. To 3rd count: never indebted, and on these pleas issue was joined, and a jury were sworn.

Mr. Bethune, County Attorney of Cornwall, stated the case on the part of the plaintiff, and the following witnesses were examined: Martin Costello, deputy-sheriff, James O'Gates, sheriff's clerk, and E. T. Dartnell, county attorney. From the evidence adduced, it appeared that on the 14th March, 1865, one Albert Hagar placed in the hands of defendant, as sheriff, a writ of *Fi. Fa.* against one James, for the sum of $735 and costs, under which the said sheriff seized the defendant's stock-in-trade, and advertised them for sale on Monday the 26th March, at Plantagenet, about 35 miles from L'Orignal, for 10 a.m. The defendant being an absconding debtor Faulds & Hodgson, creditors, issued an attachment against his goods and property, which was placed in the hands of the clerk, in the sheriff's office, at L'Orignal, at eleven o'clock of the morning fixed for the sale, and the plaintiff and the sheriff's clerk at once started for the locality of the aution. They reached Plantagenet Mills about two o'clock, when they met the deputy-sheriff, who had returned so far on his way home, the sale having been over in a very short time, and the plaintiff in execution having purchased the whole stock for the sum of $441 and same had been handed over to him, in part satisfaction of his debt, and the writ, so far as the duties of the sheriff was concerned, was fully executed. The plaintiff and the sheriff's clerk then proceeded on, and attached other property of the debtor James, not seizable under the execution, and the plaintiff, on the 9th May, being appointed assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent, claimed from the sheriff the goods seized by him under the execution at Hagar's suit, or the proceeds thereof, and to try his right to recover same as against the sheriff this action was brought.

It was alleged by the plaintiff that the delivery of the writ of attachment at the sheriff's office at 11 o'clock a.m. barred the goods in his hands under seizure, or if sold the proceeds thereof, although the sheriff's deputy, acting under the writ of execution 25 miles distant, could have no knowledge of it, and sold and delivered the property to the purchaser, and had in effect paid over the proceeds to Hagar before he had any such knowledge. It was also proved that the sheriff had no personal interest in this action, being indemnified by Mr. Hagar.

These were the leading facts of the case on which the jury found a verdict for the defendant, with liberty to the plaintiff to move the court on points reserved, if he thought fit.

Messrs Martin & Bruce and J. Bethune, for plaintiff; P. O'Brian, for defendant.

Laroque vs. Tweed *et al.* This was an action of slander, brought by one Annie Laroque, who had lived with the defendant for a short time as servant, and the slander was said to have consisted in the defendant's, Charles Tweed's, wife saying she had "a little dress stolen, and the plaintiff had stolen it." From the evidence adduced, it appeared that in March, 1866, plaintiff hired with defendants, and on 23d of same month a child's dress was missed. Every search was made for it, but in vain, and circumstances having raised the suspicion that the plaintiff had taken it, the defendants at once drove over to the residence of plaintiff's parents and finding the family present called her mother out and told her their grounds of complaint in private. The plaintiff's mother accompanied them to their house and the matter was discussed in the presence of two other inmates of the defendant's family, and the plaintiff having alleged it would be found, and was in the house, three different searches were made at which the plaintiff assisted but the dress could not be found. The plaintiff demanded her wages and being told she would be paid them the next day she left. On the following morning the female defendant having occasion to go to a drawer which had been several times searched the previous day without success, found the missing dress partly over the back of the drawer. Shortly after the plaintiff appeared with a lawyer's letter in her hand to the defendant C. Tweed, threatening him with legal proceedings if compensation for the alleged slander were not made. She was informed that the dress was found as stated, but Mr. Tweed added the observation that as the drawer was so closely searched the previous day "it could not have come there afterwards without hands." The wages were paid and she left, and at the expiration of twelve months the present action was brought. For the defendant it was contended that the communication made to the mother was privileged and therefore not actionable; that the word used was "had taken," not "stolen," and that any promulgation of the facts was not by the defendant. No witnesses were examined.

The judge charged the jury, and told them that the communication made to the mother was privileged, and that no action could lie for the words then spoken, but if the jury believed that, when the plaintiff returned the next day to receive her wages and handed the defendant the lawyer's letter, the words "it could not have been put there without hands," were used by Mr. Tweed, these conveyed a fresh imputation of the alleged theft, after the dress was found and were not privileged, then they should find for the plaintiff, measuring the damages to the best of their judgment.

The jury then retired and after a short absence returned into court with a verdict for the plaintiff for $5 damages.

Counsel for the plaintiff then asked his Lordship to certify for costs, when he replied he would do so, but under the statute he could not certify for more costs than the damages awarded by the jury.

Counsel for the plaintiff, P. O'Brian and J. Bethune. For the defendant Hon. J. S. Macdonald, M.P.P., and E. T. Dartnell.

The only remaining cases on the docket were Duplante vs. Barrie *et al.*, and McLean vs. Barrie *et al.*, which both involving matters of account were ordered to be referred to the arbitration of A. J. Grant, Esq., Barrister. W. Musgrove, Attorney for the plaintiff's; P. O'Brian for the defendants. This closed the civil business and the criminal business was then proceeded with.

The grand jury having come into court handed in True Bills in the following cases:

The Queen vs. Joseph Venier, larceny.
The Queen vs. Benjamin McIntosh, for misdemeanor.
The Queen vs. Peter McGouvern, like.
The Queen vs. do. like.
The Queen vs. A. Hagar, like.

These last four were indictments under the act for the protection of growing timber, on which extensive depredations have been for some time committed in these counties by unauthorised persons entering on the wild lands of non-resident proprietors, and felling and manufacturing timber thus stolen, and selling the same to parties in the lumber trade, who in many cases have knowledge of the way in which the timber was acquired. The indictments charged two of the parties with stealing timber, and two others with receiving it knowing it to be stolen. The parties being arraigned pleaded "Not Guilty," and not being ready for their trials traversed *in prox.* and gave bail to appear and take their trials at the next Assizes.

The Crown Counsel then called:

The Queen vs. Joseph Venier—Larceny. In this case the prisoner, who was a clerk in the employment of Third and Knox, who kept a general store at Vankleek Hill, in this county, was charged with stealing a piece of eleven pocket handkerchiefs from his employers in the month of March last. The evidence showed that the prisoner had brought the piece home to the house where he boarded, and shortly after had asked the owner, a Mrs. Smith, to hem and mark them for him; that she hemmed four, and seven remained, which were found in her house when the search was made, but in no way concealed. Mr. Knox who was present at once identified them as his property by his private trade mark upon them. He stated that the handkerchiefs were an expensive kind, the cost price being about 2s. 2d. each, and that since he was in business there he had sold but a few of them, and in no instance so many as eleven to any one person; that he never sold any such to the prisoner, and the custom of the establishment as to the sale of goods and purchases by the clerks on their own account was stated.

The prisoner was defended by A. J. Grant, Esq., who attempted to prove that the prisoner might have entered the goods in the cash book as sold to himself, and there was no evidence of his account not being charged with the price of these goods.

His Lordship charged the jury, and told them if they were not satisfied with the evidence on the latter point it would be for them if they thought fit to give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt. The jury retired and after a short absence returned into court, with a verdict of "Not Guilty." The prisoner was then discharged.

The Grand Jury then came into court, and handed in the following indictments:

The Queen vs. Lareine Robiard—Murder—A True Bill.
The Queen vs. Pascal Robiard—Murder—A True Bill.
The Queen vs. James Simpson—Murder—No Bill.
The Queen vs. James Simpson—Administering drugs to cause abortion—A True Bill.
The Queen vs. Robert Black—Larceny of money—A True Bill.

The several prisoners were then brought up and arraigned, and having severally pleaded "Not Guilty," were directed by the court to be ready for their trials the following morning.

The court then adjourned at half-past seven o'clock.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted has passed into a proverb. In the United States where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cts. per box.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 14, 1867.

An eloquent lecture was delivered last night by the Rev. Mr. Milman, upon the rather paradoxical subject of "What a Blind Man *saw* in England." The lecturer treated at great length matters of much interest, such as the manners and customs of the English people, compared with those of America—the climate—usages of the House of Commons, &c., &c. His lecture was well received and he will address an audience to-night on the subject of Milton.

The 13th Hussars intend having a steeple chase to-morrow.

A child was badly hurt on King-st., last evening by a farmer's waggon passing over it.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 14, 1867.

It is said Capt. Fortin is going to run for Bonaventure county, for both legislatures. It is questioned whether he will not have to make the sacrifice of his naval appointment, and its emoluments, unless under Confederation the practice of the British House of Commons obtains, where officers in the military and naval service of the country sit and vote though under full pay.

Orders were issued yesterday, regulating the charges for billeting troops in Canada, under the military law 27th Vic. cap. 2. The grant for an infantry soldier is to be ten cents a-day, and for a cavalry soldier with horse twenty-five cents a-day.

With a view to guard against epidemics, chloride of lime and carbonic acid is to be furnished to every barrack and hospital throughout the summer months.

The only surviving son of the late Sir L. H. Lafontaine was buried to-day, with the most imposing ceremonies of the Roman Catholic Church. The short-lived baronetcy conferred on that distinguished Canadian statesman is now extinct.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

London, May 14—Eve.—Consols closed at 92 for money; 5-20's 72¼; Ill. C. 76¼.

The English Franchise.

London, May 14—Eve.—In the House of Commons, last night, the amendment to the Reform Bill, providing for a ten-pound lodger franchise, was adopted.

Peace, a Certainty.

Paris, May 14—Noon.—The President of the Corps Legislatif officially announced to that body that the peace of Europe will not be disturbed.

The French Reserves to be Disbanded.

Paris, May 14—Evening.—Orders have been sent to the various military depots and headquarters throughout the Empire, to disband the reserves, which had recently been called into service.

Stopping of Work on Luxemburg Fortifications.

Luxemburg, May 14.—The work of strengthening the fortifications of the city, on which the garrison had for some time past been actively employed, has been discontinued by orders of the Prussian commandant at the fort.

The Crown Prince of Prussia going to Paris.

Berlin, May 14.—The Crown Prince Frederick William will leave for Paris during the present week, to attend the International Exhibition.

Col. Burke Transported for Life.

Dublin, May 14.—The death sentence of the Fenian prisoner, Col. Burke, has been commuted to imprisonment for life at hard labor.

Arrivals Out.

Brest, May 14.—The steamship *Peirei*, from New York, May 4th, arrived to-day.

Southampton, May 14.—The new steamship *Cimbria*, from New York, arrived here on her way to Hamburg.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Horace Greeley Makes a Speech in Richmond.

Richmond, Va., May 14.—Horace Greeley addressed the people to-night—the audience was largely colored.

An intimate friend of Mr. Davis says he has no fixed plan for his movements until November.

Democratic Majority in Kentucky.

Louisville, May 14.—The Democratic majority in the entire State over both parties combined is about 42,000.

Election Riots in Tennessee.

Memphis, May 14.—A serious riot occurred at Brownsville, Tenn., yesterday at a Radical convention, three negroes and two whites were shot, but not fatally.

Fatal Steamboat Explosion.

Chicago, May 14.—The Rock Island *Argus* of last evening says the Western Union Railroad steamer, running between Rock Island and Port Byron, exploded her boiler, about eight miles above this city; five persons were killed and a number badly scalded. The boat is a total loss.

Powder Mill Explosion.

Cleveland, May 14.—The Austin Powder Company's Mill, containing about 1000 pounds of powder, exploded last night. Loss $3,000.

Bishop of Florida.

New York, May 14.—The Rev. J. F. Young, D. D., an assistant minister of Trinity Church, New York, has been elected Bishop of Florida.

The Treason Indictments Denied.

Washington, May 14.—Two of the Grand Jurors of the District Court of Virginia authorise the statement that there is no truth in the report circulated in Richmond yesterday, that the Grand Jury has indicted John C. Breckenridge and Judge Thomas, of Fairfax co., for treason.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Fenian Pirate Reported.

New York, May 13.—The *Evening Express* says: Intelligence is anxiously awaited by enthusiastic members of the Fenians from the steamship rumoured to have sailed from this port a fortnight ago, with a full crew and well armed, for the purpose of harrassing British commerce.

The Release of Jeff. Davis.

Richmond, Va., May 13.—Mr. Davis came out of the court house and entered the carriage after his release. There was a loud cheer from a crowd of negroes outside, and about fifty gathered around and shook hands with him. He will leave for Canada in a day or two to see his children.

John C. Breckenridge Indicted.

It is stated that the Grand Jury indicted John C. Breckenridge, Judge Thompson, and four others, for treason.

A Crazy Telegram.

The following telegram was received by Judge Underwood, in court to-day, a short time before he admitted Davis to bail:

"Washington, May 13.

"*To Judge Underwood:* Beware of Greeley. Remember Libby prison, Andersonville, and Belleisle. Fifty millions are looking on, and expect you to do your duty, while three hundred thousand graves cry out aloud for revenge.

(Signed) Your Friend."

Davis Coming to Canada.

Jefferson Davis on his release, telegraphed to his brother Joseph C. Davis in Mississippi, the fact, and informed him that he would write from New York. Davis and family went on board the steamer *Niagara* to-night. She sails for New York to-morrow. He goes thence to Canada.

The Effect in Norfolk.

Fortress Monroe, May 14.—The intelligence at Norfolk yesterday of the action of Judge Underwood bailing Jeff. Davis, occasioned a general congratulation. Newspaper offices were crowded with persons eager to obtain particulars.

From Havana.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondence says: The situation of the banks is worse than in April.

The ship *Ocean Home* has been given up to the government. The authorities insisting on her payment of a fine of $12,500.

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS.

Bonnets. **Hats,**
Ribbons. **Feathers,**
Flowers. **Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. **20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15.

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YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, Repaired and Warranted.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867.

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NOTES BY THE WAY.

Toronto, May 14, 1867.

To the Editor of the Times.

Sir,—I embrace the opportunity of writing you something further in regard to the *Queen City of the West*, as Toronto is frequently styled. I should say it is altogether unworthy the name, and might yet well be called *Muddy little York*, for if ever there was a mistaken site chosen for a city this is one, and after extraordinary municipal expenditure, it is as yet in the majority of streets in a filthy condition. You complain in Ottawa in regard to sanitary matters often, but without reason, for the willing tide of the Ottawa, together with its affluents, is sufficient to sweep any amount of pestilence from your midst; here not so, the city is a dead level scarcely susceptible of drainage, and the stagnant waters of the Don are sufficient to generate disease, and in the eastern part of the city, fever and ague is as common as in any parts of the Western States. Here there is no Capital Hill, or Major's Hill, to which you can repair for a fresh water breeze, no Ashburnham Hill, or Sandy Hill to which you can resort in an evening promenade, here there is no mighty cataract like your Chaudiere with its commodious water privileges, to erect mill sites. All has to be done by steam which of itself is sufficient to contaminate a place so populous as Toronto, not to speak of the other pests and infectious diseases which are to be found in a city so lowly situated; true, there are palaces of art, and the more disgrace I therefore say, that they should be erected in such a place. Ottawa is no doubt the best location that could have been chosen for the Seat of Government, it is just the place for recreation, and pleasure, and where our legislators can breathe in a pure and healthy atmosphere, away from the sound of steam whistles and the yells of maniacs, and truly the place for a Solon, who has to give laws to generations yet unborn.

The Normal School occupies a large square on Church and Victoria-sts., the buildings are massive and of grand design, the front is occupied by the educational office and the museum, which is said to contain some of the finest paintings and statuary on the continent; a tourist is well repaid by a visit to the Normal buildings. In the rear are the class-rooms of those who are trained for the profession of teaching in Upper Canada, and, also, the Model School buildings, where the Normal students are trained in the practical duties of the profession. This session there are upwards of 125 students, the majority of whom are females, which is rather unusual. Dr. Sangster, the well-known author of many of our school text-books, is the principal, and the institution will no doubt progress under his able management. I wonder very much at our young men in the Ottawa valley that enter the profession of teaching, not availing themselves of the opportunities afforded in a splendid public institution like this.

The Jail is a grand structure, I suppose it is the largest in Canada; but like your own there are defects in the management. An instance of this the other day was shewn in a prisoner laboring under congestion of the brain which brought on mental stupor, being imprisoned in a cell for drunkenness with a view to sober him off, but death was the result, and consequently considerable excitement prevails in the city.

The General Hospital in Toronto is a large and commodious building, in which I am told there are not so many patients as usual. A very peculiar incident took place the other day, a man came in with a bullet wound in his arm, and while under treatment a telegram from Port Hope announces a burglarious attempt in that town and the burglar shot at, but had made his escape, it was supposed to Toronto. Sergt.-Major Cummins traced the culprit to the hospital, and to-day he was handed over to the Port Hope authorities. A surgical operation the other day by Dr. Hodder upon a lady in the hospital is pronounced a marvellous feat in surgery; it being the abscission of an ovarian cystic tumour weighing 36 lbs., the patient survives the operation and is convalescent.

The Mechanics' Institute in this city is a noble institution, and situated on the corner of Church and Adelaide-sts., in a magnificent building. The Library contains about 8,000 volumes, an inspection of which I obtained through the Secretary; it is nicely arranged and a good printed catalogue with rules and regulations is furnished each member. The reading-room is, also, fitted up with a view to comfort, in admirable style, nicely lighted, easy chairs arranged on each side of the long tables in the centre of the room; the daily papers from all parts of the world are arranged on both sides of the room, and what I thought very singular, not a single Ottawa paper of any kind was to be found in the room. Educational classes are carried on in the upper rooms, and it is altogether a well managed institution, and enjoys I am told, as it most assuredly ought, a very large public patronage.

A private of your excellent regiment, who I fancy has bought his discharge, and resides in Brantford, was about taking unto himself a partner in life, but it seems her parents were unwilling, when the noble son of Mars eloped to Toronto. A telegraph despatch, however, overtakes the happy pair, and the keen eye of Sergt.-Major Cummins and detective Lambert are on the search; when it became known the gallant red-coat decamped, and the lovely maiden was restored to her family.

The banks here are all handsome structures, as well as the insurance offices and churches; of the latter the most important are the Roman Catholic and English Cathedrals. The Queen's Hotel seems to be the Russell House of Toronto, another good hotel is the Revere, both do a good business since the destruction by fire of the Rossin House.

Yours, &c.,
Sea Gull.

Carelessness.—Many persons neglect their horses' health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine; it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Canadian Oil Wells.—Enniskillen, C. W., is situated some sixteen miles from the St. Clair River, and nearly opposite to Newport, and is one of the richest oil districts in the world; there are now sunk and in progress near 300 wells, most of them yielding largely; in one case the well has been overflowing for some time, and it is estimated that two barrels per minute is running to waste, and so far they have not been able to stop it; this truly is one of nature's wonders, though not more wonderful than the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing sudden colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, spinal affections, sprains, bruises, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

The Economy of Health.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

428-1a-19y

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals everywhere.

350y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Office, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-2w-2

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-2w-td

Notice of Removal.

W. AND R. REARDON HAVE REMOVED their

BROOM FACTORY

TO YORK STREET next to Brown's Soap Factory.

May 14, 1867. 434-3

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

☞ Henry's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 433-a

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the twentieth day of MAY, 1867, at seven o'clock, p.m., for the Grading and Ditching of Bank and Esther Streets, from the City limits to Sparks-street, and the Grading of the East End of Rideau street, in accordance with specifications of the said works to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

By order,

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 435td

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
May 16, 17 and 18.

BEN COTTON'S

INIMITABLE AND WORLD-FAMOUS

California Minstrels.

COMPLETE ORCHESTRA! FULL BRASS BAND!
Splendid Vocal Quartette!
TRIO OF COMEDIANS! QUINTETTE OF DANCERS

The management desire to call attention to the names composing this

Great Combination of Artistic Merit!

Ben Cotton,	J. Tannenbaum,
Jake Budd,	J. C. Rittenhouse,
Joe Norris,	G. W. Rockefeller,
Frank Campbell,	E. P. Kendall,
C. H. Atkinson,	Geo. Monk,
G. W. Jackson,	Wm. Koehler,
Leon Punnett,	Chas. N. Cotton,
C. Alexander.	

And the Terpsichorean Wonders

Master Bennie and the Empire Boys!

Appearing *Le Tout Ensemble* in GRAND CARNIVAL L'AFRICAINE, introducing a select programme, containing the Latest and Choicest Gems of Minstrelsy, and Inimitable Sketches for which this Troupe is so justly famous.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 Cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

E. P. KENDALL,
Agent.

434-5

New City Directory, 1867-8.

MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with MR. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the new work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

PROCLAMATION.
QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS,
For sale by Box and Package, at
OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE,
25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. Church will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May,

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE,	MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER,	MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY,	MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.	

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 469d

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new: also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

433-y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

VARIETY HALL

Has removed to

PRODERICK'S BLOCK,

34, Sussex-st.,

☞ *Directly opposite the Barracks.*

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

April 27. 429y

CITY REPRESENTATION
REQUISITION
—TO—
Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hair-dressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

March 30, 1867. 396y

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

☞ A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tf

LAST WEEK BUT TWO!!

OF THE

GREAT CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

BY

GRANT & HENDERSON.

Who are removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on 1st June.

Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

☞ *SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP.*

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

☞ A Rare opportunity of getting such goods at a bargain.

Velveteens, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

☞ Greatly reduced in price to save removal.

A Liberal Discount Allowed. All Sales for Cash Only.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 13, 1867. 433-y

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CRICKET. CROQUET.
—AND—
FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(OPENING DAY—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK—Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY
No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

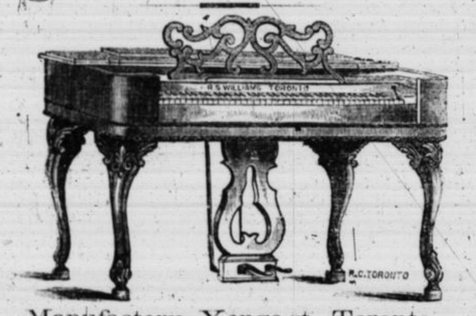
AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
PREMIUM
Organs & Melodeons



Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.—CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 356d-w8-3m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufactures.

Milions,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
&c., &c.

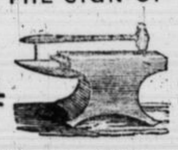
Striped Tweeds.
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 1. 381y

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE



24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

CARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Copper and Tinsmiths,

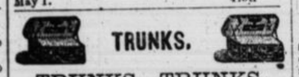
And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE
STOVES,
IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 413tf



TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread.....9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at b'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA
FORWARDING COMPANY.
LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent,*
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent,*
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt.	BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	"	LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	"	FINDLAY
OREGON,	"	HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	"	TOSER.
JASON GOULD,	"	OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	"	DUGDAN.
PEMBROKE,	"	COUVERETTE.
CALUMET,	"	BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:50 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 16, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
&c., &c., &c.
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman,

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
16, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases	Otard Brandy.	
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey.
75	"	United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR

February 23, 1867. 367dw3 tf

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street

430-y

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon.

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News,* and *Minerve,* Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette,* Ottawa; *News* and *Whig,* Kingston; *Chronicle,* Belleville; *Standard* and *Express,* Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel,* Cobourg; *Guide,* Port Hope; *Review,* Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman,* Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate,* Hamilton.

A. A. C.

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

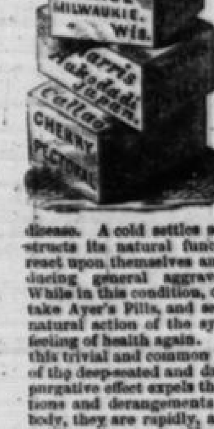
THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL,

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Red Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County o Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorised to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine,* it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the preservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,) —to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same, —and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely: Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—Establishment.

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Medical Superintendent.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the lim of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generall do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—Passengers.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—Vessels.

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent:—and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle rom any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to suppor them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
391tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, tha is to say:

- Aceti Acid,
- Acetic Ether,
- Butyric
- Chloric
- Nitrous "
- Sulphuric "
- Chloroform "
- Collodian "
- Hoffman's Anodyne,
- Talapin,
- Podophyllin,
- Lip Tandrin,
- Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
- Compound Spirits of Lavender,
- Do do of Juniper,
- Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
- Cordials,
- Bitters,
- Syrups,
- Compounding of Brandies,
- Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
- Proprietary preparations,
- Patent Medicines,
- Resinoids,
- Chemicals,
- Pharmaceutical Preparations,
- Auline Dyes,
- Hair Oils,
- Hair Washes,
- Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRE-sented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

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Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
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Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
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Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

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THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and, therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five,* who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much o the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only,* actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2.45 p.m.	"	5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1:30 p.m.	"	4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trust.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........8.00 A.M.
Night do do at........8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at........8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond........2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 436. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY. MAY 16, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $8 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.P.&S.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. F. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street,
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 296-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair-Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,........ Liverpool,........ Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE.—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 14. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF,
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c, and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Candling Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Callenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice. COAL OIL of standard quality.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorising the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
408-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 437o

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN, *Auctioneer.*
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY. Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenant therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3782m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL, Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. *daily for the Season*—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER, No. 126, Rideau-st.
May 436d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Ioel Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. B. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 434tf

TO LET,
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING, Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings
Apply to H. McLEAN, Centre Town
May 8. 429tf

The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6. 1867. 428-td

$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any persons guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT, *City Clerk.*
City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 423-c

TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the twentieth day of MAY, 1867, at seven o'clock, p.m., for the Grading and Ditching of Bank and Esther Streets, from the City limits to Sparks-street, and the Grading of the East End of Rideau street, in accordance with specifications of the said works to be seen at the office of the undersigned.
By order.
W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*
City Hall, Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 435td

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., 3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-1m6m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq. in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to p.m. 417 d

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON, Besserer Street
Ottawa December 9 314tf

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ice! Ice!—James Nash.
Attraction! Attraction!—Joseph Boyden.
Notice—W. P. Lett.
Caution—Alexander Stuart.
Notice—T. Bedford Jones.
Notice—W. F. Powell.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 16, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

The Hon. John A. and Mrs. Macdonald leave this morning for Kingston, where they will be honored with a public reception by the citizens.

The Hon. Mr. Chapais left yesterday, and the Hon. Mr. Cockburn will leave this morning. The hon. President of the Council will, therefore, be the only Minister in town for a few days.

For the representation of the County of Stormont, in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, there are, we understand, two candidates in the field, Mr. Wm. Colquhoun, of Dickinson's Landing, and Mr. George Munro, of Finch. The former contested the Riding at the last election with the sitting member; but it is said he has a better prospect of success for the Local Parliament. For the Canadian House of Commons, the sitting member, Mr. Ault, is the only candidate as yet in the field, and it is probable that he will be allowed to walk the course unopposed. Mr. Ault has successfully carried two contested elections—the first against no less a personage than the Hon. J. S. Macdonald himself, and so far from having lost his hold upon the constituency, he now appears to be securely established in its confidence.

The Medical Council of Upper Canada, as may have been seen by report published elsewhere, is now in session in this city. The proceedings of Tuesday evening were merely of a formal character. On yesterday morning, three new members, representing respectively the University of Ottawa and two kindred institutions in Kingston, were duly admitted on report of the committee on credentials. Quite a discursive debate took place regarding the fee for registration, which ended, very properly we think, by leaving the previous regulations of the Council undisturbed. At the instance of Dr. Brouse, a committee was appointed whose field of investigation covers ground of the utmost importance, not only to the personal and pecuniary interests of the Faculty, to which we may say, *en passant*, that the members of the Council appear to be by no means blind, but also to the well being of Society at large. The dispensing Chemist, or, as he is more generally designated the Druggist, or Apothecary, is a functionary of no mean importance in the economy of the healing art. On his care in the preparation of the Physician's prescription, and above all on the purity and excellence of his drugs, very much of the Physician's success must of necessity depend; while on the other hand the confidence established by constant intercourse between the Druggist and his customers renders his opinion little less weighty, and sometimes much more weighty, than that of the Doctor whose prescriptions he compounds. It is, therefore, of the first importance, if the Druggists of Canada are ever to be anything more than vendors of paints, oils, glass, putty, dye-stuffs, Yankee quack physic, hair oil, cigars and perfumery, that they should receive a training, and stand an educational test that will furnish a reasonable guarantee for their competency to discharge the responsible duties appertaining to their intermediary position between the physician and the patient. Of the various and diverse "pathies" from the "*ego*-pathy" (pardon the coinage) of the self-educated vendor of pills and mixtures, up to the respectable "allopathy" of the learned Medical Council, embraced within the range of Dr. Brouse's motion, we do not pretend to speak very familiarly; but we may be permitted to volunteer the expression of our *lay* judgment that the requirement of a rational test of educational attainment seems a very appropriate condition to the following of the profession, either as a "specialist" or a general practitioner.

Dr. Aikins has a series of resolutions on the notice-paper, aiming at the cure of a different class of evils. While Dr. Brouse's vision embraces the difficulties and annoyances to which the profession and the public are exposed from causes outside the orthodox limits, Dr. Aikins, on the physician-heal-thy-self principle, invokes precautionary measures against the possibility of scandals and heart-burnings from within. His aim is, in brief, to make the Medical Council a Board of Examiners for the graduates of all the Medical Colleges of the country; to fix one standard of qualification up to which every Medical School would be under the necessity of elevating its pupils. We do not conceive that this reform will be strongly opposed by the Medical Council, but it is exposed to many chances of opposition before it can receive the sanction of the Legislature. The interest, or supposed interest, of the several Medical Schools, the prejudices or predilections of individuals for particular institutions, and the advocates of independent competition, might be cited as sources of opposition within the profession; while the idea of monopoly, suggested by the fact that the Medical Council represents only those already within the charmed circle, may not be without its influence in creating an outside opposition to the policy embodied in Dr. Aikins' resolutions. The profession ought not to be unprepared to hear the last named objection urged on behalf of the general public; for it might well be a question with the guardians of the people's liberties whether it would be wise to give to any professional body the exclusive control of the keys of its own portals, whereby no one could be permitted to enter without the consent of those already in full enjoyment. It is true that the lawyers may be said to have already reached this enviable position of self assertion; but then law is a luxury, which those who cannot pay for, may well afford to do without; while the services of the medical man are an essential requisite at certain critical stages of existence, which ought to be within the reach of all. It is nevertheless desirable that an uniform standard of qualification should be adopted, and we think that Dr. Aikins would greatly avoid the chances of defeat for his scheme by constituting the Board of Examiners from among the Professors of the respective Medical Schools. A Board of examiners, so constituted, would not be at all likely to lower the standard of qualification; Examiners engaged in the active duties of teaching are, presumably, more competent to do the duty thoroughly, than those who have been engaged in the practice of the profession for years; they would not be liable to the suspicion of a desire to exclude from practice on the one hand, nor would they on the other, from their being the representatives of *all* the schools be suspected of undue favoritism to the pupils of any one. Might we also be permitted to add that the Medical Council have already duties under the Act sufficient to engage their attention?

These suggestions are submitted by way of interesting the public in the well being of the profession, rather than with the hope of influencing the decision at which the Council may arrive. To-day we presume Dr. Aikins' resolutions will be discussed, and probably the report of Dr. Brouse's Committee. We shall endeavor to give a notice of the chief points elucidated in to-morrow's issue. At the afternoon Session yesterday, Dr. Clarke secured the condemnation of some—to the profession—obnoxious clauses of the Amendment Act of last Session. Circumstances prevented our being present at the debate, so that we cannot enlighten our readers as to the clauses condemned, but we presume the Council will take measures to bring to the incoming Legislature a notice of the delinquencies of its predecessor, with a view to the provision of a remedy.

The Council will meet again to-day at ten o'clock a.m.

Some interesting developments may be anticipated regarding the proceedings of the Hamilton Reform Association. The charge at first preferred by the Hamilton correspondent of the *Leader*, was that the meeting for the nomination of a candidate for the Local Legislature had been packed in the interest of Mr. Williams, the successful aspirant for the honor. The Hamilton *Times*, as in duty bound, upholds the fairness of the proceedings at the meeting in question. It goes even a little further than this, for it characterises the statements of the correspondent as "Munchausen imitations," and predicts that he will soon be qualified "to serve "as a correspondent of the New York *Herald*." This, as might have been expected, puts the *Leader's* correspondent on his mettle, and he thus retorts:

"The *Times*, as a matter of course, attempts to throw discredit upon the accusation I have preferred against some one in connection with the nomination of Mr. Williams. It wants to know what use there would be of paying $2 for having names enrolled, when fifty cents was all that was required. There could be no use unless it were intended to present each man voting with a dollar and a half for the trouble of giving Mr. Williams a vote. I repeat that I have good authority for the statement I made, and if any one connected with the Reform association will publicly deny it, I will give the authority, and also the name of the person accused of paying the two dollars per man. I am fully aware that the meeting at which Mr. Williams was nominated was not a convention in the proper sense; it answered the same purpose, and my informant alleges that some twenty persons of whom he was told by one of the parties, connected with a public enterprise in this city, were induced to attend the meeting on being paid $2 each. What they paid for admission I know not; but as the *Times* says 50 cents, it follows that they cleared something by the operation. Mere "bluffing" will not get rid of the discreditable transaction. It will have to be met with a positive denial that the meeting was packed for the purpose of carrying the nomination of Mr. Williams, and I challenge such a denial."

This is a pretty serious charge and very circumstantially put. It will be a terrible scandal, should it turn out that any of these immaculate politicians have managed their business so clumsily as to be detected at this early stage of the election contest. In the meantime we await further revelations.

The New York *World* entirely discredits the assumption that Jefferson Davis will be put upon trial for treason, or any other crime in connection with the rebellion. It holds that his long confinement has been the result of the "political cowardice" of the government; and that this cowardice is still manifested by insisting upon heavy bail, when there is really no intention of putting him on trial.

A "penny weight" is very different from a "pound weight," yet one of our printers managed to confound the one with the other, and as the error escaped detection, our readers were yesterday morning led to believe that Mr. Miles had a gold nugget weighing one pound!

Our neighbor, the *Citizen*, approves of our suggestion to tender the Hon. Mr. Cartier a public reception on the occasion of his first visit to this city after his return from England. Mr. Cartier may be expected to visit Ottawa sometime next week.

MR. TODD'S NEW WORK.

To the Editor of the Times:

The Westminster Review for April, referring to Mr. Todd's work on parliamentary government in England, says: "To those who are more interested in the practice than in the principles of parliamentary government, the work of Mr. Alpheus Todd, Librarian of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, will be full of interesting matter." The reviewer further says, it is "the most complete treatise extant on the limits and extent of the royal prerogative, and in the theory of practice of parliamentary privilege. As a work of reference it is most valuable for every practical politician or writer on political questions."

It is gratifying to find that we have in Canada a gentleman able to send forth on such a subject, a work which has drawn forth the commendations of the British press. We hope the second volume, which will complete the work, will speedily be issued.

M.

Carelessness.—Many persons neglect their horses' health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine; it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MEDICAL COUNCIL ANNUAL MEETING.

Second Day.

Wednesday, May 15, 1867.

The Council met at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Dr. Dickson, chairman of the special committee on credentials, reported that Dr. Lavell, Dr. Sullivan and Dr. Beaubien had been elected as the representatives of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Kingston, Regiopolis College, Kingston, and the University of Ottawa, respectively, and recommended that they be admitted to their seats at the Council.

On motion of Dr. Dickson, seconded by Dr. Aikins, the report was adopted.

Several communications were read, some of them relating to the payment of the expenses of elections to the Medical Council Board. The latter subject elicited some discussion of a conversational character, several of the members contending that the Council was not liable for these expenses.

A letter was read from the President of the Dentists' Association, soliciting from the Medical Council a petition in favor of the Act to incorporate that society.

The President stated that he had been spoken to on the subject of compelling Druggists to go through a regular curriculum of study; that they should be brought under the provisions of the Medical Act, to ensure the same matriculation for them as for medical practitioners.

Dr. Richardson thought this a most important matter, a large amount of regular practice was actually done by the Druggists, and no doubt there was a serious destruction of human life as a consequence.

Dr. Brouse said he was preparing a resolution on the subject.

After discussion took place regarding the matters treated of in the several communications read, which were then, on motion, referred to the appropriate Committees.

Moved by Dr. Fulton, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, that the resolution passed last session, with respect to registration, be rescinded, and that the following be inserted in lieu thereof: that all persons who were possessed of one or more of the qualifications described in schedule A of the Medical Act for Upper Canada, on or before the 1st of January, 1866, be allowed to register their names on the payment of a fee of $5, that to those who have paid $10 for such registration, the sum of $5 be refunded, and all persons who have become qualified to be registered under the provisions of the Medical Act of Upper Canada, since the 1st day of January, 1866, shall pay the sum of $10 for such registration.

Dr. Fulton explained that the time formerly given—about a month—to register at the fee of $5, had not been sufficient to permit all the medical men of the country to avail themselves of it. Fair notice had not been given, and he thought it desirable that these parties be permitted to come in on the same terms as those who had been registered at first. They had already paid $4, and the additional $5 would place them in much the same position as those who being qualified under the Act had to pay $10.

Dr. Dewar, of Port Hope, said the plea was ridiculous. Those men who had declined to register would always find a ready excuse, but the council had no right to consider their objections. If the council saw fit they might notify the county attorneys that these non-registered practitioners were incompetent witnesses in the courts of law, and these gentlemen then would be compelled to register for their own defence. He opposed the motion because he considered the parties who had failed to register within the time limited by the former resolution of the council, had themselves to blame.

Dr. Dickson agreed in part with the spirit of Dr. Dewar's remarks, but he thought there might be a compromise effected on this question of registration. He would accept Dr. Fulton's motion, if the time were reasonably limited, wherein the privilege would be allowed. There had been a good deal of difficulty about registration, and it was desirable that the matter should be amicably settled.

Dr. Clarke, of Guelph, supported Dr. Dewar's views. He thought there was a wonderful spirit of liberality being displayed by the medical profession. He would like to see a law passed that would compel every practitioner to register, and he should prefer a registration fee of $25.

Dr. Brouse, of Prescott, would support Dr. Fulton's motion, provided the time were limited to the 1st January next, and the fee fixed at $6 instead of $5, so that they may be placed on precisely the same footing as students qualifying under the Act.

Dr. Richardson, of Toronto, gave it as his opinion that all the practitioners had already registered who intended to do so.

Dr. Aikins, of Toronto, said that the operation of the Act would soon compel practitioners to register. When they found that their evidence would be rejected in the Courts, even opposing counsel would find it to their interest to have their medical witnesses registered.

Dr. Macpherson supported the motion warmly, and instanced several cases where the parties had not a reasonable opportunity to register within the time.

Dr. Grant said the chief difficulty in regard to registration had arisen from the fact that the Medical Act was yet but imperfectly understood. He believed that when practitioners understood that they were compelled to register under the Act, or be incompetent to give medical testimony in the Law Courts, they would soon register under the existing rules.

Dr. Brouse moved an amendment embodying the views he had expressed, which, after a brief discussion, was voted down.

Dr. Fulton's resolution was then voted on and lost on the following division:

Yeas—Fulton, Macpherson, Pattullo, Dickson, Brouse, Lavell, Aikins—7.

Nays—Askin, Clarke, Morton, McGill, Dewar, Grant, Richardson, Berryman, Yates, Sullivan, Beaubien—11.

Dr. Macpherson moved, seconded by Dr. Brouse, that $5 each be returned to Dr. Digby and Dr. Henwood, they not having failed to comply with the requirements of this council through wilful neglect, but in one case from family distress, and in the other from the fact that he was not in the province at the time.

Dr. Richardson desired an explanation. He understood that Dr. Digby was a very wealthy man; he had amassed a fortune from the practice of his profession, and Dr. Henwood was his son-in-law. He thought the application an insult.

Dr. Macpherson said if there was any insult it was the fault of the parties themselves, for they had made application concerning the matter.

After further discussion the resolution was withdrawn by consent.

Dr. Aikins gave notice that at the first sitting to-day he will move the following resolutions:

Resolved.—1st. That in the opinion of this council it is highly desirable for the best interests of the public, and the better education of the profession, that the "Medical Act" and its amendments should be so amended as to establish one Medical Examining Board for the Province of Ontario, before whom all persons holding degrees or certificates of qualification from Universities or Schools of Medicine from the Provinces of Ontario or Quebec, and desiring to become registered under said amended Act should go for an examination for certificate or diploma, which certificate or diploma should alone entitle the holder to registration under said amended Act.

2nd. That this council be such Examining Board.

3rd. That this council do petition the Legislature of Ontario at its first session, to so amend said Act, and do also use its influence to secure the co-operation of the profession and others to aid in the passing of said Act.

Dr. Brouse moved, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, that in consideration of the peculiar position in which this council is placed, relative to the constant practice of Druggists prescribing for patients, and of others who obtain a license to practice under an inferior curriculum, and yet practice according to the principles of our profession, that Drs. Clarke, Dickson, McGill, and the mover, be a committee to consider the same, and report to this council.—Carried.

On motion the council adjourned at noon, to meet again at 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Dr. Clarke brought up a motion regretting the amendments which had been made to the Medical Act, during the last Session of Parliament, and expressing very strongly the disapprobation of the council as to the nature of these amendments.

An interesting discussion followed, in which Drs. Clarke, Brouse, Dickson, Berryman, Grant, Aikins and others took part, and Dr. Clarke's resolution was finally agreed to without a division.

[We shall publish the minutes of this session to-morrow.]

The council then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

UNITED COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL SPRING ASSIZES.

Second Day.

Friday, May 10, 1867.

The court met at half-past nine this morning, and at once entered on the despatch of the criminal business. The first case called was:

The Queen *vs.* Robert Black. A jury having been sworn, Mr. Dartnell stated the facts of the case as they would be given in the evidence. The prisoner at the bar, a young man of respectable appearance, stood charged with having stolen the sum of $81 from Mr. Peter Yeon, of Plantaganet Mills, on or about the 22nd of April last. The prisoner had been in the employment of Messrs. Third and Knox, at Vankleek Hill, whose service he left in the month of March last, but continued to board at Johnson's Hotel there until about 9th April. He then left, being in debt to Mr. Johnson $10 for board, and on leaving professing to have no money, he borrowed $2 from one Chamberlain in Mr. Johnson's employ. He proceeded from thence to the other end of the county, and about the 10th April came to board at the hotel of Peter Yeon, at Plantaganet Mills, where he remained for about a fortnight, leaving on 22nd. On the 21st Mr. Yeon had in his cash box, which he kept in his desk behind the bar, three $20 bank bills, one of $10, two of $1, one $2 bill American money, and three $1, and one $4 Bank of Upper Canada, and also a bill of the Commercial College. These were in one compartment of his cash box, and in another a roll of $100 in bills, which was not taken. He had not occasion to open his cash box until the 25th, when he missed the above bills. His suspicion fixed on the prisoner, and he at once proceeded in pursuit. He got the first trace of him at Caledonia Springs, where he had stopped at Rochon's Hotel, and while there made purchase of a watch from a man named Robinson which he paid for in bills, and these bills Robinson passed to Rochon, who produced them, and they were identified by Mr. Yeon as the $4 and three $1 of the Bank of Upper Canada stolen from him. He then resumed his pursuit, and believing the prisoner had started for Lancaster he went on to Vankleek Hill, where he learned that the prisoner was still there. Informations were at once sworn, a warrant issued and the prisoner arrested; when searched by the constable the sum of $16.50 in silver was found on him, bank bills of current money to the amount of $5, and an American bill for $2. It was also ascertained that he had paid to Chamberlin the $2 which he had lent prisoner when leaving, and had shewn a Commercial College Bill for $2 which Chamberlin had declined to take. That he had also paid Mr. Johnson with a $10 bill the debt he owed him for board. That he subsequently changed with him a $20 bill. That he changed another $20 bill through Mr. D. A. Johnson, and that he changed another bill for $20 with a person named Potter, the various bills corresponding in number and amount with those stolen from Mr. Yeon, who would identify those produced, but the $20 bills and the $10 had passed away from the persons who had changed them and could not be produced. The prisoner was committed for trial by the examining magistrates, and Mr. Johnson subsequently found a bunch of ten or twelve keys in his great coat pocket, and also a file which seemed to have been used on some of the keys.

Several witnesses were then called, and the facts as stated by the Crown Counsel being proved, his Lordship charged the jury, who retired and after a short absence came into court with a verdict of "Guilty."

His Lordship then proceeded to pass sentence upon the prisoner, and having dwelt on the serious nature of the crime which he had committed and his liability to be sent to the Penitentiary for it, told him that in the hope of reformation of his character, and as it was apparently his first offence his sentence was that he should be confined in the county jail at hard labor for a period of twelve months' then to be discharged. The prisoner was then removed.

Mr. Dartnell then said he would proceed with the case of the Queen *vs.* Simpson; but the prisoner not being ready for his trial, he took up the case of the Queen *vs.* La Reine Robiard, murder.

The prisoner, a young woman not seventeen years of age, of good features and evidently in feeble health, was supported into court, and placed on a chair in front of the dock, and a jury having been sworn her trial was proceeded with.

E. T. Dartnell, Esq., Crown Counsel, briefly stated the facts of the case as they would be given in evidence. He said the prisoner at the bar stood indicted for the murder of her child under circumstances of a most painful nature. She resided in the Township of East Hawkesbury, near St. Eugene, and some time at the close of the year 1865, hired as servant to a Mr. James Simpson, who shortly after as she alleges seduced her, and the result was that she gave birth to a child in the month of August last. This child she nursed for a few weeks, and the reputed father having refused to give her the means of supporting the child, it appears that she came to L'Orignal in the month of October, accompanied by a woman named Girouard, who acted as midwife on the birth of the child, for the purpose of obtaining legal advice and compelling the father to support the child. The result was not satisfactory, and she returned to her father's house. In two or three days afterwards, she was seen, accompanied by her father, Pascal Robiard, proceeding towards Rigaud, in Lower Canada, carrying her child, and in two or three days afterwards they were seen returning home without the child. She was naturally asked by her neighbors what she had done with it, and so many different statements were made to different parties, that it was suspected the child had met foul play; and information being lodged, the prisoner at the bar and her father were arrested and brought before three of the local magistrates, James Gamble, Mark Turcotte and John Gibson, Esqrs. Here again conflicting statements were made as to the child by both father and daughter, and the latter subsequently made a second statement, in which she said that she had killed the child, by throwing it into a well in Lower Canada, and that it was the reputed father, Simpson, who told her to do so. On this serious charge being made, the magistrates issued their warrant for Simpson's arrest, and sought his (Mr. Dartnell's) aid as County Crown Attorney. He was at once brought before them, and from some of the statements made, it was supposed that it was into some well below Rigaud that the child had been thrown, and search was made in that locality, but without success. Other statements made induced the belief that they had taken the child to Montreal, and it was so alleged by Simpson, and was possibly left at some one of those convents there, where infants are received; or that, as they said, they had given it to some person there; and the prisoners were remanded for further examination, that inquiries might be made, which was done, but no trace of the child could be discovered. On the renewed examination, a man named Louis Le Gros, residing near Point Clare, below St. Annes, on the way to Montreal, was produced, who stated in evidence, that about three weeks before he was going into Montreal with a load of grain, and he passed the prisoner and her father on the road, and she carried something in her arms covered with her shawl, as a woman would carry her child, but he did not see it, that he saw them during the day in Montreal, and when returning home in the evening, he overtook them, that he gave them a ride in his waggon, and lodging at his house that night, and that they left early the next morning to take the boat at St. Annes. The body of the child had never since been found. It was rumored, to the contrary, and if the rumor were true the production of the living child would remove all suspicion of the foul crime with which the prisoner was charged, and as the child was ruptured below the navel, in its birth, there would probably be no difficulty in identifying it. If the child were not produced alive, the fact of the body not being found would have been an insuperable bar in the way of conviction for murder, but that difficulty would be removed in this case by the confession or statement of the prisoner admitting the murder of the child, if the testimony of the magistrates shewed that it was taken with all those safeguards which the law required to permit it to be used as evidence. If this were so, the presumption would be that the confession is true, as it is not likely a party would make a confession to their prejudice, and, as in this case, affecting life. These were the leading facts which would be given in evidence. If that evidence should show that the serious crime of murder had been committed, the case would indeed be a melancholy one, and heavy indeed would be the responsibility of the man whose conduct had led to such fatal results. If, on the other hand, it were true that the child was found, and would be produced, and that murder had not been committed, no one would rejoice more than he would. Having made these preliminary observations he would now call the witnesses.

POLICE COURT.

Timothy Murphy, drunk and disorderly; little hope of his permanent reformation. Two weeks at hard labor.

Baptiste Cote, drunk and disorderly. Fined $2 and costs, or one week at hard labor.

James Fagin, apparently of unsound mind, was found in the night on the streets. He had in his possession a large piece of checked cotton cloth, which he professed to have found at the burying-ground. Enquiry was made into his character, when it was found that he had appeared in court before.

Thomas Kennedy was charged with running into and damaging the buggy of Theodore Frederick. Adjourned till Friday.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

William Millar was charged with feloniously forging the name of John Page on a promissory note for $60.

Wm. Wade, the agent of the Ontario Bank, sworn—The promissory note produced was discounted in the bank by my instructions for Hubeck & Coward. It was brought to the office by Mr. Coward. It falls due on the 16th of May. It was brought in the ordinary way to be placed to his account, and the proceeds were placed to his account. Cannot say that the name is in the handwriting of the prisoner.

David W. Coward, sworn—I am one of the firm of Hubeck & Coward, doing business as brokers in this city. I have seen the promissory note, took it in business from Mr. Millar. Did not see him write his name; I believe it to be his signature. The names of Hubeck & Coward are in my handwriting; I gave value for the note; I am the party who had it discounted at the bank, and got credit for the amount to our firm.

To his Worship—I know a person of the name of John Page in the city; he is connected with the Public Works, and whom I took to be the person represented by the name on the note; I supposed it to be him from Mr. Miller being connected with the Public Works.

John Page sworn—I am a Civil Engineer, Chief Engineer of Public Works; being shewn the signature on the note, said it is not my signature; I never authorised any one to put my name to it; never received any benefit from it.

To the Magistrate—Should say there is little or no similarity to my signature; can't say that it is intended for my signature; don't know for whose it is intended; I have seen Miller's handwriting, but can't say that it is his; I am not a good judge of handwriting; know of no other John Page in Ottawa; I have not much knowledge of the inhabitants here; prisoner was employed in the Architect's office.

R. Lyon, Esq., Mayor, prosecutor on behalf of the bank, said that was the case.

J. F. Boulton, Esq., for the defence declined to cross-examine any of the witnesses.

Thomas Fuller sworn—I am Architect of the Public Buildings; I have known prisoner about two years; he has been employed in my office; I have seen letters of his; am not a good judge of handwriting; could not say whether the signature is in the same handwriting as the note; there is no similarity between the name of Mr. Page on the note and his genuine signature, or if there is any it is very slight.

W. P. Lett sworn—Am City Clerk; I have a good general acquaintance with the inhabitants of the city, chiefly derived from the assessment rolls; I know no John Page, but Mr. Page of the Public Works; cannot say I know any other John Page anywhere; don't know that I am a very good judge of handwriting, I do not profess to be. I can see no similarity between the signature of the prisoner and the endorsement.

Mr. Lyon had no observations to make on the evidence, and Mr. Boulton declined to enter upon any defence here, but he would ask if his Worship thought there was sufficient evidence to convict of forgery? Mr. O'Gara said there w s some evidence, but it had not been got up as it might have been.

The Police Magistrate informed the prisoner that there was another prosecution for forging the name of Thomas Fuller on the same note. Mr. Boulton said this was a most unusual proceeding. His Worship said he had disposed of the first case by sending it to the Assizes, and would now proceed with the second.

D. W. Coward sworn,—Said he received the promissory note bearing the endorsement John Page, in the ordinary course of business; did not know whether the name of Mr. Fuller on the note was his genuine signature; I supposed it was his because I knew no other Mr. Fuller and knew him to be connected with the Public Works. Prisoner made no representations.

Thomas Fuller sworn,—My name on the note bears but very slight similarity to my genuine signature. There was another Thomas Fuller residing in this city; there is also one in Montreal.

Wm. Cluff sworn,—I am in the post-office; I have a good knowledge of handwriting and some slight knowledge of prisoner's handwriting; know no Thomas Fuller in the city except Mr. Fuller, the architect. There is a person of that name in the Township of Cumberland. The name of Thomas Fuller on the note is not the signature of Mr. Fuller, the architect. He should say that it was intended to imitate it; think the name Fuller in the body of the note and that on the back was written by the same person. The name Thomas is different.

The prisoner was then committed to take his trial at the next Assizes on both charges. Bail refused. An application, however, will be made to the judge for bail. Mr. O'Gara thought the judge might fix it at a lower figure than he would be justified in doing.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Maple Leaf Cricket Club.—A special meeting of the Maple Leaf Cricket Club will be held this evening at eight o'clock, at their rooms, for the transaction of important business. All members are respectfully requested to attend, and also those intending to join the club.

Confirmation.—The Lord Bishop of Ontario is expected in town to-day. His Lordship comes to hold confirmation in the Parishes of Christ Church and St. Alban's. They are held separately, it being his Lordship's desire to address as many members of the church as possible, during his stay.

The Absconded Recovered.—The two youths who were reported yesterday as having left the employ of Mr. Eaton, were captured by telegraph and brought back yesterday by an officer. They will appear at the Police Court this morning, when it will be sought to show that their time had expired.

Penny Readings.—We understood yesterday that Mr. Lett was to have read last evening at New Edinburgh, and we promised ourselves the pleasure of hearing his rendering of Tom Moore's "Paradise and the Peri," but the continuous rain led us to think that the reading might be put off, besides other imperative calls upon our time detained us until it would have been too late, and we were denied the gratification.

Meterological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 15, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 40 above zero.

9 a. m., 47 above zero.
Noon, shade, 52 above zero.
6 p. m., 47 above zero.

Variety Hall.—In our advertising columns will be found the new advertisement of Mr. Joseph Boyden, of No. 34 Sussex-st., who informs the public of the attractive variety of useful and beautiful goods he offers for sale; and those who require articles for the household will do well to refer to the advertisement, where they will find enumerated many articles which all housekeepers require; or perhaps better go and consult Mr. Boyden personally.

FROM FATHER POINT.

Father Point, May 15, 1867.

The *S. S. Hibernian* arrived at 9:20 this evening. Hon. G. E. Cartier is on board.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 15, 1867.

A despatch from Bothwell says a liquor detective named Wade came near being lynched to-day, and was compelled to beat a hasty retreat; but for the energetic efforts of the mayor he would undoubtedly have experienced very rough treatment.

Two female detectives, very respectably dressed, came into court yesterday, and applied for summonses against a number of persons selling liquor without a license.

Rev. Mr. Milburn delivered an excellent lecture in the Music Hall last evening—subject, "Milton." A very large audience attended.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 15, 1867.

A species of epidemic is said to prevail among horses in this city and vicinity.

Extensive changes are about being made in the troops forming the garrison of Montreal. Major Simpson's battery of Royal Artillery leaves shortly for London, and Capt. Balfour's battery for Toronto. They will be replaced by detachments from the Lower Provinces.

The *Herald* to-day says the *Gazette* is to be enlarged and become the Grand Trunk organ, under the management of the Montreal Publishing Company, in which Mr. Ferrier and Mr. Brydges are leading stockholders.

Another poisoning case is to be tried on the 20th.

Weather gloomy and wet. Business, however, is very lively.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

An Official Denial.

Berlin, May 15—Evening.—A report that the Prussian Government had bought a fleet of American iron-clads is officially denied.

The Insurrection in Candia.

London, May 15—Evening.—Conflicting accounts have been received as to the result of military operations in the Island of Candia. Both Cretans and Turks claim military successes, but the latest despatches assert that the Turkish army has been defeated.

The Florida and Cuba Cable.

Liverpool, May 15.—A vessel has been chartered for the purpose of laying a submarine telegraph cable between Florida and Cuba.

The Russian-American Treaty Ratified.

Washington, May 15.—The Russian Consul has communicated the following to Secretary Seward:

"St. Petersburg, May 15.—The treaty is ratified. Bodisco carries it back immediately.
(Signed), "Gortschakof."

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A Uniform Rate of Postage.

Washington, May 15.—A uniform scale of progression for charging postage, having half an ounce as the unit, has been adopted, as well for correspondence sent in transit through the United States or between the British colonies and foreign countries generally, and for international correspondence between the United States and Great Britain and Ireland. In future, postage upon all letters, except in mails with Great Britain, will advance by a single rate for each half ounce, and the fractions thereof same as on domestic letters.

Decline in Gold.

New York, May 15.—Money continues abundant and easy. Sterling quiet and firm at 9¾ a 10 with no business since the sailing of the *Persia*. Gold fell to 36⅞.

Arrived.

Highlands, N. Y., May 15.—Steamer *Guiding Star* from Havre, has arrived.

Decline in Coal.

New York, May 15.—At the auction sale of Pittston coal to-day, 30,000 tons were sold at a decline of 10 to 25 cents.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Emigration.

New York, May 15.—12,826 steerage passengers have arrived at this port since the 1st inst., from European ports.

The Ram "Dunderberg" Sold to France.

The steam ram *Dunderberg*, the most powerful engine of naval warfare afloat, has been sold to the French government, for $3,000,000.

Arrival of the "Java."

New York, May 15.—The steamer *Java* from Queenstown 5th has arrived. Our files are chiefly occupied with debates on the Luxemburg and Reform questions, both of which are now obsolete.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 15, 1867.

The markets during the past week have been unusually meagre, not in fact worth calling markets; and the quotations, though the actual prices at the time, could not be depended on in full markets. The sudden rise in Hay is extraordinary, and in great demand at the present high prices. Though if there were a good supply for two or three days the prices would undoubtedly fall again.

Flour—Extra	10 00	@	10 50
No. 1	9 50	@	0 00
No. 2	7 00	@	7 30
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 15
" Spring "	0 00	@	4 40
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 25	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Buckwheat	6 25	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 70	@	1 85
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 70	@	0 75
Oats " 34 lbs	0 40	@	0 45
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
Pork—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 60
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 10
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 45
Turkeys—Each	0 75	@	1 10
Fowl—Per pair	0 70	@	0 80
Butter—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 13½
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 11	@	0 11½
Apples—per brl.	0 00	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 70	@	0 00
Hay—Per ton	18 00	@	19 00
Wood—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do.	2 50	@	2 75

London Money Market.

London, May 15—Noon.—Consols 92⅛; Erie 41¾; Ill. C 76¼; Bonds 72¾.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 15.—Stocks—At the Second Board showed a decline.

Gold—137¼.

The *Post* says: The loan market continues easy, and little is doing. Call loans 5 on miscellaneous paper. Governments firm. Foreign Exchange dull.

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, May 15—Noon.—Cotton opened active. Orleans 11 5-8d. Breadstuffs and Provisions unchanged. Corn 42s. 3d. Pork 77s. 6d.

Lard 52s. 6s.
Refined Petroleum 1s. 3d.
Tallow 43s.

New York Markets.

New York, May 15.—Cotton—Firm at 28c. to 28½c. for Middling Uplands.

Flour—Receipts 6407 bls.; market dull, and 15c. to 25c. lower; sales 5000 bls. at $11.25 to 12.20 for Superfine State; $12.50 to 13.75 for Extra State; $13.80 to 14.50 for Choice do.; $11.25 to 12.20 for Superfine Western; $12.50 to 14.35 for Common to Medium Extra Western; $14.45 to 15.85 for Choice do.

Rye Flour—Quiet, sales at $8.40 to 9.45.

Wheat—Dull, and 2c. to 3c. lower.

Rye—Rather more steady; sales 6800 bus. of Western at $1.68 to 1.70.

Barley—Dull.

Corn—Receipts 34,620 bus.; market 3c. to 5c. better; sales 90,000 bus. at $1.10 to 1.11 for new Mixed Western; $1.22 for Western Yellow.

Oats—Receipts 7360 bus.; market 1c. to 2c. lower; sales 30,000 bus. at 80c. to 83c. for Western; 89c. for State.

Latest.—Flour—Closed heavy.
Wheat—Dull, and 2c. to 3c. lower.
Corn—3c. to 5c. better.
Pork—Heavy, New Mess $23.12 to 23.20; Old Mess $22.
Lard—Closed quiet at 12½c. to 13¼c.

DIED.

At Point Fortune, on the 14th inst., in the 78th year of her age, Catharine Ferguson, relict of the late Major Sinclair, and mother of Provincial Land Surveyor Duncan Sinclair, of this city. She and her husband came from Scotland to Canada in the year 1817.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

Heney's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 483-a

AUCTION SALE of **Household Furniture!**

H. McLEAN will sell at the residence of MR. C. A. GAGNON, No. 95, South Side Rideau-street, in Preston's Block,

ON MONDAY, MAY 20TH,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, p.m.,

all the Household Furniture and Effects consisting of Carpets, Tables, (Dining and Centre,) Chairs, Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads, Washstands, Parlor and Kitchen Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, &c., &c., &c., all for positive sale, as the parties are leaving the city. Terms Cash.

The House to Let.

Ottawa, May 16, 1867. H. McLEAN. 436-td

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

Price.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

NOTICE.

THE CONFIRMATION

FOR

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH!

WILL BE HELD (D.V.)

ON SATURDAY EVENING,

AT 7. P. M.,

In the Court House, Daly-st.

T. BEDFORD JONES, LL.D.

May 16. 436-3

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-10i

CAUTION.

THIS is to give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, she having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation.

ALEXANDER STUART,
Bearbrook, C.W.
Bearbrook, May 16. 20-wd

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.

By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-20wtd

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread........................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

May 16, 17 and 18.

BEN COTTON'S

INIMITABLE AND WORLD-FAMOUS

California Minstrels.

COMPLETE ORCHESTRA! FULL BRASS BAND!

Splendid Vocal Quartette.

TRIO OF COMEDIANS! QUINTETTE OF DANCERS

The management desire to call attention to the names composing this

– Great Combination of Artistic Merit!

Ben Cotton,	J. Tannenbaum,
Jake Budd,	J. C. Ritterhouse,
Joe Norris,	G. W. Rockefeller,
Frank Campbell,	E. P. Kendall,
C. H. Atkinson,	Geo. Monk,
G. W. Jackson,	Wm. Koehler,
Leon Punsolt,	Chas. N. Cotton,
C. Alexander.	

And the Terpsichorean Wonders

Master Bennie and the Empire Boys!

Appearing *Le Tout Ensemble* in GRAND CARNIVAL L'AFRICAINE, introducing a select programme, containing the Latest and Choicest Gems of Minstrelsy, and Inimitable Sketches for which this Troupe is so justly famous.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 Cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

E. P. KENDALL, Agent.

434-5

SPARKS STREET CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 348y

NEW FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

☞ A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tt

LADIES & GENTLEMENS' Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, &c.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street.

March 30, 1867. 396y

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK St. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE,	MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER,	MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY,	MRS. WM. TAYLOR,
MRS. THOMAS McKAY.	

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

☞ Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

April 409td

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

433-y

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

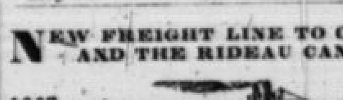
Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867.  1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON,.........J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

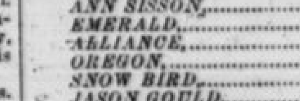
For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867  1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

JUST OPENED.

A NEW

Library and News Depot.

A. HAUSSER,

COR. METCALFE AND SPARKS-ST.,

SECOND DOOR from the Tobacco Depot, near the Parliament Buildings, where he keeps on hand a large assortment of BOOKS, to be lent out monthly, half-yearly, and yearly.

☞ Also on hand United States, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa papers.

A. HAUSSER.

Second door North of the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks-streets.

May 3. 425tf

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

418-td

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

New City Directory, 1867-8.

MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with MR. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the new work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	**Hats,**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] **[20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

OPENING DAY—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

☞ Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons,	Striped Tweeds.
Venetians,	Coatings.
Vest Patterns,	Broadcloths.
Cassimeres,	Doeskins.
&c.	&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 281y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES, IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

PREMIUM

Organs & Melodeons

Manufactory—Yonge-st., Toronto.

E. Miles, Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTORY A CONSIGNMENT OF THESE deservedly popular Instruments. They are now on Exhibition at my Establishment, on RIDEAU-STREET.

☞ These Instruments have been judged by all the musical celebrities of the day as being SUPERIOR IN TONE AND MANUFACTURE! Many preferring them to the over-strung Piano, the tone being more voluminous and mellow.

A Choice Selection of Violins, Violin Strings, Flutes, Concertinas, &c., on hand.--CALL AND EXAMINE.

E. MILES, Rideau-St., Ottawa.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

LAST WEEK BUT TWO!!

OF THE

GREAT CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

BY

GRANT & HENDERSON,

Who are removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on 1st June.

Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

☞ *SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP.*

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

☞ A Rare opportunity of getting such goods at a bargain.

Velveteens, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

☞ Greatly reduced in price to save removal.

A Liberal Discount Allowed. All Sales for Cash Only.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 13, 1867. 433-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

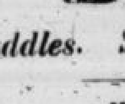
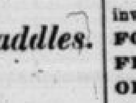
Notice of Removal.

W. AND R. REARDON HAVE REMOVED their

BROOM FACTORY

TO YORK STREET next to Brown's Soap Factory.

May 14, 1867. 434-3

 TRUNKS. 

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street

436-y

PROCLAMATION.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

FIRE CRACKERS,
For sale by Box and Package, at
OTTAWA MUSIC & FANCY STORE,
25 Sparks-st.

J. L. ORME & SON.

May 10. 430a

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:--No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

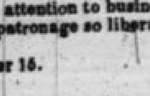
From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	Otard Brandy,
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey,
75	"	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 40by

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tl

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION.

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.

BELLEVILLE.

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, in the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News,* and *Minerve,* Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette,* Ottawa; *News* and *Whig,* Kingston; *Chronicle,* Belleville; *Standard* and *Express,* Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel,* Cobourg; *Guide,* Port Hope; *Review,* Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman,* Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate,* Hamilton.
A. A. C.

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

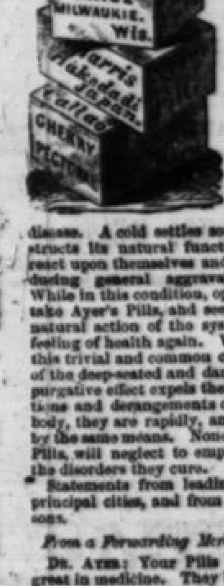
THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers specially attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.
ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb, 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery* and *diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.* JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9m

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26th April, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie[d]

A. CAMPBELL.
425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine,* it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the reservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorised under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—Grosse-Isle.

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities of Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—Establishment.

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorized to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—Medical Superintendent.

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—Pilots.

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of those not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—Passengers.

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—Vessels.

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle from any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict purification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the license of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—Inspecting Physician at Quebec.

An Inspecting-Physician at Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or left your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healthy state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mast head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
391tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers,*" in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants, with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated *in* therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five,* who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only,* actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway,

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2.45 p.m.	" "	5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1.30 p.m.	" "	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4.00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.00 a.m., and 2.00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at........ 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at........ 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........ 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at........ 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at........ 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,........ 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at........ 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at........ 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THO RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed, Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public, against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 437.] OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY. MAY 17, 1867. [PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates :
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,...... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,...... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU.
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. [illegible]

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE.
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing; OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC ! MUSIC ! ! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne !
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines !
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received !
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S.
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,...... Liverpool,...... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits...... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year...... 25.31
And each subsequent year...... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 281y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company !
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY :
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 14. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING !
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,
BEAVERS,
PETERSHAMS,
DEVONS,
WHITNEYS
IRISH FRIEZE,
CANADIAN DO.,
BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,
BEDFORD CORDS,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,
BANNOCKBURN DO.,
HALIFAX DO.,
KERSEYS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS.

COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SMOCKS,
SOCKS,
MITTS, WOOLLEN
Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK,
BAGS, LINEN,
Do., TRAVELLING,
COTTONS, STRIPED,
Do., BLUE,
Do., GREY,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT !
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT !
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT !
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves !

Water Coolers ! Water Coolers ! Water Coolers !
Water Filters ! Water Filters ! Water Filters !
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
405-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due.
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 429d

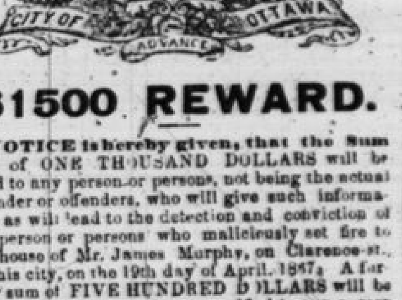
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR
May 10. 431tf

TO LET,
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings
Apply to H. McLEAN,
Centre Town
May 8. 429tf

The Court of Revision
FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk
City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td



$1500 REWARD.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any persons guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months
By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-c

TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the twentieth day of MAY, 1867, at seven o'clock, p.m., for the Grading and Ditching of Bank and Esther Streets, from the City limits to Sparks street, and the Grading of the East End of Rideau street, in accordance with specifications of the said works to be seen at the office of the undersigned.
By order.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 435td

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq. in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 9 314tf

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Cargo of Teas—John Leeming & Co.
Lending Library and News Depot—A. Hausser.
Cow Lost—J. B. Parant.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 17, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

The Hon. Mr. Cartier, who was a passenger by the *Hibernian*, remained over at Quebec last night, and will arrive by special train at Montreal this evening, when he will be honored with a public reception by his constituents and fellow-citizens.

The County of Russell, heretofore threatened with a plethora of candidates for parliamentary honors, appears desirous of still increasing the list from which the electors may select at discretion. We learn that a number of the most influential men in the County have waited upon the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, and solicited him to become a candidate for the representation of Russell in the Canadian House of Commons. Mr. Cameron has not, as yet, given a positive answer either yea or nay, and the fact that he holds the proposal under deliberation, gives his friends the hope that he may very probably consent to accept the candidature. We state these facts, which have reached us on good authority, without any knowledge as to what Mr. Cameron's views or intentions may be.

The Medical Council terminated its annual session at ten o'clock last night. Several matters of interest to the profession and the public were discussed, for the particulars of which we refer our readers to the report published elsewhere. Space will not permit us this morning to enter on the discussion of any of the interesting topics over which the learned gentlemen held earnest, if not always grave deliberation; but it is evident from the feeling of the Council that a resort to fresh legislation for the removal of certain grievances will be had at the earliest opportunity. It is to be noted that Dr. Clarke carried his motion in favor of Guelph as the place for the next annual session by an overwhelming majority—a result which was a natural consequence of his eloquent panegyric on its many and varied attractions.

"Let the galled jade wince"—we mean the literary "jade" of the *Globe*, whose beldam raving within the past few days is significant evidence that Mr. Brown has again discovered—*when too late*—that he has perpetrated a glaring blunder. One day under the title "the Union in danger," another with that of "Party Government," some four columns, more or less, of misrepresentation and abuse have been served up to the scanty and dispirited band of "organisers." Well! we can afford Mr. Brown such comfort as he may be able to extract from designating this journal "chief among these no party howlers," seeing that our columns have given daily evidence of temperate and fair discussion; a kind of discussion which, despite the efforts of the *Globe* to popularize an entirely different style, will win its way to the favor of the common sense of the country.

Passing over the miserable personalities to which in dire extremity it has ever been Mr. Brown's policy to resort, what is there in the whole two columns and a quarter in Wednesday's *Globe* to justify, in the slightest degree, the insane "howl" which he was the first to raise in favor of the restoration of the very party feuds to heal which was his professed object in joining the Coalition Government of 1864? And to whom does Mr. Brown now appeal for sympathy and support against the machinations of "John A. Macdonald and his myrmidons?" To the Reformers? Oh, no! It is to the "respectable portion of the Conservative party of Upper Canada!" So, then, Messrs. Conservatives, a Coalition is not a bad thing after all, provided you coalesce under the right figure-head. Let that political reprobate "John A." take all the "myrmidons," all the "Tory journalists," all the "no party howlers," all the "office seekers," all the "weak limbs he can snap from the Reform stem," but you who are "respectable Conservatives of Upper Canada," enlist under the banner of Mr. Brown. He requires your assistance—of course *you* are not "office seekers," so Mr. Brown will not impose an office on you. He wants "strict party government" (in capital letters); patronage he will dispense by a strict party rule, and the only possible "strict party government" for the dominion of Canada is that which may be dictated by the Hon. Mr. Brown. Your position will thus become entirely free from embarrassment; by supporting Mr. Brown your character for "respectability" will be guaranteed; your patriotism will be of the purest water; your intelligence of the highest grade. Are not these considerations sufficient to decide your conduct? Or, do you think we are promising you too much? If so, we appeal to facts. Was not the Tory Chisholm a better man in the eyes of Mr. Brown, in 1854, than the Reform White? the Tory McKerlie than the Reform Christie? the Tory Macnab than the Reform Buchanan? But proof of such ancient date may be deemed musty, so we advance ten years. Was not the Hon. John A. Macdonald a statesman of distinguished ability, untarnished honor and unimpeachable patriotism, from the very day that Mr. Brown took a seat in the same Cabinet with him, up to the day that Mr. Brown left the Government? Were not the other two of "the corrupt trio," Messrs. Cartier and Galt, equally purified and elevated in their moral natures, and enlightened and enlarged in their intellectual endowments, by the like official contact with Mr. Brown? The debates in Parliament, as well as the columns of the *Globe*, have proved these things beyond cavil, and hence we assure you, "respectable Conservatives of Upper Canada," that you may support Mr. Brown with signal benefit to your reputation, (in the *Globe*,) and a very great advance in the measure of your intelligence (by the same standard). Is this a chance which "respectable Conservatives" will throw away? "We pause for a reply!"

A great portion of the article in Wednesday's *Globe* is an appeal, ostensibly on behalf of the opponents of Confederation: *i.e.* the eight Upper Canada Reformers who voted against the Quebec resolutions; the Lower Canada *Rouges*, and Mr. Howe and his party in the Maritime Provinces. We say the appeal is *ostensibly* on behalf of these parties, because the pretence at argument is to prove that they are far more worthy of confidence than "the office-hunting crew," but it is in reality an appeal for a new alliance between Mr. Brown's personal followers, and these other discordant elements. Mr. Brown courts the re-establishment of friendly relations with the *Rouges*, he seeks an alliance with Mr. Howe; he pleads for eight Western Reformers who are perfectly independent of his support, who can treat his sympathy with contempt, and who will certainly never again acknowledge his leadership. But the alliance with Mr. Howe is the logical consequence of his insane agitation. Every sensible man saw that this was where the "organization" movement would land those who took part in it, and Mr. Brown is now driven to court this alliance as the last desperate shift to give an air of numerical respectability to his party.

Dismissing the abuse, the reckless assertion, the distortion of fact, and other essentially Brown characteristics, the following sentences express the whole case which the *Globe* wishes to establish:

"There is but one way in which the new Dominion can be justly and wisely governed—and that is by strict party government...... ......Show us a House of Assembly made up of men under no pledge, no restraint but to do that which their consciences dictate, and we will show you the most venal legislative body that ever afflicted a country."

There is so much difference of opinion regarding what may be meant by "justly and wisely governed," that it would be a waste of time to attempt either to prove or disprove the assertion in the first sentence quoted; but we may say, *en passant*, that "strict party government," in the honest meaning of the terms, is, except on rare and exceptional occasions, an utter impossibility. Party is a consequence of a difference of opinion, or a difference in interest, and, because interests and opinions are both numerous and varied, it is generally impossible to find, in a free country, any *one* party—in a *strict* sense, mind you—numerically strong enough to govern. Will the *Globe* deny this, and go to past and contemporary history for the proof? This may, at all events, be discussed without "howling."

The argument that a House of Assembly under "no restraint but to do that which "their consciences dictate would be the most "venal legislative body that ever afflicted a "country," may be dismissed with few words. Had Mr. Brown any obligation other or higher than "the dictates of conscience" for supporting the Confederation Scheme, or joining the Coalition? Was the dictates of conscience the *first* or the *second* consideration which influenced the Legislative Assembly elected in 1863, to revolutionise the government of the country? If the *first*, either Mr. Brown's argument is exploded, or he is the most venal and corrupt legislator that ever afflicted a country; and if *not* the first what, we ask in the name of common sense, was that by which the "dictates of conscience" were over-ridden in his own breast, as well as in the breast of every member of Parliament who supported the Coalition? Mr. Brown always proves a great deal too much, or a great deal too little, and his last ponderous effort has been no exception.

NORTH RENFREW.

Mr. MacNarin Shaw, Barrister, of Perth, has declared his intention to run for the House of Commons, in this Riding. Mr. Shaw tried his hand in North Lanark some years ago, and was unsuccessful. *Question*—Will the men of North Renfrew be content with a broken-down politician from a distance?

LOCAL NEWS.

Crowded out.—Owing to the crowded state of our columns we are compelled to defer the publication of our report of the Prescott and Russell Assizes—though now in type—till to-morrow's issue.

Ben. Cotton's Minstrels.—This company performed in her Majesty's Theatre last night to the entire satisfaction of a very large audience, and repeatedly "brought down the house." "The laughing song," which is a great novelty, proved perfectly contagious; everybody laughed ready to split their sides, without knowing wherefore. Their jokes, conundrums, and stories, are irresistible side-splitters, and in all respects the performances are just what people, who delight in that kind of amusement, want. They perform again to-night.

The Insane in our Jail.—There are at present confined in our county jail six unfortunate lunatics, for whose proper treatment no other provision exists in the country than a lodging in prison, there to wait, month after month, till, by cure or death, room can be made for them in our lunatic asylums. This, surely, is a state of things that ought not to exist. The wretched condition of these unfortunates appeals imperatively to the authorities for remedy. Yesterday, in passing through the jail, we were forcibly reminded of the old barbarous practices which prevailed in lunatic asylums before humanity and the light of modern science had dictated the more rational and humane treatment which at present prevails in all the refuges for the insane in the civilized world. In the county jail of Carleton, there are two or three insane men locked up in cells which they cover with filth, so that they are obliged to be shifted from one cell to another daily; and yet these men are not so insane but they might be taught to keep themselves clean and orderly if they were in a suitably constructed building, and classified with properly qualified keepers to watch over and govern them. The treatment which they necessarily receive in jail is calculated to aggravate their insanity instead of curing it. They are there restrained of that wholesome liberty and association, which under the eye of a properly trained keeper would be conducive to their comfort and restoration. That jail turnkeys should be expected to attend to the insane as they should be attended to, is quite unreasonable. They have neither the knowledge and experience nor the time, and where the staff of officials for such an institution as our jail consists of only two turnkeys and a matron, the thing is altogether impossible. We think it is the duty of the Sheriff, in the interests of humanity, if for no other consideration, to make such representations of this subject to the proper authorities, as will effect the desired remedy.

Police Court.—The case of Rooney and Kehoe, charged with the larceny of a looking-glass and other articles from Mr. Eaton, was called up. It was shewn by the evidence of Mr. O'Neill, the foreman of the establishment, Mr. Burpee, the book-keeper, and Mr. Eaton, that the glass was brought there by Kehoe to be re-gilded. Kehoe asked Mr. Burpee last Saturday to let him have the glass to take it home, but not to charge the price of gilding against that week's wages, and Mr. Burpee refused to let the glass go on such conditions: when Kehoe said he would not then take it. Subsequently Kehoe had asked Mr. Eaton to allow him to take it which he refused, saying it was not a fit day to take it home, and that he would send it home himself at the proper time with the bill. On Tuesday afternoon it was found that both Rooney and Kehoe were absent from their work and could not be found. Suspicion was aroused as to their having absconded, the glass was found to be missing from the store-room where it had been placed. Mr. Eaton ascertained at the railroad depot that two youths answering to their description had left for Prescott by the afternoon train, when he proceeded at once to the City Hall, and caused a request for their arrest to be sent over the wires, and they were brought back the next day by an officer from Prescott. Mr. Story, tailor, of Sussex-st., said the looking-glass was his, and he had given it to Kehoe to be regilded, on the representation of his mother that he was a good gilder. On Tuesday afternoon the glass was returned by the prisoner's brother, who requested him to credit his mother with six dollars on account, for gilding it. John Kehoe, the brother referred to, was sworn, and said he took it from his mother's house to the owner at the request of his brother, but he did not know who brought it to his mother's house; he saw Rooney there, but could not say if he brought it. His brother was in the habit of doing little jobs of work at home. Serjeant Davis testified to having opened the trunk which contained the effects of both prisoners, where he found a number of tools, as brushes, pencil-crayons, porte-crayons, putty knives, &c. All the witnesses for the prosecution declined swearing to any of these as being the property of Mr. Eaton: such tools were sold by him, and also by other storekeepers in the city. His Worship said he could not commit the prisoners for stealing the tools. They had not been identified, and it was very probable that they had been procured from time to time to do work at home by the prisoners. A discussion between Mr. Keefer, for the prosecution, and Mr. Boulton, for the defence, took place as to whether such a lien as that of Mr. Eaton on the gilding could be the subject of larceny. The Police Magistrate said it was his opinion that it could not, but if Mr. Keefer wished he would adjourn the case to give him time to show to the contrary. After consulting Mr. Eaton, he said he had no desire to have the case adjourned, if his Worship was of the opinion that the lien in this case was such as could not be stolen. The case was then dismissed, and the prisoners discharged from custody. The costs of bringing the boys from Prescott, $15.95, fell on Mr. Eaton.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, May 16, 1867.

Hon. G. E. Cartier arrived at Point Levi this morning. He will be in Montreal tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock. He will have a great turn out with cannons, bands of music, &c.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 16, 1867.

The first timber rafts of the season passed this city yesterday.

The river has risen again in consequence of continued rain, and wharves are flooded, which causes inconvenience to business.

Fodder remains very short in townships. Hay and oats are getting up to famine prices. It is reported a considerable number of cattle have starved to death.

Weather continues cold and rainy.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 16, 1867.

The Richardson gold mine case came up yesterday before Vice-Chancellor Mowatt. The court ordered the plaintiff to pay into Court, within a week, thirty-five thousand dollars, failing which both injunctions will be removed.

It is said that two of Jeff. Davis' sureties are among the Philadelphia capitalists who offered to back Mr. Capreol's canal scheme with twenty million of dollars.

A young child was found last night on a door-step in Shuter-st. It was wrapped in some coarse clothing, and a paper pinned to it, stating that its name was Wm. Bitchford. A woman hanging about the spot was arrested on suspicion of being the unnatural mother.

The Toronto Field Battery have commenced their annual eight days drill.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Arrests in Spain.

LONDON, May 16.—Reports have been received here from Madrid, that a large number of persons engaged in the recent disturbances in Catalonia and other parts of Spain, have been captured, and arrests are constantly being made by the police and soldiery.

Fenian Trials in Dublin.

DUBLIN, May 16.—The prisoners, Flood, Duffy and Cahy, are now on trial before the special commission.

Arrivals Out.

LIVERPOOL, May 16.—The steamships *Hecla* and *Kangaroo*, from New York, May 1st, and *City of Washington*, from New York, May 4th, have all arrived out.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 16—Evening.—Consols closed at 92¼ for money.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Important Customs Order.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The Treasury Department having been advised that large quantities of peas are imported from Canada, ostensibly for domestic use as dried peas, but which are used as seeds; the Collectors of Customs of all the lake ports have been instructed hereafter to regard all whole peas as seeds, and to charge upon the duty thirty per cent. prescribed by statute, unless they have clear proof that they are kiln dried and totally unfit for seeding purposes.

Terrible Accident in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 16.—About two o'clock this afternoon, a terrible accident occurred at the Union Iron Works, owned by Palmer Wadsworth and others, from the fall of the iron frame work on a new roof, which resulted in the death of five men, and the wounding of fourteen others.

—A letter from Vienna says that an old Austrian huntsman has called the attention of sportingmen and agriculturists to the fact, that woodcocks are nearly three times as numerous as in previous seasons, and this is prognosticated as a sure sign of great agricultural fertility and abundant wine harvest.

The Economy of Health.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

MEDICAL COUNCIL ANNUAL MEETING.

Third Day.

THURSDAY, May 16, 1867.

The Council assembled at 10:30 a.m. Dr. Turquand, president; Dr. Strange, secretary.

The minutes of the previous sitting were read and confirmed, and the roll called.

A communication from Dr. Might, of Millbrook, a registered practitioner, enclosing letters from J. Acland De La Hooke, President of the Board of Medical Officers of the Volunteer Militia, Toronto, requiring him to appear personally before that Board, to stand an examination to ascertain his fitness to act as assistant-surgeon to the Volunteer Militia Force of Canada, was referred to a special committee, composed of Drs. Brouse, Dewar and Richardson.

A communication from Dr. Palmer, of Caledonia, was referred to the committee on registration.

Dr. McGill presented a communication from Dr. Lloyd, with copies of correspondence between himself and the Registrar of the Board (Dr. Strange) with regard to the latter's refusing Dr. Lloyd, of Stoufville, registration.

Dr. Strange explained that his reason for refusing to register Dr. Lloyd was that his papers were not correct, nor properly certified.

From the discussion it appeared abundantly evident that Dr. Lloyd had not complied with the regulations of the Council.

On motion, Dr. Lloyd's correspondence was laid on the table, with the understanding that the Registrar should put in writing the conditions with which it was necessary Dr. Lloyd should comply, when he would be duly registered.

Dr. Macpherson read a communication from Dr. Henwood, of Brantford, complaining of the working of the certificate of registration. The matter complained of is to be explained in the next issue of the Medical Register.

The Secretary read a communication from Dr. MacKinnon, of Lochiel, Co. Glengarry, making application for registration. A technical difficulty stood in the way of the Registrar's acting on his own responsibility.

Dr. Aikins, seconded by Dr. McGill, moved that Dr. MacKinnon be registered.

Dr. Clarke objected. He denied that the Council had any right to pass such a resolution, without first rescinding their By-law. He held that a resolution could not override the provisions of the By-law, and thought that Dr. MacKinnon should apply to the Governor-General, and obtain the license to which he was entitled.

After a little further discussion, in which Dr. Clarke rebuked the Council rather sharply for the disposition manifested to fall into irregular modes of doing business, Dr. Aikins was permitted to withdraw his resolution.

The Secretary read an application from Dr. Poole, of Peterborough, Homeopathist, for registration under the Act, sending in among others a certificate from the Homeopathic College.

Dr. Richardson said he had heard an eminent Chancery lawyer say that no Homeopath had any rights under the Medical Act, and that Homeopathic Doctors could not be registered.

Dr. Dickson gave explanations as to the opinion he had obtained from Mr. Harrison. He (Dr. D.) held that the 36th clause of the Act expressly excluded Homeopaths and Eclectics from registration.

Dr. Clarke, though not a lawyer, begged to differ entirely from the opinions thus given. He held that the Registrar was bound, provided the certificates of the applicant were satisfactory, to register, no matter what practice the applicant might follow. Did the registrar refuse an application for registration where the certificates were satisfactory, the authority of the courts might be invoked, and he would be compelled to do so with expenses.

Dr. Dewar dissented from the views of Dr. Clarke, and held that the 36th clause of the Act was conclusive against the registration of Homeopathists and Eclectics.

The President said there could be no doubt that Dr. Poole was entitled to registration, but he had no right to have his Homeopathic qualifications recognised.

Dr. Lavell dissented from the views of the President. He held that the board had no right to register Homeopaths.

Dr. Clarke—Not as such, but he had a right independent of that.

Dr. Dewar contended that a legal opinion should be obtained before action be taken.

Dr. Patullo, seconded by Dr. Grant, moved that Dr. Poole is legally entitled to registration.

Dr. Clarke asked the Registrar—Did Dr. Poole send in the necessary papers entitling him to registration?

The Registrar (Dr. Strange)—Yes.

Dr. Clarke—Did he send any other papers, or did he ask any other than the regular record?

Registrar—Yes; he referred to his certificate from the Homeopathic College, and desired that to be recorded.

Dr. Clarke—For what reason did you refuse to register Dr. Poole in the usual way?

Registrar—I had been advised not to do so.

Dr. Dickson—On my responsibility.

Dr. Brouse disapproved the course proposed in the resolution. He thought the proper way would be to return Dr. Poole's papers, with the instruction that he send only the certificates of qualification entitling him to registration.

Dr. Patullo's motion was withdrawn by consent.

Dr. Dickson, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, moved that Drs. Berryman and Dewar be instructed to take such legal advice as they may deem expedient on the right of Homeopaths and Eclectics, who profess to have legal qualifications to demand registration, and that the Registrar be instructed to act under such legal opinion; and that, should litigation arise on this head, the Council shall indemnify the Registrar from all expenses therefrom arising.

This motion was carried by a large majority.

Dr. Richardson, seconded by Dr. Grant, moved that this Council would emphatically record its opinion that the practice of quack advertising or dispensing of secret nostrums in any shape is most detrimental to the best interests of the profession, and dishonest to the public; and that some means should be adopted by this Council to prevent any registered person pursuing that course.—Carried unanimously.

Dr. Brouse, from the committee on the qualification of Druggists, reported in favor of applying the same provisions for their due qualification, as is provided in the Lower Canada Act, passed in 1864.

On motion the report was referred to Committee of the whole for the afternoon recess.

The Council then adjourned until 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council re-assembled at 2 p.m.

A communication from Dr. Walker, with reports of matriculation examinations by him during the year, and his accounts, was referred to the appropriate committee.

Moved by Dr. Macpherson, seconded by Dr. Brouse, that the President do appoint a committee to draft a petition to be presented to the next session of the Legislature, praying that an act may be passed to prevent the publication of immoral and indecent advertisements in the public papers of this Province, and that the circulation through any channel of pamphlets of a similar character be strictly prohibited.

Dr. Macpherson said he was very glad to learn that a similar movement had been commenced in the United States, such publications had a tendency to destroy the morals of the people. He did not know what was the experience of other gentlemen, but he had been frequently applied to by people, in other particulars of good morals, who did not seem to comprehend the enormous wickedness of the proposal with most improper requests, which he had no doubt were the result of such reading as he wished to see prevented.

Dr. Berryman objected to the resolution going before the Council, for he had seen lately a very injudicious report of some such proceedings in a public newspaper, which was unfit to be read in the family circle.

Dr. Richardson spoke of certain immoral practices known to exist in the United States, and condemned the practice of flooding this country with literature of very immoral tendencies, and he trusted that every exertion would be made to prevent that, as well as immoral advertisements in our public journals.

Dr. Lavell would appeal against such dreadful practices, to the public opinion of this country. The speaker related some instances of such pamphlets coming into families, and corrupting the minds of innocent youth.

Dr. Aikins and others expressed indignation against such practices, hoping the Legislature would take measures to put down the evil complained of.

The resolution was then put and carried.

The president then nominated Drs. Grant, Beaubien, Brouse and Dickson as the committee contemplated by the resolution.

The Council went into committee of the whole on Dr. Brouse's report, Dr. Macpherson in the chair:

REPORT.

The committee to which was referred the communication in reference to the desirability of requiring that all persons who either dispense or sell drugs or medicines in Upper Canada, beg to report that those parties should pursue a course of study, and pass an examination, and be registered, in a similar way to that now established by law in Lower Canada, as passed 30th of June, 1864. Carried.

It was then moved by Dr. Dickson, seconded by Dr. McGill, that a committee composed of Drs. Clark, Aikins, Richardson, and Berryman, be, and are hereby authorised to draft and procure the passage through Parliament of an act to compel Apothecaries and Druggists to be duly qualified before they attempt to dispense or sell drugs or medicines. Of which committee, Dr. Clarke shall be chairman.—Carried.

The committee rose and reported. Report adopted.

Dr. Berryman moved, seconded by Dr. Patullo, that this council cannot but congratulate the Dental Association of Upper Canada on the steps they are about to take in regard to their act of incorporation, believing that such a step cannot but be conducive to the general interests of the profession, and the elevation of that peculiar branch, which seeks such protection and improvement as must necessarily be productive of good to the public at large.—Carried.

Dr. Aikins then moved, seconded by Dr. McGill, the resolution of which he had given previous notice.

Dr. Aikins urged at some length the establishment of a Central Board of Examiners, composed of representatives from the eight schools of medicine in the Province of Ontario, before whom persons should present themselves for examination for whatever phase of the profession they intended to follow, whether in Allopathy, Eclecticism, Homeopathy or Hydropathy, because there was ground common to all, as for example, anatomy, physiology, &c., in which all agreed. Thus a guarantee would be secured that none but properly educated persons would be allowed to enter the profession as they had been heretofore able to do. He was quite sure that Trinity College would approve of the measure, when he said so he spoke advisedly, and he believed it would be approved of by most of the universities and medical schools.

Dr. Dewar thought Dr. Aikins' measure was premature. The formation of a Central Board should be deferred.

Dr. McGill said the subject may be premature, but as it was before the Council it would be well to have it ventilated. If this measure were passed our medical schools, instead of vieing with each other as to which should turn out the greatest number of students, would compete as to which should send out the best. If medical schools impeded progress; if they gave trouble, let them be thrown overboard, and let us have free trade. He supported the resolutions of Dr. Aikins.

Dr. Askin then moved in amendment, seconded by Dr. Dickson, that the resolutions now brought forward by Dr. Aikins to form a Central Board of Examiners for all Medical Schools, instead of the eight boards of examiners as at present, be laid over for consideration at some future time. That a committee be appointed to confer with the authorities of the various Universities and Colleges in Canada, on the expediency of attempting to establish a Central Board for the purpose of examining all candidates for licenses to practice medicine, surgery, midwifery, or either of them.

Dr. Patullo spoke in favor of Dr. Aikins' amendment. Speaking of McGill College he said that College had vested rights which he thought Parliament could not interfere with.

Dr. Clarke was surprised to hear gentlemen talk of vested rights when they stood in the way of progress and improvement. To be told at this hour of the nineteenth century and from gentlemen who at home were generally right, and knew better, was, to use no stronger expression, what he did not expect.

Dr. Grant thought Dr. Aikins' resolution was of the utmost importance, and he hoped the day was not far distant when a Central Board of Examiners would be established.

Dr. Lavelle advocated a Central Board.

Dr. Richardson said the establishment of a Central Board of Examiners had been a favorite idea with him for years, and he looked upon it as the only salvation for the profession.

Dr. Beaubien said the Ottawa College, which he represented, would heartily agree to the action of this council in promoting the establishment of a Central Board.

Dr. Aikins said he was satisfied now that it would go throughout the length and breadth of the land, that this Council recognised and sanctioned the principle of his resolutions. The amendment was agreed to without opposition.

Moved by Dr. Dickson, seconded by Dr. Patullo, and resolved, that Drs. Clarke, Aikins, Yates, Grant, Dewar and the mover, be a committee to seek a conference with the authorities of the various Universities and Colleges in Canada, in reference to the establishing of a Central Board to examine all candidates for licenses to practice medicine, surgery and midwifery; and that they report at next meeting of this Council. Carried.

The Council then adjourned till seven o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The council reassembled at seven o'clock. Dr. Brouse reported from the Committee on Education, as follows:

The committee beg to report, 1st. That in the returns made by Dr. Walker, as official examiner, we find 23 successfully passing their preliminary examination, and two unsuccessful candidates.

2nd. That the examinations were held quarterly, and the expenses, accruing for the same amount in the aggregate to $130.52, irrespective of any remuneration as salary.

3rd. In consideration of the above, your committee would suggest that semi-annual examinations be held for the future, since the recent amendments to the Medical Act render it impossible to give any estimates of the probable number of medical students for preliminary examination.

In conclusion, we beg to add that the reports of Dr. Walker have been carefully drawn up, and are highly satisfactory to your committee.

The report was adopted after a brief conversation.

Dr. Berryman presented the report of the Finance Committee, from which it appeared that the total receipts had been $3,965.00, and interest $85. Total—$4,050.00. Total expenditure $1,250.00, leaving balance on hand of $2,800.00.

The committee recommended the reference of the accounts to two or three auditors to be appointed by the Council. With regard to the claim of the Sheriffs of Upper Canada for election expenses, the committee recommended that as they had been referred to counsel they should be settled according to the legal decision arrived at.

On motion of Dr. Berryman, seconded by Dr. Patullo, the Council went into committee of the whole on the report of the Finance Committee, Dr. Fulton in the chair.

On reaching an item of $23.50 for President's expenses in supervising the publication of the Register, Dr. Clarke said that though he had no objection to the item, nor did he doubt that the charge was moderate enough, he wished the Council to understand that they were establishing a precedent, which might lead to serious expenses. All he desired was that the Council should come to a clear understanding, whether they were prepared, on principle, to sanction the payment by the Council of the travelling expenses of members of committees, or others engaged on the business of the Council.

Several members expressed their views—all in favor of reimbursing the travelling expenses of members when engaged on business of the Council, and the item was unanimously agreed to.

Several other clauses were agreed to.

On the clause relating to the Sheriffs' claims for election expenses, Dr. Clarke, seconded by Dr. Brouse, moved that the report be amended by striking out the whole clause. Dr. Clarke explained that as the Council did not recognise the claims of the Sheriffs, therefore it would be imprudent, on its part, to take any recognition of such claims.

Dr. Dickson opposed the amendment. He contended that, as the Attorney-General had said, the Council must pay these bills, and the Provincial Secretary had informed him, as president, that his Excellency the Governor-General had been advised that such claims formed a charge upon the funds received under the authority of the Act; that they could not be paid out of the provincial revenues; and that, in future, Sheriffs would be instructed to send their accounts to the Council.

Dr. Clarke said there was not a word of authority in the Act for such an interpretation; that the Medical Council did not employ the Sheriffs and owed them nothing. The Act was a public Act; the Sheriffs were public servants, the servants of the Attorney-General, bound to follow his instructions with or without fees, and to him they must look for payment.

Dr. Dewar said this attempt to saddle the Council with these charges was the introduction of the thin end of the wedge, which if followed home might lead to the country members not being re-elected at all, as election expenses would finally be thrown upon them. He agreed with Dr. Clarke's view as to the irresponsibility of the Council.

Dr. Brouse said these Sheriffs' accounts were a serious matter, some of them ran up as high as $130; and he conceived the Council ought to be cautious in recognising any presumption of liability for them. He supported the amendment, which was carried without a division. Committee rose and reported with amendment. Report adopted.

Dr. Clarke, seconded by Dr. Macpherson, moved that Dr. Berryman be instructed to inform R. A. Harrison, Esq., that this Council will not pay the expenses of the late election, either by taxation or otherwise.

Dr. Clarke said his object was to repair the mistake that had already been made in accepting legal advice in the matter, and he wished to stop any further action in the way of compromise. The motion was carried.

Dr. Brouse reported from the Special Committee on the letter of Dr. Might, of Millbrook, that they had called at the office of the Adjutant-General's office, and found that at the time mentioned the Examining Militia Board had authority to summon any applicant for medical appointment in the militia service before them for examination, but that said order had been rescinded, and that no such examination is now required by the Department.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Yates, seconded by Dr. Patullo, that in the next amendment to the Medical Act, the committee be instructed to endeavor to procure the insertion of a clause to the following effect: "That hereafter all Homeopaths and Eclectics before obtaining license to practice, shall conform to the curriculum now prescribed by this Council in all respects, save examination in the practice of physic, and then that all licensed shall be admitted to registration and representation under the Act."

Dr. Dewar characterised the motion as perfectly ridiculous and absurd. It was nonsense to suppose that the Homeopath would become a regular practitioner. If such an amendment were pressed upon the Legislature it would be received with contempt. The motion was lost.

Dr. Clarke moved, seconded by Dr. Brouse, that the next meeting of this Council be held in the Town of Guelph. He gave a glowing account of the advantages of that place for the next meeting.

Dr. Patullo moved, seconded by Dr. Beaubien, that the next meeting be held at Hamilton.

Several parties objected that Hamilton had no hotel accommodation, others that Hamilton was not represented in the Council.

Dr. Fulton, seconded by Dr. Askin, moved that the next meeting be held in London.

Similar objections were urged against London.

Toronto was also proposed, and the several motions put. Toronto and London received two votes each, Hamilton three, and Dr. Clarke's motion in favor of Guelph was then carried unanimously amidst great cheering.

Dr. Brouse then moved, seconded by Dr. Berryman, that the next annual meeting be held in the month of May or June, 1868, at the call of the president.—Carried.

Dr. Grant, on behalf of McGill College, desired to state that that institution was most anxious to co-operate with the Medical Council of Upper Canada in elevating the standard of medical education in Canada, in proof of which he read an extract from a letter from Professor Howard, to the effect that Professor Hewar, Rector of the High School of Montreal, had been nominated to conduct the preliminary examination of medical students in McGill University.

On motion of Dr. Brouse, seconded by Dr. Dewar, the sum of six dollars a-day, and travelling expenses, was voted to each member of the Council.

On motion of Dr. Berryman, a vote of thanks was passed to the Attorney-General West, for his kindness in securing the Council such excellent accommodations.

Five dollars was then voted to the messenger in attendance.

Dr. Lavell, seconded by Dr. Clarke, moved that the third clause of the amended Medical Act be made applicable to Upper Canada.

Dr. Dickson made a vigorous speech in support of the motion. He held that the explanation made for Dr. Howard, by Dr. Grant, this evening, was nothing less than an insult to the Council. He characterised, in strong terms, the conduct of the authorities of McGill College. He would support the motion of Dr. Lavell. It was the only way in which the Council could defend itself until the Act was amended.

Dr. Berryman considered he had been personally insulted in this matter. He assured the Council that he had never seen that clause—never heard of it until he saw it in print after his return home.

Dr. Clarke said he had allowed his name to be used as seconder of the motion merely for the purpose of bringing on the discussion. He did not believe that two wrongs would make a right, and, therefore, had no desire that the resolution should be carried; but he thought it extraordinary that such a clause should have been introduced without Dr. Berryman's or Dr. Dickson's knowledge; and still more extraordinary that the Hon. Mr. Campbell should have introduced it. The motion was lost on division.

On motion of Dr. Dewar, seconded by Dr. Brouse, the President was empowered, in case of a vacancy to appoint two matriculation examiners—one at Toronto and one at Kingston, unconnected with the medical profession—said examiners to be the principals of the Grammar Schools in said cities.

On motion Dr. Turquand left the chair and Dr. Dickson took the same, when a vote of thanks was passed to the President for the able manner in which he had presided over their deliberations. The council then adjourned.

The following is a copy of the resolutions adopted at the afternoon session of Wednesday:

Moved by Dr. Grant, seconded by Dr. Richardson, that as the medical men of Upper Canada are obliged to attend at criminal courts, without remuneration, prompt action should be taken to place them on equal footing with those of Lower Canada in this respect; and in order to accomplish so desirable an object, that the President, Drs. Dickson, Clarke and Dewar do constitute a committee to bring the matter under the consideration of the Government next session. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Clarke, seconded by Dr. Dewar, that the amendments made to the Medical Act of Upper Canada were contrary to the expressed wishes and opinions of this Council; and though their operations may have been beneficial to one or two schools, and a very few students, the ultimate effects will prove most disastrous to the best interests of the profession. Carried.

Gunboat Laid Up.—The Windsor *Record* says: In consequence of orders received from headquarters, the gunboat *Prince Alfred* has taken her departure from this port to be laid up at Goderich. Her crew, marines, &c., are to be sent back to the *Aurora*, at Quebec.

—Thousands of cattle have died in Kansas during the past winter from exposure and lack of proper food. The mortality has been especially severe in the southern part of the State. One company has lost twelve thousand in two or three weeks.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Jeff. Davis in New York.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The steamer *Niagara*, from Norfolk, with Jeff. Davis and family on board, arrived this evening.

Fenian Reports Still Afloat.

The *Herald's* Dublin correspondent alleges that in 1865 the Fenian executive in New York remitted large sums of money to Ireland, in the shape of drafts, drawn by the Belmonts on the Rothschilds. The British government embargoed the bill and directed the Rothschilds not to pay them, which was done. A bill drawn for £2,000 sterling, to be used for the defence of the prisoners, with others, when refused payment in London was returned to New York, but the Fenians in Ireland allege that the brethren here have never been able to recover the gold from the Belmonts. The Fenian organization in Ireland is said to be in working order and unimpaired in force.

From South America.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The *Herald's* correspondence from South America, dated Rio Janeiro, April 9th, Buenos Ayres, March 28th, says no new movements had been made by either party in the Paraguayan war. In Pernambuco an open revolt is threatened.

The Mobile Riot.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The *Herald's* special says of the Mobile riot the leader, David Files, who fired the first shot at the Chief of Police, is the only one arrested. He was held to bail in the sum of $5,000. The excitement to-day is so great that the investigation is postponed, and the Mayor and Col. Sheppard will make a rigid enquiry into the matter.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Gold 137¼. The *Post* says loans are a shade closer without change in rates. Call loans on governments are making at 4 to 5 per cent, and other collaterals at 5 to 6 per cent. Commercial paper of the best grades is scarce, and passes at 6 to 6½ per cent. The stock market is dull and stagnant, little is doing except in governments, which remain at yesterday's prices. Foreign exchange is firm. The rumor which was current yesterday relative to a defalcation in a bank on Broadway has been explained. The bank is the Central National. The amount is about sixty thousand dollars, and arose through the misconduct of the third teller, whose bondsmen and friends, it is said, will make up the loss.

New York Items.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Abraham McFarland, for over 20 years connected with the *Commercial Advertiser*, died this morning.

The Broadway bridge was thrown open to the public this morning.

Jeff. Davis has remained at the New York Hotel to-day, visited by but few persons.

WAS MRS. SURRATT GUILTY?

[From the Constitutional Union.]

MR. EDITOR,—A wise and good man stated to me on the day of the execution of Mrs. Surratt, "that in less than ten years the name of every man connected with the murder would be held in execration by the American people." This prediction was uttered at a time when the minds of men (and women, too,) were heated with passion, and when to accuse was to convict.

Little did I think then that this prophecy of my friend was to be fulfilled, and still less did I think that a great leader of the Radical party who hounded her on to her martyrdom, would, in less than two years from her death, be heard on the floor of Congress proclaiming her innocence, and holding up to public execration the man who, next to Holt, is responsible for the murder of this innocent woman. In vain Mr. Bingham, will you appeal "to the charitable consideration of your contemporaries and prosperity." That mercy which you dealt out to this poor and friendless woman will be shown when you and your colleagues in guilt shall stand before the bar of a public opinion unswayed and uninfluenced by the passions to which you pandered for the purpose of procuring the conviction of your helpless prisoner. The torture, the agonies of her imprisonment, unequalled by anything recorded in the dark annals of the Inquisition, excited no tear of sympathy in your bosom. How can *you*, therefore, look for *charity* when you shall stand arraigned for the prominent part you took in the cruel persecution and more cruel death of your innocent victim? Your ready wit and quick repartee enabled you, to some extent, to parry the blows of General Butler; but let me tell you, sir, that when he proclaimed his belief in the innocence of Mrs. Surratt, his words were caught up and echoed back by millions of generous hearts in this country, North and South, who are ready to join in the chorus of execration, awaiting you and your aiders and abettors in this legal murder.

But my object in writing this article was for the purpose of availing myself of the returning sense of justice in the minds of the public, and to offer a few words in defence of this unfortunate woman. That "she was a Christian lady" is testified to by the Judas Iscariot of the prosecution, Weichman. Her demeanor in the prisoner's dock drew from the pen of the Radical editress (Mrs. Swisshelm) encomiums which never would have been given unless they had been richly deserved, while the serenity and composure with which she bore the unwritten horrors of her prison cell, won the admiration and attracted to her the sympathy of her bearded jailors. I do not consider now the solemn declaration of her innocence made by that fearless and stoical prisoner, Payne, as he stood in the shadow of death; but I pass to an incident in the last act of this bloody drama which, to my mind, more than any other confirms the assertion of Butler, that "innocent blood had been shed by this illegal tribunal."

Her appeal for a few days in which she might prepare her soul for eternity, had been denied. In twenty-four hours the cruel sentence of the law was to be executed. She met her fate with the same Christian resignation which had marked her conduct during her severe imprisonment. She availed herself of the services of the minister of religion, who was admitted to see her "on certain conditions," and when, on the morning of her execution, she was raised, by two soldiers, from the pallet on which she had spent so many hours of agony, her calmness and resignation gave evidence that she had made her peace with her God. As she went tottering to the gallows, she turned to her clergyman and said, "Father, I am innocent. May I not tell these people from the gallows that I am not guilty?" "No, no, my child," said he, "it will do no good. It might disturb the present composure of your mind. Do not fear; justice will yet be done to your memory." She nodded her assent, and with this declaration of her innocence, she mounted the scaffold and passed from thence to eternity.

Christian men and women of this country, will not this dying declaration of a Christian lady have some weight with you when you come calmly and without passion to review the sentence of the illegal tribunal, by whose order she was strangled to death? General Butler has but anticipated your verdict, and to his credit be it held, has placed himself in the van of those who will yet "do justice to the memory of an innocent woman." E.

—The Chicago *Evening Journal* says, that beef has not been so high since "the cow jumped over the moon."

Carelessness.—Many persons neglect their horses' health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine; it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted has passed into a proverb. In the United States where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cts. per box.

Canadian Oil Wells.—Enniskillen, C. W., is situated some sixteen miles from the St. Clair River, and nearly opposite to Newport, and is one of the richest oil districts in the world; there are now sunk and in progress near 300 wells, most of them yielding largely; in one case the well has been overflowing for some time, and it is estimated that two barrels per minute is running to waste, and so far they have not been able to stop it; this truly is one of nature's wonders, though not more wonderful than the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing sudden colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, spinal affections, sprains, bruises, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

Interesting Revelation.—In speaking the other day of the good offices of Queen Victoria in the Luxemburg imbroglio, Mr. Thurlow Weed makes the following interesting revelation:—

"It was by her thoughtful and timely interposition upon the *Trent* affair that a war between England and America was averted. England meant war, and made instant preparations for the emergency. The ministers, if they did not mean it, took a step which would have provoked war—a step which, by the Queen's interposition, was so modified as to result amicably. The details to which we refer are most interesting, but, for the present, confidential. We hope, ere long, to be at liberty, by disclosing what came to our knowledge in London, at that critical moment, to render just praise to the suggestive wisdom and womanly sympathies of that eminently good Queen."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N.Y.
428-1a-19y

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 2d 237-y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "Avondale," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Montreal, May 15. 437td

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.

A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.

A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.
May 17. 437d

Cow Lost.

STRAYED away from the Premises of the Subscriber, on Monday, 13th inst., a BLACK COW, about 12 years old; on each Horn a Brass Knob. Any person who will return her, or give such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

J. B. PARANT,
Church-st.
Ottawa, May 17. 437-1

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread..................9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.
Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 434a-20w-2

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE.

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

Heney's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 433-a

---

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

May 16, 17 and 18.

BEN COTTON'S

INIMITABLE AND WORLD-FAMOUS

California Minstrels.

COMPLETE ORCHESTRA! FULL BRASS BAND!
Splendid Vocal Quartette!
TRIO OF COMEDIANS! QUINTETTE OF DANCERS

The management desire to call attention to the names composing this

Great Combination of Artistic Merit!

Ben Cotton,	J. Tannenbaum,
Jake Budd,	J. C. Ritterhouse,
Joe Norrie,	G. W. Rockefeller,
Frank Campbell,	E. P. Kendall,
C. H. Atkinson,	Geo. Monk,
G. W. Jackson,	Wm. Koehler,
Leon Punsell,	Chas. N. Cotton,
C. Alexander.	

And the Terpsichorean Wonders

Master Bennie and the Empire Boys!

Appearing *Le Tout Ensemble* in GRAND CARNIVAL L'AFRICAINE, introducing a select programme, containing the Latest and Choicest Gems of Minstrelsy, and Inimitable Sketches for which this Troupe is so justly famous.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 Cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

E. P. KENDALL, Agent.

434-5

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rougot—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

ICE!
PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

---

SPARKS STREET CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place, 26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 318y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street.

March 30, 1867. 396y

NOTICE.

THE CONFIRMATION

FOR

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH!

WILL BE HELD (D.V.)

ON SATURDAY EVENING,

AT 7. P. M.,

In the Court House, Daly-st.

T. BEDFORD JONES, L.L.D.

May 16. 436-3

AUCTION SALES.

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

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AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture!

H. McLEAN will sell at the residence of MR. C. A. GAGNON, No. 95, South Side Rideau-street, in Preston's Block,

ON MONDAY, MAY 20TH,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, p.m.,

all the Household Furniture and Effects consisting of Carpets, Tables, (Dining and Centre,) Chairs, Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads, Washstands, Parlor and Kitchen Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, &c., &c., &c., all for positive sale, as the parties are leaving the city. Terms Cash.

The House to Let.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1867. 436-td

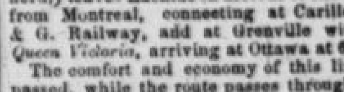
NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

433-y

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867.  1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

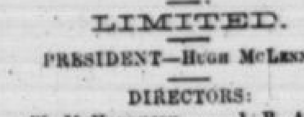
Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 4348

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867.  1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

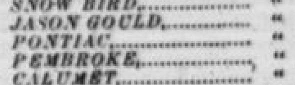
For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-8

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867  1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY
OREGON,	" HILLIARD,
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-e

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STRACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now showing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	**Hats,**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments,**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] **[20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

TO LUMBERMEN.

GREY BLANKETS,

At Present in Stock.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

May 8. 429y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

---

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons,	Striped Tweeds,
Venetians,	Coatings,
Vest Patterns,	Broadcloths,
Cassimeres,	Doeskins,
&c.,	&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

---

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses;

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 23, 1867. 365-3m

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

LAST WEEK BUT TWO!!

OF THE

GREAT CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

BY

GRANT & HENDERSON,

Who are removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on 1st June.

Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

A Rare opportunity of getting such goods at a bargain.

Velveteens, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

Greatly reduced in price to save removal.

A Liberal Discount Allowed. All Sales for Cash Only.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 13, 1867. 433-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK—Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24 417d

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

***Art Journal*, 1867.**

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

NEW

FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tt

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF THE BANK ST. CHURCH will be held on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

Donations will be thankfully received by any of the following:

MRS. MOORE,	MRS. HUTCHISON,
MRS. GEO. COCKER,	MRS. WM. PORTER,
MRS. WM. HAY,	MRS. WM. TAYLOR,

MRS. THOMAS McKAY.

A Refreshment Table will be provided.

Notice of the place in which the Bazaar is to be held will be given hereafter.

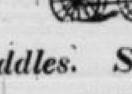
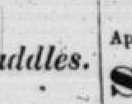
April 409td

New City Directory, 1867-8.

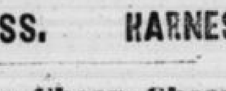
MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with MR. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the new work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

 TRUNKS. 

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.



Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 419-3m

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff Cit Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.

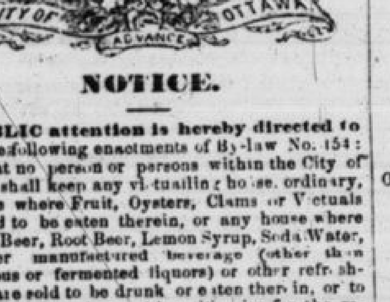
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.

Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.

W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street

430-y



NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154: "That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-.01

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.

Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

416-td

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

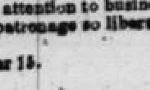
From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 280y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lbs each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	Otard Brandy.
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey.
75	"	United Vinqueis

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 4 3tt

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION.

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET.

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers particularly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhoea*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 28th, 1867. 365d3w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"se from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL.

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County o Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 21st March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled *An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine*, it is amongst other things enacted, that "The Governor in Council may from time to time make such regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act and for ensuring the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of Vessels, Passengers and Goods coming into the Port of Quebec, to which he thinks it right for the reservation of the Public Health, that such Regulations should apply, and for the thorough cleansing and disinfecting of such Vessels, Goods and Passengers, so as to prevent as far as possible, the introduction or dissemination of disease into or in this Province, and may from time to time revoke, alter or amend such Regulations or any of them, and make others in their stead;" and "such Regulations shall have the force of law during the time they respectively remain unrevoked, unless they be expressly limited to be in force only during a certain time or at certain times or seasons, in which case they shall have the force of law during the time and at the times and seasons during or at which they have been limited to be in force:" and "by such Regulations the Governor in Council may require the Master of every Vessel coming up the River St. Lawrence from below the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle, (except only such Vessels as are therein designated and referred to as excepted,)—to bring his Vessel to anchor at the place at the said Quarantine Station designated in the Regulations, and report such Vessel in writing to the Officer at the said Station designated for that purpose in such Regulations, with all the particulars relative to the same, and to the Voyage. Passengers and Cargo thereof required by such Regulations or by any Officer duly authorized under them to require the same,—and to allow the proper Officer to visit and inspect such Vessel and every part thereof, and the Passengers and crew and the cargo and other articles on board the same,—and to answer truly all questions asked of him touching the same,—and to send on shore at said Station and at the places there pointed out by the Officer thereunto authorized by the said regulations any or all of the Passengers, Crew, Cargo or other articles on board such Vessel, as the said Officer thinks necessary for preventing the introduction of contagious or infectious disease,—and to allow such Passengers, Crew, Cargo and other articles, and also the Vessel itself, to remain so long at the said station and at such places thereat respectively, and to be so treated cleansed, and purified as the said Officer shall think necessary for the purpose aforesaid: And by such Regulations, the Governor in Council may assign to the several Officers and persons to be employed at the said Quarantine Station, the powers and ties necessary for carrying the said Regulations and this Act fully into effect, and may declare that any such Officer or persons shall by virtue of his office or employment be a Justice of the Peace or a Constable or Peace Officer for Grosse Isle and the said Quarantine Station and for the space around the same described in such Regulations, and such Officer shall accordingly be such Justice of the Peace or Peace Officer whether he be otherwise qualified or not: And by such Regulations the Governor in Council may impose fines not exceeding *Four hundred Dollars* in any case, on persons contravening the same and may provide that the offender shall be imprisoned until such fine be paid, and may direct that no Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or of Montreal, until all the requirements of such Regulations are fully complied with, and may direct that any Person, Vessel, or thing, who or which has passed or departed or been removed from the said Quarantine Station, before all the requirement of such Regulations have been complied with in respect of such Person, Vessel or thing, or without the written permission of the Officer empowered to authorize such passing or departure, may be compelled to return or be carried back to the said Station, and by force if necessary."

Now therefore it is ordered by His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

1. That all Ships and other Vessels, except the Canadian Mail Steamers, which henceforth and during the eight months next following the First day of April in each and every year shall arrive in the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports, place or places in Europe or elsewhere by way of that part of the River St. Lawrence, which is below Grosse Isle, and which shall have at the time of their said arrival, or shall have at during their passage from the places they respectively cleared any person on board laboring under Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, or on board of which any person shall have died during such passage, which, being of less tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement shall have on board 13 or more Steerage Passengers, or which being of greater tonnage than seven hundred tons measurement, shall have on board fifty or more Steerage Passengers or which shall have come from some infected Port, shall make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle in the River St. Lawrence, and there remain and continue until such ships or vessels shall be discharged from such Quarantine, by such license or passport, and discharge, given without fee or emolument of any kind, as shall be directed or permitted by such orders as shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof; and until the said ships and vessels shall respectively have performed such Quarantine, and shall be discharged therefrom by such license or passport and discharge as aforesaid persons, goods or merchandize which shall be on board such ships or vessels, shall not come or be brought on shore, or go or be put on board of any other ship or vessel in this Province, except on Grosse Isle aforesaid, when duly required by competent authority.

2. That all ships, and vessels which henceforth and during the eight months aforesaid, shall arrive at the Port of Quebec, from any port or ports in Europe, place or places, or elsewhere as aforesaid, of the class or description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable and bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, to make their further Quarantine in the harbour of Quebec, according to the Regulations hereinafter provided.

3.—*Grosse-Isle.*

All ships and vessels of the class and description hereinbefore mentioned, as liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, shall anchor within the space included between Grosse-Isle and a line drawn parallel to it, through the Red Buoy, to be placed as heretofore under the direction of the Superintendent of Pilots, and bounded on the East and West by lines drawn due South from the Western Extremities Cliff Island and Grosse-Isle. The Island shall be so divided as to leave one portion thereof for the hospitals, and for the treatment and reception of those who are laboring under or are threatened with any of the following diseases, namely Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or any other infectious and dangerous disease; and the remaining portion for the reception and accommodation of all passengers and other persons who shall be landed and detained upon the said Island, who shall not labor under or be threatened with any of the said diseases, and no person or persons, unless on duty, shall be permitted to pass from one of the said portions of the said Island to the other, unless they have passports signed by the Medical Superintendent.

4.—*Establishment.*

The Establishment at Grosse-Isle shall consist of a Medical Superintendent, an Hospital Steward, one Orderly, one Cook, one Police Sergeant, and four boatmen. The Medical Superintendent shall, by virtue of his office, be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Quarantine station as hereinbefore described, shall be authorised to see the Quarantine duly performed, and for this purpose shall have full power and authority over all officers and other persons whatsoever in Grosse-Isle, or attached to that station, and be authorized to call upon all persons to aid him in enforcing the law and their regulations, and in case of his death, sickness or absence, the officer next in rank employed on the Island, shall have the power and authority aforesaid. And the said Policemen and Boatmen, shall, by virtue of their office, be peace officers, and be vested with all the powers and authority of Special Constables, within the limits of the said Quarantine Station.

5.—*Medical Superintendent.*

The Medical Superintendent (or in case of his death, sickness or absence, the Officer next in rank employed on the Island) shall enforce the said Law and these Regulations, and shall direct ships or vessels to go to such place or places to perform Quarantine, as it may be necessary to send them to. He shall direct all ships or vessels, liable to perform Quarantine, to be brought to anchor within the limits of the Quarantine Anchorage, and generally do all that may be required to enforce rigid obedience to the said law and these Regulations. He shall permit all passengers, or other persons landed on the said Island, to be re-embarked or shipped on board any Steamboat or other Vessel when the Vessel is in a fit state to receive them, and that they have been examined by him and found in a fit state for re-embarkation or for leaving the said Island: and that all such passengers and persons, with their luggage, have been washed, cleansed and purified, and that there does not exist amongst those who are about to proceed, or leave the said Island, any case or symptoms of Asiatic Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious and dangerous disease.

He shall also go off to vessels bound to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle as aforesaid, and put the following questions to the Masters or persons in charge, viz:

1. What is your name and that of your vessel?
2. From whence did you sail, and date?
3. What is your cargo, and whence taken on board?
4. At what place or places did your vessel touch in her voyage?
5. Was such place or places, or any and which of them, infected with the cholera, plague, or any pestilential fever or disease?
6. How many persons were on board when the vessel sailed?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
7. Have any person or persons during the voyage been infected? or are there now any infected with the cholera, plague or any pestilential fever or disease
8. Did any person or persons, and how many die during the voyage, and from what distemper?
9. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with your privity go on board any ship or vessel, or did any of the company of any ship or vessel come on board your ship in the voyage, and from what port did she sail last?
10. Did you or any of the ship's company or passengers, with or without your privity or consent, land at any place within the Province of Canada?
11. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, idiotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are such accompanied by relations able to support them?

If the answers be satisfactory, he shall give a Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person in charge; and such vessel may then proceed to the harbour of Quebec. If the answers be not satisfactory, or the Medical Superintendent has any reason to suspect fraud on the part of the Master or person in charge, crew or passengers, he shall immediately order the vessel to such place as may be appointed for vessels detained under Quarantine of Observation; he shall call for the ship's papers, passenger's lists and log-books, and inspect them thoroughly so as to ascertain the whole of the occurrences during the voyage, and should he meet with any resistance, he will make such signal as may be determined on to show that assistance is necessary.

The Medical Superintendent shall also board all vessels he may consider necessary to inspect. He shall have charge of all vessels detained in Quarantine. He shall direct, if necessary, all steerage passengers to be landed with their luggage. And shall superintend the cleansing and disinfection of vessels. He shall direct the number of passengers to be landed, distinguishing those who require to be treated for pestilential or infectious diseases, and who are to be landed at that part of the said island set apart for such treatment, from those who do not require such treatment, and who may be landed at that part of the said island set apart for the reception of the healthy and those free from pestilential diseases, and he shall be careful that all such persons shall be landed at such places respectively. He shall have medical charge of all cabin passengers who do not disembark, and who may be laboring under any other than pestilential or infectious disease; and shall order all passengers and persons on board any such ship or vessel who shall labour under any pestilential or infectious disease, to be landed with their luggage according to the foregoing regulation.

He shall give medical treatment on board in all cases of slight disease which are not by these regulations specially required to be treated on shore, and when it shall be deemed advisable not to land the passengers on the said Island. He shall whenever a vessel is cleansed, ventilated and purified, direct such vessel to receive on board the whole or any portion of the passengers, or whether the whole or any and which of the said passengers shall remain on the said Island, to proceed up the river by some other mode of conveyance, and he shall, so soon as the passengers are re-embarked on board their ship, or on any ship or vessel leaving the said Island, give a passport or Clean Bill of Health to the Master or person having such vessel in charge, to proceed to Quebec. He shall make returns of the vessels boarded by him as soon as possible after such vessels are visited.

The Medical Superintendent shall have charge of the Hospitals. He shall receive into the Hospitals set apart for the treatment of pestilential and infectious diseases, all persons laboring under or threatened with any such disease. He shall have the general superintendence and direction of everything relating to the sick. He shall visit and inspect all passengers landed from any vessel, and distribute them as he shall think expedient either on that part of the Island appropriated for the treatment of pestilential or infectious diseases, or on the part of the said Island appropriated to healthy passengers. Upon the recovery of persons treated for such a disease he shall, after due precaution, transfer such persons to the healthy part of the said Island. He shall superintend the cleansing, washing and purifing of all passengers, and the unpacking and ventilating of their baggage, and when they are in a fit state to proceed, he shall, if need be, cause any baggage or any part of it to be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

6.—*Traders, Sutlers, Grocers and others.*

No persons following the business of Sutlers, Traders, Grocers or other occupations, or concerned in buying or selling, shall be allowed to reside on the Island, except under the license and strict control of the Medical Superintendent, who will have full authority to discharge and send from the Island, all or any such persons, reporting the fact of such discharge and the reason therefor, for the information of the Governor General or person administering the government. All such persons in any way engaged in selling or traffic on the said Island shall be regulated as to prices by lists to be furnished by the Medical Superintendent from time to time, assisted by the Chief Emigrant Agent at Quebec. He shall strictly enquire into and decide upon all complaints of misconduct or breach of the regulations by persons so trading; he shall see that no officer or person employed by the Government, or in any public employment on the said Island, has directly or indirectly any interest or concern in any supply of provisions, or other things to be supplied or furnished, bought or sold upon the said Island or directly or indirectly receives or takes any private gratuity or reward for service rendered to any Masters or Crews of Vessels, Passengers or other persons upon the said Island. And it shall be the duty of all persons to whose knowledge any breach of this Regulation shall come, to report the same, forthwith to the Medical Superintendent, who shall enquire into the facts alleged, and may suspend from his office any person so charged until the pleasure of the Governor General, shall be known respecting the person so charged.

7.—*Pilots.*

Pilots having been furnished with copies of the said Act relative to Emigrants and Quarantine and of these regulations, and also of these laws regulating Emigration, shall exhibit the same to the Master or person in charge of every vessel they may board. Every Pilot having charge of a vessel, of the description of those liable to make Quarantine at Grosse Isle as aforesaid, shall bring her to anchor within the limits of the anchorage ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined. They shall also keep a Union-Jack flying at the peak of all vessels under their charge, until boarded by the proper officers. On arriving at Quebec, if the vessel has received a Clean Bill of Health from the Medical Superintendant at Grosse Isle, and has not been detained there on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, she may bring to at any place within the following limits in the Port of Quebec, viz: the whole space of the River St. Lawrence, from the mouth of the River St. Charles to a line drawn across the said River St. Lawrence, from the Flag-staff on the Citadel or Cape Diamond at right angles to the course of the said river, but must not communicate with the shore or with any other vessel or boat until boarded by the Inspecting-Physician; but if the vessel be of the class of there not liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle she may either bring to at any place within the aforesaid limits, in the Port of Quebec, or she may proceed at once to the Ballast Ground.

8.—*Passengers.*

On the arrival of any vessel at Grosse Isle, on board of which there shall be or shall have been during the passage any case of Cholera, Fever, Small Pox, Scarlatina or Measles, or other infectious or dangerous disease, and in all other cases when it shall be considered necessary by the Medical Superintendent that the steerage passengers shall be landed with their luggage, and washed and purified and shall be permitted to re-embark and proceed in the same vessel, or shall be detained and embarked in some steamboat or other vessel, as shall be directed by the Medical Superintendent. The passengers in the principal cabin shall not be landed except in cases of sickness, and may at all times proceed with the vessels, or otherwise, after having washed and purified their luggage to the satisfaction and with the passport of the Medical Superintendent.

9.—*Vessels.*

All Vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse Isle, on their arrival there, shall anchor within the limits of the Anchorage Ground at Grosse Isle hereinbefore defined, until boarded by the Medical Superintendent: and if they shall not be detained at Grosse Isle on account of sickness or suspicion thereof, shall receive a Clean Bill of Health, and may proceed to the Harbour of Quebec, and there anchor at any place within the limits of that portion of the Port of Quebec, hereinbefore defined, and there remain without communication with the shore, or any other vessel or boat until finally discharged from Quarantine by the license passport aforesaid; but if any such vessel shall have been detained at Grosse Isle from sickness or suspicion thereof, it shall anchor at the mouth of the River St. Charles, and there remain until finally discharged from Quarantine as aforesaid.

Vessels arriving at Grosse Isle rom any infected port or place, or one supposed to be infected, and on board of which no pestilential disease shall have declared itself during the passage, may be kept under Quarantine of Observation for a period of not more than three days, during which time the passengers and crew thereof, shall be subjected to a strict urification under the direction of the Medical Superintendent. All vessels detained in Quarantine shall be cleansed and ventilated, and their between decks, if not painted or varnished, shall be well whitewashed; but if painted or varnished, shall be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water or ley, and such portion of the ballast as the Medical Superintendent shall order, shall be thrown over-board under his immediate superintendence, or that of some person to be appointed by him for that duty.

In all cases where vessels having passengers on board, on account of sickness amongst such passengers, shall be detained in Quarantine, the Master or person in charge may, on application to the Medical Superintendent at Grosse Isle, be allowed to land the said passengers with their luggage; and the vessel being properly cleansed, purified and disinfected under the superintendence and with the icense of the Medical Superintendent, may proceed up the river without the said passengers, upon the master or person in charge paying to such person as shall be appointed to receive the same, one shilling and three pence for each passenger, to Quebec, to bear the expense of their conveyance to Quebec, and also at the rate of one shilling per diem for each of the said passengers, to reimburse the expense of their maintenance at Grosse Isle, for the time during which such vessel, in the judgment of the Medical Superintendent, would have had to be detained in Quarantine waiting for the passengers not affected with any of the pestilential or infectious diseases aforesaid, otherwise such vessel shall be detained in Quarantine until the passengers not sick of the aforesaid diseases, shall be cleansed, washed, purified and disinfected.

10.—*Inspecting Physician at Quebec.*

An Inspecting-Physician Quebec shall go off to all vessels arriving at Quebec or at the mouth of the river St. Charles, and put the following questions to the Master or persons in charge, viz:

1. When did you leave Grosse Isle?
2. Exhibit to me your passport from Grosse Isle
3. How many persons have you on board?
   Cabin passengers?
   Steerage passengers?
   Crew?
4. Number left at Grosse Isle?
5. Have any person or persons been taken sick since you left Grosse Isle?
6. Have any died? State number, names and disease?
7. Have any person or persons come on board or eft your vessel since you left Grosse Isle?
8. Have you any person on board who is lunatic, diotic, deaf and dumb, blind or infirm, and are uch accompanied by relations able to suppor them?

And moreover, he shall require all Masters, or persons in charge of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, to exhibit to him the license or passport which they shall have received from the Medical Superintendent at the Quarantine Station; and such Masters or persons in charge shall forthwith exhibit the same for examination, to the said Inspecting-Physician at Quebec, who, if he shall find, as well from the answer he may receive as from the tenor of the passport and the actual state of the health of the passengers and crew, that sickness does not exist on board, he shall then grant to the Master, or person in charge of such vessel, a Certificate in writing setting forth the healtny state of the passengers and crew, to the end that such vessel may obtain a final discharge from Quarantine. But if, on the contrary, such Inspecting Physician at Quebec shall find any case of pestilential or infectious disease on board, or shall have just cause to apprehend the breaking out of any such malady, it shall then be his duty to hoist a yellow flag at the main top-gallant-mas head and shall cause the vessel to return to or remain and be detained at the mouth of the River Saint Charles for further observation and inspection; and having acquainted the Master or person in charge with the penalties to be incurred if he should permit any communication with his vessel until released from Quarantine, he shall report all the circumstances to the Secretary of the Province for the information of the Governor-General; and if it shall appear to the said Inspecting Physician at any time that such vessel shall have passed the Quarantine station at Grosse-Isle without stopping to make Quarantine, being liable thereto, and should therefore be sent down to Grosse-Isle, or that such vessel having already cleared from Grosse-Isle, should return thereto, there to land the passengers, he shall order the Master or person in charge to proceed or return with such vessel to Grosse-Isle, and such Master or person in charge shall obey such order. And the proper officers at Grosse-Isle shall observe, in respect of such vessels, the same rules and regulations as are provided for vessels arriving at Grosse-Isle with sick. Should the Inspecting Physician at Quebec meet with any resistance in discharge of the duty required of him by this regulation, he will immediately enforce the same by all lawful means at his disposal.

11. Any Steamboat or other vessel that shall have towed or otherwise communicated with a vessel of the class of vessels liable to make their Quarantine at Grosse-Isle, not having the discharge from Quarantine of the Medical Superintendent at Grosse-Isle, shall be subject to the same regulations and instructions as hereinbefore provided, respecting vessels not discharged from Quarantine.

12. No Steamboat shall be allowed to proceed to Grosse-Isle for the purpose of taking on board passengers direct from that Island, without previously obtaining from the Collector of Customs of the Port of Quebec, a written Permit to that effect; subject nevertheless to the regulations hereinbefore provided.

13. All vessels trading between any ports or places within the District of Quebec, and not having touched at any ports or places without the said District below Grosse-Isle, nor communicated with any other vessel which shall have arrived from any port without the said district below Grosse-Isle, shall be exempt from the foregoing rules and regulations, so far as respects the necessity of going to or stopping at Grosse-Isle; nor shall the said rules and regulations apply to any Vessel of War, or to Transports or Vessels having Queen's Troops on board accompanied by a Medical Officer, and in a healthy state, or to any Steamer from Europe, unless sickness or death may have occurred during the passage.

14. No Vessel shall be entered or cleared at the Port of Quebec or Montreal, until all the requirements of the foregoing Regulations in reference to such Vessel shall have been fully complied with.

15. Any person who shall contravene, either by omission or commission, any of the foregoing Regulations, shall for every offence incur and pay a Fine not exceeding FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, to be recovered in the manner prescribed by the said Act; and every person who, upon conviction of any such offence, shall fail to pay the amount of fine which he shall have been condemned to pay, shall be imprisoned until such Fine be paid.

AND

The Order in Council, of the 9th April, 1866, and all previous orders making Regulations relating to Quarantine, are hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
391tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, tha is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
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NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in tawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much o the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lo and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
"	2.15 p.m.	"	5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
"	1.30 p.m.	"	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4.00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12.30 p. m., and 10.10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6.00 a.m., and 2.00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12.30 p. m., and 8.30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at.............. 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.............. 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.............. 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P. M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.............. 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond.............. 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, at.............. 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at....10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 438. — OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1867. — PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 9,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 58,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 5c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU.
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE.
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L. JAS. COLMAN.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cunneen's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. F. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 10, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 18-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-y

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6.170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 386-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS.
FLOUR and OATMEAL.
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 336-6m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF. OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,

IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers, Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.

JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.

BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.

H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorising the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
406-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427t

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN, *Auctioneer.*
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY. Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenant therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ., BARRISTER, Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of LEES & GEMMELL, Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 *lbs. daily for the Season*—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER, No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING, Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to H. McLEAN, Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., 3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL
Macadamized Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.
Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.
Z. WILSON, Secretary and Treasurer.
416-td

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS, Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417d

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff Cit Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY, 28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY, *Medical Hall,* 28, Sparks-street
436-y

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 1, 1867.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 25 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
THOMAS WORTHINGTON, Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

MUNICIPALITY of GOULBURN
NOTICE.
THE COURT OF REVISION FOR the Township of Goulburn will be held in the TOWN HALL in said Township, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of May next, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
All those interested are requested to attend.
C. CATHCART, MUNICIPAL CLERK.
Goulburn, April 16. 16w6

POOR COPY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville—John Ritchie.
Readings—J. W. Taverner.
Board—W. J. Pitt.
French Kid Gloves—Magee & Russell.
Bazaar—Ladies of the Banks-st. Church.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.
OTTAWA, MAY 18, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let see First Page.

We are sure our readers will turn with a ready appetite to the Mexican news, which we publish elsewhere, as it appeared in the New York dailies of the 16th inst. It is very entertaining to read these contradicting statements, which invariably go to make up the budget of what is facetiously called news from Mexico; and the field they offer for the exercise of ingenuity, in finding out the real condition of affairs, ought to be wide enough to satisfy the experts. It is not at all surprising to read that General MIRAMON, who was positively killed some time ago, by the newsmongers, is now, as positively, pressing the Liberals towards San Luis Potosi, after sending 3,000 men to relieve the City of Mexico. Nor do we feel the least surprised, after reading thus far, to be informed, that "positive denial is given to the report of MIRAMON's death." Whatever may be the ultimate result of the present struggle between the Imperialists and the Liberals, it appears very evident that "the Mexican muddle" is just as much of a muddle as ever.

The Druggists are up in arms against the Doctors. They do not desire their profession to be placed under the control of the Medical Council, and in this we believe they are perfectly right; but in justice to the Doctors, it must be said that their action in the matter was very mild compared with what might have been expected, from the remarks made by the PRESIDENT and Dr. RICHARDSON. The report which was adopted by the Council merely recommends the application to Upper Canada of like provisions which are at present in force in Lower Canada, and as that Act is practically inoperative, it may be assumed that the course recommended by the Medical Council will hardly be followed in the province of Ontario.

There was but one side of the issue between the Druggists and the Doctors referred to by Dr. RICHARDSON—the "counter practice" of the former; but the Doctors are also liable, from the Druggists' point of view, to a similar charge; they sometimes follow "counter practice" of another kind, by keeping their own medicaments, and thereby depriving the Druggist of his, or what he considers his, legitimate share of profit from compounding prescriptions. And between these two grievances which range the Physician and the Apothecary into hostile camps there is another which is said sometimes to exist, in which both classes are participants, to the injury, or presumed injury, of the public. This occurs when an arrangement is made between the Doctor and the Druggist, that the latter shall pay the former a commission on the prescriptions which his patients bring to him for preparation. Of course, if such an arrangement is made it is presumed to be in the interest of both the parties making it, and therefore it is just one of those abuses which would be very hard to reach and perhaps impossible to cure, so that in all probability, it will not occupy a very prominent place in any discussion which may in future take place between the classes, while endeavoring to maintain their respective rights.

It will be seen by letters published elsewhere that some of our Ottawa Druggists are preparing to agitate for the formation of a society of their own, with the privilege of establishing a test of qualification and a Board of Examiners having power to grant licenses for the practice of their profession.

The Hamilton *Times*, in its editorial capacity, accepted the challenge of the *Leader's* correspondent, with reference to the charge of packing the meeting, at two dollars per head, to secure Mr. WILLIAMS's nomination; but the impersonal "we" was very properly rejected by the latter, as a competent party in the premises. What was challenged, was a denial over the name of a member, not the editorial pronunciamento from a chair, which may, for aught that is known to the public, change its occupant once a week. On this ground, the *Leader's* correspondent makes the following rejoinder, which, with due respect to the *Times*, gives no evidence of his having been "driven to the wall:"

"The *Times*, in reply to my challenge to a positive denial of the statement that a number of persons were paid $2 each for attending the meeting which nominated Mr. J. M. Williams, says: 'We deny that there is a single word of truth in the above statement; and we deny that the *Leader's* correspondent has any such authority for his statements as he pretends.' Really, there is a great deal of assurance in all this. 'We,' indeed. Of course, 'we' can say anything 'we' please; but it is quite probable that your correspondent, who has been more years than the editor of the *Times* has been months in the city of Hamilton, will be believed just as soon as 'we.' I made an assertion I am prepared to prove, and no impertinence on the part of the *Times* will have the slightest effect. But, only think, the idea of the *Times* saying 'As a member of the Reform Association we accept the challenge, and call upon him for the proof of his libellous accusation.' I was under the impression that Mr. Williams, notwithstanding the payment of $2 each for votes, was nominated by votes of the city; but the *Times* undeceives me, as I know that its editor is certainly not a voter, although he may be a member of the Reform Association."

The Radical faction of the neighboring Republic have lately sent forth a number of their most violent and fanatical leaders to lecture in the Southern cities, on the beauties of the Radical policy of reconstruction. It appears that wherever the speakers have preserved anything like a tolerable degree of consideration for what they must have well understood, were the feelings of a portion of their audiences they generally received a fair hearing, and "free speech" was looked upon as a guaranteed privilege in the South. Of late, however, several petty riots have occurred at different points, and on the 14th inst., a most serious affair took place at Mobile, where JUDGE KELLY was expounding the doctrines of the Radicals. Four persons were killed and some twenty wounded, and the American papers are, as a matter of course, discussing the subject according to the light of their party predilections.

Apportionment of the just share of blame attaching to the incitement of these riots may be a matter of some difficulty. Undoubtedly the Southern whites are not only very guilty, but very short-sighted, in attacking the negroes at political meetings convened for the purpose of spreading Radical sentiments. They are helping most effectively to strengthen the position of the party, whose political downfall would be their chief advantage, and provoking the negroes to retaliation which will be subversive of the peace of the country. Nothing will more surely tend to drive the negro voters of the South into the ranks of the Radicals than a few exhibitions like that at Mobile, and the Radical agitators must secretly rejoice at the prospect. But on the other hand, it cannot be denied that these itinerant orators are themselves the prime causes of these disturbances. They are stirring up a strife between the races, which, whatever may be its temporary political advantages to them, will, undoubtedly, prove injurious in the end to the very race of which they profess to be the especial champions. If the freedmen cannot live on amicable terms with the Southern whites, they cannot live in the South at all; and with all the professions of friendship towards them in the North, they would find that a migration to New England would not benefit their condition.

"Her Majesty is known to have urged a compromise between the parties for the final disposition of the question" (of Reform).—*Scottish American Journal.*

Whether this is really "known" or not, we do not pretend to say, but great measures in England have seldom been carried without "a compromise between the parties"—and much of the best legislation in this country owes its existence to a similar influence.

"Abuse from Mr. BROWN's pen or tongue, has become tolerably innocuous. If a gallery of the public men over whom the slime of his malice has crept were collected, it would form a pantheon of the noblest names of which the province can boast."—*Leader.*

Not a doubt of it. But think, on the other hand, what a "gallery" would that be which should contain only those of our public men over whom that "slime" has never crept! There would be nobody in it but Mr. BROWN himself.

RENFREW ASSIZES.

The first Court of Assize for the County of Renfrew was opened at Pembroke by Mr JUSTICE WILSON, on the 14th inst. Mr. O'Reilly Q.C., conducted the crown business.

There were only two cases—one civil and one criminal for trial.

The first, McMullen *vs.* Macdonald, involving the question of the validity of a timber license as against a patent subsequently issued, was postponed. The other case was that of Abram Traverse, a boy of fourteen years of age. He was found guilty of forgery and sent four years to the Reformatory Prison.

We understand that both Judge and Counsel were very much pleased with the external appearance and internal arrangement of the Court House.

LOCAL NEWS.

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH.—The Right Rev. Dr. Lewis, Lord Bishop of Ontario, will preach at the Court House on to-morrow, Sunday, evening, at seven o'clock.

NOTICE.—Fred. H. Saunders, carpenter of Brockville, supposed to be in the vicinity of Ottawa, will learn something to his advantage by applying to Mr. Michael Nyle at the City Hall.

EARLY CUCUMBERS.—Mr. Direnzy of Gloucester, has grown some fine cucumbers, if we may judge by a specimen which we saw yesterday, measuring about nine inches in length. As yet we have been able to keep cool without cucumbers.

THE CADETS.—These young soldiers, of the Grammar Schools, are following up their drill with great perseverance, and the progress they make affords sufficient evidence that they pursue their military studies, as we hope they do those of their books, *con amore.*

DOWN THE SLIDES.—The opening of navigation has created great activity among lumbermen at the Chaudiere. Within a day or two a great number of cribs have passed down the slides, which is not only a cheering thing in itself, but speaks of prosperity in the lumber business, which is the life of thousands.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 17, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 38 above zero.
8 a. m., 48 above zero.
Noon, shade, 52 above zero.
6 p. m., 53 above zero.

THE MAPLE-LEAF CRICKET CLUB.—At a meeting of the Maple-Leaf Cricket Club, the following officers were elected: President, A. Cowan; Vice-President, G. L. Dickinson; Secretary and Treasurer, L. S. Thompson; Managing Committee, A. Ross, J. Yeoman, J. C. Deslaurier, M. Kavanagh and W. C. Bowles. The meeting formed their by-laws and transacted other business. Practice, three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 5 to 7, the first Thursday of every month being the time appointed for holding their meetings.

POLICE COURT.—William Fahey was charged with being drunk and disorderly on the street. William was found in a blissful state of unconsciousness of all that was passing in the sober world, and in that condition was taken to prison. In the morning, he related his experiences of the night in his cell, from which it appears he awoke in the darkness, and finding himself lying on straw, he began to grope about him, wondering where he was; then he began to put sundry questions to himself, touching the past, and perhaps the future; his mind was in a rather cloudy condition, and his memory little better than oblivion. He could give no account of himself to himself, but presently his hand touched the iron grating, and he *felt* that he was in jail! "I wonder what I have been doing now," he exclaimed. And during the weary hours of night, in a cell, he remained in uncertainty. He was, no doubt, greatly relieved on being informed at the Police Court that he had only been picked up drunk, and would be let off for two dollars. Fortunately he had been found a little before dark, or he might have been relieved of the $3.75 he had in his pocket, so that he was in a condition to pay the fine, instead of going to jail.—Pierre Lariviere, Bailiff, was charged by Edward Salt, with extortion in his official capacity. Adjourned till this morning.—Frederick *vs.* Kennedy, for damages sustained by defendant driving against complainant's buggy, and breaking it. Adjourned at the request of defendant till Monday.

DEATH FROM DRINK.—Yesterday about one o'clock, p. m., a laboring man named George Shaw, resident of LeBreton's Flats, died suddenly while under the influence of liquor. In the evening a coroner's inquest was held by Dr. VanCortlandt, when several witnesses were examined from whose evidence it appeared that deceased was in the constant habit of drinking to excess, and that he had been seen staggering yesterday. It was shewn that some time before his death, a liquor seller had refused to sell him liquor and had shut the door against him. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the evidence.

FIELD BATTERY DRILL.—Yesterday afternoon the Field Battery were out for drill on Major's Hill. Captain Forsyth and Lieutenants Clark and McNab, and 40 men and 42 horses were present. This was the first time of the Battery's appearance in their new harness, lately sent out from England, and which for its beauty and strength, and its general completeness attracted great attention. The horses appeared too light and untrained, and the ground too narrow for brilliant movements of field artillery. The experienced skill of Captain Forsyth, however, enabled him to handle his battery in such a manner as to show what could be done under favorable circumstances. The agility and prompt answering to the word of command on the part of the men were very noticeable and praiseworthy features of the drill. Several rounds of blank firing were executed in good style, and without a single blunder. Dr. VanCortlandt was at his post as surgeon of the Battery. The doctor was mounted on a fine charger, and looked remarkably well. A few more days' drill will bring the Battery up to the mark for the Queen's birthday.

BEN COTTON'S MINSTRELS.—We availed ourselves of the opportunity of witnessing the performances of this troupe last evening, and have no hesitation in saying that their music, vocal and instrumental, is of a very high order, much higher than we remember to have heard in any similar company. The grand introductory overture, and the opening chorus, operatic, were finely rendered. The first violin was played by one whose name we do not know, but who is familiar with, and executes such music as DeBeriot's best productions, with a precision and beauty of execution which would be admired anywhere, and most of the other instruments are in keeping with it. The song of Enoch Arden, by C. H. Atkinson, with accompaniments and chorus by the minstrels, whilst it satisfied the critic gave the most intense pleasure to the audience in general. We might speak of the other pieces in high terms but cannot afford space for extended remarks. The comic ditty, by Jake Budd, was extremely comical and well done. Ben Cotton is an excellent performer; he astonished people first with his tamborine; and afterwards in his tragic burlesque of the playing of Aldrich, the negro tragedian, which was very good. The step jig, double song and dance, and the grand trial clog dance by Master Bennie, Johnny and Willie Budd were greatly cheered and encored. Altogether we certainly have never witnessed such good performances in a minstrel troupe. They perform again this evening.

PRESENTATION.

Mr. Thomas Watson having resigned his position as manager, and his son that of superintendent of works, of the Hull Iron Mines and Blasting Furnace, the workmen in the employment of the company determined on giving them a mark of their appreciation and esteem at parting. Having heard that some unusual proceedings were to take place last evening—though we did not then know what—at the youthful village of Ironside, we determined on paying a visit thereto, notwithstanding the not very passable state of portions of the road.

Arriving there about seven o'clock p.m., we observed the neat little school house bedecked with evergreens around the door, and no little running to and fro among the young ladies of the village, who were evidently preparing for a social party.

The school house was soon filled with the employees and their families, and the interior presented a very neat and attractive appearance, being festooned with evergreens in a very tasteful manner.

The chair was occupied by the Rev. Mr. Sievewright, with the Messrs. Watson on his right and left; Mr. Isaacs and Mr. James Cotton, also occupying seats on the platform.

The Chairman briefly alluded to the occasion of the meeting, deeply regretting the intended departure of Mr. Watson, and having asked a blessing invited the company to partake of the profusion of tea, cakes and confectionery, which had been provided for their refreshment. Ample justice having been done in this particular,

Mr. Walker came forward and said it afforded him very great pleasure to give his testimony to the esteem in which Mr. Watson had been held by the employees working under him. He had given them all an example of energy and perseverance, which it would be well for them to imitate. He had been deputed to read the following

ADDRESS.

VILLAGE OF IRONSIDE,
May 17, 1867.

To Thomas Watson, Esq.,
Manager of the Hull Iron Mines, C.E.

DEAR SIR,—We, the employees of the Hull Iron Mines, and the inhabitants of Ironside, desire to express our deepest feeling of regret, on learning your proposed retirement from that great commercial undertaking, and your departure from amongst us, for we have at all times met with the greatest urbanity and fair dealing at your hands.

Wishing you and your family all the happiness possible, we have again, in conclusion, to regret your departure, and beg to subscribe ourselves,

Dear Sir,
Faithfully your obedient Servants,
THE EMPLOYEES OF THE HULL IRON MINES,
AND THE INHABITANTS OF IRONSIDE.

Mr. John Smith was then called upon by the chairman, and stated that he had been deputed to make a presentation on behalf of his fellow-workmen to Mr. William Watson, as a token of their respect and esteem. Instead of making a speech, he would shew them the gift (producing a beautiful gold watch and massive gold chain) which they intended presenting to Mr. Watson, and which he had great pleasure in doing.

Mr. Wm. Watson expressed the difficulty he felt in finding suitable words to acknowledge such a handsome and unexpected gift. He thanked them most gratefully, and would ever remember their kindness. Though sorry to part with them he hoped it would be all for the best, and whether they should have the pleasure of meeting again or not, he would always cherish their gift as a memento of the pleasant intercourse they had together (applause.)

Mrs. Tiberias Wright then sang a sentimental song, which was warmly and deservedly applauded.

Mr. Joseph Morrison also followed with a song well rendered.

Mr. Thomas Watson then returned his thanks for the address with which he had been presented, in a few well chosen and appropriate remarks to the workmen. He had always tried to do his duty, and they had always done theirs, and he could not give them better advice than to tell them to do by his successor as they had done by him. He concluded by expressing his best wishes and warmest feelings of gratitude towards them, and at the conclusion was greeted with several rounds of applause.

Messrs. Smith, Walker and Carr, then gave a reading—"Sam Weller's Evidence." This was greeted with many marks of approbation.

Mr. Cotton on being called upon briefly expressed the pleasure it afforded him to witness such a successful demonstration, and alluded to the great prospects in the future of the Village of Ironside, in the progress of which they would all be sharers.

Another reading—"Brutus and Cassius"—was given by Messrs. Carr and Walker, and the programme was closed at nine o'clock by the whole company singing Auld Lang Syne.

Votes of thanks were then accorded to the ladies for their excellent management, and the bountiful provisions they had made, and to the Rev. Chairman for the able manner in which he had presided; and the proceedings terminated with three cheers for Mr. Watson, and three for the Queen.

The hour is too late to give more than a brief outline of the proceedings, but we may say that everything was managed with admirable order and regularity, and reflected much credit on all parties concerned.

QUALIFICATION OF DRUGGISTS.

To the Editor of the Daily Times:

OTTAWA, May 16, 1867.

With reference to the contemplated action of the Medical Council of Upper Canada, in relation to Chemists and Druggists, as reported in this morning's TIMES, I would ask the favor of insertion in your columns of a few lines to my brother Chemists in this city and throughout Canada, calling their attention to the importance of immediately forming ourselves into a society to resemble the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, having for its object the incorporation of the trade, the registration of Chemists and Druggists actually in business, and for the adoption of By-laws to be included in the Act of Incorporation, rendering it necessary for all persons desirous of entering into the trade hereafter, to pass an examination to test their fitness and capacity before a board of examiners appointed by *our own society*. I am quite sure that no physician in Canada can be more anxious for the establishment of an obligatory examination for the Dispensing Chemist, than are the great body of respectable Chemists and Druggists in this country. But, sir, the interference of the Medical Council in our affairs will only have the effect here that a somewhat similar movement produced in England and Scotland, viz.: Of binding the trade together in a body to resist any encroachment of the Medical profession on the Chemists and Druggists. That resistance has been perfectly successful there and will be so here if forced upon us by the profession, for the public is justly jealous of its rights and impatient of any restrictions on trade, and is, also, pretty well aware of the great importance of preserving the entire separation of interests between the Chemists and the medical profession. It is to be hoped, however, that there will be no necessity for this action on our part, and that the Council will wisely restrict its action to a strong recommendation to our body to meet its views on the subject. I feel confident that this course will produce the desired effect.

We must, however, look to ourselves mainly for the protection of our rights and interests, and surely all that is necessary to awaken the trade to the fact that *immediate action* is called for, is to call their special attention to the alarming speech of the President of the Medical Council, as reported in your paper this morning, viz.:

"The President stated that he had been spoken to on the subject of compelling Druggists to go through a regular curriculum of study; that they should be brought under the provisions of the Medical Act, to ensure the same matriculation for them as for medical practitioners."

Comment on this speech is quite unnecessary. It speaks emphatically for itself to every Chemist and Druggist in Canada. We must now nail our colors to the mast with the motto—"compulsory examination, but our own board of examiners." It is not difficult to find the cause of this anxiety on the part of the Medical Council to get into their own hands the control of the body of Chemists and Druggists, for the next speaker very innocently let the cat out of the bag, in the second sentence of his remarks here quoted, viz.:

"Dr. Richardson thought this a most important matter, a large amount of regular practice was actually done by the Druggists, and no doubt there was a serious destruction of human life as a consequence."

So it seems these virtuous reformers have a double motive in seeking the welfare of the public, namely, the benefiting of their own pockets! But I must indignantly throw back in this last speaker's teeth the monstrous accusation, contained in the last sentence of his remarks, above quoted, against a large body of his fellow creatures; men possessing as much regard for the lives of their fellow beings as he or any of his profession. We are not to be branded as murderers with impunity by any man who is reckless enough to rise and give utterance to such atrocious sentiments. If the "destruction of human life" from the mal-practice of Physicians and Surgeons is as trifling as that caused by the presumption of a few over-ambitious Druggists, then is the public to be congratulated.

I would suggest to my brother Chemists of this city that we at once hold a meeting and adopt a resolution requesting our brethren in Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Hamilton, Kingston, London, &c., to join with us in forming for our protection the "Pharmaceutical Society of the Dominion of Canada."

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—With reference to the action of the Medical Council of Upper Canada, yesterday, I would suggest to the trade here having a meeting at once, to take measures for the protection of our interests.

Surely, if we are to have legislation to regulate our trade, we must have a voice in the matter ourselves.

APOTHECARY.

May 17, 1867.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 17, 1867.

Mr. Cameron, formerly manager of the Commercial Bank, was attacked by a Fenian sympathiser named McKensie. The latter was hauled up before the Police Court this morning, but at the earnest intercession of a city father, Mr. Cameron withdrew the charge against him.

A female physician, Mrs. Stowe, is to deliver a lecture in the Music Hall, on Tuesday next and intends to practice in Toronto.

Southern residents here have invited Jeff. Davis to visit this city.

The Board of Trade held a meeting last night, at which it was decided to send a deputation to Grey, in connection with the scheme for cheap railways through Grey and Bruce.

The Trustees of the John-st. School have refused to give up the school house for the use of troops.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 17, 1867.

Private apartments have been taken at the St. Lawrence Hall for Jeff. Davis and his family. They are expected to arrive this evening.

The meeting of Governors of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Lower Canada was held on the 15th in the School of Medicine of McGill College, in Cote-st. Business of importance was transacted and ten holders of degrees received their licenses.

It is reported that Hon. Sir N. F. Belleau is to be the first Lieut.-Governor of Quebec.

Excursions by boat and rail are being planned for the Queen's Birthday, in which it is likely some of our volunteer corps will take a leading part.

The reading-room of the new Merchants' Exchange was opened to members yesterday.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 17—Evening.—Money quiet. Consols closed at 92¼; 5-20's, 72½; Ill. C., 76½; Erie, 42½.

The Candian Insurrection.

LONDON, May 17.—Despatches have been received from Athens which state that two sanguinary battles have taken place recently in Candia, in both of which the Turkish commander, Omar Pasha, was badly beaten. His loss in both engagements is computed at three thousand. The great powers of Europe have again united in a petition to the Sublime Porte, to cede the Island of Crete to the Greek government.

The War in Paraguay.

LISBON, May 17.—The regular mail steamer from Rio Janeiro arrived here to-day. The South American news is important. President Lopez, of Paraguay, had accepted the mediation proffered by the United States Government, through its minister, Mr. Washburn, and would immediately send an envoy to Washington. The allies on the other hand had not accepted the American plans, and it was doubtful whether they would do so at all. There had been no further fighting between the contending armies. The revolt in the district of Mendoza, Argentine Republic, was assuming still more alarming proportions.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

United States Minister to Berlin.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The President to-day appointed Geo. Bancroft, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States, at Berlin.

A Fatal Mistake.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Mary H. Chambers died in Brooklyn, on Tuesday, in consequence of an over dose of nux vomica—the mistake of the druggist's clerk, who was arrested.

The East River Bridge.

Mr. Robelidge has been appointed chief engineer of the forthcoming East River bridge.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Stocks at the second board weaker. Gold 136⅞. The *Post* says loans are easy but active at 5 a 6 per cent. Commercial paper 6 a 7 per cent. Stocks dull. Governments steady. Railroad shares irregular and drooping. Foreign exchange active.

UNITED COUNTIES OF PRESCOTT AND RUSSELL SPRING ASSIZES.

Second Day.

FRIDAY, May 10, 1867.

Elmire Girouard, sworn—Stated that she attended the prisoner when she gave birth to a male child, in August last; saw her nurse the child; accompanied her to L'Orignal with the child in October last, to get advice as to compelling Simpson to support the child; saw it with her for two or three days afterward; did not see her leave with the child, but saw her on her return home with her father, and they had not the child; asked her what she had done with it, and she said she had given it to two ladies in the street, in Montreal, who took it, and dressed it up; witness asked who they were, she said she did not know, at which witness expressed surprise that she had not got any certificate or writing from them to show were the child was, and enable her to see it. Has never seen the child since her return, which was about the 24th of October.

Richard Girouard deposed that he knew the prisoner; saw her and her father about the 21st of October, thinks it was Monday, going Eastward from St. Eugene, towards Lower Canada; the prisoner carried her child, which he had seen her nurse at the breast; he did not see them return, but had never seen the child since.

Frederick Cadieux, sworn—Knows the prisoner and her father; saw them on a Monday or Tuesday in the latter part of October, passing Licard's corners, between St. Eugene and Rigaud, going Eastward toward Lower Canada, this was the direct way from St. Eugene to Montreal; prisoner carried her child with her, and her father carried a bundle; never saw the child since; suspecting it was made away with, witness lodged informations against the prisoner and her father.

James Gamble, Esq., J. P., sworn—Sat as one of the examining magistrates in this case; Mr. Turcotte and Mr. Gibson were the other magistrates. On the information of Cadieux, the prisoner and her father were arrested, and in the course of the examination, the girl made a statement to the magistrates, after the usual caution, which was read by him from the Statute, in English, and Mr. Turcotte then read it in French; the prisoner speaks good English. After the statement of the prisoner was made, and committed to writing, and truly read to her, when she affixed her mark to it and retired; her father's statement was being taken, and after a while she sent in a message to say that she wished to make a further statement, which she did, and it was taken down in writing, and in like manner read and explained to her, and on the second statement a warrant for the arrest of Simpson, on her sworn information, on the charge of murder, as an accessory before the fact, was issued and on this warrant he was arrested and brought before them. He was quite certain that the caution required by law was given before the confession was made.

The Crown Counsel now asked to have the statement or confession received in evidence, and his Lordship considering that it was sufficiently proved, Mr. Dartnell proceeded to read it to the Jury. The words of the caution purported to be embodied in the statement, when Mr. O'Brian, Counsel for the prisoner objected that the words "against you" in the statute were not to be found in the document read, and he also contended that there was no evidence that the caution had been repeated to her before making the second statement.

Mr. Dartnell, in reply, maintained that the reading of the caution once before any statement was made was sufficient, and that there was no necessity of setting it out in full with the minutes of proceedings. The practice was to give the caution verbally in the statute, and merely record that it was done. No second caution to precede a second statement was necessary, but still he believed in this case it was done.

Mr. Gamble was then recalled. He said he thought the caution was given for the second time before the second statement, but was not sure.

John Gibson, Esq., J. P., was called, but he could not speak with any certainty, and did not recollect that it was.

Mark Turcotte, Esq., J. P., had a distinct recollection that the caution was given to the prisoner a second time before the second statement. Mr. Gamble read it from the statute in English, which the prisoner spoke well, and witness then took the book and repeated it in French to her.

On cross-examination by Mr. O'Brian, he said that he did not translate it literally, but told her the substance and meaning of it.

His Lordship said he considered there was sufficient proof now made, to permit of the statements being received in evidence, but he would take a note of the objections made, and in the event of a verdict of guilty being returned her counsel would have an opportunity to move an arrest of judgment, and obtain the opinion of the court upon the point. Mr. Dartnell then proceeded to read the statements which were in substance as follows:

That she hired with James Simpson and that he seduced her, and after a time finding she was pregnant, he gave her Rye Smut, which women told her was to cause abortion. It made her very ill, and she had to go to the Doctor, that Simpson told her after she was in the family way that he would take care of her, as well as of her sister, who had a child to him previously. After the child was born, she asked him for money for its support, which he refused, but after a time sent her three dollars and told her to put away the child the best way she could; she went to L'Orignal to consult Mr. O'Brian, and the next day Simpson told her to kill her child, and there would be no more about it. Afterwards she took the child to Lower Canada, and left it about a mile and a half below Rigaud, and heard nothing about it since. Her father was waiting for her at the gate of the house where she left her child. She was sixteen years old last June.

Her second statement was that her child was dead; she put it in a well in Lower Canada. The child was not dead when she put it in the well; she would not have done it but for Simpson's advice, and was sorry for having done it.

James Gamble, Esq., was then recalled and cross-examined by Mr. O'Brian, for the purpose of discrediting the statements made by the prisoner, and showing that undue influence was used by one of the constables to induce it, but the court ruled that if such was the case, the onus was upon him to produce evidence of the fact. Mr. O'Brian then asked had not the prisoner made other statements as to the disposal of the child other than those he had taken down. He replied that she had at other times. That she said she had given it to two ladies in the street in Montreal, who went into a store and dressed it up in silk and other fine clothes; that she had given it to a woman who was cleaning out an office in Montreal, and another that she had thrown it into a well, and ran away as she flung it from her, that she might not hear its cries.

Mr. O'Brian contended that these statements should have been taken down also, and there was evidence given by a man named LeGross, before the magistrates, on the part of Simpson, which showed that the accused had been in Montreal, and the Crown had not brought this man.

Mr. Dartnell said the Crown had no desire to keep back any evidence which might in any way help the parties implicated in this matter. That he had sent a constable to subpœna this man as a witness for the crown, but on going to his place at Point Clare, near Montreal, it was found he had left his farm and had gone to the United States but a few days since. He had no objection to the depositions of this man before the magistrates being read in evidence, and handed them in; they merely stated that he had seen the prisoner and her father going into Montreal apparently carrying a child in her arms, returning without the child; that they stopped at his house that night and they told him that they had left the child at one of the Convents in Montreal; that the prisoner was the widow of a soldier killed in the war and unable to support the child.

Mr. O'Brian then addressed the jury on behalf of the prisoner, after which his Lordship proceeded to charge the jury. He went over the facts as detailed in evidence, and said that those details were of a most painful nature, and however guilty the prisoner might be the man who had caused all the melancholy sufferings which had followed his acts, was the more guilty of the two, and that if a verdict of the jury should fix the crime of murder upon her, the case was one which would call strongly for the clemency of the crown, and no doubt it would be granted. He felt that there was evidence to go to the jury, and there were two points on which they would have to decide: first, was she guilty of the murder of her child, and if she was, as the sole evidence of its death was supplied by the statement of the prisoner, they would have to decide whether or not the confessions, or statements made by her, were obtained with a full knowledge on her part of the effect they must have, and after being duly cautioned by the Magistrates as required by law, and without undue influence. If they were satisfied on those points their verdict would be guilty, and an opportunity would be afforded to move in arrest of judgment, and have the legal objections disposed of by the court, and whatever were the result, the circumstances of this case were such that the clemency of the Crown would be loudly called for, and appeal such as in this case for that clemency could not be made in vain. The prisoner was young in years, and the victim of a man, whose house she entered as his servant, and whose duty it was to be in the place of a parent and protector to her, instead of which he violates all these obligations, and she becomes the victim of a man, the father of a family, and old enough to be her father. If, however, the jury had any doubt as to the manner in which the confession of the murder was obtained, and discredited it, the prisoner would be entitled to the benefit of that doubt.

The jury then retired and after a short absence returned into court with a verdict of "Not Guilty." The prisoner was then discharged.

The Queen *vs.* James Simpson. The prisoner was indicted on three counts. 1st count—administering rye smut to Lareine Robiard; 2nd count—administering an infusion of same; 3rd count—administering some noxous drug, to the jurors unknown, with intent to cause abortion. To these he pleaded "Not Guilty," and a jury being sworn, the case was proceeded with.

Mr. Dartnell stated the case briefly: that the young woman, Lareine Robiard, had gone to reside as servant with the prisoner, and while residing with him in that capacity he seduced her and she became pregnant; that on the fact being discovered he gave her rye smut, which she took; it failed in the effect, but made her so ill that she was obliged to seek medical aid. The intent of the prisoner in giving this drug would be judged from the facts of the case, for if the young woman gave birth to the child the reputed father would become chargeable with its support. Here, then, was a motive for its administration.

Lareine Robiard was then called and helped into the witness box, in which a chair was placed for her: she stated the facts so far as her seduction by the prisoner, but when asked did he give her any drug, she answered no. Did she ever state he had done so? No. Had she not been ill and obliged to go to the Doctor for advice? She replied that she had for a cold and pain in her neck. Her informations and statements before the Magistrates were then read to her, and she was asked, did not she state that the prisoner gave her rye smut? She replied that she took rye smut but it did her no harm. That she took it in warm water. She was asked did she not in that statement say that the prisoner gave it to her to take? She replied that if it was so written down she supposed she had stated so, but it was not he but a woman named Campbell who lived at Simpson's, gave it to her and told her to take it. That prisoner did not give her anything to take.

Mr. Dartnell then addressed the court, and said it was evident that there had been tampering with this witness, or some influence brought to bear upon her, and as the case for the crown rested solely on the previous statements of the witness that the prisoner had administered this drug, and having no other witness but a medical gentleman to give testimony of the effect of that drug, he could not go further and there must be an acquittal.

His Lordship directed the jury accordingly and a verdict of "Not Guilty" was recorded, and the prisoner discharged.

The Queen *vs.* Pascal Robiard. The prisoner in this case, who is the father of Lareine Robiard, was then given in charge for the murder of the same child, but the case resting on the same evidence as in the daughter's case, none was tendered, and a verdict of "Not Guilty" recorded.

The Grand Jury handed in a presentment on the state of the jail, which was considered insecure in many respects, and recommended immediate steps being taken to remedy the defects.

The Sheriff informed his Lordship that the Quarter Sessions Grand Jury had, on several occasions, presented to the like effect, and those presentments had been communicated to the County Council, who took no notice of them; and it was but a short time since a prisoner escaped from the prison owing to the absence of one of the securities recommended.

His Lordship said that had his attention been drawn to it at an early stage of the sittings of the court, he would have instructed the Crown Prosecutor to prefer an indictment against the County Council for their omission, or neglect of a duty, for which they were equally liable as any private individual, as they would have learned if bills had been found, but it was now too late to do so at this court. However, between this and the next court, if the remedies required for the security of the prison were not applied, it could be done. In the meantime the Sheriff was answerable for the safe custody of the prisoners, and must not wait the action of the County Council. If he would consult his own legal adviser, he may probably be told by him that he must get the necessary work done on his own order, and for it resort to his remedy against the Council for the costs, and perhaps he may advise him also to indict them for their past neglect of duty. Possibly when they know their responsibility, the proper action in the matter may be taken, and further steps become unnecessary, but he as Sheriff must see that his prisoners were kept safe.

This closed the business of the court, and the Grand and Petit Jurors were discharged from further attendance.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, May 17.—The *Cuba*, from Boston, 8th, arrived to-day.

LONDONDERRY, May 17.—The steamship *North American*, from Portland, arrived to-day.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 15—Noon.—The regular week's returns from the bank of England shew that the bullion in that institution has increased £174,000. Money opens quiet and steady. Consols quiet at 92¼; Erie, 42.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Negro Riot in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—Considerable disturbance took place among the negro stevedores on the levee to-day, amounting almost to a riot. Two policemen were badly injured while endeavoring to rescue a negro from a mob of other negroes. The military were ordered out to aid the police.

The English Reform Question.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The *Herald's* London special of the 15th says: A numerously attended, and very imposing meeting of the Reformers of England, was held in St. James' Hall in this city to-day. The assemblage was called with the view of supporting a proper, and well adjusted plan of household and lodger franchise, and some of those present were inclined to accept what are known as the Cabinet concessions. On these points Mr. John Bright delivered an address to the assembly. He argued forcibly against the D'Israeli bill and its amendments, and showed that in mere justice to the bulk of the people as expressed at this and other meetings, the Liberal members of the House of Commons should reject the measure altogether, by voting against it unanimously at the third reading, and thus compel the Cabinet to remit the question of reform to the people at large in the new elections.

The Movements of Jeff. Davis.

NEW YORK, May 17.—It is stated that Jeff. Davis and family are to leave New York for the mansion of Mr. O'Connor, Washington Heights, where it is said he will remain for a few days before proceeding to Canada.

MEXICO.

Report of an American Messenger—The Liberal Army at Queretaro.

NEW ORLEANS, May 15.—The following news has been received from the Hon. L. D. Campbell: His messenger to Juarez returned to-day, having made the trip from Matamoras to San Luis Potosi and back in fifteen days, remaining at San Luis two days. He was treated with the greatest courtesy and consideration by the Liberals. He reports that Escobedo had 25,000 men at Queretaro, and was in possession of all the roads but one, with the expectation of getting that. Maximilian was inside the city with 15,000 men. The feeling among the Liberals is very bitter against Maximilian and his native officers; and, in case of their capture, it was thought they would not be able to save them. Juarez and his generals are confident of a speedy triumph at Queretaro, and expect to be in the City of Mexico in two months. The messenger left Juarez at San Luis on the 23rd ult.

Questionable Reports from Imperialist Sources.

HAVANA, May 11.—By the arrival of the Spanish mail steamer *Paris* we have dates from Vera Cruz to the 5th inst. The news is from Imperial sources and paints the aspect of affairs in glowing colors for the pseudo Empire. It is reported that the Liberal forces besieging Queretaro have been defeated and that Miramon is pressing them toward San Luis Potosi, after having sent 3,000 men to relieve the City of Mexico. Positive denial is given to the report of Miramon's death, and it is declared that he has not even been wounded. Maximilian has again proposed to convoke a national Congress, to consolidate in him the general power of the Government, or to deliver it over to the chief that Congress may appoint.

The *Diario* of this city publishes the following letter:

On the 29th of April Maximilian arrived in the City of Mexico at the head of 8,000 men. Porferio Diaz has not been able to establish a single battery on the Guadaloupe causeway, notwithstanding his occupation of it with 70 pieces of artillery, owing to the determined resistance of the brave soldiers under the orders of Marquez.

On the arrival of Maximilian battle was given to Porferio Diaz, who was completely defeated, losing all his artillery and 1,500 prisoners, who were immediately incorporated into the Imperial ranks.

Gen. Juan Alvarez, on hearing of the execution of the Imperial prisoners at Puebla, withdrew his forces from the command of Diaz, and intends to disband them.

Passengers by the *Paris* from Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico say that the foregoing news is all false, except that Miramon had not been killed.

A gentleman who left the City of Mexico on the 25th of April feels sure that no one left for Vera Cruz after that date; that Marquez has about 7,000 men in the city, and has had no battle for some time, and that he is closely besieged by Porferio Diaz, who has 11,000 men, chiefly cavalry. He also says that Marquez had abandoned Tacubaya and Chepultepec. Both aqueducts supplying water to the city had been cut off, and no food came into it. There were, however, several artesian wells in the city which could supply the inhabitants with water.

This gentleman spoke with a courier from Queretaro on the 29th, who declared that place to be more closely besieged than ever, and that the garrison were out of cannon balls and were using stones in place of them. The general opinion was in Mexico that unless assistance arrived at Queretaro, and that quickly, the city would have to surrender.

We have on good authority from Vera Cruz news of the death of Gen. Pedro Baranda, and also of that of Commandante Manuel Ariza, from wounds received from the besiegers.

There are two Imperial men-of-war in the harbor of Vera Cruz, iron Clyde built steamers.

On passing Sisal the *Paris* received a few passengers who had taken refuge on board a Spanish brig. They reported Sisal and Merida in the hands of the revolutionists. The *Paris* had no communication with the shore, though she waited for an hour to do so.

Gen. Manuel Cepeda is in the command of Merida. Col. Padilla was at Izamal, on his way to attack Cepeda at Merida.

The papers of Vera Cruz up to the 4th inst., publish no news, and are even without the diary of the siege, published until lately. They say it has not appeared for reasons "foreign to the editors," which means that the news has been suppressed by the Imperial authorities, which would not have been the case were it favorable to the so-called Empire. The return of Maximilian to the Capital, and the victory over Diaz would have been made much of if true, and we should have had accounts of great waste of powder and bell-ringing at Vera Cruz in honor of the same.

The Spanish brig *Isabeleta* had arrived at Vera Cruz with 25 recruits from Havana and a quantity of powder, ammunition, &c. Many other recruits have gone hence, the *Herald's* "special" to the contrary notwithstanding, as can be easily proved.

CANADIAN OIL WELLS.—Enniskillen, C. W., is situated some sixteen miles from the St. Clair River, and nearly opposite to Newport, and is one of the richest oil districts in the world; there are now sunk and in progress near 300 wells, most of them yielding largely; in one case the well has been overflowing for some time, and it is estimated that two barrels per minute is running to waste, and so far they have not been able to stop it; this truly is one of nature's wonders, though not more wonderful than the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing sudden colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, spinal affections, sprains, bruises, &c. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

CARELESSNESS.—Many persons neglect their horses' health and condition until it is too late, when at a trifling expense and no trouble the horse might have been saved if attended to in time. To all who may have occasion to use an article of the kind we would confidently recommend Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine; it is without doubt the best preparation in use, as thousands who have used it testify. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Episcopal)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, Rev Nesbit, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, Rev Nesbit, Curate.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7.
School House, New Edinburgh, 4½ p m. Assistant Rev T D Phillipps, M A.

St Alban's Parish—Daly Street—All Services Free.
Rev Dr Jones.
Court House, Daly Street. Hours of service 11 a m, and 7 p m. Sunday School 3 p m. Holy Communion on First and Third Sundays of month at morning service. Daily Prayer at 11 a m, and 5 p m at the Chapel Room. Wednesday evening, with lecture and choral practice, 7 p m.
Military Service at the Court House 9 a m, Rev T D Phillipps, M A, Chaplain.

Church of England—New Edinburgh.
Service at New Edinburgh, in the Court House, at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev E S Howard.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening 6½ p.m.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street, at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Dr. Spence.
Rev. Mr. McLardy, Assistant
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. J. Douse, Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guiliard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass at 8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael. Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6 p.m.; week days, 7½ p.m.

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

—The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted has passed into a proverb. In the United States where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these Wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province, at 25 cts. per box.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.
428-1a-19y

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator.*

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL.
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,

JOUVIN,

ALEXANDRE.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

428-1a-19y

DIED.

At Jackson, Michigan, on Thursday, the 16th instant, of influenza, with congestion of the brain, William, second son of Mr. Dawson Kerr, of this city, aged 24 years.

His remains will reach here by this evening's train, and the funeral will take place from his father's residence, Queen-st., on (to-morrow) Sunday afternoon, at three o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MR. J. W. TAVERNER,

Who is unrivalled as a reader of the INGOLSBY LEGENDS,

Will give READINGS in

SHAKSPEARE, DICKENS,

AND THE

Mirth and Marvels of Ingolsby,

ON

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 20th,

AT WEBSTER'S HALL.

To commence at 8 o'clock, precisely.

TICKETS—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

May 18. 438-2

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-4

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES OF THE BANK-ST. CHURCH will hold A BAZAAR, to aid in the erection of a NEW CHURCH, on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

When the large and valuable collection of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the BAND of the 100th Regiment will be in attendance on the evenings of the 22nd and 23rd.

The sale will be held in the Royal Victoria Hotel, kindly granted for the purpose by the proprietor.

LUNCH will be served each day from 12 to 3.

Admittance, 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 18. 438td

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

SATURDAY, MAY 18.

LAST NIGHT

OF

BEN COTTON'S

INIMITABLE AND WORLD-FAMOUS

California Minstrels.

COMPLETE ORCHESTRA! FULL BRASS BAND!

Splendid Vocal Quartette!

TRIO OF COMEDIANS! QUINTETTE OF DANCERS

The management desire to call attention to the names composing this

Great Combination of Artistic Merit!

Ben Cotton,	J. Tannenbaum,
Jake Budd,	J. C. Ritterhouse,
Joe Norrie,	G. W. Rockefeller,
Frank Campbell,	E. P. Kendall,
C. H. Atkinson,	Geo. Monk,
G. W. Jackson,	Wm. Koehler,
Leon Pussell,	Chas. N. Cotton,
C. Alexander.	

And the Terpsichorean Wonders

Master Bennie and the Empire Boys!

Appearing *Le Tout Ensemble* in GRAND CARNIVAL L'AFRICAINE, introducing a select programme, containing the Latest and Choicest Gems of Minstrelsy, and Inimitable Sketches for which this Troupe is so justly famous.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 Cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

E. P. KENDALL,
Agent.

434-5

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 18. 438-6m

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

NOTICE.

THE CONFIRMATION

FOR

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH!

WILL BE HELD (D.V.)

ON SATURDAY EVENING,

AT 8 P. M.,

In the Court House, Daly-st.

T. BEDFORD JONES, L.L.D.

May 16. 438-3

AUCTION SALES.

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS,

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture!

H. McLEAN will sell at the residence of MR. C. A. GAGNON, No. 95, South Side Rideau-street, in Preston's Block,

ON MONDAY, MAY 20TH,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, p.m.,

all the Household Furniture and Effects consisting of Carpets, Tables, (Dining and Centre,) Chairs, Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads, Washstands, Parlor and Kitchen Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, &c., &c., &c., all for positive sale, as the parties are leaving the city. Terms Cash.

The House to Let.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1867. 436-td

NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

435-y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

New City Directory, 1867-8.

MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with MR. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the new work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

NEW

FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 38 y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

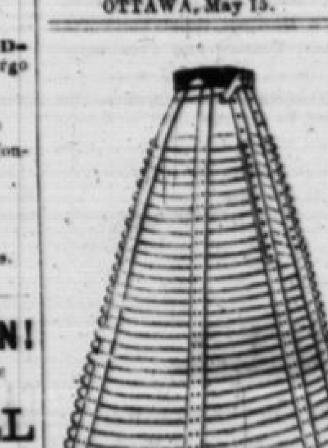
Bonnets,	**Hats,**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. | [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

TO THE LADIES.



City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bassley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons,	Striped Tweeds.
Venetians,	Coatings.
Vest Patterns,	Broadcloths.
Cassimeres,	Doeskins.
&c.	&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

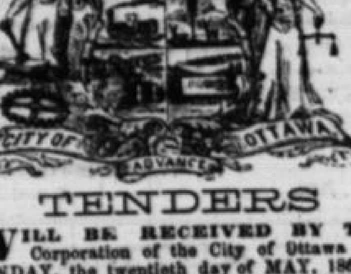
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td



TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the twentieth day of MAY, 1867, at seven o'clock, p.m., for the Grading and Ditching of Bank and Esther Streets, from the City limits to Sparks-street, and the Grading of the East End of Rideau-street, in accordance with specifications of the said works to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

By order.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 435td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-14

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, *Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,*

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street.

March 30, 1867. 396y

Cow Lost.

STRAYED away from the Premises of the Subscriber, on Monday, 13th inst., a BLACK COW, about 12 years old; on each Horn a Brass Knob. Any person who will return her, or give such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

J. B. PARANT,
Church-st.

Ottawa, May 17. 437-1

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rougel—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold, at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

LAST WEEK BUT TWO!!

OF THE

GREAT CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

BY

GRANT & HENDERSON.

Who are removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on 1st June.

Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

A Rare opportunity of getting such goods at a bargain.

Velveteens, Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,

Greatly reduced in price to save removal.

A Liberal Discount Allowed. All Sales for Cash Only.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 13, 1867. 433-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK—Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up		$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,		$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74	
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55	
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19	

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with. All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STRACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

Heney's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 433-a

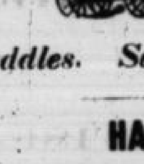
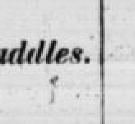
LENDING LIBRARY

AND NEWS DEPOT.

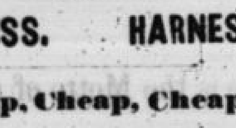
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.

A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.

May 17. 437d

 TRUNKS. 

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.



Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

BREAD.

MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the

YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,

And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Bread .... 9d per loaf.

Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.

Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.

Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.

Ottawa, December 300tf

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

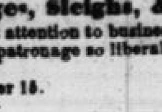
From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported. 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 12 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserve and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 13. 409y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR

May 1. 4'3tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 308tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES

Return tickets to Montreal.......... $6 00 each.
First class.......... 3 50
Second do.......... 2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts, between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY,

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON,......J. B. AGGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,.......... Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD.......... " LEITCH.
ALLIANCE.......... " FINDLAY
OREGON.......... " HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD.......... " TONER.
JASON GOULD.......... " OVERMAN.
PONTIAC.......... " DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE.......... " COUVRETTE.
CALUMET.......... " BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 5 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

L. R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

Whereas, Thomas Bourke, of Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Farmers Make a Note of It!

When you come to town you can buy

THE BEST TEAS,
THE BEST COFFEES,
AND GROCERIES

Of every description, either Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest cash prices from

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

N. B.—Always on hand a choice stock of WINES and LIQUORS of every description.

April 4. 14w2m

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

On and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2.40 p.m.	" "	5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1:30 p.m.	" "	4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa, at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4.00 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p.m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p.m., and 8:30 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago & and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.......... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

This preparation, price 75cts. per bottle, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

Strayed into the premises of the Subscriber on the 29th March, a DARK RED COW. The owner on proving property and paying expenses can have her returned. Apply to

JAMES O'MALLEY,
Butcher, Hull.

April 4. 14w3

BEE-HIVES!

J. H. THOMAS' FIRST PRIZE Single and Double Boarded MOVEABLE COMB BEE-HIVES for sale. Send for Circular and price-list.

JOHN HENDERSON,
AGENT.

New Edinburgh, February 25. w9-3m

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA,

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

This institution is designed to furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Comercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT,
Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 12w

NOTICE.

The Municipal Council of the Township of North Gower intend, on the

Eighth day of June next,

At their Sittings in the TOWN HALL of said Township, to

Pass a By-Law

For the purpose of establishing a ROAD from the Front of the Third Concession to the Rear of the Fourth Concession of said Township, at or near the River Rideau.

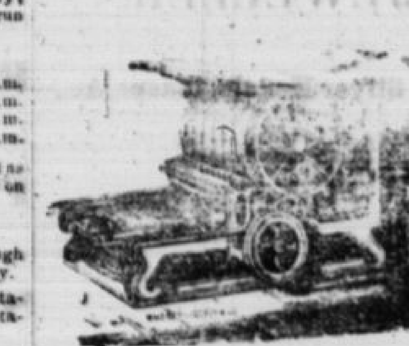
JAS. B. EASTMAN,
Township Clerk.

North Gower, April 4 14w4

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH!*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE,

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC!

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

Will be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, G. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

The subscriber begs leave to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes,

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers particularly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

Dr. Ayer: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

Dear Bro. Ayer: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 1, 1855.

Dr. J. C. Ayer. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

Department of the Interior,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

Sir: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

Dr. Ayer: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

Warsaw, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

Dear Sir: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

Pulaski House, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

Honored Sir: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

Senate Chamber, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

Dr. Ayer: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867 363d&w9

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

The following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen- "ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro- "hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty, created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

Whereas, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments,	Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings,	Drysalteries,
Perfumery,	Dye Goods,
Drugs,	Colors,
Paints,	Lozenges,
Glassware,	Chemicals,
Medicine Chests,	Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers	Veterinary
Sundries.	Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, And it is hereby Ordered, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform
Collodian
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

Whereas certain lots known as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac.

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., as Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two Thousand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portage du Fort.

January 29, 1867 w5-6m

Fresh Teas! Fresh Teas!

Just receiving a splendid assortment of FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, and for sale at lowest Cash prices, Wholesale or Retail.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, April 4. 14w2m

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

The original medicine established in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers.
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350d&w6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350d&w

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

The notice in the "Gazette" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

The Court of Revision

For the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

$1500 REWARD.

Notice is hereby given, that the sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

NOTICE.

Public attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger-Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-30

HARNESS FOR SALE.

An imported set, single, double and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street

Ottawa December 9 314tf

THO RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

We have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

The undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

Is positively superior to any or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350d&w6m

The Ottawa Times.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by George Cotton, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

VOL

Ottawa

(Published every

George Cotton,

The Daily A... enjoys the la... published in the ... Daily over 2,000 ... making a total circ... 18,000: thus 'out... affording the best m... vertise in.

Advertisements ... following rates: Business Cards of ... num—payable ... Transient Advertise... line,...... All subsequent inse... Yearly advertiser... liberal allowance

Advertising A... Co., 54, Park Row, ... Boston, General Adve... ised to receive Adver...

MASSE... NOTARIES P... the Post-office ... J. A. Masse ... Ottawa, March 23.

LAPIERR... ATTORNIES... Chancery, Con... corner of Sussex and ... Ottawa, February

WILLIA... LAW, Chan... Office: Mog... Ottawa, C. W.

ROSS ... ATTORNEYS... Chancery, Con... Office: Elgin Stre... Alexander Ross ... Ottawa, July 28.

D. C... ATTORNEY-... Chancery, Con... Office: Union B... February 21, 1866.

R. H... ATTORNEY... Chancery, Co... Patent Right Soli... Office: Post Off... February 7, 1866.

A. F. ... ADVOCATE... Street, Quebec... repared to attend ... Government emplo... any entrust him. ... mit in and for the ... December 28, 18...

COLMA... ADVOCATES... neys-at-Law. ... Offices: Hull at ... Mr. Wright will ... Fridays of every w... Geo. Colman. ... Ottawa, Feb. 7, 18...

P. J. B... BARRISTE... Solicitor-in-Ch... office, over Mr. ... Store, Rideau Stre... January 17, 18...

AUGUS... BARRISTE... Solicitor in Ch... Office: Opposite ... Rooms lately occup... Ottawa, March ...

J. F... BARRISTE... Chancery, &... Office: Aumon... Ottawa, Jan. 12, 18...

W. MARS... BARRISTE... Office: Ho... Elgin Streets, ... Ottawa, Dec. 18, ...

M... BARRISTE... Offices: Co... nam, C.E. ... Attends to ... Ottawa. ... February 7, 18...

LEES ... BA RRISTE... Conveyancers ... Office: In the C... Robert Lees. ... Ottawa, February ...

EDWAR... BARRISTE... Notary Publi... rown Attorney, fo... and Russell. ... Office: In the C... January 27, 1866.

R... PROVINCIA... Draughtsman ... and Lower Canad... cester, near Ottaw... executed with acc... ed Ottawa City, ... attention. ... Ottawa, Februa...

W. R. BELL ... (Rec...

SURGERY ... Street. ... Ottawa, Novem...

D... PHYSICIAN ... Clarence St... March 1.

DR. O... DENTIST, ... tral Ottawa ... Ottawa, Janua...

DR. ... DENTIST. ... Messrs. Ca... Ottawa, Janua...

DR. ... DENTIST, ... Street. ... by means of the ...

GEO. LO... HOMŒPAT... and Accou... Office: In H... the office at nig... *References:* ... John Smith, B... Clarke; Duncan... nato; John Hall... Ottawa, Febr...

D... PHYSICIA... Office: Hi...

JOHN ... PHYSICIA... attending ... tal. Office and ... Mosgrove Stree... in's. Entrance ... Ottawa, May

D... SPARKS ... W. W. Bro... Ottawa, Dec...

YORK S... tel. ... Ottawa Fe...

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 439.] OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY. MAY 20, 1867. [PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 36?y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
LAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

T. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, Office, over Mr. Luke Gamer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 37?y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 18-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-?

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

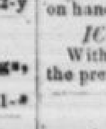
To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S.
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES.
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104, St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa,
JOHN O. [illegible]
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite [illegible]
Ottawa, February 23.

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year........ 25.31
And each subsequent year........ 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-6m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
406-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
July 9.
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For furthe particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and can be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use. 10 *lbs. daily for the Season*—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
☞ Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
The Pure Mountain Berry
B first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

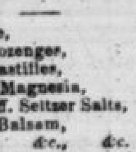
WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL
Macadamized Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent. of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.
Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.
Z. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.
416-td

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
☞ Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL,



28, Sparks-Street.
Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
436-y 28, Sparks-street

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread........................9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers
A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.
May 17. 437d

MUNICIPALITY of GOULBURN
NOTICE.
THE COURT OF REVISION FOR the Township of Goulburn will be held in the TOWN HALL in said Township, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of May next, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
All those interested are requested to attend.
C. CATHCART,
MUNICIPAL CLERK
Goulburn, April 16. 16w4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Annual Spring Trade Sale—A. Booker.
American Invoices—Thomas Worthington.
Proclamation—Robert Lyon.
Meeting of Druggists.
Queen's Birthday—W. P. Lett.
Grand Variety Entertainment—G. W. D. Gordon.
Great Clearing Sale—Grant & Henderson.
Pocketbook Lost.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Carleton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

[illegible] p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p. m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a. m. to 7 p. m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 20, 1867.

☞ *For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.*

With the arrival of the Hon. Mr. Cartier, all the Canadian Ministers are now in the country, except the Hon. Mr. McGee, whose return, we have been led to expect toward the end of the month. We beg to direct the attention of our readers to the speeches of the Attorneys-General East and West to their respective constituents. The present is a time when the words of the leading statesmen of the Province should be well weighed by the electors. We can take credit to ourselves in that we have not been behind any of our *confreres* in pointing out the folly of rehabilitating the dead party issues of bygone years; and now that Ministers are face to face with their constituents and the country, we shall be prepared to hear from them, no matter to which wing of the political army of union they may belong, the utterance of broad and statesmanlike views in harmony with the requirements of their extended sphere of future action. The party resurrectionists, whether Conservative or Reform, will find that they have failed to recognise the spirit of the new constitution.

The *Canadian Freeman* has been proscribed! "Forever expelled from the reading-room" of the Ottawa St. Patrick's J. P. L. O'Hanly admiration society!! The editor censured!!! and the "Irish Catholics of Canada" earnestly recommended "to cease taking said newspaper"!!!! Ye gods and little fishes! Was ever editor or newspaper so degraded? But the humiliation is increased tenfold by the wide publicity to be given to the terrible edict, which is to extinguish the *Freeman*, consign its editor to everlasting disgrace, and spread the glory of the name of O'Hanly from centre to circumference of the new dominion. "James Goulden, Esq.," is the executioner of this last decree which proclaims the *Freeman's* utter degradation to the whole world. In fear and trembling, we have obeyed the *request* to publish the preamble and resolutions furnished us by the executioner aforesaid, and as a matter of fair business dealing, we hope he will duly honor our little bill when we send it in at the moderate tariff of eight cents per line, "solid measurement." Will the papers of Toronto, Montreal, and Quebec, also assist the "city papers" of Ottawa in performing the last office for the *Freeman*? The hangman who is employed by the sheriff to "finish" the dread sentence of the law, is always paid for his labor, and surely the newspapers which do a like service by a brother, in obedience to the provisions of the edict, elsewhere published, ought not to go unrewarded. We are astonished, however, at the omission of *one* paper from the list—the *Fenian Volunteer*—which, we verily believe, would do the deed without fee or reward, just out of pure love for Mr. O'Hanly, who, in the eyes of its editor, is "the real Simon Pure!"

To discuss seriously the several counts in the indictment against the *Freeman*, as set forth in the preamble, in stilted and ungrammatical verbosity, would be a waste of time, involving a review of the ridiculous "flag controversy," which through laxity of management on the part of our local *confreres* got into print to the disgust of the common sense of the community. That the *Freeman* censured in terms of merited severity the conduct of a few madcaps whose course led to the "tempest in a teapot" over the St. Patrick's day procession in this city, will not be accepted by the public as a reason for its proscription; nor will the fact that Mr. Moylan refused to soil the columns of his paper, by publishing the grossly insulting letter which Mr. O'Hanly addressed to him on the subject, and which, to the shame of the Ottawa press, subsequently appeared in print in this city, be held as a legitimate reason for his censure. The misstatement of fact, upon which the *Freeman* made the comments that aroused Mr. O'Hanly's ire, was copied from and credited to the Ottawa *Citizen*, and the following is all for which the *Freeman* can be held accountable:

"It is to be regretted that the same class of Yankee Irishmen who have succeeded in brewing and bringing to a head so much mischief in Ireland, should receive any countenance in Canada. If there be any associates or sympathisers of such characters at the Seat of Government, a close eye should be kept on them. No man disloyal or untrue to Canada ought to be tolerated in the country."

These words have the ring of the true metal, and will, we are sure, be heartily endorsed by nineteen-twentieths of "the Irish Catholics of Canada," the St. Patrick's Literary Association of Ottawa to the contrary notwithstanding. If the members of this society condemn the *Freeman* for the utterance of such sentiments, do they not expose themselves to the suspicion of belonging to, or sympathising with, the very class whose presence in this country every loyal man in it would regret?

But serious discussion upon this subject, as we have said, would be a waste of time. So "literary" gentlemen of the J. P. L. O'Hanly-admiration society look to the first few lines of your preamble, and take an easy lesson in elementary grammar. Have your "literary" researches failed to discover to you that a verb should agree with its nominative? or by what rule do you tell us that "the editor.....*have* in the last issue," &c., &c.? Was it, as you affirm, "the *issue* of that paper" which was "published" on the day named? or was it not rather the "paper" itself? What is the meaning of "charging them with.......grave *accusations*?" We submit these questions to the solemn deliberation of the members of the literary association, which has undertaken the championship of Mr. O'Hanly's [illegible] with the editor of the *Freeman*, and appoint the eve of next St. Patrick's day to receive their report thereon.

With reference to the "social position" of Irishmen, which it is ridiculously affirmed is in danger of being damaged by such criticisms as those of the *Freeman*, with which by the way we heartily sympathise, it is but fair to ourselves to say, that we believe the influence of the whole course of the *Freeman*, since its appearance in the field of Canadian journalism, has been ably and persistently directed to an exactly opposite end. If the "social position" of any Irishman in this city has been injuriously affected, which we do not for a moment believe, it has only been by his own folly. It is when Mr. O'Hanly enters the walks of literature, when this "literary association" seeks, by a string of twaddling nonsense and impertinent resolves, to damage the reputation of a contemporary and injure his business, that we think it our duty to help both him and it to the full measure of the ridicule which their conduct naturally invites. They have requested us to publish their fulmination against the *Freeman*. We have done so, and endeavoured to show them the absurdity of their conduct. They are not, in our judgment, qualified to act as censors of the press; they are not, to our knowledge, and we do know something about the matter, commissioned to speak for "the Irish Catholics of Canada," nor for anybody, Catholic or Protestant, but themselves; they have, therefore, gone entirely beyond the legitimate spheres both of duty and usefulness; and, for the gratification of some miserable personal pique, if not for a worse motive, dragged their association in the dirt. It is with no unfriendly spirit that we commend them in future to steer clear of collision with the press—but now we bethink us, Mr. J. L. P. O'Hanly and others are making application for a charter to establish a joint-stock company for the publication of a newspaper! And so the *Freeman* is to be killed off to make room for the new organ! It would be interesting to know how many of the stockholders in the new concern were present at the meeting on the 15th inst., when the "preamble and resolutions" were adopted. Being desirous of acting with strict impartiality to all concerned, we invite Mr. Goulden to send us a list of the names of all the parties present at the meeting in question, which we undertake to publish free of charge, and if Mr. O'Hanly would kindly furnish us with a list of the stockholders in the new organ, which we should also be pleased to publish, we could then strike a balance between the *patriotism* and the *interest* involved in this very petty attempt to "snuff out" the *Freeman*.

LOCAL NEWS.

Personal.—We learn with pleasure that Thomas L. Higginson, of No. 1 Company, 18th Battalion Hawkesbury Volunteers, has obtained a first and second-class certificate at the military school, Montreal, having passed brilliant examinations.

Montreal Telegraph Company's Map.—We have received a copy of the map issued by the Montreal Telegraph Company, showing their connections with the United States and British North America. It will be valuable as a reference for the public generally, and especially for men of business.

Visit of the Victoria Rifles.—We have pleasure in announcing that Lieut. Col. Wily, has received official information that the Victoria Rifles of Montreal, will leave Montreal on Thursday next and arrive here in good time to take part in the celebration of the Queen's birthday.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 18, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 38 above zero.
8 a. m., 47 above zero.
Noon, shade, 56 above zero.
Noon, sun, 86 above zero.
6 p. m., 54 above zero.

The Montreal Twelve.—We have been informed that the following are the names of the twelve members of the Montreal La Crosse Club, selected to play a friendly game on the Queen's Birthday in Ottawa, with the Ontario Club:—Captain, Nicholas Hughes; W. George Beers, Goal Keeper; Alex. M. Davidson, Frank Dowds, James Henderson, S. Macdonald, Robt. Macdougall, W. L. Maltby, G. R. Middemass, Thomas Ralston, Richard Thompson, E. R. Whitehead.

Elocution and Reading.—Mr. J. W. Taverner, teacher of elocution, advertises in our columns that this evening, at 8 o'clock, he will give readings in Shakspeare, Dickens, and the mirth and marvels of Ingoldsby, at Webster's Hall. This gentleman comes to us recommended by clergymen, colleges, barristers and private gentlemen, all of the very highest standing, both in England and the United States, as a perfect master of his art. His testimonials are very numerous, and from sources whence he could not have obtained without deserving them. It is greatly to be hoped, therefore, that the people of Ottawa will avail themselves of the rare opportunity thus presented to them of learning the truth of what we have frequently urged, that correct reading is correct interpretation, and that all reading fails of its object, that does not render the full, true, and faithful meaning, and spirit of the author.

Police Court.—Patrick Conway was charged with using insulting language; case dismissed.—Antoine Rattie was charged with ferrying across the Ottawa without license; dismissed without costs.—Pierre Lariviere, bailiff, was charged by Edward Sait with extortion. Complainant's goods had been seized on a landlord's warrant for rent, and it appeared in evidence that the bailiff had charged more for his work than by law he had a right to. The amount of overcharge was a dollar and twenty-five cents, for which he was fined $5.25 and costs; case appealed.—James Hackett and John McGuire were charged with stealing a boat, the property of Cesaire Ethier; case adjourned till this morning.

Ben Cotton's Minstrels.—Saturday was the last night of Ben Cotton's troupe in this city. Their programme for that occasion was new, and gave great satisfaction. There were a great number of intelligent people present capable of judging of their musical performances, and we heard nothing but expressions of the most unqualified approval from any of them. The power of music over the uneducated was clearly shewn by the general applause, which was elicited by some of the finest and quietest passages. When negro minstrels are good performers, and intersperse good music and songs, that teach the head and the heart, along with their comicalities, they may greatly benefit those who are attracted to the place by the comic parts alone. The latter are generally of too low an order, but might be made as profitable as they are amusing without injury to the effect intended. One of the most wonderful of the performances of this troupe is the bone solo by C. H. Atkinson. To the general performances our notice of Saturday will apply, and in that there was certainly no exaggeration. We commend them to the patronage of the press and the public, as being a most excellent troupe.

Civil Service Battalion Drill.—On Saturday afternoon, the Civil Service Battalion went through their drill in much better style than they ever did before. We are not alone in this opinion, for the same was expressed on the parade ground by several gentlemen acquainted with the subject, who make a point of being present at nearly all military exercises in the city, and who freely criticise what they find amiss. Lieut.-Col. Wily evidently feels proud, as he ought to do, at the degree of excellence at which his Battalion has arrived. To say they are perfect, of course, were folly, but to say they are on the high road to becoming so is quite consistent with the truth. Their marching in line was very good, and so were their movements in echelon, and the firing and retiring by wings was specially so. The file firing from right of sub-division, and the *feu de joie*, were very passably executed, and if at next Tuesday's drill they shall be found to have made as much progress as in the past week, the battalion will be an honor to the city on the Queen's birthday. After drill, a square was formed, face inwards, to hear the brigade orders read respecting the programme on the Queen's birthday. The following, we believe, is the order in which the Volunteers will take up their position: Ottawa Field Battery on the right, Provisional Brigade Garrison Artillery, Ottawa Provisional Battalion, and the Civil Service, on the left. The Victoria Rifles will arrive at 7 a.m. on Friday, and will be received by a guard of honor from the Civil Service Regiment. The Victorias will leave for home at 8 o clock the same evening.

Sailor Jack Among the Exquisites.—On Saturday many people were amused and no doubt some of the exquisites annoyed, at seeing no less a person than Sailor Jack promenading our most fashionable avenue, done up in the picturesque walking costume, adopted by some of the *remarkable* young gentlemen who condescend to grace our city. There was Jack, the very personification of fashion in puce coloured velvet, striped stockings and unmentionables tucked up to shew them, and also to exhibit calves. How poor young Mr. Cornelius Adolphus Spindleshanks envied Jack's calves! A tiny hat graced one side of Jack's pate, and he tapped his teeth with the head of his fifteen inch cane trimmed with blue ribbon. After promenading awhile about the Russell and by the post-office, our man of fashion went up to the Parliament-hill to see the Civil Service drill, where he became the great centre of attraction, that is to eyes—noses kept at a distance, for Jack is a votary of *cloacina*. The Civil Service gentlemen laughed at poor Jack aping the gentleman, but his equanimity was as undisturbed as that of a stoic. How long puce colored velvet coats and striped stockings will continue to be the fashion in Ottawa, of course we cannot pretend to foretell. The puce color is no doubt very pretty and it was once thought so by a great king of France, when he saw his queen dressed in silk of that color; then, however, it had not the name. His majesty remembered the color of a *flea* and recognized it in that of the queen's dress, and he complimented her by saying she was *couleur de puce*. After that it became fashionable throughout Europe for ladies to dress themselves in the colour of fleas, and now it is adopted by Sailor Jack as the least likely to suffer in his peculiar profession.

THE MONTREAL VOLUNTEERS.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—Allow me to suggest ere it be too late, that something should be done in the way of tendering a welcome reception to the Montreal Victoria Rifle Volunteers, who are expected here on the Queen's Birthday. The City Council this evening might devote part of the sum they have placed at the disposal of Mr. Lett in getting up some sort of affair, agreeable alike to the givers and the recipients. If they take no interest in the matter, surely the Commandant and a few of our old Volunteer and Militia Officers will look out for some accommodation, should the Victorias intend to pass a night in the Capital, but first, let our City Fathers make a move in the matter, and show how much they value the Volunteer Force.

Yours, &c.,

An Old Volunteer.

Ottawa, May 20, 1867.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA—GENERAL ORDERS.

Headquarters, Ottawa, May 17, 1867.

In future whenever it may be desired to have any brigade parade of volunteer corps, the commandant or senior officer will be good enough to apply for the sanction of his Excellency the commander in chief before ordering the same.

53rd "Sherbrooke" Battalion of Infantry, No. 5 Company, Magog.—To be lieutenant, acting till further orders: Ensign John Phelan, vice Merry, whose resignation is hereby accepted. To be ensign, acting till further orders: Warren S. Hoyt, gentleman, vice Phelan, promoted.

Civil Service Regiment, Ottawa.—The resignation of Ensign H. B. Dufort is hereby accepted.

28th "Perth" Battalion of Infantry.—To be Surgeon: David Wilson, Esq., M. D.

THE HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD AT KINGSTON.

From the Kingston papers we learn that the reception given to the Attorney-General West by his constituents was very enthusiastic, and a most gratifying evidence of the undiminished confidence which is reposed in the hon. gentleman. The address, the military display, &c., being matters of merely local interest we omit, that we may make room for his speech as reported in the *Whig*, containing much that will be read with interest throughout the province. We particularly direct attention to that portion of Mr. Macdonald's remarks relating to party organization; it contains instruction of which some Conservatives as well as some Reformers stand very much in need. The following is Mr. Macdonald's speech as published in the *Whig*, omitting the introductory remarks:

The past six months, since the departure of the Delegates for London, had been a most eventful period in Canada's history. Although the people of Canada had shewn by a large majority that they had desired to enter into the scheme of Union, to extend over the British provinces in America, there has been a great—a quite natural—difficulty in the way of its adoption in the Lower Provinces. It Canada could not be said to be unanimous in its desire to form a Union, the Opposition at least had no weight. It felt that Confederation was necessary for the development of its internal resources, and the consolidation of its strength, so that it would become an assistance, rather than a source of embarrassment, to the mother country. (Cheers.) The Lower Provinces had their own constitutions, and naturally became alarmed for their safety. They feared absorption by their big brother, the larger province of Canada. This difficulty presented itself when the Delegates started on their mission, but Mr. Macdonald paid a tribute to the representatives of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick when he saw them rise far superior to petty jealousy, and elevate themselves to the rank of true statesmen. The principle that actuated their policy was a laudable desire for Union, and had not that feeling existed to a certain extent, the happy result would not have been so speedily or satisfactorily attained. The hon. gentleman gave proofs of his statements. On the first day of the conference in London, when the 16 delegates met, the Premier of Nova Scotia, seconded by the Premier of New Brunswick, moved that he (Mr. Macdonald) be chosen the chairman to preside over their deliberations—thus exhibiting a generous feeling of confidence in the liberality of Canada. This had been done without previous consultation in any way, the conference having met before the delegates had fairly recovered themselves from the hurry and bustle of travel. (Cheers.) He had felt it an honor to preside at the conference, and was delighted to find that the people of Canada appreciated the compliment. And another proof of the liberality of the Lower Province delegates had proved a great augury for Canada—a final and crowning triumph. Without, as before, any previous understanding, the two Provinces expressed their willingness to sacrifice their local distinctions, and moved that the new Dominion be called Canada! There had been no dictation on the part of our delegates, as they were particularly cautious not to make any suggestion, but the offering was of free will. Canada was a pleasing name, one universally known, on 'Change and elsewhere. The choice, therefore, was prudent and gratifying. The mission of the Delegates had been attended with much hard labor. The Conference was continued morning and night, communication being constantly made with the English government. There had been so much to settle, that had not the Delegates practiced a spirit of concession,—give and take—with the one great object of Union, another jewel would not now be added to the Crown of her Majesty.

But while paying a tribute to the Lower Province delegates, an equal tribute is due to the British government. The politicians out of power, and those in power united to aid in the measure of Union. The Reform question was agitating Parliament and threatened destruction to the Union Act, but the leaders sacrificed their political arrangements rather than it should be delayed. The Hon. Mr. Gladstone and Hon. Mr. D'Israeli settled across the table when the bill should be considered, and with a sacrifice of party agency it passed the House at a critical political period, with a speed unprecedented in connection with any great measure. (Cheers.)

Mr. Macdonald expressed himself more strongly on the kind interest taken by her Majesty the Queen in the prosperity of the Colonies. It was not mere official courtesy that had been extended to the delegates. They had the honor of obtaining, at her Majesty's own request, a private audience at the Palace. He received from her Majesty's lips the assurance that she took the greatest interest in the affairs affecting the Provinces, and was not unmindful of the spirit of loyalty exhibited by her transatlantic subjects. He (Mr. Macdonald) had great pleasure in fulfilling her Majesty's request to convey these thoughts to the Colonists, and he felt a pride in repeating them to his constituents. (Cheers.)

In all probability before he again left Kingston the news would be flashed over the Atlantic Cable that her Majesty had been pleased to issue her Royal Proclamation, proclaiming the New Dominion. (Loud Cheers.) Although the fixing of the date for the Union to take effect was in the naming of her Majesty's advisers, he had reason to believe that the first or second week in July would witness the consummation of the wishes of the people of the Provinces. (Cheers.) There would be much work to be done by the ministers who are to wind up the affairs of Canada. On future ministers would depend the good government of the Dominion. Whether he should take part in the new Government depends upon two things:—on the people of Kingston to elect him, and on her Majesty in calling him to her Council. Should his constituents select him, he should be most happy to serve them. (Cheers.) In case he was one of the choice of the new viceroy as an adviser of the Crown, he in common with his colleagues, would also have much to do in the way of putting their house in order, adjusting balances, and leaving a clean sheet to enter into the new partnership.

Another and an early duty would be the successful launch of the good ship Confederation. An amount of legislation has to be done—the reorganization of our commercial system, the assimilation of the customs duties, the better organization of the militia, and the extension and improvement of the Public Works. The first Parliament would be important, as it would deal with all these subjects.

The Provinces were now in a state of transition, and it was left to the politicians to say whether the Union should be carried out harmoniously. There must be a higher tone in the dealings of politicians than the divisions of old, and much self-sacrifice and disinterestedness. There must be an absence of party lines in a party sense. (Cheers.) If there are to be parties, let them be junctions of men whose principles are to give the new country a happy launch into existence. Politicians here of old have not generally been guided by a high standard. Personal feelings must now be made a question of party. A solemn act will be the first act of the Canadian Parliament, for it will tell greatly for the future good or ill of the Dominion. His desire was to see abolished the old cries, old enmities, and to have elected to Parliament, honest, prudent and conscientious men. That man is an enemy to his country who will at this junction form too strong an attachment to party lines. (Cheers.)

Mr. Macdonald having reviewed the political aspect, returned to personal matters. He repeated that he felt exceedingly gratified with the cordial welcome contained in the address presented to him. He knew it was not a mere ceremonious wording, but it came sincerely from the heart. (Cheers.) He returned also in behalf of Mrs. Macdonald, her thanks for the reception. Canada she was familiar with, and this was not her first visit to Kingston, except in a representative capacity. Any shortcomings in the people's representative would be made up, he was sure, in his own. (Laughter.) Mrs. Macdonald was greatly affected by the kindly greeting she had received. He thought that she was not altogether mistaken in her choice of a husband when she found that so many gentlemen whom he (Mr. Macdonald) had known from his school days, politically and personally, had turned out in his honor. He found it a pleasure, indeed, to get back to good old Kingston.

Mr. Macdonald then returned his sincere thanks to the Volunteers who had turned out to honor him as the Minister of Militia. The time would come, he said, when they would not wear the sword in vain. Among the various advances to take place under Confederation, none would be more marked than the increased security of the provinces. Under a new military organization, with the mother country at our back, we could ably defend our soil. From the language used during the recent debate in the House of Lords, concerning the defence of Canada, the spirit of the people of England was shown that they desired to stand by Canada, provided she will assist in her own defence. The Duke of Cambridge scouted the idea that Canada, backed by the mother country, was not secure. (Cheers.) After again thanking his constituents, Mr. Macdonald retired from the platform amid a round of applause.

HON. MR. CARTIER'S RECEPTION.

The Hon. Mr. Cartier was honored with a very flattering reception at Montreal on Friday evening, on the occasion of his return. We make room for the hon. gentleman's speech as reported in the *Gazette*:

The Hon. Mr. Cartier proceeded to address the assemblage in both languages, and after loud and prolonged cheers, said:—Mr. Starnes, friends and constituents of Montreal East, I know you well—I know almost every individual of the audience I have the honour to address, and am aware that in honouring me with this mark of approbation of my past career—particularly as regards its connection with the great measure of confederation—you are under the impression that I have done something for my country. Gentlemen, acknowledging your kindness on this occasion, I know that our meeting here this evening is connected with—to us the great event of the day—the consummation of Confederation. (Cheers.) This is a measure which has raised Canada from a mere province into a nation. Henceforth we shall rank among the nations. (Renewed cheers.) Hereafter Canada will comprise not merely the comparatively insignificant provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, but Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland, Hudson's Bay and British Columbia, in addition. When all the provinces mentioned in the great scheme have come into the Union as members of the great Confederacy, the Dominion of Canada will extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean. (Loud applause.) And, gentlemen, there is a fact, of which, perhaps, you are not aware. When in France, a few weeks ago, I was proud to state to a gentleman in high authority in Paris, that by this great union of the Provinces, we shall rank as the third commercial power in the world. (Loud applause.) We shall in this respect stand only behind England and the United States. When we come to think that we have obtained such a result without violence or bloodshed, without political trouble or dissension, such as has been witnessed in other countries, we have reason to be proud. Abroad one nation has aggrandised itself at the expense of another, by war, but with regard to us, our success in rising from a province into a nation, without hostility of any kind, is unparalleled in the history of the world. We and the delegates from the lower provinces met one fortunate day, and agreed among ourselves on a measure of union; and that agreement, founded on mutual compromise and harmony of sentiment, met the acceptance of the Imperial Government. I am happy to tell you that, though it was a very anxious duty for any of us to go before the Imperial Government and other public men of England to advocate the passing of such a measure there was at the same time a pleasure in dealing with such honest and able men—not only those in power, but the leaders of other parties. (Cheers.) All parties acquiesced in and supported our scheme; and, notwithstanding the immense amount of prejudice which must have existed in some quarters against the granting of an Imperial guarantee for the money required for the Intercolonial Railway, all parties joined in helping us, knowing it was necessary to complete the Union project. Leading men on both sides did not shrink from promoting the measure in Parliament—and you must have seen, from the debates on the subject, that both the great parties assented to this measure. (Loud Cheers.) With regard to Montreal, the question of the Intercolonial Railroad ought to be properly appreciated. It should not be regarded as merely connecting one locality with another. Bear this in mind, that the two Canadas at present contain a population of at least three millions. We are not as we were thirty years ago, a small population, whose importations from Europe were completed during the season of navigation. At present we require to import the whole year round, and are at the mercy of our neighbours during the winter months. I do not say our neighbors would deny us the right of transit and the benefits of the bonded system during that season; but suppose they did, where should we be? (Hear, hear.) Where would be the importations by the commercial men of Montreal, and their consequent prosperity? If we had that great highway, the Intercolonial Railroad, supposing there should be a feeling among our neighbors, in favour of excluding us from the privilege of transit through their territory—which I do not charge them with at present—would they act upon it? No, they would not. (Cheers.) Well, gentlemen, bear in mind, when the question of the Intercolonial Railway is brought up, that it is one in which the citizens and commercial men of Montreal are more interested than those of any other portion of Canada. (Hear, hear.) I thank you very cordially for your kindness in leaving your houses and business for a time, to come here to welcome me so enthusiastically. I assure you I will never forget your kindness. In the address and speech of my friend the Mayor, allusion is made to my presenting myself again to my constituents for re-election to Parliament, and the wish has been expressed that I should stand for both the General and Local Parliaments. Gentlemen, I am not an old man yet, and have a little vigor and strength left. (Laughter and cheers.) And I have a certain amount of mental capacity, which might be of service to you. I do not pretend to any superiority over my fellows; there are many superior to me in intellect, no doubt; but I will say I do not know a man superior to me in sincerity of purpose, in an honorable desire to serve the community, and in love of my country. (Cheers.) Those three feelings have always guided me in my past political life, and shall continue to influence me in the time to come. (Applause.) It has always been my conviction that a statesman, while desiring to protect the interests of Lower Canada, should not merely think of the interests of his own fellow-countrymen or co-religionists, but look after those of the other sections of the population—should see, for example, if a Catholic, that the privileges, rights and religious convictions of the minority receive all due respect—that all should enjoy perfect liberty. (Loud cheers.) So long as I live, and possess strength, I will never seek repose, or try to shun such work or trouble as might result in benefit to my countrymen and fellow-citizens. If you desire it, I shall present myself to become your representative in both Local and General Parliaments.

Gentlemen, I thank you heartily for the honor you have done me, and beg you to accept my kindest wishes for your individual prosperity. (Loud and long continued cheering.)

We clip the following from a late number of Wilkes' *Spirit of the Times*:

"The latter part of last month a brave band of sportsmen left Quebec to shoot moose in the State of Maine. The snow lay deep in the primeval forest, and it was an easy matter to chase down the cows big with young. The bold Canadian hunters sallied forth on snow-shoes, ran down and slew many moose, several of which were said to have been big with calf. What think you of such conduct? As it is as easy to chase down in deep snow and kill a moose when heavy with young as it would be to kill a cow in a barnyard, and the meat of a cow heavy with calf is as good as that of a moose in the same condition, therefore where's the difference in the crime of killing them? Professor Bergh would soon punish the man who should kill his cow while in such condition; but who is to punish those recreant Canadians who call themselves 'sportsmen'."

Would it be possible for the Quebec Fish and Game Club to furnish the names of those brave Nimrods, so that those who were guilty of such cruel and unsportsmanlike conduct might have the benefit of the notoriety to which they are undoubtedly entitled?—*Montreal Gazette*.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 18, 1867.

The *Evening Telegraph* has a favorable notice of a book of poetry shortly to be published by Corporal Ryan, of the 100th Regiment. Ryan is a native of Toronto, and was educated here.

The Court of Revision is busily engaged hearing appeals against assessment. In most instances a few words of explanation have served to satisfy the applicants. The result of the appeals will not affect the valuations of the assessors in an important degree.

Yesterday afternoon as a soldier of the Royal Artillery was strolling over the Commons, he observed one of his comrades lying behind the Stockade. The man's position being somewhat singular he drew near, and found he was bleeding profusely from a gash across his throat. He turned out to be Bombadier Higgins of the 5th Batt. Royal Artillery. He was still alive, though appearances indicated that he had made a desperate attempt to take his life. His face and hands were covered with blood, and near him lay a razor with which the wound had been inflicted. He was at once removed to the Hospital, and surgical attendance procured; the wound, though serious, is not likely to prove fatal. He refuses to say why he attempted to take his life, but as it is known he was recently married without the consent of his commanding officer, and as the Battery has received orders to remove to St. John, N. B., it is supposed the thought of leaving his wife behind so preyed upon his mind, that it led him to commit the rash act.

Another rehearsal for the monster concert on Queen's Birthday took place this afternoon.

The police this morning made a descent on a house on Stanley-st., known to be frequented by thieves, and seized large quantities of stolen goods.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 18, 1867.

Hon. Mr. Cartier arrived here last evening at 7 o'clock. A large crowd with bands of music met him at the station. Addresses were presented to him by his Worship the Mayor, by a deputation from St. Johns and by his constituents. Mr. Cartier delivered in reply a speech of considerable length, in which he congratulated the country on the passage of the Union Bill, and upon the fact of the guarantee for the Intercolonial railway having been obtained. He also stated that it was his intention to come forward for Montreal East, in the Confederate Parliament, as well as the Local Legislature. He was then escorted by a large procession in carriages and on foot, to his residence, where he again thanked his friends for the reception they had given him. A fine display of fireworks wound up the demonstration.

There is a rumor that the Fenian Gen. Massey, who turned Queen's evidence, came out in the *St. Andrew*, which arrived in port yesterday.

The steamship *Hibernian* arrived at four o'clock.

Weather continues cold and most unfavorable to agricultural operations.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—I am directed to send you for insertion the following preamble and resolutions, unanimously adopted at a special general meeting of the St. Patrick's Literary Association of this city, held in the Society's Hall on the 15th instant.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

James Goulden.

Ottawa, 16th of May, 1867.

Moved by J. L. P. O'Hanly and seconded by John Lyons, "Whereas the editor of the Toronto *Canadian Freeman* newspaper, a journal ostensibly published in the interest of the Irish Catholics of Canada and supported by the funds of that community, have in the issue of that paper published on the 28th of March last, maliciously slandered the Irish population of this city, charging them with disloyalty and other divers grave accusations, tending seriously to damage the reputation and social position of Irishmen in this Province, to alienate from them their fellow subjects of other creeds and origins, and thereby to deprive them of their just share in the administration of public affairs, as well as endangering the peace and harmony of society, and that union so desirable amongst citizens of a common country.

"And whereas when the editor of said newspaper was requested to deny the false statements, and make amends to the people whom he slandered, he not only refused but persisted in his wanton and unfounded accusations adding insult to injury.

"And whereas it is the solemn duty of Irishmen to discountenance such conduct, by withdrawing their support from it and like newspapers."

1st. Be it therefore resolved and it is hereby resolved that the *Canadian Freeman* newspaper be forever expelled from the Reading-room of this Association, and that the editor of said newspaper deserves the censure of this Society, and this Association would earnestly recommend the Irish Catholics of Canada to cease taking said newspaper.

2nd. Provides for paying his account.

3rd. That James Goulden, Esq., be instructed and is hereby instructed to send a copy of this preamble and resolutions to the editor of said newspaper, to the Toronto *Irish Canadian*, *Globe* and *Leader*, to the Montreal *Herald* and *Gazette*, to the Quebec *News* and *Chronicle*, and the city papers requesting them to insert the same.

NOVA SCOTIA LEGISLATURE.

The Legislature of Nova Scotia was prorogued on the 30th ult. In his speech upon that occasion, his Excellency Sir Fenwick Williams, said:

"I cannot close this session without expressing the deep gratification with which I have witnessed the action of both branches of the Legislature on the question of the Union of the two Canadas. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, under one Government and Parliament, as I firmly believe your adoption of that measure will not only greatly increase the general prosperity of British America, and elevate all these Provinces in the scale of nations, but that Union was imperatively demanded, in order to give stability to the institutions you enjoy, and permanent security to this portion of her Majesty's dominions as an integral portion of the empire.

"In the sincere hope that Almighty God will bless and prosper you all, and that the loyal people of this my native Province may be happy and prosperous, I now close this session of the Legislature."

Queen's Birthday.—The observation of the approaching Queen's Birthday in Ottawa promises to come off with more than ordinary *eclat*. The Victoria Rifles have received leave to celebrate the day in that city, and they have chartered a steamboat for the occasion. With the wing of the 100th stationed there, the Civil Service Corps and the Victoria's, there will be quite enough men to make the necessary noise, smoke and excitement attending a review. No doubt the people of the city of the Parliament buildings will be highly delighted. It is rumored that the "Queen's Own," from Toronto, are also invited, and will take part in the proceedings. If so, it is to be hoped that the Victoria's will muster a full battalion for the credit of the city they will represent. Much has been said about them highly flattering in Toronto heretofore, and the Victoria's may depend that if the Queen's Own leave Toronto they will number every man of the six hundred, composing the Regiment of 12 companies, and as they have been steadily at drill in full force all winter, and taking part in field days with the regulars, they will be well up in drill and determined to do their best. The Victoria's should turn out to a man, and every member of the battalion should remember that nothing looks so miserable or disgraceful as a battalion with a good name and empty ranks, especially when they leave home to represent the city they belong to. After the review the La Crosse match will take place, in which a good number of the Victoria's play. If the weather is only fine a day of much enjoyment will doubtless be spent.—*Montreal Telegraph*.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

Turkey Refuses to Cede Candia.

London, May 18.—Eve.—Despatches have been received here from Constantinople, which state that the Sublime Porte has replied to the proposition of the great powers of Europe, relative to the cession of Candia to the Greek government. He assures the powers of his ability to suppress the existing rebellion, and firmly declines to cede the Island to any foreign state.

Arrivals Out.

Queenstown, May 18.—Eve.—The steamers *Louisiana* from New York, 1st, and the *City of Cork* New York, 20, and the *Queen*, New York, 4, have arrived here to-day on their way to Liverpool.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A Fenian Manifesto.

Central Office, Fenian Brotherhood, No. 5 Frankfort-St., New York, May 18.—Colonel O'Connor, who first raised the standard of revolt in Kerry, reported himself at the central office this morning, having come direct from Ireland. He brings despatches from the chief military man now in Ireland, of a most cheering nature, and of vital importance. He states that the lines of communication between the leaders are again perfect, that the organization is stronger to day than ever, and that the men are more determined to grapple with the enemy, with more hopeful chances of success than at any period since Fenianism was inaugurated.

Important United States Customs Order.

Washington, May 18.—The following circular, addressed to the Collectors of Customs, has been issued:

Treasury Department, May 15, 1867.

As it seems to be desirable that the privilege of unloading at night should be extended to a class of steamers engaged in the coal oil trade, in regular established lines along the lakes of the Northern frontier of the United States, between ports in the United States East of Niagara Falls, and ports West of the same, which are compelled to pass Welland Canal, and thus touch foreign places, the regulations of February 18, 1867, are with respect to such steamers so far modified as to authorise the unloading of cargo from them at night, by virtue of a special permit from the Collectors, or their Chief Officer of Customs, under the immediate personal supervision of an inspector, and without requiring the oath prescribed by the aforesaid regulations of February 18.

(Signed) Hugh McCulloch,
Secretary of Treasury.

Arrival of the "S. S. Hansa."

New York, May 18.—The steamer *Hansa* from Southampton 7th, arrived this evening.

The London *Times*, speaking of the Hyde Park demonstration, says the public were surprised to learn that the Government permitted the demonstration and resolved not to interfere. The authorities had sworn in fifteen thousand special constables, reinforcements for the military were ordered from Aldershot, cavalry brought up and a plan of military operations against the park perfected in case the police were inadequate. Forty to fifty thousand people were present, and the crowd was the most orderly ever assembled.

The Suez canal is open for merchandize, and will be open for ships in 30 months.

Spanish official papers deny that disturbances have occurred, and say's perfect tranquility prevails.

The Malta correspondence of the *Times* says: The Spanish difficulty has been settled, and the iron-clads at Gibraltar have been ordered back to Malta.

AN IMPORTANT DESPATCH.

The Cable of '66 Damaged by an Iceberg—No Communication through it—The Cable of '65 all right.

New York, May 18.—*To the Agent of the Associated Press:* Dear Sir,—I have this afternoon received a telegram from J. C. Dean, secretary of the Anglo Telegraph Company, containing the annexed copy of a letter which appears in the London papers of this morning, which I send for the information of the press.

Yours very truly,
Cyrus W. Field.

To the Editor of the London Times:

Sir,—The uninterrupted state of telegraphic communication with America is evinced by the fact that in the course of yesterday ninety messages passed, yielding £2,591 5s. 0d. In order, however, to mitigate as far as possible the effect of vague and exaggerated rumors, I feel it my duty, as chairman of this company, to ask you to put the public in possession of the following facts, viz.: On the 5th inst., it was reported that on the 4th at 6:30 p.m., a large iceberg had grounded off the harbor of Heart's Content, Newfoundland, about 1½ miles north-west of the northern point and 200 yards east of the 1866 cable, in about 16 fathoms of water. No danger with the present wind.

On the 8th inst., it was reported that the iceberg had disappeared, but in passing over the cable of '66 it seems, however, that some damage must have been done, for the signals through that cable became imperfect, and have now ceased. The cable of '65, however, is unimpaired, and there is no reason to doubt that the injury to the cable of '66 will be repaired without delay, or any considerable expense. I need only add that the capability of the cable of '65 exceeds the requirements of the business, great as it is, between this country and America.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
Chas. E. Stewart,
Chairman of Anglo-American Telegraph Co.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Prospects of the Turkish Empire.

New York, May 18.—The *Herald's* Constantinople correspondence contains matters relative to the progress of the Eastern question to a war crisis, which is of the highest importance, particularly when read in connection with cable despatches announcing the defeat of Omar Pasha in two severe battles in Candia, and the renewed representation of the Great Powers to the Sultan, as to the advisability of the cession of Crete to Greece. Russia according to reports, was gradually encircling the Turkish Provinces due east, south and southeast with her troops, and large bodies of the soldiers of the Czar were stationed near Simpheropol, between Kars and Tifflis, while the country between Kars and Ezeroun in Armenia was scoured by Russian cavalry. Sebastopol is stronger than ever. One 150,000 men are in and around the city. Odessa was filled with troops, and it was quite evident that Russia was prepared to administrate at any moment the effects of the sick man with profit to herself. Bankrupt almost in treasury, and finance, the Sultan was surrounded with home difficulties tending ever to open insurrection in the capital.

In the case of grievance to some Italian fishermen, the minister of Victor Emmanuel recently appeared in the Imperial presence, and demanded redress in haughty and peremptory language.

The people subject to the Porte groan under the heavy load of taxation which they are called on to bear, while French officers travel the interior of the Empire, noting and reporting upon its industrial capacity, produce, and mines.

Arrivals.

New York, May 18.—The steamers *Atlanta* and *Britannia*, from London, have arrived. News anticipated.

Sandy Hook, May 18.—The steamer *Hansa*, from Bremen, will be up about 4 o'clock.

Extensive Forgery.

New York, May 18.—A forgery was perpetrated on the Broadway Bank, yesterday, amounting to $17,000. No clue to forgers.

Ristori going to Europe.

New York, May 18.—Ristori yesterday made another donation of $140 to the Widow of Sculptor Fanari. She sailed for Europe today in the *Ville de Paris*.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 18.—Stock at second board weaker.

Opposition.

New York, May 18.—It is reported the Hudson River Railroad will carry passengers from New York to Albany for $1.50, in opposition to the boats.

—A company with $500,000 capital, is seeking permission of the Massachusetts Legislature to lay down pneumatic tubes anywhere in the streets for the transmission of packages, mail matter, &c.

FROM EUROPE.

More Fenians Found Guilty.

Dublin, May 18.—The trial of the three Fenians, Flood, Duffey, and Cody, was finished last evening. They were found guilty, and will probably be sentenced to-day.

London Money Market.

London, May 18.—Money firmer; consols 92½.

London, May 18—2 p.m.—Money firmer consols 92½ for money.

Rinderpest broken out again in England.

Orders have been issued in council for the prevention or restriction of the ravages of rinderpest, which has again appeared and prevails in some of the counties of England.

Arrivals Out.

Florence, May 18.—A despatch has just been received here stating that the United States frigate *Colorado* and her tender, the *Frolic*, has arrived in Messina, in Sicily.

Turkish Victories.

London, May 18—Noon.—The Turks claim great victories over the Cretans in recent battles.

Opposition to the French Army Bill.

Paris, May 18.—The French Corps Legislatif are opposed to the army bill proposed by the Emperor.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms, deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deals everywhere.

350y

BIRTH.

On the 18th instant, the wife of James Arthur Stewart, Esq., of a son.

DIED.

At Nepean, Ottawa, on the 19th inst., Barbara Young, aged 78 years, beloved wife of John Rochester, Esquire.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon, the 21st, at half-past two o'clock, from her husband's residence, Richmond-road, (west end of the city). Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

439-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PROCLAMATION.

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA ARE respectfully requested to observe FRIDAY, the 24th day of MAY, 1867, the Birthday of Her Majesty, the Queen, as a

PUBLIC HOLIDAY!

By closing all places of business, hoisting of flags and such other decorations as may be deemed fitting for the due and proper celebration of the day.

Given under my hand this twentieth day of May, A.D., 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

439-td

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

OTTAWA, C. W.

LESSEE.........................JOHN TOWNSEND.

By the kind permission, and under the distinguished patronage of

Lieut.-Col. W. Campbell, Commanding,

And the Officers of Hundredth Prince of Wales Royal Canadian Regiment,

THE AMATEURS

Of the above Corps, have the honor to announce to their friends—Military and Civil—they will give

A Grand Variety Entertainment!

In the above Theatre, on

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

May 21st and 22nd, 1867.

PROGRAMME:

"A Visit to Wonder World,"

Introducing Startling Illusions and Feats of Natural Magic.

By G. W. D. GORDON......Modern Prestidigitateur.

Comic Song, "The Beauty of Brixton," BY A. TAYLOR.

The Irresistible Forty Step Jig!

By Pete Graham...............Champion Boot Dancer.

Poetical Reading—Selections from

"The Songs of a Wanderer,"

BY CARROLL RYAN.

INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

J. Robertson, the Boneless Youth,

Will perform his wonderful feats of

Contortion and Agility!

Comic Song, "Sarah's Young Man," BY A. TAYLOR, Lion Comique.

Great Clog Dance

By JOE NICHOLLS, ☞ Who has kindly given his services on the above Evenings.

The Evening's Entertainment to conclude with the side-splitting Farce in one Act, entitled

BETSY BAKER!

CHARACTERS:

Mr. Marmaduke Mouser...............G. W. D. Gordon.
Crummy.......................................A. Taylor.
Mrs. Mouser..........................Miss G. W. Poole.
Betsy Baker.........................Miss T. B. Thornell.

Prices of Admission—Gallery, 25 cents; Boxes, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5. Children in arms, five dollars.

Doors open at 8 p.m. Performance to commence at 8:30, p.m., precisely.

By the kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the Band of the Royal Canadians will be in attendance, and perform a choice selection of popular music.

☞ Carriages may be ordered for 11 p.m.

G. W. GORDON, Stage Manager.

439-td

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Lost,

ON THE RICHMOND ROAD, BEtween the Toll Gate and the entrance of Wellington-st., on Saturday afternoon, a pocket book containing four $10 bills, five $5 bills on the bank of British North America. also a quantity of Canadian silver. The number of the bills are known. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by returning it to the Times office.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-1

LAST WEEK BUT ONE!!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Great Clearing Cheap Sale,

Before removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of June.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT GIVEN!!

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY!!!

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 20, 1867. 439-y

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,

Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, May 17, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 20 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

ANNUAL

SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer.

439-td

MEETING OF DRUGGISTS.

Pharmaceutical Society of Canada.

WE, the undersigned Chemists, Druggists and Assistants, agree to attend a meeting of the trade on MONDAY evening at half-past eight o'clock, in the Committee Room, Mechanics' Institute, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of taking steps to form the Pharmaceutical Society of Canada.

John Roberts,	A. Hearn,
George Mortimer,	Robert Daniel,
H. F. MacCarthy,	W. A. Lloyd,
W. M. Massey,	C. R. Jones,
Joseph Skinner,	Francis R. Davidson,
Charles Austin,	Henry Morton,
J. Browne,	D. Kenly. 439-1

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

PROGRAMME.

A FULL PARADE OF THE ENTIRE Military Force, Regular and Volunteer, will take place on the GOVERNMENT HILL SQUARE.

A grand FEU DE JOIE will be fired at 12 o'clock noon. RINGING OF THE CITY BELLS.

A grand parade of the OTTAWA FIRE BRIGADE, will be held at the CITY HALL SQUARE, at 1 o'clock p.m., under the direction of the Superintendent.

REVIEW OF THE FIRE BRIGADE.

After which a MASS PROCESSION of the Firemen will immediately follow.

Chief Marshall—The Chief of Police.

The procession will leave the City Hall Square, at half-past 1 o'clock p.m., in the following order:

UNION JACK.
Gowan's Band.
Ottawa Fire Company.
Lower Town Hook & Ladder Company.
Favreau's Band.
Queen Fire Company.
Rideau Fire Company.
Chaudiere Band.
Chaudiere Fire Company.
Central Hook & Ladder Company.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

From the City Hall Square through Rideau, Dalhousie, St. Patrick and Sussex-sts., thence along Sparks to Bay-st., thence along Wellington-st. to Metcalfe st., thence to and along Sparks-st. to Elgin-st and City Hall Square, where the Fire Brigade will be dispersed after the usual address from the Mayor.

A CHAMPION GAME OF LA CROSSE Will be played between the Montreal and Ottawa players on the large field opposite the Protestant Hospital at the East end of Rideau-st at three o'clock p.m.

CANOE RACES

Will take place in the Rideau Canal between Champagne's Hotel, above the head of the Deep Cut, and the Sapper's Bridge, at 5 o'clock p.m

Bark Canoes	1st Prize	$12.00
" "	2nd "	6.00
Log Canoes	1st "	12.00
" "	2nd "	6.00

ATHLETIC GAMES,

For Prizes, open to boys under eighteen years of age, will commence on the Major's Hill at nine o'clock a.m., to conclude in time for the Military Review.

Bands will be in attendance on each of the above occasions throughout the day.

(By order of the Celebration Committee.)

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-3d

MR. J. W. TAVERNER,

Who is unrivalled as a reader of the INGOLSBY LEGENDS,

Will give READINGS in

SHAKSPEARE, DICKENS,

AND THE

Mirth and Marvels of Ingolsby,

ON

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 20th,

AT WEBSTER'S HALL.

To commence at 8 o'clock, precisely.

TICKETS—25 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

May 18. 438-2

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-d

AUCTION SALES.

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437tf

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 426y

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture!

H. McLEAN will sell at the residence of MR. C. A. GAGNON, No. 95, South Side Rideau-street, in Preston's Block,

ON MONDAY, MAY 20TH,

At the hour of 2 o'clock, p.m.,

all the Household Furniture and Effects consisting of Carpets, Tables, (Dining and Centre,) Chairs, Bureaus, Sofas, Bedsteads, Washstands, Parlor and Kitchen Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, &c., &c., &c., all for positive sale, as the parties are leaving the city. Terms Cash.

The House to Let.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 16, 1867. 436-td

NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

433-y

NEW

FAMILY GROCERY.

THE Subscribers most respectfully beg to intimate that they will open, to-day, Friday, the 10th instant, a first-class Family Grocery, in N. S. Blasdell's new white Brick Building,

Cor. of Kent & Wellington-sts.,

UPPER TOWN,

Where they will be prepared at all times to furnish their customers with every article generally kept in a first-class establishment.

Their Stock of

TEAS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
SPICES,
SOAPS,

And GENERAL GROCERIES, being all new will be found on trial to be of a superior description.

A call solicited.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL.

May 10. 431tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf.

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,

264 Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 419 y

NOTICE.

THE CONFIRMATION

FOR

ST. ALBAN'S PARISH!

WILL BE HELD (D.V.)

ON SATURDAY EVENING,

At 7 o'clock,

In the Court House, Daly-st.

T. BEDFORD JONES, LL.D.

May 16. 436-3

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

Heney's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 435-a

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES OF THE BANK-ST. CHURCH will hold A BAZAAR, to aid in the erection of a NEW CHURCH, on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

When the large and valuable collection of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the BAND of the 100th Regiment will be in attendance on the evenings of the 22nd and 23rd.

The sale will be held in the Royal Victoria Hotel, kindly granted for the purpose by the proprietor.

LUNCH will be served each day from 12 to 3

Admittance, 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 18. 433td

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	Hats,
Ribbons,	Feathers,
Flowers,	Bonnet Ornaments.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Meltonia,	Striped Tweeds,
Venetians,	Coatings,
Vest Patterns,	Broadcloths,
Cassimeres,	Doeskins,
&c.,	&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL-FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Corporation of the City of Ottawa until MONDAY, the twentieth day of MAY, 1867, at seven o'clock, p.m., for the Grading and Ditching of Bank and Esther Streets, from the City limits to Sparks-street, and the Grading of the East End of Rideau street, in accordance with specifications of the said works to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

By order,

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 433td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Puffs, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

Stoves

Stoves,

Stoves,

Lamps,

Lamps,

Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,

Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street.

March 30, 1867. 396y

Cow Lost.

STRAYED away from the Premises of the Subscriber, on Monday, 13th inst., a BLACK COW, about 12 years old; on each Horn a Brass Knob. Any person who will return her, or give such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded.

J. B. PARANT,
Church-st.

Ottawa, May 17. 437-1

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blosset—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—

And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply, will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with MR. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

New City Directory, 1867-8.

MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with MR. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the new work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 18. 428-6m

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 403tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents

OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq; Donald Dow, Esq David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,

Yours respectfully,

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lbs each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOWS CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAWS SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAWS CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 224tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 15. 409y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 4 3tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 28 1867. 396tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 43-8

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA
FORWARDING COMPANY

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY.
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN.

On the opening of navigation, until further notice, the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,

312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a License under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of he statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by o to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Farmers Make a Note of It!

WHEN YOU COME TO TOWN YOU can buy

THE BEST TEAS,

THE BEST COFFEES,

AND GROCERIES

of every description, either Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest cash prices from

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

N. B.—Always on hand a choice stock of WINES and LIQUORS of every description.

April 4. 14w2m

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a m.	At Prescott 9.35 a m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4100 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 3100 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at	8.00 A.M.
Night do do at	8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.	
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c.	5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at	6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at	8.30 A M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,	2.00 P.M
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at	3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at	10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

STRAYED into the premises of the Subscriber on the 29th March, a DARK RED COW. The owner on proving property and paying expenses can have her returned. Apply to

JAMES O'MALLEY,
Butcher, Hull.

April 4. 14w3

BEE-HIVES!

J. H. THOMAS' FIRST PRIZE Single and Double Boarded MOVEABLE COMB BEE-HIVES for sale. Send for Circular and price-list.

JOHN HENDERSON,
AGENT.

New Edinburgh, February 25. w9-3m

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA.

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Comercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT,
Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 12w

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE Township of North Gower intend, on the

Eighth day of June next,

At their Sittings in the TOWN HALL of said Township, to

Pass a By-Law

For the purpose of establishing a ROAD from the Front of the Third Concession to the Rear of the Fourth Concession of said Township, at or near the River Rideau.

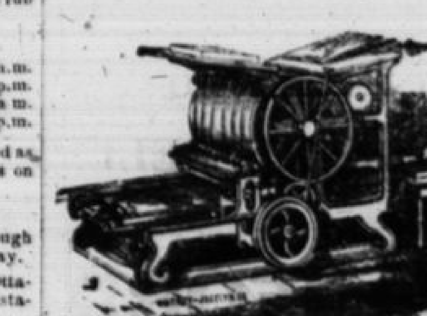
JAS. B. EASTMAN,
Township Clerk.

North Gower, April 4 14w4

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks St., Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC!

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION,

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant.

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot & Shoe Store,

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the *cure of costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867 368d3w9-

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL.

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

B. B. S.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., as Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two Thousand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portage du Fort.

January 29, 1867 w5-6m

Fresh Teas! Fresh Teas!

JUST RECEIVING A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, and for sale at lowest Cash prices, Wholesale or Retail.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, April 4. 14w2m

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarsen
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

CITY OF OTTAWA — ADVANCE

The Court of Revision

FOR the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, will hold its first sitting in the City Hall, in the said city, on MONDAY, the TWENTIETH day of MAY, 1867, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons interested are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 6, 1867. 428-td

CITY OF OTTAWA — ADVANCE

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

CITY OF OTTAWA — ADVANCE

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any House where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-30

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.

Ottawa December 7 314tf

THO. RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*: also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 440. OTTAWA C. W. TUESDAY. MAY 21, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton,—Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the largest circulation of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $8 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. N. W. Ayer & Son, 41 Park Row, New York, and Messrs. Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390y

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Garner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer, and Buckingham, C. E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
M. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post-office Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 18-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., *for sale.*
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments turned and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 192-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flecks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any diseases of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 28. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne:
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Rock and Fancy Store, York Street, 2 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and neatly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 242tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - £5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES.
London,..... Liverpool,..... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 356-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 20.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent, Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT, RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS,
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 14. 383-6m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, stewpans, Egg Poachers and slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Biscuit moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Colanders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or worn out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
408-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000.
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., Times office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

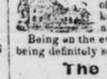
TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
May 11. 452tf

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street, opposite the residence of N. Sparks, Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN, *Auctioneer.*
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET



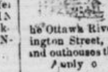
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENRY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 370tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining; the same forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND,
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.



THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blisdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Bessemer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. E. P. O'HANLY, Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant stone Building (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants herein. And for terms, &c., apply to LEWIS & MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HAL

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.
Court of Revision—W. P. Lett.
Government Notice—W. H. Lee.
New Boot and Shoe Store—M. White.
Cottage to Let on Sandy Hill.
English Fox Hounds for Sale.
Desirable Business Premises to Let—Jas. Brough.
Government Notice.—W. H. Lee.
New Spring Groceries—Dalgish & Russell.
Horse for Sale.

THE POST OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'D.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.00 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.00 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.00 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m
Aylmer, and offices above, on	8.00 a. m. and	11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m
North side of the Ottawa.	11.30 a. m.	5.30 p. m
Arnprior Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m
Buckingham, L'Original, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m
Templeton, Chelsea, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m
P. M. Letters and Newspapers	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12.30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p. m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

OTTAWA, MAY 21, 1867.

☞ *For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.*

Elsewhere we publish a lengthy letter from the Hon. Mr. McGEE to his constituents. The topics discussed are necessarily of absorbing interest at the present time, and we therefore commend it to the consideration of those of our readers who take an interest in the political situation.

Two of our Montreal contemporaries of yesterday—the *Minerve* and *Daily News*, announce the holding of a Cabinet Council at that city on Friday. Unless the place of meeting has been changed they are mistaken, as it was previously understood, that the Cabinet would meet here on that day. The *News* also says that Mr. McGEE is expected in Montreal by the 24th, an expectation which we think will be doomed to disappointment, as he is believed to have only sailed from England, on Saturday last.

The City of Ottawa has now to prepare itself in earnest for the courteous discharge of its duties as the metropolis of the Canadian Confederacy. It is probable that the Hon. Mr. CARTIER will arrive on Thursday, and though we understand that the citizens of French Canadian origin have already initiated measures to give him a formal reception, it is befitting that the Corporation should take some action in the premises to mark the sense of the community at large of the hon. gentleman's great labors in perfecting the new Constitution, and their appreciation of his eminent services in harmonising the various elements, national and religious, of which our society is composed.

On Friday the Victoria Rifles of Montreal intend to honor this city with their presence, and surely it would not be an ungracious thing in our Corporation to extend to them a hearty welcome. Ottawa has good reason to cultivate a friendly feeling with Montreal. As the commercial capital of the new dominion, and as the seat of so many institutions of learning, Montreal must exercise a powerful influence on the public opinion of the country, and if anywhere it were desirable that this city should stand well in the estimation of her neighbors, nowhere can it be more to our interest to do so than in Montreal. We hope, therefore, that those who come from that city, to witness, or share in the celebration of her Majesty's birthday at Ottawa, will not have occasion to go away disappointed with their reception. We repeatedly call the attention of men in authority to these considerations.

The New Brunswick papers bring to hand particulars of a difference among the friends of Union in that Province over the appointment of the twelve Senators. To the list as first published it was objected that the "River Counties" had no representative in the Senate, and that no Roman Catholic were nominated. The last-named objection will doubtless be handled effectively by such a skillful agitator as Mr. ANGLIN of the *Freeman*, and as unfortunately there opposition means not merely opposition to Ministers, but opposition to the Constitution itself, it would be matter for deep regret if the charges of "sectarian bigotry" preferred by the *Freeman* were allowed to have even a colorable foundation in fact. The St. John *Globe* has the following telegram from Fredericton:—

"FREDERICTON, May 13.

"The request through the Lieut.-Governor by Cable, requesting the British Government to suspend the proclamation of Senators from New Brunswick till the 20th, has been complied with.

"It is thought that McClellan, or Chandler, or both, will give way in favor of a River County man or Roman Catholic.

"Trouble in government circles which nearly caused a rupture in Executive is quieted for the present."

It would thus appear that the Royal Proclamation was to have issued yesterday. The action of the LIEUT.-GOVERNOR of New Brunswick above referred to, no doubt explains the reason why the proclamation was not issued in the beginning of last week, as in our issue of the 6th inst., we had our readers to expect.

It is amusing to note with what regularity the assaults of the local press upon candidates personally obnoxious to Mr. BROWN, are reproduced and endorsed in the *Globe*. The Owen Sound *Advertiser* furnishes the last example. It assails Mr. JACKSON on the ground that "beyond a doubt, he will if returned to Parliament again, support making the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, a public work, as the Grand Trunk has been," and continues to dissuade the electors of South Grey from supporting him, with a string of assertion about equally cogent, of all which the oracle of the Inter Organiser profoundly says, "nothing can be sounder than the arguments here adduced." We should like to know how the *Advertiser* and the *Globe* propose to construct the Intercolonial Railway. Have they a "policy" in its regard? If so we should be delighted to hear it, for as yet the Reorganizers have been floating on a solitary plank instead of a platform, and that plank has been the proscription of the "Tories," by which latter term is meant every one who fails to win the *Globe's* endorsement. Now the building of the Intercolonial is a very practical question; and as Mr. JACKSON is known to be a man of extremely practical views, if the *Globe* and its Owen Sound follower would propound their policy we doubt not but that Mr. JACKSON would be able and willing to do one of two things, either of which will prove satisfactory to the electors of South Grey: he will either support that policy, or he will show his reasons for opposing it. But if the Intercolonial is not to be "a public work" we should like to know what these gentlemen would make of it. Will they hand over $15,000,000 to make of it a private under taking? Surely some explanation is needed upon this head, and it would add immensely to the chances of the Reorganisers if to their cardinal principle of Tory proscription, they could add a popular and economical mode of getting the Intercolonial Railway without expending "15,000,000 of dollars!" By the way a certain leading politician in 1864—GEORGE BROWN, to wit—declared that he would willingly see the country incur the cost of "five Intercolonial Railways" rather than not have Confederation. Is it at all presumably reasonable that, with such views, Mr. BROWN could now have any fears that the presence of Mr. JACKSON in Parliament would lead to any such monstrous, yet to Mr. BROWN's mind, justifiable extravagance?

The Owen Sound Mentor states that, "reference in all cases must be had to the political antecedents of the candidates." Among Mr. JACKSON anything to fear from these "antecedents," as between himself and his constituents? At the last general election Mr. JACKSON received a "clean bill" from his constituents by his triumphant return in opposition to the candidate of the Government of the day, who was backed by the powerful influence of the Sheriff's office, and some little less weighty considerations of a purely local kind. To the electors of the South Riding he appeared so free from objectionable antecedents that his majority in that section was counted by several hundreds. What has he done since that time to forfeit their confidence? Was it a crime in him to support the Government of which the Hon. GEORGE BROWN was a member? Should he have followed that gentleman in opposition to "the farmer's tariff," which was passed at the last Session of Parliament by an overwhelming majority? Mr. JACKSON in common with nearly all the representatives of Western constituencies voted for that measure; Mr. BROWN and his little tail voted against it. It was denounced through the *Globe* in the strongest language as a measure ruinous to the best interests of the country, and may be held, therefore, to have been one of Mr. JACKSON's "bad votes." Will the *Globe* be honest in the dispensation of its censures and say what, and how many "bad votes" are required to disqualify a member of Parliament for re-election?

The *Globe* has shown a singular consistency in its endeavor to uphold inferior talent. Of the electors of Grey, a JESSE PURDY, or a GEORGE SNIDER, would be in its eyes a far more acceptable representative than Mr. JACKSON. Is it that the *Globe* puts a low estimate on the intelligence of Western constituencies, that incapables are invariably thrust forward by it in preference to men of intelligence and long tried experience? If so, when the time comes, Mr. BROWN will find that he has pushed this experiment a little too far. Reformers of the West will not soon forget that not until his defeat in 1861, and the rejection of a baker's dozen, more or less, of party men of the JOE GOULD stamp, his own particular pets, did they succeed in coming into power. Perhaps they may even remember that in 1854 Mr. BROWN supported the "Tories" at the polls; that in 1858 he took office with them, that for eighteen months they were pure patriots in his eyes; that though he joined them on public grounds, with the sanction of his party, he left the Coalition for private reasons, and without his party's approval; and that finally he assailed the Government in Parliament, when the whole Reform party, save three or four, went against him. Is he, therefore, the judge of political honesty? What guarantee has the country that he will not seek another Tory alliance? or perhaps an alliance—till more dangerous—with the enemies of the Constitution—a class, who, in other countries, are generally designated traitors. It is laughable in the face of such a zigzag record as Mr. BROWN's past career presents that he should appeal to Mr. JACKSON's "antecedents."

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, May 20, 1867.

Present His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Cunningham, Langford, Bate, Bangs, Featherston, Robinson, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Heney, and Martineau.

The minutes were read, when it was moved by Ald Featherston, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that a Special Committee, to consist of the Mayor, Ald. Cunningham, Traversy, Heney, Friel, and Martineau, be named to prepare an address to be presented to the Hon. G. E. Cartier, on his arrival in this city, in recognition of his services in the great question of Confederation, and in consideration of the debt of gratitude due to him by the citizens of Ottawa for his generous and statesmanlike support of the Queen's decision in reference to the Seat of Government. That the said address be presented by the Mayor and Corporation.—Carried unanimously.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that this Council desiring to recognize the services of the volunteers, and to enable them to entertain the members of the Victoria Rifles, expected to be present on the Queen's Birthday, do authorize his Worship the Mayor to grant a cheque in favor of the commandant, Lieutenant-Colonel Wily, for the sum of $200, to be expended for this purpose as he may see fit, suspending rule No. 41 for the purpose.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that owing to the domestic affliction of Ald. Rochester, this Council do now adjourn to Wednesday, the 22nd inst.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

LOCAL NEWS.

CROWDED OUT.—Several communications, and other items of interest, are crowded out of this issue.

C. H. & L. Co.—The members of the Central Hook and Ladder Co. meet at the City Hall, at 8 o'clock this evening, for the purpose of receiving their new regalia.

BOAT RACE.—On Saturday, a boat race will take place on the Ottawa, between a city Barrister and a member of the Civil Service. No particulars as to time, &c., have as yet reached us.

NEW GROCERY.—In our advertising columns it will be seen that a new general grocery store has been opened at the corner of Kent and Wellington-sts., by Messrs. Dalgish and Russell, where will be found a large and varied assortment of all that is usually found in a first-class grocery.

TRADE SALE OF TEAS.—We call attention to the advertisement of John Leeming & Co., of Montreal, which appears in our advertising columns to day, by which it will be seen they sell the cargo of the *Arcadia*, consisting of 6,888 packages of green teas, at the tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal. Sale at 9 o'clock, May 29th.

MEETING OF THE DRUGGISTS.—The Druggists held a meeting at the Mechanics' Institute last night, to take into consideration the propriety of getting up a regularly chartered Pharmaceutical Society, with Board of Examiners, &c. The crowded state of our columns prevents the publication of the report until to-morrow.

THE LA CROSSE MATCH ON THE 24TH.—The following gentlemen compose the Ottawa twelve for the match with Montreal, on the 24th instant: Messrs. Cluff, McGillivray, Kavanagh, Richer, Robertson, Routh, Varin, Grenier, Brown, Chevrier, Russell, and Hutchinson. They are requested to meet in full uniform at half-past two o'clock on Thursday afternoon, at the Major's Hill. The match will be played on Friday, on Sandy Hill, opposite the Protestant Hospital.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF A NEW CHURCH IN BANKST.—A bazaar for this object will be held tomorrow, Thursday and Friday, in the Royal Victoria Hotel, when a large collection of useful and fancy articles are promised for sale. Of course all who are favorable to the new church, and we hope people generally, will favor the ladies with a visit, and before they go, the ladies interested would give this advice to each one: "Put money in thy purse." Lieut.-Col. Campbell has very kindly permitted the band to add its brilliant attractions to the bazaar.

PREPARING FOR THE 24TH.—To-day the Volunteer Garrison Artillery will be inspected in review order by Lieutenant-Colonel Atcherly, at two p.m. The Provisional Battalion of Ottawa Rifles will be inspected at the same time. At four p.m., the Volunteer Brigade, of Ottawa, will parade in line of contiguous columns at quarter distance, in front of the Parliament Buildings, for the purpose of going through movements to be performed on the 24th of May. It is to be hoped that employers will give every facility to their young men to attend this parade.

GRAND CONCERT OF SACRED MUSIC.—We beg to call the attention of the music loving people of Ottawa, to the circumstance that a complimentary Concert of Sacred Music will be given to Mr Dossert of this city, by the choir of Cathedral Notre Dame, on the 6th June next. In the vocal department the choir will be assisted by several ladies and gentlemen well known to the citizens, and this with the invaluable assistance of the band of the 100th Regiment, which will be in attendance by the kind permission of Col. Campbell, will no doubt make the entertainment one of the best ever given before an Ottawa audience. The selections are from favorite authors eminently renowned in the musical world. The programme will be published in a few days.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 19, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 39 above zero.
8 a. m., 45 above zero.
Noon shade, 56 above zero.
6 p. m., 53 above zero.

OTTAWA, May 20, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 38 above zero.
8 a. m., 50 above zero.
Noon shade, 60 above zero.
Noon, sun, 90 above zero.
6 p. m., 58 above zero.

POLICE COURT.—Thomas Gray was charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets. Fined $2 and costs, or one week in jail.—Vetal Lafontaine, same offence, $2 and costs, or one week.—John Hackett for throwing snow balls in February last. At the time when the offence was committed defendant could not be found. Fine $3 and costs.—Frederick Kennedy for damages sustained by defendant running into and breaking his buggy. Fine $5 and costs.—A charge of assault was then preferred against Kennedy. Fine $1 and costs.—James Hackett and John McGuire were charged with stealing a log canoe, the property of Cesaire Ethier. The complainant saw the prisoners with the canoe, and found it where they left it. The felonious intent at 5th in the information was not proven to the satisfaction of the Police Magistrate, and the case was, therefore, dismissed.

MR. TAVERNER'S READINGS.—We enjoyed the pleasure of listening to the reading of Mr Taverner last evening, and are well satisfied with having spent the time to so much advantage. The readings were from Tennyson, Dickens, Ingoldsby and Shakespeare, all rendered in a most masterly style. Considering all the circumstances we had hoped to see more clergymen, lawyers and schoolmasters present. The time will come, however, when the teachers of the people must learn to read, the growing intelligence of the people will demand it of them. We are glad to learn that some clergymen in the city are taking lessons in elocution, and they will soon find, if they follow up the study, that their congregations will increase, for even the uneducated can appreciate good reading. We understand that efforts are being made to induce Mr. Taverner to read in the theatre on Tuesday evening.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or cough and voice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way, we think, it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected, "one ounce of prevention is worth one pound of cure"; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises frost-bites chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cts. per bottle.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 20, 1867.

Two men entered the office of Mr. McBean, Adelaide-st., on Saturday, and while one kept Mr. McBean's attention engaged, the other abstracted $100, and made off.

A race took place to-day between the steamers *City of Toronto* and *Rothsay Castle*, from this city to Niagara, on which route these boats are running opposition. The *City* won by a quarter of an hour, the *Rothsay Castle* having met with a slight accident to her machinery, which caused a loss of a few minutes. Time—2 hours and 8 minutes.

Five gates on the York Roads were sold today for over $19,000.

A detachment of the Royal Artillery left today for Montreal.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 20, 1867.

The *Minerve* of this morning says that the Queen's Proclamation of the Union of the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, was to have been issued today, and that it will come into effect on the 1st of July.

Weather fine and warm.

FROM PORT COLBORNE.

PORT COLBORNE, May 20, 1867.

A terrible tragedy occurred about 7 miles from here. A man named Manro Grayhill quarrelled with and shot his brother-in-law, John Wallace, through the heart, killing him instantly. He was immediately shot down himself by his own brother, Samuel Grayhill. He is still alive. No further particulars have been received.

FROM LONDON.

LONDON, MAY 20, 1867.

A villainous outrage was perpetrated in this city by five young men of respectable families on a young woman named Lewis. The perpetrators have all been arrested and committed for trial.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 20—Evening.—Consols have been steadily advancing during the day, and closed at 93 for money; 5-20's 72¾; Ill. Central 76¼; Erie 43¼.

Her Majesty Lays the Corner Stone of a New Hall.

Queen Victoria, to-day, laid the corner stone of the Hall of Arts, in the presence of a vast assemblage. The ceremony was magnificent and impressive, and the enthusiasm of the people was very great.

Turkish Defeat in Candia.

The latest and most trustworthy accounts received here of the recent fighting in the Island of Candia, appear to confirm the report that Omar Pasha has been defeated by the Cretans.

Another Fenian Sentenced to be Hanged.

DUBLIN, May 20.—The prisoner, Macafferty, convicted of high treason, was, to-day, sentenced to be hanged on the 12th day of next June.

King of Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, May 20.—The Sultan has granted the title of King to the Viceroy of Egypt.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, May 20.—The steamship *Malta* from New York 8th, and *City of Paris* New York 11th, have arrived.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 20.—The steamship *Western Metropolis* from New York 4th, arrived to-day.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

From Jamaica.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Jamaica dates of the 20th April, have been received. The Governor, Sir John Grant, was closely examining the system of Coolie emigration. Many English families were preparing to leave, rather than pay the excessive tax upon lands.

Melancholy Accident in Boston Harbor.

BOSTON, May 20.—A collision took place in the Harbor yesterday between a schooner and pleasure yacht, by which the latter was sunk, drowning four out of eleven persons on board.

Liquor Law in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—An order was issued to-day by the mayor for the strict enforcement of the liquor law, passed recently by the State Legislature. The law forbids the selling of liquor, ale, &c., from midnight to sunrise, also forbids totally, their sale on Sundays.

Capital in Virginia.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The *Herald's* special says: Last evening a party of Pennsylvanian capitalists arrived in Richmond, on a prospecting tour through the State. It is said they represent some forty million dollars worth of capital.

Canal Break Repaired.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., May 20.—The break in the canal has been repaired, and navigation will be resumed to-morrow.

Poor House Burnt—Loss of Life.

DETROIT, May 20. The Ingram county, Mich., poor house was destroyed by fire to-day. Six inmates perished in the flames.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

The Luxemburg Question Finally Settled.

LONDON, May 19—Evening.—The Luxemburg question may now be regarded as finally settled, for the Emperor Napoleon and King William of Prussia have signed the treaty, looking to that end.

New Trials Denied.

DUBLIN, May 19—Evening.—The motion for new trials in the cases of Macafferty and Meany, Fenians, recently found guilty, have been denied.

A Statue to Geo. Peabody.

LONDON, May 19—Evening.—The city of London has raised £5000 sterling towards the erection of a statue to Geo. Peabody.

The Miantonomah at Gibraltar.

LONDON, May 20.—Despatches have been received announcing the arrival of U. S. *Miantonomah* at Gibraltar.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 20—10 a.m.—Money market not yet opened. 5-20's and Erie Shares are considered easier, but not quoted lower than at the close of Saturday evening's market.

Arrival of the "City of Boston."

NEW YORK, May 19.—The *City of Boston*, from Liverpool 8th, arrived to-day.

The boat race between Kelly and Chambers was won by Kelly.

Several people were drowned by the breaking of a bridge.

The London *Post* has reason to believe that the Government has decided not to carry out the sentences of the law on the Fenians, Burke and Doran. The sentence of Macafferty is deferred until after the argument on the points reserved. Connolly was convicted. Kelly, Gorman and Clarke were acquitted, at Dublin.

AMERICAN NEWS.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 20.—The *Express'* money article says: Money is easy. Loans 5 to 6 on governments—Discount 7 per cent. R.R. Shares ½ to 1 lower and very dull. Governments dull and lower on 7-30's but steady. Gold 136¼.

—A new Roman Catholic cathedral, said to be a magnificent building, was consecrated at Pekin in January, and in the same month the corner stone of a new Anglican church was laid at Kin-Kiang by the British consul. A letter from Pekin says that religious temples for different sects are erecting in close proximity to each other—Protestants, Catholics, Anglicans, Greek Schismatics, Buddhists, Mahommedans, disciples of Confucius, live side by side, with a perfectly good understanding.

HON. MR. McGEE TO HIS CONSTITUENTS.

[From the Montreal Gazette.]

Gentlemen:—Unavoidably detained in Paris, longer than I expected, I venture to address you, through the medium of our local press, some considerations on the true policy of the new Dominion of Canada, which, as your representative, I do not think I would be justified in withholding from you.

And first let me congratulate you, gentlemen, one and all, as on a triumph of the first importance, on the recent passage of our Act of Union, and the advent among principalities and powers of the "new Dominion." I feel I exaggerate nothing when I say, that since Lord Chatham announced Wolfe's victory to Parliament—nay, since Cabot, hoping against hope, caught his first glimpse of *Prima Vista*, no more important event in the connexion of England with our continent has occurred, than that so quietly consummated, the other day, at London. Some of our republican neighbours seem fully alive to its immense importance; though with a deplorable disregard of accuracy, many of their representative men talk of it as "an innovation," as "the establishment" of some principle or system litherto unknown in North America. The new Union applies old principles to new circumstances; it establishes no novelty; it attempts no radical innovation. The Provinces now united have always been and now are Monarchical in spirit and system; they have always cherished as sacred articles of their constitutional creed, the identical principles, incorporated in their new constitutional charter. They have never known a time when the doctrines were novel to their people, of the constitutional right of the Crown to call or dissolve Parliament; of the initiative of the Crown in periods of crisis; of executive impunity and ministerial responsibility; of the independence of Parliament, or the independence of the Judges. This constitutional creed is co-existent with our population, and whether embodied in one form of words or another, it is the primary constitutional inheritance which, so long as we believe and practice, must forever distinguish us from the mere democracy of the United States. There is no shadow of excuse for the late uncalled for expressions of republican susceptibility, as to our new development of these hereditary principles; but that such susceptibility has officially shown itself at Augusta, Albany, and Washington, is worthy of observation.

On the other hand, the people of all Canada have much more reason to look with suspicion on the sudden and unaccounted for acquisition of Russian America, by the United States. The secret history of that acquisition must as yet remain unknown; but the motive of it is obvious enough. Though the economical resources of the territory transferred, may be underrated or overrated, ignorantly or designedly, there can be no doubt of this,—that what gives the purchase its chief importance in American eyes is that it extends *their* territory to the end of the continent, in that direction. Russian America is *their* "new dominion," not like ours, founded and inhabited by their own people; claiming and obtaining recognition among a family of kindred States; but a purchased wilderness, bought at a nominal price, with a heavy political mortgage, maturing in favor of Russia. To us, it is directly an attempt to out-flank our fellow-countrymen on the Pacific; but if it should have,—as it ought to have,—as it must have,—the effect of hastening the Union of our countrymen there, in the new Dominion, Mr. Seward and Baron de Stoeckl, will have placed themselves involuntarily among the number of our benefactors. These external interests are exigent, but, perhaps, not fit, in the first place, for this sort of discussion: I, therefore, turn at once to our domestic duties, arising under the new constitution.

Having obtained, gentlemen, from the Sovereign Legislature of the Empire an improved constitution of colonial origin and authorship, it becomes every good subject to ask himself "how shall we make the most of it?" This question has so occupied my own mind, for weeks past, that I am prepared, for one of the promoters of Union, to answer it *now*.

But here, let me say, I have observed with extreme regret, in such Montreal and Toronto papers as I have lately seen, that an attempt is being made in the Province of Ontario, to resuscitate old party lines and party cries. I have great and sincere respect for some of the gentlemen who have lent themselves to this reckless experiment; many of them have been able and influential friends of Union; and yet that which they are now attempting is calculated, and if successful is certain, to kill the Union in its very cradle. Parties may, or rather must arise under the operations of the new Constitution itself; but, let them arise out of conflicts of interpretation; out of the sequence of events; out of the merits or demerits of the policy or want of policy of the first Federal Administration. Do not let us for our common country's sake—for the dear sake of our existence, not to say, establishment, as a distinct free people, in North America, usher in our new condition of things, by raking up old sores, and pelting each other with old nicknames, for which no man not a knave or a fanatic, now cares a jack-straw! The new Constitution has been the result of a series of Colonial Coalitions so wonderful as to deserve the title of Providential; the same spirit must carry us one act at least further on in the great drama; must put fairly and fully in motion the instrument it has created; and then let parties arise, whenever they are prepared. Then they will be wholesome, because they will be natural.

In what position do we stand? A gigantic skeleton of Empire has been committed to our charge, to feed, and clothe, and equip, and educate. We may—I say it advisedly—look upon this recent legislation as the last interference of England in our domestic affairs. Doubtless the mother country will watch our onward progress with peculiar interest; but the less we trouble Downing-street hereafter, the more we shall be respected by all parties in England. We have passed forever, by our own act, out of the condition of colonies, and if we still desire to perpetuate the connexion, it must be in the new, and as yet, to be created character of—Allies

To qualify for the new external duties which time's changes bring with them, we must first, of course, set our domestic affairs in order: such leading affairs, I mean, as—I. The increase and employment of our population. II. The armament of our people. III. The education of our people. IV. The unification of our people. On each of these four heads, I beg, gentlemen, you will give me a separate and special hearing.

I. As to any large increase of our population from the annual immigration to our shores, so long as the United States labor market remains in its present abnormal condition, it is not to be expected; on the contrary the enormous inflation of nominal wages since the civil war, is draining us, both east and west, of much of our natural, native increase. It is all in vain you point out to these victims of self-illusion, that it wages have risen so has the cost of food, clothing, and all the necessaries of life; that $3 per day *now* is in reality no more to the American working man than one dollar before the war, for he can get no more with it. You cannot arrest an exodus of labor seeking the highest market, by explanations about gold and greenbacks, however clear and convincing. They must try their folly out, and a costly folly many who have tried, confess to have found it.

There are two powerful means towards the increase and employment of population in a new country like ours—namely, public works on a large scale, and legislation congenial to private enterprise.

The debts due by the Provinces were chiefly contracted in borrowing capital for what they considered necessary public works. This has been sometimes made the reproach of our statesmen; not so much the principle itself as the abuses in the expenditure of the money borrowed. No economical principle can, perhaps, occupy more impregnable ground than that which gave us the Welland and St. Lawrence Canals and the Grand Trunk Railway; and it is hardly saying too much to assert that Montreal alone is so convinced of this truth, that she would willingly tax herself to-day for the whole cost of the structure rather than be deprived of the convenience of the Victoria Bridge. To extend to a second, or a third, or several generations, obligations created for the construction of national, public improvements, is a policy most equitable in itself; and so far from shrinking from an increase of our public debt, if incurred for the Intercolonial Railway, the canalisation of the Ottawa, or the *Baie Verte* Canal, it seems to me every right-minded inhabitant of the new Dominion ought to call out loudly for such a policy. "Get the money on our account; but see that you give us value for it,"—this ought to be the cry of every elector to his representative.

By "legislation congenial to private enterprise," I do not mean what is called protective legislation; but I *do* mean that arrangement of our tariff which will not press unfavorably on our growing manufactures. In all the tariff discussions in the former Parliaments, from 1858 to 1866, I said what I thought to be right to be said on this subject, and voted accordingly. A declaration, it is true, was made last year by my colleague, Mr. Galt, in reply to Mr. Holton, that his then proposed reductions in the tariff were "steps in the direction of free trade,"—or words to that effect. The deputation from Montreal, who did me the honor to wait on me at Ottawa during the debate, (under the chairmanship of Mr. Champion Brown) will remember that I told them frankly then and there "Mr. Galt had, in this particular, expressed only his *personal opinion!*" I did not feel free to say more at that moment; but I now emphatically repeat that statement. Although I shall never consent to become the mouthpiece of a particular interest in Parliament, I am not one whit less desirous now than I was ten years ago to see our commercial legislation adjusted with every consideration for our domestic industry. But this industry in its widest range, it must be remembered, embraces not only manufactures properly so called, but the economy, too long neglected, of our forests; the exploration of our mineral resources; the protection of our priceless fisheries; and the extension and diversification of our agriculture. In all these departments of industry, nature has placed the lever in our hands; if we are true to ourselves there is no reason why the new Dominion (retaining only its former ratio of increase) should not commence the XXth century with an industrious and prosperous population of 12,000,000 of souls! May God send, for the sake of freedom, justice and civilization, that our young men of to-day may live to see this glorious consummation!

II. Gentlemen, there is, under God, one means by which the necessary securities can be taken from time for the realization of these possibilities; it is *the armament of our whole people?* We are but sharing the common lot of all civilized communities in awaking to the stern fact, that in this age every State must, or be in a position to have if needed, the military service of its every son. The last great revolution which marked the art of war,—the discovery of gunpowder,—resulted in standing armies, in the creation in every State of a class of soldiers, by trade or by profession. The new revolution, ushered in by the invention of so many new repeating weapons—of so many hitherto unknown means of aggression, afloat and ashore—the systematic application of modern machinery to war—proclaims unmistakably to every people who would be free and secure on their own soil,—"Keep step with the times; arm your entire population; arm them with the best weapons; arm them at the earliest moment; no country is safe from insult or aggression in which every man does not feel called upon to bear arms in her defence!" This is the voice of the present, and it will be prolonged into the future. I respect and honor our Volunteers for their noble self-sacrifice in the past; against mere marauders they were quite sufficient; but the days for mere volunteering are nearly, if not quite, over and gone.

III. In relation to the education of the children of the people, I have the misfortune to differ from the majority of Canadians; for I would have no schooling without morals, and I believe there cannot be moral without religious training. We have, however, in so far as was possible in a general Constitution, secured the sacred principle of the rights of minorities, in all the Provinces, to control the education of their own children. As a question of fundamental politics; as a question of parental right; as the assertion of a principle which, if wrong-placed or omitted from our system, would, in my opinion, be fatal to the future civilization, I rejoice over the explicit assertion of that minority guarantee. It is not, and it could not be, accompanied by every detail of precaution, which the minorities in the Maritime Provinces, in Quebec or Ontario have desired; a great charter does not descend to such particulars; but there the broad principle is irrevocably laid down, and ill-betide the man or party who shall attempt to cut under that corner-stone! It is to be hoped, on the other hand, that it may very rarely be found necessary for the local minorities to appeal to the letter and spirit of the guarantee. It is evidently most desirable for their own sakes, as well as for the sake of the general government, that the local minorities should not appear frequently as appellants against the local majority; no trivial or imaginary grievance should bring them before a Court, where every formal repulse must react as a condemnation. But in any clear, reasonable case, I should have no doubt whatever of the general sense of justice, the general desire for unity and harmony among all our people, over-riding and reversing any demonstrated act of local oppression, against which the local minority had occasion to appeal.

IV.—Fourthly, Gentlemen, a few words on the unification and harmonizing of our whole people. Our public men have changed the whole situation of the country by the Union, and they must now accommodate and qualify themselves for the change they themselves have made. We shall have to learn and unlearn many things; but, fortunately, "French domination" and "the wrongs of Upper Canada" are gone by the board. One thing in especial, we who hitherto monopolized the name of Canada, must forever hereafter bear in mind, that, politically, that general designation, from the date of the Queen's proclamation, will rise, envelope, and settle kindly down on territory and population not previously Canadian. The man whose mind will not traverse east of Percé or west of Penetanguishene, can be no statesman for our new Dominion. In all administrative arrangements with our maritime fellow-subjects, to alarm whom the perpetual cry has been that we will disregard their rights, their wishes, and their feelings, it must be the constant, unceasing care of every patriot hailing from the divisions of Quebec and Ontario, to observe not only a liberal but a generous rule of distribution. The public men of the seaboard deserve richly of the new Dominion; and if there are any of our own men nearer home who have equal claims, it would be much better they should wait, than that the false but effective insinuations of anti-Unionists should appear, even temporarily, to be countenanced by the facts. I feel that, in making these allusions, I am trenching upon delicate ground; but it ought not, after all, be thought too delicate for discussion. The task of Lafontaine and Baldwin, when they undertook to govern the two Canadas according to their and *our* theory of the Constitution of 1840, was a great task, and their memories are held in honor of all men, for the conscientiousness with which they acted; but to fix the firm administrative landmarks of the new Dominion, is an undertaking infinitely greater and more important.

For my own part I extremely rejoice that the general designation of British America is to be the one euphonious word—*Canada*. There was, in fact, no other one word to be named in comparison with it. It has three vowels—not an unpleasant incident for either tongue or pen; but it has much more substantial claims to the extension it has received. It is as old and quite as historical as the name—*America*. For four centuries the bright-et names in the annals of France and England are entwined in the story of our Canada, and no American historian, however exclusive he may be, can follow for one generation the history of his own ancestors, without doing homage, at some point, to Canadian enterprize and Canadian gallantry. It is no fanciful, no sentimental designation; and I firmly believe that our young men of this and the next generation, from sea to sea, will learn how to feel pride in its inheritance, and to increase the splendor of its traditions. Like the ice-shove in the St. Lawrence before the magic breath of Spring, so will "the cold obstruction" of sectional antagonism dissolve and disappear in the genial currents of our great new State, generously administered!

I need not enumerate Fenianism as an element of discord amongst us. Except at a few exposed points it is generally unknown in British America. Still, at those points, on a recent anniversary, it shewed for a moment at the surface, sniffed uneasily about, and scuttled immediately, as it it found the upper air uncomfortable. In regard to this wanton conspiracy, I am still of opinion, that though its emissaries and propagators are not worth prosecuting at present, they are well deserving the attention of the police.

Need I add, gentlemen, that the last great danger to our unity remains to be guarded against—*sectarian animosity*. There are special dangers from this source of weakness in all the three main divisions of the new Dominion. In *Acadia*, (if I may so call the Maritime Provinces for the sake of convenience,) under the lead of the wise and noble-hearted Archbishop of Halifax—whose vast services to the Union cause can never be forgotten—the Roman Catholic minority have still to establish locally the liberties guaranteed to them in general terms, in common with the rest of us, by the Constitution. I do not presume to offer an opinion as to what the minority in Acadia ought or ought not to do, or when, or how it ought to be done; but I do venture to express my own conviction, that, asking only for what is just and reasonable, they will, sooner or later, obtain what they ask.

In the Province of Quebec, the Protestant minority will stand, as regards their educational and political privileges, in an enviable position. Apart from their wealth and their other acquirements, they have secured forever, twelve cautionary constituencies, and their due share of the superior education fund, drawn from the confiscated Jesuits' estates. No similar fund could or can be created *ex post facto* by the Imper

'67.) NEW SPRING GROCERIES. ('67.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL,

Are now in Receipt of their

SPRING GROCERIES!

—COMPRISING IN PART—

NEW CROP TEAS—Uncolored Japan, Young Hyson, Twankay, Souchong, Mandarin Mixture. FRESH COFFEE—Rio, Java, and Old Mocha...... WINES & LIQUORS—Martel's, Hennessey's, Otard and United Vineyards Brands of Brandies......Hennessey's and Duprie's Pale and Sparkling Dinner Sherries and Port. DeKuyper's Gin, in Wood and Bottle. Blood and Barclay's London Stout and Porter......SUGARS, SPICES, SOAPS, BRUSHES, CANDLES, &c., &c.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL,
Corner of Kent and Wellington-sts., Upper Town.

440y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

440-6

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

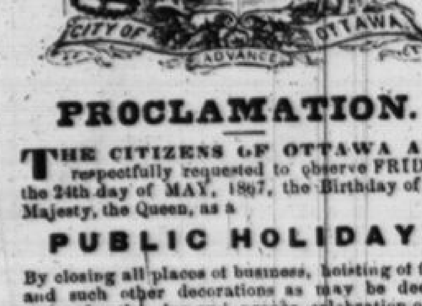
For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6



PROCLAMATION.

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA ARE respectfully requested to observe FRIDAY, the 24th day of MAY, 1867, the Birthday of Her Majesty, the Queen, as a

PUBLIC HOLIDAY!

By closing all places of business, hoisting of flags, and such other decorations as may be deemed fitting for the due and proper celebration of the day.

Given under my hand this twentieth day of May, A.D., 1867.

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

439-td

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

PROGRAMME!

A FULL PARADE OF THE ENTIRE Military Force, Regular and Volunteer, will take place on the GOVERNMENT HILL SQUARE.

A grand FEU DE JOIE will be fired at 12 o'clock noon. RINGING OF THE CITY BELLS.

A grand parade of the OTTAWA FIRE BRIGADE, will be held at the CITY HALL SQUARE, at 9½ o'clock a.m., under the direction of the Superintendent.

REVIEW OF THE FIRE BRIGADE.

After which a MASS PROCESSION of the Firemen will immediately follow.

Chief Marshall—The Chief of Police.

The procession will leave the City Hall Square at half-past 1 o'clock p m , in the following order:

UNION JACK.
St. Patrick's Band.
Ottawa Fire Company.
Lower Town Hook & Ladder Company.
Favreau's Band.
Queen Fire Company.
Rideau Fire Company.
Chaudiere Band.
Chaudiere Fire Company.
Central Hook & Ladder Company.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

From the City Hall Square through Rideau, Dalhousie, St Patrick and Sussex-sts., thence along Sparks to Bay-st., thence along Wellington-st. to Metcalfe st., thence to and along Sparks-st. to Elgin-st. and City Hall Square, where the Fire Brigade will be dispersed after the usual address from the Mayor.

A CHAMPION GAME OF LA CROSSE

Will be played between the Montreal and Ottawa players on the large field opposite the Protestant Hospital at the East end of Rideau-st. at three o'clock p m.

CANOE RACES

Will take place in the Rideau Canal between Champagne's Hotel, above the head of the Deep Cut, and the Sapper's Bridge, at 5 o'clock p.m

Bark Canoes	1st Prize		$12.00
" "	2nd "		6.00
Log Canoes	1st "		12.00
" "	2nd "		6.00

ATHLETIC GAMES,

For Prizes, open to boys under eighteen years of age, will commence on the Major's Hill at nine o'clock a.m., to conclude in time for the Military Review.

Bands will be in attendance on each of the above occasions throughout the day.

(By order of the Celebration Committee.)

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-td

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 488-d

Lost,

ON THE RICHMOND ROAD, BEtween the Toll Gate and the entrance of Wellington-st. on Saturday afternoon, a pocket book containing four $10 bills, five $5 bills on the bank of British North America also a quantity of Canadian silver. The number of the bills are known The finder will be handsomely rewarded by returning it to the TIMES office.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-1

AUCTION SALES.

ANNUAL
SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer.

439-td

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS,

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6 888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture. Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

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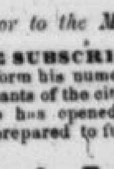
NOTICE.

ON SALE at the Rideau Street Auction Rooms one very fine covered Carriage, suitable for one horse, Gingras' make, of Quebec, quite new; also, one open Buggy, two seats, second hand, quite good, cheap for cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

433-y

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and  Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES OF THE BANK-ST. CHURCH will hold A BAZAAR, to aid in the erection of a NEW CHURCH, on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

When the large and valuable collection of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the BAND of the 100th Regiment will be in attendance on the evenings of the 22nd and 23rd.

The sale will be held in the Royal Victoria Hotel, kindly granted for the purpose by the proprietor.

LUNCH will be served each day from 12 to 3
Admittance, 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 18. 438td

New City Directory, 1867-8.

MESSRS. HUNTER, ROSE & Co. beg to announce that having made arrangements with Mr. JAMES SUTHERLAND to compile another Directory for the City of Ottawa, Mr. S. will proceed to canvass the city, when it is hoped the citizens will give him and his assistants all information necessary to make the work, if possible, even more perfect and reliable than the one which gave so much satisfaction last year. In this work we will give historical and statistical sketches of the various Churches, Colleges, Schools, Public Institutions and Manufactures in the locality. Advertisers will be treated with on liberal terms.

HUNTER, ROSE & CO.,
Publishers.

Ottawa, May 14, 1867. 434-a

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction.

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 18. 438-6m

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	Hats,
Ribbons,	Feathers,
Flowers,	Bonnet Ornaments.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

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PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 281y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 423y

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ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

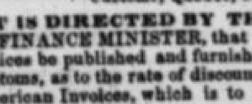
1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td



AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 17, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists. Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385 3m

Stoves
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,

CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street.

March 30, 1867. 396y

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

Confederation Billiard Rooms.

W. MURRAY HAS FITTED UP these Rooms with three Marble-bed Four Pocket Standard Tables New Combination Cushions, (Phelan's Patent), New Balls, Cues, &c., all in good order.

Hessey's Block, Metcalfe Street, opposite Methodist Church. 433-a

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LAST WEEK BUT ONE!!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Great Clearing Cheap Sale,

Before removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of June.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT GIVEN!!

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY!!!

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 20, 1867. 439-y

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100 DOZEN
New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

ICE!
PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,
YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436 d

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CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

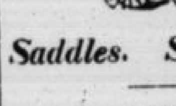
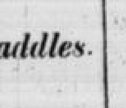
May 7. 428tf

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

 TRUNKS. 

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 4.9-3m

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines,

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 481y

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.

April 10. 405tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

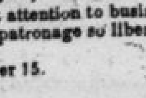
From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and my claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	Otard Brandy.
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey.
75	"	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.
DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 72tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 13. 40by

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 4.3tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 386tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 423-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE	" FINDLAY
OREGON	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD	" TONER.
JASON GOULD	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation until further notice the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12.30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9.30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12.45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Farmers Make a Note of It!

WHEN YOU COME TO TOWN YOU can buy

THE BEST TEAS,

THE BEST COFFEES,

AND GROCERIES

Of every description, either Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest cash prices from

HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, Wellington-street, Upper Town.

N. B.—Always on hand a choice stock of WINES and LIQUORS of every description.

April 4. 14w2m

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

8tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4100 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 4100 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8.00 A.M.
Night do do at	8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.	
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c.	5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at	6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at	8.30 A M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond	2.00 P.M
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at	3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at	10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN, MARKET DRUG STORE, York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

STRAYED into the premises of the Subscriber on the 29th March, a DARK RED COW. The owner on proving property and paying expenses can have her returned. Apply to

JAMES O'MALLAY, Butcher, Hull.

April 4. 14w3

BEE-HIVES!

J. H. THOMAS' FIRST PRIZE Single and Double Boarded MOVEABLE COMB BEE-HIVES for sale. Send for Circular and price-list.

JOHN HENDERSON, AGENT.

New Edinburgh, February 25. w9-3m

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA,

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Commercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT, Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 12w

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE Township of North Gower intend, on the

Eighth day of June next,

At their Sittings in the TOWN HALL of said Township, to

Pass a By-Law

For the purpose of establishing a ROAD from the Front of the Third Concession to the Rear of the Fourth Concession of said Township, at or near the River Rideau.

JAS. B. EASTMAN, Township Clerk.

North Gower, April 4 14w4

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM

Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

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ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

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No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon.

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen. In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL, Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place, 26½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 26. J. ROOS. 56 y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery* and *diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified

A. CAMPBELL.

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single-wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.

(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments,	Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings,	Drysalteries,
Perfumery,	Dye Goods,
Drugs,	Colors,
Paints,	Lozenges,
Glassware,	Chemicals,
Medicine Chests,	Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers Sundries.	Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tt

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., as Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two Thousand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portage du Fort.

January 29, 1867 w5-6m

Fresh Teas! Fresh Teas!

JUST RECEIVING A SPLENDID ASsortment of FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, and for sale at lowest Cash prices, Wholesale or Retail.

HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, Wellington-street, Upper Town.

Ottawa, April 4. 14w2m

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350d&w6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN. Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350d&w

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate name being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will be charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL, Provincial Secretary.

404tf.

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 14th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,

WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 42

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 134:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-3

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON, Besserer Street

Ottawa December 7 318tf

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a Mortgage Deed made by Alexander John Sharp, of Township of March, in the County of Carleton, Innkeeper, to Thomas Patterson, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Merchant, of the East half of Lot Number Eleven, in the Third Concession of the said Township of March, and also of the East half of Lot Number Two in the Eighth Concession of the Township of Huntley, in the County of Carleton; the said lands and premises will in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in the said Mortgage Deed, be offered for sale at the Law Office of Messrs. Scott and Ross, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of MAY next, at Twelve o'clock, noon.

The said Thomas Patterson will covenant against his own acts only.

All Searches, Deeds, Abstracts, and other charges attending the Conveyance will be paid by the purchaser.

W. A. ROSS, Solicitor for Thomas Patterson.

April 24. 417d-17-3

The above sale is adjourned till FRIDAY, the thirty-first day of MAY, instant, at twelve o'clock, noon.

W. A. ROSS,

20w-t1 Solicitor for the said Thomas Patterson.

THO RUSSELL & SON

To H M THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, *U. S. Consular Agent.*

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 441. OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays accepted.)

...orge Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000 making a total circulation in the week of over 16,000 thus outstripping all competitors, and being the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only ... $6 00
Casual Advertisements, first insertion per line ... 8c
Subsequent insertions, per line ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

Advertising Agency—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and 1 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the Ottawa Times.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. Masse. N. Tetreau.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
Alexander Ross. Albert Parsons.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 22, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and ... Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the ... public generally entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit ... for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
... Colman. W. McKay Wright, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cussen's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the building occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
All attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
January 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
Robert Lees. John J. Gemmell.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

A. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(Recently from England.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
... 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by use of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over ... at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. ... Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, ...; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and ... Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
Cancers Cured, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'Connor. W. H. Waller.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationary Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
Office: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21ytf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS,
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 43-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11. 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH GARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Architect
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 280tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
Office—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits ... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year ... 25.31
And each subsequent year ... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Agents,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES,
Agent.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed, "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
Superintendent Rideau Canal.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA. September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c, and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c, &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Ottawa, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
408-tf Commissioner.

To all Whom it May Concern
Audit Office,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
Assistant Auditor.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., Times office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N Sparks Esq, with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted or a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c, &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenant therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 462d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 43-tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 42utf

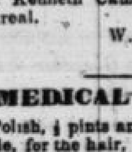
WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL
Macadamized Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company have, this day, made a call of SIX PER CENT. of the Capital Stock of the said Company, and demand and require of the holders of such Stock respectively to pay unto the Treasurer of said Company, at his Office, in Ottawa, six per cent of the amount of such Stock held by them respectively, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of MAY, 1867.
Dated this 22nd day of April, 1867.
Z. WILSON,
416-td Secretary and Treasurer.

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq. in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we in order to concentrate our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL



28, Sparks-Street.
Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastiles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Cross's Trusses,
Cross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
430-y 28, Sparks-street.

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RE turning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices
Bread .... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.
A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.
May 17. 437d

MUNICIPALITY of GOULBURN
NOTICE.
THE COURT OF REVISION FOR the Township of Goulburn will be held in the TOWN HALL in said Township, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of May next, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
All those interested are requested to attend.
C. CATHCART,
Municipal Clerk.
Goulburn, April 16. 19wd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Notice—Esmonde Bros.
Excursion to Grenville—Captain Bowie.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.
Auction Sale of Fire Proof Safes, &c.—H. McLean.
New Spring Groceries—Dalgl'sh & Russell.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Military and Civic Ball—G. W. Lester.
Rideau st Auction Room—Amos Rowe.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.45 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.3 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage.	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m
...leton and ... Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per. Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p. m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a. m. to 7 p. m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper

OTTAWA, MAY 22, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

It will have been noticed by the report of the proceedings of the Council, published yesterday morning, that the members of the Corporation have taken prompt and appropriate action for the reception of the Hon. Mr. Cartier, as well as for providing means to assist the volunteers in entertaining their brethren in arms from Montreal. Though the sum, $200, appropriated for the latter purpose, is by no means large, it is sufficiently respectable to show the entire good will of the representative body of the citizens, and will, no doubt, be fully appreciated as an evidence of such.

It will be seen by report elsewhere published that the Druggists have taken prompt action in view of the threatened interference of the Medical Council with their affairs, and it seems not at all improbable that their course will meet with the general approval of the trade throughout the country, for already a letter has been received from one of the principal Druggists of a no less important city than Montreal commending the movement, and encouraging the hope of co-operation. An association was formed in that city some years ago, but it appears that from various causes it was allowed to lapse. Now, however, when the subject has been so prominently brought forward it is quite likely that the project of establishing a pharmaceutical society with an examining board will be carried through.

Whether affectedly or sincerely stupid, the editor of the *Globe* makes it an invariable rule to misapprehend the meaning of the plainest language, when to do so will serve the purpose of casting a little ridicule upon any one whom the Hon. George Brown has elected to treat as a political enemy. Perhaps the unfortunate journalistic escapade of last fall—the famous "Brown's English man" controversy—may have left some recollections of peculiar bitterness toward Mr. McGee, for the very unpleasant exposure in which that controversy eventuated; but at all events we find the editor of the *Globe* more than ever incapable of understanding English from the pen of one who is popularly believed to be a master of its use.

The letter of Mr. McGee to his constituents furnishes the text of a *Globular* diatribe—rather we should say a few points in that letter are distorted to make out a case for the *Globe*. It is proved, according to the Brown system of logic, that because Mr. McGee views the construction of one Intercolonial Railway as an essential consequence of Confederation—though Mr. Brown in the exuberance of his official generosity, was willing to pay the price of five for the same boon—because Mr. McGee believes that the canalization of the Ottawa and the uniting of the waters of the Bay of Fundy with the Gulf of St. Lawrence by the Bay Verte Canal, are works to the construction of which the statesmen of the new dominion should look forward as necessary to the progress of the country; therefore, the first plank in "the union-saving platform" is to be enormous and corrupt expenditure, and a large increase in the public debt. As a matter of fact the Intercolonial Railway is beyond the pale of discussion—its construction is an obligatory condition imposed upon the Confederate Government, and nobody knows it better than Mr. Brown. Will he say that the Ottawa Ship Canal is an undesirable work? or that the Bay Verte project should not be realised? And if the construction of these works is desirable, is it unreasonable that the greater portion of their cost should be carried forward as a liability against those who will receive by far the greater share of the benefit?

The *Globe's* attempt to set Mr. McGee at war with Mr. Galt on the tendency of the tariff of last session, is no less absurd. Mr. Galt, who is a Free Trader, said his tariff was in the direction of free trade; Mr. McGee says that was only Mr. Galt's "personal opinion!" Very well! Might it not have occurred to the genius of the *Globe* that neither Mr. Galt nor Mr. McGee had power as Ministers, nor the whole body of Ministers put together, to bind their successors to any "direction" of commercial policy? Does Mr. McGee now assail that tariff as being opposed, in his opinion, to a just "consideration for our domestic industry?" Certainly not. There can be, therefore, no possible case of antagonism, as to the past, established between Messrs. Galt and McGee on this question; the utmost that Mr. Brown can make out of it is that whereas Mr. Galt evidently represented that his tariff was in the *direction* of free trade, and hence pointed to a course which might hereafter be followed out with advantage; Mr. McGee merely conceded the changes of last year as an equalization of the burthen of taxation on the agricultural, mechanical and manufacturing industries of the country. There is room, no doubt, for a divergence between Messrs. Galt and McGee, upon the tariff question in the future, provided Mr. Galt goes faster free-trade-ward than Mr. McGee may approve; but with the material now at Mr. Brown's command to attempt to establish an antagonism is perfectly ridiculous.

It is, however, on the question of defence that Mr. McGee waxes particularly eloquent and the *Globe* supremely absurd. The *Globe* accuses Mr. McGee of advocating "a standing army," though such a proposition is directly contrary to the whole scope of his reasoning. What Mr. McGee advocates, as expressed somewhat hypertolically by himself, is "the arming of our whole people;" and he explains this further on by saying that "every state must have, or be in a "position to have, *if needed*, the military "service of its every son." To our calm and temperate way of thinking Mr. McGee is needlessly fervid upon this point; but no one who understands the meaning of words could imagine that Mr. McGee advocated the constituting of the whole male population of the dominion into a standing army. He nowhere says so; and if the *Globe* can find any words which by inference lead to the supposition that Mr. McGee advocates any standing army at all, we defy it to point to any limit that does not embrace "every son" or the "whole population." But there are no words of the kind in Mr. McGee's paragraph on defence. On the contrary, Mr. McGee's fervent utterances on this subject can, by the widest latitude of interpretation, be held to mean nothing more than this, that every man not legally exempted, who owes by the constitution of his country, military service in its defence, ought to receive a military training. Is this unfair to the man? Is it impolitic for the country? On the contrary, it is susceptible of proof, that such a policy is at once the most equitable, and the most effective; the most in harmony with a free people maintaining their rights under a free government, and altogether the most economical and the least liable to impede commercial and industrial progress. And when Mr. McGee says that the days "for *mere* volunteering are nearly if not quite over and "gone;" it does not follow that volunteering is not a very desirable portion of our defensive machinery, but that of itself it is not enough to rely on—a fact of which the *Globe* appeared to have been fully sensible last summer, when it upbraided the government for not having sent to England for more troops—when it reproached them for not having a larger "standing army!" If the *Globe's* readers have not penetration enough to see through its transparent misrepresentations, then we say happy *Globe!* It promises to recur to Mr. McGee's letter, but before it does so we ask it to point to one sentence, line, or word that justifies its assertion that Mr. McGee advocates the establishment of a "standing army," even to the number of a corporal's guard.

DEPARTURE OF HIS LORDSHIP THE RIGHT REV. BISHOP GUIGUES.

His Lordship the Roman Catholic Bishop of the Diocese of Ontario, leaves this morning on his way to Rome, in obedience to the invitation of His Holiness, Pope Pius the Ninth, to be present at the celebration of the Eighteen Hundredth Anniversary of the Martyrdom of St. Peter and St. Paul, on the 29th of next month. All the Bishops in communion with the See of Rome are invited to be present on the occasion in question, and several have already sailed from Canada, among others, the Right Rev. Dr. Farrell, of Hamilton. We understand that the Right Rev. Dr. Tache, the Missionary Bishop of the Red River settlement, will accompany his Lordship, of Ottawa, across the Atlantic.

Among the interesting tokens of regard at leave-taking with Dr. Guigues, the following address from the Irish Catholic Temperance Society, will not be the least highly prized by the Bishop. It was presented this morning at the Cathedral at five o'clock, after the celebration of his Lordship's Mass:

To the Right Rev. Joseph Eugene Guigues, Bishop of Ottawa:

May it please your Lordship.—The announcement of your Lordship's intended voyage to the shores of another continent, naturally enkindles in the breasts of your affectionate spiritual children, the members of the Irish Temperance Association, a sense of bereavement, and the deepest anxiety for your safe return; and we hasten to pay our filial respects, and bid your Lordship, as we hope, a short farewell.

To be separated by so many miles of ocean from your Lordship, who has always been to us the most indulgent and kindest of pastors, induces feelings of sadness and regret. We are consoled, however, not only by the consciousness that the interests of our Holy Religion, and our spiritual welfare, impel you to face the perils of the Atlantic waves; but also that your absence will be but of comparatively short duration. We hope that your Lordship will, with the blessing of Heaven, return to us with increased health and vigor, from the congenial climate of Southern Europe, the happy bearer of benedictions for your expectant flock from the hands of the August Head of the Church, in the centre of the Catholic unity.

With these sentiments, we wish your Lordship a pleasant voyage, and our prayers shall unceasingly ascend to the Throne of Grace, for your safe and speedy return.

Signed, on behalf of the Association,
John Henry, 1st Vice-President.
John O'Reilly, 2nd Vice-President.
J. G. Leyden, Secretary.
Dated Ottawa, May 22, 1867.

—Hon. Mr. Howland, who arrived in Toronto, with Hon. Mr. Macdougall, on Thursday, went to St. Catharines on Friday evening, and returned on Saturday evening. Hon. Mr. Macdougall went west on Saturday evening.—*Leader.*

Surratt's Trial.

New York, May 21.—The *Herald's* special says: Surratt's trial will be postponed till the third Monday in June, when the Government will be ready. Hon. John A. Bingham, M.C., from Ohio, who as Judge Advocate prosecuted Payne and Atzerot on the military trial, has been invited to be one of the prosecuting attorneys in the forthcoming trial of Surratt.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the St. Patrick's Literary Association, held last night, at the St. Patrick's Hall, about fifty members being present, the following resolution was carried, with but two dissenting voices—Mr. J. L. P. O'Hanly and Mr. Starrs:

Moved by J. F. Caldwell, seconded by Robert O'Reilly, that this meeting deeply regret the action taken by a portion of the new members of this association, on Wednesday evening, the 15th inst., in reference to the *Canadian Freeman*; and we hereby repudiate the resolutions passed at the said meeting, and sent to the newspapers for publication, by James Goulden.

That this meeting emphatically declares that the sentiments embodied in the said resolutions are not those entertained by either this association or any considerable portion of the respectable Irish citizens of Ottawa.

J. M. Carron,
Recording Secretary St. P. L. A.
Ottawa, May 21, 1867.

MEETING OF DRUGGISTS.

"Ottawa Chemists' Association" Formed.

Pursuant to notice published in the city papers, the Chemists and Druggists of the city assembled on Monday evening at the Mechanics' Institute Rooms. The following gentlemen were present:—Messrs. John Roberts, George Mortimer, H. F. MacCarthy, Joseph Skinner, Charles Austin, W. Hearn, W. M. Massey, J. P. Featherston, W. A. Lloyd, F. R. Davidson, D. Kenley, W. Patterson, H. Morton and C. R. Jones.

On motion of Mr. Mortimer, seconded by Mr. MacCarthy, Mr Roberts was called to the chair. Mr. Massey was appointed Secretary.

The following resolutions were carried unanimously after a brief discussion:

Moved by Mr. Massey, seconded by Mr. Austin, that this meeting form a society, to be called "The Ottawa Chemists' Association."

Moved by Mr. Featherston, seconded by Mr. Skinner, that Mr. J. Roberts be elected President of the Association.

Moved by Mr Massey, seconded by Mr. Featherston, that Mr. H. F. MacCarthy be elected Vice-President.

Moved by Mr. Hearn, seconded by Mr. Austin, that Mr. Wm. Massey be elected Secretary-Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Skinner, seconded by Mr. Mortimer, that the following with the officers compose the Committee, viz.: Messrs. Skinner, Mortimer, Austin, Browne, Hearn and Featherston.

Moved by Mr. Mortimer, seconded by Mr. Austin, that it be resolved that the Secretary be instructed to send a circular to all Druggists in business in Canada, requesting them to form Chemists' Associations in each city and town, for the purpose of electing a Delegate or Delegates to a Convention of the trade, to consider the necessity of obtaining a Pharmacy Bill for the Province; also for the purpose of opposing if advisable, by petition, the bill purposed to be presented at the next Session of Parliament by the Medical Council of Upper Canada.

Moved by Mr. Skinner, seconded by Mr. Lloyd, that the annual subscription for Druggists in business be $2; for assistants and apprentices $1.

Moved by Mr. Austin, seconded by Mr. Hearn, that the president shall have power to call a meeting of the Society when necessary, and when requested to do so by any three members of the association.

The utmost unanimity of feeling prevailed, and after the adoption of the foregoing resolutions, the meeting adjourned.

QUALIFICATION OF DRUGGISTS.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—The question of Druggists being legally qualified to dispense medicines is an important one, and the Medical Council deserves some credit for introducing the matter, unsatisfactory as is their mode of doing so. But let not the public be deceived by such statements as that of Dr. Richardson, into the belief that danger only is to be apprehended from the incompetency of the druggist or his assistant. The public should know that perhaps the principal reason why competency is required on the part of the druggist, is the illegible and careless way in which many doctors write their prescriptions. It is well known that in New York the dispenser has in the majority of cases to guess at what the prescriber means, so badly are the prescriptions written, and let it not be supposed that every Canadian physician, or that even the Medical Council itself, is immaculate in this respect.

Moreover, Mr. Editor, there are several other matters about which it would be well for the Medical Council to legislate *for physicians* before presuming to legislate for the Druggist. The doctor has undoubtedly a right to require that the Druggist who compounds his prescriptions should be competent to do so; but the Druggist has also a right to require from the profession something like the following:

1st. That prescriptions should be legibly written.

2nd. That the nomenclature employed should be uniform and modern, and hence that such obsolete terms as Hyd Oxymur, and such a variety of terms as Hyd Chlor, Hyd Chlor Mit, Hyd Submer, Hyd Tub Chlor to designate one thing should not be employed.

3rd. That the profession should agree as to which Pharmacopœia they desire followed in the preparation of the medicine they employ, the British, or United States, there being in some cases a considerable difference, not only in the mode of preparation but in the ingredients and quantities used.

4th. That with articles such as chloroform, where the specific gravity differs so greatly from the average of fluid preparations employed, the, I should be placed before the quantity prescribed in order to assure the dispenser that measure and not weight is meant.

5th. That as a drop in many cases differs so materially in volume from a minim, the prescriber should know himself and indicate clearly to the druggist which he means, and not use these terms indifferently.

When the Medical Council has produced all the reform that is needful in the profession on the above points, it will have more reason than it now has for seeking to bring druggists and their assistants under its curriculum. But as matters stand, it would surely have been a more creditable thing to have advised druggists to form themselves into a Pharmaceutical Association, and to legally qualify themselves, which course they will now probably take, and not suffer themselves to be ruled by the medical faculty.

As to the prescribing of the druggist, so bitterly complained of, the patient knows that a druggist is not a doctor, and the druggist knows that he is not like the physician, licensed to kill, and will not risk prescribing in a case he does not understand, but will refer the applicant to the best physician who deals with him.

Druggist.

Ottawa, May 22nd, 1867.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 21, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 39 above zero.
6 a. m., 48 above zero.
Noon shade, 60 above zero.
Noon sun, 93 above zero.
6 p. m., 60 above zero.

LOCAL NEWS.

Arrived in Town Yesterday.—Lieut.-Col. Atcherly, D. A. A. G., and Lieut.-Col. Jackson, Brigade Major. These officers came to Ottawa for the purpose of inspecting the Ottawa volunteer force.

A Weakness for Queer Company.—The *Citizen*, speaking of "the pig nuisance," says "we enjoy his (the pig's) company at dinner." Well! "as the lassie said when she kissed the "cow—*there's no accounting for tastes.*"

The New Grocery.—The new grocery opened by Messrs. Dalglish and Russell, at the corner of Wellington and Kent-sts., Upper Town, is we believe to be strictly a temperance store, no wines or liquors being sold by them, but all groceries of the best quality.

Police Court.—John Quinn, charged with being found lying drunk on the platform on Bolton-st., was fined $2 and costs, amounting altogether to $5.75, or one week in jail. John had $5.50 in his pocket, but as he had not yet recovered from the effects of his spree his offer of the money in payment of the fine was not accepted, and he was taken back to jail.

The Trees on Major's Hill.—It would be well for the police authorities to keep a sharp look out for the graceless scamps who deface the seats, injure the trees, and otherwise mar the beauty of this favorite resort. The presence of a policeman would doubtless have a salutary influence in restraining the destructive propensities of the parties who do the mischief complained of.

Mr. Taverner as Othello.—Mr. Townsend announces in our advertising columns that he has secured the services of Mr. J. W. Taverner, the great English Tragedian and Elocutionist, to appear on the evening of the 24th as Othello, the Moor of Venice. The tragedy is cast with all the force of the company. Miss Florence Townsend plays Desdemona. There is every reason to expect a full house on the occasion.

The 100th at the Theatre.—The grand variety entertainment promised by the amateurs of the 100th came off last night, to a moderately well filled house. Some portions of the amusements were cheered and encored, and probably will be even more successful this evening. Carroll Ryan read several selections of his "Songs of a Wanderer" with much feeling, several passages of which were applauded. The music of the band was, as it always is, most excellent. The friends of the amateurs should remember that they play again this evening.

Grand Military and Civic Ball in Honor of the Queen's Birthday.—A grand Military and Civic Ball will be given at the Rink on the evening of her Majesty's Birthday, under the patronage of many of the most distinguished officers and gentlemen of Ottawa. From present appearances this ball promises to be a superb affair. The preparations at the Rink are being rapidly pushed forward to completion, when it will be one of the most spacious, airy, and commodious ball-rooms in the country. See full particulars in the advertisement. Mr. Lester, who has had great experience in such matters, is the manager.

Military Inspection and Review.—Yesterday the whole Brigade of Ottawa Volunteers were inspected by Lieut.-Col. Atcherly, D. A. A. G., and Lieut.-Col. Jackson, Brigade Major, and reviewed by Adjt.-Gen. Macdougall. There was a very strong muster of nearly all the companies, the whole numbering about eight hundred, all told. The Field Battery, Captain Forsyth; Prov. Brigade Garrison Artillery, Major Forrest; Ottawa Prov. Batt., Major Grant; the Cadets, Ottawa Co., Captain Boulton; Victoria Co., Captain McMillen formed and were inspected at the parade ground of the drill shed, after which they marched to the Parliament Hill, where they joined the Civil Service, and were reviewed by the Adjutant-General of Militia. The whole Brigade formed in contiguous line, the Field Battery on the right, and the Cadets on the left. They then went through several evolutions, and practiced for the *fue de joie* and salute, and performed the march past in excellent order. The Brigade presented a fine military appearance, and acquitted themselves like good soldiers. It would be unjust to the young Cadets if they were not included in the general praise, for the truth is, they did about as well as any of the rest—their marching and general precision deserve the highest praise. The Field Battery retired to the Major's Hill where they fired several rounds. Orders were issued by Col. Wily for a guard of honor of 100 men, drawn from the Civil Service Battalion, to assemble on the parade ground on Friday morning, at five o'clock, to await the arrival of the Victoria Rifles of Montreal, and escort them to their quarters.

VEGETATION NO. 3.

Notes on the general phenomena of vegetation in the neighborhood of Ottawa, between the 15th and 22nd of May, 1867.

The low temperature and frequent showers of rain, that have prevailed up to within the last few days have retarded vegetation to an unparalleled extent.

At the present time we can record but about forty species of our indigenous plants as having come into flower, whilst for the corresponding period last year there was double this number.

In the last article on vegetation we omitted to state that *Dicentra laciniata* was found in flower on the 11th inst.; in high woods on lot 5, Junction Gore of Gloucester, its only known locality around the city.

On the 16th a few flowers of *Viola cucullata, Uvularia grandiflora, Viola Canadensis* and *Oryzopsis asperifolia* were observed; and, since this time, have been found in blossom plants of *Viola blanda, Trillium grandiflorum, Trillium erythrocarpum, Uvularia sessilifolia, Capsella Bursa-pastoris, Stellaria media, Cassandra calyculata, Poa annua, Caltha palustris,* and *Fragaria Virginiana, Chrysoplenium Americanum,* which has a luxuriant growth on the bottom of woodland rills, was found a few days ago in a cool shaded spring of water, flowering and rooting in the mud, and affording an illustration of the low temperature in which some plants will flourish.

Some remarkable facts are connected with *Poa annua,* above alluded to. It blossoms throughout the season. It is a native of both Europe and America, and it has been found at an altitude of more than five thousand feet, on the Himalaya mountains.

A number of plants are now pushing forth their flower buds, which will expand in a few days, among which are *Clintonia borealis, aralia, aquilegia* and *Thalictrum dioicum.*

The new road leading from Bank-st. into Gloucester, passes through a wood situated between the canal and the city limits, the sandy nature of the sub soil supporting a thin stratum of vegetable mould, indicates that this spot was originally covered with coniferous trees, which have been in part superseded by two species of poplar, *Populus tremuloides* and *Populus grandidentata*, but which otherwise retains its original flora. Many of the plants are such as are found under the shade of evergreens.

The club-mosses are particularly abundant, and it is worth noting that four species, *Lycopodium clavatum, L. complanatum, L. annotium,* and *L. dendroidium* were observed from one point of view.

In a spongy swamp or bog that crosses the road near the further border of the wood, *sarracenia purpurea, cassandra calyculata, Kalmia glauca* and *Abries-nigra* were found quite plentiful, and as the season advances, it is probable that other plants more or less rare and peculiar to bogs, will be found in this interesting locality.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 21, 1867.

Hon. Mr McGee had an interview with the British Ambassador, Lord Cowley, before leaving Paris. The same evening he attended a soiree at the Tuilleries.

The Mayor has issued a proclamation making the 24th a public holiday in the city.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

London, May 21—Evening.—Consols closed at 93; 5-20's 72¾; I. C. 76¾; Erie 42½.

The "Alabama" Question.

Earl Derby says officially that the *Alabama* question will be amicably adjusted. The proposition made some time since to arbitrate the whole case, has been refused.

A Plot to Assassinate the King of Prussia.

Berlin, May 21.—A horrible plot has just been discovered in Hanover, having for its chief purpose the assassination of King William and Count Von Bismark. Several notable personages in this city are involved in the plot. A number of arrests both here and at Hanover have been made of persons believed to be implicated, and it is thought that by these timely precautions the scheme has been frustrated.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the S. S. "Africa."

Halifax, May 21.—The steamship *Africa* arrived at 2 o'clock this p.m.

Masonic.

New York, May 21.—The *Post's* Washington special says: The President will visit Boston on the 24th of June; he will be escorted by two hundred Knights and Templars.

The Remains of Booth.

New York, May 21.—Gen. Baker, the well known government detective during the war, has published a narrative of his experiences in it; he states that Mrs. Surratt confessed to him her complicity in the plot to abduct President Lincoln, but affirmed that she reluctantly yielded to the urging of Booth in aiding the plot of assassination. Booth insisted that her oath of fidelity bound her to see the fatal end of the conspiracy. Baker states he buried Booth's remains beneath the old penitentiary, adjoining the arsenal, in Washington.

Extensive Failure in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 21.—Hinde and Porter, commission merchants, have failed, caused by bad Southern debts, liabilities $170,000.

Jeff. Davis en route for Montreal.

New York, May 21.—Jeff. Davis and family left to-day for Montreal.

Mexican News.

New Orleans, May 21.—The *Picayune's* special dated Orizaba, May 3, says the city of Mexico is surrounded by 20,000 Liberals, and the bombardment has commenced in earnest. The garrison numbered 8,000 under Marquez, who had announced his intention to resist to the last. No officers are to receive quarter from the Liberals; indeed, orders had been issued that Miramon, Marquez and Maximilian were to be shot, if captured. Since the surrender of Puebla the Imperialists have not over 16,000 men in the field, all told.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

Female Suffrage Defeated.

London, May 20—Midnight.—In the House of Commons, to-night, an amendment to the Reform Bill, granting female suffrage, was rejected by 132 majority. A discussion also took place on the amendment proposing a copyhold franchise, in which the Derby Government was defeated.

Opening of the Austrian Riechroth.

Vienna, May 20.—The opening of the Imperial Riechroth of Austria, took place to-day.

The Sultan Going to Paris.

Constantinople, May 21.—The Sultan will go to Paris to visit the exposition early in July.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Failure of a Large Cotton Firm.

New York, May 21.—The *Commercial* says: Cable despatches announce the failure of the large cotton firm of Frazer, Trenholm & Co., and the report is confirmed by the agents of the firm in this city.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 21.—The *Post* says: Loans easier. Stocks show some indications of improvement; governments firm. A lively business doing for investment in all descriptions; 5-20's in brisk demand. Stocks at second board dull. Gold 137¾.

The Break in the Cable.

New York, May 21.—The officials of the Atlantic cable report that the break has been located at a point less than three miles from the telegraph station at Heart's Content, and there will be no delay in making the necessary repairs and putting the cable of 1866 in a good working condition. No interruption to the cable of 1865.

Sunday Horse Racing in Paris.

New York, May 21.—The *Herald* has the following cable telegram:

Chantilly Course, Paris, May 19.—There was a grand assemblage on the turf at this place to-day (Sunday), to witness the contest for the great racing event of the French Derby. Ten thousand people at least were present. The royal visitors in the French capital were represented on the road, and at the grand stand, by the King and Queen of the Belgians, and it may be said the whole fashionable portion of Paris turned out for the occasion. There were a great many English and Americans also on the ground. Thirteen horses ran for the Derby, which was won by M. H. DeLamar's "Patricien." There were five races. Betting had been very animated for three weeks, and "Montgoubert" has been the first favorite. The betting was generally against the winner. The scene at the starting-post was very brilliant, and when "Patricien" came in ahead, beating all the favorites, it was one of extraordinary excitement.

News from Mexico—Seward's Letter.

New York, May 21.—The *Herald's* Matamoras correspondent of the 10th says, Juarez has levied Prestamos to the amount of $2,000,000. Immediately after the receipt of Mr. Seward's letter, he issued orders in reference to the treatment of Maximilian, saying his life should be spared, and as it was feared that Escobedo would have the unfortunate Prince assassinated, notwithstanding orders to the contrary, Escobedo was sent to command an expedition against Canales, who had rebelled in the North. Corona, considered the ablest of the Mexican generals, was appointed to succeed him, and now commands all the armies of the republic. An Imperial reconnoitoring party, including one of Maximilian's adjutants, had been captured and shot.

Booth's Diary.

New York, May 21.—The Booth diary is published. It is simply a defence of his action. He says, under date of April 13th and 14th: Until to-day nothing was ever thought of sacrifices to our country's wrongs. For six months we had worked to capture, but our cause being almost lost, something decisive and great must be done; but its failure was owing to others who did not strike for their country with a heart. I struck boldly, and not as the papers say. I walked with a firm step through a thousand of his friends, and was stopped, but pushed on. A Colonel was at his side. I shouted *Sic Semper* before I fired. In jumping I broke my leg; I passed all his pickets; rode sixty miles that night, with the bone tearing the flesh at every jump. I can never repent it, though we had to kill. Our country owed all her troubles to him, and God simply made me the instrument of His punishment. The country is not (April, 1865,) what it was; this forced union is not what I have loved. I care not what becomes of me. I have no desire to outlive my country. This night, before the deed, I wrote a long article and left it for one of the editors of the *National Intelligencer*, in which I fully set forth our reasons for our proceedings.

ANTI-COLONIAL WAR.—ANOTHER ASSAULT BY MR. LOWE, M. P.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—Consideration for your space, which is so valuable, induced me to conclude rather abruptly the other day, my remarks in reply to Mr. Lowe's anti-Canadian speech in the House of Commons. I had considered one of the two ways in which I conceive it possible that Canada might come to be engaged in war, a war purely on account of this colony itself, whether provoked by the Canadians or waged against them without provocation. I think I may take credit to myself for having given due weight to the improbability of any such provocation proceeding from a people who are wholly intent on promoting the improvement of their country, its prosperity and their own happiness without interfering in the affairs of other nations. But I omitted to say how an unprovoked attack, as I think I have good reason to believe, would be met. Such an attack, if successful, would place the country under foreign domination, an evil which no people have ever willingly borne. That it would be resisted, therefore, anyone who knows the spirit and mind of the Canadians will at once acknowledge. But Mr. Lowe says it would be "*ridiculous and chimerical to think of defending Canada.*" The attempt would certainly be made, however; and in the event of such a war, as I suppose, the defence would be "*pro aris et focis,*"—for happy homes and altars free. A people, engaged in such a cause cannot easily be defeated. In such wars it is not numbers that prevail, nor discipline even, and superior weapons of offence. In no case can it be more truly said, that "the race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong." Let a people be sufficiently numerous to possess even the smallest organized force that can take the field, and unjust aggression, unprovoked invasion, will not be found to be so very profitable a speculation, even by the richest and most powerful nation. We cannot fail to remember with what energy and success, ancient Greece, while she yet appreciated liberty, and deserved it, contended against the more numerous and well-appointed hosts of Persia. Greece was only a small and insignificant country, as regarded extent of territory, resources and population, compared to the Persian Empire. And that Empire was a warlike and conquering power. The Greeks, nevertheless, so dreaded the evils of foreign rule, that, as is well known, they nobly fought for their independence and maintained it. But do I compare our people, inexperienced as they are in the art of war, to the warriors and heroes of ancient Greece? Inasmuch as their cause would be the same, their love of liberty as great, their homes as happy, and their altars as sacred, the comparison is appropriate and well deserved. Invasion would render it complete; each new attack would improve their military skill, and heroes would arise on every battle-field. The determination to be free would increase with increasing difficulties. Better, would each one say, as he marched to the field of strife, better by far that we should have toil, and contention, and danger, for a time, even for generations, than be subject forever, to the galling yoke that conquerors are wont to impose.

> "Freedom's battle once begun,
> Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son,
> Though often lost, is ever won."

A people inured to war and possessing vast resources might indeed invade these Provinces, might even obtain successes, but final success never. Provided that the people who have adopted union as their watchword, remain united, and continue to be animated by that love of liberty which has already won for them so much respect, they may defy the world in arms. What experience in war had the Muscovite as yet, when he undertook the defence of his country against the warrior Swede? He had no other resource, it may be truly said, than his determination to be free. And as he fought and bled for liberty, he learned from his formidable enemy the art of war, and snatched from him the power to conquer. Was it numbers, was it great resources, was it even any marvellous skill in war, that enabled Venice to resist and maintain her independence, against the numerous, or rather, innumerable armies that overthrew the Roman Empire? She possessed a few ships it is true, some able seamen, a compact band of brave soldiers, and she beheld without dismay the ruin which spread its terrors all around her.

These Provinces also possess a few ships. They are able to build a great many more, and until they could do so, that Fleet which has not yet been swept from off the seas, would lend its aid, notwithstanding any serious objections that might be made by the Rt. Hon. Mr. Lowe. It would not wait to ask his leave. But, as in the case of the invasion of British America, which was attempted last year, it would do its duty. It is sometimes enquired where this Navy is to be found. The enemies of the country without, and the mar-plots within, maintain that it is nowhere. What, though there may be some ships about the West Indies, or in the distant East, of what service would they be, in the event of any great and sudden danger? Public men, by suggesting such questions, fail in their aim, fail to bring the country to undervalue and neglect the colonies. They only throw the enemy off their guard. Last year when certain filibusters assembled in numbers at Eastport, in the State of Maine, and hoped to make an easy prey of a British Province, the first object which they beheld between them and their intended victim, was a formidable representation, in the shape of a well appointed war ship, of that Fleet, which, they had flattered themselves, was invisible. This Fleet also, which, it is so often and so absurdly insisted on is never ready in any emergency, showed its colours in the St. Lawrence, caused some of its first-class ships to penetrate as far as Quebec and Montreal, and covered our lakes with gun-boats. Meanwhile, how was the British army engaged? Only *a few thousand men could be sent*, says Mr. Lowe, to the assistance of Canada. Without admitting the position, why send more, when a few thousands are equal to the work in hand? But why limit the number? When an Empire is threatened, whether the attack be directed against the members or the head, does it not become her to put forth her strength? And if in 1814, when the population and the resources of Great Britain were nothing like what they are to-day, she could call into the field more than a million of native troops, and if in 1815 when the caged Eagle escaped, she could in the course of a few weeks, summon to arms no fewer than 600,000 men and vote large sums to subsidise the armies of her allies, what could she not, what would she not accomplish, if invaded by any formidable power? And it would suffice, if we do not greatly misunderstand the spirit which, although it may sleep, is certainly not extinct, to cause a demonstration of her latent strength, that her honor should be assailed in her remotest and most insignificant dependency, as much as if it were attacked on the banks of the St. Lawrence, the Ganges or the Thames. But what was done in 1866, when Canada and her institutions, which she holds so dear, were threatened? Was there any proof given of that indifference to the welfare of the Colonies, which some Honorable and Right Honorable Members of Parliament are constantly inculcating? If, however, on that occasion the brave Canadian volunteers were sustained by regular troops, it was because nothing less was contemplated by the enemy than the overthrow of the British Empire itself. It is difficult to conceive a serious invasion of any part of an Empire that does not aim at the destruction of that Empire. But, in many respects, the affair of last year bore the character of such filibustering expeditions as have been got up from time to time, by the redundant and more turbulent portions of the population of the United States against neighboring countries. It owed its origin, also, to an undefinable hatred of the British name which as it is not conceivable on any principles known to ordinary mortals, and does not appear to be founded on any merely sublunary motive, must be classed among those sentiments that are essentially transcendental and sublime. Such sentiments are beyond the reach of our more humble sphere. And yet there is but a step between these very exalted things and the ridiculous. This became tolerably manifest when they resolved themselves into the idea and the endeavor to give liberty to a people who enjoy as much, if not more, of this excellent gift, than any other people on the face of the earth.

The attempt at invasion by a set of people who pretended to aim at the emancipation of the Canadians can hardly be called a war on account of Canada itself, although, indeed, it does not appear that they would have had any objections to possess the land, if we may judge from the partition which they made of its finest estates in anticipation of a speedy conquest. This precaution, no doubt, was adopted in order to provide for a prompt solution of the debt that must have been contracted in achieving the meditated victory, but by no means to enrich the leaders of the new civilization. These modern Attilas were the most disinterested of mortals. They were wholly governed by an idea which was quite ethereal if not of the Utopian order. They would have considered only how they should best have rewarded their Hunnic legions with the spoils of the conquered territory. Although this war, therefore, if war it could be called, was not waged purely on account of Canada, either on account of the liberty which it professed to bestow upon the Canadians, the liberty, doubtless, to go where they pleased, or on account solely of the rich booty, the *spolia opima*, which the enemy hoped so soon to grasp, but in some measure, in pursuance of the idea which doomed the British Empire to perdition, it was nevertheless a Canadian difficulty. As such it behooved Canadians to deal with it. Nor was it a matter with which the mother country conceived that she had no concern, according to doctrines which are loudly preached both in parliament and out of parliament, but which we earnestly hope will never become the fashion. Nor, as we have seen, did the British Lion forget to roar, or Englishmen to do their duty. The effort which they so nobly and so promptly made, was ably and bravely seconded by the Canadians themselves. Mr. Lowe need not tell us any more that it is *absurd* and *chimerical to think of defending these Provinces.* "*Ab actu ad posse,*" if I may be allowed the use of a theological argument, "*valet consecutio.*" That is, they have been defended—successfully defended, and, therefore, they may and ought to be still defended, and with the like result, whenever circumstances shall call for their defence. On occasion of the war alluded to, Canada, it is acknowledged on all hands, did all that could be reasonably required of her; and she possessed the means of bringing into the field without burthening herself, a respectable array of soldiers. These were not mercenaries, but the children of her own soil who in the hour of threatened danger, hastened to the aid of their country. Some ten thousand, more than were required, volunteered their services within a day or two. And if the war had continued and become formidable, from 80,000 to 100,000 would have speedily enrolled themselves in the ranks of the volunteers. Such preparations for defence were no sooner known than the war came to an end. At one point, the enemy fled without being defeated. At another, they barely crossed the frontier line, and dared not come within reach of Canadian fire. If they fled, and without much honor, they could say that they were opposed by superior numbers. Our defence, then, what say you Mr. Lowe? was not quite *chimerical*. At a third point, the enemy were suddenly panic-struck on beholding unexpectedly that odious thing the Union Jack waving from the mast-head of a British gunboat, the fleet not having been quite so distant at the time, as the West or the East Indies. What more need be said? Have not the preparations which the Canadians made, together with their patriotism which bore them as one man against the enemy, and their prowess in the field, met with due appreciation amongst the British people? It will not do then to tell us that there can be nothing more absurd and chimerical than to think of our defence. Such defence as the Canadians themselves could make, proved that they were deserving of more. This alone shews how valuable their preparations were, and how available also the like preparations would be in like circumstances, at any future time.

There might, however, arise greater dangers. This is not to be denied. But it is now waxing late. So, with your good leave and pleasure, Mr Editor, I will shortly concoct one epistle more, in order to shew that in a country possessing so numerous a population, such varied and such great resources as the Dominion of Canada, it would be nothing short of disgraceful if these *greater dangers* were not adequately met.

I am meanwhile,
Faithfully, &c., &c.,
Nemo.

Ottawa, May 13, 1867.

Burke, the Fenian, Dangerously Ill.

London, May 21—10 a. m.—It is reported that Burke, the recently convicted Fenian, is lying so dangerously ill in his cell at Dublin that his life is despaired of.

Fenianism—Roberts as a Lecturer.

Philadelphia, May 21.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of Fenians was held to-night at the Academy of Music. Col. Roberts delivered a lecture on England and her piracies. Col. Morrison depicted the wrongs of Ireland, and appealed to Irishmen for their release. The names of Burke and Irish heroes were cheered enthusiastically.

The Economy of Health.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

Wooly Horses.—Wooly horses are not so rare as many suppose, nor such great curiosities either, there are many to be found in various parts of the country, but we doubt if they will ever prove as valuable to their owners as the one exhibited by Barnum. We imagine their owners would consider them more valuable without the wool, for this rough and wooly state of the hair indicates that the horse is not in a healthy condition—probably hide bound, or suffering from some disease which occasions this unnatural appearance; in such cases use Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition medicine, it will purify the blood, correct the appetite, remove all obstructions from the lungs and liver, and give to the coat a new and shining appearance. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.* Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

September 24

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 20th instant, Mrs. ... Bethune, of a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF COOKING STOVES! ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises
St. Lawrence. Steward. Golden Fleece. King. Forest Queen. &c., &c., &c. Ottawa. Davy Crockett. Protection. Empire State. Ranger. &c.

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

Ottawa, May 21. ESMONDE BROS.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell, Wellington & Kent.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

Excursion to Grenville.

On Friday, the 24th Inst.

BEING THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

THE STEAMER QUEEN VICTORIA (CAPTAIN BOWIE)

Will convey Passengers from OTTAWA TO GRENVILLE AND BACK FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Meals Extra.

Ottawa, May 22.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager....John Townsend.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

Engagement for this night only of the Great English Tragedian and Elocutionist,

Mr. J. W. Taverner!

Who will appear in Shakespeare's Grand Character of OTHELLO.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 24th, Will be presented (in five acts) Shakespeare's Grand Tragedy of

Othello! MOOR OF VENICE!

Thus Powerfully Cast.
OTHELLO.......Mr. J. W. TAVERNER.
IAGO (first time in Ottawa), JOHN TOWNSEND.
Cassio.........Mr. Harry ...
Roderigo.........Mr. Alfred ...
DESDEMONA....MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND.
Supported by the whole Company.

After which a Comic Song by Mr. A. HUDSON.

To conclude with the Roaring Farce of THE STAGE STRUCK LOVERS! Miss Florence Townsend, Mr Alfred ..., the Company.

Notice.—Mr. Townsend begs to announce to his friends and the public, that he has engaged a full and highly talented Company from New York, and for the season, commencing on THURSDAY the ... instant. A list of the Company will be published on Monday.

Ottawa, May 21, 1867.

A GRAND Military & Civic Ball WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE OTTAWA SKATING RINK On Friday next, 24th May instant, In Honor of her Majesty's Birthday, under the patronage of

Col. Macdougall, Adjt.-Gen. of Militia.
Lt.-Col. Campbell and officers 100th Regt.
Lt.-Col. Walker Powell, Deputy Adjt.-Gen.
Lt.-Col. Wily and officers of Civil Service Rifles.
Lt.-Col. Atcherly, Asst.-Adjt.-Gen. of Militia.
Lt.-Col. Jackson, Brigade Major.
Lt.-Col. Powell and officers ...
Maj. Forest and officers Brigade of Garrison Artillery.
Major Grant and officers Ottawa Rifles.
Capt. Forsyth and officers of Field Battery.
His Worship the Mayor.

COMMITTEE:
J. M. Currier, M.P.P. | D. W. ...
Lt.-Col. Aumond. | R. S. ...
A. Patrick, Esq. | R. ...
James Fraser, Esq. | I. B. Taylor, Esq.
H. V. Noel, Esq. | R. ...
Maj. G. Seale, Esq. | C. T. ...
W. Wade, Esq. | R. ...
J. L. B. Ross, Esq. | C. E. ...

Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock. Gowan's Full Band will be in attendance. Tickets, including refreshments, $2.00; to admit a Gentleman and two Ladies, ... procured at the Russell House, and ... & Son's, Ottawa Music Store, ...

G. W. LESTER, Manager.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 21.

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, dressing, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

May 21. 438-td

Citizen and Daily News copy till date.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

438-1a-19y

M. WHITE,

(FROM QUEBEC,)

BEGS to announce to the Citizens of Ottawa that he has opened a branch of his

BOOT AND SHOE

Business at No. 41, Sparks-street, (opposite Magee & Russell's), and is prepared to supply those who may favor him with their patronage, from an assorted stock of superior quality, or manufacture to order.

His terms are Cash on delivery of the goods.

May 21, 1867. 440-4

For Sale.

A COUPLE OF PURE ENGLISH FOX-HOUNDS, (imported breed), are well adapted for deer-hunting next Fall.

Apply by letter to FORESTER, Office of this paper.

440-2

ADJOURNMENT.

The Court of Revision

FOR THE CITY OF OTTAWA, stands ADJOURNED until WEDNESDAY, the 22d Day of MAY, 1867, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
(By order.)

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 20, 1867. 440-td

PROCLAMATION.

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA ARE respectfully requested to observe FRIDAY, the 24th day of MAY, 1867, the Birthday of Her Majesty, the Queen, as a

PUBLIC HOLIDAY!

By closing all places of business, hoisting of flags, and such other decorations as may be deemed fitting for the due and proper celebration of the day.

Given under my hand this twentieth day of May, A.D., 1867.

ROBERT LYON,
439-td Mayor.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

PROGRAMME.

A FULL PARADE OF THE ENTIRE Military Force, Regular and Volunteer, will take place on the GOVERNMENT HILL SQUARE.

A grand FEU DE JOIE will be fired at 12 o'clock noon. RINGING OF THE CITY BELLS.

A grand parade of the OTTAWA FIRE BRIGADE, will be held at the CITY HALL SQUARE, at 9½ o'clock a.m., under the direction of the Superintendent.

REVIEW OF THE FIRE BRIGADE.

After which a MASS PROCESSION of the Firemen will immediately follow.

Chief Marshall—The Chief of Police.

The procession will leave the City Hall Square at half past 10 o'clock p.m., in the following order:

UNION JACK.
St. Patrick's Band.
Lower Town Hook & Ladder Company.
Favreau's Band.
Queen Fire Company.
Rideau Fire Company.
Chaudiere Band.
Chaudiere Fire Company.
Central Hook & Ladder Company.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

From the City Hall Square through Rideau, Dalhousie, St. Patrick and Sussex-sts., thence along Sparks to Bay-st., thence along Wellington-st. to Metcalfe st., thence to and along Sparks-st. to Elgin-st. and City Hall Square, where the Fire Brigade will be dispersed after the usual address from the Mayor.

A CHAMPION GAME OF LA CROSSE Will be played between the Montreal and Ottawa players on the large field opposite the Protestant Hospital at the East end of Rideau-st. at three o'clock p.m.

CANOE RACES

Will take place in the Rideau Canal between Champagne's Hotel, above the head of the Deep Cut, and the Sapper's Bridge, at 5 o'clock p.m

Bark Canoes	1st Prize	$12.00.
" "	2nd "	6 00
Log Canoes	1st "	12.00.
" "	2nd "	6.00.

ATHLETIC GAMES,

For Prizes, open to boys under eighteen years of age, will commence on the Major's Hill at nine o'clock a.m., to conclude in time for the Military Review.

Bands will be in attendance on each of the above occasions throughout the day.

(By order of the Celebration Committee.)

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-td

Horse for Sale.

A HANDSOME DARK CHESTNUT, rising 5 years, quiet in saddle and harness. Apply at this office. 440-2

To Let on Sandy Hill.

A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE containing ten rooms, perfectly isolated and commanding a lovely view. Together with an acre of garden, planted in early vegetables, 3 stall stable, out-houses, and a spring of excellent water. The house has been newly papered and painted.

Apply to

M. B.,
Office of this paper.

446-1

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

AT the residence of Joseph Bouchette, Esq., Richmond Road, near the residence of John Rochester, Esq.,

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst.,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m.,

All the Household Furniture, consisting of Carpets, Chairs, Bureaus, Washstands, Bolsteads, Sofas, Centre and Dining Tables, Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Glassware, Crockery, &c., &c., all in good order.

Sale positive as the gentleman is leaving the city.

Also, a superior 7-octave Piano-Forte.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

Auction Sale!

H. McLEAN

HAS received instructions to sell at the

BANK OF UPPER CANADA,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

On MONDAY, MAY the 27th,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m.,

Four Superior Burglar and Fire Proof Safes, Taylor's make, of Toronto; Writing Desks, Stoves, Carpets, Tables, Chairs, Letter-press, Clock, Maps, and sundry other articles. All for positive sale.

Terms Cash. Bankable Funds.

Goods must be removed within 24 hours after sale.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

RIDEAU-ST. AUCTION ROOM,

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS in the West, consisting of sofas, chairs, upholstered in hair cloth of the latest styles, and very nice bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, dressing tables, centre tables, book cases, dining tables, &c.

Also, a large quantity of cane seated chairs of the latest styles, rocking chairs, children's high and low chairs, &c.

This stock can be purchased twenty per cent. less than in any other place in the city.

Also, about 300 yards of second hand carpet, very nice pattern, a consignment from Montreal, and must be cleared out.

Remember the place, No. 42, North side of Rideau-st.

A. ROWE,
441-y Auctioneer.

ANNUAL SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
439-td Auctioneer.

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 10 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

AT THE CAPITAL.

Boot and Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET,

Established by James Brough & Co.,

1845.

WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.

Apply to

KENNEDY & BUCKE.
Or
JAS. BROUGH.

May 21. 440-tf

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	**Hats.**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [**20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. 433y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory!

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Beasley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cashmeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15. 381y

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

No. 14, Rideau-st.,

HAVE TO HAND

MILLINERY BONNETS,
STRAW & CRINOLINE BONNETS,
NEWEST STYLES IN HATS.

AMBER, JET, AND CRYSTAL FRINGES.
TULLE, SPOTTED AND BRUSSELLS NETS.
AEROPHANES AND CRAPES.
HAIR NETS, VEILS AND LACES.

FANCY RIBBONS.
BELT RIBBONS.
GROSGRAIN AND TAFFETTA SILKS.

DRESS CAPS, FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES IN ALL KINDS.

OTTAWA, APRIL 8, 1867. 404y

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville, April 20, 1867. 428-td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid of house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 13. 433-6m

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Ranunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES OF THE BANK-ST. CHURCH will hold A BAZAAR, to aid in the erection of a NEW CHURCH, on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

When the large and valuable collection of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the BAND of the 100th Regiment will be in attendance on the evenings of the 22nd and 23rd.

The sale will be held in the Royal Victoria Hotel, kindly granted for the purpose by the proprietor.

LUNCH will be served each day from 12 to 3

Admittance, 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 18. 438d

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 436-d

LAST WEEK BUT ONE!!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Great Clearing Cheap Sale,

Before removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of June.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT GIVEN!!

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY!!!

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 20, 1867. 439-y

100 DOZEN New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA February 22, 1867. 365-3m

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436 d

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NETS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-3w-2

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 4.9-3m

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 400tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURRER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 16. 2307

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquebe

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 72-tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 12. 409y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE & JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 4 3rt

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 28 1867. 366tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for the day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal .... $6 00 each.
First class 3 50
Second do 2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA
FORWARDING COMPANY.
LIMITED.
PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.
DIRECTORS:
W. MCNAUGHTON, ...J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428 S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON, ...Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD, ... " LEITCH.
ALLIANCE, ... " FINDLAY
OREGON, ... " HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD, ... " TONER.
JASON GOULD, ... " OVERMAN.
PONTIAC, ... " DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE, ... " COUVRETTE.
CALUMET, ... " BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation until further notice, the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8.30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: One cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.

By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-20wtd

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.--TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at .... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at .... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at .... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,
For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings. Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN, MARKET DRUG STORE, York-street, Ottawa

377tf.

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA.

(*Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.*)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Comercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT, Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9 11w

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE Township of North Gower intend, on the

Eighth day of June next,

At their Sittings in the TOWN HALL of said Township, to

Pass a By-Law

For the purpose of establishing a ROAD from the Front of the Third Concession to the Rear of the Fourth Concession of said Township, at or near the River Rideau.

JAS. B. EASTMAN, Township Clerk.

North Gower, April 4 13w4

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Farmers Make a Note of It!

WHEN YOU COME TO TOWN YOU can buy

THE BEST TEAS,

THE BEST COFFEES,

AND GROCERIES

Of every description, either Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest cash prices from

HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, Wellington-street, Upper Town.

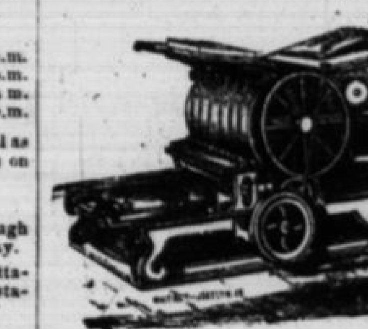
N. B.—Always on hand a choice stock of WINES and LIQUORS of every description.

April 4. 14w2m

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL, Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place, 26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 56 y

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints; Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867 368d3w3

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen"se from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought it hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform
Collodian
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., as Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two Thousand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portage du Fort.

January 29, 1867 w5-6m

Fresh Teas! Fresh Teas!

JUST RECEIVING A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, and for sale at lowest Cash prices, Wholesale or Retail.

HUGH ROSS. Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, Wellington-street, Upper Town.

Ottawa, April 4. 14w2m

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing;
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL, Provincial Secretary.

404tf

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, in Centre Town, in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. Also, a further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order, WILLIAM P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. ...

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

"The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867.

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON.

Ottawa December 9

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a Mortgage Deed made by Alexander John ... of the Township of March, in the County of Carleton, Innkeeper, to Thomas Patterson, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Merchant, of the West half of Lot Number Eleven, in the Third Concession of the said Township of March, and also the East half of Lot Number Two in the Eighth Concession of the Township of Huntley, in the County of Carleton; the said lands and premises will in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in the said Mortgage Deed, be offered for sale at the Office of Messrs. Scott and Ross, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the FIFTEENTH of MAY next, at Twelve o'clock, noon.

The said Thomas Patterson will covenant against his own acts only.

All Searches, Deeds, Abstracts, and other charges attending the Conveyance will be paid by the purchaser.

W. A. ROSS, Solicitor for Thomas Patterson.

April 24. 417-1-15

The above sale is adjourned till FRIDAY, the thirty-first day of MAY, instant, at twelve o'clock, noon.

W. A. ROSS, Solicitor for the said Thomas Patterson.

20w-td

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of their Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866.

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and its dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, *Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a Condition Medicine, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and is all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, a secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the heated vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

VOL

Ottawa

(Published every ...)

George Cotton, ...

THE DAILY ... enjoys the la... published in the ... Daily over 2,000 ... making a total cir... 16,000! thus ou... affording the best m... vertise in.

MASS... NOTARIES ... the Post-office ... J. R. MASS... Ottawa, March 2...

LAPIER... ATTORNIES ... Chancery, C... ... of Sussex a... Ottawa, Februa...

WILLI... LAW, Cha... Office: M... Ottawa, C. W.

ROSS ... ATTORNEY ... Chancery, Co... Office: Elgin Str... ALEXANDER ROS... Ottawa, July 28.

D. ... ATTORNEY, ... Chancery, Co... Office: Union B... February 21, 1866.

R. H... ATTORNEY ... Chancery, Co... ...

A. F. ... ADVOCATE ... Street, Quebec ... Government emplo...

COLMA... ADVOCATES ... Offices: Hull a... Fridays of every w... Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1...

P. J. B... BARRISTER ... Solicitor-in-C... ... Rideau Stree... January 17, 186...

AUGUS... BARRISTER ... Solicitor in C... Office: Opposite ... Ottawa, March ...

J. F... BARRISTER ... Chancery, &c... Office: Aumond ... Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1...

W. MARS... BARRISTER ... Office: Ho... Elgin Streets, ... Ottawa, Dec. 18, ...

BARRISTER ... Ottawa. February 7, 1866.

LEES ... BARRISTER ... Conveyancer ... Office: In the ... Ottawa, February ...

EDWAR... BARRISTER ... Notary Publi... ... Attorney, ... and Russell. ... January 27, 1866.

PROVINCIA... Draughtsman ... and Lower Canad... ... near Ottawa ... Ottawa, Februar...

W. R. BELL... SURGERY ... Street. Ottawa, Novem...

DR. ... PHYSICIAN ... Clarence Str... March 1.

DR. O... DENTIST. ... Ottawa, January

DR. ... DENTIST. ... Messrs. Cam... Ottawa, January

DR. ... DENTIST, ... Street, ... by means of the E...

GEO. LOG... HOMŒPATH... and Accouch... Office: In H... ... John Smith, Bow... ... Duncan ... John Hall, ... Ottawa, Februa...

DR. ... PHYSICIAN ... Office: Hum...

JOHN S... PHYSICIAN ... attending Phy... ... Office and ... Ottawa, May 5...

DR. ... SPARKS St... W. W. Brow... Ottawa, Februar...

YORK Stre... Ottawa Febru...

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 442. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 : and Weekly over 4,000 : making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February 7.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 6, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS,

The New Drug Store,

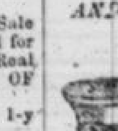
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara' old stand. Jy6-170t

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,........ Liverpool,........ Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.......... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.......... 25.31
And each subsequent year.......... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.......Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.

They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.

O'MEARA & CO.

ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA. September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets

OTTAWA.

August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!

AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,

IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.

Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Callenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.

H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due.
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building (store, Dwelling, &c. &c., &c.) occupied by Mr King, &c. And adjoining it
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants herein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau street.
May 423d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

To Let on Sandy Hill.
A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE containing ten rooms, perfectly isolated and commanding a lovely view. Together with an acre of garden, planted in early vegetables, 3 stall stable, out houses, and a spring of excellent water. The house has been newly papered and painted.
Apply to M. B.,
Office of this paper.
440-3

NEW STORE AND DWELLING TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Iool Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. K. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 43 tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and Vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

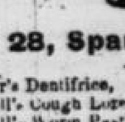
For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-6m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. H. Matheson, Esq. in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

MEDICAL HALL!



28, Sparks-Street.
Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff C't Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street.
430-y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RE-turning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices
Bread.......... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.
A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.
May 17. 427d

MUNICIPALITY of GOULBURN
NOTICE.
THE COURT OF REVISION FOR the Township of Goulburn will be held in the TOWN HALL in said Township, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of May next, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
All those interested are requested to attend.
C. CATHCART,
MUNICIPAL CLERK
Goulburn, April 16. 16w4

Horse for Sale.
A HANDSOME DARK CHESTNUT, rising 5 years, quiet in saddle and harness. Apply at this office. 440-2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Wright House, Hull.

New Goods—Cunningham & Lindsay.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867.

☞ *For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.*

The Hon. JOHN A. MACDONALD and the Hon. A. CAMPBELL arrived in town last night by special train. It is understood that other members of the Cabinet will return to-day.

The Hon. Mr. MCGEE was a passenger by the *Africa*, which touched at Halifax on Tuesday. Preparations are being made in Montreal to give him a public reception.

It is reported that since Mr. HOWE's return to Nova Scotia, he has made no secret of his preference of Washington to Ottawa. He is rapidly developing his annexation views which were but poorly concealed in his first pamphlet against Confederation. Yet Mr. HOWE is pleaded for and excused by the Chief Organiser of Ontario, as being a thousand times more trustworthy than three-fourths of the Cabinet—than perhaps we should say the whole Cabinet of Canada!

It appears that the Hon. JOHN A. MACDONALD has declined the double candidature in Kingston. The Kingston *Whig* of yesterday makes the following announcement on the subject:—

"We are authorised by the Hon. John A. Macdonald (who leaves town to-day, to attend the Cabinet Council in Montreal) that it is not his intention to offer for the seat for Kingston in the House of Assembly for the Province of Ontario. And this he does for two reasons:

"Firstly—Because it has not been decided in Council, whether a Cabinet Minister for the Dominion of Canada should occupy a seat in the Local Legislature of any Province. And should it be so decided, he flatters himself, and that correctly, that he can at any convenient opportunity, obtain a seat in it, from some other constituency.

"Secondly—Because, having represented Kingston in the Parliament of Canada for upwards of twenty years, and having engrossed, during that long period, all its parliamentary honors, he does not choose to stand now in the way of any laudable ambition on the part of other Kingstonians who may desire to advance themselves, or be advanced by the good will and good wishes of others."

The *Globe* returns to its misrepresentation of Mr. MCGEE's letter. This time we are treated to a bit of confidential information as to the practice of Ministers, which Mr. BROWN must have acquired during his brief reign as Premier of the BROWN-DORION Cabinet, or while officially associated with the "corruptionists." It is this: "It is a "usual practice that the addresses of leading Ministers of the Crown, issued previous "to a general election, should (*sic*) be communicated to their colleagues before publication," and the *Globe* doubts not but that this practice has been followed with Mr. MCGEE's letter. Admitting that the usual practice referred to is followed under ordinary circumstances, it is absurd to suppose that it would have been adhered to in this case; and with the actual position of Ministers impossible to believe that it has been. Whatever Mr. MCGEE may be in the future, he is not now a member of the Government under which the general election will be held; he is a member of a moribund Cabinet, fated to dissolve with the Constitution under which it was formed. When he appeals to his constituents, he appeals to them for their confidence under the new Constitution, and no words of his can possibly be held to bind the Ministry which will be formed under that Constitution—a Ministry for which the Hon. Mr. MCGEE makes no pretence to speak, from beginning to end of his lengthy epistle. On Monday the *Globe* said Mr. MCGEE had accused Mr. GALT of "fibbing," on Tuesday the *Globe* says "the hand is the hand of D'ARCY, but the voice is the voice of A. T. GALT," both of which statements are equally reckless and unfounded. It is strange that the *Globe* should have filched the phraseology of Scripture to illustrate its meaning, seeing that Mr. BROWN has more than once tried the game of disguising his "hand," but has ever and anon been discovered by the "voice" of the demagogue within him.

With a genius for distorting events into the "exact opposite" of their true significance that is truly audacious, we are told that "for years past, the Sectarian School, Sectarian Grant, and Sectarian Corporation "Question has been the grand stalking-horse "of JOHN A. MACDONALD & Co.! . . . . . and "up to the moment of the appearance of "this MCGEE manifesto, not a whisper of "Sectarian discord had been heard from any "quarter, either in Upper or Lower Canada " . . . . . and Mr. D'ARCY MCGEE, while prating his ardent desire for peace and harmony, hastens to rake up the *embers* of *old* "*sectarian feuds!*" This is "Satan reproving sin" with a vengeance. "Not a whisper of sectarian discord!" What, then, were the howlings of the *Globe* during the first three months after the departure of the Delegates on the "School Question?" What its bitter assaults upon the editor of the Chatham *Planet*, because that gentleman professed the desire to give the Catholics every facility for satisfactorily working their guaranteed privileges? What the labored articles of the *Globe* to prove that the educational clause of the Union Act was a cheat upon the people of Upper Canada? And wherefore the enormous expense incurred by the *Globe* Publishing Company for the "legal opinion" of two eminent Toronto Barristers, upon the same clause? Yet not a "whisper of discord!" Oh, no! Mr. MCGEE is the fire brand that stirs up religious strife! Verily the assurance of the *Globe* is astounding.

It is little wonder that the *Globe*, which can make so much out of nothing at all, should be able to turn a good point when some ground is really given it. Mr. MCGEE complains that no Catholics have been nominated as candidates at the "Reform Conventions," and denounces this "proscription" as "shameful." We are not at all surprised at it, for the Catholics of Ontario do not belong to the Reform party as represented by Mr. BROWN. The *Globe* says truly that its Reform party has owed the Catholics but little for the past few years; and he might have added that still less did the Catholics owe the Reformers. They are not congenial elements, and whenever we find the farce of bringing forward a Roman Catholic at any of these "candidate-cutting machines called Conventions," we know well that one of two things must be true, either that the expectant has sold himself, or that he will be sold by the Conventionists. This is not to be wondered at. Those very "sectarian questions" to which the *Globe* referred, and on which, in past years, Mr. BROWN did his best to unite both Conservatives and Reformers for the purpose of defeating, were of vital interest to the Catholics, involving no less than the use of their own money in their own way for the education of their own children and the maintenance of their own religious institutions. Mr. BROWN says now, that these questions ought never to have been introduced, meaning thereby that the rights for which the Catholics are indebted to "the Conservative tricksters," should not even have been discussed, much less granted. The Catholics of Ontario, or many of them, have had a longer acquaintance with Mr. BROWN than it has been Mr. MCGEE's privilege to enjoy; Mr. MCGEE himself tried in former years, but tried in vain to make GEORGE BROWN acceptable in their eyes, and the line of argument he now pursues regarding the exclusion of Catholics from the favor of the Reform conventions, only affords the *Globe* the opportunity for thrusting the *tu quoque* in the face of Conservatives. As to the few nominations to which the *Globe* alludes, and the other instances in which the names of Catholic aspirants were introduced before conventions, we do not think the incidents of very much importance—the value of these nominations will not be fully understood until election day; but in the meantime until the *Globe* gives better proof of the sincerity of its aversion to the revival of "old sectarian feuds," it need hope for very little support from the body of the Catholics of Ontario, even though it hears "with pleasure"—what will be news to everybody in this quarter—that "Mr. O'HANLY is likely "to be the nominee of an Ottawa constituency!"

Mr. BROWN need not deceive himself. His own past record—he loves to revel in the memories of the past—speaks too unequivocally to the Catholics of Ontario as to their chances of fair consideration at his hands. Did he not make a boast of it, that he fought long and hard in the Quebec convention against the educational guarantee? and denounce the Union Act because it provides a remedy to the minority in case of injustice at the hands of the majority? These things cannot be condoned for by the sham of running a few complacent gentlemen of Irish origin, only to be beaten.

The following extract from the St. John (N. B.) *Morning News* has instruction which it would be well to remember in other regions besides New Brunswick. We insert it not only because of our conviction of the soundness of the doctrine laid down by our St. John *confrere*, but because it may afford consolation to authors of communications of the character spoken of, which for the reasons stated, we have felt ourselves compelled to decline, by shewing them that the claims of anonymous writers to make free with other people's names are refused recognition in other quarters as well as here:

"There may be no harm in simply stating that A. or B. is 'spoken of' as a Confederate candidate, but until A. and B. are really before the public by nomination or personal announcement,—unless they are now in public life,—we think writers have no right to drag their names into controversy, particularly under cover of anonymous signatures. When the gentlemen are fairly before the public for office or preferment, we shall give full space for candid discussion and enquiry. Until then correspondents must not expect to make the *News* the medium of attack upon private gentlemen, simply because they have heard their names 'spoken of,' etc."

MILITARY PROGRAMME FOR THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

The parade will be held in front of the Parliament Buildings at half-past eleven o'clock a.m., in the following order:—The Field Battery on the right facing East, next, the 100th Regiment facing the same way, Brigade Garrison Artillery, Civil Service Regiment, Ottawa Prov. Battalion in front of the Parliament Buildings facing South. On the left Victoria Rifles of Montreal facing West. Col. Macdougall in command of the whole, Lieut.-Col. Campbell of the 100th Regiment, commanding the combined Brigade of Regulars and Volunteers. At 12 o'clock precisely the *fue de joie* will be fired, commencing with seven guns from the Field Battery on the right, and so on until the three rounds have been fired. The general salute will then be given, followed by the usual cheers for her Majesty the Queen.

The force will then break into open columns of companies, and march past in open columns and in quarter distance, columns of companies in quick time, with the usual salute to the reviewing officer.

Colonel Wily, the Commandant, has caused a committee to be appointed, drawn from the several volunteer corps of Ottawa, to represent the city in extending hospitality to our visitors, the Victoria Rifles of Montreal.

As we before announced, a guard of honor from the Civil Service, consisting of one hundred men, will meet them at the boat and escort them to the Russell House, where breakfast will have been provided for them.

BOAT RACE ON SATURDAY.

We mentioned in our issue of Monday last that a boat race was to take place on the river on Saturday next; we have since learned the following particulars:

The names of the boats are the *Ariadne* and the *Sunbeam*, the former built by Cockburn, and owned by four members of the Civil Service, two of whom will pull her in the match, and a third act as coxswain; the latter built by Lachapelle, of Kingston, owned by a member of the legal fraternity, pulled by himself and another.

The start will take place at 4 o'clock from Dorney's wharf, thence around a stake boat near the Gatineau, and back again, a course of two miles, which will severely test the strength and endurance of the crews, as well as the speed of their boats.

The *Ariadne* is to carry a dark blue and white flag, the *Sunbeam* a red, white and blue one.

The prevailing opinion seems to be that the boats are pretty evenly matched, but that the crew of the *Ariadne*, having had more practice, and being in better training, in addition to the advantage of a coxswain, should win.

We hope that this friendly match will only be the first of a series of a similar nature, and that an effort will be made this year amongst our young men of aquatic tendencies to form a club for the purpose of getting up rowing regattas. Our river is not adapted for yacht racing, and it would be difficult, if not impossible, to get these boats from a distance, but no city in Canada offers so many advantages for rowing. We hope the hint will be acted upon before the season grows much later.

Dinner to Hon. Mr. Galt.

The Banquet a Great Success.

About 300 Gentlemen Present.

Speeches of Hon. Messrs. Galt, Cartier, and Rose.

[Reported for the TIMES.]

LENNOXVILLE, May 22, 1867.

It rained heavily all afternoon and the weather was disagreeably cold; but about five o'clock the clouds broke and the sun shone in all its glory—a happy omen of the event about taking place in this young and prosperous village. The inhabitants have been on tiptoe of excitement all day, regarding the banquet to their highly esteemed and popular member, the Hon. A. T. Galt, which took place in the large hall of Bishop's College this evening. To say that the dinner was a success would be but repeating an oft used and stereotyped expression: it was an ovation, and such an ovation as the honorable and worthy recipient will ever remember. The Town of Sherbrooke has nobly done its duty, for they have this day shewn the confidence and trust they repose in one of the ablest financiers to be found in the Dominion of Canada. Since early morning vehicles have been coming in from every direction, with his many friends and electors, especially this afternoon, notwithstanding the wet, disagreeable weather.

At seven o'clock, a special train arrived from Montreal, bringing the Hon. Mr. Cartier, Hon. Mr. Rose, Hon. Mr. Ferrier, Walter Shanly, Esq., M. P. P., Joseph Hickson, Esq., F. W. Torrance, Esq., Hon. P. H. Moore, the Hon. ex-Minister of Finance, the Committee of Management and about 100 others.

The Bishop's College Rifle Company, under Capt. Hyndman, and the Lennoxville Light Infantry Company, under Capt. Debbair, acted as a guard of honor, and received this distinguished party.

The party, to the number of about 300, then proceeded to the banqueting hall, and were met with a scene of surpassing splendor. The walls were completely covered with flags and bunting,—the Union Jack, and Red, White and Blue floating majestically together. Innumerable small flags also dotted the room. On the guests' table was the Royal Arms, draped with the British Standard, and at the right side the motto "Quebec," and on the left "Ontario." *Vis a vis* to the chairman, was a map of British North America, above the "Dominion of Canada," and below "Welcome." On either side, the words "Nova Scotia," "New Brunswick."

On the wall, to his left, was the name of Galt in large illuminated letters. Five tables were laid lengthways in the room, and one stretched across from the head, at which sat the guests. The tables were bountifully supplied, in fact literally groaned with everything the most fastidious epicures could wish. Each table was furnished with rich and costly candelabra, immense bouquets and wreaths of flowers, and any quantity of silver plate. The residents of this neighborhood determined to show their visitors that they could do a big thing, and they certainly did it. Great praise must be given to the proprietor of Clark's Hotel, who catered so handsomely on this occasion.

Shortly after eight o'clock John Pope, M.P.P., for Compton, took the chair, supported on his right by the Hon. A. T. Galt, and on his left by the Hon. G. E. Cartier. The other guests were: Hon. Mr. Sanborn, Hon. Mr. Ferrier, Hon. P. H. Moore, Mr. Knight, M.P.P., Mr. Webb, M.P.P., Mayor Robertson, Joseph Nickson, John Lowe, Mr. Moe, Principal Graham and J. Bailey. On the left Rev. Principal Nicholls, Hon. John Rose, Walter Shanley, M.P.P., and several others. Then followed the usual loyal and patriotic toasts, the Royal Family, the Army and Navy, the Administrator of the Government. After which the chairman called for a bumper, and proposed the health of their guest—the Hon. A. T. Galt, which was drank with Highland honors.

Song—"He is a jolly good fellow."

Mr. Pope said it gave him the greatest pleasure to propose the health of the member for Sherbrooke. He felt the importance of his position here this evening, in presiding at such a large and enthusiastic meeting, which fully conveyed the high estimation held of the Hon. Mr. Galt, among all classes in the Province, from the Governor-General to the humblest elector. Mr. Pope then reviewed several important epochs in the history of Mr. Galt, the great benefits he had done for the country, both in the Parliament and out of it, without whom none of the great public works now in the country would have been accomplished, or at any rate brought to their present effective state, and his great and universal generosity. He said the time and place was most opportune for the celebration of this great event, for it was a college where the youths of the country were now being trained up to take their part in the future political history of the country. He referred to the active part the Hon. Mr. Galt had taken on the question of education—a question on which he thought himself compelled to resign, showing how he had performed his duty, and how his action had been endorsed by the Hon. Mr. Cartier, who, although a Roman Catholic, was a true friend to the Protestant people of the Dominion of Canada. (Cheers.)

The Hon. Mr. Galt, on rising, was received with the wildest applause. Cheer after cheer followed, and it was with some difficulty that the enthusiastic gathering could be restrained. Mr. Galt spoke for nearly an hour and a half, and his speech was one of the most eloquent ever uttered by him. He commenced by thanking his friends for the great honor they had this evening done him, and then went on to say that he did not alone accept the demonstration as an honor to himself, but as an event of the view taken by the people of the Eastern Townships in regard to the noble Act which has joined the Provinces of British North America into one great Confederacy. On the education question the Hon. Mr. Galt spoke of the agreement entered into which resulted in the presenting of a Bill to Parliament by Mr. Langevin, but finding that the Legislature was against the Government, he determined, so that nothing should mar the workings of the Government, to tender his resignation. In the month of October last he had been called to take part in the Confederation mission to Great Britain, and before leaving they had drafted the education clause which was found in the Imperial Bill, and to Mr. Cartier was due the greatest praise for the whole service he had rendered, in having the pledge ratified. In fact, not one member of the Government had objected to its passing. Mr. Galt then eulogised his honorable friend, Mr. Cartier, for his straightforward and noble conduct with regard to the Confederation of British America. Mr. Galt said it would be a glorious one—one of the grandest schemes ever conceived. We were now a nation, having four millions of inhabitants, and would now become a source of great strength to the mother country, despite the sayings and writings of demagogues to the contrary. It was revolting to that great and powerful nation, the United States, to exhibit the jealousy they had shewn, instead of lauding our efforts to form a new nation on our own territory. The United States spoke of their institutions, but could they be placed on a par with the noble constitution of our own beloved Queen Victoria? The best men in the new Dominion had formed a new constitution based on that of our sovereign, and it now rested with the people to evidence their approval or disapproval of the great scheme that had been accomplished short of forming ourselves into a Union. There would have been nothing left but to annex to the United States, a most humiliating alternative, and one which that country would take advantage of us, by placing us in a most degrading position. His idea of the first Government of the new Confederation must be carrying out the Quebec Scheme. No party ministers would be capable of carrying out the great measure: it must be a Coalition one and represented by all classes. The Local Government must also be equally composed so that everything could work harmoniously together. The tariff must also be carefully revised, for it was not to be suffered that a man in Canada could know better what tax or duties should be levied in the maritime provinces than a gentleman belonging to that section, for both parties must assimilate their tariffs in concert. We could point out the importance of the protection of fisheries, the benefit we could derive from their profits, which promised such abundant results. The West India trade was another topic on which Mr. Galt dwelt, showing that instead of damaging us the United States by the withdrawal of the Reciprocity Treaty had done us incalculable good. It had been the means of offering up to us other modes for obtaining a commercial prosperity, and that we were now doing by carrying on trade with the West Indies, Cuba, and others of the Tropics, who would take all the produce we could place at their markets. One point he regretted in the Confederation Act was that the Crown Lands Department had been placed in the hands of the Local Legislatures—first, an important interest would be to cause immigration to flow, and settle the lower Provinces. The principal subject which should meet the attention of the new Government, would be to assimilate the laws and customs tariffs, but the first act of the Commons should be to arrive at some arrangement with Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland to enter into an Union, for it is essential they should belong to the new Dominion. Mr. Galt referred to the able letter of Mr. McGee.

The chairman then proposed the health of the Administration, coupling with it the name of Cartier; drank with great enthusiasm.

Band—La Clair Fontaine.

Mr. Cartier, who labored under a severe hoarseness, said he felt deeply the honor paid him, and was glad to find that since his return the Confederation measure had met with such approval. That at every place he had visited he had been met with a congratulatory address. (Cheers.) He alluded to the youths now training in Lennoxville College, and said the time would come when in the history of the country they would play their part. So long as the Eastern Townships were represented by such men as they have now, their interests would never flag. As regards Mr. Galt he had no superior as a financier, in this or any other country. Mr. Cartier passed a high eulogy on the character and ability of Mr. Galt, and referred not only to his merits, but those of his father. A most distinguished man of literature in the old world, Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, now Lord Lytton, had acknowledged to him the great benefit he had acquired from the father of the Hon. Mr. Galt. Mr. Disraeli had made use of the same remark, as well as others high in authority in the British Empire, and they had also remarked on the remarkable financial ability of the Hon. Mr. Galt. The hon. gentleman then said a statesman in Lower Canada could not do his duty equitably and honestly, if he did not cast aside the question of origin or creed, and have the same principle for Catholics or Protestants. He was proud to say he was a fearless advocate for right for all classes. He could not use any abusive language to the institutions of the neighboring Republic, but he would say that in their constitution they had ignored the question of religion; but, thank God, such was not done in our constitution. Religion was the founder of the pier of mankind, it mattered not whether Protestant or Catholic. He then spoke of the great scheme of Confederation, and pointed out the fruitful results which would accrue from it. Mr. Cartier then touched upon the Seignorial Act, and other matters of local interest to the Eastern Townships, and concluded by referring to his last great measure—the Codification of the Laws of Lower Canada. Before resuming his seat, Mr. Cartier thanked them for the kindly manner they had drank the health of his colleagues in the Government, promising to convey the feeling cherished for them by the people of the Eastern Townships. (Cheers.)

The chairman then proposed the "Dominion of Canada." Hon. J. Rose responded in a most able and eloquent manner. He alluded to the great position we were about to occupy, and urged upon all to accord a generous cooperation, and prevent party spirit from having sway. There should be no party now—Conservative or Clear Grit, Rouge or Blue—but it behooved everyone to enter the ranks, and do their duty nobly. He regretted to see an attempt in the Western Province to revive old party feeling, which would be damaging to themselves, and also to the cause. He trusted, however, they would not succeed, not that the people of Western Canada would until such time as they would give the new scheme a fair trial, and that they found just cause they might form themselves into a party and effect changes, if such were possible. As long as the machinery was working smoothly, let it run; but when it begins to clog, then was the time to repair. He remarked on the vital things that were hurtful to early legislation, especially the defence of the country, and in this he hoped the Government would use no niggardly means.

After a song by Mr. Bennett, the health of the Legislative Council was proposed and responded to by Hon. Mr. Sanborn and Hon. James Ferrier.

Hon. Mr. Cartier then in a few well chosen remarks proposed the health of the Principal of Bishop's College, the Rev. Dr. Mead, and success to the University.

Rev. Dr. Nicolls responded.

Hon. Mr. Galt then proposed the health of the chairman, Mr. Pope, to which that gentleman responded.

The other toasts were the press and the ladies. The former was responded to by Mr. Lowe, of the Montreal *Gazette*, and the reporter of the *Daily News*; and the latter by Mr. Major. At one o'clock the company dispersed.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 22, 1867.

It is understood here that the Hon. John A. Macdonald will visit this city in about a fortnight, for the purpose of delivering an address. He will afterwards proceed to Hamilton and London with the same object.

The Horticultural Exhibition is moderately good, but certainly inferior to that of last year.

The Committee of the Agricultural Association of Upper Canada have held a meeting to select a judge for the next Provincial Exhibition at Kingston. It has been decided to ask each county society to send a judge, and for some of the more important articles exhibited by foreigners, to appoint two foreign judges, and one Canadian. This will be no more than fair play to foreigners.

A portion of the St. John-st. School Trustees seem determined not to give up the building for the use of troops, at any cost. After a prolonged discussion last night they left the meeting without a quorum, rather than allow a favorable resolution to pass.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 22, 1867.

Part of the Grey Battery Royal Artillery, arrived here from Toronto last night; a detachment left here yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, to replace them at Toronto.

Jefferson Davis arrived here yesterday and has taken up his abode with a relative, Mrs. Howell, living in Mountain-st. He seems disposed to avoid showing himself much in public; his health is apparently good.

A new fever ward is about being added to the Montreal General Hospital. Mr. Wm. Molson heads the subscription list with five thousand dollars.

Hon. Mr. McGee has arrived at Halifax and will reach this city on Friday morning.

The case of poisoning at Joliette is now being tried before Mr. Justice Loranger. The main points of the case are very similar to those of the Sorel case. The prisoners, however, are put on trial together. Messrs. Armstrong and Chapleau appear respectively for the prosecution and defence, same as in the Sorel case.

Weather very wet.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or cough and voice losenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per box.

FROM CAPE VINCENT.

BURNING OF THE PROPELLER WISCONSIN.

Dreadful Loss of Life—Names of the Lost.

CAPE VINCENT, May 22, 1867.

The propeller *Wisconsin*, which left here about 11 p.m. last night, took fire when at the head of Grenadier Island, about two miles from the main land. The Captain directed the course of the boat for the shore, and prepared for the safety of the passengers. The boat now lies about six rods from the shore, and is a total loss. She had about seventy passengers on board. In the confusion which prevails here, it cannot be correctly ascertained how many were lost; 7 bodies have been found. The people are doing everything in their power to comfort the rescued. The following is a list of the lost, as near as can be ascertained:

Lost—John Cascaden, Centerville; Ira B. Reed, Potsdam, N. Y.; D. C. Forest, Carthage; W. Carroll, Kingston; John Dallenbough, Smith's Falls, C.W.; T. Wright, second cook; Margaret McLellan, cabin maid; Jas. Magette, Medina; P. H. Perry, Russell, C. E.; O. D. Shaver, Well's Mills; D. F. Fisher, A. Weldon, Saulsby; 2 children, Alexandria; S. C. Fuller, Mrs. Donald, girl and son, Brockville; Mrs. Fallman and one boy, Oswego; T. F. Fraser, Prescott; L. Latunie, wife and six children, Wm. Consin, Grandville, C. E.; Jno. McMeal, do.; Rev. J. M. Armeno, wife and four children, Craftsbury, Vt.; Alver Richards, Manchester, N.H.; D. S. Reed, do.; Mark Richards, Alver Reed, C. N. Clough, Mrs. Geo. A. Richards, C. N. Reed, Emma Richards, Mrs. Gallagher, Pembroke, C. E.—Her husband was lost. Mrs. Dine, Oswego; R. T. Fuller, Odessa; Samuel Fullerton, North Gore; Lucinda Fetterlu. Names of crew: Capt. Townsend, Jas. Shaver, second mate; C. F. Haver, wheelsman; C. W. Dodge, steward; Warren Tracy, cabin boy; Edward Matterson, porter; James Strong, fireman; Joe Johnson, do. Three deck hands, names not known, are known to be lost; Mrs. C. Chisholm, Chateauguay; Miss do.; Miss Mary Ann, do.; Miss Catherine, do.; Master Thomas, do.; Miss Nancy C. Reed, Potsdam; Miss Catherine do.; Frederick do.; Mr. Gallagher, Pembroke, C. E.; A. F. Morrison, 1st engineer, Clayton; A. H. do., 2nd engineer, Clayton; Jno. Powers, 1st mate, Ogdensburgh; Ed. McCormick, Ogdensburgh; David Foran, Prescott.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

The Fenian Trials.

LONDON, May 22.—Flood and Duffy, the Fenian prisoners, who were recently convicted at Dublin, have been sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor. McDure, another Fenian prisoner, was placed on trial at Cork to-day.

The French Army Reorganization.

PARIS, May 22.—The differences between the Emperor Napoleon and the Corps Legislatif, with regard to the army organization scheme, have been adjusted.

The Derby Races.

LONDON, May 22—Evening.—The Derby Races took place to-day. Although the weather was unfavorable an immense assemblage of spectators were present. The race was won by "Hermit," in the midst of a snow storm.

Death of Hon. Mr. Stanfield.

Hon. Mr. Stanfield, member of Parliament, and a firm friend of the United States during the rebellion, is dead.

The Austrian Diet.

VIENNA, May 22—Eve.—The Emperor today made a speech from the Throne to the members of the Upper and Lower Houses of the Austrian Diet.

Political Troubles in Spain.

LONDON, May 22—Eve.—Accounts from Madrid show that the internal troubles of Spain are increasing, and fears are entertained that a political crisis is at hand.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Admission of Peas.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Secretary of the Treasury is of the opinion that peas may be admitted at 10 per cent. advalorem, if the collector is satisfied they are intended solely for domestic use or manufacture.

The Lost of the Santiago de Cuba.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 22.—The names of the lost from the steamer *Santiago de Cuba* are as follows: Mrs. Ennis, S. Gross, Miss Sarah McAvery, Mrs. Mary Watkins, Mrs. Morcella, Richers, Martin, McNulty, John Smith and Mary Louisa Gross.

THE LUXEMBURG QUESTION.

Queen Victoria as a Peacemaker—Correspondence between Her Majesty, Napoleon, and the King of Prussia.

[Paris (May 3) Correspondence London Times.]

I mentioned a few days ago the belief generally entertained in Paris that it was owing to the personal influence of Queen Victoria that there is now a prospect of the solution of the Luxemburg difficulty without a war. The fact is alluded to in the *Journal de Paris*, a journal just started under the management of Mr. Weiss, formerly of the *Debats*, and M. E. Herve, of the *Courrier du Dimanche*. The *Journal de Paris* gives, moreover, certain particulars on the authority of letters from a London correspondent. The Queen wrote to the Emperor Napoleon before writing to the King of Prussia, and used the arguments most calculated to divert him from the warlike projects ascribed to him by public opinion. The *Journal de Paris* says:

"This letter, impressed with the religious and almost mystic sentiments which predominate in the Queen's mind, particularly since the death of Prince Albert, seems to have made a deep impression on the Sovereign, who, amid the struggles of politics, has never completely repudiated the philanthropic theories of his youth, and who on the battlefield of Solferino, covered with the dead and the wounded, was seized with an unspeakable horror of war."

The Emperor replied in a letter, which, according to the London correspondent of the *Journal de Paris*, had the best effect on Queen Victoria, and on her principal advisers, for he protested against the schemes attributed to him, and against all idea of territorial aggrandizement for the advantage of France. He moreover declared, "with a great elevation of language and ideas," the complete disinterestedness of his policy on the recent occasion. He said, however, that the question, placed as it was, had become one of national honor to France; but he left it clearly to be understood that when once settled—that is, when the fortress of Luxemburg was evacuated—France would be disposed to give up all thought of aggrandizement.

It was on receiving these conciliatory declarations that the Queen addressed herself to the King of Prussia. The family ties which unite the two reigning houses, the personal sympathies which, as the *Journal de Paris* says, Queen Victoria, in opposition to some of her advisers, has always shown for the cause of Germany, since the beginning of the question of the Duchies, are known; but, in any circumstances, her Majesty's sentiments would have made a serious impression on the Court of Berlin. By a lucky coincidence the letter written to King William on the present occasion reached him at the moment when M. Bismarck experienced a deception the more painful that it was unexpected—namely, that Russia was not so favorable to the projects of the Prussians, as he had reason to suppose. Prince Gortschakoff had clearly manifested the intention of the Russian government not to engage itself with any of the parties in the commencement of the war, but reserved itself to intervene at a later period, whenever the moment seemed opportune. This fact made M. Bismarck seriously reflect on his situation. The counsels of the Queen of England found not only King William, but his Minister, in a disposition less warlike than people imagined, and it was then, with the prompt decision which characterizes him, that M. Bismarck suddenly modified his policy in a pacific sense, though probably he will astonish the world by some new change should circumstances favor him.

LOCAL NEWS.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.—Wm. M. Millar, charged with forgery, has been admitted to bail, as we learn, in two sureties of $100 each, and himself in $200 in each case.

LOST.—On Saturday evening last, the lad who played the cymbals in the Ben Cotton Minstrel Troupe, either left them in some store when he went to make purchases or lost them on the street. Any person having them in their possession, by leaving them at this office will be suitably rewarded.

THE WRIGHT HOUSE, HULL LANDING.—It will be seen in our advertising columns, that those portions of the Wright House left undestroyed by the fire, have been fitted up with a handsome bar, supplied with the best liquors, &c., which with the garden will be open for the accommodation of visitors on the Queen's Birthday. It is approachable from any of the Ferries.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 22, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 44 above zero.

8 a. m., 48 above zero.
Noon shade, 48 above zero.
6 p. m., 46 above zero.

TURTLE SOUP.—Large numbers of people were assembled about Mr. P. O'Meara's saloon, yesterday, to see a fine turtle, to be converted into turtle soup in honour of the Queen's Birthday. Mr. O'Meara is making other preparations to celebrate the joyous event, a specimen of which may be seen in his window, and amongst other things, a fine mammoth ham, and other delicacies.

LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW—APRIL 1867. *New York, L. Scott & Co., Publishing Company; Ottawa, John Durie & Son.* Contents: Character of George the Third; Sea Fish and Fisheries; Autobiography of a Physiologist; Westmorland; The Poetry of Seven Dials; M. Du Chaillu's Recent Travels; Curious Myths of the Middle Ages; New American Religions; Railway Finance; Wellington in the Peninsula; The Four Reform Orators. A hasty glance over the number before us, leads us to believe that it contains much that is even more than usually interesting.

DEPARTURE OF THE BISHOP OF OTTAWA.—Notwithstanding the very inclement weather yesterday morning, great numbers of people assembled to bid his Lordship adieu and witness his departure. In addition to the address which appeared in the TIMES of yesterday, there were other addresses presented by the Societies of St. Jean Baptiste and L'Union St. Joseph, to which the Bishop kindly replied. The priests of St. Joseph's College, with their President the Rev. Timothy Ryan, the priests of the Palace, and those of the several parishes of Ottawa, were in attendance and bade his Lordship affectionate adieus. He was accompanied for some distance down the river. The bands of the St. Patrick's Society and of the Queen, were in attendance on the occasion.

THE BAZAAR.—The bazaar at the Victoria Hotel, in aid of the new Bank-st. Church, is very successful. The ladies have done better even than was expected. The band of the 100th is in attendance, and a piano is just added to fill up the intervals of the band's necessary absence on other duty. The articles on exhibition are such as are usually found at bazaars, and many of them combine the useful and the beautiful. Our space to-day will not admit of particularizing, but we cannot refrain from calling attention to a very handsome embroidered chair, which we hope may find a liberal purchaser. The refreshment table is a very neat, tempting affair, supplied in great part by the liberality of Mrs. Prodeick, who has kindly volunteered to superintend it. The ladies are very affable and courteous. Go and see them, and "put money in thy purse."

POLICE COURT.—A charge of assault preferred by a landlord against one of his tenants, was disposed of by the imposition of a fine of five dollars on the latter.—Josephine Larue, and Agnes, and Catherine Dubois, three little barefooted girls aged respectively eleven, nine, and eight years, were charged with stealing three pairs of girl's boots, value fifty cents a pair, from Mr. John McCarthy's shop, Wellington-st., on Tuesday. Catherine Dubois left her home on the "flats" where they all live, for the purpose of getting wood, but meeting with the other two they all came to upper town, and entered the shop of Mr. McCarthy, to look at some boots, and left to speak to their mother about purchasing them. Shortly after they were gone the boots were missed, and McCarthy ran after them. Subsequently Josephine Larue's mother brought back her girl and delivered up the shoes she had taken. The constables went to the house of the other girls, whose mother gave up the shoes, stating that her children had said they had found them on the street. All the children were then taken into custody. The above facts contain the substance of Mr. McCarthy's evidence against the young delinquents. The prosecutor delivered his testimony in a straightforward and forcible manner, and the prisoners were convicted of the crime. In consideration of their tender years, Mr. O'Gara sent them to jail for two days only, and the poor little wretches were marched through the cold rain and mud in their bare feet and legs to their destination. The constable evidently did not like his job but he obeyed. Pity but the children could have been committed to school! Mr. John McCarthy had the satisfaction of recovering back his property.

A DISCLAIMER.

OTTAWA, May 22, 1867.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Please allow me to disclaim the authorship of the letter in this evening's *Daily News*, signed Chemist and Druggist.

From the similarity of signature several parties have been led to infer it emanated from your correspondent.

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

CITY COUNCIL.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Bangs, Bate, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard Heney, Martineau.

A number of petitions were received and referred to the appropriate committee.

A petition from the carters was presented, praying to have their tariff raised.—Reported to the By-law Committee.

A petition from the officers of volunteers for a grant for a drill shed. The petition set forth the inconveniences of the present drill shed, and the action of other municipalities in similar cases.—Referred to the Committee on Finance.

The tender of Patrick Carroll, to excavate the end of Rideau-st., for $940, and that from Joseph Jenveau for improvements on Esther-st., for $796.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Steamboat Burned.

MEMPHIS, May 21.—The packet *Albert Pierce*, with 600 tons of freight, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, near Lake Providence. The boat was valued at $30,000; no lives lost.

The Champion Sculling Match.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 21.—The great five mile sculling match for $1,000 a side, and the championship, between Hamill of Pittsburgh, and Brown of Portland, took place at four o'clock. Brown came in ahead. Time 45 minutes, 36 seconds. Hamill alleges that in attempting to pass, Brown fouled him. The judges have not yet decided. It is believed that the decision will be in Hamill's favor.

Dissatisfaction with the new German Constitution.

NEW YORK, May 22.—During the debates in the Saxon Parliament on the question of the adoption of the new north German Constitution, prominent members asserted that the instrument was accepted through fear of the Prussian military power, and that its enforcement in such a manner would lead to a revolution in Germany.

The Mexican Last Ditch.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The *Herald's* correspondent says: At Vera Cruz the mortality from yellow fever alone was fifty per day. Maximilian had with him Marquez, Miramon Mejia, and their generals, who seemed to consider Queretaro their last ditch.

The Great Cotton Failure.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: The information of the failure of Frazer, Trenholm & Co., of Liverpool, agents of the rebel government, has caused some excitement. The State department had instituted suits in the English courts against the firm, for the recovery of vessels, cotton, and munitions of war, and other property of the Confederacy held by them. The suits cover several millions of dollars. It is understood the U. S. Government is amply secured, and will incur no loss by the failure.

News from China.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—The ship *Tennyson*, 43 days from Hong Kong, has arrived. Commercial news unimportant. The British residents, and the newspapers of the ports of China, were excited over the fact that the American firms Augustin, Hurd & Co., and Russell & Co., have been given each the monopoly of the river steam navigation. The first firm controlling the steamers on the Canton river, and the latter all the steamers on the Youngtzee. The Imperial forces in the Province of Shoutung had sustained severe reverses. Their army had been cut to pieces, and in general captured. The first steam fire engine ever seen in China was received at Hong Kong in March.

Steamer Ashore—Six Lives Lost.

ATLANTA CITY, N. J., May 22.—The steamship *Santiago de Cuba* from Nicaragua with California papers is ashore here. Six passengers were drowned while attempting to land.

Steamer Burned—25 to 30 Lives Lost.

WATERTOWN, May 22.—The steamer *Wisconsin* was burned three miles from Cape Vincent last night; from 25 to 30 lives lost. The steamer will probably be a total loss. Among the list are the mate, two engineers, and the steward.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

[From the Belleville Intelligencer.]

We learn from Col. Campbell, Gold Inspector, that within a few weeks he has issued 46 Private Lands Gold Mining Licenses, 18 Crown Lands Gold Mining Licenses, and one Free License. The Free License was given to Mr. J. F. B. Morrice, who made a new and valuable discovery of gold last week on lot 16 in the 11th concession of Madoc. The gold was found in white quartz, two feet from the surface; in one piece of the quartz can be seen twenty distinct pieces of gold. The Inspector pronounces them the best specimens yet obtained outside the Richardson mine. Morrice made an affidavit that the discovery of gold was made by himself, previous to obtaining the license.

Eight Tavern Licenses have been issued by the Inspector, in pursuance of the provisions of the Mining Act. The Inspector reports that a considerable number of persons are arriving within the Gold District, and that work is being resumed at several of the mines, but the weather is still unfavorable for prosecuting mining operations extensively.

Mr. Strong, interested in the Barry mine, Elzevir, informed us this morning that they continue to find gold in small quantities in that mine. An old California miner is superintending operations at this mine, and he reports the prospects exceedingly promising. They are following the crevice between the Talc Slate and the quartz, and from the ochreous substance taken therefrom gold has been repeatedly washed. This is the mine at which the accident occurred early in the spring, and at which operations were resumed only about ten days ago.

We are also informed that at the "Cariboo mine," on the Gardiner farm, near Bannockburn, gold is being continually washed from the sand found in the crevice. Experienced miners anticipate a rich deposit there when they reach the bed rock.

The "Cooke Mining Company" have complied with the terms required by the Act, and are now a corporate body. They will commence operations at once, and from what we have heard of this locality by experienced miners, we anticipate rich developments from that quarter.

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

WOOLY HORSES.—Wooly horses are not so rare as many suppose, nor such great curiosities either, there are many to be found in various parts of the country, but we doubt if they will ever prove as valuable to their owners as the one exhibited by Barnum. We imagine their owners would consider them more valuable without the wool, for this rough and wooly state of the hair indicates that the horse is not in a healthy condition—probably hide bound, or suffering from some disease which occasions this unnatural appearance; in such cases use Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition medicine, it will purify the blood, correct the appetite, remove all obstructions from the lungs and liver, and give to the coat a new and shining appearance. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way, we think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected, "one ounce of prevention is worth one pound of cure"; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises frost-bites chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cts. per bottle.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Stocks rather heavy. Gold 38¼. Sterling 60 days 9¼; Sight 10¼. Money 6 per cent. The *Post* says: The Loan market is abundantly supplied, and rates favor the borrower. Governments strong, and especially 5-20s of 1862 and 1865. Railroad shares irregular with very little movement.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Cotton quiet—At 27½.

Flour—Receipts, 2366 bbls; market dull; common grades 10 cents lower. Sales 4,100 bbls. at $10.50 to 11.50 for Superfine State; $11.80 to 11.90 for Extra State; $13 to 13.76 for Choice do; $10.50 to 11.50 for Superfine Western; $11.80 to 13.60 for Common to Medium Extra Western; $13.70 to 14.70 for Choice do.

Rye Flour quiet—At $8.30 to 9.50.

Wheat dull and drooping—Sales 13,000 bus No. 2 and 3 Spring Mixed at $5.83.

Rye quiet—Sales 1,200 bus. Western at $1.74 to 1.75.

Barley steady.

Corn opened dull and nominally lower, and closed rather more steady. Sales 39,000 bus. at $1.10 to 1.16 for New Mixed Western; $1.20 for New Western; $1.26 for Old Mixed Western in store; $1.28 for do. delivered.

Oats 1 cent lower—Sales 32,000 bus. at 82½c. to 86 for Western; 91c. to 92 for State.

LATEST.—Flour closed quiet. Wheat dull and drooping. Corn rather more steady. Pork heavy and lower: New Mess $22.87 to 23.10; Old Mess $22.00. Lard closed steady at 12½c. to 13¼ for New.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 22—Noon.—Consols 93; Erie 42½; Ill. C. 76¾; Bonds 72½.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—2 p.m.—Cotton quiet, steady and firm at opening figures.

Breadstuffs generally quiet.

Corn declined 3d. and is now quoted at 39s. 6d. per quarter, for Mixed Western.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the TIMES.*)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 22, 1867.

The markets during the past week have been but a slight improvement since our last report. They have been extremely meagre, and will probably be no better until the roads are greatly improved.

FLOUR—Extra	10 00	@	10 50
No. 1	9 50	@	0 00
No. 2	7 00	@	7 30
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 15
" Spring "	0 00	@	4 40
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 25	@	0 00
Indian Meal "	5 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Buckwheat	6 25	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 70	@	1 85
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 85
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 60
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 60
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	6 75
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 00	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 07	@	0 10
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 45
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 70
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 14
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 14	@	0 12
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 60	@	0 70
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	19 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself. Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 2^d 237-y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

The Wright House, Hull.

Hull Landing.

THOSE portions of the Wright House left standing by the fire which destroyed the main building, have been fitted up with a bar, which is supplied with choice liquors, and the usual requisites, and which, together with the fine gardens, will be open for the accommodation of visitors on the Queen's Birthday.

The Wright House is approachable by any of the ferries.

May 23. 442tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

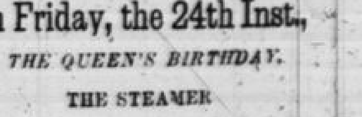
Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441y

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.



Excursion to Grenville!

On Friday, the 24th Inst.,

BEING THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA,

(*CAPTAIN BOWIE,*)

Will convey Passengers from

OTTAWA TO GRENVILLE

AND BACK

FOR ONE DOLLAR

Meals Extra.

Ottawa, May 22. 441td

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS.
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS.
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS.
NEW DRESS GOODS,
—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. 442y

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager..... John Townsend.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY !

Engagement for this night only of the Great English Tragedian and Elocutionist,

Mr. J. W. Taverner !

Who will appear in Shakspeare's Grand Character of OTHELLO.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 24th,

Will be presented (in five acts) Shakspeare's Grand Tragedy of

Othello !

MOOR OF VENICE !

Thus Powerfully Cast:

OTHELLO.....Mr. J. W. TAVERNER.
IAGO (first time in Ottawa). JOHN TOWNSEND.
Cassio.....Mr. Harry Townsend.
Roderigo.....Mr. Alfred Hudson.
DESDEMONA.....MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND.
Supported by the whole Company.

After which a Comic Song by Mr. A. HUDSON.

To conclude with the Roaring Farce of
THE STAGE STRUCK LOVERS!
Miss Florence Townsend, Mr. Alfred Hudson, and the Company.

NOTICE.—Mr. Townsend begs to announce to his friends and the public, that he has engaged a large and highly talented Company from New York city, for the season, commencing on THURSDAY, 30th instant. A list of the Company will be published on Monday.

Ottawa, May 21, 1867. 441-3

A GRAND

Military & Civic Ball

WILL TAKE PLACE

AT THE OTTAWA SKATING RINK,

On Friday next, 24th May instant,

In Honor of her Majesty's Birthday, under the patronage of

Col. Macdougall, Adjt.-Gen. of Militia.
Lt.-Col. Campbell and officers 100th Regt.
Lt.-Col. Walker Powell, Deputy Adjt.-Gen. Militia.
Lt.-Col Wily and officers of Civil Service Rifles.
Lt.-Col. Atcherly, Asst.-Adjt.-Gen. of Militia.
Lt.-Col. Jackson, Brigade Major.
Lt.-Col. Powell and officers 43rd Batt.
Maj. Forest and officers Brigade of Garrison Artillery.
Major Grant and officers Ottawa Rifles.
Capt. Forsyth and officers of Field Battery.
His Worship the Mayor.

COMMITTEE:

J. M. Currier, M.P.P.	D. W. Macdonell, Esq.
Lt.-Col. Aumond.	R. S. Cassells, Esq.
A. Patrick, Esq.	R. Kimber, Esq.
James Fraser, Esq.	I. B. Taylor, Esq.
H. V. Noel, Esq.	B. Batson, Esq.
Maj. G. Seale, Esq.	C. T Bate, Esq.
W Wade, Esq.	M. K. Dickinson, Esq.
J. L. B. Ross, Esq.	C. H. Carriere, Esq.

Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock.

Gowan's Full Band will be in attendance.

Tickets, including refreshments, (admitting a Gentleman and two Ladies, $2.00; may be procured at the Russell House, and at Messrs. Orme & Son's, Ottawa Music Store, Sparks Street.

G. W. LESTER, Manager.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 21. 441-td

PROCLAMATION.

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA ARE respectfully requested to observe FRIDAY, the 24th day of MAY, 1867, the Birthday of Her Majesty, the Queen, as a

PUBLIC HOLIDAY!

By closing all places of business, hoisting of flags, and such other decorations as may be deemed fitting for the due and proper celebration of the day.

Given under my hand this twentieth day of May, A.D., 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

439-td *GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.*

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

PROGRAMME.

A FULL PARADE OF THE ENTIRE Military Force, Regular and Volunteer, will take place on the GOVERNMENT HILL SQUARE.

A grand FEU DE JOIE will be fired at 12 o'clock noon. RINGING OF THE CITY BELLS.

A grand parade of the OTTAWA FIRE BRIGADE, will be held at the CITY HALL SQUARE, at 9½ o'clock a.m., under the direction of the Superintendent.

REVIEW OF THE FIRE BRIGADE.

After which a MASS PROCESSION of the Firemen will immediately follow.

Chief Marshall—The Chief of Police.

The procession will leave the City Hall Square at half-past 1 o'clock p.m., in the following order:

UNION JACK.
St. Patrick's Band.
Ottawa Fire Company.
Lower Town Hook & Ladder Company.
Favreau's Band.
Queen Fire Company.
Rideau Fire Company.
Chaudiere Band.
Chaudiere Fire Company.
Central Hook & Ladder Company.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

From the City Hall Square through Rideau, Dalhousie, St. Patrick and Sussex-sts., thence along Sparks to Bay-st., thence along Wellington-st. to Metcalfe st., thence to and along Sparks-st. to Elgin-st. and City Hall Square, where the Fire Brigade will be dispersed after the usual address from the Mayor.

A CHAMPION GAME OF LA CROSSE Will be played between the Montreal and Ottawa players on the large field opposite the Protestant Hospital at the East end of Rideau-st. at three o'clock p.m.

CANOE RACES

Will take place in the Rideau Canal between Champagne's Hotel, above the head of the Deep Cut, and the Sapper's Bridge, at 5 o'clock p.m.

Bark Canoes	1st Prize	$12,00
" "	2nd "	6,00
Log Canoes	1st "	12,00
" "	2nd "	6,00

ATHLETIC GAMES,

For Prizes, open to boys under eighteen years of age, will commence on the Major's Hill at nine o'clock a.m., to conclude in time for the Military Review.

Bands will be in attendance on each of the above occasions throughout the day.

(By order of the Celebration Committee.)

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

AT the residence of Joseph Bouchette, Esq., Richmond Road, near the residence of John Rochester, Esq.,

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst.,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m.,

All the Household Furniture, consisting of Carpets, Chairs, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Sofas, Centre and Dining Tables, Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Glassware, Crockery, &c., &c., all in good order.

Sale positive as the gentleman is leaving the city.

Also, a superior 7-octave Piano-Forte.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

Auction Sale !

H. McLEAN

HAS received instructions to sell at the

BANK OF UPPER CANADA,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

On MONDAY, MAY the 27th,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m.,

Four Superior Burglar and Fire Proof Safes Taylor's make, of Toronto; Writing Desks, Stoves, Carpets, Tables, Chairs, Letter-press, Clock, Maps, and sundry other articles. All for positive sale.

Terms Cash. Bankable Funds.

Goods must be removed within 24 hours after sale.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

RIDEAU-ST. AUCTION ROOM,

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACturers in the West, consisting of sofas, chairs, upholstered in hair cloth of the latest styles, and very nice bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, dressing tables, centre tables, book cases, dining tables, &c.

Also, a large quantity of cane seated chairs of the latest styles, rocking chairs, children's high and low chairs, &c.

This stock can be purchased twenty per cent. less than in any other place in the city.

Also, about 300 yards of second hand carpet, very nice pattern, a consignment from Montreal, and must be closed out.

Remember the place, No. 42, North side of Rideau-st.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

441-y

ANNUAL SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,

439-td *Auctioneer.*

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE !

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

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DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES

TO LET,

Established by James Brough & Co.,

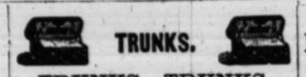
1845,

WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.

Apply to

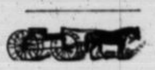
KENNEDY & BUCKE,
Or JAS. BROUGH.

May 21. 440-tf



TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.



Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store !

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING STOVES !

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.
&c., &c.,	*&c.*

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Chests, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, May 24. 441y

M. WHITE,

(FROM QUEBEC,)

BEGS to announce to the Citizens of Ottawa that he has opened a branch of his

BOOT AND SHOE

Business at No. 41, Sparks-street, (opposite Magee & Russell's), and is prepared to supply those who may favor him with their patronage, from an assorted stock of superior quality, or manufacture to order.

His terms are CASH on delivery of the goods.

May 21, 1867. 440-4

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES OF THE BANK-ST. CHURCH will hold A BAZAAR, to aid in the erection of a NEW CHURCH, on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

When the large and valuable collection of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the BAND of the 100th Regiment will be in attendance on the evenings of the 22nd and 23rd.

The sale will be held in the Royal Victoria Hotel, kindly granted for the purpose by the proprietor.

LUNCH will be served each day from 12 to 1. Admittance, 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 18. 438td

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

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CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STRACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music-Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

For Sale,

A COUPLE OF PURE ENGLISH FOX-HOUNDS, (imported breed), are well adapted for deer-hunting next Fall.

Apply by letter to FORESTER, Office of this paper.

440-3

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. of "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 19. 431y

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-d

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 18. 438-6m

ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER, Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

ADJOURNMENT.

The Court of Revision

FOR THE CITY OF OTTAWA, stands ADJOURNED until WEDNESDAY, the 22d Day of MAY, 1867, at 3 o'clock, p. m. (By order.)

W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*

City Hall, Ottawa, May 20, 1867. 439-td

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

May 21. 440td

Citizen and *Daily News* copy till date.

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	**Hats,**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. | **20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milrona,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cashmeres,
&c., &c.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

LAST WEEK BUT ONE!!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Great Clearing Cheap Sale,

Before removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of June.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT GIVEN!!

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY!!!

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 20, 1867. 439-y

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100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves :

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

TO THE LADIES.

City Hoop Skirt Factory !

(*OPENING DAY*—TUESDAY, 23rd APRIL.)

DAVID MILLAR, of Montreal, has leased the premises on SPARKS-STREET, lately occupied by Mr. Bansley, opposite the Ontario Bank, where he will keep on hand a large assortment of HOOP SKIRTS of every size and style, and will manufacture any style to order. The following are among the newest styles at present worn:

THE PLASTIQUE—(No Steel tops.)
EXHIBITION SKIRT—(At present worn by the most fashionable in Paris and London.)
THE QUAKER TRAIL.
THE ROYAL TRAIL AND EMPRESS—Or Double Gore Skirt.

Children's Skirts—every size. N.B.—Old styles altered to the present, and repaired. 412d

---

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS !

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room !

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE !

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

---

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse.
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S REDANI Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 406tf

METAL !

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO., Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE !

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT !

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DOW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DOW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 22tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 13 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for the above, and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 4 3tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 28 1867. 366tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4.15 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434s

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY,

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-8

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY.
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BRODWIN.

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that *is to say*: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning of the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.

BY JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-20wtd

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2.45 p.m.	" "	5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1:30 p.m.	" "	4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4100 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6100 a.m., and 2100 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8.00 A.M.
Night do do at	8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	9.40 A.M.

Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.

The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c.	5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at	6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at	8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,	2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at	3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at	10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

410-6

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT;

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA,

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandizing, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Commercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT, Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

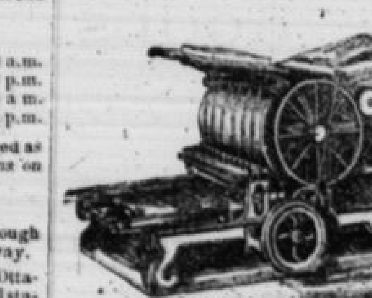
S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 12w

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

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Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

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ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant.

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL, *Inspector, Q. G. D.*

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place, 26½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 26. J. ROOS. 35 y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (*Sarsaparilla*), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the *Scrofulous diathesis*. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867 368d3w

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duly created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient, Humble Servant,

(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA. *Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.*

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, *Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.*

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two Thousand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portage du Fort.

January 29, 1867. w5-6m

Fresh Teas! Fresh Teas!

JUST RECEIVING A SPLENDID ASsortment of FINE BLACK, GREEN AND JAPAN TEAS, and for sale at lowest Cash prices, Wholesale or Retail.

HUGH ROSS, *Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,* Wellington-street, Upper Town.

Ottawa, April 4. 14w2m

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at leas two or the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "*good faith*" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, *ought to be proved* by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much o the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (it a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will be charged for every additional township named in the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL, Provincial Secretary.

404tf

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order, WILLIAM P. LETT, *City Clerk.*

City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867. 423

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee,

W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-10

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON, Besserer Street

Ottawa December 2 314tf

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a Mortgage Deed made by Alexander John Sharp, of Township of March, in the County of Carleton, Innkeeper, to Thomas Patterson, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Merchant, of the East half of Lot Number Eleven, in the Third Concession of the said Township of March, and also of the East half of Lot Number Two in the Eighth Concession of the Township of Huntley, in the County of Carleton; the said lands and premises will in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in the said Mortgage Deed, be offered for sale at the Law Office of Messrs. Scott and Ross, in the City of Ottawa, on WEDNESDAY, the FIFTEENTH day of MAY next, at Twelve o'clock, noon.

The said Thomas Patterson will covenant against his own acts only.

All Searches, Deeds, Abstracts, and other charges attending the Conveyance will be paid by the purchaser.

W. A. ROSS, Solicitor for Thomas Patterson.

April 24. 417-1-17-3

The above sale is adjourned till FRIDAY, the thirty-first day of MAY, instant, at twelve o'clock, noon.

W. A. ROSS, Solicitor for the said Thomas Patterson.

20w-td

THO. RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, *U. S. Consular Agent.*

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 443. OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY. MAY 24, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, ... 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-160-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. F. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 13, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 23. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other ... for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that he is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
Brewster's Demifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastiles,
Campbell's Eff Cit Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c. &c. &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street
436-y

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal, BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833,86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for e present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,
BEAVERS,
PETERSHAMS,
DEVONS,
WHITNEYS
IRISH FRIEZE,
CANADIAN DO.,
BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,
BEDFORD CORDS,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,
BANNOCKBURN DO.,
HALIFAX DO.,
KERSEYS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS.

COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SMOCKS,
SOCKS,
MITTS, WOOLLEN
Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK,
BAGS, LINEN,
Do., TRAVELLING,
COTTONS, STRIPED,
Do., BLUE,
Do., GREY,
TRUNKS,
VALISES.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as being used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due.
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tt

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lots No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, an be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 *lbs. daily for the Season* $6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

To Let on Sandy Hill.
A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE containing ten rooms, perfectly isolated and commanding a lovely view. Together with an acre of garden, planted in early vegetables, 3 stall stable, out houses, and a spring of excellent water. The house has been newly papered and painted.
Apply to
M. B.,
440-3 Office of this paper.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stable, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale.
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town
May 8. 429tf

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p.m. 417td

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread .... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.
A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.
May 17. 437d

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence-Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,
JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.
THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.
JOHN RITCHIE.
May 18. 438-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Recorder's Court—Roderick Ross.
Grapes and Strawberries—J. B. Cline.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.20 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa.	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway	6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p. m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 24, 1867.

☞ For Property Notices—for Sale or to Le —see First Page.

☞ TO-DAY BEING THE 48TH ANNIVERSARY of the BIRTHDAY OF HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY, BUSINESS WILL BE SUSPENDED IN THIS OFFICE. ☞ No paper will, therefore, be issued to-morrow morning.

THE PROCLAMATION.

We have authentic information to the effect that the PROCLAMATION CONSTITUTING THE DOMINION OF CANADA, was approved by HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, on Wednesday the 22nd inst. It is provided therein that the NEW CONSTITUTION will go into force on the FIRST DAY OF JULY next. Thus the general expectations of the public are being fulfilled with extraordinary promptitude. Within three years of the mooting of the project as a practical measure, it was sanctioned by three separate governments; matured by their representatives, assembled at the seat of Empire; committed to the hands of the Imperial government; unanimously sanctioned by the Three Estates of the realm; and is now to be put in full operation before the third anniversary of the formation of the Canadian Coalition of 1864.

Sir N. F. BELLEAU and the Hon. H. L. LANGEVIN arrived by the evening train, yesterday, and are stopping at the Toronto House. Hon. Messrs. MACDOUGALL and HOWLAND are expected to-morrow. As already announced, a meeting of the Cabinet will be held to-day.

We understand that the Hon. GEO. E. CARTIER will arrive at Ottawa, at six o'clock to-morrow afternoon, and we presume will be met at the Station by his Worship the Mayor, who will present him with an address, on behalf of the citizens. Addresses will also be presented on behalf of the *St. Jean Baptiste* Society and *L'Union St. Joseph.*

On this day, it seems appropriate that we should advert to a suggestion which we believe originated with the London *Free Press*, and has found some favor both with the press and the public: *i. e.* the setting apart of a national holiday in commemoration of the formation of the new Dominion. We do not approve of the suggestion; to carry it out would be an egregious mistake—an annual and quite unnecessary insult to those colonists who conscientiously opposed the Act of Union; and though, fortunately, they are few we have no right to insult them, or needlessly irritate their feelings. The Confederation of the Provinces is a purely political change, within the ordinary limits of the Constitution, effected by its ordinary legislative machinery, having no more title to special commemoration by a national holiday than the passing of the Reform Bill, the Repeal of the Corn Laws, or any other measure of more than usual importance, either passed, or which may yet be passed by the Imperial Parliament. The Union between Upper and Lower Canada, twenty-five years ago, was in those days a comparatively greater achievement, when we take into account the greater mass of stupid prejudice which had to be beaten down, or bought off, in its accomplishment. The triumph of the "bloodless revolution" in the British American Colonies is doubtless due in a great measure to the wisdom and mutual forbearance of our politicians; but it is due in a far greater degree to the general intelligence of the whole people; and it is, after all, but a political experiment, of the success of which, though we have no occasion to entertain a doubt, we cannot as yet have a certain guarantee. Wherefore, then, the need of the institution of a national holiday in its honor?

But we have reserved our chief objection to the last. There is no change in our allegiance effected by Confederation. "The day we celebrate"—the Queen's Birthday—is, therefore, our national holiday and it ought to be our *only* one. So long as we are the subjects of the British Crown—and we never wish to see the connection severed—it would be bad taste, or if not bad taste, an act of folly, to institute any other day, in which the other subjects of the same Crown could not take a like interest.

We merely give our opinion upon the matter and our reason for it. If the heart of the people is set upon this vanity, let it be gratified; but let the reasons we have urged against it have fair consideration, and we think they will commend themselves to the judgment of the public. We want no annual display of stump oratory; no foolish assumption of airs; no day consecrated to self glorification; no Yankee invention to stimulate the growth of national, and flatter the cravings of individual, vanity. Let us be sober, sensible, work-a-day "Britishers," always ready to honor and enjoy the recurring celebrations of the anniversary of the birthday of our King or Queen, as the case may be; and as time rolls on—should we be called upon to transfer our allegiance to a new sovereignty—should we, in fact, have a King of our own, or any other legitimate centre of power—then it will be time enough to cast about us for a new national holiday; but until then, let us, in this case at all events, "rest, and be thankful" with the recurring anniversaries of the birth of our SOVEREIGN LADY QUEEN VICTORIA, WHOM MAY GOD LONG PRESERVE!

Mr. BROWN's bid for Catholic support in his new attempt to disentegrate and reorganise the Reform party, on a basis suited to his own selfish ends, put forth in the *Globe* of the 21st, with so much apparent sincerity, and so much real deceit, deserves more than the brief notice we gave it yesterday. Mr. BROWN affirms that "the Reform party have not "received much aid of late years from the "Roman Catholics"—an assertion which is perfectly true, but mark what follows—"the "sectarian contests *forced* on the parliamen-"tary field by the *Conservative tricksters*, un-"fortunately prevented their doing so." Here, then, we have the truth admitted, though in very ungracious language, that it is to the Conservatives that the Catholics are indebted for the introduction of their claims to the consideration of Parliament. The *Globe* says for fifteen years the Catholics have "voted for JOHN A. MACDONALD & Co."—"not one in twenty of them" voted for Reformers, and it asks "what have they made by it?" Cannot the *Globe* see that by these fifteen years of association with the Conservative party, the Catholics achieved the recognition of their educational rights? It was the "Conservative tricksters" who "forced" their claims upon parliament, claims which but for the fidelity of these "tricksters," as Mr. BROWN calls them, would never have been recognised on the statute book. Mr. BROWN is right, therefore, when he says his party owes little to the Roman Catholics. It was only when his tongue was held by Mr. MCGEE that he ceased to vilify and ridicule their bishops and clergy. It was only when the Reform party, weary of his tyranny, shook off the dead-weight of his leadership, in 1861, and installed Mr. FOLEY in his place, that the tone and bearing of a large portion of the Reformers became such as made political association with them possible, for a Roman Catholic, without the sacrifice of his self respect. It was only when, in 1862, a Reform Government was established, on a policy which received Mr. BROWN's unequivocal condemnation, that the leaders of that party, he *not* being one of them, agreed to surrender their personal convictions on the question of Separate Schools, and permit its settlement on the basis laid down in SCOTT's bill, which merely contemplated an equitable application of the principles embodied in the "Tory" bill of 1855. It was chiefly through Mr. BROWN's *influence*, and the prejudices of a few of his *personal followers* that the whole body of the Reform party did not endorse that action of their leaders; and whatever of consideration the Catholics may feel that they owe to the members of the MACDONALD-SICOTTE Cabinet, it is clear that none of it can belong to Mr. BROWN. By the recognition of their rights in the matter of education, by the securing of a fair share of the appropriations of the public money, by the incorporation of their religious, charitable and higher educational institutions, the Catholics know precisely "what they have made" through the "sectarian school, secta-"rian grant, and sectarian corporation "question," which Mr. BROWN says "has been the grand stalking-horse of JOHN A. MACDONALD & Co.;" and they know too that had they supported Mr. BROWN, these advantages would never have been secured, for so late as Tuesday last, he said that such "issues *never* ought to have been "the subjects of political discussion!" That is to say that the rights of Catholics should have been completely ignored—that it was a crime in the Conservatives to have mentioned them at all within the precincts of Parliament! With such evidence before them as the *Globe* itself furnishes, we cannot conceive that the Catholics of Ontario will have any difficulty in deciding as to the nature of Mr. BROWN's claim to their confidence.

The *Globe* tells us that "the moment the "great constitutional strife was ended, (and "it *is* ended, eh! Mr. BROWN!), and the "sectarian controversy forever removed from "the political arena, (and it *is* removed at "last, ah! Mr. BROWN!), an earnest desire "was expressed among Reformers, that the "utmost liberality should be shown to our "Catholic friends in the selection of Reform "candidates, and what could be done (*sic*) has "been done." Mr. BROWN might just as well have said that through "fifteen years of obloquy," he had labored to defeat every attempt made on behalf of the Catholics to secure what they believed were their rights; that he had failed, through *no fault of his*, but because the "Conservative tricksters" had forced the considerations of their claims upon Parliament, and Parliament had conceded them; that, failing in this attempt, he joined the Coalition, in 1864, to secure a change in the Constitution of the country; that at the Quebec conference he fought long and hard against the continuance of these rights to the Catholics of Ontario, but was again overpowered; that during the past six months he had made several attempts to rekindle agitation by trying to persuade the country that the privileges secured to the Catholics by the Act of Union were greater than those assented to at the Quebec conference, but again had failed because the common sense of the country was against him; and that finally having given up all hope of destroying their privileges, he had now concluded to utilise them for his own party purposes, if only they would enroll themselves under his banner. There is certainly a degree of "liberality" in this, which is truly marvellous. And Mr. BROWN shows his sincerity by hearing "with pleasure" that the champion of the "Sunburst"—the "real Simon Pure" of the *Fenian Volunteer*—"is spoken of" as a candidate; and "Mr. DORAN is spoken of for South Lanark," and the *Globe* "hopes" he will be selected by "our friends;" and "our friends" will in due time trot out Mr. DORAN, and choke him off with a minority vote in the convention; and Mr. DORAN will thereupon become patriotic, nail his colors fast to the reorganization mast, and play stool pidgeon to attract Catholic votes! Oh, Mr. BROWN! you may gratify your peculiar feelings towards Irishmen, by calling Mr. MCGEE "a humbug," "a confounded humbug," "a trickster," and "a slanderer"—these hard names from such a quarter will not injure Mr. MCGEE, but if you think by your transparent gammon to win over any considerable number of Catholics to your miserable faction of a party, you make an egregious blunder.

The Quebec *Telegraph* says:—

"We observe that Mr. McGee's friends have already commenced to make arrangements for the purpose of giving him a proper reception on the occasion of his return to this country. This is the best possible answer to a rumor which, our readers may remember, was extensively circulated a few months ago to the effect that the honorable gentleman had completely lost ground with his constituents, and that his re-election was altogether out of the question. We then suspected—and we are now confirmed in the belief—that the rumor in question originated with an exceedingly small clique, to whom Mr. McGee's eloquent and patriotic denunciation of a certain class of conspirators proved rather distasteful."

Yes! and the sympathisers of the "clique" in question are those to whom the Chief Organizer of Ontario appeals for sympathy and support, in opposition to Mr. MCGEE and those who think and act with him. This new alliance is not unsuggestive, especially since Mr. HOWE and the *Rouges* have been invited to join the firm.

We understand that the officers, regular and volunteer, taking part in the programme of the day, will lunch at the club to-day; and the non-commissioned officers in one of the rooms of the Public Works Department.

LOCAL NEWS.

VICTORIA RIFLES.—We understand that the marching state of this corps is as follows: eleven officers, fourteen sergeants; band—eighteen; rank and file—one hundred and thirty; total—one hundred and seventy-three.

LA CROSSE CLUB DINNER.—A complimentary dinner will be given to the Montreal La Crosse Club to-night at 7½ o'clock, at the St. Patrick's Hall, by the Ontario La Crosse Club. Tickets may be had of the Secretary or members of the club.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 23, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 40 above zero.
8 a. m., 50 above zero.
Noon shade, 54 above zero.
6 p. m., 53 above zero.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY PIC-NIC.—At a meeting of the St. Andrew's Society, held the other evening, it was resolved to hold the "Annual Scottish Gathering" this year, on Thursday the 13th June next. This is generally the best public pic-nic of the season, more prizes are contributed for the sports than at any other, and music, refreshments and other things are also in first-class style. We learn that the committee intend to make the forthcoming pic-nic surpass anything of the kind ever before held in Ottawa; full particulars in a few days. The following gentlemen compose the committee of arrangements:—Dr. Grant, Messrs. A. Mann, J. P. Macpherson, E. McGillivray, J. P. Robertson, Wm. McFarlane, Jas. Peacock, J. W. Russell, Wm. Sutherland, H. Inglis, E. K. MacGillivray and A. Grant.

PASSING AWAY.—Every day brings forth its troubles, trials, and vicissitudes; a new impetus, a fresh life and vigor is promoted, and at the same instant, others are "passing away." Yesterday one of the old landmarks, especially to the Fire Brigade, passed away. None will feel the loss of this departed worth more keenly than the *Centrals*. Poor old Dobbin, the favorite nag, who was once a *crack on the turf*, but of late years, like the "high-mettled racer" of old, has been turned over to another, but no less honorable vocation, that of running the machine to fires. When the Central bell pealed forth the alarm, Dobbin was true to the motto of his company, "Ready and Willing," but all things have their time, and so has Dobbin had his. Yesterday, he was hitched up to draw water from the river, and after the puncheon was filled, some drift wood passing frightened him, and he backed in, the ground being shelving, poor old Dobbin was drowned—aged 25 years.

POLICE COURT.—Thomas and Patrick Britt were brought up, charged with stealing a quantity of clothing, and a revolver, from the store of Mr. Robert Booth of the Chaudiere, on Sunday the 12th inst. Nelson Guertin deposed, that he was clerk in the employ of Mr. Booth, that the store was locked up, and the key given to Mr. Booth; the revolver was under his pillow, and the room where he slept might be reached through a window over a shed; that the clothing and a piece of plaid flannel were missed on Monday morning, and the store door found open. Thos. Britt had been in the employ of Mr. Booth as teamster for about two years. Robert Booth sworn: I keep a general store near the Chaudiere. On Monday morning, the 13th inst., I missed a quantity of ready-made clothing and a revolver, and found the door of the store open. I have examined all the articles produced and identify them as mine, they were made by two women now in court. The revolver also is mine. The two women who said they were tailoresses, and named respectively Julie Cainville and Caroline Deuchemin, examined the clothing and said they were made by them for Mr. Booth. Sergeant Davis proved the finding of the articles in the house of Mrs. Britt, mother of the prisoners, on the Richmond road, Nepean, and that he arrested the prisoners. Thomas Britt had told him that he had bought the clothing at a store in the city. Ellen Britt, sister of the prisoners, said her brother Thomas brought home a bag containing the articles on the Sunday morning, about five o'clock, but that Pat, who was asleep, knew nothing about it. He said he did not know what was in the bag, for he had found it on the road. There had been a revolver, like the one produced, in their house for two or three years, and she had seen that particular one in the house for more than three weeks. The prisoners being asked if they had any statement to make, Thomas said he found the bag of clothing in the lumber yard of Mr. John Booth, on the Wednesday night previous to the Sunday, on which he took them home, but he chose to leave them there till that time, and intended to give them up when they should be claimed. The prisoners were committed to take their trial at the Recorder's Court. Bail was fixed at $100 each and two sureties in $50 each.

—The Chicago *Tribune* states that the fund for the erection of a suitable monument to the memory of the late President Lincoln has now reached a sum sufficiently large to warrant the Committee in commencing the works, and it understands that they will shortly be prepared to receive plans and specifications for such a monument from the artists of the country at large.

THE AMUSEMENTS AND SOURCES OF ENJOYMENT FOR THE DAY.

This, her gracious Majesty's birthday, being proclaimed a holiday, we have thought it advisable to give here a brief summary of the amusements of the day.

The day will open with the arrival of the Victoria Rifles, by boat, from Montreal.

At nine o'clock, a.m., the athletic games, accompanied by a band, will commence on Major's Hill, to conclude in time for the grand military parade and review.

At half-past nine, a.m., a grand parade and review of the Ottawa Fire Brigade will be held at the City Hall Square, under the direction of the Superintendent.

The Brigade will move on their route of procession at half-past one o'clock. Chief Marshall—the Superintendent.

At half-past eleven, a. m., a full parade and review of the entire military force, with the Victoria Rifles, will take place in Parliament-square. A *feu de joie* will be fired at twelve o'clock, and all the bells of the city will be rung at the same time. The military display will be the grandest ever seen in this city.

At three o'clock, p.m., a grand champion match of La Crosse will be played, between the Montreal and Ottawa players, on the large field opposite the Protestant Hospital at the East end of Rideau-st.

At five o'clock the Canoe races will commence between Champagne's Hotel, above the Deep Cut, and the Sapper's Bridge.

In the evening, at eight o'clock, Shakespeare's great tragedy of "Othello" will be played by the distinguished elocutionist, Mr. J. W. Taverner, at her Majesty's Theatre, where will also be presented other attractions. The lovers of the legitimate drama may expect a rare treat in the rendition of this great character by Mr. Taverner, which we are assured is quite original, and a perfect interpretation of Shakespeare's grand conception, differing entirely from the ordinary stage representation.

At nine o'clock, dancing will commence at the grand military and civic ball, in honor of her Majesty's birthday, at the Rink.

The steamer *Queen Victoria*, Capt. Bowie, will make an excursion to Grenville.

The Bazaar in aid of a new Presbyterian church, on Bank-st., will be open day and evening. Here, in addition to the pleasure, is an opportunity to do good.

THE OTTAWA AND HULL FERRY.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—As many of our citizens feel a lively interest in matters connected with the Ottawa and Hull Ferry, especially at the present moment, when interested parties are industriously at work, getting up a petition memorializing the government to break the lease made to Mr. Joseph Smith last season, it may not be out of place to put before your readers some little matters of which those asked to sign said memorial, may perchance be quite ignorant.

In the first place, Mr. Smith was waited upon last fall by one of the leaders, in fact the main instigator in getting up said memorial and desired to purchase the lease or right of ferriage, which Mr. Smith respectfully declined, considering, and wisely too, if it was worth a bid from a gentleman of legal acumen, it would surely prove as valuable to him. As the right could not be purchased for cash, of course the gentleman now puts out to the public, and with a cunningly worded memorial setting forth all the unfairness of giving said right to Mr. Smith, also the distress brought upon the poor unfortunate habitants who hitherto enjoyed the privilege of said ferry, and whose families are plunged in ruin, a few parties under the guise of the craftily worded document have been induced to sign their names, and the precious paper deposited for presentation to the Council.

So far, so good, and all ran smoothly before the wind; but suddenly there is a commotion, the Coke and Blackstone fledgling ferryman, learns that two can play at one game; in short, that Mr. Smith had entered the field and was getting up a counter document, and in which he has been most successful, having in three days obtained over 600 *bona fide* signatures, the gent rushes up to the department, and withdraws the above referred to document, which, for his own credit, it is to be hoped he will consign to the basket for profitless briefs. Mr. Smith is now using his utmost endeavors to procure a substantial steamer for this ferry, one that will be capable of conveying pic-nic or pleasure parties to any point on the Ottawa, and it is to be hoped that those who desire to see the ferry, which is a great source of pleasure, carried out properly, and imposition kept down, will place their names on Mr. Smith's memorial, and thereby settle the matter permanently.

I am, sir, yours &c.,
AN OLD CITIZEN.

Ottawa, May 23, 1867.

"DEER HUNTING."

To the Editor of the Times.

SIR,—Yesterday I had occasion to go as far as Mr. Borthwick's celebrated springs, (County of Gloucester), and while there, conversed with several farmers; in the course of a conversation "deer hunting" was alluded to, and one well known hunter residing in that locality, drew my attention to the fact, that hardly a day passed over without the cry of hounds being heard on the runways; he said the deer were not near so plentiful as they were a short time ago, and gave it as his opinion, the scarcity was to be attributed to the fact of hounds being allowed to run at large, they invariably making for the woods, driving the old deer farther back, and killing great numbers of the young. I myself heard the baying of a hound on "Green's Creek" when on my way out.

Now I think Mr. Editor, that if the gentlemen who lately took *so much trouble to prove* that "snipe" were "insectivorous" were to devote a small portion of their talent and zeal, towards finding a remedy for this crying evil, they would be doing some real good towards the preservation of game, and employing their time in a more profitable way.

W. M. L. M.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867.

The Fenian Swindle again Revived.

The *Herald's* Troy special says: The Fenians are again about taking the field in large numbers, for the invasion of Canada. A movement for concentration is general throughout Northern and Western New York, and other states. A message has been despatched by Head Centres to call the brotherhood to arms, and 30,000 men are to be concentrated on the border within a month. The Commissariat is said to be well served, and a large supply of army stores are already warehoused near St. Albans. Gen. Spear is to command the invading army. Canadians are alive to danger, and are preparing to defend themselves. Hon. John Morrissey has been at Troy, in conference with the Fenians, and it is believed has been authorized to assure them the government will not interfere.

Greeley held to account.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The Union League Club have notified Horace Greeley, they intend to take into consideration his action in becoming a bondsman for Jeff. Davis. Mr. Greeley replies in this morning's *Tribune*, with a column and a half of defence.

A Petition for the Pardon of Jeff. Davis.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The *Herald's* special says: A petition for the pardon of Jeff. Davis is being circulated by Southern men in Washington. It is said the head rebel himself is no longer averse to sueing for clemency. Surratt's trial will commence on Monday.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 23, 1867.

Mr. Capreol has received a letter from an influential party in England, saying that if Americans take up half the stock of the Georgian Bay Canal, the remainder will be taken by English capitalists.

Detective Mason has gone to Washington to give evidence in some robbery case.

A number of light-fingered gentry from Buffalo, who intended operating largely on the Queen's lieges to-morrow, are comfortably established in jail.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 23, 1867.

The poisoning case in Jolliette has resulted in the acquittal of the prisoners. The evidence for the defence shewed that deceased had poisoned himself.

The case of Kerr *vs.* the proprietors of the *Evening Telegraph*, is now going on. The defendants argue that the things charged were matters of public interest and as such they had a right to publish them.

The annual report of the City Treasurer shows the total revenue of this city for the year to be $2,271,313. Expenditure $2,234,503.

Great preparations are making for the celebration of the Queen's birthday.

Weather to-day very unpleasant—still raining.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Issue of the Queen's Proclamation.

LONDON, May 23.—The Queen has issued the proclamation declaring the Union of the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, under one government, to be called the Dominion of Canada. Appended to the proclamation is a list of Senators, appointed by the Queen to the Upper House of the New Canadian Legislature, in accordance with the provisions of the bill of Confederation, recently passed by the British Parliament.

A General Disarmament Urged.

LONDON, May 23—Evening.—The English Government have made representations to the leading powers of Europe, urging a general disarmament.

Opening of Navigation in the River Neva.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 23.—The ice in the Neva has broken up, and is fast disappearing, and the river is now open to navigation.

Austria Seeking the Safety of Maximilian.

VIENNA, May 23.—The Austrian Minister at Washington has been instructed by his government to enter into negotiations with President Juarez, of Mexico, with the view to securing the safety of the Emperor Maximilian, in case he should fall into the hands of the Liberals.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Brazil Emancipation not Confirmed.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The news received here by way of England, that the Emperor of Brazil had issued a decree of Emancipation is not confirmed by late advices from Brazil.

A Melancholy Incident.

Mrs. Richer, who is among the lost from the steamer *Santiago de Cuba*, was on her way to England, to receive a legacy of £15,000. Her husband witnessed her death from the deck of the ship.

Merchants' Union Express Company.

AUBURN, N. Y., May 23.—The Executive Committee of the Merchants' Union Express Company, have passed a resolution that they will make no compromise with the old express companies. They assert that their Company is in a most promising and healthy condition.

Assault and Robbery.

CHICAGO, May 23.—A sporting man named G. W. Lee, was attacked last night by persons unknown in his room. Little hopes are entertained for his recovery. Eighteen thousand dollars' worth of 7-30 bonds were stolen from the room.

Illegal Fishing and its Consequences.

NEW YORK, May 23.—F. C. McNaughton last night, while trespassing on the trout ground of Thos. Ward, in the village of Mumford was fatally shot by Ward. A companion of McNaughton, who was also engaged in taking trout, was severely clubbed by Ward with his gun.

NEWS BY THE "AFRICA."

NEW YORK, May 23.—The steamer *Africa* arrived at Boston this morning. The mails were received here to-night. Bullion in the Bank of England, May 10th, was £19,130,357 and in the Bank of France, at the same date £31,627,000.

A colliery explosion occurred at Ringley, causing the death of three miners.

A plague had appeared in London.

The Dutch Government is taking energetic measures to stamp out the same disease. Seven thousand head of cattle had been shot in one week. Some resistance was made to the wholesale slaughter, and two men were killed and two others wounded by the soldiers.

"Blackwood" for May has been seized at the French post office.

The whole Russian army will be provided with breech-loaders by the end of June.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Martial Law in Mobile.

MOBILE, May 22.—Gen. Pierce has removed the Mayor and Chief of Police, and appointed Gustavus Horton, Mayor, and Col. Dimon, Chief of Police.

Rifle Match.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The *Tribune's* special from Leroy says: There is a large attendance here at the annual meeting of the New York State Sportsmen's Convention. The first prize for long range rifle shooting, was won by Seth Green, of Mumford; the 2nd by L. J. Peck, of Hally. The prize for short range rifle shooting, without rest, was won by H. H. Sheldon, of Niagara Falls.

Brown, the Champion Sculler of America.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The *Tribune's* special from Pittsburgh says: The referee has decided that Brown won the boat race and stakes, and the championship of the United States is now transferred to him. Another race is on the tapis.

The Great Derby Race.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The *Herald's* cable report of the Derby says: Over 250,000 persons were present. There were five races. Thirty horses ran for the Derby stakes, valued at $40,000 in gold. Five false starts were made, heavy showers of rain falling at intervals. The sixth time the start was finally made; the sun shining gloriously. The race was splendid, and in good time. All the favorites were beaten. "Hermit" won by half a length, coming up to the winning post like an arrow, amidst loud cheering, although thousands lost large sums of money by the result. A snow storm prevailed at the moment of victory. "Marksman" came in second; and "Banban" third on the 2,000 guineas.

From Paraguay.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The steamer *Merrimac*, from Rio Janeiro, arrived last evening. No news of importance from Paraguay. Active operations would soon be commenced. Cholera appeared in the allied camps, and also at Montevideo. The rebels in the Argentine Republic had been routed. Cholera had also broken out in Buenos Ayres, and great consternation prevails; deaths exceed fifty a day. The United States Minister in Paraguay proposed to the allied forces, that the belligerents hold a conference at Washington. The Argentine Confederation declined.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Stocks active and tending down; gold 38¼; sterling, 60 days 9¼, sight 10¼.

Arrivals.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The steamer *Europe*, from Havre 9th, has arrived.

BOSTON, May 23.—The steamer *Africa* came up at 4 o'clock.

THE VILLAGE OF GRENVILLE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—This village, usually dull, has for the past six months been the scene of considerable stir, on account of the number of men sent on by Government to widen the canal, so as to facilitate the quicker passage of steamboats and barges, though many of the former have run the rapids, piloted by our friend, Oran LeRoy. The running, to a person unaccustomed to seeing such sights, looks extremely hazardous, but I am assured by those posted in such matters, that, so long as the water remains at a certain height, the danger is little or none. The number of barges passing through the locks exceeds that of previous years; they are principally loaded with lumber from the Chandiere, Buckingham and other places along the river. Only a few rafts have passed down the rapids yet; but I presume in a few days the "Head" will be crowded.

Mr. John Ritchie, a gentleman well known in this locality, has opened a first-class hotel, the situation of which is such that a person, from the second story, can see a long way up the river; and, indeed, whatever way you look, the view is splendid. The house is superbly finished inside, the accommodations very superior, and on the whole a place where the weary traveller will find comfort and satisfaction. I hope he may receive that patronage which the expense in fitting up the building for the accommodation of the public entitles him to, and which he fully deserves.

Quite an incident occurred here the other day. A person living in this vicinity has been in the habit of pounding his neighbor's cows, whenever they trespassed one foot on his property, which I should think he was *quite* justified in doing. Well, he had three cows in his pound, two of which belonged to one man, and one to another. The owner of the two cows called upon him on Saturday, offered him the pay for his cows, but was refused on the ground that three cows were in the pound, and that, therefore, he must pay for all three. This was insisted on, although told repeatedly that he only owned two. Thus ended the "talk" of Saturday. On Sunday morning, the owner of the two cows called again, tendered the required amount, but was again refused, when some angry words ensued, and the poundkeeper drew, or was about to draw, a pistol (so says the other man), when, I suppose in self-defence, the owner of the "two" gave him a "box" which sent him "nowhere," and finished by giving him such a pounding as is likely to keep him in the house for awhile, and send him to the grave a "marked" man. Although the melee occurred last Sunday, I understand two doctors were to be in attendance to-day, one having been with him all of last night. Proceedings, of course, are to be taken, as soon as his wounds are healed. Pity such things should take place; but, after all, the world goes round. More of this, anon.

Yours respectfully,
WILD ROSE.

Grenville, May 17, 1867.

THE ROAD FROM OTTAWA TO ARNPRIOR.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Having seen a communication over the signature of "Advance" in the *Citizen* a few weeks ago, induces me to ask you to interest yourself in the matter of a macadamized road from Ottawa City to Arnprior, and if you by means of the press agitate the subject through your popular journal, the TIMES, I fear not that there is sufficient public spirit and capital in the county to make the road, even if the townships through which it would run cannot carry it through by themselves, which I am assured can be done, if the initiative step is only taken by those who are more at home at the pen than the plough.

It would appear to me that the first step towards this desirable enterprise should be, that the municipal representatives of the Townships of Nepean, March, Huntly, Fitzroy and Packenham, (and all others who may wish to lend their aid,) should call a public meeting of the ratepayers of their several municipalities and ascertain from them what amount of stock they would wish their corporations to take in case of a joint-stock company being formed for that purpose, and when this is made generally known, the public at large will see what further sum will be required, and I feel confident from the anxious wish I have heard expressed by all to whom I have spoken on the subject, that there will be no serious difficulty in getting funds to complete the road.

There would not be a more opportune moment than the present to commence the canvass, and I fancy our energetic and respected Warden, John Holmes, Esq., might find it of infinite use to him in his electioneering tour through the county to put the affair in motion.

We must all remember that before the last election took place, a railroad in the same direction was the special topic on that occasion, and though the road then spoken of was not as well suited to the wants of this community as that now in contemplation, still the people took a lively interest in it.

I hope the result now will be different, and thus confer a more lasting benefit than a stepping-stone by the help of which our county members take office.

It cannot now be necessary to dwell at any length upon the advantages likely to be conferred on the community at large, especially on the farmer, by the construction of this road, as all must see that the price of farming produce is now nearly, if not quite, double what it was in Ottawa last winter, and at the same time he cannot avail himself of the increased price, owing to the impossibility of getting his produce to market, arising chiefly from the impassable state of our county roads.

Hoping you will help, through the medium of the press, to further this laudable enterprise,

I remain your obedient servant,
FARMER.

WRECK ON THE "RAGING CANAL" AND LOSS OF HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.—On Monday afternoon, the good scow "Anonyma" left the port of St. Johns bound for Chambly, freighted with a mail bag for the latter village. This noble craft possessed as motive power a faithful steed, the property of Mr. St. Germain, mail contractor of Chambly, whose son commanded on the occasion. The course of the vessel was through the Canal, the course of the steed on the bank thereof. Everything seemed to promise a happy and successful voyage. Nature, that had for so many days been weeping, now smiled again. The gallant captain was doubtless indulging in thoughts of home and those from whom he had been parted since early morning, when an untoward fate befel both himself and the mails of which he was in charge. Barge from the east approaches, drawn also by horse with tow line. The two vessels are about to pass each other and are exchanging those amenities and courtesies common on the high seas. Tow line of barge, in some mysterious way, which will of course be closely investigated by the Admiralty Court, ensnares scow, entangles, upheaves and upsets her! Gallant captain is rescued. Royal mail has sunk to the bottom. Endeavours have been made to recover the bag, but by last advices, without success. We may add that the contents of the mail were probably small, and further explain that this scow service on the canal had been temporarily resorted to by the contractor, as really a more expeditious and easy means of travel than is afforded by the country roads in the wretched condition they have so long been.—*Montreal Gazette.*

WOOLY-HORSES.—Wooly horses are not so rare as many suppose, nor such great curiosities either, there are many to be found in various parts of the country, but we doubt if they will ever prove as valuable to their owners as the one exhibited by Barnum. We imagine their owners would consider them more valuable without the wool, for this rough and wooly state of the hair indicates that the horse is not in a healthy condition—probably hide bound, or suffering from some disease which occasions this unnatural appearance; in such cases use Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition medicine, it will purify the blood, correct the appetite, remove all obstructions from the lungs and liver, and give to the coat a new and shining appearance. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SONG OF THE VICTORIA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

(AIR, "*Bonnie Blue Flag.*")

We are a band of Volunteers,
And at the frontier stand;
To fight, if need be for our homes,
To guard our native land.
We pray for peace, prepare for war,
Then calmly wait the end;
And to a man we'll fight or die,
Our country to defend.

So long as our near neighbors
Are faithful, kind and just,
We'll show respect to all their laws;
But honor ours they *must*.
And should they ever madly dare
Our peaceful land attack,
We'll hoist on high the good old flag
That bears the Union Jack.

Then, if our day of trial comes,
We'll face the battle's brunt;
"*For Altars and for Homes*" we'll shout,
Victorias to the front.
In peace or war, we're ready here,
Our duty to perform:
Our conduct ever shall be such,
All anger to disarm.

Then here's to our dear Canada,
The land that's ruled by right;
May war or sorrow never come,
Its happiness to blight,
And here's to all the friends we love,
From whom we're far away;
And here's to all the bright-eyed girls
That nightly for us pray.

NINA.

Montreal, February, 1865.

ST. MARIE THE INFORMER.

Louis Weichman, one of the witnesses at the trials of Paine and Mrs. Surratt, gives the following account of the French Canadian who followed young Surratt to Italy, and gave the information of his whereabouts:

He was a French Canadian, black-eyed and black-haired, aged about thirty, very fascinating in his manners and accomplishments, a linguist and adventurer. He was teaching for his board and spending money only, being entirely needy, and he amused himself by giving concerts in the village, where he was in love with a virtuous and beautiful young lady. When I left Ellangowan St. Marie asked me to get him a teacher's place in Washington, and soon after he came to my room there, saying that he had left his place, disgusted with its littleness, and was without a meal, a bed, or a penny. I got him a position in Gonzaga College, and when he came to see me once or twice I found him so unprincipled that I wrote to the lady he addressed at Ellangowan, bidding her beware. He would tell me in a breath that he had fled from Canada to avoid the consequences of a most heartless seduction, and at the same time put his new sweetheart's bouquet under his pillow. His stories of himself were that he had been a member of the Canadian Parliament, a Federal prisoner of State, &c., but at any rate he decamped from the college after a month, leaving me to pay his board, and enlisted for the bounty in a Delaware regiment, deserted, fell into Castle Thunder as an object of general suspicion, was released by reason of playing informer upon his comrades, escaped by a blockade-runner to England, returned to Canada, and hearing of the twenty-five thousand dollars' reward for Surratt, pursued him to Rome, enlisted with him, and gave him up just too late for the reward, which had been withdrawn.

THE SWEDISH NAVY.

Honors to John Ericsson.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette, May 3.]

The Swedish Chambers have resolved to send to John Ericsson, the famous engineer of America, who is by birth a Swede, an address expressive of the gratitude entertained toward him by the Swedish people, for the signal services which he has rendered to his native country. Ericsson's services have consisted mainly in furnishing to the government designs and suggestions for the improvement of the navy of Sweden. In particular, he designed three monitors, of which the one last built is after so novel and curious a pattern as to merit some attention on the part of the English government. Her deck is four feet thick, two feet only of which is above water. The deck projects on either side four feet beyond the hull, and is protected on the outer or broad side by one foot of iron, with a teak backing of one foot six inches. The hull is not plated, Ericsson being of opinion that, if a ball should pass the submerged angle which is formed by the broadside and underside of the projecting deck, it would glance off harmlessly from the rounded hull. The screw and rudder are guarded in a similar way, for the deck projects 25 feet beyond them. The engines are of 150 horse power, and were also designed by Ericsson. He has also made to the Swedes a suggestion which, but for his genius and skill, would appear to be sheer insanity in this age of steam power. He has proposed the construction of a fleet of gunboats worked not by engines, but by manual power. The coast of Sweden is a network of islands and rocks, and its countless lakes are full of narrow devious channels, where easily navigable gunboats would be of the greatest utility. The boat designed for this purpose by Ericsson, and already constructed at Motata, is ironclad, and is smaller than gunboats usually are. The deck is completely below the water level, and is strongly protected with plating. A sort of oval tube or sheath open at one end, rises above the deck higher than the water. From this points a 15-inch gun, which does not train, but moves according to the position given to the boat by a rudder so constructed as to turn the bow in the wished for direction. The motive power is applied by the arms of thirty-two men, who act by a simple but effective mechanism on a screw with four flanges. The power thus obtained is said to be thirty or forty per cent. greater than when applied to oars. The supposed advantages of this gunboat are summed up in cheapness of cost, both in construction and maintenance (for of course no fuel is required), readiness of application, freedom from disordered or injured mechanism, and adaptability for the transport of men or ammunition. The cost of the novelty is a little over £4,000.

Singular Love Affair in Connecticut.

A remarkable affair of love and jealousy has recently culminated at Suffield, Ct., in a mysterious disappearance. The wife of a well known cigar manufacturer in that town formed a warm attachment, last year, for a singing master, who led the choir in the Congregational church, where she was the principal singer. The two were very intimate, and there was considerable gossip in consequence, though it is not known that their intimacy reached unlawful limits. This year the chorister was employed by the Baptist church, his friend remaining in her former position. He was polite and attentive to the ladies in his new choir, and soon aroused an extraordinary feeling of jealousy in the cigar maker's wife. She sent him a large number of anonymous letters in feigned hands, threatening him with all sorts of things, if he didn't cease his attentions to the Baptist girls. The matter reached a crisis on Friday of last week, when the chorister fixed upon her the authorship of the letters, and in turn threatened a public expose, and demanded satisfaction. On the same afternoon, while her husband was absent, the lady wrote a letter, telling him he would never see her again, and suddenly departed. She was traced nearly half a mile to a swamp, and on Sunday the whole town was out in search of her. Every possible means were used to ascertain her fate, but wholly without result, nor has she been heard from since. The affair, as may be imagined, has created a profound sensation in Suffield. The lady was good looking, accomplished, about 30 years old, and the mother of one child.

A Natural Cave in Texas.

The Corpus Christi *Advertiser* gives the following brief description of a cave recently found about seventy miles southwest of that city:—

Llano Blanco Cave is situated about the centre of Duvall county. So far as this cave has been explored—some twenty-five yards—large chambers, with gushing streams of cool fresh water, so cold as to dispense with the luxury of ice, have been found. A natural well, some twenty-five feet in depth, some two hundred yards from the entrance of the cave, exists, from the direction of which a current of air rushes with great force, as from a furnace stack. The walls of the cave are composed of sulphate of lime, and untold quantities of plaster of Paris could be made out of it. Other specimens present themselves, which, upon further examination, may yet be developed into untold wealth, that has lain dormant for years, awaiting the acuteness of Yankee enterprise to be made available.

THE NEW FRENCH CANNON.

The Berlin correspondent of the London *Times* writes on the 1st inst.: "If one-half we learn about the new infantry cannon of the French be true, it is the most formidable weapon ever invented, and will go far to render war impossible. M. Gustav Struve, a well known German Republican, and late political *emigre*, has published a discursive article on this sanguinary topic in the *Beobachter*, a Stuttgart paper of his advanced leanings. The gun, he states, has been repeatedly offered to him for purchase, to aid, no doubt, in the effective realization of his political ideas. But on both occasions, which occurred in 1850 and 1861, he had not the money to spend. He saw the gun at work in London as early as 1849, when a specimen called a two-pounder discharged 300 balls in a minute; while another, a 12-pounder, threw from 50 to 60. Ignition is caused by a means of tourniquet, very much like the handle of a coffee-mill, set in motion either by hand or by steam. There is neither rebound nor report, nor even smoke. The barrel not becoming heated, the machine may be in full activity for hours, spitting balls with a continuity similar to that of the water issuing from the hose of a fire engine. The gentleman who is our authority for this marvelous tale has on another occasion seen the balls flying over the Hudson river, where its width exceeds a mile, and, moreover, was told by those in the secret, that the 12 and 18 pounders could hurl missiles four times that distance. A whole battalion, if properly flanked by a battery of this novel description, could be destroyed in a minute. Another circumstance mentioned by him, and which will scarcely serve to render his account more credible than the known laws of natural philosophy would seem to make it, is that the Washington government being offered the exclusive use of the invention at the beginning of the late civil war, scorned the idea of decimating their Southern brethren with this diabolical machine. The cannon seems not to be unlike that of Mr. Gatling, now exhibiting at Paris, and also offered to the Emperor Napoleon for sale, of which a general description was given in a recent number of the Stuttgart illustrated paper, *Land und Meer*."

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of American's have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

DEATH OF LORD LLANOVER.—Lord Llanover, better known to the public as Sir Benjamin Hall, died on the 28th in London. He was 65 years of age, and his death was caused by cancer in the cheek. Lord Llanover, as Sir Benjamin Hall, was for many years M. P. for the metropolitan borough of Marylebone. He was an advanced Liberal, and respected by all parties for his honesty. He was a Cabinet Minister from 1855 to 1858, and at the time of his death was a member of the Privy Council. He was in the best sense of the word a Reformer, and a warm friend to the United States.

—A gentleman who lives in a quiet town near Milwaukee, was invited to bring his wife to the city and spend the holidays. He said he would be glad to do so, but his wife was expecting a new bonnet from New York, and if it did not come she would not show herself in fashionable society. On Monday the Milwaukee gentleman received the following note: "My wife has got the bonnet! It came by express. This is an episode. You ought to see it. It looks like a nigger minstrel's breast-pin, or an enormous jet finger ring, cut so as to have the setting fit around the ears. You may expect us."

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way, we think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected, "one ounce of prevention is worth one pound of cure"; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises frost-bites chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cts. per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are he sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine deale everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Lost---$10 Reward.

LOST, LAST TUESDAY MORNING, somewhere between the Parliament Buildings and Scott's Corner, a fine

Gold Locket.

The back of the Locket is ornamented with a light blue enamelled strap, having "A. E. L." on it, set in diamonds.

Any person leaving the Locket at this office, will receive the above reward.

May 24. 443-3

☞ AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY.

PROCLAMATION.

THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA ARE respectfully requested to observe FRIDAY, the 24th day of MAY, 1867, the Birthday of Her Majesty, the Queen, as a

PUBLIC HOLIDAY!

By closing all places of business, hoisting of flags, and such other decorations as may be deemed fitting for the due and proper celebration of the day.

Given under my hand this twentieth day of May, A.D., 1867.

ROBERT LYON,
459-td Mayor.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY,

PROGRAMME.

A FULL PARADE OF THE ENTIRE Military Force, Regular and Volunteer, will take place on the GOVERNMENT HILL SQUARE.

A grand FEU DE JOIE will be fired at 12 o'clock noon. RINGING OF THE CITY BELLS.

A grand parade of the OTTAWA FIRE BRIGADE, will be held at the CITY HALL SQUARE, at 9½ o'clock a.m., under the direction of the Superintendent.

REVIEW OF THE FIRE BRIGADE.

After which a MASS PROCESSION of the Firemen will immediately follow.

Chief Marshall—The Chief of Police.

The procession will leave the City Hall Square at half-past 1 o'clock p.m., in the following order:

UNION JACK.
St. Patrick's Band.
Ottawa Fire Company.
Lower Town Hook & Ladder Company.
Favreau's Band.
Queen Fire Company.
Rideau Fire Company.
Chaudiere Band.
Chaudiere Fire Company.
Central Hook & Ladder Company.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

From the City Hall Square through Rideau, Dalhousie, St. Patrick and Sussex-sts., thence along Sparks to Bay-st., thence along Wellington-st. to Metcalfe-st., thence to and along Sparks-st. to Elgin-st. and City Hall Square, where the Fire Brigade will be dispersed after the usual address from the Mayor.

A CHAMPION GAME OF LA CROSSE

Will be played between the Montreal and Ottawa players on the large field opposite the Protestant Hospital at the East end of Rideau-st. at three o'clock p.m.

CANOE RACES

Will take place in the Rideau Canal between Champagne's Hotel, above the head of the Deep Cut, and the Sapper's Bridge, at 5 o'clock p.m.

Bark Canoes	1st Prize	$12.00.
" "	2nd "	6.00.
Log Canoes	1st "	12.00.
" "	2nd "	6.00.

ATHLETIC GAMES.

For Prizes, open to boys under eighteen years of age, will commence on the Major's Hill at nine o'clock a.m., to conclude in time for the Military Review.

Bands will be in attendance on each of the above occasions throughout the day.

(By order of the Celebration Committee.)

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, May 20. 439-td

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA,
TO WIT:

THE QUARTER SESSIONS of the RECORDER'S COURT for the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the County Court House (old Jail), in said city, on

Monday, the Third day of June next,

At the hour of ELEVEN of the Clock, in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff's Office, High Bailiff.
May 23, 1867. 443td

GRAPES & STRAWBERRIES,

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

GREAT inducements offered to those that are willing to work and take orders. Every order of $5, I will add 25 plants of the Golden Queen. For an order of $10, one Grape Vine and 25 plants; and so on in proportion to the amount over $10.

J. B. CLINE offers to the public a remarkable Strawberry, THE GOLDEN QUEEN. It is of a beautiful bright scarlet color; of high flavor, and enormously productive—many berries measuring six inches in circumference. It ripens fifteen days after the Wilson, and is thus most valuable as a late berry for family use or marketing. I picked nice berries of the Golden Queen as late as the 17th of July.

Every person should set out largely of the Green Prolific. The berry is nearly as large as the Golden Queen, very early, tender and sweet. It is recommended very highly in the eastern part of the state where it is better known. In fact, the Golden Queen and Green Prolific are the two best berries in cultivation. The Golden Queen sells in our market for four shillings per quart where the Wilson, on the same stand, only brings twenty-five cents—never have sold the Golden Queen and Green Prolific for less than twenty-five cents, when the Wilson brought only twelve cents. Many persons in Rochester are setting a bed of the Golden Queen on purpose to mix the berries with the Wilson—they get from five to seven cents more per quart for the Wilson by doing so.

Copied from the Southern Ruralist, printed at Amity City, La.

THE GOLDEN QUEEN STRAWBERRY.—Those who desire to raise a fruit of Tomato size and Strawberry flavor, will find just what they are looking for in the Golden Queen. JUDD, of the *American Agriculturist*, printed in New York, says: "It is a veritable strawberry, and one of the best varieties yet raised, either for home use or for the market," and until ocular demonstration proves to the contrary, we are bound to believe it.

	per doz.	per 100.	per 1000
Golden Queen	$1 00	$5 00	$30
Green Prolific	1 00	5 00	30
Great Agriculturist	1 00	4 00	25
Knox's Jucunda	1 00	4 00	25
Triomphe de Gand	50	2 00	15
Wilson's Albany	50	2 00	15
Early Scarlet	50	2 00	15
Hovey's Seedling	50	2 00	15

Strawberry Plants can be set until late in the Fall if covered well with leaves or straw.

Peach and Apple Trees, 30 cents each; Pears, Cherries and Plums, $1 to $2 each; Orange Quince, 75 cents each. Evergreens, Roses and Shrubs of all descriptions. General assortment of House Plants.

I will guarantee all orders to be delivered in good order. I can send by mail from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the Strawberry Plants, in one package, and from six to twelve Grape Vines, postage paid.

Cash orders filled in rotation. Orders marked C. O. D., the buyer must pay the express charges, and I will pay the collection.

J. B. CLINE,
No. 8 Howell-st.,
Rochester, N.Y.

443tf

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET,

Established by James Brough & Co.,

1845,

WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.

Apply to

KENNEDY & BUCKE,
Or JAS. BROUGH.
May 21. 440-tf

☞ AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY.

A GRAND

Military & Civic Ball

WILL TAKE PLACE

AT THE OTTAWA SKATING RINK,

On Friday next, 24th May instant,

In Honor of her Majesty's Birthday, under the patronage of

Col. Macdougall, Adjt.-Gen. of Militia.
Lt.-Col. Campbell and officers 100th Regt.
Lt.-Col. Walker Powell, Deputy Adjt.-Gen. Militia.
Lt.-Col Wily and officers of Civil Service Rifles.
Lt.-Col. Atcherly, Asst.-Adjt.-Gen. of Militia.
Lt.-Col. Jackson, Brigade Major.
Lt.-Col. Powell and officers 43rd Batt.
Maj. Forest and officers Brigade of Garrison Artillery.
Major Grant and officers Ottawa Rifles.
Capt. Forsyth and officers of Field Battery.
His Worship the Mayor.

COMMITTEE:

J. M. Currier, M.P.P.	D. W. Macdonell, Esq.
Lt.-Col. Aumond.	R. S. Cassells, Esq.
A. Patrick, Esq.	R. Kimber, Esq.
James Fraser, Esq.	I. B. Taylor, Esq.
H. V. Noel, Esq.	B. Batson, Esq.
Maj. G. Scale, Esq.	C. T. Bate, Esq.
W. Wade, Esq.	M. K. Dickinson, Esq.
J. L. B. Ross, Esq.	C. H. Carriere, Esq.

Dancing will commence at 9 o'clock.

Gowan's Full Band will be in attendance.

Tickets, including refreshments, (admitting a Gentleman and two or more Ladies, $2.00; ticket for couple, $1.50, may be procured at the Russell House, and at Messrs. Orme & Son's, Ottawa Music Store, Sparks Street.

G. W. LESTER, Manager.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 21. 441-td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

AT the residence of Joseph Bouchette, Esq., Richmond Road, near the residence of John Rochester, Esq.,

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst.,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m.,

All the Household Furniture, consisting of Carpets, Chairs, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Sofas, Centre and Dining Tables, Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Glassware, Crockery, &c., &c., all in good order.

Sale positive as the gentleman is leaving the city.

Also, a superior 7-octave Piano-Forte.

H. McLEAN.
Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

Auction Sale!

H. McLEAN

HAS received instructions to sell at the

BANK OF UPPER CANADA,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

On MONDAY, MAY the 27th,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m.,

Four Superior Burglar and Fire Proof Safes Taylor's make, of Toronto; Writing Desks, Stoves, Carpets, Tables, Chairs, Letter-press, Clock, Maps, and sundry other articles. All for positive sale.

Terms Cash. Bankable Funds.

Goods must be removed within 24 hours after sale.

H. McLEAN.
Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

RIDEAU-ST. AUCTION ROOM,

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACturers in the West, consisting of sofas, chairs, upholstered in hair cloth of the latest styles, and very nice bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, dressing tables, centre tables, book cases, dining tables, &c.

Also, a large quantity of cane seated chairs of the latest styles, rocking chairs, children's high and low chairs, &c.

This stock can be purchased twenty per cent. less than in any other place in the city.

Also, about 300 yards of second hand carpet, very nice pattern, a consignment from Montreal, and must be closed out.

Remember the place, No. 42, North side of Rideau-st.

A. ROWE,
441-y Auctioneer.

ANNUAL SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

☞ Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
439-td *Auctioneer.*

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS,

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Montreal, May 15. 437td Auctioneers.

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large vaglety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

☞ AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY.

Her Majesty's Theatre.

Lessee and Manager.... John Townsend.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY!

Engagement for this night only of the Great English Tragedian and Elocutionist,

Mr. J. W. Taverner!

Who will appear in Shakspeare's Grand Character of OTHELLO.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 24th,

Will be presented (in five acts) Shakspeare's Grand Tragedy of

Othello!

MOOR OF VENICE!

Thus Powerfully Cast:

OTHELLO.....Mr. J. W. TAVERNER.
IAGO (first time in Ottawa), JOHN TOWNSEND.
Cassio.....Mr. Harry Townsend.
Roderigo.....Mr. Alfred Hudson.
DESDEMONA...MISS FLORENCE TOWNSEND.
Supported by the whole Company.

After which a Comic Song by Mr. A. HUDSON.

To conclude with the Roaring Farce of

THE STAGE STRUCK LOVERS!

Miss Florence Townsend, Mr. Alfred Hudson, and the Company.

NOTICE.—Mr. Townsend begs to announce to his friends and the public, that he has engaged a large and highly talented Company from New York city, for the season, commencing on THURSDAY, 30th instant. A list of the Company will be published on Monday.

Ottawa, May 21, 1867. 441-3

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING STOVES!

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.
&c.,	&c.,

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.
Ottawa, May 24. 441y

M. WHITE,

(FROM QUEBEC,)

BEGS to announce to the Citizens of Ottawa that he has opened a branch of his

BOOT AND SHOE

Business at No. 41, Sparks-street, (opposite Magee & Russell's), and is prepared to supply those who may favor him with their patronage, from an assorted stock of superior quality, or manufacture to order.

His terms are CASH on delivery of the goods.

May 21, 1867. 440-4

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

☞ Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriott's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NETS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mx. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.
May 7. 428tf

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PRIOR TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.
Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.
Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-d

For Sale,

A COUPLE OF PURE ENGLISH FOX-HOUNDS, (imported breed), are well adapted for deer-hunting next Fall.

Apply by letter to

FORESTER,
440-3 Office of this paper.

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

☞ AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

Excursion to Grenville!

On Friday, the 24th Inst.,

BEING THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY,

THE STEAMER

QUEEN VICTORIA,

(CAPTAIN BOWIE,)

Will convey Passengers from

OTTAWA TO GRENVILLE

AND BACK

FOR ONE DOLLAR

Meals Extra.

Ottawa, May 22. 441td

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.
Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441y

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.
Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
WM. HEARN.
April 27. 420y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, May 10. 431y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, &c.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

The Wright House, Hull,

Hull Landing.

THOSE portions of the Wright House left standing by the fire which destroyed the main building, have been fitted up with a bar, which is supplied with choice liquors, and the usual requisites, and which, together with the fine gardens, will be open for the accommodation of visitors on the Queen's Birthday.

The Wright House is approachable by any of the ferries.

May 23. 442tf

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

☞ AMUSEMENTS TO-DAY.

BAZAAR.

THE LADIES OF THE BANK-ST. Church will hold A BAZAAR, to aid in the erection of a NEW CHURCH, on the

22nd, 23rd and 24th of May.

When the large and valuable collection of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, the BAND of the 100th Regiment will be in attendance on the evenings of the 22nd and 23rd.

The sale will be held in the Royal Victoria Hotel, kindly granted for the purpose by the proprietor.

LUNCH will be served each day from 12 to Admittance, 10 cents.

Ottawa, May 18. 438td

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies;
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
April 10. BROWNE & HARDY. 405tf

TRUNKS. TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS. HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.
May 8, 1867. 429-3m

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamising, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.
May 21. 440td

☞ *Citizen* and *Daily News* copy till date.

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS,
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS,
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,

—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. 442y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets, Hats,
Ribbons, Feathers,
Flowers, Bonnet Ornaments.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [**20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milton,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins.
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK.
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, March 12. 381y

LAST WEEK BUT ONE!!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

Great Clearing Cheap Sale,

Before removing to new premises, near the Cathedral, on the 1st of June.

AN UNUSUAL CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT GIVEN!!

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY!!!

GRANT & HENDERSON.
May 20, 1867. 439-y

100 DOZEN New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.
OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 6d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserve and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St
Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.
Ottawa, April 13. 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.
May 1. 423tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 386tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carilion with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4.45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal.........$6 00 each.
First class.........3 50
Second do.........2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON,.........J. B. ACOER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*,
Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*,
85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,.........Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD.........LEITCH.
ALLIANCE.........FINDLAY
OREGON.........HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD.........TOHER.
JASON GOULD.........OVERMAN.
PONTIAC.........DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE.........COUVRETTE.
CALUMET.........BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation until further notice, the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8.30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12.30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9.30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12.45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION
—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2 45 p.m.	" "	5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a m.	At Prescott	9.35 a m.
" "	1:30 p.m.	" "	4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at.........8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.........8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.........9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.........6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.........8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond.........2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.........3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

410-6

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA,

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Comercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT,
Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

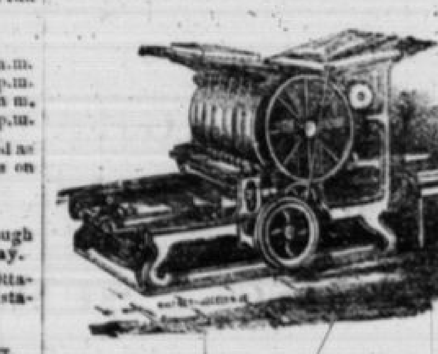
S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 12w

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL.

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand, Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 55 y

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & CO. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M.D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 28th, 1867 368d3w9

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL,

425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 18th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries;
Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings, Drysalteries,
Perfumery, Dye Goods,
Drugs, Colors,
Paints, Lozenges,
Glassware, Chemicals,
Medicine Chests, Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers Veterinary
Sundries. Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two or the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties; where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
404tf Provincial Secretary.

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-2t

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street

Ottawa December 7 314tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bardy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
12tf Asst. C. E. C.

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning; (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 444. OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY. MAY 27, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:
Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisement, first insertion per line,..................... 5c
All subsequent insertions, per line,............ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post-Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, office, over Mr. Luke Cumey's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, ... 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur.
Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully rented, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-160-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 19. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 1 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that he is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Ell. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Greer's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street
430-y

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 26-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
11 Sussex Street.
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS; I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 5-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,........ Liverpool,......... Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits........................ $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.................... 25.31
And each subsequent year.................... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassell, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies,
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best COD LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

WANTED, a situation by a young man who understands book-keeping thoroughly, both single and double entry. Address S., TIMES office. 427b

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For furthe particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

To Let on Sandy Hill.
A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE containing ten rooms, perfectly isolated and commanding a lovely view. Together with an acre of garden, planted in early vegetables, a stall stable, out-houses, and a spring of excellent water. The house has been newly papered and painted.
Apply to M. B.,
Office of this paper.
440-3

NEW STORE AND DWELLING TO LET.
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale.
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO.
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2, to 4 p. m. 417td

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETurning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices
Bread........................ 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.
A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.
May 17. 437d

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,
JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.
THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.
JOHN RITCHIE.
May 18. 438-6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Great Bargains for Cash only—Grant & Henderson.
American Invoices—Thomas Worthington.
Loyal Orange District Lodge—Thomas Sproule.
Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Company.
Shakspearian Readings—Mr. Taverner.
Notice—James Egleson.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 27, 1867.

The Hon. Messrs. MACDOUGALL and CHAPAIS arrived in town on Saturday.

Elsewhere we give an account of the very flattering and enthusiastic reception tendered to the Hon. Mr. CARTIER, on the occasion of his arrival in this city on Saturday evening.

We learn by private telegram that the Hon. T. D. McGEE will arrive here this evening by the boat at half-past six o'clock.

We cannot suppose for a moment that Mr. McGEE's countrymen, who make up such a large proportion of the population of the capital will allow the event to pass without tendering him a formal and enthusiastic reception. Indeed, we think that the corporation might very properly again take the initiative on behalf of the citizens of all nationalities, for Mr. McGEE has proved himself eminently *Canadian* in his sympathies, having during the last week of his stay in the capital given the benefit of his oratorical talent to the furtherance of the charitable objects of three of our most active benevolent societies, with what success let the members and friends of the same bear witness this evening, by joining in tendering him a cordial welcome on the occasion of his return. Though his Worship the Mayor has been more than usually exercised of late in the discharge of these Corporation courtesies, and though we cannot profess to have any authority to speak for his Worship on such matters, yet we venture to say that, if invited by the Council, as he ought to be, to extend to the MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE the welcome to the city on the occasion of his return from the discharge of his representative duties at the World's Exhibition at Paris, his Worship will not hesitate to comply with the request. We hope, therefore, that though the *time is short*, the action will be prompt, and that Mr. McGEE will meet with a reception from the citizens of Ottawa such as will assure him that he is returning to the midst of old and appreciative friends.

On Saturday, in an extra, we published the list of Senators representing the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec in the Canadian Senate. The names will be found elsewhere in this morning's issue. Doubtless the list will be subjected to a close scrutiny, but with respect of that portion relating to Ontario, with the names in which we are more particularly acquainted, we think that no one can fail to recognise the impartiality with which the selection has been made, both the political parties being equally represented therein, thus giving a practical contradiction of the most emphatic kind to the doctrine that the Coalition should end with the issue of her Majesty's proclamation.

The names of those who represent Upper Canada in the still existing, but soon to be extinguished, Legislative Council of the Province of Canada, and who are omitted from the Senate are the following, viz.: Messrs. ALEXANDER, BENNETT, BENSON, BOULTON, BULL, GOODHUE, READ, PERRY and VIDAL—total 9—of whom six are Conservatives and three Reformers. Opinions will of course differ as to the merits of some of those omitted in comparison with others who will have been appointed, but in a matter of such delicacy it was not to have been expected that every one's individual tastes could have been gratified, though we think upon the whole the country will be prepared to give Ministers credit for having fairly discharged a very responsible duty, with scrupulous regard to the equal representation of the two great parties who formed the Coalition in 1864.

With respect to Quebec, the members omitted from the Confederate Senate will no doubt be appointed to the Legislative Council of that Province; and we should fancy that in filling any future vacancies which may occur in the representation of Ontario, those who have at present necessarily been left out will have their claims fairly considered, except in cases where age or other reasons of a private character would render the honor an incumbrance.

Reports have been received at the Department from the Quinte Gold Mining Division, up to the 23rd inst. A great number who have recently visited the mines have gone away discouraged without doing anything in consequence of the long continued rains. One of the best specimens of gold that has yet been found was discovered on Lot 16 on the 11th Concession of Madoc. It was a quartz specimen and all the other gold yet found, except in the Richardson mine has been alluvial. It is believed that the real resources of the region will not be satisfactorily ascertained before the end of the summer. Very favorable indications are reported to have been discovered in the neighborhood of Lake Masseuenga. The mounted police work very well and the people of the district are highly pleased with them. Their barrack and stables will be completed in a week or ten days.

The land sales in the division during the quarter have amounted to between seventy and eighty thousand dollars. It is considered doubtful whether the license system will pay its expenses, the reason being that gold has hardly yet been found in paying quantities, and until it is the number of licenses to be taken out, will, as a matter of course, be very small. The more difficult process of mining in quartz can only be carried on by companies, owing to its great expense, and it is not to be expected that more than a few will be formed for the purpose. To make the license system pay, there should be at least ten thousand miners at work, and only a small fraction of this number are at present engaged in active operations.

THE SENATE.

[From our Saturday's Extra.]

Though the names of the gentlemen appointed by the Queen to represent Ontario and Quebec in the SENATE OF CANADA have not yet been officially promulgated in this country, we have reason to believe that the following is a correct list:

FOR ONTARIO.

* Hon. JOHN HAMILTON, Kingston.
* " R. MATHIESON, Perth.
* " JOHN ROSS, Toronto.
* " SAMUEL MILLS, Hamilton.
* " B. SEYMOUR, Port Hope.
* " W. H. DICKSON, Guelph.
Hon. ALEX. CAMPBELL, (Cataraqui Division), Kingston.
" A. J. FERGUSSON BLAIR, (Brock Division), Guelph.
" JAMES SHAW, (Bathurst Division), Smith's Falls.
" DAVID CHRISTIE, (Erie Division), Brantford.
" J. C. AIKENS, (Home Division), Peel.
" DAVID REESOR, (King's Division), Markham.
" ELIJAH LEONARD, (Malahide Division), London.
" WM. McMASTER, (Midland Division), Toronto.
" ASA A. BURNHAM, (Newcastle Division), Cobourg.
" J. SIMPSON, (Queen's Division), Bowmanville.
" JAMES SKEAD, (Rideau Division), Ottawa.
" D. L. MACPHERSON, (Saugeen Division), Toronto.
" GEORGE CRAWFORD, (St. Lawrence Division), Brockville.
" D. MACDONALD, (Tecumseth Division), Toronto.
" OLIVER BLAKE, (Thames Division), Norfolk.
" BILLA FLINT, (Trent Division), Belleville.
" WALTER McCRAE, (Western Division), Chatham.
" GEO. W. ALLAN, (York Division), Toronto.

FOR QUEBEC.

* Sir N. F. BELLEAU, Quebec.
* Hon. JAMES LESLIE, Montreal.
* " JAMES FERRIER, Montreal.
* " CHAS. WILSON, Montreal.
" J. F. ARMAND, (Alma Division).
" A. B. FOSTER, (Bedford Division).
" J. N. BOSSE, (De la Durantaye do).
" L. A. OLIVIER, (De Lanaudiere do).
" J. O. BUREAU, (De Lorimier do).
" LOUIS RENAUD, (De Salaberry do).
" L. LETELLIER DE ST. JUST, (Grandville do).
" ULRIC J. TESSIER, (Gulf do).
" J. HAMILTON, (Inkermann do).
" C. CORMIER, (Kennebec do).
" E. H. J. DUCHESNAY, Lawzon do).
" A. J. DUCHESNAY, (La Salle do).
" D. E. PRICE, (Laurentides do).
" L. DUMOUCHEL, (Mille Isles do).
" L. LACOSTE, (Montarville do).
" W. H. CHAFFERS, (Rougemont do).
" J. B. GUEVREMONT, (Saurel do).
" C. MALHIOT, (Shawinegan do).
" THOS. RYAN, (Victoria do).
" J. S. SANBORN, (Wellington do).

* Those marked with an asterisk are life members of the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada. The others are all elected members under the statute 19 and 20 Vic., ch. 140. For the information of our readers we name the divisions for which they formerly sat, and also give the residences of those appointed for Ontario.

GOLD IN MONTAGUE.

A correspondent writing from the Township of Montague, in the County of Lanark, says that his time not being otherwise occupied he spent it in exploring for minerals. He has had the good fortune to make a discovery of gold quartz, a specimen of which he showed to Mr. Montgomery of Mirrickville, who pronounced it a genuine sample, and expressed the belief that it might very likely be found in paying quantities. The sample was found on Sylvestor McCrae's farm, on the first concession of Montague. It is an old saying that "all is not gold that glitters," but for Mr. McCrae's sake we hope this discovery may turn out according to his expectations.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 25, 1867.

The Queen's birthday passed off exceedingly well. A great number of strangers were in town. The review, boat races, &c., gave general satisfaction.

The monster concert in the drill shed was a splendid success; not less than 7,000 persons being present. The orchestra was composed of the bands of the 13th Hussars and 17th Regiment.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 24, 1867.

Hon. Mr. McGee arrived here this morning and was received by a vast concourse of his constituents, citizens and friends. An address was presented to him by the Mayor, to which he replied in brief but eloquent terms.

The weather to-day has been most unpropitious; in consequence of which the review was countermanded.

Farmers are likely to suffer most seriously; the flat lands being almost drowned out; no sowing can be done till the beginning of June.

Members of the Commercial Exchange have passed a resolution in favor of taking duty temporarily off Indian corn meal, to reduce the present high price of bread.

Second Despatch.

MONTREAL, May 25, 1867.

Weather rather unfavorable yesterday. Volunteers turned out and were reviewed by Gen. Russell. The Grand Trunk Corps attracted particular attention.

A young man well connected and living in this city, has recently become insane, and yesterday attempted to murder his aunt, whom he supposes to be doing him some great wrong. He was arrested and sent to the Lunatic Asylum to-day.

FROM WHITBY.

WHITBY, May 25, 1867.

Five emigrants (Germans) were killed by accident on the Grand Trunk Railroad yesterday, and thirty others injured. The evidence before the inquest showed that the switchman, though long in the company's employ, and considered a sober, reliable man, had caused the accident by gross neglect of duty.

THE MUTUAL BUILDING SOCIETY.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the Mutual Building Society advertise the second meeting, and call of stock to take place on 6th June, when the first monies of the society will be offered for loan. The society now numbers over 400 shares, represents a capital of over $80,000, and offers great inducements to parties about to build. For particulars call and see the secretary.

Arrival of the Hon. G. E. Cartier.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

The Hon. Geo. E. Cartier arrived on Saturday afternoon by the regular train, and notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, met with a most enthusiastic reception, from a very large concourse of people.

When the train drew up at the station the band of the 100th Regiment played *La Claire Fontaine*, his Worship the Mayor stepped upon the platform, and welcomed the hon. gentleman on his return. On coming off the car accompanied by the Mayor, the President and vice-President of the *St. Jean Baptiste* Society, and others, Mr. Cartier was greeted with enthusiastic cheers. Proceeding to the platform of the railway station, the Mayor read the following address (for a copy of which we are indebted to the courtesy of his Worship):

To the Hon. George E. Cartier, her Majesty's Attorney-General for Lower Canada:

SIR,—The Corporation of the City of Ottawa desire to offer you a hearty welcome on your return to the city after so long an absence, and to congratulate you on the success which has attended the untiring efforts of yourself and colleagues in promoting the Confederation of the British North American Provinces, which will place this city in the proud position of the capital of the new Dominion, and has not failed to produce among the inhabitants thereof, that feeling of respect which is due to those who have so ably and efficiently accomplished such an important undertaking. This Corporation would also congratulate you on the cordial reception accorded you throughout Lower Canada, which is justly appreciated by the citizens of Ottawa, and they hail your arrival among them as a friend of union, a promoter of loyalty, and a true representative of national and religious tolerance.

R. LYON, Mayor.

Ottawa, May 25, 1867.

The reading of the address was followed with another round of applause.

An address was then presented on behalf of the St. Jean Baptiste Society.

Hon. GEO. E. CARTIER addressed the people first in French, and then in English. Fresh cheers greeted him on stepping to the front of the platform. Mr. Cartier spoke to the following effect, though in the rain it was impossible to follow him closely: Mr. Mayor and President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society: I hardly knew how to express my thanks for the very cordial reception you have given me. If any city will receive an increase of prosperity by the confederation of the Provinces, it was the City of Ottawa. (Cheers.) Confederation would not merely accomplish the Union of Canada and the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, but that measure also had in contemplation the bringing into the Union of the great North West, the Hudson's Bay territory and the British Colonies on the Pacific, thus extending the Dominion of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean. No city would therefore benefit more than this. All the trade from the Atlantic to the Pacific, must pass your city through the noble channel of the Ottawa, and so must the trade from the Pacific to the Atlantic. (Cheers.) This city is therefore only yet in the beginning of its prosperity. (Renewed Cheers.) Addressing himself particularly to the members of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, Mr. Cartier said in effect: You say that though separated by Confederation from your countrymen of Lower Canada you shall still be glad to recognise the efforts of every Lower Canadian patriot. But remember that there are French Canadians inhabiting Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, who have not heretofore had the advantage of intimate communication with their fellow-countrymen of Lower Canada as you had, who will now be brought into association with them under the Confederate Government. He was very glad to learn from them that they represented a flourishing community in Ottawa, and he had seen with pleasure that they carried out the motto of the Montreal Society—always to be on good terms with their neighbors, no matter what their religion or their nationality. They should all remember that they were but so many branches of the same national tree; between them there should be no enmity, but laudable emulation as to who could do the greatest good for their common country. It was the duty of the French Canadians so to exert themselves that they might not be behind those of any other nationality. They should regard themselves as brothers, each vieing with the other as to who should best discharge their duty by the country. He regretted the lateness of the hour, otherwise he would have spoken at greater length. At present he would only thank them for their very great kindness. He concluded by most sincerely thanking the company and expressing his best wishes for their individual happiness. (Cheers.)

The procession then moved off headed by the Rideau and Ottawa Fire Companies and the band of the "Queen." Mr. Cartier went into a carriage in company with his Worship the Mayor, G. E. Desbarats, Esq., the President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society and Mr. Currier, M. P. P., for the city. This carriage was drawn by Mr. Buckley's four bays—and followed by a great number of vehicles and a very large crowd on foot.

On the starting of the *cortege* the bells of the Cathedral pealed forth a merry chime. On arriving at the Nunnery the pupils appeared on the balcony tastefully dressed in blue and waving white handkerchiefs. The *cortege* stopped for a few minutes, Mr. Cartier dismounted and received a boquet from three of the younger of the pupils dressed in white. Another cheer was given and the procession again moved forward to Mr. Cartier's residence on Victoria Terrace, where Mr. Cartier again briefly addressed the people thanking them for their kind reception.

Mr. Cartier, we should have said, is looking exceedingly well, though he spoke evidently under the effects of a severe cold.

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH.—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at $2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of $240,000,000, a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Minister and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months does it take any figures to show the good *economy* of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for this Ague cure to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold is it prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

DEATH OF LORD LLANOVER.—Lord Llanover, better known to the public as Sir Benjamin Hall, died on the 28th in London. He was 65 years of age, and his death was caused by cancer in the cheek. Lord Llanover, as Sir Benjamin Hall, was for many years M. P. for the metropolitan borough of Marylebone. He was an advanced Liberal, and respected by all parties for his honesty. He was a Cabinet Minister from 1855 to 1858, and at the time of his death was a member of the Privy Council. He was in the best sense of the word a Reformer, and a warm friend to the United States.

—A gentleman who lives in a quiet town near Milwaukee, was invited to bring his wife to the city and spend the holidays. He said he would be glad to do so, but his wife was expecting a new bonnet from New York, and if it did not come she would not show herself in fashionable society. On Monday the Milwaukee gentleman received the following note: "My wife has got the bonnet! It came by express. This is an episode. You ought to see it. It looks like a nigger minstrel's breast-pin, or an enormous jet finger ring, cut so as to have the setting fit around the ears. You may expect us."

Queen's Birthday Celebration.

The Forty-eighth Anniversary of her Majesty's Birthday was celebrated with more than usual *eclat* by the citizens of Ottawa, the attractions of the day having been much enhanced by the presence of the Victoria Rifles of Montreal, and the Montreal twelve La Crosse players and their friends. At early morn the day promised fine, but towards noon the wind became breezy and the heavy clouds threatened rain. About eleven a.m., a slight shower interspersed with gleams of sunshine indicated the doubts with which the clerk of the weather was beset, as to whether he should spoil the fun or disperse the threatening clouds. A stiff cool breeze helped him to the last named course, and before the military display was over the weather had become fine, and the afternoon, with a refreshing wind and a bright sun, realised fully the idea expressed in the term "Queen's weather."

Arrival of the Victoria Rifles.

At four o'clock, a. m., the bugle sounded to summon to arms the guard of honor detailed for the reception of the Victoria Rifles. Assembled on the parade ground, they marched thence to the steamboat landing. At 5:30 the steamer *Queen Victoria* drew up at her wharf, and the Victoria Rifles, to the number of 173, Major Hutton commanding, were duly welcomed by their brethren in arms; Capt. Wily and Major Ross, being present to see that every courtesy was extended to them. Accompanied by their full band, (which by the way contributed not a little to the musical part of the day's proceedings,) the Victorias marched to the drill shed where they stacked their arms, and were then escorted to the Russell House. At seven, a. m., they breakfasted in the new Dining Hall of the Russell, the repast having been prepared by Mr. Gouin in his best style. Breakfast over, his Worship the Mayor, R. Lyon, Esq., addressed them in a brief speech of welcome, which was most heartily received by the company, and responded to on behalf of the Victoria Rifles in a very happy manner by Major Hutton. Leaving our military visitors to themselves for a time we proceed to recount the proceedings under the civic programme:

Athletic Games on Major's Hill.

At nine o'clock, the athletic games of the boys commenced on Major's Hill, under the superintendence of Mr. Lett, aided by Ald. Featherston. A large number of spectators were present and were greatly amused and interested in the feats of the contestants. The following are the results:

RACE 1ST.—John Loverin, 1st $1.00; M. Starrs, 2nd 50c.

TWO HUNDRED YARDS RACE 2ND.—John Rowner, 1st; Pierre Larivière, 2nd.

HUNDRED YARDS RACE 3RD.—Jas. McLachlin, 1st; J. Brown, 2nd.

RACE 4TH.—LEGS TIED TOGETHER.—Benj. Carleton, Thos. Dunn, 1st; John Shatton, G. Preston, 2nd.

STANDING HIGH LEAP.—J. Rowan, 1st; J. McLachlin, 2nd.

RACE 4TH—500 YARDS.—James McLachlin, 1st; J. Fitzhenry, 2nd.

THREE STANDING JUMPS.—Chas. Houghton, 2nd; J. McGuire, 1st.

Firemen.

By half-past nine the Centrals arrived at their post at the City Hall. At ten o'clock the Chaudiere Company arrived headed by their band and the engine decorated with several flags. The Police under their Chief, shewed themselves in their new uniform and made a good appearance. Next arrived the Lower Town Hook and Ladder Company, but without their apparatus, there not having been time to finish the painting. Next came the Ottawa Company, headed by a flag and their band, and the engine being drawn by four bay horses.

After these came the Queen Company with their engine and headed by their band. They were immediately followed by the Rideau Company with their engine. After some unavoidable delay the several companies were drawn up in front of the City Hall. Most of the members of the Corporation were assembled on the platform, and at eleven o'clock, preceded by his Worship the Mayor, inspected the whole Fire Brigade. Afterwards the Mayor addressed them in complimentary terms as to their beautiful uniform and the condition of their engines and apparatus. His Worship also pronounced a well merited panegyric upon the character of the Fire Brigade of Ottawa. He said he had been in some cities where it very often happened that the firemen were last upon the ground, but such was not the case here; on the contrary the firemen were found at their post wherever and whenever their services were required, and they discharged their duty nobly. In the most disinterested manner they sacrificed their rest, and at the dead hour of night went to the rescue of life and property regardless of themselves. Nor was it show and parade in fine uniform before the public that prompted them to their work, but a noble self-devotion to the best interests of their fellow-citizens. Ald. Martineau made a short and pithy speech in the French language, and ended by a pun which provoked a burst of merriment and cheers from all who understood the language. Three cheers were then given for the Queen, three for the firemen, and three for the Mayor. The Brigade was then dismissed, just in time for the military display.

Military Parade and Review.

At a little after eleven, a.m., the Civil Service Regiment assembled on the parade ground in front of the Parliament Buildings. Soon afterwards, the 100th Regiment arrived and took up their position, forming the right wing; in a few minutes, the other corps came up and when the three sides of the square were formed, their relative positions were: Right Wing, 100th; front from the right, Garrison Battery (with No. 3 from Gloucester), Civil Service Regiment, Ottawa Provisional Battalion of Rifles, and Cadets; left, Victoria Rifles, of Montreal, in heavy marching order.

The Ottawa Field Battery, which was to have been on the right, was, for convenience, placed on Major's Hill.

The whole array presented an appearance of a very imposing character. There was no hitch in the arrangement; no delay; no accident; but at the moment appointed, (12 o'clock,) the first gun was fired, and all followed with exact precision. All the bells rang out, the second gun, and so on; and the *feu de joie* had been fired by about five minutes after twelve. As soon as the firing ceased, the Field Battery appeared on the ground, and took up its position on the right. The Brigade then broke into open column, and marched past the reviewing officer, Col. McDougall, Adjutant-General of Canada, who received the salute. The several corps then marched off the ground to their respective quarters.

Every available foot of standing ground was occupied by people of all ranks and conditions in their holiday attire; many of whom had come from great distances to witness the way in which the day is honored in Ottawa, and we heard from several strangers expressions of intense satisfaction at the loyalty displayed in the day's proceedings.

Flags floated from almost every public house, most of the stores, and from many private residences, and all seemed to vie with each other in doing honor to the birthday of our gracious Queen.

The Officers' Luncheon.

The officers lunched at the Club, at two o'clock, p.m. About forty sat down at the table. The "spread" provided by Mr. Kennedy was magnificent, reflecting very much credit on his management. Lieut.-Col. Wily occupied the chair, and Lieut.-Col. Bernard the vice-chair. Among the guests were the Hon. John A. Macdonald, Hon. A. Campbell, and Col. McDougall. Major Hutton replied to the toast of the Victoria Rifles. The band of the Victorias played during luncheon.

The Non-commissioned Officers' Dinner.

After parade the non-commissioned officers of the Victoria Rifles were entertained by their brethren in arms, the non-commissioned officers of the Civil Service Regiment. Over sixty sat down to a sumptuous luncheon spread by Mr. Kavanagh, of "the Queen Restaurant," in an upper room belonging to the Board of Works Department. The room was tastefully ornamented with flags, and opposite the entrance was the Motto: "Welcome to the Victorias." The chair was occupied by Serjeant-Major Sherwood, and the vice chair by Quartermaster Badgley. The chairman, was happy in proposing the various toasts, beginning with "her Majesty the Queen," which was drank most enthusiastically, and with all the honors. The toast "his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, the patron of volunteers," was also duly honored. Serjeant Lambkin responded to "the army and navy, and volunteers," remarking that he had joined the British army before he was fifteen years of age, and never yet regretted having done so. He had seen service many years with the noble British army—had his ups and downs and hardships, but after all he believed there was no better, nobler or more pleasant life in the world than that of a soldier who did his duty. He had now been seven years drill instructor of volunteers, and had found it a pleasure to be associated with them. He referred to our cousins across the line of 45, who were so jealous of the prosperity of Canada. He hoped to see a standing army here before many years, that Canada might be enabled to take care of herself.

The chair next proposed the health of that crack corps, "the Victoria Rifles."

Serjeant-Major Allan responded in a few well delivered remarks, thanking the Civil Service regiment for the attention shown them. It was the first time many of the Victorias had seen the new capital of Canada. They were delighted with the city, and highly gratified with the reception, which would never be forgotten. He hoped that this time next year the Civil Service regiment would return the compliment and visit Montreal. He was certain that they would be ready to go hand in hand for the defence of the country, and he hoped should they ever be called out they would be able to show a front worthier of a better foe than Fenians. He proposed the health of the Civil Service regiment. Serjeant Major Sherwood replied. The Civil Service were proud of the visit, and hoped it would not be the last. He would be happy to meet the Victorias in Montreal next year. Serjeant Taylor, Victoria Rifles, proposed a toast to the memory of the fallen at Ridgeway; drank in silence. The press was duly honored, and responded to. Corporal Murphy replied to "the ladies," God bless them. The company then dispersed.

The Game of La Crosse.

At three o'clock, p.m., several thousands of people assembled in the large fields opposite the Protestant Hospital, to witness the friendly match between the Montreal twelve and the Ottawa twelve. The Queen Band was in attendance and played at intervals. The game was looked forward to with a great deal of interest from the time it was first made public, and on the Queen's Birthday it became the chief attraction after the reviews. The umpires chosen, were for Ottawa, Mr. Baker, and Mr. Smith of Cornwall. For Montreal Mr. Becket and Mr. Craig. The goals were pitched at 200 yards distance, and the play commenced with determined spirit on the part of Ottawa and cool skill by Montreal. The game soon became very exciting, as well to the spectators as to the players. The first game was well contested on both sides, but was eventually won by Ottawa. The second was begun and proceeded with great uncertainty, but it was clearly manifest that the Ottawa players cheered by winning the first game, had made up their minds to win this also if indomitable pluck could accomplish it, and they succeeded. The third game was, perhaps, as well contested a one as was ever played. At any rate we have heard that the Montreal players have declared that they never played so hard a game before, and have no desire to do so again. It was prosecuted and defended by both parties with great vigor, for one hour and twenty minutes, during which time there was not a moment's pause for any of the players, nor a lull in the intense interest manifested by the spectators, who now numbered little if any less than five thousand. The pluck of the Ottawa men yielded to the skill of those of Montreal who won the third game, when the vast assembly present cheered just as earnestly as if it had been won by Ottawa. The fourth game was also won by Montreal. The fifth and last, which was to decide the day, was of absorbing interest, both parties were now evidently tired. There was in some of the players an appearance of flagging. The skill of the Montreal players was still manifest, though it was pretty clear that if their skill did not soon win, they would lack the physical energy to sustain it; but they did soon win. The ball was passed through the goal, and Montreal declared victorious. We are not aware that any complaints have been made of unfair play, nor do we know of any cause of complaint. Ottawa was victorious over Montreal at Cornwall, with seven a side, and it was with the same number that Ottawa desired to play this match, because it is more difficult to find twelve first class-players in a small place like Ottawa, than in a large place like Montreal. The Montrealers refused, as they had an undoubted right to do, to play with a less number than twelve a side, and herein their judgment was equal to their skill in the field.

Canoe Races.

At 5 o'clock, p.m., the Sappers' Bridge and the banks of the Canal were crowded with anxious spectators to watch the canoe races. On the arrival of the winning canoes, a great cheering greeted the victors. Favereau's Band was in attendance and played during the time of the races.

The names and prizes of the winners are as follows:—Log Canoes—Isidore Champagne 1st, $12; Campbell McNab 2nd, $6. Bark Canoes—Samuel Bingham 1st, $12; T. Coffin 2nd, $6.

The Excursion to Grenville.

The unpropitious state of the weather and the large programme of amusements provided for the citizens, very much reduced the number of the *Queen Victoria's* excursionists this year.

At some of the stopping places flags were floating gaily in the breeze. Any one wishing to see the effects of the present high water, had an excellent opportunity of doing so; a good deal of land is inundated, and every now and then log-houses and shanties were even half submerged, and of course deserted. The water was also on a level with the various wharves.

The almost continuous drizzling rain precluded the possibility of a promenade on deck, and nothing of interest occurred on the way down. On the return trip there were fewer passengers; and, indeed, it is only surprising that people had the courage to leave their homes at all, so fickle and disagreeable has been the weather of late.

Departure of the Victoria Rifles.

In the evening, at eight o'clock, the Victoria Rifles, escorted by the Civil Service guard of honor, marched down to the steamboat, where Major Hutton delivered a short speech, returning thanks for the hospitality extended to the Victorias, and said it would not soon be forgotten.

The Dinner to the Montreal La Crosse Club.

At eight o'clock, p.m., between eighty and ninety of the La Crosse players and their friends met at St. Patrick's Hall, and sat down to enjoy themselves, in a right regal manner, after the exciting work of the day. The chair was occupied by Mr. Edward Cluff; on his right, Mr. Hughes, Captain of the Montreal Twelve; vice-chair, Mr. E. K. MacGillivray. The table was spread with that profusion of choice viands for which Mrs. Proderick has an acknowledged fame. Ample justice having been done to the substantials, and not wishing to be facetious we may here remark that there are other games at the playing of which our La Crosse friends can do justice, as well as that played on Sandy-hill.

Dinner over, the chairman proposed the first toast—"The Queen." Anthem, God Save the Queen. Then followed in rapid succession "The Administrator of the Government," "The Dominion of Canada," "The Army, Navy and Volunteers." This last toast was responded to by Lieut. Bears, of the Victoria Rifles. Song, Mr. Garvey, "Annie's Grave." The vice-chair then gave "Our Guests," which was received with loud and prolonged cheers. Capt. Hughes, of the Montrealers, responded. The vice-chair next gave the toast of "La Crosse—may it become our national game." Song and Chorus, *En Roulant ma Boule*. The toasts of "The Press" and "The Ladies" were also duly honored. Volunteer toasts were given in rapid succession, and amongst the latter was that of "The Commercial Emporium of Canada," and "The Merchant Princes of Montreal," proposed by P. A. Egleson, Esq., and received with cheers by the Montrealers. The evening was spent in a happy and social manner, with song, speech and toast, until eleven o'clock, when the party joined in singing "Auld Lang Syne," and separated, hoping ere long to meet again on the green sward, to renew the battle of La Crosse.

An Episode.

After the La Crosse dinner, as the players were returning home about eleven o'clock, some one in exuberant spirits began to sing "jolly dogs," in which his fellows naturally joined. A guardian of the peace, in a blue coat and brass buttons, very foolishly, we think, interfered with the young men, who were not otherwise engaged in breaking the peace, and we understand that half a dozen more or less have been summoned before the Police Magistrate to answer to the charge to-morrow. We do not of course wish to encourage street singing at any time and especially at a late hour at night, but we think in this particular instance, if no other riotous proceeding was being indulged in, the interference of the policeman was quite unwarranted. However, the case must now be tried on its merits, and we wish to say nothing to prejudge it.

Supper of the Chaudiere Company.

In the evening, the members of the Chaudiere Company, with a number of invited guests, sat down to a capital spread, in their hall. Capt. F. Link occupied the chair; on his right, Chief Engineer Langford, Alderman F. Abbott and Alex. Workman, Esq.; on his left, Edward McGillivray, Esq., and David Scott, Esq.

The men enjoyed themselves with song and toast; amongst which the first was "The Queen." During the evening, the Captain presented to Chief Engineer Langford a beautiful Malacca cane, with a massive ivory head, and heavily silver mounted, accompanying it with a suitable address, which was responded to by the Chief in an able speech. The evening's entertainment was rendered highly interesting by the presence of the capital band of the company, under the leadership of Mr. Sutherland. The men enjoyed themselves heartily and rationally until 12 o'clock, when at their Captain's suggestion, they joined in singing "God Save the Queen," and retired to their respective homes.

The Theatre.

This institution received its full share of patronage. The new and beautiful scenery and other ornamentations were seen to the best advantage, and was greatly admired. The readings in Othello by Mr. Taverner were in several passages quite original, and threw new light upon the character. Mr. Taverner has evidently studied the great Bard for himself, and the logical analysis which he teaches is correctly applied in his own reading. His voice is not equal to tragedy on the stage of a large theatre, but in everything else he is as near perfection as we have ever heard. We should have had pleasure in expressing our opinion on the whole performance, did space permit.

The Grand Military and Civic Ball.

This affair came off according to announcement, but owing to the many other sources of amusement during the day and social reunions during the evening, together with the attractions of the fine reading of Mr. Taverner in Othello at the theatre, the ball at the rink was not by any means as numerously attended as no doubt would otherwise have been the case. The rink is, however, well adapted to the purpose of a ball-room, and under the able management will no doubt succeed in the future.

PRESENTATION OF AN ADDRESS AND MEDAL TO JAMES EGLESON, ESQ.

About 9 o'clock, a.m., the members of the Queen Company proceeded to the residence of Mr. Egleson, and presented the following

ADDRESS.

To James Egleson, Esq.:

SIR,—Your fellow members of the Queen Fire Company, long and deeply impressed with a grateful sense of your many valuable services to their organisation, have chosen this the anniversary of her Gracious Majesty's Birthday as a fitting occasion to give expression to their sincere admiration of your character.

We cannot, nor do we desire to forget that in you the Queen Fire Company owes its existence, that by your means our engine was built, and by your exertions our company was organised.

We all cherish a lively and grateful recollection of your many acts of magnanimous generosity in furnishing the means of keeping the company in a flourishing condition, both with your pecuniary aid and by your personal services. Such disinterested conduct on your part has made us all proud to call you our friend, and as a very slight and inadequate token of that friendship, we ask your acceptance of this gold medal, which is accompanied with our best wishes that you may continue prosperous and happy in all your relationships through life, and that your career of usefulness begun early in life may be continued for very many years, producing its legitimate reward and happiness.

Signed on behalf of the company at Ottawa, this forty-eighth anniversary of the birthday of our most Gracious Sovereign Queen Victoria.

PAUL FAVEREAU, Captain.
L. N. BERICHON, Secretary.

REPLY.

It is with mingled feelings of surprise and pleasure that I meet with you in *this* happy way, *this* morning, the anniversary of the birth day of our most gracious sovereign.

Surprised to be made the recipient of such a very valuable testimonial, and pleased to see and to know that my little labors and exertions in building the Queen Fire Engine (of my private means) and organising and equipping the Queen Fire Company, has been so much appreciated by you, the members of the company.

Gentlemen, I accept of your kind offering of friendship, and shall wear it as such, and express the hope that these mutual feelings of good will and harmony which has heretofore existed may continue, and always characterize the actions of your company, *the* Queen Company of Ottawa, and remain between us.

JAMES EGLESON, Manager.

Ottawa, May 24, 1867.

After a pleasant time being spent in the interchange of friendly sentiments, the company left for the parade.

THE BRUCE REGISTRY OFFICE.

The somewhat celebrated case of the Bruce office was decided yesterday, by the Court of Queen's Bench. Mr. Hammond, the late Registrar, it will be recollected, was dismissed by Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's Administration, on a ground which undoubtedly afforded a pretext; but, as now appears, not a justification for doing so. The action was for a certain portion of the fees supposed or known to have accrued, since the appointment of Mr. McClay, at the time the action was commenced. But though the action took this shape, the decision settles the whole question as to who is the legal Registrar. Since the dismissal of Mr. Hammond, now proved to have been illegal, all the registries have been illegal. We do not approve of the act which caused Mr. Hammond's dismissal; but the case was one for reprimand rather than dismissal. He might fairly have been remonstrated with; but his dismissal was a punishment which, besides being disproportioned to the offence, was an illegal exercise of executive power. Mr. Hammond will, of course, resume his duties as Registrar, and Mr. McClay will have to "fork over" the fees he has illegally received. For the rest, special legislation will be required to give legal validity to all the acts of registration since Mr. McClay was appointed.—*Toronto Leader.*

THE BOAT RACE ON SATURDAY.

According to announcement this event duly came off last Saturday afternoon.

Shortly before four o'clock the *Ariadne* was seen making her way across the river to the starting point. Her crew were dressed in boating uniform, having flannel trowsers with blue seams, flannel shirts trimmed with blue, and straw hats with blue and white ribbons. The *Sunbeam* came up shortly after, carrying her red, white and blue flag, but undistinguished otherwise.

A large number of ladies and gentlemen were present, and countless pairs of gloves were won and lost upon the race. To judge from the number of blue and white rosettes worn by the spectators, the partisans of the *Ariadne* largely predominated.

The wind blew very heavily and occasional showers of rain fell. Considering the disadvantages of the day the time made was good. The capabilities of both boats being unknown many bets were not made. The general opinion seemed to be that in so heavy a wind strength and weight would tell, and that, therefore, the *Sunbeam* would be sure to win, although many of the knowing ones considered the better condition of the other crew would overbalance this advantage.

About 4:30 the boats were started by R. Haycock, Esq., who acted as umpire. The *Sunbeam* immediately took the lead and kept gradually drawing ahead to the buoy below Brigham's Creek, which she rounded about 80 yards in advance. Here the *Ariadne* having the advantage of a coxswain, and being able to turn in a much smaller space, almost closed the gap. From this to the winning point was a dead heavy pull against wind and stream, and as was expected the superior strength of the *Sunbeam's* crew enabled them to keep the advantage already gained. The men in the *Ariadne* pulled skilfully and pluckily, but they could not regain what they had lost, and the *Sunbeam* came in a winner by several boat lengths, not having been able, however, to gain an inch from the lower buoy.

It appeared to us as if the crew of the *Ariadne* were rowing within themselves going down, reserving their efforts for the pull home. This was certainly a mistake, and probably cost them the race, as if they had pushed their opponents to the lower buoy they would have headed them there, and we doubt if the others could afterwards have deprived them of the lead. The boisterous weather was entirely in favor of the heavier crew, and considering the closeness of the struggle we are inclined to think that, should it be repeated on a calmer day, the verdict might be reversed. Try it again, say we. We would suggest that little races of this kind might easily be arranged for every Saturday during the season, the winners on each occasion being obliged to compete with any other amateur crew that might challenge them for the succeeding Saturday.

A CASE OF BAIL.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—In Friday's *Citizen* a letter appears headed "justice frustrated," which is in as bad taste as any communication to a public newspaper could well be.

The first paragraph stating the amount of bail to be $200, is simply untrue. It was $800, that is two bondsmen in $200 each, and Miller in $400. It is also untrue that the amount for which he was held was $1200. It was but $60.

The reflections cast upon our worthy county judge, in the second paragraph, will, no doubt, be properly appreciated by that gentleman, but he can comfort himself with the idea that although a "Lover of Justice" may entertain doubts as to his probity, the community over which he has presided for the last thirty years will not endorse any such malicious stabs in the back.

The third paragraph prejudges the case. It has always been a principle of British justice to consider a man innocent until proved guilty, but this anonymous scribbler reverses the axiom, and months before the day fixed for trial so far forgets all feelings of decency as to endeavor to excite the community against an unconvicted man, for the simple reason that our laws provide a method of dispensing with the necessity of confining accused persons to close prison for months before they can be tried.

If a "Lover of Justice" took the same trouble to mend the holes in his own coat that he does to make them in his neighbors, it would be better for him; and if he devoted the time consumed in writing indignant letters to the public press on matters which don't concern him to reading his Bible, he would learn from the simple truths therein contained to be more lenient to his fellow men. There are, however, a class of men in every community who come well under St. Matthew's description of the Pharisees, "who bind heavy burdens and grievous to be borne and lay them on men's shoulders; but they themselves will not move them with one of their fingers. But all their works they do to be seen of men; they make broad their phylacteries and enlarge the borders of their garments."

Let me commend to a "Lover of Justice" the attentive and careful study of St. Paul's language: "Brethren, if a man be overtaken in a fault, ye which are spiritual, restore such an one in the spirit of meekness, considering thyself, lest thou also be tempted;" or the simple rebuke of our Saviour, "He that is without sin, let him be the first to cast a stone."

Yours sincerely,
A LOVER OF DECENCY.

[We believe our correspondent would have fully vindicated the action of the Judge in accepting the bail named ($800) as ample, considering the small amount ($60) for which the prisoner is held, without invoking special considerations of Christian forgiveness on his behalf.]

MR. TAVERNER'S READINGS.—By reference to the advertisement, it will be seen that this gentleman reads again this evening from Shakespeare, Dickens, Ingoldsby, and Tennyson. The readings are to take place in Webster's Hall.

Incendiarism.

NEW YORK, May 24.—A fire occurred last evening on the premises, No. 50 Harrison-st., occupied by Dempsey & Horton as a cotton warehouse. Loss $30,000. Undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

A ROMAN CATHOLIC JUDGE ON KING WILLIAM III.—At the Tyrone Assizes, Ireland, an action for libel was brought against the *Northern Whig* newspaper. The libel grew out of an election for the historic city of Derry. Judge Keogh, a Roman Catholic, presided, and in charging the jury, he used the following language:—"Mr. M'Causland, in his address, has referred to the city of Derry as one famous for historic deeds in days gone by. I, said the Judge, agree with Mr. M'Causland that the deeds done in Derry did materially conduce to secure civil and religious liberty in this land; and I have a high appreciation of the monarch in whose reign these events occurred, and whom Edmund Burke admirably described as "our glorious deliverer and an enemy of persecution,"—and those who think he was other than this know not a thing of his character. In his reign was fully secured the liberty of the subject, trial by jury, and from him we derive the invaluable right of the liberty of the press. We are parting with many things now-a-days,—whether for better or worse I will not say; but the time may come when we will have no other safeguard than that which is centred in a free press."

OUR FORTIFICATIONS.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way, we think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected, "one ounce of prevention is worth one pound of cure"; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises frost-bites chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cts. per bottle.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

The North Schleswig Question.

BERLIN, May 25.—The Government of Prussia and that of Denmark, are negotiating for the settlement of the North Schleswig question.

Burke, the Fenian, to be Hanged.

LONDON, May 25.—Earl Derby officially says that the Fenian Burke, whose sentence of death was recently commuted to imprisonment for life will surely be hanged.

Royal Visitors to Paris.

PARIS, May 25.—The Czar of Russia, King William of Prussia, the Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, and the Sultan of Turkey will be here in about two weeks.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The *Post* says loans are easy at 5 per cent. with exceptional transactions at 4 to 6 per cent. Commercial paper quiet, choice passes at 6½ to 7 per cent. Stocks without animation. Governments steady and active. Railroad shares irregular and not very active. Foreign exchange closed quiet. The export of specie to-day was $838,211. Stocks at second board active and lower. Gold 37¼.

Prize Fight Near St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 25.—A prize fight between Patsey Shepherd and Con Headon took place this morning on the Illinois side of the river. The fight lasted one hour and forty minutes, and was won by Shepherd. Only three rounds were fought, the first one lasting forty-eight minutes, and is the longest on record.

Australian News.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Australian advices, dated Sidney, April 1st, and Wellington, 8th of April, have been received. Clark's gang of outlaws were still at large, committing depredations. The wine vintage was larger than ever known before. Parliament was to meet early in June, and a stormy session was expected. The celebrated railway case, Bruce *vs.* the Queen, has been settled by the Government paying £107,500 in full of all demand for railway contracts. There has been an increase in the gold yield thus far this year, compared with that of last year. Over thirty thousand tons of breadstuffs have been sent to England, and one hundred five thousand tons more are available for shipment. The new settlement of Townville, in Queensland, has been nearly destroyed by a hurricane.

News by the "Herman."

NEW YORK, May 25.—The steamship *Herman* from Southampton, May 4, has arrived.

Marquis Moustier in announcing signature of the Luxemburg treaty said, the treaty fully accords with the views of the French government; it does away with that state of things established against us in evil times, and which had been maintained for fifty years. It gives to our Northern frontier the guarantee of another neutralised state, and it secures to the grand duke complete independence.

There have been terrific thunder and hail storms in London.

A Fenian riot occurred in Killarney. Thirteen policemen were mobbed and several seriously hurt by stones. The police received reinforcements of military and subdued the demonstration.

The French crops are highly satisfactory, and Paris and Provincial corn markets were declining.

Persiana the famous singer is dead.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 24.—Consols 93¼; 5-20's 72; I. C. 76; Erie 40. Weekly return of the Bank of England shows an increase in bullion of £418,000.

The Fenian Trials.

LONDON, May 25—Noon.—Despatches have been received from Cork, which state that McElwayne and the other Fenians, who have been on trial in that city, have been convicted and sentenced to be hanged. O'Brien will be next placed on trial.

Arrivals Out.

BREST, May 25.—The steamer *William Penn*, from New York, 11th, arrived yesterday.

GLASGOW, May 24.—The steamships *United Kingdom*, New York, 1st, *Iowa*, New York, 4th instant, have arrived here.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Queen's Birthday in New York.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The English shipping is dressed in colors, and a salute was fired in honor of Queen Victoria's birthday.

Financial.

Wall-street is duller than usual, and bear speculation is in the ascendant. Governments are active. Railroad shares lower and languid. Foreign Exchange steady.

The *Post's* special says: Additional advices from Liverpool to our Government show that it is not secured to the amount of a dollar from the consequences of the failure of Frazer, Trenholm & Co.

A Brutal Murderer.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., May 23.—Simeon Peck, of Griswold, on Wednesday murdered a woman named Alvea Conroy, who was living in his house, by striking her on the head with a club. He then assaulted his wife, pounding and beating her with the club until she fell senseless. He has been arrested.

President Johnson's visit to Boston.

BOSTON, May 23.—The Common Council passed an order authorizing the Mayor to extend the hospitalities of the city to President Johnson, on the occasion of his contemplated visit to this city.

Ecclesiastics Going to Rome—Presents for the Pope.

NEW YORK, May 24.—A number of Catholic ecclesiastics departed yesterday in a steamer for Rome, to attend the assembly of the prelates of the church, to celebrate the 1,800th anniversary of the martyrdom of St. Peter, on the 29th of June. Many of the priests bore presents to the Pope, and money, with which to relieve his present difficulties. Among the presents was a silver model of the yacht *Hengietta*, carrying a cargo of fifty thousand dollars in gold pieces, presented by the Catholics of Cincinnati.

News from the City of Mexico.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Mexican dates of May 6th have been received. The bombardment was going on and the city is in a fearful condition. No water can be obtained except from artesian wells, which rendered only a scanty supply. Forced levies of men, and loans of money are constantly made by Marquez, $10,000 a day being required from various business men, nearly all of whom had closed in consequence. Provisions are scarce and high. Rumors of the surrender of Queretaro are untrue, Maximilian being desirous of surrendering, but is prevented by Mejia and Miramon, who virtually hold him a prisoner in their hands.

American Interference in Fenian Matters.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The *Herald's* Washington special says, Secretary Seward has signified his willingness to intervene with the English Government, in behalf of the Fenian McClure, who so gallantly withstood the English cavalry in Ireland.

The President Declines to Visit Boston.

The *Times'* special says the President notified the Boston Free Masons, that he will not be able to visit their city, and participate in the celebration.

The Fenians preparing for war on Canada—Mysterious Movements.

The *Herald* says the Fenians are making rapid preparations for war. Arms and ammunition for one hundred thousand men are being prepared; that the iron foundry of Wilmot & Co., on Eighteenth-st., since January 1st, 1866, have made large numbers of 12 and 24-pounders and shells, at the rate of 200 per day; also three or four tons of grape and canister shot, have been manufactured daily.

A St. Alban's special to the *Herald* says there are mysterious movements in this quarter, looking to an attack on Canada. A Buffalo despatch makes a similar report.

Robbery and Murder.

MOBILE, May 23.—To-day fourteen men entered the banking house of Hughes & Wasson, Richmond, Mo., robbed the money-tray of $40,000, and killed a man named Shaw, and two others named Griffin. The murderers fled.

THREE DAYS MORE ONLY!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

Great Bargains for Cash Only:

N.B.—We intend opening out in the Bishop's New Building, Sussex-st., near the Cathedral, next week.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 27, 1867. 444-y

BIRTH.

At Buckingham, on the 23rd inst., Mrs. W. O. Waddell, of a son.

MARRIED.

At Quebec, on Tuesday, the 21st May, 1867, by the Rev. Mr. Anderson, Mr. George McEdward to Miss Annie Agnes Danter, both of the City of Ottawa.

DIED.

In this city, on the 25th instant, William, infant son of N. W. Bethune.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 237-y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

428-1a-19y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WEBSTER'S HALL.

MR. TAVERNER

HAS the honor to announce a Second Reading from Shakspeare, Dickens, Ingolds by Legends, Tennyson and Irish humor, this (Monday) evening, May 27th. Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents. To commence at eight o'clock, precisely. 444-1

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

ALL NEARLY NEW,

Made by Wm. Drumer, of Quebec.

AT THE RESIDENCE OF R. H. TEMPLE, Esq., corner of George and Cumberland-sts., next door to James Bailiff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff, on Saturday June 1st, at the hour of 2 p.m., consisting of:—Black Walnut sideboard, (a very superior article) hair seat chairs, sofas, couches, centre and side tables, extension dining table, what-not, hat stand, bureaus, bedsteads, spring mattrass, washstands, dressing tables, looking glasses, carpets, oil cloth matting, a large quantity of superior crockery and glassware, cooking and parlor stoves, pipes, kitchen utensils, &c.

Terms cash in bankable funds.

Sale positive and without reserve as the owner is leaving the city.

H. McLEAN.
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

NOTICE.

THE SECOND MONTHLY MEETING of the Mutual Building Society, will be held at the Secretary's office, 50 Sussex-st., (up stairs) on THURSDAY the 6th JUNE, at 7:30 p.m., when the second instalment of the stock will be payable, and the funds available of the Society will be offered for sale, according to the rules of the Society.

Parties desirous of subscribing for stock can do so at any time by calling upon the Secretary, at his office, where copies of the rules and By-laws of the Society can be had, and general workings of the Society explained.

Officers.—A. McCormick, Esq., President; P. A. Egleson, Esq., Vice-President.

Directors.—M. Pratt, Esq., W. Cousens, Esq., Thos. Hanly, Esq.; John Stewart, Esq., James Smith, Esq.

Solicitor.—R. Less, Esq.

Bankers.—The Bank of British North America.

JAMES EGLESON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

OTTAWA

Loyal Orange District Lodge,

No. 4, of the County of Carleton.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Ottawa Loyal Orange District Lodge, (No. 4, of the County of Carleton,) will be held in the

Lodge Room, Wellington Square

UPPER TOWN,

On Tuesday next, (to-morrow) the 28th

Day of May instant,

At eight o'clock, in the evening, of which all District Officers, Worshipful Masters, Last Past Masters, Deputy Masters, Treasurers, Secretaries, and Foremen of Committee of all private Lodges in the City of Ottawa, are requested to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

All Orangemen in the city at present in connexion are invited to attend.

By order,

THOMAS SPROULE,
District Secretary.

444td

Lost—$10 Reward.

LOST, LAST TUESDAY MORNING, somewhere between the Parliament Buildings and Scott's Corner, a fine

Gold Locket.

The back of the Locket is ornamented with a light blue enamelled strap, having "A. E. L" on it, set in diamonds.

Any person leaving the Locket at this office, will receive the above reward.

May 24. 443-3

CANADIAN INLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

1867. 1867.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

The magnificent steamers comprising this line, viz.,

SPARTAN,
GRECIAN,
PASSPORT,
KINGSTON,
MAGNET,
and CHAMPION,

Have commenced their regular trips between Montreal and Hamilton, calling at all Intermediate Ports, connecting with the

Ottawa and Prescott Railroad,

Both ways, daily, Mondays excepted.

Passengers will find it to their advantage to travel by this route, it being the quickest and cheapest, as well as the most comfortable.

Meals and State Rooms always included in the Fare.

N.B.—Through and Return Tickets can be obtained at reduced rates from

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.
444S Agents.

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 25, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA, } TO WIT:

THE QUARTER SESSIONS of the RECORDER'S COURT for the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the County Court House (old Jail), in said city, on

Monday, the Third day of June next,

At the hour of ELEVEN of the Clock, in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
May 23, 1867. 443td

GRAPES & STRAWBERRIES,

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

GREAT inducements offered to those that are willing to work and take orders. Every order of $5, I will add 25 plants of the Golden Queen. For an order of $10, one Grape Vine and 25 plants; and so on in proportion to the amount over $10.

J. B. CLINE offers to the public a remarkable Strawberry, THE GOLDEN QUEEN. It is of a beautiful bright scarlet color; of high flavor, and enormously productive—many berries measuring six inches in circumference. It ripens fifteen days after the Wilson, and is thus most valuable as a late berry for family use or marketing. I picked nice berries of the Golden Queen as late as the 17th of July.

Every person should set out largely of the Green Prolific. The berry is nearly as large as the Golden Queen, very early, tender and sweet. It is recommended very highly in the eastern part of the state where it is better known. In fact, the Golden Queen and Green Prolific are the two best berries in cultivation. The Golden Queen sells in our market for four shillings per quart where the Wilson, on the same stand, only brings twenty-five cents—never have sold the Golden Queen and Green Prolific for less than twenty-five cents, when the Wilson brought only twelve cents. Many persons in Rochester are setting a bed of the Golden Queen on purpose to mix the berries with the Wilson—they get from five to seven cents more per quart for the Wilson by doing so.

Copied from the Southern Ruralist, printed at Amity City, La.

THE GOLDEN QUEEN STRAWBERRY.—Those who desire to raise a fruit of Tomato size and Strawberry flavor, will find just what they are looking for in the Golden Queen. JUDD, of the *American Agriculturist*, printed in New York, says: "It is a veritable strawberry, and one of the best varieties yet raised, either for home use or for the market," and until occular demonstration proves to the contrary, we are bound to believe it.

	per doz.	per 100.	per 1000
Golden Queen	$1 00	$5 00	$30
Green Prolific	1 00	5 00	30
Great Agriculturist	1 00	4 00	25
Knox's Jucunda	1 00	4 00	25
Triomphe de Gand	50	2 00	15
Wilson's Albany	50	2 00	15
Early Scarlet	50	2 00	15
Hovey's Seedling	50	2 00	15

Strawberry Plants can be set until late in the Fall if covered well with leaves or straw.

Peach and Apple Trees, 30 cents each; Pears, Cherries and Plums, $1 to $2 each; Orange Quince, 75 cents each. Evergreens, Roses and Shrubs of all descriptions. General assortment of House Plants.

I will guarantee all orders to be delivered in good order. I can send by mail from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the Strawberry Plants, in one package, and from six to twelve Grape Vines, postage paid.

Cash orders filled in rotation. Orders marked C. O. D., the buyer must pay the express charges, and I will pay the collection.

J. B. CLINE,
No. 8 Howell-st.,
Rochester, N.Y.

443tf

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STRACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

AT the residence of Joseph Bouchette, Esq., Richmond Road, near the residence of John Rochester, Esq.,

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst.,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m.,

All the Household Furniture, consisting of Carpets, Chairs, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Sofas, Centre and Dining Tables, Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Glassware, Crockery, &c., &c., all in good order.

Sale positive as the gentleman is leaving the city.

Also, a superior 7-octave Piano-Forte.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

Auction Sale!

H. McLEAN

HAS received instructions to sell at the

BANK OF UPPER CANADA,

WELLINGTON-STREET,

On MONDAY, MAY the 27th,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m.,

Four Superior Burglar and Fire Proof Safes, Taylor's make, of Toronto; Writing Desks, Stoves, Carpets, Tables, Chairs, Letter-press, Clock, Maps, and sundry other articles. All for positive sale.

Terms Cash. Bankable Funds.

Goods must be removed within 24 hours after sale.

H. McLEAN.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441td

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

RIDEAU-ST. AUCTION ROOM,

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

BLACK WALNUT FURNITURE,

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS in the West, consisting of sofas, chairs, upholstered in hair cloth of the latest styles, and very nice bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, dressing tables, centre tables, book cases, dining tables, &c.

Also, a large quantity of cane seated chairs of the latest styles, rocking chairs, children's high and low chairs, &c.

This stock can be purchased twenty per cent. less than in any other place in the city.

Also, about 300 yards of second hand carpet, very nice pattern, a consignment from Montreal, and must be closed out.

Remember the place, No. 42, North side of Rideau-st.

A. ROWE,
441-y Auctioneer.

ANNUAL

SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
439-td *Auctioneer.*

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

M. WHITE,

(FROM QUEBEC,)

BEGS to announce to the Citizens of Ottawa that he has opened a branch of his

BOOT AND SHOE

Business at No. 41, Sparks-street. (opposite Magee & Russell's), and is prepared to supply those who may favor him with their patronage, from an assorted stock of superior quality, or manufacture to order.

His terms are CASH on delivery of the goods.

May 21, 1867. 440-4

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES

TO LET,

Established by James Brough & Co.,

1845,

WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.

Apply to

KENNEDY & BUCKE,
Or JAS. BROUGH.

May 21. 440-tf

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING STOVES!

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.

&c., &c., &c.

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, May 24. 441y

ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'

Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,

No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,

Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF

Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,

Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

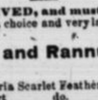
In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.

Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.

N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.

May 6. 385-3m

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL  FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

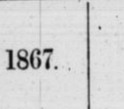
Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

For Sale,

A COUPLE OF PURE ENGLISH FOX-HOUNDS, (imported breed), are well adapted for deer-hunting next Fall.

Apply by letter to

FORESTER,
440-3 Office of this paper.

1867.  1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

May 21. 440td

Citizen and *Daily News* copy till date.

The Wright House, Hull,

Hull Landing.

THOSE portions of the Wright House left standing by the fire which destroyed the main building, have been fitted up with a bar, which is supplied with choice liquors, and the usual requisites, and which, together with the fine gardens, will be open for the accommodation of visitors on the Queen's Birthday.

The Wright House is approachable by any of the ferries.

May 23. 442tf

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-d

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS,
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS,
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS,
DRESS GOODS,

—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. 442y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, — **Hats, Feathers, Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milons,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
&c., &c.
Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb. each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

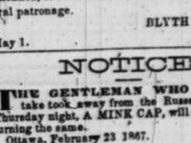
ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 224tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24  24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools,

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the same and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 386tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4.45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal.................$6 00 each.
First class.................................3 50
Second do...................................2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 438

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY.

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. MCNAUGHTON,.........J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,..............Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,.................." LUTON.
ALLIANCE,................." FINDLAY
OREGON,..................." HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,................" TOBER.
JASON GOULD,.............." OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,.................." DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,................." COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,.................." BLONDIN.

On the opening of navigation until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8.30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12.30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9.30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12.45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1.40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11.30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12.15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-t

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO., Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents

OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK,
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., Jos. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 15. 394tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.		ARRIVAL.	
From Prescott,	7.00 a.m.	At Ottawa,	10.30 a.m.
" "	2.45 p.m.	" "	5.20 p.m.
From Ottawa,	7.00 a.m.	At Prescott	9.35 a.m.
" "	1.50 p.m.	" "	4.45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p.m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p.m., and 8:30 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee*.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.........8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.........8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.........9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.........6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.........8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond.........2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.........3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order; and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

440-6

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

BRITISH AMERICAN

Commercial College,

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, OTTAWA,

(Established in connection with the British American Commercial Colleges in Toronto and Hamilton.)

THIS INSTITUTION IS DESIGNED TO furnish young men with a thorough and practical

Business Education.

The Bookkeeping Department is as complete and extensive as that of any Commercial College on the Continent, embracing Wholesale and Retail Merchandising, Manufacturing, Mining, Milling, Forwarding, Banking, Brokerage and Commission, Railroading, Steamboating, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Letter-writing, Commercial Law, Telegraphing, Phonography, &c., and is under the charge of Teachers selected for a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the duties of the counting room. For circular, and specimen of writing address, enclosing stamp,

MUSGROVE & WRIGHT,
Toronto, Hamilton, or Ottawa.

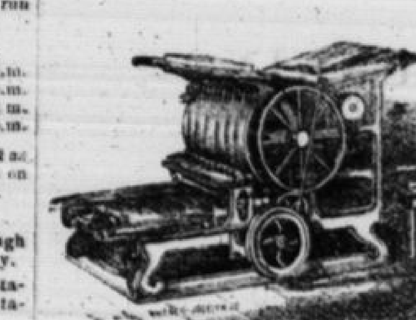
S. S. CANN, PRINCIPAL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9. 12w

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM

TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE

LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "A *JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS' INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH*."

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant.

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, in the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoining the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, G. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place, 26½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 26. J. ROOS. 36 y

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful *chronic Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa, February 26th, 1867. 368d3m9

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26th APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified,
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

4258

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified,

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

B B S

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division*."

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPREsented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAs now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two of the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice and Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties; where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

404tf

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154: "That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk:

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-10t

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street

Ottawa December 2 54tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw-logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

12tf

THO RUSSELL & SON

TO H M THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U.S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

VOL. I

Ottawa Times

(Published every morning)

George Cotton, Proprietor

THE DAILY AND ... enjoys THE LARGEST ... published in the Ottawa ... Daily over 2,000 ... making a total circulation ... 18,000 ... affording the best medium ... vertise in.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 445. OTTAWA C. W. TUESDAY, MAY 28, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Colton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000; and Weekly over 4,000; making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 365y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 365-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
H. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 364y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 13, 1867. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Town Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed to Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1865. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Etherial Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 56, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
M. P. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Engagements received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-s

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex street.
Ottawa, March 26, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLICKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments turned and Monument erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster or Paper, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Military Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-L

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleeks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 210tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 20. 310y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.

VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY, BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and which they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DRUGGISTS.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff'ct Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY, 28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Grass's Trusses.
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY, Medical Hall, 28, Sparks-street
430-y

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN, Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
11 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c., &c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES.
London, ..., Liverpool, ..., Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 356-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £500,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent, Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $30, and without profits..... $43.60
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31
And each subsequent year..... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D., Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent, Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., AGENTS, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES, AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will be necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*, and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not tend in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER, Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS.
FLOUR and OATMEAL.
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY.
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,	COATS,
BEAVERS,	PANTS,
PETERSHAMS,	VESTS,
DEVONS,	SHIRTS,
WHITNEYS	DRAWERS,
IRISH FRIEZE,	SMOCKS,
CANADIAN DO.,	SOCKS,
BROADCLOTHS,	MITTS, WOOLLEN
	Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS,	
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,	BAGS, LINEN,
BEDFORD CORDS,	Do., TRAVELLING,
CHAUDIERE TWEADS,	COTTONS, STRIPED,
BANNNOCKBURN DO.,	Do., BLUE,
HALIFAX DO.,	Do., GREY,
KERSEYS,	TRUNKS,
FLANNELS,	VALISES,
BLANKETS.	

ALEX. DUFF. OTTAWA, September 12.
O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English, and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Coasting Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

LADIES' & GENTLEMENS'
Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,
No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,
Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.
ALL KINDS OF
Hair Work, Wigs, Tompees, Curls, Waterfalls, Puffs, Puffs, &c.,
Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.
LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,
In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.
Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.
N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.
May 6. 385-3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner.
409-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET,
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERRACE, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 352tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN, *Auctioneer.*
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS, Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 423tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., Or JOHN HENEY, Esq., Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIGIBLE property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars apply to FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ., City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTERLY one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to John and Wm. Thomson, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen attached and Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to J. L. P. O'HANLY. Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chandiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) the elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply by letter to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Opening Night of Wilson's Broadway Theatre.
To Farmers, Lumbermen, &c.—Mr. Reid.
Sale of a Carriage by Auction—A. Rowe.
Stone house to Let—Francis Clemow.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 28, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

We understand that his Excellency, Viscount Monck, will not leave England until towards the middle of next month. He will, of course, arrive in time to assume his duties as Governor-General of the new Dominion, on the first day of July.

We understand that the Hon. Messrs. Howland and Cockburn are expected to arrive in town to-day. There will consequently be held a full meeting of the Cabinet, as all the other Ministers are here.

We publish elsewhere an account of the reception of the Hon. Mr. McGee. Our readers will be glad to learn that the hon. gentleman appears to be in excellent health. His brief address showed that he has lost none of his intellectual vigor or his rare gift of setting out his best, or even his very common, thoughts in the most attractive language. His reception, we need hardly say, was of the most gratifying kind.

The news from Mexico, elsewhere published, if it is to be believed—a proviso always to be understood in regard to Mexican news—will send a thrill of horror to the heart of every friend of constitutional liberty. If Maximilian and his generals are to meet the fate accorded them in the despatch, they will but add a few more to the victims of anarchy and misrule; and unfortunate Mexico will have but taken out a new lease of trouble. We are in hopes, however, that if Juarez possesses but a tithe of the high qualities claimed for him by his Yankee admirers, the ill-starred Emperor will meet with more humane treatment. In the meantime we cannot congratulate Mexico on its deliverance, unless in the sense that it is now to receive the punishment due to its sins—and perhaps, after all, the sooner that comes the better.

The *Globe* of the 24th exposed what it called "a scandalous business," being no less than the letter of a land agent residing in Ottawa, written upon a sheet of paper headed "Crown Lands Department." The affair may be explained in a very few words. The young man, Mr. R. Nettle, Jr., the author of the letter in question, follows the business of land agent in this city; he is not in the employment of the Department; but as all the business, or the chief business of land agents at the capital is the obtaining of patents or the settling of matters in dispute at the Crown Lands Office, he is necessarily frequently in attendance there, and may perchance have used a sheet of departmental paper upon which to write the letter alluded to. But a gentleman of the same name, whose age, however, entitles him to the affix of "Senr.," is in the employment of the Crown Lands Department, and the *Globe*, with its acknowledged perfection in the art of sniffing "corruption" may perhaps be excused for having jumped to the conclusion that Mr. Nettle, land agent, and Mr. Nettle, Government *employe*, were one and the same person. We beg of the *Globe*, therefore, to make the correction on this point, even if it should feel bound to pursue the inquiry as to the sheet of paper. The land agent, Mr. Nettle, in the letter published in the *Globe*, takes credit for being able to get through patents with extraordinary rapidity—but who that would drive a business scruples to puff his own superiority! Certainly not the *Globe*, and with the evidence before us, not Mr. Nettle either. This boast in connection with the erroneous assumption that Mr. Nettle was an *employe*, led the *Globe* into the belief that there must be some improper collusion in the office, for Mr. Nettle's special benefit. On this head we can only say that whatever Mr. Nettle's superior facilities for doing business may be, they spring solely from his own genius and industry, with both of which, as we are entirely unacquainted, we cannot say whether his pretensions are genuine or otherwise; but we can well understand that the personal attention of an agent on the spot would in many cases lead to greater expedition than might otherwise be secured. We may further state that Mr. Nettle, Sen., has nothing to do with the issuing of patents, and we add, in justice to the *Globe*, though we think its strictures unnecessarily violent in the absence of a knowledge of the facts, that the dating of a letter, drumming for business, from the "Crown Lands Department," appears to us a very unfair proceeding, as leading the person addressed to suppose that the party applying to him really had a position there which gave him an advantage in his private transactions. It is only proper that such "tricks of trade" should be promptly dealt with by the Commissioner, as they bring suspicion on the purity of the departmental administration, and we have no doubt but that this matter will be investigated without delay by the Hon. Mr. Campbell.

The intervention of the Queen's Birthday celebration and other matters of pressing interest has prevented us from making an earlier reference to the speech of the Hon. A. T. Galt, delivered at the Lennoxville dinner, a very full summary of which appeared in our issue of the 23rd. Of the several topics adverted to by Mr. Galt, not the least important was the experimental character of the new Constitution. He tells his audience that it has been framed by the best men in the several Provinces in the way which they believe it will be best adapted to the protection and encouragement of the interests of the whole country, but that it rests with the people themselves whether it can be harmoniously worked—whether it will answer the end in view, or whether it may prove a failure. The Constitution has been, in fact, the work of the politicians, but the working of the Constitution devolves upon the people. Public men can only act in harmony with the people; they cannot be patriotic against the voice of their constituents; they cannot act wisely if the people insist that their course must be one of folly. Following this train of thought, Mr. Galt rightly concludes that one of the first conditions of success will be that the first Government of the new dominion must be in effect a continuation of the Quebec Conference: that the old party distinctions of the past must be laid aside; that those who agreed to frame the Constitution must also agree to administer it, trusting to the future to bring out issues which will keep alive the spirit of political activity, and give birth to separate parties, as conflicting opinions on questions of policy or administration will create them.

We expected no other doctrines from a man of Mr. Galt's political sagacity, and we think his definition of the obligation resting on the people regarding the future success or failure of the new Constitution, worthy of the greatest consideration. In the Quebec Conference our public men gave an example to the people to lay aside party and sectional hostility; we believe that in the formation of the first Government of the Dominion, this example will be repeated. Will the people sanction it? Upon this turns the whole question of the success or failure of the new Constitution. If the demagogues and resurrectionists, *Rouges* and Anti-Unionists, are to carry with them the popular support in their respective localities, it will not be a successful harmonious system of government that we shall have acquired, but an enlarged pandemonium, in which the discordant elements will war all the more fiercely, that they are separated not only geographically, but by the subordinate machinery of the Local Government. Just imagine the Reorganizers master of the situation in Ontario, the *Rouges* in Quebec, and the Anti-Unionists in the Maritime Provinces, and what a spectacle would the Central Government present! Yet logically this is the consummation aimed at by those who cry aloud for party reorganization. Mr. Galt did well, therefore, in directing the people to the consideration of their own responsibility under the new Constitution. Framed by the wisdom, forbearance and party abnegation of the politicians, it can only be worked successfully by the exercise of the like qualities on the part of the electoral body. It is needless for us to add that Mr. Galt spoke with the greatest degree of hopefulness, that the public sentiment of the several Provinces would sustain those who would be charged with the responsibility of first setting the new order of things in motion, though he did not disguise, nor attempt to conceal, the sources of possible danger.

The alternative as between annexation and confederation, to which Mr. Galt alluded at some length, is not now a matter requiring much discussion. Mr. Galt is himself an old friend of Colonial Union; and he cannot but view with pleasure the realization of a measure which many years ago engaged his close attention. Nor is he by any means alone in his view regarding the choice which was before us, as witness the *dictum* of the late Sir E. P. Tache, that Canada was on an inclined plane, and must either glide into Confederation or annexation. There may be some, however, who yet think that a different course on the part of Canadian politicians could have averted the danger of annexation without confederating all the Provinces; but we think no one will dispute the proposition that a failure of Confederation now would be but the prelude to annexation. The practical lesson to be drawn from this is, that to avert annexation the people must lend their whole strength to promote the success of the Union; and if we add that he who attempts to break it up is virtually an annexationist, and an enemy to British power on this continent, we do not think we shall have slandered him.

Upon the whole, Mr. Galt's speech was a temperate and able review of the political situation. His remarks on the educational question, though only of local interest, are valuable, as indicating the genuine spirit of liberality, which prevails among the leading politicians, Protestant and Catholic, of the Province of Quebec, a spirit which, if maintained with the same degree of manly straightforwardness in the Local and Confederate Parliaments, as displayed at the Lennoxville dinner, must ever give the public men of that Province a commanding influence throughout the Confederacy, and will make of its legislature a pattern which will put sectarian fanaticism, either in the East or the West, to the blush. Mr. Galt may fairly be congratulated on the position he occupies among his constituents and their immediate compatriots of the Eastern Townships. His resignation on the important question of education, at such a juncture, was a step of extreme delicacy, which, had it led him into an antagonistic position to the Government, would have involved serious consequences. Happily, however, the faith he entertained in the honesty of purpose of his colleagues, rendered his assumption of such a position unnecessary, and the equitable settlement which the Government made, appears to have been eminently satisfactory, not only to Mr. Galt personally, but to the British community in Lower Canada whose interests he represented. He is, therefore, now in the proud position of having guarded the rights of his constituents at the sacrifice of his office, but without the loss of the confidence either of his former colleagues or of the country, and will no doubt rank, in the future, among the foremost statesmen of the New Dominion.

We understand that P. A. Egleson, Senr., has received many urgent solicitations from leading men of the County of Carleton, to allow himself to be brought forward as a candidate for the representation of the county in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario. The proffers of support are of a very flattering kind, and such as we believe Mr. Egleson will hardly be justified in refusing. His long acquaintance with the people, and intimate business associations with them for so many years, point him out as one likely to be well conversant with the requirements of the county, while his general address would mark him out as a very creditable representative of such an intelligent constituency. We know not whether Mr. Egleson has concluded to enter the political arena, but presume that if the pressure on him is continued, he will not refuse to comply with the desire of his friends.

Supposed Desertion.—A private of the 100th named McGuire, was arrested for a breach of discipline; he afterwards eluded his captors, ran away, and has not since been heard of.

Arrival of the Hon. T.D. McGee.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

A large crowd had assembled at the steamboat landing yesterday evening at 6:30, and when the steamer *Victoria* touched the wharf, and Mr. McGee presented himself, loud cheers were given by the assembled multitude. His Worship the Mayor and the members of the Corporation, P. A. Egleson, sen., Vice-President of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, William Finlay, Esq., Vice-President of the St. Patrick's Literary Association, the Rev. Principal Ryan, of the Ottawa University, Rev. Æneas McD. Dawson, Rev. Mr. O'Connor, Bishop's Secretary, the representatives of the press, and a large number of leading citizens, went on board the boat to meet the hon. gentleman, and greet him with a welcome on his arrival at the capital.

The friendly greetings over, and the bustle of removing passengers' luggage, &c., completed, the following addresses were presented:

1st. By his Worship the Mayor:

To the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, Minister of Agriculture, Province of Canada:

Sir,—The Corporation of the City of Ottawa respectfully beg leave to congratulate you upon your safe return from Europe, and to offer you a hearty welcome home.

Amongst those who have ably and unswervingly supported the great measure of Colonial Confederation, and steadily adhered to the safe and loyal principle of British connection, your name can never be overlooked by the people of Canada; and your return to this country after the discharge of your important duties at the Paris Exhibition, gives rise to an occasion worthy of being signalized by public rejoicing.

Prominent as has been your career amongst us as a statesman—important as the part has been which you have taken in the great measure now ushering in a new nation on this continent, and valuing as we do the great talents displayed by you in the well ploughed field of public life; we believe our duty would be unfulfilled did we not express our high admiration, above all, for the bold patriotism you have exhibited in frowning down sectarian and national animosities, and laboring to blend together the various classes of the country on the common platform of national unity. In this good work you have been pre-eminent; and we look with confidence for the best results from those earnest and laborious efforts.

The Corporation of Ottawa trust you may be long spared to render your aid in the furtherance of the prosperity of the new Dominion now in process of inauguration.

(Signed) Robert Lyon, Mayor.

Ottawa, May 27, 1867.

2nd. By Wm. Finlay, Esq., Vice-President of the St. Patrick's Literary Association:

To the Hon. T. D. McGee, &c., &c.:

Dear Sir,—It is with feelings of more than ordinary pleasure that the members of the St. Patrick's Literary Association of Ottawa have met to welcome their distinguished fellow-countryman on his return to the land of our adoption.

The great work of uniting the British American Provinces, and thereby consolidating British power on this continent has now been accomplished; permit us to congratulate you on the success of a measure in which you have taken so earnest an interest.

The broad and liberal views you have enunciated while eloquently discussing, both from your place in Parliament, and in addresses before the people, the manifold advantages that would flow from a union of all the Provinces have raised you to the highest plain as a statesman, and have earned for you the admiration and respect of all classes in the new Dominion.

We trust you may long continue to enjoy the confidence and esteem of your fellow-subjects in this country.

Wm. Finlay, Vice-President.
James McCarron, Secretary.

St. Patrick's Hall, 27th May, 1867.

3rd. By P. A. Egleson, sen., Esq., Vice-President of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society:

To the Hon. T. D. McGee, Minister of Agriculture of the Province of Canada, &c., &c.:

Sir,—The members of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society of Ottawa desire to tender you a hearty welcome to the capital, on the occasion of your return from the discharge of your responsible duties at the great exhibition at Paris. They are happy to be able to congratulate you on the very creditable representation which the Province has secured under the management of your Department, at that great temple of industry.

Hailing you as a countryman, but especially as the unwearying and successful laborer in the great cause of harmony between all creeds, classes, and nationalities forming the people of Canada, they are proud to bear testimony to the great benefits which your services as a public man, in Parliament and on the public platform, have conferred upon the country.

Your patriotic counsels at a time of great trial and excitement, tending as they did to the preservation of the peace, and the frustration of the wicked plots of Fenian emissaries, have laid the country under obligations to you which will not soon be forgotten.

The honors paid you at Halifax, on your outward journey, and the enthusiastic reception accorded you at Montreal, on the occasion of your return—associated as they were with the idea of the new Confederation upon which the several Provinces are about to enter—remind them that under that Confederation your distinguished abilities will find a wider sphere of usefulness; and they heartily wish that your life may long be spared, to take that prominent part in the affairs of the new Dominion, in which they doubt not but the confidence of the people will cheerfully sustain you.

P. A. Egleson, Sen., Vice-President.

May 27, 1867.

4th. By the Rev. Æ. McD. Dawson:

Favored of cities most, where rolls thy tide
Grand Ottawa! No more by Tiber's wave
Moves the triumphal car; nor doth abide
The hero's name to cruel death that gave
His slaughtered thousands. Glories ever new,
Yet ancient more, their brightest wreaths entwine
Thy Victor chiefs to crown, thy Patriots true,
Thy Statesmen sage, who wisely could combine
A conquest new to win! Rejoice, O Peace!
Thy victory complete! To latest time
A Nation new be thine! Nor shall it cease
Thy praise to hymn, whilst echo to the chime
Of rushing waters Ottawa's Senate Halls,
And Statesmen grave shall crowd around her Towers
From climes remote, and Warriors brave her walls
Shall guard. Thou last, but not the least, 'mong Powers
Shall reign, loved Ottawa! From age to age
Thy Patriot Statesmen, thou shalt joyful hail,
With Victor bays shalt crown each favorite Sage!
Proud Victor bays!—bought not by Orphan's wail,
Nor slaughter-dyed, as was the wont of yore
When rose the triumph shout, amid the throng,
The haughty Victor dripping still with gore!
Such was thy glory, war! alas! too long!
Peace brings a conquest greater far than thine,
And lo! from out the storm-tossed foaming brine
'Twixt Oceans twain,—by wild Atlantic's strand
An Empire springs! Firm ever be thy sway,
Auspicious power! Long may thy Statesmen sage
Bright laurels win! And often as to-day,
Triumphal honors grace this favored age!
And oft to deck a chosen votary's brow
May Clio come! And oft may willing twine
Her brightest wreaths Melpomene, as now,
And with the Sister Muse the Muses all combine!

Æneas MacDonell Dawson.

The reading of the several addresses elicited the applause of the crowd. That of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, besides being spirited and especially appropriate, had the additional attraction of being engrossed on parchment—a compliment not only to Mr. McGee, but to the good taste of the officers of that society which we think especially deserving of honorable mention. There is in parchment an evidence of sincerity, a design of durability, that marks the earnestness of those who write on it, and therefore we note this incident as worthy of record, if only to prove that Irishmen who are Protestants are still proud to put on record, in the most endurable form, the expression of their sentiments of respect and esteem for one who though not a Protestant, claims to be as much of an Irishman as any one of the members of that society. It is not saying too much for Mr. McGee's discrimination, that he will note this fact of the address on parchment, and appreciate it accordingly. We should also say that Mr. Egleson, sen., read it with an emphasis which added much to its effect.

The reading of the addresses over, the Hon. Mr. McGee stepped forward, and was received with repeated rounds of applause. Mr. McGee said: Mr. Mayor and gentlemen of the St. Patrick's Literary Association, and of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, and my reverend friend, Father Dawson, you have taken me completely by surprise. I had some notification of the preparations made by my friends at Montreal, on Friday last; but on the present occasion I am wholly unprepared for this kindly greeting to the capital of British North America (cheers.) Though only an occasional visitor to Ottawa, my associations with its citizens have all been of the most pleasant character, and if they have proved as satisfactory to you as to me, you must have found them exceedingly pleasant. As all the addresses, so kindly presented to me, have referred, more or less directly, to my own efforts in uniting the different sections of the people of these Provinces, as well as to the great political changes now about to take place, it is due to you that I should make some brief remarks upon these points. [At this stage, the Captain begged an interruption to blow off steam. Mr. McGee said he would reserve his steam, and blow it off afterwards (laughter)]. We were but a small community—if we advance politically, we should first advance territorially—we should aggrandise the kindred colonies, living under the same political system of Government, owing allegiance to the same crown. We did not enter on the acquisition of territory by any aggressive measures. We removed no man's boundary, we touched no man's landmarks; but we appealed to the people living under the same institutions as ourselves to join with us for the promotion of our mutual interests, and the leading spirits among our fellow colonists, some of them slowly, some of them willingly, according to their several temperaments, have joined us, and the result has been that we have formed the new Dominion of Canada. (Cheers.) The Constitution had been framed, but it was only a Constitution on paper, and it must be reduced to practice; it must be implanted in the hearts and the affections of the whole people, or at least a vast majority, for there would always be grumblers until doomsday, otherwise it would be worth no more than the paper on which it was written. The Constitution should not only be made to work satisfactorily to the people of Canada and the Maritime Provinces; it should be made attractive to those who had yet to come in under its influence. We of the more populous Provinces must show that if advanced in population, we are also advanced in the ideas of free government, in the principles of equity and toleration. The sovereign legislature had given all the powers necessary to the Constitution, and the administration of the government, but it remained for the people to provide the tolerance and the mutual forbearance without which the government would become an impossibility, and the people must qualify themselves to fulfil this spirit of toleration and forbearance, as the only means whereby to make a great nation of a small people. (Cheers.) If I have contributed a little to smooth down ancient prejudices I am very thankful. I have endeavored to engage the affections of the young men of the country, to attach them to the land of their birth or their adoption, but to do this you must excite in them a prospect of careers; you must give them an occasion for pride in their country, and open for them a way to distinction. The name which had been given to the new Dominion was one around which centred some of the grandest associations connected with the history of North America, a name associated with Richelieu and Chatham in politics, with Wolfe and Montcalm in arms—a name which we may well feel proud to inherit, considering the high historic character that Canada has borne in the annals of North America. (Great cheering.) Though the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, will soon be united in one Confederation, yet there are two important Provinces on the Atlantic Coast; there are the Colonies on the Pacific; there is the North-West Territory. These will come in in the course of time, and it is our duty to remove any prejudices that may exist in the minds of the inhabitants of these Colonies, and show them by the moderation and the wisdom of our conduct that it will conduce to their interest, as well as to ours, that they should join with us in the formation of one community. We should show, therefore, in our first general election, which would soon be upon us, we should show in our first Legislature that in the distribution of places a fair consideration had been given to every class of the community, and to every part of the country—and I believe this fair consideration will be shown so that the last remaining argument against the Union in the sea girt Isles as well as in the Pacific Colonies will be taken away, and they will be here seeking for admission before the second session of the Confederate Legislature. (Cheers.) And we can admit them as we have the power to do by the act of union without a fresh appeal to the Imperial Government. Mr. McGee then excused himself for having been betrayed into making something like a speech, but he thought it due to the people who had so kindly turned out to greet him, and he thought it always fitting when time and opportunity permitted, that public men should have an interchange of views with the people. For himself, if he had contributed to the healthy direction of public opinion through the platform and the press, instead of confining his attention to administrative details, he thought perhaps he had done as much for the good of the country as if he had limited his labors to the duties of his bureau. (Cheers.) Mr. McGee again thanked the Mayor, the societies, and the people for the hearty reception accorded him, and hoped that whatever else the future might bring forth, we should be able to retain our young men within our borders, and inspire them with the conviction that they would always find their best country, and their best field for the exercise of their energies at home. (Cheers.)

Mr. McGee was then driven to his residence, in Mr. Buckley's splendid turn out, which has now become one of the acknowledged "institutions" of the city for great occasions, accompanied by his Worship the Mayor, the vice Presidents of the I. P. B. and St. Patrick's Literary Societies, and the city member, preceded by a band, followed by a very large retinue of carriages, and many hundreds on foot. At the head of St. Patrick's-st., the procession stopped, and Mr. McGee dismounted and received from the hands of a deputation of the children from St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, a very handsome boquet of flowers.

LOCAL NEWS.

Another Desertion.—Private Crampton deserted on Sunday evening.

Court Martial.—A court martial was held yesterday on three bandsmen, on a charge of desertion.

A Soldier's Fight.—A game of fisticuffs between two soldiers of the 100th, occurred on Sunday night on Rideau-st., growing out of a misapprehension on the part of one of them, that the other had slandered a civilian friend of his. While they were busy pummelling each other, some boys cried "police," and the belligerents vanished.

Elocution.—We listened with great pleasure last evening to the readings of Mr. Taverner. Not being there till late, we heard a few selections only. The first was that portion of King Henry the Fourth, where Hal and Falstaff personate the King and the Prince of Wales alternately. This should not be done sitting behind a table, and not without having nearly, or quite the whole committed to memory. The Knight and Lady Jane in Ingoldsby, in snatches from memory, amused the audience greatly. The scene between the elder Weller and his son, after the funeral of Mrs. W., was exceedingly well done, and the reading much applauded. We were pleased to see a very select audience, among whom were several clergymen and schoolmasters, some of whom are about to avail themselves of the present opportunity to learn something of that beautiful, but rare accomplishment, the art of reading. Mr. Taverner remains but a few days longer.

The Moderatorship of the C. P. Church.—It will be gratifying to his many friends in this neighborhood to know that the Rev. Dr. J. Irvine, of Montreal, has been nominated by the Ottawa Presbytery, which met lately at Perth, as Moderator of the Canada Presbyterian Church, for the ensuing year.

Wilson's Broadway Theatre Company.—This company have arrived in town, and as will be seen by advertisement and bills on the walls, open at the Rink, this evening. They bring their own brass band which we are to suppose is a good one. The first play to be presented is the sensational one of "East Lynne, or the Elopement," to conclude with the farce of the "Quiet Family."

Piscatory.—We are credibly informed that on Saturday last, the Rev. Mr. Phillips, Mr. R. Nettle and another gentleman whose name has escaped our memory, brought home three hundred pounds weight of fine trout, the result of Friday's labors. The fish were caught near Thurso, and a large number of them weighed over two pounds and a half each.

Sent to Jail.—A boy of previous good character was taken before Mr. O'Gara yesterday afternoon, on a charge of stealing three york shillings from the till of Mr. Miles, of the Parliamentary Hair-Dressing Saloon. The charge was admitted, and he was sent to jail for three days. Mr. Miles prosecuted with great reluctance. Boys should beware of the first wrong step.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 27, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 31 above zero.
8 a. m., 48 above zero.
Noon shade, 60 above zero.
Noon sun, 94 above zero.
6 p. m., 62 above zero.

Abortive Fires.—On Friday last a fire was discovered at 4 o'clock in the morning in Andrew Riopel's stable, Sussex-st., but was discovered by Cesaire Archambeault in time to enable him to extinguish it without giving an alarm. Sunday morning at 5 o'clock, an attempt was made to burn out the premises of Mr. Chisholm a servant saw three girls running away at the time. The fire was extinguished without giving alarm. The same day between 6 and 7 o'clock, a small fire was discovered in rear of Gorman's stable, between Clarence and Murray-sts. Very little damage was done, and no engines called out. At half-past nine a wicked attempt was made to ignite a fire in a shed belonging to Mr. Lyon, at the corner of Cumberland and Clarence-sts. The fire was extinguished before the arrival of any of the engines. A suspicious feature in this attempt was, that before the fire could have been seen, before it had come to a blaze, in fact it never did come to a blaze, one of the bells rung. This is the information we received from the police at the time. A proper investigation should be made in this matter, as we have no doubt it will be. The first question to be decided is who rang the bell?

Police Court.—James Sullivan was found lying drunk on the street, about half-past one, on Monday morning. Fined $2 and costs; in default of sufficient distress one week in jail at hard labor.—John Roe was found on Sunday to have lost, through the agency, as was supposed, of some powerful spell, the power of direct locomotion. Serjeant Davis took him under his protection with a view to calling the attention of Mr. O'Gara to the sufferer's malady. The smell of a bottle he carried in his pocket confirmed a previously formed suspicion, in consequence of which he is permitted to recuperate under the care of Mr. Higgins, at the Queen's Boarding-house.—James Douglas was charged with having used insulting and abusive language to Michael Mene, and threatening to make a target of his body; adjourned till this morning.—Jean Baptiste Minor, charged with presenting a cheque, the property of M. K. Dickinson, Esq., at the Bank of British North America. The cheque, which was for $100, was lost by Mr. Dickinson's son, on his way to the bank, last Thursday, and found and presented by the prisoner shortly after. It being we believe after the hours of business, he was requested to call on Saturday. In the meantime information of the loss of the cheque had been lodged at the bank, and when the prisoner called measures had been taken to apprehend him. He was lodged in jail and brought up to the police court yesterday morning, when it was found that there was no evidence to convict him, and he was accordingly discharged. Minor is a French Canadian unacquainted with the English language, and is a stranger here in quest of work.

PRESENTATION.

The following is the address and reply alluded to in our report of the Chaudiere Company's dinner, in yesterday's paper:

ADDRESS.

To John Langford, Esq., J. P., &c., &c.:

Sir,—We, the members of the Chaudiere Fire Company, consider that the anniversary of the birthday of our most gracious Sovereign would be a proper time to mark our appreciation of your long and arduous services as Captain of our Company, and on your parting with us to fill a more honorable position in the Fire Brigade, it is our desire to put on record that, while acting as head of the Company, your skill and management have called forth our admiration.

We would respectfully ask you to accept this walking-cane as a slight memento of your connection with us, and as a token of our regard and esteem: intrinsically it is not of much value, but we venture to hope that you will appreciate it as a souvenir.

We rejoice to hear of your promotion, and on your taking leave of the Company, we unite in wishing long life and prosperity for yourself, your amiable partner in life, and the other members of your family.

Signed on behalf of the Company,
Francis Link, Captain.

Ottawa, May 24, 1867.

REPLY.

To Capt. Link and Members of the Chaudiere Fire Company:

Gentlemen,—With feelings of the deepest gratitude I accept this handsome present from your hands; I did not need it to convince me of the respect in which you held me, for during the connection I have had with you I have had repeated assurance of the fact, having for many years held the chief offices of trust in your company, in all of which you have been pleased to express your satisfaction. If I have been of any service to you, you have more than repaid me by your ready obedience of orders, and by your general goodwill towards me.

As your chief officer my desire has been to promote a feeling of good will and unanimity, between you and the other companies of the Fire Brigade, and I feel proud to state that this has been the feeling of the other captains likewise. I can safely assert that in this respect the Fire Brigade of the city of Ottawa stands second to none in the Dominion of Canada. I trust this feeling will be fostered, and the only rivalry exist among you be that of which company can effect the most good to their fellow-citizens.

Allow me to congratulate the members of the company on their choice of my successor; he has long had my confidence, and I feel assured that yours in him will not be misplaced.

I thank you for your congratulations on my appointment to the office of Chief of the Fire Brigade, in performing the duties of which I trust you will extend the same assistance to me as you have during my connection with you, for unless I can obtain the hearty co-operation of the Fire Brigade I can be of little service.

Brother firemen, I again thank you for your handsome present, and hope to retain it as long as I live as a memento of your kindness and good will towards me.

John Langford,
Chief of the Fire Brigade, City of Ottawa.

Pistol Shooting Match.

Leroy, N. Y., May 26.—H. H. Sheldon, of Niagara Falls, won the first prize for pistol shooting, and John Taylor, of Jersey City, second prize.

DULL TIMES IN THE WESTERN STATES.—A WARNING TO YOUNG MEN.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Dear Sir,—Will you again indulge me to the extent of a small space in your very excellent, and widely circulated paper, to lay a few facts before the young men of Canada—if any—who propose coming out here in search of employment, as clerks, book-keepers, &c.; and in the first place let them remember that there are now, at least, six, to fill any vacancy that may occur, while "still they come" by every train and steamer. We have from one to six in the store every day, and many of them offering to work for their board, rather than go back to their old homes to be laughed at; but we will suppose they are fortunate enough to obtain situations, and their salary is $50 per month, which is the common price paid to an experienced salesman or book-keeper; *none other need apply.* Now then, they must pay from $6½ to $8 per *week* for board and room, according to accommodation, and $1 per doz. for washing. Add to this fifty per cent of the remainder for contingencies, and what is left will go but a small way towards purchasing clothes, and when a pair of pants that can be bought there for from $4 to $5 are here from $8 to $9; vests there from $2½ to $3, here from $4 to $5; coats there from $12 to $15, here from $20 to $25; and a whole suit of handsome tweed that I saw a few days ago on a young man from Canada, for which he had paid $23, could not be got here for less than from $45 to $50. A friend of mine who came out here in October last, and who before he left was receiving $120 per year and board, is going back, for although he is getting $50 per month and is very economical in every respect, and of excellent moral character, yet finds it impossible to "make both ends meet;" he thinks he may as well work for nothing at home as among strangers. I admit that a few do well here, but the many do not, while a number—I am sorry to say—after many disappointments, take to the bowl with its associate evils, and soon becoming lost to their friends and society, quickly find a drunkard's grave. Laborers here get $1.50 per day, which, considering the cost of living, is very small wages. Flour can be bought for the *nominal* sum of $16½ per barrel; potatoes $2.50 per bushel; tea $1.90 to $2.50 per pound; butter 35c to 50c; oats 85c per bushel; hay $25 to $40 per ton, according to quality; lumber from $20 common 1 inch, to $45 clear per M feet, B. M., and other things in proportion.

The press of Minnesota made considerable of a brag last fall about the number of bushels of wheat, &c., exported, but they are rather silent now, in regard to the number of people starving in the different portions of the State, and who have to be provided for by Government and private contributions, the Government alone putting 10,000 rations at the disposal of a committee for distribution. I was told a short time ago, by a cautious and experienced mill owner, that before the harvest, Minnesota would be importing wheat and flour at a very large advance on what she received for it, which is very probable, as it is well known there is but very little wheat or flour in the State. Farmers in Canada who have any intention of coming out here, would do well to remember, that owing to the vast expanse of prairie, and consequent scarcity of timbered lands, it costs about as much or more to put up buildings and fences, &c., as a good farm in Canada would cost, buildings and fences included, to say nothing of the trouble and expense of coming out here, besides he would have to pay an enormous freight tariff to get his grain to market, owing to a huge steamboat and railway monopoly. As far as the mercantile business is concerned, I think one fact will show what we are doing in that line, newspaper reports to the contrary notwithstanding. A certain dry goods firm who have been in business here for over eleven years, and who this time last year were selling goods to the amount of from $400 to $500 per day cash, besides a good wholesale trade, are now selling from $200 to $250 per day cash, with scarcely any wholesaling. The grocery, stationery, and book business is a little more lively, but as a general thing, all branches of trade are remarkably dull throughout the State.

I see by the Times that because of some difficulty among the directors of the gas company, the city of Ottawa is threatened with darkness; we can sympathise with you, as we have had no light on our streets here for about a year and a half, owing to some difference existing between the city authorities and gas company. Whatever "muddle" they have got into, I can assure you the citizens are very anxious for a little more *light* on the subject. Weather disagreeably cold, and spring very backward.

Yours truly,
Canadian.

St. Paul, Minn., May 18th, 1867.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, May 27, 1867.

A race took place this afternoon between a gig and whale boat belonging to the gunboat *Heron*; prize $10. The gig won by a couple of lengths.

The reports from New York of Fenian operations are looked on as silly fabrications.

A hurdle race on Newmarket course came off on Saturday between Dr. Armstrong's mare "Miowba" and the horse "Chang"; distance 2¼ miles and 12 leaps. The race was won by "Chang" easily.

The *Globe* pitches furiously into Mr. McGee, because he expresses the hope that George Brown will be sent to Parliament, where he would be obliged to take the oath of allegiance.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 27, 1867.

The weather to-day has been pleasant and summer like.

James L. Mathewson, a well known and highly respected resident of this city, died yesterday after a short illness. He held at various times positions of much responsibility among his fellow-citizens, and was closely identified with the Conservative party in Lower Canada.

It is stated on official authority that the newly revived rumors of fresh Fenian demonstrations against Canada are entirely groundless.

There will be no Provincial Exhibition in Lower Canada this year, the corporation of Quebec, where it was to have been held, having refused the usual grant in aid of erecting necessary buildings.

Jeff. Davis is still in town, but maintains the utmost privacy.

FROM WHITBY.

Whitby, May 27, 1867.

The inquest on the bodies of the German emigrants was finished this afternoon. Several passengers were examined through an interpreter. They all stated that they had received very kind treatment at the hands of the authorities of the Grand Trunk, from Quebec to the time of the accident, and that after the accident everything possible was done for their comfort. Nothing additional was discovered as regards the cause of the accident, and although a verdict has not yet been returned, at eight o'clock, it is thought the switchman who neglected to put up the semaphore will be committed for trial. The injured parties at the station are doing well. A German nurse has been employed to take charge of them, by the railway authorities. All seem well pleased with the treatment they are receiving.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 27.—Stocks at second board, stronger. Gold 137.

Trotting Match.

Boston, May 27.—A trot for $2000, on Saturday, between Draco Prince and Shepherd Knapp, jun., was won by the former. Time—2:28, 2:29¼, and 2:33¼.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

London, May 27—Eve.—Consols closed at 93¼; 5-20's, 72¼; Ill. C., 76; Erie, 39¼.

The Fenian Prisoners.

London, May 27.—The question whether the death sentences of the Fenian convicts shall be carried out or not, engrosses public attention. The press of England and Ireland urge that the sentences be commuted to imprisonment for life. A despatch from Dublin states that the jury have brought in a verdict of "Guilty" against the prisoner O'Brien, but coupled with a recommendation to mercy. It is said that the American Minister Adams will interpose his good offices to save the prisoner McLure from the scaffold.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Capture of Maximilian Confirmed.

Matamoras, May 27.—The following has been received from Escobedo to-day: Citizen minister of war.—At three o'clock, on the morning of the 15th, Cacruse was taken by our forces who surprised the enemy. After the garrison were made prisoners, our troops occupied the Plaza. Meanwhile the enemy entered towards the Ceno de la Campana, where our artillery caused them to surrender. Maximilian, and his generals, Mejia and Castello, surrendered unconditionally.

The Reported Brazilian Slave Emancipation.

Washington, May 27.—The Brazilian Minister, in a letter to the Secretary of State, says: I have not received any official notice that the Imperial Government has decreed the emancipation of slaves in the empire. He says, no doubt, but that the measure has already been resolved upon.

Secretary Seward Receives a Despatch Concerning the Fenian Prisoners.

The Secretary of State has received information from London announcing that the capital sentence of the Fenian leaders Burke and McCafferty have been commuted to imprisonment for life.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

The Fenian Trials.

London, May 26.—Notwithstanding declarations to the contrary, it is thought that the Government will not carry into execution the death sentence of the Fenians.

Dublin, May 25.—If the Fenian leaders, Col. Burke and Col. McLure, who pleaded "Guilty," and thus avowed their treason, are hanged, pursuant to law, the authorities expect sudden and sharp reprisals on the part of the members of the Fenian organization here. The Government is anxiously, yet actively, preparing the dwellings of the Right Hon. Judge Fitzgerald, with those of his two associates on the bench, at the trial, as well as the houses inhabited by the Right Hon. Attorney-General and the other counsel who prosecuted for the Crown, are even now guarded day and night by a force of armed policemen, who appear in civilian's dress. Col. Burke was sentenced to be hanged May 29th. Mr. Doran's death sentence has been commuted. Should Burke be executed, it is most likely that Col. McLure will share the same fate, as he pleaded "Guilty," and now lies condemned to undergo the highest penalty of the law.

Another Great Reform Demonstration

London, May 25.—Another imposing and very influential demonstration has been made in favor of Parliamentary Reform, in the shape of a crowded meeting in St. James' Hall, to-day. John Stuart Mill, Mr. Ilweth, two Liberal members of the House of Commons, spoke in support of the extension of very comprehensive measures of enfranchisement for the people.

Celebration of the Queen's Birthday in London.

Queen Victoria's birthday was duly celebrated. The city was illuminated. There were municipal dinners and public entertainments, with other manifestations of respect on all sides.

French Complaints Against Prussia.

Paris, May 26.—The *Presse* of this city complains that Prussia is strengthening the fortifications of Rastrad.

Danish Complaints Against Prussia.

Copenhagen, May 26.—The Danish Government, it is said, has informed the foreign powers that the Prussian Government continues to disregard the obligations of the treaty of 1865 in regard to Schleswig.

The United States Offer to Sell Russia War Vessels.

St. Petersburgh, May 26.—The Government of the United States has offered to sell the Czar Alexander, the famous iron-clad monitor, *Miantonomah*, a frigate and two new iron-clad war vessels.

The Eastern Question.

St. Petersburgh, May 25.—Since the adjournment of the London Peace Conference, and the adjustment of the French-German question relating to Luxemburg, the long vexed Eastern question has assumed much more importance. Bismarck is now engaged in the consideration of a plan for its peaceful settlement, and efforts will be shortly made in this city, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and London for its final settlement.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Manufacture of Arms in New York for Fenians.

New York, May 26.—The *Herald* says Messrs. Statire, of this city, have turned out 1,500 rifles per week for the last four months, and intimates they are for the Fenians. They shipped one hundred 9 and 11-inch guns about a month ago, which, it is supposed, are for the Fenians.

Queretaro Fallen—Maximilian a Prisoner.

Washington, May 27.—The following has been received: New Orleans, May 26—*To Hon. Wm. H. Seward:* I have this moment received the following despatch, by telegraph, dated Matamoras, May 21: I have the honor to transmit you the following official letter:—

San Luis Potosi, May 15.

General Berrizabel:

My esteemed Friend,—*Viva La Patria!* Queretaro has fallen by force of arms this morning, at 8 o'clock. Maximilian, Mejia, Castello and Miramon are prisoners.

(Signed) Benito Juarez.

Maximilian ordered to be Shot.

Matamoras, May 25.—Gen. Escobedo reports that President Juarez has ordered Maximilian and all his generals to be shot.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore.

New York, May 27.—The steamship *City of Baltimore* brings European dates of the 15th and 16th.

A public meeting in Dublin, presided over by the Lord Mayor, adopted a memorial to the Lord-Lieutenant, asking that the lives of the condemned Fenians be spared.

The crop accounts from all parts of France are highly satisfactory.

News by the Germania.

New York, May 26.—The steamship *Germania*, from Southampton 15th, has arrived. Fourteen Fenians confined at Ennis have been released on their own recognizances, and it is understood the Crown will forego the prosecution, except in a few cases.

Thirteen of the seventeen Fenian prisoners, confined in Limerick jail, volunteered to inform. Six have been selected for the purpose.

Napoleon has directed that all non-commissioned officers and soldiers belonging to the contingent of 1860, and those men who enlisted voluntarily, and whose term of service would expire on the 31st of December next, shall be immediately allowed to return home.

Censuring the Clergy.—Clergymen are generally supposed to be the moral instructors of every community, yet it seems they make mistakes sometimes, like other people, and leave themselves open to rebuke. The Board of School Trustees, at a meeting held last evening, found fault with all the clergymen of the city, and passed a resolution censuring them, for having neglected to visit the public schools as they have power to do, in order that they may impart religious instruction to the children. Probably the reverend gentlemen are deserving of this rebuke, but it remains to be seen whether or not they will accept it in a Christian spirit, turn over a new leaf, and be more faithful in the discharge of their duties for the future.—*Toronto Telegraph.*

The Accident to the "Anna Foster."

The voyage of this vessel to Canada has been a particularly unfortunate one. Leaving London in September last with an assorted cargo it was hoped she would reach Montreal before navigation closed, but on arriving at the mouth of the St. Lawrence the weather was so tempestuous as to prevent her entering the river, and it continued so long that it was found impossible to reach her destination in season and she was compelled to winter at Sydney, Cape Breton, at which place she stayed until April last when she again sailed for Montreal. Waiting for some time at Quebec for the clearing of the river, she was taken in tow by the tug *Hercules* and brought into harbour yesterday morning. Opposite Molsons' wharf she dropped anchor, and was apparently at her long journey's end in safety, but the fates had decreed otherwise, for the anchor had not been down long before she swung round with the current, and in doing so struck with great force against the wharf, staving in her stern-posts and causing a serious leak. The captain, upon discovering the state of affairs, cried out to the mate that the vessel was sinking, and ordered the well to be sounded, when it was found the ship was taking in water fast and in fifty minutes six feet of water had accumulated in the hold. The anchor was immediately weighed, the assistance of a steamer procured, and the sinking ship "beached" a short distance below the wharf, nearly opposite to Montcalm-st., where she now lies, her bows well down in the water. Gangs of men are employed constantly at the pumps, and a diver having to some extent mended the damage, they have gained on the leak and the ship is considerably lightened. The cargo, as may be supposed, is much damaged, but the ship, as soon as the injury is repaired, will be as staunch as ever. The *Anna Foster* is a wooden barque of about 500 tons burthen old measurement.

—Mr. Alex. Delmar, an aspiring genius who was recently placed at the head of the Statistical Bureau in the Treasury Department, has been making what he calls a Census of the present population of our country, by it he makes out to be 34,505,882, against 31,443,321 in 1860—an increase of 3,062,561. We presume this is not very far from the actual increase, which has been mainly confined to the West—the Eastern States having gained very little, while the South is presumed to have lost, notwithstanding a heavy gain in Texas. Mr Delmar has been helped by the census taken in several States in 1865; but, aside from these, we infer that his data are much like those supposed to be used by astronomers, by the school-boy, when, in reply to his crony's puzzling query, "How do you suppose they "ascertain the distances of the planets?" he replied, "I suppose they guess at a quarter of "it, and multiply that by four."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A Duel and a Farce.—A singular duel has just taken place in Berlin between a journeyman silversmith and another artisan. The arms selected was a bottle of sulphuric acid. The arrangement was that whichever of the two adversaries threw the lowest with dice should swallow the contents of the vial. Chance favored the silversmith, who immediately poured out a glass of the liquor and handed it to his adversary, who unhesitatingly drank off the liquor, but to the astonishment of his antagonist instead of falling senseless, smacked his lips and asked for another glass. The seconds had acted on the sensible idea of substituting arrack for the corrosive fluid. It is hardly necessary to say that the affair terminated in a reconciliation.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

A Secret Worth Knowing.—Some horse dealers have discovered that by the use of Darley's Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine their horses are so much improved in every respect that they will readily sell for from $25 to $60 each more than they would otherwise, and at a cost of not more than $1 each. We consider this a secret worth knowing, and one which all who own horses should not fail to profit by; it is unquestionably the best horse medicine ever sold. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

The Lumber Trade.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for the want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans, on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, cramps in the stomach, burns, bruises frostbites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per bottle.

Arrived Out.

Queenstown, May 26.—The steamship *Persia* from New York on the 15th, arrived this morning, for Liverpool.

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.—Return of traffic for week ending May 4, 1867:

Passengers	44,356
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	4,800
Freight and Live Stock	63,108
Total	$122,264
Corresponding week of 1866	125,780
Decrease	13,516

JOSEPH HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 26th inst., the wife of J. L. G. Robinson, of a daughter.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation —AND— HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 — 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as is the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET.

THE commodious Stone house and premises on Daly-st., with Garden, &c., (highly cultivated), formerly occupied by the late Sheriff Fraser. Immediate possession.

For terms, &c., apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW,
Sparks st.
Ottawa, May 28. — 445b

SKATING RINK.

Tuesday Evening, May 28, 1867.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT OF

Wilson's Broadway Theatre Company,

FROM NEW YORK.

24 FIRST-CLASS ARTISTS, BRASS Band and Orchestra, on which occasion will be presented the great sensational play entitled

EAST LYNNE:

Or, The Elopement.

Lady Isabel, } .....Alice A. Harrison.
Madame Vine, }
Supported by a powerful cast.
Overture.....Orchestra.
To conclude with the roaring farce of

A QUIET FAMILY.

Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. 445-1

SALE OF A CARRIAGE BY AUCTION.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, will sell by Auction, THIS MORNING, on the Market-square, Lower Town, at half-past TEN a.m., a very nice

Covered Carriage--Single.

It has been but little used, and is one of Gingras make, Quebec.

Also a large quantity of Window Sashes, three different sizes; together with a quantity of Household Furniture—6 hair-cloth chairs, 1 easy chair, cupboard, tables, bedsteads, &c., &c.

Also 1 beer pump, 1 pair counter scales, and sundry other articles.

A. ROWE,
445-y — Auctioneer.

To Farmers, Lumbermen, &c.

To Let on Long Lease,
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,

A FINE FARM,

CONSISTING OF 400 ACRES, ON THE

Banks of the Ottawa,

On the first Range,

Clarendon, County of Pontiac,

With a fine House and splendid Garden, well fenced, and all the requisite out-buildings, Barns, Stables, &c.

A well of fine spring water and pump in the same.

THE FARM

Is nearly all cleared and well fenced, and is admitted to be the

Finest in Lower Canada.

A ready market is obtained for all farm produce on the spot. And a Grist Mill is in the immediate neighborhood.

Farmers or Lumbermen who wish to raise their own supplies this offers an advantage seldom to be met with.

For particulars apply to
MR. RATTARY,
at the Hotel, Portage-du-Fort,
or MR. REID,
22-3 — Agent on the Farm, Clarendon.

☞ Montreal *Gazette* and Toronto *Leader* will give the above three insertions—once a week—and send account to this office.

OTTAWA Loyal Orange District Lodge,

No. 4, of the County of Carleton.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Ottawa Loyal Orange District Lodge, (No. 4, of the County of Carleton,) will be held in the

Lodge Room, Wellington Square

UPPER TOWN,

On Tuesday next, (to-day) the 28th

Day of May instant,

At eight o'clock, in the evening, of which all District Officers, Worshipful Masters, Last Past Masters, Deputy Masters, Treasurers, Secretarys, and Foremen of Committee of all private Lodges in the City of Ottawa, are requested to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

☞ All Orangemen in the city at present in connexion are invited to attend.

By order,
THOMAS SPROULE,
444td — District Secretary.

CANADIAN INLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

1867. 1867.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

The magnificent steamers comprising this line, viz.,

SPARTAN,
GRECIAN,
PASSPORT,
KINGSTON,
MAGNET,
and CHAMPION,

Have commenced their regular trips between Montreal and Hamilton, calling at all Intermediate Ports, connecting with the

Ottawa and Prescott Railroad,

Both ways, daily, Mondays excepted.

Passengers will find it to their advantage to travel by this route, it being the quickest and cheapest, as well as the most comfortable.

Meals and State Rooms always included in the Fare.

N.B.—Through and Return Tickets can be obtained at reduced rates from

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.
444S — Agents.

NOTICE.

THE SECOND MONTHLY MEETING of the Mutual Building Society, will be held at the Secretary's office, 80 Sussex-st., (up stairs) on THURSDAY the 6th JUNE, at 7:30 p.m., when the second instalment of the stock will be payable, and the funds available of the Society will be offered for sale, according to the rules of the Society.

Parties desirous of subscribing for stock can do so at any time by calling upon the Secretary, at his office, where copies of the rules and By-laws of the Society can be had, and general workings of the Society explained.

Officers.—A. McCormick, Esq., President; P. A. Egleson, Esq., Vice-President.
Directors.—A. Pratt, Esq., W. Cousens, Esq., Thos. Hanly, Esq., John Stewart, Esq., James Smith, Esq.
Solicitor.—R. Lees, Esq.
Bankers.—The Bank of British North America.

JAMES EGLESON,
Ottawa, May 27. — Secretary-Treasurer. 444-td

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.
May 4. — 426y

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 25, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA, } *TO WIT:*

THE QUARTER SESSIONS of the RECORDER'S COURT for the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the County Court House (old Jail), in said city, on

Monday, the Third day of June next,

At the hour of ELEVEN of the Clock, in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff's Office, — High Bailiff.
May 23, 1867. — 443td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.
Ottawa, May 15, 1867. — 435-20-w-td

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.
May 7. — 428tf

M. WHITE,

(FROM QUEBEC.)

BEGS to announce to the Citizens of Ottawa that he has opened a branch of his

BOOT AND SHOE

Business at No. 41, Sparks-street, (opposite Magee & Russell's), and is prepared to supply those who may favor him with their patronage, from an assorted stock of superior quality, or manufacture to order.

His terms are CASH on delivery of the goods.
May 21, 1867. — 440-4

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET,

Established by James Brough & Co.,

1845,

WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.

Apply to
KENNEDY & BUCKE,
or JAS. BROUGH.
May 21. — 440-tf

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE
OF
Household Furniture
ALL NEARLY NEW,

Made by Wm. Drumer, of Quebec,

AT THE RESIDENCE OF R. H. TEMPLE, Esq., corner of George and Cumberland-sts., next door to James Bailiff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff, on Saturday June 1st, at the hour of 2 p.m., consisting of:—Black Walnut sideboard, (a very superior article) hair seat chairs, sofas, couches, centre and side tables, extension dining table, what-not, hat stand, bureaus, bedsteads, spring mattrass, washstands, dressing tables, looking glasses, carpets, oil cloth mats; a large quantity of superior crockery and glassware, cooking and parlor stoves, pipes, kitchen utensils, &c.

Terms cash in bankable funds.
Sale positive and without reserve as the owner is leaving the city.

H. McLEAN.
Ottawa, May 27. — Auctioneer. 441-td

AUCTION SALE OF Household Furniture

AT the residence of Joseph Bouchette, Esq., Richmond Road, near the residence of John Rochester, Esq.,

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst.,

At the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m.,

All the Household Furniture, consisting of Carpets, Chairs, Bureaus, Washstands, Bedsteads, Sofas, Centre and Dining Tables, Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, Glassware, Crockery, &c., &c., all in good order.

Sale positive as the gentleman is leaving the city.

Also, a superior 7-octave Piano-Forte.

H. McLEAN.
Ottawa, May 22, 1867. — 441td

ANNUAL SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

☞ Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
439-td — *Auctioneer.*

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Montreal, May 15. — Auctioneers. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flower Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

GRAPES & STRAWBERRIES,

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

GREAT inducements offered to those that are willing to work and take orders. Every order of $5, I will add 25 plants of the Golden Queen. For an order of $10, one Grape Vine and 25 plants; and so on in proportion to the amount over $10.

J. B. CLINE offers to the public a remarkable Strawberry, THE GOLDEN QUEEN. It is of a beautiful bright scarlet color; of high flavor, and enormously productive—many berries measuring six inches in circumference. It ripens fifteen days after the Wilson, and is thus most valuable as a late berry for family use or marketing. I picked nice berries of the Golden Queen as late as the 17th of July.

Every person should set out largely of the Green Prolific. The berry is nearly as large as the Golden Queen, very early, tender and sweet. It is recommended very highly in the eastern part of the state where it is better known. In fact, the Golden Queen and Green Prolific are the two best berries in cultivation. The Golden Queen sells in our market for four shillings per quart where the Wilson, on the same stand, only brings twenty-five cents—never have sold the Golden Queen and Green Prolific for less than twenty-five cents, when the Wilson brought only twelve cents. Many persons in Rochester are setting a bed of the Golden Queen on purpose to mix the berries with the Wilson—they get from five to seven cents more per quart for the Wilson by doing so.

Copied from the Southern Rural, printed at Amity City, La.

THE GOLDEN QUEEN STRAWBERRY.—Those who desire to raise a fruit of Tomato size and Strawberry flavor, will find just what they are looking for in the Golden Queen. Judd, of the *American Agriculturist*, printed in New York, says: "It is a veritable strawberry, and one of the best varieties yet raised, either for house use or for the market," and until occular demonstration proves to the contrary, we are bound to believe it.

	per doz.	per 100.	per 1000
Golden Queen	$1 00	$5 00	$30
Green Prolific	1 00	5 00	30
Great Agriculturist	1 00	4 00	25
Knox's Jucunda	1 00	4 00	25
Triomphe de Gand	50	2 00	15
Wilson's Albany	50	2 00	15
Early Scarlet	50	2 00	15
Hovey's Seedling	50	2 00	15

Strawberry Plants can be set until late in the Fall if covered well with leaves or straw.

Peach and Apple Trees, 30 cents each; Pears, Cherries and Plums, $1 to $2 each; Orange Quince, 75 cents each. Evergreens, Roses and Shrubs of all descriptions. General assortment of House Plants.

I will guarantee all orders to be delivered in good order. I can send by mail from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the Strawberry Plants, in one package, and from six to twelve Grape Vines, postage paid.

Cash orders filled in rotation. Orders marked C. O. D., the buyer must pay the express charges, and I will pay the collection.

J. B. CLINE,
No. 8 Howell-st.,
443tf — Rochester, N.Y.

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.
Ottawa, May 22, 1867. — 441y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING STOVES!

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.
&c., &c.,	&c.

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.
Ottawa, May 24. — 441y

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT,

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Ontario Bank, Bowmanville, — Cashier.
April 20, 1867. — 428-td

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—
Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoricière Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.
April 27. — WM. HEARN. 420y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, May 10. — 431y

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. — 230y

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and **Shoe Store!**

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.
Ottawa, May 8, 1867. — 429-y

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

☞ Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

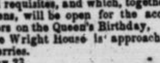
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon. A choice supply of the above can always be had *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR Constantly on hand, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10. — 405tf

TRUNKS. TRUNKS. TRUNKS.



Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.
May 8, 1867. — 429-3m

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamised and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamised and Gravelled Road Company.
May 21. — 440td

☞ *Citizen* and *Daily News* copy till date.

The Wright House, Hull,

Hull Landing.

THOSE portions of the Wright House left standing by the fire which destroyed the main building, have been fitted up with a bar, which is supplied with choice liquors, and the usual requisites, and which, together with the fine gardens, will be open for the accommodation of visitors on the Queen's Birthday.

The Wright House is approachable by any of the ferries.
May 23. — 442tf

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.
Ottawa, May 18, 1867. — 438-d

THREE DAYS MORE ONLY!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

☞ Great Bargains for Cash Only. ☜

N.B.—We intend opening out in the Bishop's New Building, Sussex-st., near the Cathedral, next week.

GRANT & HENDERSON.
May 27, 1867. — 444 y

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS,
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS,
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS,
DRESS GOODS,
—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. — 442y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	**Hats,**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. | **[20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. — 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milions, Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

O. M. HOLBROOK.
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, March 13. — 381y

100 DOZEN New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. — 438y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. — 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. — 435-y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY.

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 3s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb. each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserve and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.
Ottawa, September 10. — 22-tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—all CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.
Ottawa, April 13. — 408y

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.
Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.
May 1. — 4 3tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.
Ottawa, February 23 1867. — 366tf

STEAMERS.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal..........$6 00 each.
First class.......... 3 50
Second do.......... 2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA

FORWARDING COMPANY

LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON,......J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,.......Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,....... " LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,....... " FINDLAY.
OREGON,....... " HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,....... " TONER.
JASON GOULD,....... " OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,....... " DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,....... " COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,....... " BLONDIN.

On the opening of navigation until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO., Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents

OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 384f

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
Front Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a m.	At Prescott 9.35 a m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Prescott, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at.......... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at.......... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over-night at Island Pond.......... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at.......... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
410-6 Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL

Clarence Street, Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN

Ottawa, February 20, 1867 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

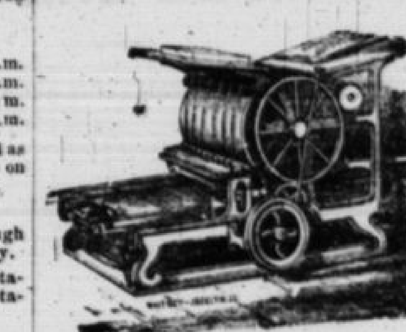
JOHN BROWN, *Recording Secretary.*

Ottawa, May 16, 1867. 435a-20w-2

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT *"A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,

BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

NOTICE.

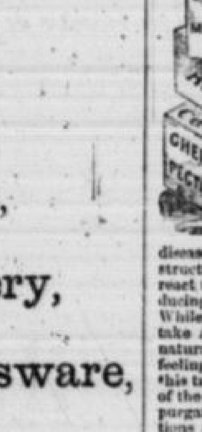
COUNTY OF CARLETON,
To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.

By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-20wtd



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867 368d3w9

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS,

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL,
425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries.

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform
Collodian
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked; never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letters of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two or the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties; where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will be charged for every additional township named in the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 425-c

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 454:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of

M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street

Ottawa December 2 314tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
12tf Asst. C. E. C.

THO RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The [arms] Times

VOL. II. NO. 446. OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MAY 29, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU.
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK.
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE.
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
CHS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 15. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 45-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350x

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 45-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-106-y

BUSINESS CARDS.

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington-Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flock's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 1. 235tf

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-

Board.
THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to
W. J. PITT.
Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-d

DRUGGISTS.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
28, Sparks-street
436-y

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S,
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital. - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES.
London,...... Liverpool,........ Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits...... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year...... 25.31
And each subsequent year...... 26.74
Which payment is subject to farther reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS.
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS,
BEAVERS,
PETERSHAMS,
DEVONS,
WHITNEYS
IRISH FRIEZE,
CANADIAN DO.,
BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,
BEDFORD CORDS,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,
BANNOCKBURN DO.,
HALIFAX DO.,
KERSEYS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS.
COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SMOCKS,
SOCKS,
MITTS, WOOLLEN
Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK,
BAGS, LINEN,
Do., TRAVELLING,
COTTONS, STRIPED,
Do., BLUE,
Do., GREY,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12.
O'MEARA & CO.
227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers, Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Ganding Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'
Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,
No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,
Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.
ALL KINDS OF
Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, &c.,
Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.
LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,
In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.
Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.
N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.
May 6. 385-3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner.
408-tf

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE.
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lot attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c. apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6 00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 7 423d

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET,
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Iodi Lane—the most sure leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large mahing establishment at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first class tenant need apply. Possession given immediately
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10.

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430 tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town
May 8. 22ptt

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO.
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2.

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq. in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417d

HOWE'S
Boot and Shoe Store.
REMOVAL.
AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our store in
No. 10, Rideau-st.
Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.
G. HOWE & SON.
Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.
April 27. 420y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

LENDING LIBRARY
AND NEWS DEPOT.
A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers
A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks st.
May 17. 437d

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—
PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &C.
Prepared by
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT
East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20.

THE METROPOLITAN
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27.

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand.

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,
JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.
THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.
JOHN RITCHIE.
May 18. 438 6m

The Wright House, Hull,
Hull Landing.
THOSE portions of the Wright House left standing by the fire which destroyed the main building, have been fitted up with a bar, which is supplied with choice liquors, and the usual requisites, and which together with the fine gardens, will be open for the accommodation of visitors on the Queen's Birthday.
The Wright House is approachable by any of the ferries.
May 23. 442tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

St. Patrick's Literary Association—J. McCarron.
Her Majesty's Theatre—John Townsend.
Second Night of Wilson's Great Company.
The Canadian Conveyancer—J. Rordans, Toronto.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.20 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES,	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, *via* Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, *via* Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 29, 1867.

☞ *For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.*

It is pleasant to notice that our guests from Montreal, on the 24th, have returned home with very kindly recollections of the manner in which they were treated by the people of Ottawa. We have seen in the *Telegraph* and *News*, lengthy accounts of the day's proceedings with very graphic descriptions of the La Crosse match, and both reports unite in speaking well not only of the Ottawa players, but of the Ottawa people generally.

Yesterday the officers and clerks of the Department of Agriculture, waited in a body on the Hon. Minister, and presented him with a cordial address of congratulation on the occasion of his return to Ottawa. Mr. McGee made an appropriate acknowledgment, and expressed the confident hope that, under whatever administrative changes Confederation should render necessary, no officer or clerk in the public service who had given satisfaction would be placed in any less favorable position, in the future, than he now occupied.

The Pembroke *Observer* takes the Ottawa Times severely to task for the "arrant nonsense" in a paragraph recently published concerning political matters in North Renfrew. It contained but six lines and a half, and the "nonsense" consisted in characterising Mr. Shaw as "a broken down politician," because he had been beaten at a former election. We acknowledge the justice of the *Observer's* strictures, and state in explanation that the paragraph was accepted as a mere item of political news (the "sting in its tail" having been overlooked,) and inserted in the Times without the knowledge of the editor. Will the *Observer* be good enough to make this explanation to its readers? As a matter of fact there is hardly a public man of note in Canada West—if we except a very few, who have had the good fortune to fall in with "pocket boroughs"—who has not suffered occasional reverses in election contests, and no one would seriously quote it as a reproach to Mr. Shaw, that the same fate had befallen him on the occasion of his first attempt to gain a seat in the Legislature. The *Observer* may have also noticed, perhaps, that we had occasion to speak of Mr. Shaw, some few months ago, in relation to a paragraph which appeared in that delectable organ of virulent gritism, the Perth *Courier*, and we then referred to him in terms quite at variance with the animus in the last two lines of the little paragraph which has aroused our contemporary's indignation.

The prominence given by Mr. Galt in his Lennoxville speech to the desirability of bringing the Pacific Colonies, as well as Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland, within the limits of the Canadian Confederation, as well as the reference both by Mr. Cartier and Mr. McGee to the same subject, in their reception addresses in this city, prove that our statesmen are not content to rest with the measure of Confederation already accomplished. The purchase of Russian-America—*Walrussia*, as the *Tribune* facetiously terms it—by the American Government, has been rightly interpreted by two at least of the gentlemen named, and we are satisfied, as we stated when the purchase was first announced, that its lesson for us is to hasten the admission of the Pacific Colonies into the Confederation by every possible means. But for this purchase, and the unsatisfactory state of feeling at present existing among the people of the North-west and on the Pacific Coast, the wisdom of agitating for the bringing of these distant Colonies within the Dominion of Canada, at the present time, might fairly have been doubted. The Hudson's Bay Company's claims must be settled or set aside, and the North west Territory admitted—we must, in fact, extend to the Rocky Mountains before we can go beyond them. And we must have some passable means of direct communication with these colonies before we can hope to give practical effect to their union with us. The Intercolonial is a condition to the Union of the Maritime Provinces with Canada—can we embrace the North-West and the Pacific Colonies within the Dominion without some similar provision for intercommunication? Sometime ago, we urged the propriety of representing to the British Government that a guarantee for such a loan as the financial resources of the country would be able to bear, for the purpose of extending communication westward, would serve both Imperial and Colonial interests little less effectively than will the Intercolonial Railway. There is, of course, this to be said in favor of giving precedence to the building of the latter, that it is required for the preservation of existing interests, whereas in the West the interests to be served, would in great part be created through the establishment of communication. But if the desire of the British Columbians for union with Canada is to be gratified, as it ought to be gratified, with the least possible delay, our public men will have to face the question of providing the means for building roads and improving the water communication between Canada and the North-west. The time was when the "opening up of the North-west" was one of the stiffest planks in the platform of some who now affect to ridicule the idea of fresh loans for the construction of needed public works, with the view to the introduction of population into these, as yet unoccupied lands, but we know not of a better policy to preserve to us the youth and vigor of our own people, and attract the surplus population from other countries, than to open up a field for immigration within our own borders. This will be done to some extent in the Eastern Provinces by the building of the Intercolonial Railway, but it certainly could be achieved on a vaster scale by opening up the fertile lands of the North-West.

Economy is no doubt desirable, but the speedy opening up of the North-West was a part of the policy of the Government of the new Dominion, determined on by the Quebec Conference. It is true that the time was not fixed, beyond the general declaration that it should be done "as soon as the *finances* would permit," but the parties to that Conference are pledged to the expenditure of money in this regard, and no mere cry of economy ought to restrain the Government from undertaking such works with that view, as the country can afford, in the interest of its own future progress. It is no economy to permit our young men to expatriate themselves in search of employment, if by enlightened practical statesmanship the resources of our own country can be brought profitably within the reach of their industry. It is no economy that shuts up vast tracts of territory against settlement; that keeps immense deposits of mineral ores slumbering in the earth for the want of roads, to make their mining profitable; that allows commerce to travel hundreds of miles out of its way for the want of a practicable canal, which would doubtless also prove a profitable one if constructed.

The Atlantic Provinces of Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island do not present the same difficulties in the matter of intercommunication as do the Pacific Colonies; but they do present difficulties which may be hard to overcome. Confederation must make its own way in these Islands, and, doubtless, now that the Union has been formed without them they will take sometime for observation, that they may study its working before committing themselves to its trammels.

"The Friendship of Canada.—Our British friends, in the neighboring Province of Canada, are preparing to give Jeff. Davis a *quasi* official reception. The Toronto *Telegraph*, in noticing his discharge on bail, remarks that 'after two years of unlawful imprisonment ex-President Davis is free.' The same paper, in another column, approves the sentence of Colonel Burke, in Ireland, for being associated with the Fenians, and contemplates, with a joyous satisfaction, the quartering of his body and placing of the bloody remnants at the disposal of her gracious Majesty the Queen. Burke, in his Fenian operations, was not auxiliary to a single death, while it is notorious that Davis allowed thousands of helpless prisoners to perish of starvation, within five minutes' walk of his headquarters. Such is British consistency, and such is its sense of friendship to us."—*Wilkes' Spirit, N. Y.*

The anti-British prejudices of our United States neighbors are kept alive by just such trash as the above. Nobody in Canada has ever dreamed of giving Mr. Davis a reception. Since his arrival in this country his privacy has been far more respected than it was by the inquisitive Yankees.

LOCAL NEWS.

Trooping the Colors.—The 100th were out yesterday in bright array with their band, and their parade included the interesting military ceremony of trooping the colors.

New Theatre.—The theatrical representations at the Rink last night elicited the most unbounded applause. The house was well filled, and on leaving, all the people spoke in high terms of the entertainment.

Protestant Orphans' Home.—The appointed visitors to the Protestant Orphans' Home, for the month of June, are Mrs. H. V. Noel and Mrs. Thorburn, by whom donations to the above charitable institution will be thankfully received.

A Man Shot.—Yesterday, a man was shot at Brown's Wharf, Buckingham, in attempting to enter a house to which it seems he had at least a show of right. The man who is said to hold illegal possession of the house shot him whilst endeavoring to effect the entrance.

Accident.—A man we believe named Charlebois, had the misfortune to fall from the new woolen factory, at New Edinburgh. At first it was thought he would die; Dr. Grant was sent for, when it was found that no bones were broken, and fortunately not seriously injured.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

Ottawa, May 28, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 38 above zero.
8 a. m., 53 above zero.
Noon shade, 77 above zero.
Noon sun, 99 above zero.
6 p. m., 61 above zero.

The Bazaar.—We have much pleasure in stating that the sum realized by the ladies of the Bank-st. Church, at their late bazaar in the Victoria Hotel, amounted to the handsome figure of $783.30. The ladies beg to convey through the medium of this paper their grateful thanks to the proprietors of the Victoria, to Lieut.-Col. Campbell, Prof. Webster, Mr. Orme, and the various kind friends who aided them in their late undertaking. Also to E. McGillivray, Esq., they would beg to tender thanks for a handsome donation of $20.

Police Court.—Mary Woolfert was charged with being drunk and disorderly, and discharged for want of sufficient evidence.—Julia Ring charged with assaulting Oliver McDonald, a little boy; Mrs. McDonald, mother of the boy, said defendant took her child by the hair of his head and dashed him to the ground, when he bled fully a quart, and was unable to stand. The neighbors came into the house and did all they could, and with the aid of cold water he was brought to, but he was still lying in bed unable to be brought to court; his hat was torn to ribbons. Mrs. Hays corroborated the testimony of the first witness. During the examination of both witnesses, the defendant kept up a continual fire of hard questioning which the magistrate was unable to stop. Fined $5 and costs; or two weeks in jail. The latter alternative was the only possible one as Mrs. Ring had not the money. Certain members of the La Crosse Club were charged with making a noise on the night of the Queen's birthday. The police officer who laid the complaint was out of town yesterday on business. The only witness for the prosecution was policeman Jordan, a new hand, and his evidence proved that they were singing on their way home, and that they were not riotous, nor did they attempt to molest any one, or break the peace in any way. The magistrate did not think any wrong had been done by the young men, and the case, which should never have been commenced, signally failed. The members of the Ottawa La Crosse Club courted a strict investigation of their conduct, and were greatly disappointed to find no evidence attempted, even that could lead to an investigation. They were therefore honorably discharged.—The adjourned case of Miers against Douglas, for abusive and threatening language. Mrs. Coldwell said Douglas was passing by in the morning with his two children when Miers called to him, and said here is your fancy woman, meaning his (complainant's) wife, come and fetch her, she is not quite ready. It appears that the same evening Douglas insulted him, and threatened to shoot him. Defendant was ordered to pay the costs.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

THE FENIANS REPORTED CONCENTRATING AT BUFFALO!

Our Volunteers Held in Readiness in Case of an Attack.

Toronto, May 28, 1867.

There is a rumor that the British consul at Buffalo arrived here this afternoon, and informed the military authorities that the Fenians were quietly concentrating there with a view of an immediate attack. Troops are to be held in readiness here, and the volunteers are jubilant over the report. This statement is made on the strength of the assertion of a captain of the Tenth (10th) Royals, to whom Brigade-Major Dennis communicated the intelligence. Dennis gave him permission to publish it, so that it may be looked upon as authentic.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 28, 1867.

The first steamer of the opposition line to Quebec, the *Union*, is expected here to-morrow. Fares have been reduced to $1 for cabin passage to Quebec, and 25 cents for steerage.

Weather very fine, and business uncommonly brisk.

FROM PLANTAGENET.

Plantagenet, May 27, 1867.

A fatal affray occurred here this morning about four o'clock, in which one man was shot dead and two others badly injured. A party of eight men endeavored to take forcible possession of Barrie's saw mill, when the men inside fired on them, killing a man named Alex. McMartin. The rest of the party forced an entrance, but were received so roughly that two of them were carried off *hors du combat*. An investigation takes place this evening.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

FROM EUROPE.

Progress of the Reform Bill.

London, May 28.—The clauses of the Reform Bill providing for the more liberal extension of the franchise have been adopted by the House of Commons.

Another Fenian Sentenced to be Hanged.

Cork, May 28.—O'Brien, yesterday declared guilty of high treason, was to-day sentenced by the Judge to suffer the extreme penalty of the law. It is supposed the sentence will be commuted to imprisonment for life.

House of Commons.

London, May 28—Midnight.—At the close of the session to-night, all the sections of the Reform Bill, as amended, had been accepted by the House of Commons, except that portion which provides for the redistribution of seats in Parliament.

House of Lords.

In the House of Lords to-night, the Bill continuing the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Ireland was passed.

An Official Denial of French Charges.

Berlin, May 28—Evening.—The Bavarian Government officially denies the statements made by the French press, that Prussia was strengthening her fortifications, and increasing the armament of the city of Rastadt.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Indian Fighting.

St. Louis, May 28.—A despatch from Omaha says a fight occurred on the 16th instant, at Pine Bluff, between a party of men cutting railroad ties and the Indians. One white and six Indians were killed. Another fight occurred at Cheyeundi Pass on the 26th instant, in which one white man was killed.

Law and Order (?) in Kansas.

Kansas City, May 28.—Twenty-five citizens started in pursuit of the Richmond bank robbers, yesterday. In the fight, B. W. Wilson was instantly killed by Bayne Jones, a notorious buskwhacker.

Arrival of the Scotia.

New York, May 28.—The steamer *Scotia* with European dates to the 19th arrived this morning.

A fine gold chronometer watch was presented in Liverpool, on behalf of the President of the United States, to Capt. S. B. Hughes of the British ship *Queen Victoria*, for rescuing 31 persons from the American ship *Acquilla*.

—The Conservative press has been accused of late of seeking to obliterate party distinction for the selfish purpose of securing a continuance of power to its own party. The accusation is a most unjust and unreasonable one. As a matter of fact, party distinctions *have* for the present been obliterated by Confederation. It is not the Conservatives who are trying to apply the sponge to any clear lines of demarcation, but it is one arch-agitator who is trying hard to retrace an effaced line. The Conservatives accept the situation as it is. A great constitutional change has been carried by the united efforts of the two great parties in the country, and that change has done away with all the causes of contention between those parties. That is simply how the matter stands; and not Conservatives only, but, as Mr. Brown has found to his cost, men of all parties seem disposed to recognise cordially the new situation, and to return men to Parliament who shall be perfectly free to give their support to any good Government that may be formed. Probably Mr. Brown did not reckon upon this as one of the results of Confederation; but whose fault is that? If he has allowed himself to be betrayed into patriotism and so spoiled his own game, he has only himself to blame. He was surely old enough and big enough to take care of himself when he entered the Coalition and *ought* to have known what he was about.—*Montreal Gazette.*

—A negro woman left her two little children up in her room in Philadelphia, and the following chapter of accidents ensued: The children set fire to the room while playing with matches, and they were suffocated to death; a fireman, while endeavoring to extinguish the flames, was struck on the head with an iron hook and killed, and the house of Dr. Clintock, in the vicinity, caught fire from a spark of a steam engine at work on the first fire, and was almost entirely destroyed.

—The Paris *Punch* has some caricatures of the Yankees in Paris. The best represents one in a private box at the Chamber of Deputies, who says to the janitor, "I mean to see everything during the exhibition. Here are $50, just hire Mr. Thiers to make a speech, now, while I sit here."

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FROM EUROPE.

The Fenian Sentences all Commuted to Imprisonment.

London, May 28—Evening.—It is authoritatively announced that government has commuted all capital sentences of Fenians to imprisonment for life.

A Danish Denial.

The Danish government has addressed a circular note to its representatives at the courts of the European powers, denying the report that the Prussian Cabinet had entered into negociations with the cabinet of Copenhagen, with a view of bringing about the retrocession of Schleswig to Denmark.

A Letter from Kossuth.

Turin, May 27.—M. Kossuth has written a letter on the state of political affairs in Hungary. He condemns the action which M. Deak, leader of the popular party, has seen fit to adopt in the Hungarian Diet, and in his dealings with Austria, and blames him for swerving from the true path, which a Hungarian patriot should follow.

Arrivals Out.

Glasgow, May 27—Evening.—The S. S. *United Kingdom*, and *Columbia*, from New York have arrived.

Brest, May 28.—The steamship *Ville de Paris* from New York 18th, has arrived.

Queenstown, May 28.—The steamship *Tarifa*, from New York 15th, has arrived.

Southampton, May 28.—The *Hammonia* from New York 18th, has arrived.

Londonderry, May 28.—The *Nestorian* from Quebec 15th, has arrived.

Queenstown, May 28.—The *City of Limerick* from New York 11th, has arrived.

Havre, May 28.—The *Fulton* from New York 11th, arrived last Wednesday.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Attempted Assassination.

New York, May 28.—The *Herald's* special says: An attempt to assassinate an agent of the freedmen's bureau in Virginia, was made a few days since.

The "Grand" Fenian Army.

New York, May 28.—The *Herald* says: The proposed Fenian raid is taking a definite shape. A secret circular has been distributed to all the circles, calling them to arms. Munitions of war in large quantities have been taken toward the border, and secreted, ready for use when wanted. Quite a number of persons supposed to be Fenians are in St. Albans, Vt. Fifty thousand troops are reported ready to take the field, backed by 50,000 more in case of need.

A Righteous Decision.

Baltimore, May 28.—In the Supreme Court yesterday, the case of Adeline Price *vs.* Northern Central Railroad, was concluded. The action was for damages for killing plaintiff's husband, in May 29, 1866, by first crushing him between their cars, and then locking him up all night in one of their warehouses without medical attendance. The man after being so locked up during the night, crawled into a corner of the warehouse, where next morning he was found dead. Verdict for plaintiff for $15,000 damages.

New York Money Market.

New York, May 28.—Stocks at second board steady. Gold 136¼.

The *Post* says there is a better feeling in financial circles to-day, but business continues dull, and devoid of animation. Loans are easy, but active at 6 per cent., with exceptions at 5 @ 7. Commercial paper dull at 6½ @ 7½ for choice names, and 8 for other grades. Foreign exchange firmer.

CITY COUNCIL.

City Hall, May 20, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Robinson, Bangs, Friel, Goulden, Heney and Martineau.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that a special committee, to consist of the Mayor, Ald. Cunningham, Traversy, Heney, Friel and Martineau, be named to prepare an address to be presented to the Hon. G. E. Cartier on his arrival in this city in recognition of his services in the great question of Confederation, and in consideration of the debt of gratitude due to him by the citizens of Ottawa for his generous and statesman like support of the Queen's decision in reference to the seat of Government; and that the said address be presented to him by the Mayor and corporation.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the council desiring to recognise the services of their volunteers, and to enable them to entertain the Victoria Rifles expected to be present on the Queen's Birthday, do authorise his Worship the Mayor to grant a cheque in favor of the commandant, Lieut.-Col. Wily, for the sum of $200, to be expended for the purpose, as he may see fit, suspending rule 41 for the purpose.—Carried.

Yeas—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Friel, Heney, Martineau.

Nays—Bangs, Goulden and Guerard.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that owing to the domestic affliction of Ald. Rochester this council do now adjourn until Wednesday the 22nd inst., at 7 o'clock, p.m., then to meet for general business.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

VEGETATION NO. 4.

Notes on the general phenomena of vegetation in the neighborhood of Ottawa, between the 22nd and 29th of May, 1867.

The localities visited during the week were McKay's Woods, McKay's Bay, the woods on either side the new road leading into Gloucester from Bank-st., and the north bank of the Rideau, west of Billings' Bridge. The botany of the last mentioned place is peculiarly rich, and includes a few rare plants which have not been elsewhere found near the city.

So late as the 27th, the leaves of our trees and shrubs were found in every stage of development, from the nascent bud to the fully expanded leaf.

Quercus rubra, Quercus macrocarpa Ulmus fulva, U. racemosa, U. Americana, Fraxinus sambucifolia, F. Americana, F. pubescens, Celtis occidentalis, Juglans cinerea and Carya amara were the most backward; being without leaves, they presented rather a wintry appearance.

In Fagus ferruginea, Tilia Americana, Acer saccharinum, A. Pennsylvanicum, and in the different species of Prunus, the branches were partially covered with small leaves, but slightly expanded; while in Ribes, Rubus, Populus, Viburnum lantanoides, and shrubs generally, many of the leaves were pretty fairly developed.

Coptis trifolia was observed in bloom for the first time on the 25th, but it was evident from its appearance that it had been in this state for three or four days. At the same time, the sterile flowers of Viburnum lantanoides were found fully expanded with a few only of the fertile flowers.

On the 27th Aquilegia Canadensis was found quite plentiful in a favorable situation, and although the buds were abundant, and a diligent search was made for flowers, we found but a single plant in bloom. In the same place last season, it was further advanced on the 20th of May.

Taraxacum Dens-leonis, Betula excelsa, Acer saccharinum, Viola Muhlenbergu, Antennaria, plantaginifolia, Fragaria vesca, Ribes prostratum and Ribes rubrum commenced to blossom about the 23rd. The flower-buds in the following named species did not commence to open until the 25th, viz.: Aralia trifolia, Lonicera ciliata, Cerastium viscosum, Mitella diphylla, Tiarella cordifolia, Ranunculus abortivus, Viola pubescens, Thalictrum dioicum, Actæa spicata, var. alba, Carpinus Americana, Ostrya Virginica, Arisaema triphyllum and streptopus roseus.

Of Crytogamous plants the fructification of Equisetum arvense and E. sylvaticum were first observed about the 22nd, and that of Cistopteris fragilis and Botrychium Virginicum a few days later.

Plants that have come into bloom since the beginning of the month may now be found in great profusion in any of our woods and thickets.

The most accessible locality is that which may be arrived at by the new road leading from Bank-st., above alluded to.

The painted Trillium, hitherto supposed to be rare in the neighborhood, is found here in great abundance, and is associated with a number of other pretty flowering plants.

THE FENIANS.

Lord Derby Refuses to Lay Before Parliament Documents Showing the Support Received by Fenians in Foreign Countries.

In the House of Lords on the day of the 10th instant the Marquis of Clanricarde rose to ask, pursuant to notice, whether the government had taken any steps to obtain correct reports of the evidence given upon the trials for treason and participation in the Fenian conspiracy, in order that they might be at the proper time communicated to Parliament, together with such information as the government might possess, regarding the objects, ramifications, and full extent of the conspiracy. It was not merely a report of what took place at the trials of the Fenian prisoners, and it was still less a report of the speeches of counsel that he wanted; but there were three points in which he thought information was needed. It was extremely desirable, in the first place, to know what had been the origin and what the progress of this Fenian conspiracy, and what steps had been taken or left untaken by the government until the conspiracy broke out into rebellion. In the next place, it was proper that Parliament should be informed how far the conspiracy had been disseminated among her Majesty's subjects, or encouraged by any society either in this country or in Ireland; and what encouragement it had received from subjects of this country being in the United States of America. A third point, not less essential to be known, though it involved a matter of great delicacy, was what encouragement or assistance these conspirators received either from foreign powers or foreign individuals. It was said that the conspirators had been in communication with persons on the continent of Europe; but though some of the prominent rebels had been on the continent, he believed that in Europe very little encouragement had been given to them. On the other hand, it was known they had met with great sympathy in America, and had obtained there material aid both in money and arms. It must be understood that he did not mean to imply any participation on the part of the government of the United States in these proceedings, and it would be borne in mind that that government acted in the most friendly manner at the time of the Fenian invasion of Canada. He believed that the government of the United States had behaved with good faith, but it was a matter of little doubt that the Fenian conspiracy had received from individuals in the United States, whether emigrants from Ireland or others, aid and assistance, which made them proceed in the desperate project which they attempted to carry into effect in Ireland. He hoped that a full and truthful narrative of the present Fenian trials in Ireland would be secured by the government, with the view of having materials furnished to Parliament which might serve to guide it in its future legislation for that country.

The Earl of Derby—It is the habit of your Lordships' House to allow considerable latitude to any noble lord in putting a question, but I must say I have seldom observed a greater instance of the excessive use of that latitude than is furnished by the speech of the noble Marquis, whose notice that he meant to ask the government for certain information never led me to imagine that he was about to travel at such a length over the history of the conspiracies which have taken place in Ireland, tracing the Fenian conspiracy back to the rebellion of 1798, dwelling on the objects of that rebellion, and winding up with a reference to a resolution—which I think was hardly worth bringing under the notice of the House, containing the terms in which the Council of the Reform League have thought fit to speak of the Fenian prisoners now under sentence of death for the crime of high treason. I do not propose to follow the noble Marquis into any of the topics with which he dealt; I shall content myself with returning a simple answer to the questions which he has asked. In reply to the first question, "whether government have taken steps to obtain correct reports of the evidence given upon the trials for treason and participation in the Fenian conspiracy," I have to state that the Attorney-General for Ireland has taken steps to secure a report of the evidence at all those trials from competent short-hand writers. I venture to doubt, however, whether it would be in accordance with the ordinary practice of Parliament that we should be called upon to lay upon the table of the House all the evidence which may happen to be adduced in cases which come for trial before the legal tribunals of the country. It is quite clear that Parliament cannot act as a court of appeal from those tribunals, and it is not only unusual, but I think it would be inexpedient to produce evidence given before them, unless some special ground should arise for calling in question any portion of their proceedings. (Hear, hear.) The noble marquis further wishes to know whether we have any objection to lay upon the table "such information as the Government may possess regarding the objects, ramifications, and full extent of the conspiracy." Now, I cannot conceive that it would be of any advantage to Ireland at the present moment—nor do I look forward to any period when it would be likely to be—that the Government should lay before Parliament any information they may have obtained with regard to the formation and objects of this Fenian conspiracy, and still less that they should make public documents showing the countenance and support which such conspiracies may have received from foreign States. (Hear.) Any course more likely to embroil this country with foreign powers, and to raise embarrassing discussions, I cannot imagine than that of laying before Parliament all the information which we have collected or may collect on those important topics. (Hear.)

CARDINAL CULLEN ON FENIANISM.

Cardinal Cullen, in a pastoral, on the devotions peculiar to the month of May, read in the various churches and chapels of the diocese of Dublin, on the 5th, alluding to Fenianism, says:—"Rev. brethren, I beg of you to use your influence during this month to banish every remnant of Fenianism from your respective parishes. Those who took part in that unhappy system must now see that, while they rejected all friendly advice, they put their lives at the mercy of spies and informers, the most wicked and degraded class of human beings. Exhort all who have been led astray, and have incurred the censures of the church by joining a secret organization, to retrace their steps, to seek for absolution for their transgressions, and to determine to shun for the future all those societies which are condemned so wisely by the church. When those who have gone astray show signs of true repentance, the church will act as a tender mother towards them. While condemning the evil deeds of secret societies, from which we may expect nothing good, we cannot be indifferent to the sad and falling state of our country. The people are still flying from the land, and nearly three millions of its people have emigrated; our towns and villages are decaying, trade and commerce are at a stand, ruin and desolation are on every side. Can such a state of things be amended by human wisdom, or are our rulers able to encounter such difficulties? The Scripture says: "Do not put your trust in princes, in the children of men, in whom there is no salvation." But, dearly beloved, let us put great confidence in God, and humbly invoke his protection. Let us recommend our country and ourselves to the powerful intercession of the blessed Mother of God, and our hopes will not be frustrated."

A Secret Worth Knowing.—Some horse dealers have discovered that by the use of Darley's Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine their horses are so much improved in every respect that they will readily sell for from $25 to $60 each more than they would otherwise, and at a cost of not more than $1 each. We consider this a secret worth knowing, and one which all who own horses should not fail to profit by; it is unquestionably the best horse medicine ever sold. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

The Lumber Trade.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for the want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans, on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, cramps in the stomach, burns, bruises frost-bites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per bottle.

SIR ARCHIBALD ALISON.

The cable brings us intelligence of the death of the celebrated historian, Sir Archibald Alison. In the world of letters, in the early part of the present century, there was none so celebrated as he. His writings, graceful and able, were seized with avidity by the English and American reading public, and the labors of his maturer years prove of invaluable service to the student of European history. He was born at Kenley, December 29, 1792, his father, a Scotch divine, having before him created for himself a name as the author of "Essays on Taste," appearing in the *Edinburgh Review*. Educated at the University of Edinburgh, he adopted the law for a profession in 1814, and, having travelled considerably over Europe, he was, in 1823, appointed to the honorable position of Advocate-General. From this post he rose gradually, distinguishing himself for a keen energetic lawyer, and in 1828 he became a member of the Crown Council. Four years later he was appointed Sheriff of Lanarkshire, an office which is, in Scotland, the highest judicial station next to the bench. In the same year he published his first work—a rather dry one—"The Principles of Criminal Law," and a year later a companion volume from his pen appeared, "The Practice of the Criminal Law." By these two works his reputation as a writer was established, and so much were they esteemed that they became standard authorities with the bar of Scotland. He now turned his attention to the great work with which his name will always be associated. The first volume of "The History of Europe" appeared in 1833, and the successive nine volumes at intervals during the successive years. This work achieved an immense success. It ran through a large number of editions in England, was reprinted in this country, and translated into French, German, and even Arabic and Hindoostanee. This well-known work is one of the most remarkable historical compositions in existence. The information contained in it must have taken a large number of years in its compilation, and a considerable charm attaches to it from its entire reliability. Sometimes the author allows himself to be biassed by his high Tory principles, but these occasions are few, and the work is probably the most unprejudiced that may be found. To those who have seen it, the clearness of the style and brillancy of the ideas contained in it, must have been apparent, and the later volumes to the time of the assertion of Louis Napoleon are characterized by a conscientious accuracy and unbiassed criticism. The other works of Sir Archibald Alison are his "Principles of Population" and "Life of the Duke of Marlborough." In 1851 he was elected rector of the Glasgow University, and soon after the foundation of the Derby-Disraeli Cabinet, was created a baronet. His death forms a gap in the literary world difficult of filling up.—*N. Y. World.*

CONFEDERATION IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

(From the St. John Telegraph.)

The *Chronicle* has been harping lately on some of the imaginary penalties to be borne by this Colony in the event of its becoming a part of the neighboring Kingdom of Canada; but, as is customary with that journal, a one-sided view only is exhibited. We now propose a peep at the other side of the picture.

The defences, and the interest of the Railway line, are the two bug-bears at present. For the cost of defending the Confederacy an arbitrary sum has been selected as that which must be borne by the colonists, of which one-twenty-ninth, or one-thirtieth, would be Newfoundland's share. These sums certainly appear very formidable—on paper. But, it must be borne in mind that *now* this Colony is pledged to pay for its own defences, and that it is only due to the *pauper* plea, that we cannot afford it, that we are not compelled to fulfil our engagement. The true question then is, would it cost less, if within the bounds of possibility, to defend this Colony in its isolated position than it would if a part of the Confederacy. No sane man would hesitate as to the answer—NO.

Next, we are told that although the Railway may benefit the Colonies already united, it cannot do us any good. Is this true? Certainly not. For if transit for pork, butter, flour, &c., be cheapened to the sea-board, we must reap the advantage. Ten cents a barrel on our imports thus saved, would be an equivalent for our share of the interest on the loan, even supposing that work no more than paid working expenses. We believe we are correct in stating that, even now, such provisions as we require can be purchased on better terms in Canada than in the States. Then, if confederated, Canadian produce would pay no duty here, and taking into account the great advantages of unrestricted trade, there can be no question that the gain to our consumers would be fully equal to fifty cents per barrel. Thus, if we estimate our imports of provisions as equal to 300,000 barrels, we have a clear saving to the colony of $150,000. The more closely this subject is investigated, the more satisfactory will the result prove.

SPEECH BY THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales has long been known to be fond of the society of literary men and artists, and in consequence he has shown great interest in the products of pen and pencil. The other day he was a guest at the Royal Academy banquet, and in reply to the toast of his health and that of the Princess, spoke as follows:

Sir Francis Grant, your Royal Highness, my Lords and gentlemen, I beg to tender you my warmest thanks for the very kind manner in which you have proposed and received the health of the Princess of Wales and myself. (Cheers.) I feel sure she will be deeply gratified for the kind words you have this evening uttered—(cheers)—and I am glad to say that, although she has now for very nearly two months been kept to her room by a long and serious illness, she is now progressing towards recovery. (Loud and continued cheering.) I beg, also, Sir Francis, to thank you for the very kind manner in which you have alluded to the interest I take with regard to science and art. I need not tell you that I do take such an interest. (Cheers) If I may say so, I take the same interest which my parents have always taken, although I may not have the same experience or knowledge; still I hope I shall always tread in their footsteps in that respect. (Cheers.) I am flattered, Sir Francis, by your statement that I have shown an appreciation of art in becoming the possessor of a work by so celebrated an artist as Sir Edwin Landseer. I think it would be impossible to find at this table any one who would not feel the same appreciation of so admirable a work of art. (Cheers.) I obtained the picture under somewhat peculiar circumstances. It had been painted for a private person who was kind enough to give it up to me. (Cheers.) Sir Edwin Landseer, although he has been before the public for many years as a painter, has within the last two months achieved great distinction as a sculptor—(loud cheers)—and has produced one of the finest monuments of art that exists in this country. (Cheers.) He kept us, perhaps, some time in waiting for his lions—(a laugh)—but the result has certainly been a most magnificent one. (Cheers.) With reference to the exhibition now before us, I think I may say that for many years we have not seen a finer exhibition.—(Cheers.) The names of Grant, Watts, Millais, and others I need not particularize. (Cheers.) Last year, we had to mourn the loss of Sir C. Eastlake, and now we have to lament the departure from among us of another Royal Academician, Mr. Philip, to the vivid truthfulness of whose pictures from Spanish life I, myself, from being in Spain, can amply testify. (Cheers.) I beg, my lords and gentlemen, again to thank you for the kind manner in which you have proposed and received the toast of my health, and the still kinder manner in which you have received the health of the Princess of Wales. (Loud and continued cheering.)

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

MONTREAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Flour.—Receipts show a decrease on those of last week. The market has been generally quiet, and transactions restricted to actual requirements. Some few round parcels for Quebec and other markets have changed hands, most on p. t. The city demand has been steady but quiet; no special anxiety to press sales has been shown, but as opportunity has offered buyers have been freely met, and we have to note a slightly easier market towards the close. Superfines of ordinary quality range from $9.25 to $9.30, and the choicest parcels adapted for city trade have gone in single hundreds at from $9.30 to $9.45. No. 2 is in fair request, and good samples bring $8.75 to $8.80. Fine has sold to a limited extent at $8.10 to $8.30; and Middlings at $7.60 to $7.75. The higher grades are in restricted supply and demand, quoted rates representing for the most part broken parcels. *Bag flour* has latterly been less inquired for, and to effect sales some abatement from recent extreme rates has to be made; latest transactions have been at $4.45 to 4.55; medium samples mostly going at $4.50. *Rye Flour* is quiet but steady, there have been no speculative transactions reported of late, small sales are made mostly at $6.25.

Oat Meal.—There have no parcels lately changed hands; single hundreds find buyers at $6.60 to $6.65 for good Upper Canada.

Corn Meal.—We note limited sales in bond at $5, and duty paid at $5.25.

Wheat.—There are some parcels of U.C. Spring offered at $2.10, but $2.05 is the most offered. Receipts are for the most part direct to millers.

Peas.—Heavy receipts and limited export facilities have combined to cause a dragging demand, and but a limited amount of business can be noted, and at rates favoring buyers; most of the reported transactions have been at 93c to 94c per 60 lbs, afloat, and 92 cents has been accepted in one or two instances.

Oats.—Are dull, and prices have materially declined. Some cargo sales have latterly been made at 41c to 42c.

Barley.—There is a limited consumptive demand; rates for good 70c to 75c, poorer samples ranging down to 65c.

Seeds.—Both Clover and Timothy are in the merest retail demand. Dealers prefer selling their stocks to increasing them at this season. Quotations may be regarded as purely nominal.

Pork.—Mess is but little inquired for, and the few sales that are made aid the turn in favor of buyers. Prime Mess and Prime are active, and the small stocks are gradually working off into consumption.

Lard—Continues very quiet—the demand is entirely by retail.

Hams and Cut Meats.—The price varies materially with quality, cut, &c. Some samples of roughly handled country cured meat have been sold at low prices. Choice and well cut city hams are in steady retail demand at our top quotations.

Butter.—A good deal has lately changed hands at about 9c. for shipment as grease to Britain, and it is probable that the remainder will shortly find its way thither at about the same figure. Choice new sells at exceptional prices, being as yet very scarce, but as soon as receipts improve, a decline is anticipated.

Ashes.—Both Pots and Pearls have been in very small demand during the week, and prices have declined, especially for bills shewing any considerable loss on tares, such being barely saleable at even a reduction on quotations.

SMUGGLING INTO THE UNITED STATES.

The *New York Shipping List and Prices Current* of May 11th says:—"The Commissioner of Customs reports that during the year ending 31st Dec., 1866, the officers of Customs for the prevention of smuggling seized contraband goods to the amount of four hundred thousand dollars, and that the expense of the whole preventive system for the same time has not been over two hundred thousand dollars, while the revenue service cost from one and a quarter to one and a half millions annually, and the value of smuggled goods seized by the revenue cutters during the year does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

"Canadian Customs officers aid smugglers to send goods to this country, just as American Customs officers would aid smugglers on this side were the case reversed. It was so in former times between England and France, until both countries modified their absurd revenue laws. The smuggler always beats the law, smugglers never can exist unless the law is so bad that men desire it should be beaten.

"Since the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty there has been a large increase in the trade between Nova Scotia and Canada. There are now two lines of steamers between Quebec and Halifax, and a line is to be put on between Quebec and Pictou. Formerly Nova Scotia received about 300,000 barrels of flour from the United States, and 6,000 to 7,000 from Canada. Now the receipts are reversed, and about 7,000 barrels are taken from the United States and 300,000 from Canada."

This is, at all events, a candid statement, and we think it is one, too, which will excite very grave doubts regarding the wisdom of the financial policy of the United States towards these Provinces. We should like much to know what proportion the four or five hundred thousand dollars worth of seized goods bears to the whole amount *not seized*. One thing we may be quite sure of that the United States will form no exception to the rule that "where there are high duties there will be extensive smuggling." We know nothing of the charge of complicity against the Canadian Customs officers; it may be true, but we are inclined to think it is not. At all events, that is only a side issue, and is confessed as likely to be exercised on one side as the other. If England and France found it impossible to prevent smuggling until "both countries modified their absurd revenue laws," we may be quite sure that the thousands of miles of frontier between Canada and the United States afford no better opportunity.

The fact is, intelligent Americans are beginning to see that the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty has lost them a good customer, without producing them any corresponding benefit in other ways. They are beginning to find, too, that the imposition of heavy taxes upon the necessaries of life, (for such to a large extent must the lumber, fish and breadstuffs of these Provinces be considered,) is not the best way of enabling them to bear the burden of their vast indebtedness, while as a means of forcing us into annexation it is worse than useless. Frankly we would like to see better and kindlier views prevail, and that the two nations should be content to dwell side by side, each respecting the other's rights and institutions, and knit together by that bond of peace which perfect freedom of trade is so well calculated to perpetuate.—*Trade Review.*

—The Manchester *Examiner* of May 9, speak ing of the progress and direction of steam travel from Europe, says:—"Steamers now cross the Atlantic in nine days, and there is a steamer building for the North German Lloyd's Company which will, it is expected, cross in eight days. When the Pacific Railroad is completed it will be possible to reach San Francisco from England in a fortnight. From thence it will be possible to reach Hong Kong in three weeks. At present, a person, by travelling eastward, can reach Hong Kong in six weeks. Before long a struggle will take place for the traffic of the far east, which will either pass to Western Europe, over the American continent, or along South-western Asia, as at present. The dream of Columbus will possibly be verified, that the western route is the way to the Indies, unless railways are laid along the banks of the Euphrates and the Persian Gulf, and through Burmah to Canton. Englishmen are now living who will probably travel to China by rail, with the exception of crossing the British Channel and the Dardanelles.

Baker on Livingstone.—Sir Samuel Baker, the African explorer, writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* in favor of the proposed expedition in search of Livingstone's remains. He says "the British lion will no longer inspire respect when his teeth are drawn and his claws are cut, and Africa will be closed to Europeans should we allow Englishmen, especially consuls, to be murdered or insulted with impunity. It is therefore the first duty of the country to inquire into the fate of Livingstone, whatever may be the cost or risk of the expedition. This has been already proposed by the Royal Geographical Society and seconded by Lord Stanly. Is it possible that the voice of an Englishman should be raised against the search?"

A JAPANESE NEWSPAPER.

(From the Japan Times, March 16.)

We have seldom sat down to a pleasanter task than the review of the first number of *The Ban Kok Shin Bun Shi*, (*The Ban Kok Shin Bun Shi* [All Countries News Hearing Paper]. Vol. I, No. I. Printed, published, and edited by the Rev. Mr. Buckworth Bailey: Yokohama, March 1, 1867), a bi-monthly or trimonthly journal published in the vernacular by the Rev. Mr. Buckworth Bailey—which does equal credit to editor and printer, and which has in itself strong seeds of vitality in the shape of a number of paying advertisements, the increase of which may be fairly looked for, and by the help of which the price may soon be lowered, and its circulation increased in proportion. The paper makes its appearance before us in the shape of a quarto pamphlet of fourteen pages, stiched *a la Japanaise*, on the right instead of the left hand side, and to be read, as Europeans would call it, backwards. The title page bears a picture of a P. & O. steamer with an enormous rising sun behind it, on the face of which is inscribed the title. Information as to the name of its editor and date and place of publication, is given above, and the whole presents a very neat and original effect. Turning over the page, we find the introductory article, which we quote. It will be seen that the editor carefully and judiciously abstains from any expression of his political views, and confines himself to a statement which in the columns of any other newspaper but his own would be treated as an advertisement. He writes:—

"Announcement.—This newspaper is designed to make the Japanese people acquainted with occurrences of interest which take place in foreign countries."

"As the diary of a member of the Japanese Embassy to Europe has been published and read with interest, and as Japanese are now allowed to visit foreign lands, it is presumed that the intelligent people of this country wish to learn something about other countries, as such knowledge cannot fail to be useful."

"We shall try to publish the paper two or three times every month, so as to give to the Japanese the foreign news as quickly as possible after the mail steamers arrive at Yokohama."

Our Fortifications.—It is now nearly fifty years since our fortifications have been looked after in any way, we think it is now high time, and that it behoves our government to put them in a proper state of defence, and have our lakes and rivers well protected, "one ounce of prevention is worth one pound of cure"; but while we are protecting ourselves against a foreign enemy we should not forget to fortify ourselves against bruises frost-bites chilblains, pains in the back and side, cholic, cholera morbus; the Canadian Pain Destroyer is the most effectual medicine. Sold by all dealers in medicine at 25 cts. per bottle.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, May 28, 1867.

Flour—	Extra	10 00	10 50
	No. 1	9 50	0 00
	No. 2	7 00	7 30
	Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	5 15
	" Spring "	0 00	4 40
	Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 25	0 00
	Indian Meal "	5 00	0 00
	Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	0 00
	Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	0 00
	Buckwheat	6 25	0 00
Wheat—	Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	1 95
	Spring "	1 70	1 85
Corn—	Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	0 70
	Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	0 85
	Oats " 34 lbs	0 50	0 60
	Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	1 50
Pork—	Mess—per barrel	20 00	20 60
	Prime Mess per do	15 00	0 00
	Hog per 100 lbs	6 50	6 75
	Hams	0 12	0 13
	Beef	0 00	0 00
	Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	0 10
	Lamb—per qr	0 07½	0 08½
	Geese—Each	0 40	0 45
	Turkeys—Each	1 00	1 50
	Fowl—Per pair	0 50	0 70
Butter—	Choice Table	0 18	0 20
	No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	0 14
	No. 2 do	0 00	0 00
	Eggs	0 11	0 12
	Apples—per brl	0 00	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—	Potatoes	0 60	0 70
Hay—	Per ton	18 00	19 00
Wood—	Per cord	3 50	3 50
	Green do	2 50	2 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
428-1a-19y 42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address,
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
428-1a-19y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that, it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere.
350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Lessee and Manager ..... *John Townsend.*

ENGAGEMENT of the following highly talented artists from NEW YORK, BOSTON, and PHILADELPHIA, in addition to the whole of the late Stock Company, forming in their combination,

THE LARGEST,
THE MOST RESPECTABLE,
AND MOST TALENTED
DRAMATIC COMPANY,

That have ever appeared in Ottawa.

Mr. Wallace Britton,
Mr. John Mortoff,
Mr. John Webster,
Mr. George Summers,
Mr. Saville Johnstone,
Mr. Hubert Hastings,
Miss Clara Montague,
Miss Blanche Moravia,
Miss Jennie Smythson.

Mr. Hamondi,
Madame Hamondi,
John Townsend,
Harry Townsend,
Frank Mortimer,
Alfred Hudson,
Alfred J. Riel,
Thomas Vincent,
George Sinclair.

Mrs. Townsend,
Miss Florence Townsend,
Miss Constance Grosvenor,
Miss Sarah Townsend.

OPENING NIGHT

Thursday, May 30th.

The Flowers of the Forest;

OR,

The Woods of Old England.

THE ROUGH DIAMOND

NEW COMPANY,
NEW SCENERY,
NEW WARDROBE,
and SENSATIONAL PIECES.

☞ Season Tickets now ready.

May 29. 446-td

SKATING RINK.

Wednesday Eve'g., May 29, 1867.

WILSON'S

Broadway Theatre.

TRIUMPH.

Second Night of the Great Company.

WEDNESDAY evening, MAY 29, 1867, will be presented for the first time the beautiful and life-like drama, by the celebrated English dramatist, DION BOUCICAULT, Esq., entitled

THE OCTOROON.

Zoe (the Octoroon).....ALICE A. HARRISON.

The entire strength of this great company in the cast.

Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. 446-1

ST. PATRICK'S

ERIN GO BRAGH

LITERARY ASSOCIATION!

NOTICE.

THE ELECTION of Officers of the above Association for the current year will be held at the

ST. PATRICK'S HALL!

ON

Saturday ev'g. next, the 1st June,

☞ Commencing at 7½ o'clock, p. m.

The Committee of Management have ordered Cards of Membership, which can be procured from the undersigned at the Hall every evening between 7 and 8 o'clock, p. m., without which Card no person will be admitted on the evening of election.

J. McCARRON,
SECRETARY.

Ottawa, May 29. 446td

NOW READY,

The Canadian Conveyancer.

A SELECTION of concise Precedents in Conveyancing, carefully revised and adapted to the new Registry Law, containing, in addition to the ordinary Conveyancing Forms many special Forms relating to the procuring and transfer of Patent Rights, the acquisition and transfer of Mining rights, &c., &c., with other special Forms now first published—with an introductory Essay on the Law of Property in Ontario, especially valuable to students. The whole forming a compact and convenient collection of Conveyancing Precedents—by J. RORDANS. 2nd edition, revised and enlarged, price $2, full bound. Sent free to any part of Canada on receipt of amount.

J. RORDANS,
Law Bookseller and Stationer,
88 King-st., Toronto.

Toronto, May 26. 446-3

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET,

Established by James Brough & Co., 1845,

WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.

Apply to

KENNEDY & BUCKE,
Or JAS. BROUGH.

May 21. 440-tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

H. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 25, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

NOTICE.

THE SECOND MONTHLY MEETING of the Mutual Building Society, will be held at the Secretary's office, 89 Sussex-st., (up stairs) on THURSDAY the 6th JUNE, at 7:30 p.m., when the second instalment of the stock will be payable, and the funds available of the Society will be offered for sale, according to the rules of the Society.

Parties desirous of subscribing for stock can do so at any time by calling upon the Secretary, at his office, where copies of the rules and By-laws of the Society can be had, and general workings of the Society explained.

Officers.—A. McCormick, Esq., President: P. A. Egleson, Esq., Vice-President.

Directors.—A. Pratt, Esq., W. Cousens, Esq., Thos. Hanly, Esq., John Stewart, Esq., James Smith, Esq.

Solicitor.—R. Lees, Esq.

Bankers.—The Bank of British North America.

JAMES EGLESON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

☞ Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Waves.

May 7. 428tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURRER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents

OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

May 21. 440td

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage he has received since he opened a branch of his business here, begs to state that he has this day disposed of it to Messrs. GEORGE JAMES BLYTH and WILLIAM KERR, who will carry it on for the future under the name and firm of BLYTH & KERR, and for whom he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage, and from their experience of many years in the various branches of the business, he feels confident they will give satisfaction to all who may employ them.

CHARLES GARTH.

N. B.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr will also act as Agents for me here and take orders for work to be executed at my Montreal establishment.

Ottawa, May 1st, 1867.

WITH REFERENCE to the ABOVE, we, the undersigned, have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Copper and Tinsmiths,

And will constantly keep on hand a good assortment of HOUSEFURNISHING

HARDWARE

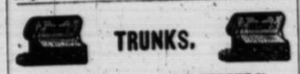
STOVES,

IRON FURNITURE, &c., &c.

And hope that by moderate charges and prompt attention, to receive a continuance of the same liberal patronage.

BLYTH & KERR.

May 1. 423tf



TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

AUCTION SALES.

SALE OF A CARRIAGE BY AUCTION.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer, will sell by Auction, THIS MORNING, on the Market-square, Lower Town, at half-past TEN a. m., a very nice

Covered Carriage--Single.

It has been but little used, and is one of Gingras make, Quebec.

Also a large quantity of Window Sashes, three different sizes; together with a quantity of Household Furniture—6 hair cloth chairs, 1 easy chair, cupboard, tables, bedsteads, &c., &c.

Also 1 beer pump, 1 pair counter scales, and sundry other articles.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

445-y

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

ALL NEARLY NEW,

Made by Wm. Drumer, of Quebec.

AT THE RESIDENCE OF R. H. TEMPLE, Esq., corner of George and Cumberland-sts., next door to James Balliff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff, on Saturday June 1st, at the hour of 2 p.m., consisting of:—Black Walnut sideboard, (a very superior article) hair seat chairs, sofas, couches, centre and side tables, extension dining table, what-not, hat stand, bureaus, bedsteads, spring mattrass, washstands, dressing tables, looking glasses, carpets, oil cloth mats; a large quantity of superior crockery and glassware, cooking and parlor stoves, pipes, kitchen utensils, &c.

Terms cash in bankable funds.

Sale positive and without reserve as the owner is leaving the city.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 27. 443-td

ANNUAL SPRING TRADE SALE.

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

☞ Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer.

439-td

DIRECT FROM SHANGHAE!

CARGO OF TEAS.

Ex Barque "AVONDALE," Ogilvie, Master, from Shanghae, to Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO.

WE shall sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th MAY instant, the Cargo of the "Avondale," consisting of

6,888 Packages Green Teas,

at the Tea-room of Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., Montreal.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Montreal, May 15. 437td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 436y

GRAPES & STRAWBERRIES,

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

GREAT inducements offered to those that are willing to work and take orders. Every order of $5, I will add 25 plants of the Golden Queen. For an order of $10, one Grape Vine and 25 plants; and so on in proportion to the amount over $10.

J. B. CLINE offers to the public a remarkable Strawberry, THE GOLDEN QUEEN. It is of a beautiful bright scarlet color; of high flavor, and enormously productive—many berries measuring six inches in circumference. It ripens fifteen days after the Wilson, and is thus most valuable as a late berry for family use or marketing. I picked nice berries of the Golden Queen as late as the 17th of July.

Every person should set out largely of the Green Prolific. The berry is nearly as large as the Golden Queen, very early, tender and sweet. It is re-commended very highly in the eastern part of the state where it is better known. In fact, the Golden Queen and Green Prolific are the two best berries in cultivation. The Golden Queen sells in our market for four shillings per quart where the Wilson, on the same stand, only brings twenty-five cents—never have sold the Golden Queen and Green Prolific for less than twenty-five cents, when the Wilson brought only twelve cents. Many persons in Rochester are setting a bed of the Golden Queen on purpose to mix the berries with the Wilson—they get from five to seven cents more per quart for the Wilson by doing so.

Copied from the Southern Ruralist, printed at Amity City, La.

THE GOLDEN QUEEN STRAWBERRY.—Those who desire to raise a fruit of Tomato size and Strawberry flavor, will find just what they are looking for in the Golden Queen. JUDD, of the *American Agriculturist*, printed in New York, says: "It is a veritable strawberry, and one of the best varieties yet raised, either for home use or for the market," and until occular demonstration proves to the contrary, we are bound to believe it.

	per doz.	per 100.	per 1000
Golden Queen	$1 00	$5 00	$30
Green Prolific	1 00	5 00	30
Great Agriculturist	1 00	4 00	25
Knox's Lucunda	1 00	4 00	25
Triomphe de Gand	50	2 00	15
Wilson's Albany	50	2 00	15
Early Scarlet	50	2 00	15
Hovey's Seedling	50	2 00	15

Strawberry Plants can be set until late in the Fall if covered well with leaves or straw.

Peach and Apple Trees, 30 cents each; Pears, Cherries and Plums, $1 to $2 each; Orange Quince, 75 cents each. Evergreens, Roses and Shrubs of all descriptions. General assortment of House Plants.

I will guarantee all orders to be delivered in good order. I can send by mail from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the Strawberry Plants, in one package, and from six to twelve Grape Vines, postage paid.

Cash orders filled in rotation. Orders marked C. O. D., the buyer must pay the express charges, and I will pay the collection.

J. B. CLINE,
No. 3 Howell-st.,
Rochester, N.Y.

443tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST

AND BEST ASSORTMENT

OF

COOKING STOVES!

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.

&c., &c., &c.

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, May 24. 441y

ONTARIO BANK

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue.

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

☞ New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman,

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring each either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

☞ Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies;
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon.
A choice supply of the above can always be had
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR
Constantly on hand,
At the India Warehouse,
BROWNE & HARDY.
April 10. 405tf

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA,
TO WIT:

THE QUARTER SESSIONS of the RECORDER'S COURT for the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the County Court House (old Jail), in said city, on

Monday, the Third day of June next,

At the hour of ELEVEN of the Clock, in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
May 23, 1867. 443td

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 384tf

THREE DAYS MORE ONLY!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

☞ Great Bargains for Cash Only. ☜

N.B.—We intend opening out in the Bishop's New Building, Sussex-st., near the Cathedral, next week.

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 27, 1867. 444-y

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS,
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS,
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,

—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. 442y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	**Hats,**
Ribbons,	**Feathers,**
Flowers,	**Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [**20 Sparks-st.**

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milrons. Striped Tweeds.
Venetians. Cashings.
Vest Patterns. Broadcloths.
Cassimeres. Doeskins.
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK.
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHS, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb. each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canad

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	**Otard Brandy.**
50	"	**Martell's**
150	"	**Hennessey.**
75	"	**United Vinquels**

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

☞ *CALL AND INSPECT.*

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 40by

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Farmers Make a Note of It!

WHEN YOU COME TO TOWN YOU can buy

THE BEST TEAS,
THE BEST COFFEES,
AND GROCERIES

Of every description, either Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest cash prices from

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

N. B.—Always on hand a choice stock of WINES and LIQUORS of every description.

April 4. 14w2m

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE Township of North Gower intend, on the

Eighth day of June next,

At their Sittings in the TOWN HALL of said Township, to

Pass a By-Law

For the purpose of establishing a ROAD from the Front of the Third Concession to the Rear of the Fourth Concession of said Township, at or near the River Rideau.

JAS. B. EASTMAN,
Township Clerk.

North Gower, April 4 14w4

TO LET.

THE commodious Stone house and premises on Daly-st., with Garden, &c., (highly cultivated), formerly occupied by the late Sheriff Fraser. Immediate possession.

For terms, &c., apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW,
Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 22 445b

STEAMERS.

CANADIAN INLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

1867. 1867.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

The magnificent steamers comprising this line, viz.,

SPARTAN,
GRECIAN,
PASSPORT,
KINGSTON,
MAGNET,
and CHAMPION

Have commenced their regular trips between Montreal and Hamilton calling at all Intermediate Ports, connecting with the

Ottawa and Prescott Railroad,

Both ways, daily, Mondays excepted.

Passengers will find it to their advantage to travel by this route, it being the quickest and cheapest, as well as the most comfortable.

Meals and State Rooms always included in the Fare.

N.B.—Through and Return Tickets can be obtained at reduced rates from

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.
4448 Agents.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6.30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.
May 14 4448

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867

MONTREAL & OTTAWA
FORWARDING COMPANY.
LIMITED.
PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.
DIRECTORS:
W. McNAUGHTON ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to
D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.
ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Commen-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.
May 7 428 S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE	" FINDLAY
OREGON	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD	" TONER.
JASON GOULD	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC	" DUGGAN
PEMBROKE	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET	" BLONDIN

On the opening of navigation until further notice, the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days leaving at 2 p.m. connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 11:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4.30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 6 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior for at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.
Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

To Farmers, Lumbermen, &c.

To Let on Long Lease,
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,
A FINE FARM,
CONSISTING OF 400 ACRES, ON THE
Banks of the Ottawa,
On the first Range,
Clarendon, County of Pontiac,

With a fine House and splendid Garden, well fenced, and all the requisite out-buildings, Barns, Stables, &c.

A well of fine spring water and pump in the same.

THE FARM

Is nearly all cleared and well fenced, and is admitted to be the

Finest in Lower Canada.

A ready market is obtained for all farm produce on the spot. And a Grist Mill is in the immediate neighborhood.

Farmers or Lumbermen who wish to raise their own supplies this offers an advantage seldom to be met with.

For particulars apply to
MR. RATTARY,
at the Hotel, Portage-du-Fort,
or MR. REID,
22-3 Agent on the Farm, Clarendon.

Montreal *Gazette* and Toronto *Leader* will give the above three insertions—once a week—and send account to this office.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p.m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 4:00 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p.m., and 8:30 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.
Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. ... 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th May, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
410-6 Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN
Ottawa, February 20, 1867 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

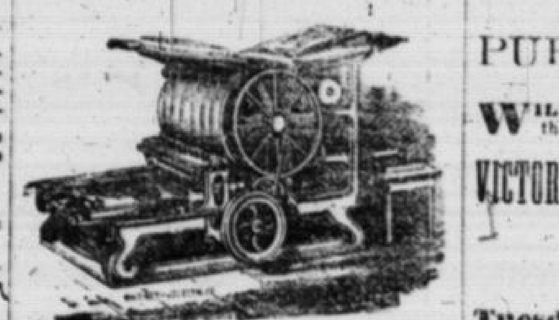
PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.
Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks Street, Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT *"A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH."*

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
Property to Sell
ADVERTISE!
Do you want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,
IN THE 6TH CONCESSION
GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC
FOR SALE BY
PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,
BELLEVILLE,
ON
Tuesday, May 28th instant,
at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.
Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette, News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star, World, Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader, Telegraph, Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator, Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-20wtd

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.
ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.
From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.
From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.
Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.
From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.
Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*
JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.
From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.
VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9-

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified,
A. CAMPBELL,
425a Commissioner of Crown Lands.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)
DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.
The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries.

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
397-tf Asst. C. E. C

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric,
Chloric,
Nitrous,
Sulphuric,
Chloroform,
Collodion,
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a License under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.
Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated *in* therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two or the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (it a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties; where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named in the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons, who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 12th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:
"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-10

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street
Ottawa December 9 314tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
12tf Asst. C. E. C.

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY
AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.
April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses* also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 447. OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,........ 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,........ 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 84, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, [illegible] 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

BUSINESS CARDS.

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 18-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 235tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 25, 1867.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

DRUGGISTS.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
430-y 28, Sparks-street

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE AGENCY.
Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,........ Liverpool,........ Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits........ $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year........ 25.31
And each subsequent year........ 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. .... Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,
BEAVERS,
PETERSHAMS,
DEVONS,
WHITNEYS
IRISH FRIEZE,
CANADIAN DO.,
BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,
BEDFORD CORDS,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,
BANNOCKBURN DO.,
HALIFAX DO.,
KERSEYS,
FLANNELS,
COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SMOCKS,
SOCKS,
MITTS, WOOLLEN
Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK,
BAGS, LINEN,
Do., TRAVELLING,
COTTONS, STRIPED,
Do., BLUE,
Do., GREY,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
BLANKETS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'
Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,
No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,
Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.
ALL KINDS OF
Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,
Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.
LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,
In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.
Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.
N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.
May 6. 385-3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
408-tf Commissioner.

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THE commodious Stone house and premises on Daly-st., with Garden, &c., (highly cultivated), formerly occupied by the late Sheriff Fraser. Immediate possession.
For terms, &c., apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW,
Sparks st.
Ottawa, May 28. 445b

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES
TO LET,
Established by James Brough & Co.,
1845,
WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.
Apply to
KENNEDY & BUCKE.
Or JAS. BROUGH.
May 21. 440-tf

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET.
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main street leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430-tf

For Sale.
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town
May 8. 429tf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is
TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROPERTY is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Ottawa and Gloucester
Road Company.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further
Call of Ten per Cent.
of the capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. Matheson, Esq., in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the 27th day of MAY next, 1867.
Dated this 22d day of April, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company
Office hours from 10 to 12 a.m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 417td

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING
TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN REturning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

GRAPES & STRAWBERRIES,
Fruit and Ornamental Trees.
GREAT inducements offered to those that are willing to work and take orders. Every order of $5, I will add 25 plants of the Golden Queen. For an order of $10, one Grape Vine and 25 plants; and so on in proportion to the amount over $10.
J. B. CLINE offers to the public a remarkable Strawberry, THE GOLDEN QUEEN. It is of a beautiful bright scarlet color; of high flavor, and enormously productive—many berries measuring six inches in circumference. It ripens fifteen days after the Wilson, and is thus most valuable as a late berry for family use or marketing. I picked nice berries of the Golden Queen as late as the 17th of July.
Every person should set out largely of the Green Prolific. The berry is nearly as large as the Golden Queen, very early, tender and sweet. It is recommended very highly in the eastern part of the state where it is better known. In fact, the Golden Queen and Green Prolific are the two best berries in cultivation. The Golden Queen sells in our market for four shillings per quart where the Wilson, on the same stand, only brings twenty-five cents—never have sold the Golden Queen and Green Prolific for less than twenty-five cents, when the Wilson brought only twelve cents. Many persons in Rochester are setting a bed of the Golden Queen on purpose to mix the berries with the Wilson—they get from five to seven cents more per quart for the Wilson by doing so.

Copied from the Southern Ruralist, printed at Amity City, La.
THE GOLDEN QUEEN STRAWBERRY.—Those who desire to raise a fruit of Tomato size and Strawberry flavor, will find just what they are looking for in the Golden Queen. JUDD, of the *American Agriculturist*, printed in New York, says: "It is a veritable strawberry, and one of the best varieties yet raised, either for home use or for the market," and until occular demonstration proves to the contrary, we are bound to believe it.

	per doz.	per 100.	per 1000
Golden Queen........	$1 00	$5 00	$30
Green Prolific........	1 00	5 00	30
Great Agriculturist........	1 00	4 00	25
Knox's Jucunda........	1 00	4 00	25
Triomphe de Gand........	50	2 00	15
Wilson's Albany........	50	2 00	15
Early Scarlet........	50	2 00	15
Hovey's Seedling........	50	2 00	15

Strawberry Plants can be set until late in the Fall if covered well with leaves or straw.
Peach and Apple Trees, 30 cents each; Pears, Cherries and Plums, $1 to $2 each; Orange Quince, 75 cents each. Evergreens, Roses and Shrubs of all descriptions. General assortment of House Plants.
I will guarantee all orders to be delivered in good order. I can send by mail from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the Strawberry Plants, in one package, and from six to twelve Grape Vines, postage paid.
Cash orders filled in rotation. Orders marked C. O. D., the buyer must pay the express charges, and I will pay the collection.
J. B. CLINE,
No. 8 Howell-st.,
413tf Rochester, N.Y.

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Summer Stock Dry Goods—Thos. & W. Hunton.
Court of Revision—Wm. P. Lett.
Dr. Chesley—Office, 25 Sussex st.
Plumbers and Gas Fitters—Blyth & Kerr.
Third Night of Wilson's Great Company.
Boarders Wanted—Mrs. Pardy.
Rowing Club—R. H. Haycock.
Situation Wanted—Address E., this office.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.	1.00 p.m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a.m.	7.30 a.m. and 1.00 p.m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.	11.30 a.m. and 5.50 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a.m.	6.00 p.m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a.m.	12.30 p.m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 30, 1867.

☞ For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

All the Ministers were present at the Council meeting yesterday except the SOLICITOR-GENERAL WEST, who we understand is detained at home through indisposition.

We understand that advices received yesterday, at headquarters, indicated that everything was quiet along the frontier. In fact, there is good reason to discredit the reports of renewed activity among the Fenians, with the purpose of making a fresh attack on Canada. The hopelessness of the attempt must have, by this time, fully impressed itself upon the leaders of the party, and though we may expect that the New York *Herald* and kindred prints will strive to keep the bubble afloat for the benefit of the news market, there is very little danger that anything further than continued watchfulness on our part will be required to keep the vagabonds at a distance. That this watchfulness will be continued the public have no cause to doubt; and with the advent of the new Government will come fresh measures for perfecting the defensive material of which the country is possessed.

A few days ago a rumor was started in Montreal, which if we mistake not owed its paternity to the *Herald* of that city—a very poor authority on cabinet questions—to the effect that the Hon. Mr. MCGEE was to be left out of the first Government of the new Dominion, and that in consequence his friends were very indignant, and had resolved upon bringing Mr. CARTIER to the book on the matter. It is hardly necessary for us to say the story was manufactured from whole cloth, doubtless for the purpose of provoking strife between the respective friends of the Ministers named, whose united action is a sore sight to the *Rouge* faction of the commercial capital. We cannot, for obvious reasons, speak at present of the *personnel* of the first Ministry under Confederation, beyond repeating in general terms what we said months ago, that undoubtedly it will be composed of the leading men of the existing Provincial Governments. Sound policy and common sense are agreed upon this matter—to suppose anything else would be to impugn the sanity of the GOVERNOR-GENERAL, whose prerogative it will be to call to his counsels such men as his own good sense will suggest to him would prove acceptable to the unionists in the several Provinces. But that any disagreement has existed upon this point between Mr. MCGEE and any of his colleagues, is utterly untrue. We are in a position to state that at no time has there been a better or more cordial understanding between Ministers, than at present exists; that no misunderstanding has taken place in regard to the future status of Mr. MCGEE, or any other Minister, and that there is not the remotest probability of any such misunderstanding occurring in the future. It is absurd to suppose that those statesmen who have staked their reputation on the success of the great scheme of Confederation, would make shipwreck of their fortunes on its very threshold, by personal considerations such as that suggested by the unfounded, and as we have reason to believe—maliciously coined rumor alluded to.

We thought the original coinage of so little consequence that we had not intended to allude to it, nor should we have done so, but for the unwarranted remarks which appeared in yesterday morning's *Citizen*, which are calculated, at a distance, to confirm the absurd statements started in Montreal. Our contemporary is of course at liberty to say who shall, and who shall not, be members of the first Government of the new Dominion, but it is not desirable that his vaticinations should pass for more than they are worth. When the proper time arrives it need not be feared but that HIS EXCELLENCY will surround himself with such advisers as will meet the expectations of the country, and the friends of Mr. MCGEE have no occasion to fear that he will receive any other treatment than that which his public services have merited. It may not be out of place in this connection to warn the friends of Union to be on their guard against the rumors which will no doubt be coined for political effect between now and the first of July. Rumor mongering is an old dodge, and it may be well imagined how valuable even a temporary disagreement between the friends of the Government would be to the fragmentary elements of opposition scattered throughout the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario. But we hope the friends of union, both East and West, will not be deceived by the stories of uninformed opposition scribes; let them wait with confidence until the proper time, when—after the first of July—they will have before them data upon which to form their judgment.

The "Candidate Cutting Machines" are getting into disrepute in the United States. The party convention or caucus is an instrument of tyranny, by the use of which the great body of electors are practically confined in their choice of representatives to two or more partizan nominees, neither of whom could, perhaps, of their personal merits, command the suffrages of a majority of the people. The difficulties attending the nomination of candidates among our neighbors have so impressed the members of the Loyal League of Philadelphia, that they have offered a premium of $500 for the best essay "on "the legal organization of the people to select "candidates for office," with prizes of $300, $200, and $100, for the second, third and fourth in merit. The New York *Tribune* advises the Americans to reduce the number *of elective, and increase that of the appointed*, officers; to "discard for the most part the "swindling machinery of regular nomina-"tions, and call by public requisition upon "fit persons to stand as candidates," and it even submits a form of requisition for the future guidance of the sovereign people.

This action betrays a consciousness of the baneful effects of party tyranny. For years the politics of our neighbors have run in one groove of trickery and deceit; policy has been twisted to suit the personal aims of those who pull the wires, and the independent public opinion of the country has had but the smallest possible share in determining the tendency of legislation. That the wire pullers have mainly succeeded through the agency of caucus or convention meetings, in degrading politics to the level of a mere conspiracy for office, no one conversant with the political history of our neighbors will pretend to deny; nor can it honestly be disputed that the existence of two camps of conspirators, having virtually the sole power of nominating to office, has done much to destroy the healthy influence of public opinion. It has often been the occasion of remark, that the greatest and really most popular men in the Republic never succeeded in winning a Presidential election, and but seldom a nomination for the office, and the reason has obviously been that a body of middlemen have always intervened between the people and the ballot box, and though, theoretically, the electors have the power of filling the office, they have had, in fact, but the privilege of deciding between the nominees of the several caucusses. The question, therefore, of the "legal organization of the people," for the purpose of nominating candidates, is to be solved by the abolition of these extra-legal bodies, who arbitrarily limit the privileges of the voters to a mere choice, as between the parties which the regularly nominated candidates severally represent; and to reach this end would involve the disruption of party organization, the breaking up of the party machinery, and the exercise of a little self assertion on the part of the electoral body. It is for the discovery of a means of escape from the tyranny of party that the Philadelphia Leaguers are willing to pay $500; it is as a protest against this same tyranny that the New York *Tribune* counsels the discarding of "regular nominations," and a resort to the good old fashioned British practice of calling out the candidates by requisition.

Conventions have also become an acknowledged instrument in the machinery of party politics in this country. Representatives who have returned to their constituencies for re-election have acknowledged the power of the party convention, by submitting their claims to its decision. Votes binding the members to support the nominee of the majority of the convention, no matter who that nominee may be, are regularly accepted as a matter of course; and any unfortunate elector who may have independence of mind enough to refuse to vote at the bidding of the conventionists, is denounced as a traitor to his party, though he may be acting from his honest convictions of what is best for the interests of the whole country. Conservatives and Reformers have both tried their hands at this convention business, but we question very much whether either party could point to a solitary county in the Province, where, as a standing institution, it has proved a real benefit, even in a party sense, and it cannot be disputed that its general tendency has been to place men of inferior ability in political life.

"A subscriber" is respectfully informed that no communications can receive any attention at our hands unless accompanied with the real name and address of the author. This rule admits of no exception; it is universally recognised by the press, and we did think that by this time it should have been understood by the public.

LOCAL NEWS.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon a carter ran into a buggy standing in front of a store in Sparks-st., and a lady seated therein was thrown out upon the sidewalk, fortunately she was not seriously injured.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY.—This society will hold a meeting on Saturday evening next, for the election of officers for the current year. To guard against illegal voting, members must be provided with their cards of membership in order to secure admission.

HUMAN REMAINS.—Several skulls and other human bones, as well as a small coffin, have been found by the men engaged in excavating a drain on Elgin-st. South. As the spot is beyond the limits of the old cemetery ground, some curiosity is excited as to how they came there.

VERY ATTRACTIVE.—In our advertising columns will be found the announcement that Messrs. Thomas & W. Hunton, dry-goods merchants, of Sparks-st., have just received a very choice variety of goods from Europe, purchased since the great fall in prices in the British markets, which they are now ready to sell at figures which will probably surprise people. Their new stock comprises everything usually found in the best establishments of the kind. For an enumeration of the principal articles, see advertisement; and to judge of their elegance and utility, see them.

THE ACCIDENT AT NEW EDINBURGH.—We understand that Charlebois, who fell off the woolen factory at New Edinburgh, is progressing favorably. Dr. Wood happened to be passing about the time he fell, and examined him; he had received some injury to the left shoulder, but not of a very serious character.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 29, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 50 above zero.
8 a. m., 56 above zero.
Noon shade, 62 above zero.
6 p. m., 61 above zero.

A ROWING CLUB.—We direct attention to the notice elsewhere published, calling a meeting at the "Queen Saloon" this evening, for the purpose of forming a Rowing Club. It is to be hoped the matter will be taken up with spirit. To be a crack oarsman is not among the least distinctions to be acquired in the wide range of athletic sports, and the waters of the Ottawa offer a training ground that cannot be surpassed.

THE CANCER DOCTOR.—After the verdict of the jury at the inquest on the body of Mary Abbott, on Tuesday night, James McEwen was taken to the residence of Mr. O'Gara, in the belief that the prisoner would be discharged forthwith. In this, however, the coroner was mistaken. The verdict was not sufficiently clear to warrant Mr. O'Gara in discharging him. *He was, therefore, taken back to jail to await* the decision of the Attorney-General, by whose order he was yesterday discharged.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.—*May 1867. New York, L. Scott, Publishing Co. Ottawa, J. Durie & Son.*—Contents: Brownlows, Part 5; Social Ambitions; A Modern Magician; Cornelius O'Dowd (several subjects); Trans-Atlantic Fenianism; How to make a Catalogue of Books; An Early Peep at the Show; The Reform Bill. Some of the articles are of especial interest—that on Trans-Atlantic Fenianism is a severe, though we think deserved scarification of our American neighbors.

GREAT ARRAY OF TALENT AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—By advertisement it will be seen that Mr. Townsend is determined to rely no longer upon the merits of his old company. He has engaged an array of talent for his theatre, such as has not been seen here before. Rivalry has now commenced, and we may expect to see something astounding in the theatrical world of Ottawa. Her Majesty's opens to-night with "Flowers of the Forest," or "the Woods of old England," by the new company, with new scenery, wardrobes, &c.

THE OCTOROON.—The representation of Dion Boucicault's drama, The Octoroon, drew a very large audience last night to the Rink, and all were apparently very much pleased. Miss A. Harrison, as Zoe, the Octoroon, which is, of course, *the* character, was very effective in many passages; but there are, judging from her style, other characters to which she could do more justice. Mr. P. A. Anderson, as Jacob McClosky, was very good, and so was Mr. G. W. Harrison, as Salem Scudder. Mr. Coon, as Pete, sustained his part very creditably, and on the whole the piece was very well sustained. The company will play "Our American Cousin," this evening, and if they succeed in doing that to anything like perfection, their reputation may be looked upon as secure.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

The inquest before Dr. Riel on the body of Mary Abbott, who died on Sunday morning last, at her residence, on Baird-st., was resumed Tuesday at two o'clock, at Beaucaire's hotel, Murray-st. We give the particulars of the evidence including that of the previous day. The first witness sworn was,

Annie Easdale—She said she had known the deceased ever since she could remember; she was feeble, but not in agony; she was suffering from cancer all the winter; she had not been treated for cancer till last Thursday, when a man named James McEwen applied a certain plaster to her breast, saying she would suffer a great deal for three days, but then she would feel easy enough; she had written five times to this man to get him to come; McEwen had applied a fly blister the day previous; after the application of the plaster the swelling increased upwards to her shoulder and down towards the bowels; Dr. Grant was called in on Saturday evening; I met him at the door, and he said she was dying from the effects of the plaster; McEwen came to see her after Dr. Grant left; she said let McEwen's plaster do its work.

Amelia Williams sworn—Have known deceased a year and a half; she had been complaining of a pain in her shoulder about a year. On Wednesday week I first heard from her that she was suffering from cancer; she had recently been in the Ottawa General Hospital; she said she did not like the way she was treated there; she said a man was coming from below to the city, to treat her for cancer; I saw the man on Thursday week for the first time; did not hear his name; when I saw him he was fixing a plaster to put to her breast; she was then moaning with the pain of her breast; the man said if she was not willing he would not put it on, but she said she had been waiting for him for three months, and he then put it on; it was of a dark color and spread on wadding; he made no incision; he was in the house next morning, and afterwards, but she did not seem to be suffering more than when I saw her first. Latterly, she felt as if something was choking her; she expressed fears that she would not live over Sunday; she had a feeling like two lumps in her throat, which she attributed to a cold taken in a cold, damp house. Dr. Grant came to see her, and said she was dying and he could do nothing for her; he said she was dying from the effects of the application to her breast. Afterwards, McEwen came in and she said, in answer to his question, that no one was to blame; that she did not blame him for it, for she had consented to the treatment. Never heard Dr. Grant say she died from the cancer.

Catharine Whelan saw McEwen in the house of deceased, and heard her say she thought she was better. McEwen said she had a bad cold.

To a Juror.—The house was not a proper one; it had bad smells, and I am sure she took a cold in it; she did not blame the man.

Ellen Whelan has known deceased five or six years; heard her complain of cancer the day she came out of the hospital; saw McEwen with the plaster in his hand, but did not see him put it on. I heard her say she suffered a great deal, but she did not blame the man; did not hear any one attribute the death of deceased to the plaster. I was up four nights with her.

To a Juror.—It was a house that nobody could stop in without taking cold. It was not fit for a healthy person—much less for a sick person.

James Abbott, son of deceased, sworn—I am 19 years old; the deceased was my mother. I have always lived with her, except five weeks, when she was in the hospital; she complained of suffering from cancer; two years ago, she was hurt by lifting a tub, when she heard something snap in her breast; the first appearance was a swelling; the first she applied to was Dr. Wood, who gave her something in a bottle to drink, but nothing to apply outwardly; afterwards, Dr. Bell gave her a box of salve; she went to the Hospital by the advice of neighbors, but was not treated for cancer there any more than she herself did at home. She knew of Dr. McEwen through my hearing of him from a boy whom I worked with; but she was too late to see him at his boarding house, and then she wrote to him time after time. When he came, he did not apply the plaster in our own place, but she went with him to get it put on somewhere up town. I saw him then for the first time. Before he put it on he asked if she was sound in the inside and said that if not he would be afraid to put it on; my mother said she was not hurt on the inside, and told him to put it on, and not be afraid, for she was sound; my mother told me this herself. I was in the house part of the time while he was there, but could not stand it and went out; he told her she would suffer for three days pretty much, but she said she could stand it. I never heard McEwen tell my mother that it was a dangerous remedy, nor that it was poisonous; he told her to nourish herself with the best; he came again on Friday, Saturday and Sunday. I was generally at my work when he came. I came in last Saturday evening when he was there, but he told her there was no danger. My mother said not to watch her, for she should not die till Sunday morning. She never said the plaster caused or hastened her death; she did not complain of her breast after the three days were up; but she did complain of her throat, and sent for a doctor, saying if that were cured, she would be all right. I went for Dr. Grant, and he came and examined her, he called me out, and said she was dying as fast as she could die, and that it was from the effects of the plaster. He also told me I must go to Dr. Riel, and have an inquest held on her. On her dying bed, she said she had no blame to the man, for it was her wish and desire, but she thought it was her throat that was killing her, which had been brought on in the cold house. She was speechless before she died.

Dr. Grant, sworn—Visited the deceased, to whom a plaster had been applied. Upon examination I found she was suffering most intense pain from her right breast, which had continued, according to the statement of her friends, "since the plaster took effect." The breast was then exposed, and the whole mammary gland presented a charred appearance, and felt very hard. The plaster was so closely adherent to its structure, that it could not be removed without increasing her sufferings, more particularly as the whole of the gland was involved. The symptoms were faintness, syncope, and general depression, associated with marked uneasiness. Being of opinion that these manifestations most likely resulted from the absorption of some poisonous ingredient, such as arsenic, which usually enters into the composition of cancer paste, I advised the family to send for Coroner Riel without delay, owing to the circumstances, that the deceased was in comparatively good health prior to the application of the plaster, and as she sunk rapidly afterwards; death, to all appearances, being hurried on either from the direct and powerful caustic action of this paste, or from the absorption of some of its ingredients. I believe the cancer was partly the cause of death.

To a juror—I believe if that plaster had not been applied, the woman might have lived for 12 or 18 months longer, but in time, no doubt, the cancer would have resulted in death. Having in conjunction with Drs. Beaubien and Bell, made a careful qualitative analysis of the plaster, which was in part still adherent to the mammary gland, removed at the *post mortem* examination by Drs. Beaubien and Bell, I found the presence of arsenic in large quantity, and having extended the examination to the muscular structure beneath the gland, well marked indications of the absorption of this poison were detected, inasmuch as the substance, arsenic, removed by chemical action from the muscular tissue, yielding conclusive evidence of its presence in the system in considerable amount, and sufficient to have induced the symptoms previously observed and stated in the former part of my evidence before the jury. The arsenic entered into the composition of the plaster. I am of opinion that the cold under which she was said to be laboring, was not of so severe a character as to induce her death. The swelling and symptoms of dryness in the throat, together with the increased pain about the chest and neck, resulted, in my opinion, from the absorption of the arsenic.

Dr. Beaubien—By order of the Coroner and the jury, *yesterday*, I proceeded with Dr. Bell to make a *post mortem* examination of the deceased Mary Abbott. We found a plaster on her right breast which we were unable to remove. We then removed the breast with the plaster on. It was placed under the Coroner's seal all night, and I have allowed no one to touch it except Doctors Bell and Grant, who attended the analysis, and I corroborate the evidence of Dr. Grant relating to the analysis. I remarked no swelling about the body. Deceased came to the hospital and remained there some weeks as a boarder. She wanted me to operate upon her for cancer, which both Dr. Hill, the consulting physician, and I, refused, for I was satisfied it would kill her. She left about ten days ago in good health, except her cancer.

Dr. Bell, of New Edinburgh, was present at the *post mortem* examination of the body of the deceased Mary Abbott. [Here the Dr. corroborated the previous testimony as to the analysis of the gland and plaster.]

The prisoner, who had been sent to jail the day before, was brought in and questioned. He said the paste he used was a cure used by a great Irish cancer doctor, to whom he sent for his supplies; he got it in a greenish powder, but did not know what it was composed of; he did not believe the doctor would tell anybody what it was. He had tried it in many cases, and never knew there was any danger in it, or he would not have used it. The prisoner is an old man, about sixty-five, a farmer of East Hawksbury, and appears a straightforward, honest, good natured man. He is uneducated, and could not sign his own name.

Verdict—"That the evidence adduced of the death of Mary Abbott, which occurred on the 26th inst., is that she was for months past laboring under a cancer of a serious nature; which in the belief of the jurors caused her death. Also the jurors aforesaid say that the cancer plaster, which was so imprudently and ignorantly applied by one James McEwen, with deceased's consent, added to the difficulty, and may have hastened her days."

The verdict was rendered at half-past eleven o'clock, Tuesday night.

THE FIRST OF JULY.

To the Editor of the Daily Times:

SIR,—It is customary every year to have a civic public holiday, to afford recreation to our citizens, and this year, I think, no time more opportune for that purpose than the natal-day of our new Dominion, which is to take place on the first day of July next. It marks a new era in our history, and as such ought to be particularly celebrated by an ovation of some kind; say, excursions, pic-nics, military review and trades' processions; and, in the evening, a torch-light procession and display of fire-works and illuminations.

It is to be hoped that the Governor-General will cause the necessary proclamation to be issued for a general holiday over the Dominion, and that, as most of the executive functionaries reside at the capital, and as a somewhat greater display ought to be made at the Seat of Government than in any other place, the Government will give a grant along with the City Corporation sufficient to ensure a display on the occasion worthy of the metropolis.

The reading of the Queen's Proclamation by the Mayor would be necessary, together with speeches from some of our leading statesmen. In regard to the military display, I think a review of all the volunteers in Central Canada, together with the regulars stationed in Kingston and Ottawa, would be a thing feasible and imposing. Our present regiment is about leaving us, and will no doubt be replaced by another. I think the military authorities would give us three or four troops of the Hussars at present in Canada, and a Battery of Royal Artillery, if our civic authorities would only provide the necessary accommodation.

Yours, &c.,
NOVUM REGNUM.

Ottawa, May 29, 1867.

THE LUMBER TRADE.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for the want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans, on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, cramps in the stomach, burns, bruises, frost-bites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per bottle.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 29, 1867.

The Committee entrusted with the erection of the Volunteer Monument met yesterday. The treasurer made a statement of the finances, and showed that the abandonment of the one dollar limit had produced good results. Letters were read from Montreal, Quebec, &c., proving that brisk contribution was going on towards the funds. The work will be commenced at an early day, although circumstances compel its postponement beyond the anniversary of Ridgway.

The Commissariat Department at Halifax advertise here for two thousand barrels of flour, for the troops in that city. This is looked upon as somewhat novel, and will result in drawing Canadian dealers into competition with Lower Province merchants, and also lead our merchants to inquire into the practicability of increased business transactions with the Lower Provinces.

A rumor prevailed here yesterday that the Fenians were concentrating at Buffalo, for the purpose of making an attack on the Niagara frontier. Advices from Buffalo show that nothing unusual is going on in Fenian circles there, and that the report is entirely without foundation.

Last evening the ladies of the east circuit, Wesleyan Church presented Rev. Mr. Williams, pastor, with a purse of $228, and Miss Williams with a work box, prior to leaving at the end of the conference year.

A despatch from Kingston says that Jeff Davis is on board the steamer *Champion*, bound for Toronto, and touched at that port to-day. An immense crowd assembled on the wharf to see him.

The name of C. S. Gzowski is mentioned in connection with the Commons for West Toronto.

The steamer *Rothsay Castle* ran aground in the Eastern channel of the bay this morning. A dense fog prevailed at the time. She was got off with some difficulty, but without damage.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 29, 1867.

Private despatches from Quebec says a large fleet of vessels are at hand—30 below Bic.

The premises of Mr. Gauthier, Notre Dame-st., were discovered to be on fire this morning. The damage is very slight, owing to the early arrival of the fire brigade.

The steamer *Grecian* is now in the dry docks being repaired.

It is said that Mr. Hector will be appointed Commissioner of Crown Lands for Ontario, and Col. Bernard to be Clerk of the Privy Council.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

FROM EUROPE.

Reduction of the French Army.

PARIS, May 29.—The Government has taken measures to greatly reduce the number of troops in the standing army.

The Spanish Fleet in the Pacific.

MADRID, May 29.—The Spanish fleet in the Pacific ocean is to be materially strengthened.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, May 29.—The steamship *City of New York* from New York 18th, arrived this morning.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Horse Racing—The Fastest Time on Record.

NEW YORK, May 29.—To-day a match for one thousand dollars, mile heats, best three in five, to waggons, between Ethan Allen and running mate, and Brown George and running mate, came off on Fashion Course. Ethan Allen and his running mate won the first heat in 2:29, the second in 2:21, and the third, after a magnificent race, in the unprecedented time of 2:19. This time is the fastest on record in a race with running mates, and beats that made by Ethan Allen himself with his running mate Socks, 2:19½, against Flora Temple, six years ago, over the same course. Ethan Allen is now 18 years old, consequently the performance is as extraordinary as it is unparalleled.

A Swindling Clergyman.

ERIE, PA., May 29.—Rev. Julius Degmise was arrested yesterday for embezzling fifteen thousand dollars worth of Revenue stamps. He was formerly connected with the Internal Revenue Office as clerk.

The International Ocean Telegraph Co.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The International Ocean Telegraph Company expect to open their line to the public as far as the island of Cuba during the month of July next.

The Revolution in Hayti.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Havana advices of the 25th have been received. Mr. St. Johns, British consul, arrived at St. Domingo, Hayti, and despatched a communication to the Admiral's station, requesting the presence of a man-of-war to protect his person and British interests. Salnave had dissolved the provisional government, and declared himself dictator, and sent a vessel to Curacoa, with an offer to Soulouque to return and assume the reins of government.

Debate on the Reform Bill in the House of Commons.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The *Herald's* London special says: In the House of Commons at an early hour, and after an exciting debate, the question of borough franchise right, as embodied in Mr. Disraeli's Reform Bill, was settled on the basis of household suffrage. The compound householder plan at first proposed, is practically abolished. As the measure now stands, the tenant in a borough town is to pay his tax rate personally, instead of through the landlord, and thus secure the right of voting. In the matter of the franchise qualifications in the counties, it has been voted that the settled occupants of lands or tenements worth the sum of £12 sterling, shall enjoy the right of voting when duly registered. Government at first proposed that the value of the lands or tenements should be £15 sterling. The Liberals wanted it fixed at £10 sterling. A compromise took place in the House—when £12 sterling was agreed on—after which the House adjourned.

LACROSSE.

The following is the Montreal *Telegraph's* account of the last game of the match played here on the 24th:—

GAME 5.

This was the conqueror, and the swaying and crushing of the assemblage showed their anxiety as to the result. The game was very quickly played, and the running of Montreal particularly admired by the observers. The ball, as in the game before, was well kept at the other end by Montreal, and at one time, as on a previous game, was nearly through, when a blow from Ottawa sent it down to the other end. The excitement was intense. *After staying at the other end for a short time* it was sent up again, and again sent off by Ottawa. Some splendid throwing was displayed on both sides. One throw from Maltby was awfully wicked, sending the ball far up in the corner. It was then thrown out of the ground, and a desperate struggle took place between Dowd and a very tall Ottawa man named Russell. The latter gave up, and Dowd got the ball. Did you see that said Ottawa, did you see that little fellow take the ball from Russell? I tell you they can play. Look at that fellow (Whitehead) continued Ottawa, look at him running from our fellows; they are devils to run. See, by George, that big fellow (Maltby) has got the ball again. Now just look where he will put it. Whew! A few minutes more and cheers seldom heard from every side, announced the Victory of Montreal. Cheer after cheer was given, the victorious from joy, the defeated from admiration. Young Montreal was wild with joy, and hats and caps, sticks and Lacrosse, were sent into the air. "They've got it, said Ottawa, but they have had to fight for it"; and fight they had indeed, for better muscle, or better spirit could hardly be found than Ottawa sent on the field, and proud should the new Dominion be of such sons as fought the friendly fight that day. The best of feeling prevailed, and the victors left the field amid the cheers of the people who had given them such a reception that morning. The immense assemblage then dispersed and wended their way homewards as it was by this time seven o'clock. At eight o'clock the victors were entertained in a most sumptuous manner by the club of Ottawa, and many were the toasts drank, and cheers given for the happiness of both losers and winners.

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, May 22nd, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor; Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Heney, Martineau, Friel.

Ald. Abbott presented the petition of S. Gouldthrite and others for payment for a platform built by them.

Moved by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of S. Gouldthrite and others just read, be received and referred to the Board of Works Committee.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of the officers of the Ottawa Volunteers, for aid to erect a drill shed. A communication from E. McGillivray, Esq., containing the Government appropriation for schools; the petition of George E. Desbarats, for leave to take gravel from the letter O quarry, and the petition of M. Blain St. Aubin, complaining of certain premises in Victoria Terrace, being in an unclean state, and a letter from Colonel Wily, *on the subject of the* drill shed.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, that the communication of the Hon. Alex. Campbell be received and referred to the Board of Works, with instructions to grant the prayer thereof, if after examination they consider they can do so without interfering with the privileges of the public.—Carried.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of the Sisters of Charity, with the opinion of the city solicitor, respecting the closing of part of Wilbrod-st.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the petition of the Sisters of Charity be received and referred to the By-law Committee, to report at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of W. D. Wood and others, for the raising of part of the sidewalk on Rideau-st. to the grade; that of James Tracy for repairs to a drain on Daly-st., and that of George Bott for leave to erect a board awning on Rideau-st.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of W. D. Wood and others, of James Tracy, and that of George Bott, be referred to the Board of Works, to report at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Ald. Heney presented the petition of J. B. Turgeon, for the return of a receipt.

Moved by Ald. Heney, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of J. B. Turgeon, just read, be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented the petition of A. Waters, against alleged illegal assessment.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the petition of A. Waters be received and referred to the Assessment Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Heney presented the petition of the licensed carters for passengers, for an increase of the rate of the tariff.

Moved by Ald. Heney, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of the carters of Ottawa, just read, be received and referred to the By-law Committee, to report a by-law in accordance therewith at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the petition of E. McGillivray, Chairman of the Board of Grammar Schools, be received and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the communication of the volunteer officers, respecting a drill shed, be referred to the Board of Works and Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of James Wolf, for a gas lamp at the corner of Elgin and Albert-sts., on the City Hall Square.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of James Wolf and others, be received and referred to the Board of Works, with instructions to cause the lamp referred to in the petition, to be put up and lighted.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, that the communication of G. E. Desbarats, respecting gravel, be referred to the Board of Works, to be reported thereon to this council.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald Robinson, that the communication of Mr. Blain de St. Aubin, be received and referred to the Board of Health.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the communication from Robt. H. McGreevey, now read, be laid on the table, as the matter has been referred by this council to a Special Committee to report thereon.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, in amendment, that the communication of R. H. McGreevey, respecting work done on Esther-st., be laid on the table, *to be considered hereafter in connection with* the report of the Special Committee on the same subject.—Carried.

YEAS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard.

NAYS—Bangs, Robinson, Heney.

Ald. Goulden presented the petition of F. X. Landrieau and others, for a drain on St. Andrew-st., and R. Landrigan, for a platform.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of F. X. Landrieau and others, for a drain on St. Andrew-st., just read, be received and referred to the Board of Works.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of R. Landrigan and others, for a platform on the East side of King-st., just read, be received and referred to the Board of Works.—Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the petition of Aimé Lahaise, for remission of taxes alleged to have been paid.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the petition of Aimé Lahaise, just read, be received and referred to the Assessment Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald Langford, that the accounts of P. Kilduff and P. Brennan, be referred to the Fire and Finance Committees.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented a garnishee order at the suit of Joachim Valiquette against Joseph Ward.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the garnishee order at the suit of Mr. Valiquette be referred to the City Solicitor.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented the Report of the Assessment Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

Your Committee of Revision and Assessment Committee beg to submit their Fourth Report for 1867, as follows:—

Having received petitions from the several parties hereinafter named, your committee have decided to remit and deduct the following on account of manifest errors in the rolls, viz.:—

Joshua Stansford, No. 872, Wellington Ward, $41.72; S. G. Murray, No. 372, $20. The following on account of extreme poverty, viz.: Mary Hurley, No. 1279, Wellington Ward, $4.83; Julia King, No. 554, Ottawa Ward, $15; Margaret Masson, No. 354, St. George's Ward, $9.15; A. W. Ardagh, No. 520, Victoria Ward, $7.63, on account of being vacant over three months last year, when assessed; Alex. Burritt, Nos. 686 and 687, By-ward, $22.92.

Your committee have been obliged to reject the following petitions for want of jurisdiction:

Thomas Reynolds; R. J. Shaw, and James Haycock & Co., not knowing the property alluded to; that of John Yorick not having shown that income was assessed elsewhere; W. Spragge, for want of evidence as to the facts; that of Tousaint Traversy; that of the Baptist Church, for not showing that the property was church property when assessed and taxed; and that of J. T. Prudhomme, the property not having been burned as complained of during the year it was assessed and taxed, but in a subsequent year.

All of which is respectfully submitted, trusting your council will adopt the same, and request the clerk to notify the respective parties.

R. LYON, Chairman;
J. CUNNINGHAM,
E. MARTINEAU.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the report No. 4 of the Assessment Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Langford presented Report No. 2, of the Fire Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Fire Committee, in this their Second Report beg leave to submit that they have under their consideration the removal of the Queen Fire Engine, to St. George's Ward, and likewise the communication of A. Lepage, respecting certain alterations and repairs to the Ottawa Fire Engine, and would recommend first, that the Queen Fire Engine be removed to the premises of Mr. John Graham, Nicholas-st. The cost of removal will not exceed $100.00.

Second, that the alterations and repairs recommended by A. Lepage, to the Ottawa Fire Engine, be done forthwith.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
JOHN LANGFORD, Chairman
JNO. P. FEATHERSTON,
JOHN HENEY,
JNO. B. GUERARD,
CHARLES T. BATE.

Ottawa, May 20, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Langford, seconded by Ald. Heney, that Report No. 2, of the Fire Committee, just read, be adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented Report of Special Committee, in claim of Andrew Heavey.

The Special Committee, in the matter between Andrew Heavey and the corporation, claiming from the corporation the sum of $140.40, for work done on Esther-st., by him according to the instructions of the City Engineer, beg to state that they have enquired into the claim made by Mr. Heavey, from this corporation, and from facts laid before them they find that he is the person entitled to the sum claimed by him, say $140.40, as he was the party that was employed by the City Engineer, and the work was caused to be done by him, therefore they recommend that a cheque for the amount be issued by his Worship the Mayor, for the amount in favor of Mr. Heavey, in lieu of said work.

All respectfully submitted,
ISIDORE TRAVERSY, Chairman;
C. W. BANGS,
J. G. ROBINSON.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the Report of the Special Committee, just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, in amendment, that the Report of the Special Committee on A. Heavey's claim for work done on Esther-st., and the communications of R. H. McGreevey, claiming payment for the same work, be referred to a Special Committee, composed of the chairmen of standing Committees, with power to consult the solicitor, and report to this council the proper party entitled to receive the amount.—Lost.

YEAS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Friel.

NAYS—Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Heney, Martineau.

The original motion was then put and carried on the following division:—

YEAS—Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Goulden, Guerard, Heney, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Friel.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the City Engineer be instructed to lay down a sidewalk, on Augusta-st., not to exceed the sum stated in his report, the work to be commenced on payment of the sum of fifty dollars, to the City chamberlain, by the petitioners.—Lost by amendment.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the Reports of the City Engineer, just read, be received, and referred to the Board of Works.—Carried.

YEAS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Featherston Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Martineau.

NAYS—Robinson, Heney.

Ald. Cunningham presented the Chamberlain's returns for April.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the Chamberlain's Returns for April be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the Report of the Chief of Police.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the communication of the Chief of Police, respecting the removal of the old store house on the end of little Sussex-st., Canal Wharf, be received and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that as portions of the public streets have been enclosed by private parties, and other property, such as river frontage, or reserves granted to the city have been trespassed upon, the City Engineer is hereby directed to report to the Board of Works full particulars regarding the quantity and locality of all the city property, specifying numbers of lots, names of streets, reserves on squares, and all the necessary particulars, and that for the purpose of this report his Worship the Mayor, with the Solicitor and Clerk of this council, procure such information and documents, and that such searches in the Registry and the Government offices as may be required, be made by the Mayor at the expense of this council.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the Chief of Police be, and he is hereby requested to ascertain correctly the number of street gas lamps, with their locality in the city, and report the same at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that this corporation hereby request the City Solicitor to enquire into the title of three water lots, known as Lots Nos. 2, 3, and 4, west side of Metcalfe-st., Letter O, as this corporation will require said lots for public purposes, their possession by the council being a desirable public advantage.—Carried.

His Worship then read the following tenders:

Esther-st. improvements—James McAdam, $950; Patrick Carroll, $890; Wm. Donohue, $898; Joseph Jeanveau, $796.

Rideau Hill improvements—W. Donohue, $1,350; John Regan, $967; James McAdam, 15 cents per cubic yard, bridge, $90; Patrick Carroll, $940.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the tender of Joseph Jeanveau for works on Bank and Esther-sts., be accepted, and that the Mayor be authorised to sign a contract for the same.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, in amendment, that the tenders of Patrick Carroll, at $890, for completing the work on Bank and Esther-sts., and $940 for completing the work on Rideau-st., be accepted, on condition that he enters into the contract within four days from this date.—Lost by amendment.

Moved in amendment to the amendment, by Ald. Featherston, that the tenders of Patrick Carroll, for the grading of the East end of Rideau-st., be accepted, and that his worship the Mayor be authorised to sign a contract for said work.—Carried.

The original motion was then put and carried.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that the Chief of Police cause the By-law No. 244 to be carried out without delay.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

CITY HALL, May 27, 1867.
4 o'clock, p. m.

A special meeting was held, for the purpose of considering the propriety of giving a public reception to the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Bangs, Friel, Goulden, Heney.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the Address just read be adopted, and presented to the Hon. T. D. McGee by his Worship the Mayor, accompanied by the members of the Corporation.—Carried.

Petitions for the Commutation of Fenian Sentences.

The *Herald's* London special says:—Influential deputations with petitions numerously signed, asking mercy to the Fenian convicts, are arriving in that city. Cardinal Paul Cullen had called on the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, advising that the lives of all the condemned Fenians should be spared. Prayers were offered in all the Catholic churches in Dublin on Sunday, invoking the Almighty to incline the Royal mind to clemency. A public meeting was called in Birmingham for the same purpose. A deputation of members of the House of Commons, with the Mayor of Dublin at its head, was to call upon the Queen and present a petition for mercy. The movement has been so successful as to turn the determination of the Derby government in the case of Burke. There were fears of Fenian revenge. Lord Derby tendered a Cabinet recommendation to the Queen, who, after anxious consideration, assented to it. The announcement of the result was received in the House of Parliament with loud cheers. Lord Derby stated the only reason for giving way, was the overwhelming testimony of the Irish people that it would be politic not to let the law take its course.

Reception of the News in Dublin.

The *Herald's* Dublin special says the news of Burke's commutation was received with joy by all classes.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Dexter on the Turf.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The race between Dexter and Lady Thorn for $2,000, was won by Dexter in two straight heats. Time 2:24—2:22; Lady Thorn was distanced in the second heat.

News from San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—A fire at Idaho City, May 17, destroyed 442 houses; loss one million dollars.

Captain Dinckle and five men were drowned May 20th, by the capsizing of a boat in Kilmanock bay, Oregon.

Honolulu advices to May 3rd, have been received. The whaling bark *Daniel Wood*, of New Bedford, was wrecked on French Frigate Shoals, on he 14th of April. Captain Richmond and a portion of the crew arrived at Honolulu, after a passage of 450 miles in an open whaleboat. The United States steamship *Lackawana* immediately sailed for the scene of the wreck, to rescue the remainder of the crew—17 men—who were left behind.

Reported Fenian Uprising.

The *Herald's* Cork special says: Advices from the country districts report that a Fenian force attacked the military station in Mitchellstown, in this county, on Thursday, and beat them with bludgeons and stones. No particulars or relation of facts are given. The Fenian O'Brien, who was sentenced to be hanged June 19th, it is thought, will have his sentence also commuted. The reported disturbance at Mitchellstown is not credited at London.

The Japanese purchase the ex-Rebel "Stonewall."

The *Times* special says: It is understood the Japanese have purchased the ex-rebel iron-clad *Stonewall*, for $400,000.

The True Spirit of Reconstruction.

It is reported that Horace Greeley has written to John C. Breckenridge, inviting him to return to this country, and take part in reconstruction.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 29, 1867.

The markets during the present week have been a slight improvement upon the past few weeks, with little alteration in prices.

FLOUR—Extra	10 00	@	10 50
No. 1	9 50	@	0 00
No. 2	7 00	@	7 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 15
" Spring "	0 00	@	4 40
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	6 25	@	0 00
Indian Meal	5 00	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Buckwheat	6 25	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	@	1 95
Spring " "	1 70	@	1 85
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 85
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 55	@	0 00
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	20 00	@	20 50
Prime Mess per do.	15 00	@	0 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 12	@	0 13
Beef	0 09	@	0 00
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 0	@	0 00
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 45
Turkeys—Each	1 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 70
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 14	@	0 15
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 12½	@	0 13
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 60	@	0 70
HAY—Per ton	18 00	@	22 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Sterling Exchange 60 days 109⅝c.; Sight 110⅛c. to 110⅜c.

The *Post's* money article says: Loans are active at 6c. Stock market more animated. Governments quiet, but firm. R.R. Shares feverish, but more active. Foreign Exchange firm. At the second board Gold was 137⅜.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 29—Noon.—Consols 94; 5-20s 72¼; Ill. C. 76½; Erie 40.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Cotton quiet and firm—At 27c. for Middling Uplands.

Flour—Receipts, 5,210 bbls.; market dull and lower. Sales 3,100 bbls. at $9.90 to 10.75 for Superfine State; $11.60 to 12.30 for Extra State; $12.40 to 12.75 for Choice do.; $9.90 to 10.75 for Superfine Western; $11.50 to 12.75 for Common to Medium Extra Western; $13 to 14.40 for Choice do.; $12.70 to 13.75 for Common to Good Shipping Brands Ex. R. H. O.

Rye Flour quiet—Sales at $8 to 9.25.

Wheat dull and nominally two to three cents lower.

Rye quiet—Sales 1,290 bus. Western at $1.73 to 1.74.

Barley in moderate request—Sales 9,000 bus. Western at $1.12.

Corn—Receipts, 63,360 bus.; market dull and one to two cents lower. Sales 86,000 bus. at $1.20 to 1.27 for New Mixed Western; $1.28 for New Western Yellow; $1.27 for New White Southern.

Oats—Receipts, 900 bus.; market dull at 87c. for Western; 91c. for State; 90½c. for Pennsylvania.

LATEST MARKETS.—Flour closed heavy. Wheat closed dull and nominally two to three cents lower. Corn closed dull, and one to two cents lower. Pork closed dull and lower New Mess $23.15 to 23.25; Old do. $22. Lard closed heavy at 12¾ to 13½c for New.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—Cotton firm; Middling Uplands 11d.; do. Orleans 11½d.

Breadstuffs unchanged—Wheat—No. 1 Milwaukee Red 13s. 9d.; White California 14s.; Corn 39s. 9d.; Oats 3s. 5d.; Barley 4s. 8d.; Peas 41s.

Provisions firm—Pork 82s. 6d.; Beef 130s. Lard 49s.; Bacon 40s.; Cheese 67s.

Petroleum—Sales of spirits 11d.; Standard White 1s. 3d.; Pot Ashes 32s.; Rosin Common 7s. 3d.; do. Fine 13s.; Spirits Turpentine 34s.; Clover Seed 5s. 7d.; Tallow 43s. 9d.

Toronto Corn Exchange Report.

TORONTO, May 27, 1867.

FLOUR—Receipts, 100 bbls.; market quiet and unchanged; sales, 100 bbls, No. 1 superfine at $9; 200 bags do. at $8.75; 86 bbls. coarse flour at $8; a lot of superior offering at $10, for which $9.45 was bid.

WHEAT—Market quiet and unchanged; sales 4 cart loads at $2; fall offering at from $2.25 to $2.30, without transactions.

OATS—No round lots offering; street prices 50c. to 53c.

BARLEY—For a car load 70c. asked, at 68c. bid; street prices 60c. to 66c.

PEAS—Receipts, 1,560 bushels; for round lots holders were asking 73c., buyers offering 70c.; street prices 65c. to 70c.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 29th inst., at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, Dr. J. Browne, by the Revd. J. Douse, Edward M. Morphy, Esq., of Toronto, to Margaret Amelia, youngest daughter of the late Major Elliott, formerly M. P. P. for Durham, Canada West.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice.

THOSE persons who are favorable to the formation of a ROWING CLUB are requested to take notice that there will be a meeting for that purpose at Kavanagh's Restaurant, corner of Wellington and Metcalfe-sts., THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

R. H. HAYCOCK,
Secretary *pro tem.*

May 30. 447-1

Situation Wanted.

WANTED by a young man a situation as Clerk or Assistant Book keeper. Good references can be produced. Address E., at the TIMES office.

May 30. 447-3

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Sussex-st., Ottawa.

May 30. 447tf

ESTABLISHED 1838.

FIRST ARRIVAL

SUMMER STOCK, 1867.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE IN RECEIPT OF FORTY-TWO PACKAGES GOODS per S.S. *Peruvian*, *St. Andrew* and *John Bull*, bought since the great fall in price in the British Markets. Call and see our prices.

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

450 doz. Joivins (medal) Duchesse Kid Gloves, worth 5s 7½d; our price 3s 9d.
50 ps. Black Glace and Gro Grain Silk, from 3s 9d.
350 Dresses, Rich, Fancy and Wedding Silks, from 75s.
1000 ps. Rich Dress Goods, from 6½d.
1000 Assorted Shawls, from 3s 9d to 33s.
1000 doz. Hosiery, very good, and very cheap.
500 ps. Prints, fast colours, from 6d.
500 " Heavy Grey Cotton, from 7d.
10 Cases Straw Goods at fearfully low prices.
We have added a splendid

MILLINERY ROOM

To our extensive premises, which at all times will be found replete with all the latest novelties.
Our Stock of CARPETS and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS will be found the largest in Western Canada, comprising Axminster, Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry, 2 Ply and 3 Ply; Dutch, Scotch and Hemp. Also, Rugs, Mats, Cocoa Matting, and a complete assortment of House-furnishings.

One Price and Quick Sales.

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

OTTAWA, May 30, 1867. 447tf

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,
Gas & Steam Fitters,
Tin & Coppersmiths,
Bell Hangers, &c.

—CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

Galvanised and Sheet Iron, Lead and Composition Pipes, Brass and Iron Tubing, Gasilliers, Brackets, Globes, and Pumps of every description, together with all kinds of Steamfitting and Plumbers' Materials, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or warm Air, on the latest and most improved principles.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in

House-Furnishing Hardware!

Just received a complete selection of FISHING TACKLE, viz.:

Rods,	Flies,	Lines,
Baskets,	Trolling Spoons,	Hooks,
Bait,	Landing Nets,	Fly Books.

Ottawa, May 30. 416y

SKATING RINK.

Thursday Eve'ng., May 30, 1867.

WILSON'S

Broadway Theatre.

CONTINUED SUCCESS.

Third Night of the Great Company.

GRAND COMEDY NIGHT.

THURSDAY, evening, MAY 30th, 1867, will be presented for the first time in Ottawa Tom Taylor's celebrated Comedy, in 3 Acts, entitled

OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

Florence Trenchard..... Alice A. Harrison.

The entire strength of the company in the cast.

To conclude with the roaring farce of a

Ghost in Spite of Himself.

Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. 447-1

Board.

THREE or four gentlemen can be accommodated with Board at MRS. PARDEY'S, Wellington-st., within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.
May 30. 447a

The Court of Revision

FOR the City of Ottawa for the revision of the Assessment Rolls for 1867, will hold its TWO LAST SESSIONS in the City Hall, in this city, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 30th and 31st days of JUNE, 1867, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on each day.

By order,

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, May 30 447td

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE

Lessee and Manager ..... *John Townsend.*

ENGAGEMENT of the following highly talented artists from NEW YORK, BOSTON, and PHILADELPHIA, in addition to the whole of the late Stock Company, forming in their combination,

THE LARGEST,
THE MOST RESPECTABLE,
AND MOST TALENTED
DRAMATIC COMPANY,

That have ever appeared in Ottawa.

Mr. Wallace Britton,
Mr. John Morton,
Mr. John Webster,
Mr. George Summers,
Mr. Saville Johnstone,
Mr. Hubert Hastings,
Miss Clara Montague,
Miss Blanche Moravia,
Miss Jennie Smythson.

Mr. Hamondi,
Madame Hamondi,
John Townsend,
Harry Townsend,
Frank Mortimer,
Alfred Hudson,
Alfred J. Riel,
Thomas Vincent,
George Sinclair,

Mrs. Townsend,
Miss Florence Townsend,
Miss Constance Grosvenor,
Miss Sarah Townsend.

OPENING NIGHT

Thursday, May 30th.

The Flowers of the Forest;

OR,

The Woods of Old England.

THE ROUGH DIAMOND

NEW COMPANY,
NEW SCENERY,
NEW WARDROBE,
and SENSATIONAL PIECES.

Season Tickets now ready.

May 29. 446-tf

NOTICE.

THE SECOND MONTHLY MEETING of the Mutual Building Society, will be held at the Secretary's office, 89 Sussex-st., (up stairs) on THURSDAY the 6th JUNE, at 7:30 p.m., when the second instalment of the stock will be payable, and the funds available of the Society will be offered for sale, according to the rules of the Society.

Parties desirous of subscribing for stock can do so at any time by calling upon the Secretary, at his office, where copies of the rules and By-laws of the Society can be had, and general workings of the Society explained.

Officers.—A. McCormick, Esq., President; P. A. Egleson, Esq., Vice-President.
Directors.—A. Pratt, Esq., W. Cousens, Esq., Thos. Hanly, Esq., John Stewart, Esq., James Smith, Esq.
Solicitor.—R. Lees, Esq.
Bankers.—The Bank of British North America.

JAMES EGLESON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-td

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STEACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES,
Parliament Hairdressing Saloon,
Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.
May 7. 428tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK:

THURRER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents
OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN,
Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

May 21. 440td

ST. PATRICK'S

LITERARY ASSOCIATION!

NOTICE.

THE ELECTION of Officers of the above Association for the current year will be held at the

ST. PATRICK'S HALL!

ON

Saturday ev'g. next, the 1st June,

Commencing at 7½ o'clock, p. m.

The Committee of Management have ordered Cards of Membership, which can be procured from the undersigned at the Mall every evening between 7 and 8 o'clock, p. m., without which Card no person will be admitted on the evening of election.

J. McCARRON,
SECRETARY.

Ottawa, May 29. 446td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

ALL NEARLY NEW,

Made by Wm. Drumer, of Quebec.

AT THE RESIDENCE OF R. H. TEMPLE, Esq., corner of George and Cumberland-sts., next door to James Bailiff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff, on Saturday June 1st, at the hour of 2 p m., consisting of:—Black Walnut sideboard, (a very superior article) hair seat chairs, sofas, couches, centre and side tables, extension dining table, what-not, hat stand, bureaus, bedsteads, spring mattrass, washstands, dressing tables, looking glasses, carpets, oil cloth mats; a large quantity of superior crockery and glassware, cooking and parlor stoves, pipes, kitchen utensils, &c.

Terms cash in bankable funds.

Sale positive and without reserve as the owner is leaving the city.

H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

ANNUAL SPRING TRADE SALE!

A. BOOKER

HAS received instructions from Messrs. CONVERSE, COLSON & LAMB, to offer by Auction,

On THURSDAY, 30th MAY, 1867,

5,000 PACKAGES

New Season Teas

Together with a large assortment of

Fresh Groceries, Wines,

LIQUORS, TOBACCOS, &c.

Particulars hereafter.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

A. BOOKER,
Auctioneer.

439-td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 435y

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Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y

TRUNKS.

TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.
HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.
May 8, 1867. 429-3m

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor!

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 18. 438-6m

NOW READY,

The Canadian Conveyancer.

A SELECTION of concise Precedents in Conveyancing, carefully revised and adapted to the new Registry Law, containing, in addition to the ordinary Conveyancing Forms many special Forms relating to the procuring and transfer of Patent Rights, the acquisition and transfer of Mining rights, &c., &c., with other special Forms now first published—with an Introductory Essay on the Law of Property in Ontario, especially valuable to students. The whole forming a compact and convenient collection of Conveyancing Precedents —by J. RORDANS. 2nd edition, revised and enlarged, price $4, full bound. Sent free to any part of Canada on receipt of amount.

J. RORDANS,
Law Bookseller and Stationer,
88 King-st., Toronto.

Toronto, May 26. 446-3

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
ARCHITECT

East End Daly-st., Ottawa.
April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.

PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at

MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.

Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japans.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell,
Wellington & Kent-sts.

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING STOVES!

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.

&c., &c., &c.

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, May 24. 441y

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville,
April 20, 1867. 428-td

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,
YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street, Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET.

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex-street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st. next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 426y

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $6.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left at Mr. S. Harriott's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

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1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY, April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon. A choice supply of the above can always be had *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR Constantly on hand, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10. 405tf

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Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA, } *TO WIT:*

THE QUARTER SESSIONS of the RECORDER'S COURT for the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the County Court House (old Jail), in said city, on

Monday, the Third day of June next,

At the hour of ELEVEN of the Clock, in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
May 23, 1867. 443td

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.
May 4. 426y

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
F. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 384tf

THREE DAYS MORE ONLY!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

Great Bargains for Cash Only.

N.B.—We intend opening out in the Bishop's New Building, Sussex-st., near the Cathedral, *next week.*

GRANT & HENDERSON.

May 27, 1867. 444 y

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS,
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS,
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,

—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. 442y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets, **Hats,**
Ribbons, **Feathers,**
Flowers, **Bonnet Ornaments.**

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail. [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milions. Striped Tweeds.
Venetians. Coatings.
Vest Patterns. Broadcloths.
Cassimeres. Doeskins.
&c. &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15 381y

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100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

---

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 433-y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb. each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry.

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.
Ottawa, September 10. 229tf

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—all CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Clarke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366H

LENDING LIBRARY AND NEWS DEPOT.

A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers

A. HAUSSER,
"Times" Building, Sparks-st.

May 17. 437d

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 429-e

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Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 436-d

STEAMERS.

CANADIAN INLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

1867. 1867.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

The magnificent steamers comprising this line, viz.,

SPARTAN, GRECIAN, PASSPORT, KINGSTON, MAGNET, and CHAMPION,

Have commenced their regular trips between Montreal and Hamilton, calling at all Intermediate Ports, connecting with the

Ottawa and Prescott Railroad,

Both ways, daily, Mondays excepted.

Passengers will find it to their advantage to travel by this route, it being the quickest and cheapest, as well as the most comfortable.

Meals and State Rooms always included in the Fare.

N.B.—Through and Return Tickets can be obtained at reduced rates from

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO. Agents.

444S

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m.

Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal ... $6 00 each.
First class ... 3 50
Second do ... 2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

May 14. R. W. SHEPHERD. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA FORWARDING COMPANY. LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH MCLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:

W. McNAUGHTON, ... J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to

D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.

ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON, ... Capt. Bockus.
EMERALD, ... " Leitch.
ALLIANCE, ... " Findlay
OREGON, ... " Hilliard.
SNOW BIRD, ... " Toner.
JASON GOULD, ... " Overman.
PONTIAC, ... " Duggan.
PEMBROKE, ... " Couvrette.
CALUMET, ... " Blondin

On the opening of navigation until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days leaving at 2 p.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m. and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a.m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a.m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p.m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leave Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

To Farmers, Lumbermen, &c.

To Let on Long Lease, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,

A FINE FARM, CONSISTING OF 400 ACRES, ON THE

Banks of the Ottawa,

On the first Range,

Clarendon, County of Pontiac,

With a fine House and splendid Garden, well fenced, and all the requisite out-buildings, Barns, Stables, &c.

A well of fine spring water and pump in the same.

THE FARM

Is nearly all cleared and well fenced, and is admitted to be the

Finest in Lower Canada.

A ready market is obtained for all farm produce on the spot. And a Grist Mill is in the immediate neighborhood.

Farmers or Lumbermen who wish to raise their own supplies this offers an advantage seldom to be met with.

For particulars apply to

MR. RATTARY, at the Hotel, Portage-du-Fort, Or MR. REID'S Agent, On the Farm, Clarendon.

22-3

☞ Montreal *Gazette* and Toronto *Leader* will give the above three insertions—once a week—and send account to this office.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a.m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2.45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N.B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS, *Commencing 22nd April, 1867.*

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p.m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p.m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p.m., and 8:50 p.m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, *Manager for Trustee.*

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at ... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. ... 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

440-6

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL Clarence Street, Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. P. GORMAN 343-d-w8-3-a

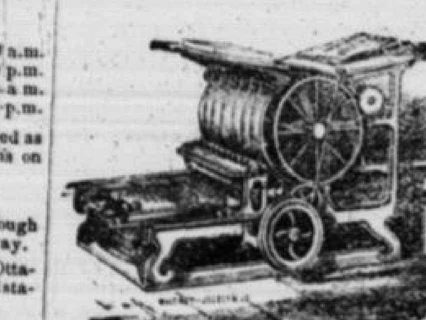
NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

JOHN BROWN, *Recording Secretary.*

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

THE "OTTAWA TIMES" STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE

60, Sparks Street, Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"

WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE LINE OF

ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Glassware,

Or Hardware

TO SELL,

ADVERTISE!

Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE

Property to Sell

ADVERTISE!

Do you want to Buy?

ADVERTISE!!

No Matter what your Business

ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.

This is the Motto of every Real

BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!

NOW is the TIME

—AND—

THE "OTTAWA TIMES"

IS THE MEDIUM

Through Which it Will Reach

THE PUBLIC.

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST., BELLEVILLE,

ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms, - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL, Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 8, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

NOTICE.

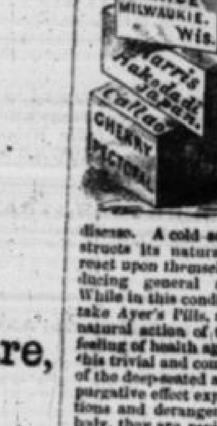
COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.

By JAS. BALLIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-20wtd



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic. *From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.*

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach. *From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.*

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what complaints* I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints. *From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.*

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb, 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms. *From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.*

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery* and *diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood. *From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.*

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.* JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc. *From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.*

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the *stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa. February 26th, 1867. 338d3w9-

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of trade and commerce, except under leases or licenses from the Department of Crown Lands, is prohibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certified.

A. CAMPBELL, Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient, Humble Servant,

(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

B. B. & S.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, *Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.*

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, *Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.*

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed to pay;

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by me to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment.

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two or the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much of the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties; where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named in the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL, Provincial Secretary.

$1500 REWA

NOTICE is hereby given, that ... of ONE THOUSAND DOLLA... paid to any person or persons, not being offender or offenders, who will give such ... tion as will lead to the detection and ... the person or persons who maliciously ... the house of Mr. James Murphy, on ... in this city, on the 19th day of April, ... ther sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLL... paid upon the terms above specified ... or persons who will give such information lead to the detection and conviction of ... guilty of any act of incendiarism during ... six months.

By order, WILLIAM P. ...

City Hall, Ottawa, April 30, 1867.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby di... the following enactments of By-law: "That no person or persons within ... Ottawa shall keep any victualling house or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams ... are sold to be eaten therein, or any ... Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, ... or other manufactured beverage ... spirituous or fermented liquors) or other ... ments are sold to be drunk or eaten ... keep any other place within this city for ... freshment or entertainment of the public ... she or they shall have first obtained ... therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above is $20, upon payment of which amount ... Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by ... Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and ... Force is directed to the enforcement of ... By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee, W. P. LETT, City ...

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867.

HARNESS FOR SALE

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, ...BLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harness

To be seen at the Stable of M. CAMERON ...

Ottawa December 2 ...

At a Council held in the City of Montreal ... urday, the 8th day of December, 18...

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION of the Hon. the Commissioner of Public ... and under and in virtue of the eighty-... of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated ... of Canada, His Excellency in Council ... pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered ... following tolls be imposed, levied and collected ... saw logs and timber passing down the ... Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Betty's ... the works of the River Trent, that is to say ... cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length ... proportionate sum on pieces of greater ... passing down each of the above mentioned ... respectively. And that the above toll of ... per saw log be collected and paid for each ... slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar ... crib on all such cribs of square timber as ... passed down the River Trent from the beginning ... the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. ...

12tf

THO. RUSSELL & S...

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESL... Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of ... Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 13?y

U. S. CONSULAR AGEN...

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Otta... and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Ag... for the City of Ottawa, and the depende... thereof, deems it proper to give public noti... those who may require his official services, ... office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, ... be open at all times during business hours. ... invoices of property of whatever kind exported ... intended to be exported into the United St... must be authenticated by me at this Co... Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the ... per ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR, U. S. Consular Ag...

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remed...

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO A... or all other preparations for the cure of He... Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all dis... which affect the Wind of Horses; also, as a Co... tion Medicine, surpassing everything of the kin... is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all c... and at all times, and does not prevent the h... from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by rem... ing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, that secretion which in heaves clogs them, caus... a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on ... diseased part, causing the mucous membrane ... resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing ... circulation of the blood, and restoring the disten... vessels to their natural size; by its use the hor... appetite is improved, all derangements of ... digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, ... giving to the coat a sleek and shining appeara...

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Mai... Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the Un... States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., Proprietors for the Cana...

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Publish... every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Spa... Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 448. | OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 ! and Weekly over 4,000 ! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 ! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only.......... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line.......... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line.......... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 28. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 369y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

R. H. HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government, employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
CHS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Casner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 25. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 5-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 31-6m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 50tf

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa February

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 17w-100-y

BUSINESS CARDS.

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. F. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Lang's Buildings, opposite Post Office
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 18-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church. Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Keefer, Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman. Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1863.
IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, May 25, 1867.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 26 per cent which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.
THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

DRUGGISTS.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

Brewster's Dentifrice,
Campbell's Cough Lozenges,
Campbell's Worm Pastilles,
Campbell's Eff. Cit. Magnesia,
Campbell's Gran. Eff. Seltzer Salts,
Campbell's Cherry Balsam,
&c., &c., &c.

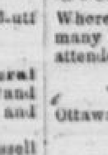
The Subscriber is the sole appointed agent for Ottawa and vicinity for the above valuable preparation of Kenneth Campbell & Co., (Medical Hall), Montreal.
W. M. MASSEY,
28 Sparks-st.

MEDICAL HALL.
Furniture Polish, ½ pints and pints,
Eau Lustrale, for the hair,
Cholera Mixture,
Hutchison's Trusses,
Gross's Trusses,
Gross's Shoulder Braces,
Cutter's Shoulder Braces,
Lubin's and Piver's Perfumery,
Rimmel's Perfumery, in fancy jars,
All toilet requisites.
W. M. MASSEY,
Medical Hall,
436-y 28, Sparks-street

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!



THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dall

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

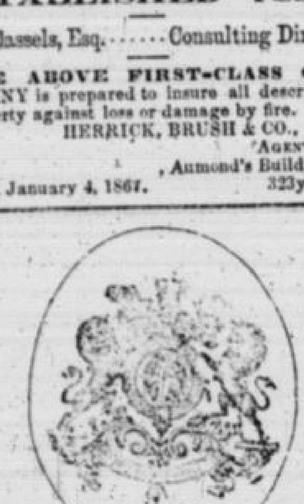
INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London,......Liverpool,......Montreal.
DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.
GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.
JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.
THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.
RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.
NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.
Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86
THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.
For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.......... $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.......... 25.31
And each subsequent year.......... 26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.
Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.
The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.
J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.
Ottawa, March 13. 381y

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq.......Consulting Director.
THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y



RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.
Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,
BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by The Evening Post, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for
BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,
Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.
Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.
Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.
A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.
Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
No. 1, CEDAR SHINGLES.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" TINWARE DEPOT!
"CAPITAL" HOUSEFURNISHING DEPOT!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

LADIES & GENTLEMENS'
Hair Cutting & Dressing Rooms,
No. 57, Rideau-street, opposite the Rideau Hotel,
Curtis and McIntosh, Proprietors.
ALL KINDS OF
Hair Work, Wigs, Toupees, Curls, Waterfalls, Pads, Puffs, etc.,
Kept on hand or made to order on the shortest notice.
LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,
In the latest styles by Male or Female artists.
Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair worked into Watch-Guards, Bracelets, Rings, &c.
N. B.—A stock of Hair Oils, Brushes, Perfumery, scented Soaps, &c., kept constantly on hand.
May 6. 385-3m

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
OTTAWA, 2nd April, 1867.
REGULATIONS for the Sale of Public Lands in the Quinte Gold Mining Division, made by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council—
That the price of the Public Lands in the said
GOLD MINING DIVISION
BE RAISED TO
TWO DOLLARS AN ACRE CASH
And that in all Letters Patent for such Lands, a proviso be inserted authorizing the
RENEWAL FOR THREE YEARS
Of all existing Timber Licenses for the said Lands and the reservation of the right to collect the Crown dues on all Merchantable Timber thereon during that period.
A. CAMPBELL,
408-tf Commissioner.

To all Whom it May Concern
AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.
COMPLAINT having been made that certain
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES
Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;
The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.
NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the
PENALTY OF $1,000,
For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET,
THE commodious Stone house and premises on Daly-st., with Garden, &c., (highly cultivated), formerly occupied by the late Sheriff Fraser. Immediate possession.
For terms, &c., apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW,
Sparks st.
Ottawa, May 28. 445b

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES
TO LET.
Established by James Brough & Co.,
1845,
WELLINGTON-STREET, UPPER TOWN.
Apply to
KENNEDY & BUCKE,
Or JAS. BROUGH.
May 21. 440 tf

NEW STORE AND DWELLING
TO LET.
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED and arranged for either Dry Goods or Groceries, with large cellarage and back store, on the corner of Duke-st. and Idol Lane—the main thoroughfare leading to Lower Canada, and in the immediate vicinity of the large milling establishments at the Chaudiere. This is one of the best business stands in the city. None but a first-class business man need apply. Possession given immediately.
A. R. O'CONNOR.
May 10. 431tf

TO LET.
Possession given 1st June.
PINE GROVE HOUSE, pleasantly situated on the Richmond Road, with Stables, Coach House, Garden and vacant Lot adjacent thereto. A cistern of fine water in the house. Apply to
MRS. BUNTING,
Rochester Estate, or on the Premises.
Ottawa, May 10, 1867. 430 tf

For Sale,
BY PRIVATE BARGAIN, A LARGE first-class Frame House and Lot, 66 by 99, within ten minutes' walk of Government Buildings.
Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Centre Town.
May 8. 429tf

Dwellings to Let.
POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.
A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.
For further particulars apply to
P. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.
Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE,
IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET,
A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.
Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN
WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and will be sold CHEAP.
INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:
W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences and other improvements.
Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa with a house containing four tenements.
Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.
Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa
Ottawa, January 1867. 327tf

Ice. Ice. Ice.
THE SUBSCRIBER will furnish Ice daily to those requiring it for the season.
Double supplies on Saturday for Sunday's use.
10 lbs. daily for the Season—$6.00.
Terms payable in advance.
Hotels and steamers supplied with larger quantities on liberal terms as per agreement by the season, or at any time the ice is wanted.
All orders left at Kavanagh's Restaurant, or at the Subscriber's, will be strictly attended to.
T. STARMER,
No. 126, Rideau-street.
May 423d

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)
HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

NOW READY,
The Canadian Conveyancer.
A SELECTION of concise Precedents in Conveyancing, carefully revised and adapted to the new Registry Law, containing, in addition to the ordinary Conveyancing Forms many special Forms relating to the procuring and transfer of Patent Rights, the acquisition and transfer of Mining rights, &c., &c., with other special Forms now first published—with an introductory Essay on the Law of Property in Ontario, especially valuable to students. The whole forming a compact and convenient collection of Conveyancing Precedents—by J. RORDANS: 2nd edition, revised and enlarged, price $2, full bound. Sent free to any part of Canada on receipt of amount.
J. RORDANS,
Law Bookseller and Stationer,
88 King-st., Toronto.
Toronto, May 28. 446-3

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,
CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.
Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.
May 11. 432tf

Three Houses to Let,
ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms ea. Possession given May 1st.
Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.
Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

SHOP AND DWELLING
TO LET.—That commodious Shop and Dwelling on Wellington-street opposite the residence of N. Sparks Esq., with back store, large yard, and a splendid eight-stalled Stable. Rent moderate. Apply to
H. McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Or to MR. HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wellington-st.
May 3. 425tf

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET
NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,
The Victoria Hotel
could not fail to be made to pay.
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.
Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.
Or JOHN HENEY, Esq.,
Richmond Road, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same forming part of Lot No. 19, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices
For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.
In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold en bloc or in lots of 5 acres.
For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jul-141-tf

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.
Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
February 10, 1866. 46-utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETurning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

GRAPES & STRAWBERRIES,
Fruit and Ornamental Trees.
GREAT inducements offered to those that are willing to work and take orders. Every order of $5, I will add 25 plants of the Golden Queen. For an order of $10, one Grape Vine and 25 plants; and so on in proportion to the amount over $10.
J. B. CLINE offers to the public a remarkable Strawberry, THE GOLDEN QUEEN. It is of a beautiful bright scarlet color; of high flavor, and enormously productive—many berries measuring six inches in circumference. It ripens fifteen days after the Wilson, and is thus most valuable as a late berry for family use or marketing. I picked nice berries of the Golden Queen as late as the 17th of July.
Every person should set out largely of the Green Prolific. The berry is nearly as large as the Golden Queen, very early, tender and sweet. It is recommended very highly in the eastern part of the state where it is better known. In fact, the Golden Queen and Green Prolific are the two best berries in cultivation. The Golden Queen sells in our market for four shillings per quart where the Wilson, on the same stand, only brings twenty-five cents—never have sold the Golden Queen and Green Prolific for less than twenty-five cents, when the Wilson brought only twelve cents. Many persons in Rochester are setting a bed of the Golden Queen on purpose to mix the berries with the Wilson—they get from five to seven cents more per quart for the Wilson by doing so.

Copied from the Southern Ruralist, printed at Amity City, La.
THE GOLDEN QUEEN STRAWBERRY.—Those who desire to raise a fruit of Tomato size and Strawberry flavor, will find just what they are looking for in the Golden Queen. JUDD, of the American Agriculturist, printed in New York, says: "It is a veritable strawberry, and one of the best varieties yet raised, either for home use or for the market," and until occular demonstration proves to the contrary, we are bound to believe it.

	per doz.	per 100.	per 1000
Golden Queen	$1 00	$5 00	$38
Green Prolific	1 00	5 00	30
Great Agriculturist	1 00	4 00	25
Knox's Jucunda	1 00	4 00	25
Triomphe de Gand	50	2 00	15
Wilson's Albany	50	2 00	15
Early Scarlet	50	2 00	15
Hovey's Seedling	50	2 00	15

Strawberry Plants can be set until late in the Fall if covered well with leaves or straw.
Peach and Apple Trees, 30 cents each; Pears, Cherries and Plums, $1 to $2 each; Orange Quince, 75 cents each. Evergreens, Roses and Shrubs of all descriptions. General assortment of House Plants.
I will guarantee all orders to be delivered in good order. I can send by mail from a hundred to a hundred and fifty of the Strawberry Plants, in one package, and from six to twelve Grape Vines, postage paid.
Cash orders filled in rotation. Orders marked C. O. D., the buyer must pay the express charges, and I will pay the collection.
J. B. CLINE,
No. 8 Howell-st.,
443tf Rochester, N.Y.

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OR Counting-house, a situation for a respectable youth, who writes an excellent hand. Apply at this office.
April 1. 397tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ottawa Music and Fancy Store—Orme & Son.
Salt for Sale—E. McGillivray.
Rink Theatre—Colleen Bawn.
Country Residence for Sale—Rev. J. Johnston.
Court of Revision—W. P. Lett.
Grand Sacred Concert.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.	1.00 p.m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a.m.	7.20 a.m. and 1.00 p.m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.	7.20 a.m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.	11.30 a.m. and 5.50 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage	3.00 a.m.	6.00 p.m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway	6.00 p.m.	7.20 a.m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a.m.	12.30 p.m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p.m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p.m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MAY 31, 1867.

For Property Notices—for Sale or to Let—see First Page.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* goes out of its way to tell its readers that the Conservative party will not receive the Hon. Mr. WALLBRIDGE back into its ranks. This is mere nonsense. Mr. WALLBRIDGE entered public life at a time of extreme excitement, when many Conservatives or "high Tories" were dissatisfied with the then existing state of things. He was neither the first, nor the last Conservative who coalesced with Mr. BROWN, and we have yet to learn that he has been guilty of any act that would warrant his proscription from the ranks of any party with whom he may choose in the future to ally himself. The *Intelligencer*, albeit a powerful organ in its own section of the country, and upon the whole a very respectably conducted paper, is not by any means warranted in speaking *ex cathedra* for the Conservative party, and we must say that according to our view, the real friends of union ought to adopt HORACE GREELEY's maxim of "universal amnesty" as regards the past, and "equal rights" as to the future, towards all who, recanting the errors of the past, if they have been guilty, are now prepared to cordially co-operate with men of any party, and men from all sections, in putting in working order the new Constitution, in the success of which all our hopes for the future as a British American people are centred. There should be no petty proscription, such as that preached by the *Intelligencer*, which, though coming from the other side in party politics, is no less reprehensible than when preached by the *Globe*.

Elsewhere we republish from the Halifax *Express* a brief article on "Nova Scotia as a Summer Resort," with the sentiment of which we heartily coincide. That the inhabitants of the Inland Provinces should cultivate acquaintance with their fellow-countrymen on the sea coast, in preference to hobnobbing with their Yankee cousins, who of late have put on so many disagreeable airs, is the most natural thing imaginable, and we are sure the timely words of the *Express* will be heartily appreciated both in Ontario and Quebec—for we must remind our *confrere* on the sea coast that in a few weeks he will be as much a *Canadian* as ourselves. We must have a social, as well as a political and commercial, union, between the several Provinces of the new Dominion; we must teach each other and ourselves that we are at home—in our own country—whether on the banks of the Ottawa or on the coast of the Atlantic, *so long* as we are within the territorial limits of the Confederacy, and the pleasure seekers from the Western extremity of the Dominion, will we are sure be attracted in large numbers to the Eastern Provinces, during the coming season as well as in future years. And while the residents of Ontario and Quebec will find a healthful relaxation from the drudgery of business in courting the cool breezes of the Atlantic on the Nova Scotia coast, may we not be permitted to remind our friends below that the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario are not without their attractions for a pleasurable summer tour? Their politicians and public men will, it is true, be drawn occasionally to the capital as a matter of duty, but we expect to find that the St. Lawrence, the Ottawa and the upper lakes will command some share of attention from the pleasure seekers of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. It was a happy thought of the *Express* which led it to broach the subject at the present time, for every friend of colonial union must understand the value of social intercourse as a means of cultivating the sentiment of unity, without which the mere statutory enactment would be a lifeless instrument or an irksome yoke. It is from the feeling of the people that the vitality of the new Constitution must be drawn, and it seems to us that were our gentlemen of leisure, who indulge in the luxury of summer excursions, to direct their course towards the Provinces with which we are about entering into partnership, they would not only secure for themselves a very enjoyable trip, but also contribute in no slight degree to the cultivation of a spirit of mutual good will among the different communities, who have undertaken the patriotic task of forming a new nation on the British model, or as near to it as their circumstances will permit.

"Special despatches" are sometimes precious humbugs, as our own columns and those of our contemporaries frequently attest. But the other day it was telegraphed from Ottawa, that a certain gentleman was to be Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands for Ontario, and that another had been assigned the Clerkship of the Privy Council. The day following the same intelligence was telegraphed back to Ottawa, and appeared in the TIMES and *Citizen* as part of the "special" from Montreal. Now, when we tell our readers that his EXCELLENCY has yet to appoint the Privy Council, upon whose advice the LIEUT.-GOVERNORS will be appointed, who in turn will have the duty of appointing the Local Ministry, which *in its turn* will have the patronage of the Crown Lands office in its gift, we think we have told them enough to let them understand that all such announcements as the officers to be appointed under the new Constitution are at the very least premature, and altogether unauthorised. Yesterday we ran our pen through a couple of announcements of a similar character from the same quarter, only that one of them was about a week and the other a month old. We *only* mention these matters to caution our readers against putting any trust in such announcements, which under the telegraphic heading may creep in to our own or to others' columns. Nor is the telegraphing of news in Canada upon any worse footing than in other places, for we frequently discover old newspaper paragraphs or patent concoctions of lies, both in the American and European despatches, but we deem it right at the present time that our readers should understand the worthlessness of announcements regarding the filling of offices under Confederation, though at the same time a good "guesser" may have the fortune to be right in his speculations. We have reason to believe that those who have the best chance of knowing what is to take place, have authorised no such announcements as that to which we have referred, and as the departmental officers are secured in their positions by the Act of Union, either as Confederate or Local *employes*, according to the nature of their duties, until the Local or General Parliaments otherwise provide, there is no great danger that any one will either be suddenly aggrandised or abruptly cast out of place by the going into effect of the new Constitution.

Our spicy little contemporary, the St. Catharines *Journal*, an organ of the regular Reform party, as distinguished from the secessionists, has been of late vigorously engaged in exposing the doings of the Hon. J. G. CURRIE, with regard to the reorganising process at present being attempted with such poor success in several Western constituencies. That our readers may understand the matter, we may explain in brief that a preliminary meeting was held at Beamsville, at which certain persons were appointed to call meetings of the Reform party, in each municipality in the county of Lincoln, for the purpose of choosing delegates to attend a county convention. Under this arrangement Mr. GILLELAND was commissioned to convene the Reformers of St. Catharines to appoint the thirteen delegates to which the town was entitled, and in due course he issued his notice and the meeting was held on the 16th inst. Messrs. CURRIE and GILLELAND, not liking the appearance of things, suggested the postponement of the meeting for a week or two, on the plea that there was not a sufficiently large attendance. Mr. DOUGLAS and others opposed this, and while the discussion was going on the assemblage increased to such a degree that their plea was completely spoiled. Mr. GILLELAND then said he "postponed the meeting for two weeks," and says the *Journal*:

"Thereupon a stampede took place, the Hon. J. G. Currie and half a dozen others leaving the room, though the balance of the assembly protested against the movement, and called for an organization of the meeting. Mr. Fisher Munro made an unsuccessful attempt to put out the gas, stating that he had control of the room. Mr. Charles Bullock, however, was present, and for a consideration re-let the room for the purpose of holding the meeting."

A Chairman and Secretary were then duly appointed, and the meeting proceeded to business, voting for the Delegates by ballot—

"The following gentlemen were then declared to be the delegates, the number of ballots in their favor being quite large, viz:—Messrs. Calvin Brown, John Goslin, William Grant, John Sullivan, J. B. Fowler, J. E. Cuff, J. Douglas, C. May, A. Davis, P. Marren, C. P. Simpson, J. Shickluna and P. Walden.

"The chairman said he would prepare their credentials, signed by himself and the Secretary, and furnish them on application, so that the delegates elected would find no trouble in gaining admission to the Convention at Beamsville."

The political significance of this meeting is that it proves the complete overthrow of Mr. CURRIE's influence, and the utter rout of the factionists at St. Catharines. Mr. CURRIE, it may be remembered, was a fierce opponent of Confederation; he even resigned his position in the Upper House, ostensibly because he would not sit as a life member, really, perhaps, because he did not expect that the Government would recommend his appointment. As a lover of mischief, however, he naturally enough wheeled into line when the *fiat* went forth from the Chief Organiser, that party strife should be revived, and the *Globe* accepted him as an ally just as readily as it has since "with pleasure" fallen into other new and no less suspicious company. Mr. CURRIE has been as busy as a certain personage in a gale of wind, working up the reorganising movement. At the meeting alluded to, when he could not persuade it that it was too small, he got vexed, said it had been "drummed up," and left with half a dozen followers in disgust. Mr. GILLELAND called another meeting for Tuesday evening, and of this the *Journal* of the previous day says:

"Let every elector, whether he has voted or not at previous elections, turn out to-morrow evening to attend the meeting called by James Gilleland, Esq. There is more at stake than may be imagined. We will not say that the safety or welfare of the country is at stake, but this much is certain, that the men who endeavored to destroy the late Hon. W. H. Merritt's influence, and to take from him his political position, in 1858 and in 1857, are now making strenuous efforts to obtain the control of the franchise of Lincoln, for their own selfish and unholy purposes. The question to be decided on to-morrow evening is not one of Reform or Conservatism—it is Union or Annexation. The ex-Hon. J. G. Currie is the head and front of the movement, and ever since his advent to political life, in 1851, he has affiliated with, and been supported by, the Annexationists of the town and county. He was among the first to raise his voice against Colonial Union, and he will be the first to make an effort to break up the Confederation which has received the sanction of her Majesty, and which will go into operation on the 1st July next."

Yet Mr. CURRIE is one of the precious "Reformers" who have been "organising" under the flag of Mr. BROWN!

LOCAL NEWS.

HOLIDAY.—Yesterday being Ascension Day was observed by the Roman Catholic portion of the community generally.

THE 100TH.—There is a rumor, for the truth of which we do not vouch, that this regiment will remain here two months longer.

MALICIOUS.—Some scoundrels have recently broken the windows of the Baptist church, for which, we hope, they will receive a full measure of justice. The police will, most likely, discover the perpetrators of this wanton mischief within a few days.

AN INTERLUDE.—At the Theatre last night, a game of fisticuffs was introduced between the acts. The police arrested one of the belligerents, and took him to jail. Mr. O'Gara was a witness in the case, and this morning will play the part of Judge. The name of the young man arrested is Burns, a blacksmith.

GRAND CONCERT.—We direct attention to the announcement of a concert of sacred music, to be given at the Cathedral, on Thursday evening the 6th June, for the benefit of the organist. The programme is select and the performers talented, so that a rare musical treat will be presented.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-st.:

OTTAWA, May 30, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 50 above zero.
9 a.m., 56 above zero.
Noon shade, 62 above zero.
6 p.m., 62 above zero.

SUCCESSORS TO CHARLES GARTH.—Messrs. Blyth & Kerr announce themselves in our advertising columns, as the successors to Mr. Charles Garth, lately retired to his business in Montreal. They set forth a general description of their stock and business, in which we find that they carry on the business of gas fitters, plumbers, tin and coppersmiths, bell hangers, &c., as well as keep on hand an extensive variety of goods for sale in their line of business, both for retail and for supplying the trade. They also furnish and fit up the necessary apparatus of the latest and most approved inventions for warming public and private buildings. Mr. Garth, whose reputation is well established, has given a very favorable recommendation to his successors, which he would not have done except on good grounds.

WILSON'S THEATRE.—The attendance at the Rink Theatre, we believe, was not so good as previously. "Our American Cousin" was, upon the whole, a better performance than the Octoroon. G. W. Harrison, as Asa Trenchard, was very good, and Mrs. Harrison as Florence Trenchard, was, in many parts of her role, quite at home. P. Anderson, as Able Murcott, gave evidence of good ability. He was well chosen to play the part, for we know of no other of the company who could have done as well. J. Moreton, as Binny, was very good, and if we mistake not he has something of the actor in him, which may be developed into some utility in the higher walks of the profession. Mr. Collins is not equal to Lord Dundreary, as we conceive the character, though to do him justice, he sustained the character, in his way, tolerably well. Of the other members of the company, we have nothing very flattering to say.

POLICE COURT.

Olivier Jeandreau, and a young man named Villeneuve, were separately charged with leaving the employ of John Sullivan, by whom they were engaged in October last to make logs, and as Sullivan said to go on the drive, and remain with him until the timber was delivered. Jeandreau was first charged, but the prosecution failed to show that a contract had been made. The magistrate decided that as Sullivan had not proved his case, the defendant should be heard, and was accordingly sworn. His evidence was to the effect that he had been employed to make timber, and was at liberty to leave, but he came on the raft as far as Thompson's wharf, when he left. He stated that he had been badly used at the shanty, and that he left some time ago, when he was followed by a man and two dogs, and was captured; he then promised to return to the shanty, because he was afraid to refuse. He had been beaten, and exhibited a mark on his head, not yet well, that he received on the occasion. He also stated on oath, that Sullivan had his rifle loaded, and said if he attempted to go away again he would kill him. Jeandreau was discharged. Villeneuve was then brought up, when, his case appearing somewhat different, he was fined $2 and costs.

Wallace Britton was charged with leaving the employ of John Townsend, lessee of Her Majesty's Theatre. Mr. Townsend gave in evidence that he had written to his New York agent, Frank Rivers, requesting him to send on certain actors in different lines of the profession, and that he had sent on $60 to defray the necessary expenses for fare here, and to make the engagement; that on Monday evening last W. Britton, with others, waited on him at the theatre, satisfying him by their presence and conversation that the engagement was clearly understood, and left to see him next morning to make the arrangements as to the cast of the piece to be first represented. He afterwards received a letter from Mr. Moreton, one of the actors, proposing to cancel the engagement with Mr. Townsend. Several letters, telegrams and express receipts, were put in evidence.

Harry Townsend sworn—Said Mr. Moreton introduced Mr. Britton to him as the leading actor engaged by his father; this was at Mr. Clark's International Hotel, and he saw him hand the letter from Frank Rivers to his father. Being asked by the actors where they could get board he took them to Mr. Clark's, where he introduced them as members of their company.

Mr. George Clark testified that one of the party said he was engaged to be stage manager for Mr. Townsend.

John Moreton sworn—Admitted the letter shewn proposing to cancel the engagement to be in his handwriting. This was done because we feared we could not get our pay from Mr. Townsend. Mr. Rivers told me before leaving New York that Wilson was in Ottawa, and if we failed with Townsend we must do the best we could with Wilson.

To the Magistrate.—Mr. Townsend was under the impression that we should play.

Darius Wilson sworn, said—I sent a telegram to Mr. Frank Rivers, of New York, for three people, but have had no answer. Moreton waited upon me, and said that Rivers sent him to me for an engagement, in case he would not be engaged by Townsend. Britton also came, and said he was engaged by Townsend, and I told him if he was not he could come to me, but that if he was I did not want him. I engaged three of the parties. Subsequently, I have seen an advertisement that they were to play for Mr. Townsend. I received a notice that they were engaged to play for him.

Mr. Remon, for the defence, said the Court had no jurisdiction, and could not take cognizance of contracts made in the State of New York, and even if the contract could be held valid, there had been shewn no refusal to comply with its terms, as the performance did not come off till the evening.

Mr. O'Gara said the contract was clear, but he had not made up his mind on the law of the case, and would adjourn it till this morning.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, May 30, 1867.

Jeff. Davis arrived here to-day by the steamer *Champion*, and was enthusiastically cheered by a large crowd. He drove to the residence of Major Hellam, and was visited by a number of ladies and gentlemen. He left for the Falls at two p.m. He intends taking up his residence at St. Catharines.

A despatch from Buffalo says Bishop Lynch, of this city, is not much better to-day; and is still dangerously ill. He has been removed to the hospital of the Sisters of Charity.

The harness and trunk makers of this city are on a strike.

FROM HAMILTON.

HAMILTON, May 30, 1867.

A daring robbery was committed at Mimico Station, on the Great Western Railroad. Two young girls, named McGuire, robbed their father and brothers, who are farmers, of $1000 in gold, and $50 in paper money, and fled to the States. The brother passed through this city *yesterday* in pursuit.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 30, 1867.

Orders have been received at the headquarters of the 1st Division of the Royal Artillery, directing detachments of the Field Artillery to be held in readiness to embark for Canada, for the purpose of augmenting the Royal Artillery force serving in British North America.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

FROM EUROPE.

Royal Visitors to Paris.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 30—Evening.—The Emperor Alexander left this city to-day for Paris.

BERLIN, May 30—Evening.—It is stated that King William will be accompanied by his Prime Minister Count Von Bismarck, on his visit to the French capital.

PARIS, May 30.—It is expected that Francis Joseph, the Emperor of Austria, will arrive in this city on the first day of July.

More European Complications.

LONDON, May 30.—A despatch received last night from the Continent, indicates that a fresh complication, the character of which is not definitely known, has arisen in the Schleswig question.

Trial of the Fenian, Condon.

CORK, May 30.—The trial of the prisoner, Condon, is now in progress before the Special Commission in session here.

Uneasiness Concerning Maximilian.

LONDON, May 30—Evening.—The uncertainty of the fate of Maximilian creates a painful anxiety throughout Europe.

Spanish Abolition of Slavery.

MADRID, May 29.—The Spanish Government is considering the question of the abolition of slavery in all the colonies of Spain.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 30.—Consols advanced ¼, and are quoted at 94¼; 5-20s 72¼; Ill. C. 76¼; Erie 40¼.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Extensive Failure.

CINCINNATI, May 30.—Wm. H. Longley, flour merchant of Galliopolis, Ohio, with large business connections in this city, made an assignment yesterday; liabilities over half a million dollars.

Importation of Wheat.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The steamship *Virginia* which arrived to-day from Liverpool, brings as freight 14,480 bushels of wheat.

United States Customs Regulations.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Secretary McCulloch calls attention to the fact that at many frontier ports the provisions of the law imposing an additional duty of 20 per cent. on merchandise found to exceed 10 per cent. or more, the invoice or entered value, is disregarded, by allowing importers to make a new entry. After entry the 20 per cent. additional must be paid if found due under the law.

Falling of a Tenement House.—Loss of Life.

NORFOLK, VA., May 30.—At half past eight this morning, a double tenement on Market-square fell with a crash to the ground, and it is supposed to have buried a number of people in its ruins. Mrs. Chespiere and child had escaped from the house, but were overtaken by the falling walls in the adjoining lane and buried.

President Johnson going to N. Carolina.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The President will leave Washington, on Sunday morning next, on his way to North Carolina.

Fearful Mortality in the Mauritius.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Advices from Mauritius state that upwards of six thousand persons died in March from epidemic fever, and over five thousand more in the first half of April. Total number of deaths to the 15th of April, 13,564.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Emigration Report.

NEW YORK, May 30.—82,082 emigrants have arrived here during the present year.

News from Cuba.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondent says the Imperial consul there, notwithstanding the news from Mexico, was investing heavily in war material to be shipped to Vera Cruz. The brig *Oriscaba* had, it was thought, already taken a large cargo of war material from that port, and a schooner had sailed earlier with 300 men, presumed to be recruits for the Imperial army. Men are being received daily, and agents receive $20 for each recruit; some secrecy is maintained, however, in the manner of shipping them. In other respects the breach of neutrality is open and avowed. A small war steamer called the *Mosquito*, in the Imperial service, had sought refuge in Havana from the Liberal cruisers on the coast of Yedo. Several Imperial gunboats had been transferred to the Liberal navy. All the small vessels of the Imperial navy have been captured off San Francisco de Campeache. The commander of one of the sloops was immediately ordered to be shot. The new system of taxation was producing general discontent throughout Cuba; considerable trouble in connection therewith had occurred at Santiago, but of what nature is not known. The small-pox was increasing, and there were many cases of vomito.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 30.—At the Second Board Stocks were steady. Money active at 6c. to 7c. Gold 137⅛.

The *Post's* money article says Loans are easy at 6c. to 7c. Commercial paper dull at 6½c. to 7c. Stock market opened with more animation. Governments without much change. Railroads advanced, but highest prices were not sustained at the close. Foreign Exchange firm.

REMARKABLE DISCOVERY OF LAKE DWELLINGS.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—"A complete Pompeii of lake dwellings has been discovered near Daber, in Pomerania. Professor Virchow, to whom the discovery is mainly due, has succeeded in laying open on the western side of the Daber Lake more than twenty larger and as many smaller rooms or dwellings. Each of the former is twelve feet large, ten feet deep; the latter average from six to four, and four and a quarter feet. Between every two of the larger huts there is a distance of a foot to a foot and a quarter; between the smaller ones the distance is about four feet, while the larger and the smaller are some three feet apart. It is doubtful whether the smaller buildings were meant for stables or outhouses. Many remains of bones, horns, leather, combs, needles made of bone, wooden and clay vessels, &c., were found. Similar dwellings have also been discovered near Persanzig, in the new Stettin district, which seem to have been destroyed by fire. The wood used in them, where not burnt, is still in a remarkably good state of preservation.

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

To the Editor of the Times:

DEAR SIR,—Feeling that the public, from whom I have hitherto received so many favors, have a right to know why I disappointed them last evening, by not opening the Theatre as announced in your journal, I will, with your permission, narrate the simple facts, leaving the patrons of the drama to apply them according to their good judgment.

I sent to my theatrical agent in New York, Mr. Frank Rivers, to engage me the ladies and gentlemen named in my announcement to the public, transmitting to him $60 to pay my share of their traveling expenses to Ottawa. In due course, I received the copies of the engagements made, and Messrs. Britton, Moreton and Webster, three of the company, arrived here on Monday evening, and personally renewed to me engagements they had made in my behalf in New York. An arrangement was made for their attendance at the Theatre on Tuesday morning, which was not kept, and on that and the following evening they accepted engagements from Mr. Wilson, and appeared upon the stage at the Rink. Late on Tuesday night, Messrs. Britton, Moreton, and Webster returned an advance on their salaries made by me on Monday night, with a letter stating they had "cancelled their contract" with me. By perusing the police report of to-day, my patrons will see the account of the proceedings taken by me, and I feel confident that that kindness and love of fair play which has been shewn to me upon all occasions will induce them to form a proper estimate of the facts, and apply them so as to exonerate me from blame.

I beg most respectfully to solicit the indulgence of the public of Ottawa under the present circumstances, and to solicit a renewal of their patronage and kind feeling upon my re-opening the Theatre in a few days, when I shall have been able to fill up the deficiencies made by this untoward affair.

I have the honor to be,
Yours, &c.,
JOHN TOWNSEND.

Ottawa, May 30, 1867.

THE STATE OF THE BRIDGE OVER THE OTTAWA.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—As one among the many who suffer from the deplorable state of the viaduct over the Government works, leading from the Suspension Bridge to the Village of Hull, I would desire through the medium of your valuable paper to call the attention of the proper authorities to the subject. Some representation should be made to induce them to improve this portion of the Government highway. It is the only road leading from the city to the Lower Canada side. It is so narrow that foot passengers have barely room to avoid the wheels of passing carriages. There is no platform or sidewalk of any kind, so that people have to walk ankle deep through the mud. It is really too bad to see pedestrians who have to pass over this way, endeavoring to balance themselves on the narrow parapet, from which one slip or misstep would precipitate them into the rapids. People will run this risk rather than walk through such mud and filth, as the narrow thoroughfare is surcharged with. Moreover, it is only in some places that even the dangerous resource of the *side wall* is available as a refuge from the mud, for along a large portion of the work there is no side wall, nor any barrier to prevent horses or people from going over into the rapids or down the precipice. It surely could not be possible that the Government authorities would leave this, the only road from the city to the Lower Canada side, in such a disgraceful and dangerous condition, if their attention were called to it. I suppose it is the province of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works to see that such a state of things is remedied. A good sidewalk has been made along the works on the Upper Canada side (where it was much needed), but the approach to the Suspension bridge, on the Lower Canada side has been left in a state of ruin and decay, endangering the lives of people, and inflicting injury and discomfort on that large portion of the community who have to pass over the bridge. Might not a share of the monies collected as tolls be well applied towards rendering safe the works on which those tolls are collected, and in the construction of a sidewalk for the safety and benefit of those who pay them?

Ever, my dear Sir, yours,
M. Y. W.

Ottawa, May 30, 1867.

NOVA SCOTIA AS A SUMMER RESORT.

Every summer, many of our Canadian friends and neighbors spend their thousands and tens of thousands of dollars to enrich the hostelries and housekeepers of "Old Orchard Beech," Nahant and Portland, where, especially of late years, their feelings are so very far from being respected that, as more than one of them has confessed, watering-place life has been truly a warfare. Yet, if anywhere, surely at the seaside, quiet and content are beyond price. For repose, wearied men and delicate women seek such resorts; but repose is impossible where every conversation has an anti-British bias, or an anti-Colonial squint. The main reason why the many sheltered nooks and shining strands of Nova Scotia have not hitherto been familiar to our inland countrymen, the Canadians, was their inaccessibleness. This barrier, however, has fortunately gone down, and though much may not come of its removal for the present purpose this year, we may reasonably expect larger results for 1868. The railway to Pictou, to be opened throughout on the 21st of the present month, offers a continuous line for summer travellers from Toronto or Montreal to Halifax. We submit that it would be in the interest of the new line to announce through its agents in those cities "return tickets" for the seaside, similar to those issued annually by the Grand Trunk to the habitues of the beaches of Maine and Massachusetts. If only to make the route known to the largest number at the earliest day, "return tickets" to and from say, Montreal and Halifax, would, we think, prove a good speculation, at all events it is one worth trying. We should be, in the meantime, much obliged to correspondents who can point out, in detail, where the best bathing facilities can be had on our shores, and we promise that the communications of all such shall receive immediate attention. Besides other localities on the coast, the fine smooth sandy beach at McNab's Island is admirably adapted to the purposes of sea-bathing, it being but a short distance from the city, and easily accessible at all times and all seasons, but perhaps there may be locations elsewhere equally as desirable for the purpose.—*Halifax Evening Express.*

—A shocking tragedy occurred not long ago, in a court of justice at Mantanzes, Cuba. A suit for alimony had been commenced by a married lady, who had for some months been separated from her lord Santiago Manzanet, of literary reputation. The case was proceeding, when Manzanet drew a revolver and fired at his wife. The ball entered her forehead, causing her to fall over into her mother's lap, an aged lady who was sitting beside her. He then fired at the mother, when both fell at his feet gasping in death. The murderer then turned on the persons present, and threatened them with the same fate if they dared to interfere with him. He then took a few strides across the room, approached the corpses of the hapless women and emptied the remaining charges of the revolver into their bodies. The last shot was aimed so as to kill the wife's unborn infant. After the deed he threw down his revolver and gave himself up to the officers of justice.

THE LUMBER TRADE.—We cannot deny that we are suffering severely in our lumber regions for the want of a market for our coarse lumber. The Americans, on account of their troubles have not made any purchases in the Province the past year, and being unable to compete with the North of Europe we can't ship it to England; but serious as this matter is, it is gratifying to know that the Canadian Pain Destroyer is a great favorite among our lumbermen, for curing coughs, sudden colds, cramps in the stomach, burns, bruises frost-bites, chilblains, &c., and they do not depend upon a foreign market for it. It is sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per bottle.

THE WAR IN CRETE.

Battle With the Turks at Heracleum—Full Account by an Eye-witness.

(Special Cor. London Daily News.)

HEADQUARTERS OF THE INSURGENT FORCES NEAR HERACLEUM, April 20.—The battle of yesterday was a sufficient proof that beyond the walls of their sea coast fortress, the Turks have little hold upon Crete. They may profess to believe the insurrection at an end, but they have to fight their way like foreign invaders when they would visit the pacified districts. Only yesterday they made one of these visits, with what result I will presently relate. On April 18 we marched down to the plains of Heracleum (Candia) with a strong body of Cretans and Greek volunteers, under the chiefs Petropoulaki and Korasas. It had been rumored that the Pacha of Heracleum would soon attempt to enter the districts between that city and Rethymno, so it was resolved straightway to draw him into action, and to have this matter settled before we should be called elsewhere. Our chiefs had taken post on the last range of rocks overlooking the plain, and had waited some time in hopes of an attack, but no attack was made. Therefore we descended to the plain, left the defile by which we had come temptingly open, and occupied a village named Krusonas, at the entrance of another defile a little further south. The Turks fired some cannon shot from the village of Agros Meron in our front, and as night drew on, there was a slight skirmish before Krusonas. But next morning all was quiet. The beautiful view across the plain of Heracleum towards the mountains of eastern Crete was lit up by glowing sunshine, whilst a pleasant breeze fluttered our standards and made the white cross upon a blue ground stream out bravely for Turks and other misbelievers to behold. It was a fair scene, that which spread out before us. Yet it had its darker side, and the insurgents looked sternly to their weapons as homeless families came toiling up from the plain to seek safety among the gray rocks and yellow gorse. We were in presence of a cruel enemy, whose light troops make war like red Indians, and these families did well to seek the rocks and gorse bushes.

During the earlier part of the day reports were brought to our chiefs that a Turkish detachment had appeared in the defile, left open to tempt them. We accordingly marched westward through the defile behind Krusonas, to a central position among the mountains. Here we halted until a breathless messenger came running to summon our aid. The Turks had advanced in force. There was a sharp contest now going on between their van guard and the *corps* of Koroneos, who had already joined the villagers in the defile. Not a moment should be lost, for, if quick enough, we could take the enemy in flank. This was what our chiefs had been manœuvring to do, and they resumed their march with all the energies of men forty years younger. The aged soldiers also gained vigor with the occasion. Petropoulaki cheered forward his well-tried volunteers; Korakas urged on his hardy Cretans; and we scrambled over almost impassable paths with marvellous rapidity. We dived into one ravine, and climbed out of another; slipped over rocks, and trampled through prickly bushes, until the troops had fairly distanced their commanders. Now some little shepherd boy high up above us cried in a shrill voice, "This way, patriots!" or "Turn to the right, patriots!" or some such practical direction. Then it was a refugee family which cried out to us from the rocks, with all their might, saying, "God bless the Christian arms." We could presently hear a sharp fusillade, crackling, and echoing in the defile of Monsoros. Faster ran the men, with a warlike murmur rather than a distinct cheer passing from end to end of the column. Petropoulaki's son, Leonidas, was, as usual, among the very first, and, with a strong body of volunteers he had thrown himself upon the enemy's flank just as our main force reached the edge of the valley. A few stray bullets had come singing over the rocks far in rear, but now, all at once, we entered upon a scene of action, and our men took up the fire in loose skirmishing fashion. The head of our column had delivered a volley to let friends and foes know that we had arrived. But thenceforward we had independent firing.

I cannot easily describe the field of battle, nor can I give you any clear notion of the movements on either side. Whilst we could see Heracleum on the sea shore, seemingly at our very feet, and could distinguish mountain-tops at an immense distance, there was great difficulty in making out the combatants, who were engaged close before us. What with rocks and bushes, with the irregular formation of even the so-called plain, and an atmosphere which made objects at 5,000 yards look as though only at 500, we were often puzzled as to where the Turks had gone, or whither the Christians were following them. Nevertheless, it was an exciting spectacle. Up the opposite hill side there moved a column of Turks with red banners clearly to be distinguished at their head. On the stony roadway of the defile were other Turks pressing forward and we could hear their furious shouts above the crash of musketry. Some skirmishers fired in our direction when we first appeared, but very soon lost heart as Petropoulaki's men poured a steady fire upon them. The detachment under Leonidas Petropoulaki, and the Cretans of Korakas, had meanwhile descended to the bottom of the gorge, and were climbing swiftly towards the enemy's position. Koroneos recovered the ground which he had lost, there was a louder and louder discharge of musketry from our rocky vantage point, with ringing cheers. We can see the Turkish banners waver and fall back—faster and faster. They are in flight. There is a shout of triumph from every side, "Victory to the Cross!" And now our fire ceases, for we can no longer distinguish friend from foe, while down toward the plain goes crackling a brisk fusilade. The Turkish irregulars fly with goat-like activity, but their disciplined troops behave well, and fire at intervals during the retreat. We who are high up can see that our friends below had better stop and pursue no further. We can clearly make out a large reserve of Turks on the plain, with cavalry and cannon. It is useless to descend. But the Cretans have warmed to their work, and they push forward with loud shouts until they have reached the lowermost range of rocks. Here they must pause, as we can well discern, for the guns and cavalry will bar their progress. So it turns out in a very few minutes. There are white puffs of smoke, and there is a whizzing of shells from the Turkish reserve. Then some horsemen move quickly forward, and some Egyptian infantry in white uniforms come charging up towards Monsoros. The Christians fall back before these new assailants, though not without a murderous fire to protect their retreat. The Egyptians charge resolutely on, and there is again a discharge from our side the valley. Yielding step by step, Koroneos and Korakas move slowly out of reach. No bayonet charge can last all night, and when the enemy has lost his breath, and our men have spent their ammunition, the battle is over.

I must add, that the Turks returned to Heracleum without any further attempt to explore the mountains.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

—As showing the good understanding existing between the different classes of citizens we may say that we observed a large number of Irish and French Canadian Catholics at the funeral of the late Mr. Mathewson yesterday. Nothing could better show the respect in which he deserved to be held. Probably there were never before so many Irish Catholics gathered in the Church in Great St. James-st., as yesterday. Mr. McGee's labours at conciliation have done much to bring about this happy state of feeling.—*Montreal Gazette.*

MR. BAILLARGE'S TREATISE ON GEOMETRY, &c.—We understand that the Chevalier Tache, the Canadian Commissioner at the Paris Exhibition, has written to Mr. C. Baillarge, the Quebec Superintendent of Works, by request, for several copies of his "New Treatise on Geometry and Trigonometry, &c.," for presentation to *L'Academie Francaise.*—*Quebec Chronicle.*

JAPANESE TRICKS—HOW THEY PERFORM THEM.

The Cincinnatians are blessed with a troupe of Japanese acrobats, who perform nightly in Mozart Hall. The "Fat Contributor" of the *Times* went to witness the performance the other evening, and it appeared so easy of imitation that he tried it. The following is his description of the Japs' tricks. The result of his imitation is, for obvious reasons, told by the editor of the *Times*:

People who throng the Mozart Hall nightly to witness the wonderful and unique performances of the Japanese Troupe are greatly puzzled to know how they are able to do some of their tricks. They are quite inexplicable to them. They were to me at first, but after studying them closely I saw through them. *It is the fan that does it!* I could do any of their tricks if they would only lend me one of their fans.

A Jap. lies down on his back and balances a fifty-four foot liberty pole in a perpendicular position upon his big toe, which he is enabled to do by fanning himself vigorously. Then another Jap. takes a fan, climbs to the summit of the liberty pole and holds himself out at arm's length with his teeth alone. It will be observed that he fans himself meanwhile. This is intended to convey to the audience an idea of the perfect coolness which possesses him during the performance of a dangerous feat, but it is in reality the fan that keeps him up, if he should accidentally forget his fan, he could'nt stay up there at all. They build up the most remarkable pedestals to climb to the summit of. They take a brass drum, fan it, put four cannon balls on the top, fan them a little, then cover them with a cellar door, put a coal scuttle on that, fan it, add a tea chest, still fanning, put a tambourine on edgeways, fanning the edgeways, then a crockery crate, which is also fanned, and then a flowerpot, surmounted by a window sash, and when the whole has been properly fanned, a young Jap. climbs up on the summit, and, standing on his head, fans himself gently and sings out, "All Right!" Anybody of the least penetration can see that it is the fan that does it after all. If he should drop his fan it wouldn't be all right.

The Japanned gentleman who pretends to explain to the audience (in Japanese) how these tricks are performed, is careful not to say anything about the fan. I listened closely to hear if he would the other night, and he didn't. He only faintly alluded to it when he said: "Chee sa boro, nos ke yo ro ke, mats ka is foo stra, ring shees ta nos hay chee." It will be seen by the above that he very cunningly evaded touching upon the fan directly. I again assert that with a fan, and perhaps a pair of *Japan-knees*, I could perform all the tricks they do.

A thought strikes me—I will prove that I am right before writing any further. Here is a palm leaf ready to hand. Looking out into the alley I see a ladder, a wheelbarrow, a nail keg, and a picket fence. With these simple articles and the fan, I will show these Japanese——

[Note by the leading Editor.—The infatuated writer of the above attempted to demonstrate the truth of his fan theory, and the result is that four physicians are working over him at this moment. He has suffered a compound fracture of the arm, a dislocated shoulder, some broken ribs, a fracture of the skull, besides serious internal injuries, and the entire destruction of his fan. When first observed, he was wheeling the ladder up the wheelbarrow, with the nail keg on his head, and the picket fence balanced upon the top of the nail keg. He carried the fan in his teeth. He had nearly reached the summit of the wheelbarrow, when the whole contrivance tumbled in a heap. It was hard work picking him out of the picket fence. Poor fellow! he always had a dread of *going on picket!* He is delirious, and talks incessantly in Japanese. He has made use of but one coherent expression since the accident. When asked if he would have something to drink, he brightened up, a gleam of intelligence flashed across his face, and he exclaimed, "All Right!" We hope he may be, but dread the result of his infatuation and folly. If serious consequences ensue, we shall have his body *Japanned* and sent to his friends.

SLAUGHTERING "THE PARTY."

The St. Catharines *Journal*, one of the staunchest Reform journals in the Province, places Mr. Brown in his true light in the following extract from an article published in its issue of Saturday last:—"For years, more than is necessary for us to mention just now, the Hon. Geo. Brown has been 'playing piggy' with the Reform party. He first gained the confidence of the party, and then turned round and stabbed that party in its most vital part, destroying the reputations of the leaders; not, mind you, for the glory and benefit of the country, or in the interests of truth and humanity, but for the foulest and most despicable ends. When the government of the day refused to pay the election expenses for the contest in Haldimand, and when there were no more chances for penitentiary commissions at $8 per diem, with perquisites, Mr. Brown commenced his work of slaughtering the innocents. It was he who arrayed Upper Canada against her sister province, Lower Canada. It was he who supported the Tories at a time when, but for his detection and treason, they would have had no chance for obtaining office. It is he who kept Reformers out of power since the success of his treason, and it is he who will prevent the party, if he can, from exerting our influence in the Confederate Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, which its numbers and wealth entitle it to. We say the Confederate Parliament, because Mr. Brown has recently been making attempts to convince the people that they should devote their attention to the choice of candidates for the Legislature of Ontario, and in a measure ignore the greater claims of the House of Commons, where the control of nearly all the great interests of the country centre."

THE PARIS EXHIBITION.—The *Times* gives the following hints to visitors about to proceed to Paris:—"Englishmen who purpose to come to Paris in the ensuing holidays must remember to bring their photographs with them. This is the last invention of the French to secure that season tickets shall not be transferred. There are three classes of season tickets. First of all, there are the tickets of exhibitors and their agents. Hitherto there has been no photograph attached to these, but there is an intimation in the *Moniteur* that the photographers of the Exhibition are now ready to give the finishing touch to them by affixing to them the likeness of their possessors. Next there are tickets for visitors, which admit to the Exhibition at all *times*, from the beginning to the end of it. These have a portrait of the owner, a little bigger than a postage stamp, gummed upon them. Lastly, there are the weekly tickets, and it is in these that our English friends are chiefly interested. The price of admission to the Champ de Mars is a franc, and when it is announced that the price of a weekly ticket is six francs, most persons will be disposed to say that it is not worth while to compound for the difference. But they are wrong. There are certain hours of the morning when the price of admission is a couple of francs; there are certain gates of entrance also where the price is more than a franc; and there are certain supplementary exhibitions in the park and elsewhere, the proprietors of which have authority to levy extra tolls. The weekly tickets at six francs cover all expenses of admission to the exhibition, at all its gates, at all times when it is open, for a week from the day of issue, and they admit to all the supplementary parts of the Exhibition. The visitor who wishes for such a ticket will present his *carte de visite* at the proper office. The ticket, a thin strip of printed paper, will be gummed across his portrait, leaving the head visible, and the official stamp of the Imperial Commission will then be (not printed, but) embossed upon it, so as to prevent the possibility of fraud. The whole process is the work of a minute, and does some credit to the ingenuity of the French Commission.

Surratt's Trial.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *World's* special says: A remark made in open court yesterday by Mr. Merrick, one of the counsel for Surratt, that his client would never be tried, is eliciting considerable comment. It is believed to be based on an amendment of the indictment for murder, with a view of having the next Grand Jury bring in a bill against Surratt for treason. If this is done it will again postpone the trial.

DELIBERATE AND BRUTAL MURDER.

The Chatham *Planet* gives the particulars of a brutal murder which was committed by one colored man upon another in the village of Shrewsbury, on Wednesday last: "On the day above mentioned two colored young men, named respectively John Paul and Geo. Johnston, were walking along the road towards the house of the latter, where the former was proceeding to enquire after some money belonging to him, in the possession of Johnston's father. They had always been the best of friends, and were going quietly along together, when Johnston, in sport, with a stick he had in his hand, dashed some water out of the ditch over Paul. This he did several times, when Paul remonstrated, but, instead of desisting, Johnston lifted some mud upon the stick, and deliberately plastered it upon Paul's coat. This was too much for the latter, who seized upon Johnston, and being much the more powerful of the two, he soon threw him down upon the road. This, of course, exasperated the other, who said to Paul that 'if he came to his house, he would give him a cutting.' Paul must have considered the remark as not said in earnest, for they proceeded towards the house, and, as they approached, Johnston hurriedly jumped the fence before the other, and went to the house, where he picked up an axe that was lying by a wood pile near the door, and then walking back to Paul, deliberately dealt him a blow with it below the ear and lengthwise across the throat, making a fearful gash and cutting through the windpipe. The noise of the attack brought Johnston's father out, who was horrified at the sight that met him, and at once surmised that it was his son's deed, for he addressed him, saying that he had killed Paul, and that he always thought he (his son) would do something of the kind some day. From this it must be inferred that young Johnston has a violent and uncontrollable temper, which on this occasion found vent in too shocking a manner. A messenger was at once despatched to Blenheim, for medical aid, and Drs. Vanvelsor and Hicks lost no time in repairing to the spot, by whom Paul's wound was sewed up, and he was then removed to his own house. In the meantime, Johnston made good his escape, and has not since been heard of. The blow received by Paul was of too fatal a nature, for, notwithstanding every attention, he died on the Friday morning following (24th inst.) An inquest was held the same day by Dr. Vanvelsor, and a verdict of 'wilful murder' returned by the jury against Johnston, for whose apprehension a warrant has been issued, and a reward offered."

LOSING GROUND.—Our big friend of the *Globe* must change his tactics or he will be snuffed out. He worked for a few years to educate the people up to Confederation, and so soon as this measure has received the Royal assent, he asks them to turn round and kick out of office the men who were instrumental in obtaining colonial union. This course is disgusting the people of St. Catharines, fully one hundred of whom have ceased to read the *Globe*. We regret this, for no paper has evinced greater energy than the *Globe*, and none can be more useful. Politics will ruin it yet if great care is not taken.—*St. Catharine's Journal.*

A HOPEFUL SON.—Col. Fulke (Southwell Greville Nugent, M.P., lately had to apply for a warrant against his son Robert Southwell Greville Nugent, for sending a threatening letter containing these words:—"I won't stand this; if you don't send me some money at once, I will shoot you, so help me God,"—which was followed by what is described as still more atrocious language. It seemed that the young man had shown himself a most incorrigible blackguard, and that though his father allowed him two hundred a year, he was still demanding more.

A SECRET WORTH KNOWING.—Some horse dealers have discovered that by the use of Darley's Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine their horses are so much improved in every respect that they will readily sell for from $25 to $60 each more than they would otherwise, and at a cost of not more than $1 each. We consider this a secret worth knowing, and one which all who own horses should not fail to profit by; it is unquestionably the best horse medicine ever sold. Remember the name and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from nervous debility, premature decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42, Cedar-st., N. Y.

428-1a-19y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

428-1a-19y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24   237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere.

350y

ESTABLISHED 1838.

FIRST ARRIVAL

SUMMER STOCK, 1867.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE IN RECEIPT OF FORTY-TWO PACKAGES GOODS per S.S. *Perseveia, St. Andrew* and *John Bull*, bought since the great fall in price in the British Markets. Call and see our prices.

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

450 doz. Joivins (medal) Duchesse Kid Gloves, worth 3s 7½d; our price 3s 9d.
50 ps. Black Glace and Gro Grain Silk, from 3s 9d.
450 Dresses, Rich, Fancy and Wedding Silks, from 75s.
1000 ps. Rich Dress Goods, from 6d.
1000 Assorted Shawls, from 3s 9d to £50s.
1000 doz. Hosiery, very good, and very cheap.
500 ps. Prints, fast colours, from 6d.
500 " Heavy Grey Cotton, from 7d.
10 Cases Straw Goods at fearfully low prices.
We have added a splendid

MILLINERY ROOM

To our extensive premises, which at all times will be found replete with all the latest novelties.

Our Stock of CARPETS and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS will be found the largest in Western Canada, comprising Axminster, Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry, 2 Ply and 3 Ply; Dutch, Scotch and Hemp. Also, Rugs, Mats, Cocoa Matting, and a complete assortment of House-furnishings.

One Price and Quick Sales.

THOS. & W. HUNTON.

OTTAWA, May 30, 1867. 447tf

BIRTH.

On the 30th inst., at Victoria Terrace, Richmond Road, the wife of Alex. Burritt, Esq., of a son.

DIED.

At New Edinburgh, on the 30th instant, Marie-Blanche-Clara-Virginie, infant child of F. Braun, Esq., Secretary of the Department of Public Works.

Her funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SKATING RINK.

Friday Evening, May 31, 1867.

WILSON'S

Broadway Theatre.

EXCITEMENT INCREASING.

Fourth Night of the Great Company.

ANOTHER GREAT BILL.

FRIDAY evening, MAY 31st, 1867, will be performed the interesting and characteristic drama, entitled

Colleen Bawn;

OR, THE BRIDES OF GARRYOWEN.

Anne Chute.....Alice A. Harrison.

Supported by a powerful cast.

OVERTURE.....ORCHESTRA.

To conclude with the roaring farce of the

Two Buzzards.

Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. 448-1

GRAND

SACRED CONCERT

In the Cathedral, (Notre Dame,)

BY THE CHOIR,

For the Benefit of the Organist.

Thursday ev'g., June 6.

N. B.—Col. CAMPBELL has kindly consented to allow the fine band of the 100th to give their assistance.

Miss Ryan will preside at the Organ

ADMISSION.....50c.
Lady and Gentleman.....75c.
Gallery.....25c.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock. To commence at 8.

May 31. 448-4

OTTAWA

Music and Fancy Store.

CRICKET,
CROQUET,
And ARCHERY.

A complete assortment of the above just received.

Plain and Fancy Wicker Baskets,

FISHING Do.

PAPIER MACHIE GOODS,

IN EVERY STYLE.

ORME & SON,
35 Sparks-st.

May 31. 448y

SALT.

2250 BAGS

Liverpool Salt

FOR SALE—TO ARRIVE.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, May 31. 448b

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the Macadamized Road between Ottawa City and Aylmer, about 36 minutes' drive from the city. A farm of excellent land, containing about 90 acres, with a large Stone House erected thereon.

The proprietor has no objection to sell a part of the farm, with or without the house. This would be a desirable country residence. Title good.

Apply to REV. J. JOHNSTON, *Hull Village.*

May 31. 448d

The Court of Revision

FOR the City of Ottawa for the revision of the Assessment Rolls for 1867, will hold its LAST SESSION in the City Hall, in this city, THIS DAY, (FRIDAY,) the 31st of MAY, 1867, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

By order,

W. P. LETT, *City Clerk.*

Ottawa, May 31. 448d

Situation Wanted.

WANTED by a young man a situation as Clerk or Assistant Book-keeper. Good references can be produced. Address E., at the TIMES office.

May 30. 447-3

DR. CHESLEY,

OFFICE over Mr. Garth's Establishment, 25 Sussex-st., Ottawa.

May 30. 447tf

BLYTH & KERR,

Successors to Chas. Garth,

No. 25, Rideau-st.,

Plumbers,

Gas & Steam Fitters,

Tin & Coppersmiths,

Bell Hangers, &c.

—CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

Galvanized and Sheet Iron, Lead and Composition Pipes, Brass and Iron Tubing, Gasfitters, Brackets, Globes, and Pumps of every description, together with all kinds of Steamfitting and Plumbers' Materials, &c.

Public and Private Buildings, Conservatories, Vineries, Manufactories, &c., warmed by Steam, Hot Water, or warm Air, on the latest and most improved principles.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in

House-Furnishing Hardware!

Just received a complete selection of FISHING TACKLE, viz.:

Rods,	Flies,	Lines,
Baskets,	Trolling Spoons,	Hooks,
Bait,	Landing Nets,	Fly Books.

Ottawa, May 30. 416y

NOTICE.

THE SECOND MONTHLY MEETING of the Mutual Building Society, will be held at the Secretary's office, 89 Sussex-st., (up stairs) on THURSDAY the 6th JUNE, at 7:30 p.m., when the second instalment of the stock will be payable, and the funds available of the Society will be offered for sale, according to the rules of the Society.

Parties desirous of subscribing for stock can do so at any time by calling upon the Secretary, at his office, where copies of the rules and By-laws of the Society can be had, and general workings of the Society explained.

Officers.—A. McCormick, Esq., President; P. A. Egleson, Esq., Vice-President.

Directors.—A. Pratt, Esq., W. Cousens, Esq., Thos. Hanly, Esq., John Stewart, Esq., James Smith, Esq.

Solicitor.—R. Lees, Esq.

Bankers.—The Bank of British North America.

JAMES EGLESON, Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS! CHIGNONS!

JUST ARRIVED, PER STEAMER "Moravian," the latest style in LADIES' HEAD DRESS, in NESTS, FRIZZETS, &c., &c., at the Subscriber's, who has made arrangements with Mr. STACY, Court Hair Dresser, of Cranbourne-street, London, England, to furnish him with the quarterly book of Fashions, and all the newest styles of Head-Dresses. He flatters himself he will be able to suit the tastes of all who favor him with a call, and be able to compete with any house in America.

Watch Guards and Rings of the newest patterns made of Ladies and Gentlemen's own hair on the shortest notice.

E. MILES, Parliament Hairdressing Saloon, Rideau-street.

N. B.—Also received a supply of the Alexandra Hair Wavers.

May 7. 428tf

METAL!

TRADE MARK!

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTIFRICTION METAL No.

THE VERY BEST AND CHEAPEST for Babbitting purposes and Journal Bearings in all kinds of machinery.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO., Sole Manufacturers for B. N. A.

FOR SALE BY

ALEX. WORKMAN & Co., Agents

OTTAWA, C. W.

Price:—No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 30c; No. 3 25c

April 8. 403-3m

NOTICE.

THOSE IN ARREARS TO

PHILIP THOMPSON,

IF NOT PAID PREVIOUS TO

1st JUNE,

Will, without exception,

Be Collected by Course of Law.

PHILIP THOMPSON.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-20-w-tf

ST. PATRICK'S

LITERARY ASSOCIATION!

NOTICE.

THE ELECTION of Officers of the above Association for the current year will be held at the

ST. PATRICK'S HALL!

ON

Saturday ev'g. next, the 1st June,

Commencing at 7½ o'clock, p. m.

The Committee of Management have ordered Cards of Membership, which can be procured from the undersigned at the Hall every evening between 7 and 8 o'clock, p. m., without which Card no person will be admitted on the evening of election.

J. McCARRON, SECRETARY.

Ottawa, May 29. 446td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Household Furniture

ALL NEARLY NEW,

Made by Wm. Drum, of Quebec.

AT THE RESIDENCE OF R. H. TEMPLE, Esq., corner of George and Cumberland-sts., next door to James Bailiff, Esq., Deputy Sheriff, on Saturday June 1st, at the hour of 2 p.m., consisting of:—Black Walnut sideboard, (a very superior article) hair seat chairs, sofas, couches, centre and side tables, extension dining table, what-not, hat stand, bureaus, bedsteads, spring mattrass, washstands, dressing tables, looking glasses, carpets, oil cloth mats; a large quality of superior crockery and glassware, cooking and parlor stoves, pipes, kitchen utensils, &c.

Terms cash in bankable funds.

Sale positive and without reserve as the owner is leaving the city.

H. McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 27. 444-td

ATTRACTION! ATTRACTION!

AND GOODS THAT WILL CAUSE ATTRACTION ARE NOW TO BE SEEN AT THE

VARIETY HALL

34, Sussex-st.,

OPPOSITE THE BARRACKS,

WHERE the most beautiful assortment of Dinner Sets, Dessert Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets, of Superior Patterns, in China, Enamelled Ware and Stone Ware, all new designs. Glassware of all kinds in the most approved patterns. Stone Ware of all kinds. Flour Pots of all sizes. Enamelled and Common Milk Pans. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Ware in Tubs, Pails, Bowls, Clothes Pins, Knife Boxes, Spice Boxes, Butter Prints and Ladles, with a large assortment of Table Mats, Door Mats, Dusters and Brushes.

Furniture! Furniture!

Having opened a regular Furniture Ware Room I shall keep always on hand a large variety of Walnut and Common Furniture, Toilet Glasses and Gilt Mirrors and Pictures, and a large assortment of New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves, which will be sold cheap.

JOSEPH BOYDEN, General Agent.

N.B.—Household effects purchased as usual at private residences by which a saving of 20 per cent. can be effected to the seller than by disposing of them otherwise. 416y

Art Journal, 1867.

THE APRIL NO. "ART JOURNAL," containing the first part of

The Universal Exhibition—Illustrated Catalogue,

Just received. The numbers from the beginning of the year supplied.

New Volumes of the 15 cent edition of Cooper's Novels.

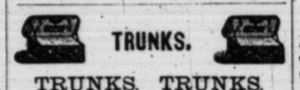
The Englishwoman,
Bow Bells,
London Journal,
All the Year Round,
Argosy,
Once a Week,
Belgravia,
Blackwood,
Good Words,
Sunday Magazine,
Chambers's Journal,
Cornhill,
Young Englishman.

The American Magazines.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, May 10. 431y



TRUNKS. TRUNKS.

Saddles. Saddles. Saddles.

HARNESS.

HARNESS. HARNESS.

Cheap, Cheap, Cheap,

At S. & H. BORBRIDGE'S

FACTORY AND STORE,

Corner Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, Ottawa City.

May 8, 1867. 429-3m

Ritchie Hotel, Grenville, C. E.,

JOHN RITCHIE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber has leased the above first-class hotel for a term of years and hopes by strict attention to the wants and comforts of his guests, and friends at large, to merit a large share of public patronage. The Hotel is the largest and best laid off house in Grenville; it is three stories high and commands a beautiful view of the rapids and steamboat landing. The Bar will contain Liquors of the choicest and purest quality. The Table will be supplied with the best the market can afford. Special care will be taken with the Stables, which will be under the care of an experienced Hostler, and always supplied with fresh Hay and Oats. Charges moderate.

JOHN RITCHIE.

May 18. 438-6m

TO PARTIES ABOUT TO BUILD—

PLANS,
SPECIFICATIONS,
ESTIMATES, &c.

Prepared by

AUGUSTUS LAVER, ARCHITECT

East End Daly-st., Ottawa.

April 1. 397tf

Private Boarding House.

PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at

MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.

Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road.

TENDERS will be received for the construction of the Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road,

UP TO NOON OF

Friday, 31st May, 1867.

The Tenders to state price per mile for Macadamizing, Grading, Bridging, and Culverts, and all other work thereon; and the price per mile for the same distance gravelled.

The Road has been surveyed in mile sections. Tenders will be received for one mile, or more, or for the whole.

Each Tender must give the names with *bona fide* signatures of two competent sureties.

Plans, specifications, and all information connected with the work can be seen and obtained at the office of the Engineer, G. H. Perry, Esq., at the City Hall, Ottawa.

The lowest Tender will not necessarily be accepted, nor will the Directors bind themselves to award the contracts to any Tender.

The Tenders to be addressed to

ALLAN GILMOUR, Esq.,

And marked,

"*Tender for Gatineau Road.*"

W. M. AYLEN, Secretary of Gatineau Macadamized and Gravelled Road Company.

May 21. 440td

Board.

THREE or four gentlemen can be accommodated with Board at MRS. PARDEY'S, Wellington-st., within five minutes' walk of the Parliament Buildings.

May 30. 447a

DALGLISH & RUSSELL

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR new and varied assortment of

GROCERY GOODS

Consisting of Teas, Gunpowder, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Black, Extra Fine English Breakfast Souchong, Congou ditto, Oolong, Orange Pekoe, Finest Japan.

Coffees.—Java, Jamaica, La Guayra, Mocha, Roasted and Ground on the premises.

Sugars.—English, refined in loaves, Broken Loaf, Crushed White, Yellow Refined.

Chocolate and Cocoa Spices, Mustards, Essences, Syrups, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegars, and Bottled Fruits, in Syrup, Preserves, Potted Meats, Fruits, &c. Also, Provisions, Sugar Cured Hams, Spiced Rolled Hams, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Biscuits, Flour, Oatmeal, Barley, Peas, Rice, Labrador Herrings, Table Codfish, Digby Herrings, &c., &c.

Our stock is extensive and complete, and every article warranted to give satisfaction. All orders sent or left will be promptly attended to.

All Goods delivered on the shortest notice.

Dalglish & Russell, *Wellington & Kent-sts.*

Ottawa, May 22, 1867. 441y

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING STOVES!

ever imported to Ottawa,

AT ESMONDE BROS.

The Stock comprises

St. Lawrence.	Ottawa.
Steward.	Davy Crockett.
Golden Fleece.	Protectionist.
King.	Empire State.
Forest Queen.	Ranger.
&c., &c.,	*&c.*

Of all sizes and shapes, with or without warming Closets, and Hot Water Fountains. If you want a Stove, call and examine.

ESMONDE BROS.

Ottawa, May 24. 441y

ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a

DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.

upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution for the current half year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st May, inclusive.

Notice is also given that the annual general meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, in Bowmanville, on Monday, the third day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board.

D. FISHER, Cashier.

Ontario Bank, Bowmanville, April 20, 1867. 428-td

SPRING BULBOUS ROOTS!

JUST ARRIVED, and must be sold immediately, a choice and very large assortment of

Gladiolus and Rannunculus.

Comprising—

Queen Victoria Scarlet Feather.
Prince Albert do.
Lord John Russell Red Purple Feather.
Lord Elgin Scarlet White Feather.
Madame Fanny Rouget—large, tall, extra fine.
Monsieur Blouet—large, tall, extra fine.
Lord Duncan Scarlet.
Lamoriciere Scarlet White Feather.
Rembrand Light Scarlet.
L'Adorable.
Romano.
Fireball Scarlet—
And 30 other varieties.

A rare opportunity is now offered for the introduction of these beautiful and easily cultured Flower Bulbs, as being a consignment they will be sold at less than Montreal and Toronto prices in quantities. On view and for sale at the

Market Drug Store,

YORK-STREET.

WM. HEARN.

April 27. 420y

THE METROPOLITAN

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street, Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET.

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

AT THE CAPITAL

Boot and Shoe Store!

NO. 10, YORK STREET,

Next door to the Market Drug Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to inform his numerous friends and the inhabitants of the city and surrounding country, that he has opened, at the above stand, where he is prepared to furnish them with a superior article.

Ready-made Boots and Shoes.

The Custom Department will receive his special attention. Orders from Lumberers promptly attended to.

GEORGE MURPHY.

Ottawa, May 8, 1867. 429-y

HOWE'S

Boot and Shoe Store.

REMOVAL.

AS the Lease of our Premises in Sussex street terminates this month, we intend to confine our business to one locality, and shall remove the whole of our Stock on the 1st of May next, to our Store in

No. 10, Rideau-st.

Our stock of BOOTS and SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, TRUNKS, &c., &c., will consequently be very large and most complete in every department, and we most respectfully solicit a continuance of favors, to merit which our constant endeavors will be as usual to provide the best articles and sell at the lowest remunerating prices.

G. HOWE & SON.

Remember the place—No. 10, Rideau-st: next to Howell's Grocery.

April 27. 420y

ICE!

PURE ICE!

JAMES NASH,

Manufacturer of Pickles, Sauces, &c.,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is now prepared to deliver ICE to all requiring such either by the week, month or season.

Having the contract for supplying the Parliament Buildings, the Ice I offer to the public has been carefully picked.

PRICE.—10 lbs. per day, per season, $5.00.

Hotel-keepers, Steamboats, and others requiring a larger supply will be liberally dealt with.

All orders left by Mr. S. Harriett's, Butcher, Wellington Market, or at Mr. R. Elliott's, Commercial Hotel, York Street, will meet with prompt attention. 436-d

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

BRANDY, HENNESSEY and other Brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORT WINE, finest quality, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SHERRY WINE, various brands, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINE OLD CHERRY BRANDY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

JOHN BULL BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

STOUGHTON BITTERS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

RAMSAY'S PORT ELLEN ISLAY WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GUINESS'S DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

HIBBERT'S LONDON STOUT PORTER, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

DE KUYPER'S HOLLAND GIN, In Wood and Bottle, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST OLD RYE WHISKEY, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

FINEST AMBER SYRUP, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S RED AND Black Currants, Jams and Jellies, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

GOOSEBERRY JAM, STRAWBERRY Jam, Raspberry Jam, Green Gage Jam, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS, AND BREAKfast-Rolled Bacon. A choice supply of the above can always be had *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10.

PORK AND FLOUR Constantly on hand, *At the India Warehouse,* BROWNE & HARDY. April 10. 405tf

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA, *TO WIT:*

THE QUARTER SESSIONS of the RECORDER'S COURT for the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the County Court House (old Jail), in said city, on

Monday, the Third day of June next,

At the hour of ELEVEN of the Clock, in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in any wise concerned are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS, High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office, May 23, 1867. 443td

Piano-Forte and Organ Instruction

W. C. CLARK,

PROFESSOR of Music, Teacher of Organ, Piano, Voice and Harmony. Also Mrs. Clark, Teacher of Drawing and Painting. Music Rooms and Residence, 69 Sparks-st., adjoining Desbarats' Block.

May 4. 426y

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq. David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 384tf

THREE DAYS MORE ONLY!

—OF—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S

CLEARING CHEAP SALE!

Great Bargains for Cash Only.

N.B.—We intend opening out in the Bishop's New Building, Sussex-st., near the Cathedral, next week.

May 27, 1867. GRANT & HENDERSON. 444-y

NEW BLACK SILKS,
NEW LACE SHAWLS.
NEW 4-4 AND 6-4 BAREGES,
NEW CHALLIS.
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS GOODS,

—AT—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

No. 14, Rideau-st.

OTTAWA, MAY 23, 1867. 442y

1867. SUMMER. 1867.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Are now shewing a large and complete stock in every department. They invite special attention to the following

FANCY DRESS GOODS:

MOURNING GOODS,
BLACK LACE SHAWLS,
BLACK AND COLOURED SILKS,
CLOTH AND SILK JACKETS,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH PRINTED MUSLINS

Bonnets,	Hats,
Ribbons,	Feathers,
Flowers,	Bonnet Ornaments.

Inspection Invited.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks-st.

OTTAWA, May 15. 453y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milton, Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings.
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths.
Cassimeres, Doeskins.
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

100 DOZEN

New French Kid Gloves:

DUCHESSE,
JOUVIN,
ALEXANDRE,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, May 18. 438y

KEARNS & RYAN

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL that they are now prepared to show a complete stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

THEY HAVING ENLARGED THEIR PREMISES, AND OPENED OUT A

New Show Room!

To Comprise MILLINERY, MANTLES, and INFANTS' CLOTHES, they having secured the services of a *first-class Milliner* and a *first-class Mantle maker*, who will spare neither time nor trouble to please their customers. All are invited to give them a call at the

UNION BLOCK---Cor. of Sussex and York-streets.

OTTAWA, April 24. 417d

CRICKET. CROQUET.

—AND—

FISHING TACKLE,

EVERYTHING REQUISITE FOR THE ABOVE SPORTS just received at the

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

—ALSO—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacturing and Repairing Department. 425y

YOUNG & RADFORD,

30 SPARKS-ST.,

PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

—AND—

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery of every description carefully cleaned, REPAIRED and WARRANTED.

Masonic Emblems and Jewels, Gold and Silver Medals, Clasps, &c.,

Made to order, and old Jewellery re-sett in the latest styles of fashion. Always on hand a Choice Assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains and Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware and Fancy Goods.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435-y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 223d

Prepare for Spring Work.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street,

CAN BE HAD

GARDEN TOOLS

Of every description:

HOES, RAKES,
PLOT LINES,
SPADES, SHOVELS, &c.,

Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools

NEW AND IMPROVED.

Agricultural Implements

IN GREAT VARIETY,

Nails, Spikes, Camp Kettles, Circular and Cross-cut Saws, Lamps, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.,—ALL CHEAP.

CALL AND INSPECT.

THOMAS BIRKETT, Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, April 13. 408y

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.

Ottawa, September 15. 230y

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russe House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23 1867. 366tf

LENDING LIBRARY AND NEWS DEPOT.

A. HAUSSER has removed to the "Times" Building, Sparks-st., where he will have always on hand the latest English, United States, and Canadian periodicals and papers.

A. HAUSSER, "Times" Building, Sparks-st.

May 17. 437d

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-8

Board.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED to receive permanent, day, and transient BOARDERS, at the house lately occupied by MRS. SUTTON, corner of Queen and Metcalfe Sts. Apply on the premises to

W. J. PITT.

Ottawa, May 18, 1867. 438-d

STEAMERS.

CANADIAN INLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

1867. 1867.

ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE.

The magnificent steamers comprising this line, viz.,

SPARTAN,
GRECIAN,
PASSPORT,
KINGSTON,
MAGNET,
and CHAMPION,

Have commenced their regular trips between Montreal and Hamilton, calling at all Intermediate Ports, connecting with the

Ottawa and Prescott Railroad,

Both ways, daily, Mondays excepted.

Passengers will find it to their advantage to travel by this route, it being the quickest and cheapest, as well as the most comfortable.

Meals and State Rooms always included in the Fare.

N.B.—Through and Return Tickets can be obtained at reduced rates from

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.
Agents.

444S

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY'S

1867. 1867.

Fast Sailing Mail Steamer *Queen Victoria*, (Captain Bowie,) leaves Ottawa daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 a.m., for Grenville and intermediate landings, connecting with the C. & Grenville Railway, and at Carillon with Steamer *Prince of Wales*. Passengers arrive in Montreal at 4:45 p.m. Steamer *Prince of Wales*, (Captain H. W. Shepherd,) leaves Lachine on arrival of the 7 a.m. train from Montreal, connecting at Carillon with C. & G. Railway, and at Grenville with Steamer *Queen Victoria*, arriving at Ottawa at 6:30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets from Ottawa to Grenville, valid for one day, at single fares.

Passengers for the Celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel express daily from Ottawa to Montreal and intermediate landings.

FARES:

Return tickets to Montreal	$6 00 each.
First class	3 50
Second do	2 00

Market Steamer *Dagmar*, (Capt. Peter McGowan,) leaves Montreal, Canal Basin, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Baggage checked through.

The Steamer *Alexandra*, (Capt. M. Shepherd,) will be employed in towing rafts between Ottawa and Grenville.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

May 14. 434S

NEW FREIGHT LINE TO OTTAWA AND THE RIDEAU CANAL.

1867. 1867.

MONTREAL & OTTAWA
FORWARDING COMPANY.
LIMITED.

PRESIDENT—HUGH McLENNAN.

DIRECTORS:
W. McNAUGHTON, J. B. AUGER.

This Company is now prepared with new and efficient stock to forward Freight of every description between Montreal, Ottawa and Rideau Canal, and intermediate Ports, with promptness and despatch, and at low rates.

Freight received at the wharf of the Richelieu Company, at Quebec, and forwarded daily.

For freight apply to
D. MURPHY, *Agent*, Canal Basin, Ottawa.
ISAAC BONNER, *Agent*, 85 Common-st., Canal Basin, Montreal.

May 7. 428-S

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

1867 1867

Upper Ottawa Route.

Consisting of the following first-class steamers:

ANN SISSON,	Capt. BOCKUS.
EMERALD,	" LEITCH.
ALLIANCE,	" FINDLAY.
OREGON,	" HILLIARD.
SNOW BIRD,	" TONER.
JASON GOULD,	" OVERMAN.
PONTIAC,	" DUGGAN.
PEMBROKE,	" COUVRETTE.
CALUMET,	" BLONDIN.

On the opening of navigation (until further notice) the steamer *Ann Sisson* will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 8:30 a.m., connecting with the *Alliance* at head of Railroad at 12:30, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort. Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of *Alliance* for Cobden, connecting with steamer *Jason Gould*, and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The *Pontiac* leaves Pembroke at 8 a. m. on Tuesdays and Fridays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning on same days, leaving at 2 p. m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer *Jason Gould*, which leaves daily at 5 a.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort at 10 a. m.

The steamer *Alliance* leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 9:30 a. m., touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, and arriving at head of Railway at 12:45, and connecting with *Ann Sisson* at Pontiac. Passengers reach Aylmer at 4:30 p. m.

The steamer *Calumet* leaves Chapeau Village on Monday mornings at 10 a.m., and returning leaves Havelock same day on arrival of passengers from steamer *Alliance*.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Arnprior at 1 p.m.; Sand Point at 1:40 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 11:30 a.m.; Arnprior at 12:15 p.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday and Thursday.

For further particulars apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa City or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa City, April 25, 1867. 419-s

To Farmers, Lumbermen, &c.

To Let on Long Lease,
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,

A FINE FARM,
CONSISTING OF 400 ACRES, ON THE

Banks of the Ottawa,
On the first Range,

Clarendon, County of Pontiac,

With a fine House and splendid Garden, well fenced, and all the requisite out-buildings, Barns, Stables, &c.

A well of fine spring water and pump in the same.

THE FARM

Is nearly all cleared and well fenced, and is admitted to be the

Finest in Lower Canada.

A ready market is obtained for all farm produce on the spot. And a Grist Mill is in the immediate neighborhood.

Farmers or Lumbermen who wish to raise their own supplies this offers an advantage seldom to be met with.

For particulars apply to
MR. RATTARY,
at the Hotel, Portage-du-Fort,
OR MR. REID'S Agent,
On the Farm, Clarendon.

22-3

☞ Montreal *Gazette* and Toronto *Leader* will give the above three insertions—once a week—and send account to this office.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 7th May, 1867, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Prescott, 7.00 a. m.	At Ottawa, 10.30 a.m.
" " 2:45 p.m.	" " 5:20 p.m.
From Ottawa, 7.00 a.m.	At Prescott 9.35 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 4:45 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.

N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.

Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.

Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.

T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.

Ottawa, May 7. 1-y

Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing 22nd April, 1867.

LEAVE BROCKVILLE:

6:20 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at 6.20 a.m., and 4:00 p. m., arriving at Sandpoint at 12:30 p. m., and 10:10 p.m.

LEAVE SANDPOINT.

6:00 A. M.—TRAINS will leave Sandpoint daily at 6:00 a.m., and 2:00 p. m., arriving at Brockville at 12:30 p. m., and 8:30 p. m.

All trains on main line connect at Smith's Falls with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager for Trustee.

Brockville, April 15. 413y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at 10.10 P.M.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.

For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the 43rd Section of Chapter 16, Consolidated Statutes of Canada—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that horses, horned cattle, sheep, pigs and other animals, poultry and fancy birds, when imported from the United States of America by Agricultural Societies specially for the improvement of stock, may be admitted into this Province free of duty.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

440-6

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Monday, 13th day of May, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given in the 85th section of the 28th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, his Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following rates of toll be imposed, levied and collected on all timber descending the Government Slides on Black River, that is to say—

For every parcel or quantity of timber, equal to a crib of masts or spars, one dollar and fifty cents.

For every such parcel or quantity (equal to a crib) of square timber, one dollar.

For every saw log, two cents.

And it is further ordered that such tolls be collected on all timber which has passed through the Black River Slide since the opening of the navigation in the present year.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

Ottawa, May 20. 440-6

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-d-w8-3m

NOTICE.

PARTIES in arrears for Lots in the Cemetery in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Congregation of the city of Ottawa, are respectfully requested to pay the same to Mr. Jonathan Offord, at his store, No. 13, Rideau-st., in said city, he being the only person authorised to receive the same, and to dispose of Lots in the said Cemetery, as above connected.

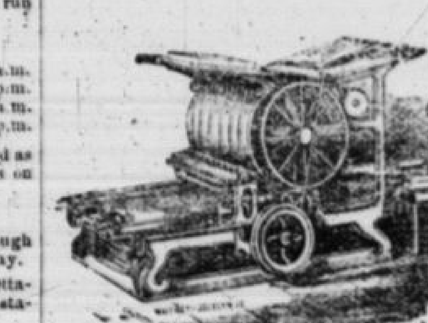
JOHN BROWN,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 435a-20w-2

THE

"OTTAWA TIMES"

STEAM



Printing Works!

OFFICE:
60, Sparks Street, Centre Town.

THE "TIMES"
WILL AFFORD A SUPERIOR MEDIUM
TO BUSINESS MEN IN THE
LINE OF
ADVERTISING

IT HAS BEEN TRULY SAID THAT "*A JUDICIOUS APPLICATION OF THE PRINTERS INK IS ONE OF THE LEADING AVENUES TO WEALTH.*"

IF YOU HAVE
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Or Hardware
TO SELL,
ADVERTISE!
Let the World Know It

IF YOU HAVE
Property to Sell
ADVERTISE!
Do you want to Buy?
ADVERTISE!!
No Matter what your Business
ADVERTISE.

ADVERTISE.
This is the Motto of every Real
BUSINESS MAN.

ADVERTISE!
NOW is the TIME
—AND—
THE "OTTAWA TIMES"
IS THE MEDIUM
Through Which it Will Reach
THE PUBLIC.

WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 17,

IN THE 6TH CONCESSION

GOLD REGIONS OF MADOC,

FOR SALE BY

PUBLIC AUCTION!

WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the office of the undersigned,

VICTORIA BUILDINGS, FRONT-ST.,
BELLEVILLE,
ON

Tuesday, May 28th instant,

at twelve o'clock, noon,

The West Half of Lot Number Seventeen, In the sixth concession of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings.

This lot forms part of the Village of El Dorado, and adjoins the Richardson Gold Mine.

Terms. - - - - Cash.

ALFRED A. CAMPBELL,
Inspector, Q. G. D.

Belleville, May 6, 1867. 430-td

The following papers will please copy till date of sale, and send accounts to the Department of Crown Lands, Ottawa:—*Gazette*, *News*, and *Minerve*, Montreal; *Citizen* and *Canada Gazette*, Ottawa; *News* and *Whig*, Kingston; *Chronicle*, Belleville; *Standard* and *Express*, Napanee; *Star*, *World*, *Sun* and *Sentinel*, Cobourg; *Guide*, Port Hope; *Review*, Peterboro; *Leader*, *Telegraph*, *Christian Guardian* and *Freeman*, Toronto; *Spectator*, *Times* and *Christian Advocate*, Hamilton.

A. A. C.

NOTICE.

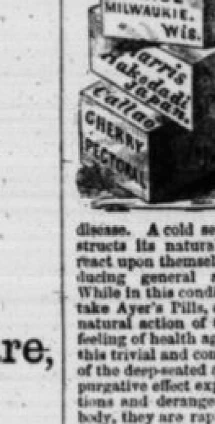
COUNTY OF CARLETON,
To Wit:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the eleventh day of JUNE, 1867, at the hour of TEN of the clock, a. m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL, Sheriff.
By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 14th, 1867. 436-3-2owtd

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.



Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Billous Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867. 368d3w9-

DEPARTMENT of CROWN LANDS.

FISHERIES BRANCH.

OTTAWA, 26TH APRIL, 1867.

THE following Fishery Regulation has been approved and adopted by his Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, on the 25th Instant, under the Statute 29 Vic., Cap. 11, (*Fisheries Act*):—

"Fishing by means of Nets, for the purposes of "trade and commerce, except under leases or licen-"ses from the Department of Crown Lands, is pro-"hibited in the waters of Upper Canada."

Certifie

A. CAMPBELL,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

425a

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation o the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.

For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.

For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.

For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors ordain and appoint that shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinance as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

B B S

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been represented to His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council through the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, that Gold has been discovered, and is found to exist in various parts of the Townships hereinafter named, and whereas it is expedient that the tract embraced in the said several Townships should be brought under the operation, and be made subject to the provisions of "The Gold Mining Act."

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 2nd section of the Act 27 and 28 Vic. Cap. 9, has been therefore pleased to order, AND IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that the tract of Country comprised within and constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canonto, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Canonto, the Townships in the County of Addington, situate north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships in the County o Hastings, situate north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga, the Township of Belmont, and the Townships in the County of Peterborough, situate north of the Township of Belmont, be and the same is hereby declared to be a Gold Mining Division for all the purposes of the said Act, under the name of "*The Quinte Gold Mining Division.*"

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Thursday, 21st day of March, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON he recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that Scrap Metal of all kinds, though not specially mentioned in the List of Goods authorized by the Act 29 30 Vic, Cap. 6, to be imported into Canada free of Customs duty, shall be and the same is hereby authorized to be imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, free of Customs duties under the provisions of the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C

397-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, tha is to say:

Aceti Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric
Chloric
Nitrous
Sulphuric
Chloroform
Collodian
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, THOMAS BOURKE, OF Smith's Falls, in the County of Lanark, was by a license under my hand, bearing date the 11th of September, A.D. 1866, empowered to act as a Brewer in the said Village of Smith's Falls:

And whereas the said Thomas Bourke was, on the 16th day of February last past, convicted of having illicitly distilled spirits against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and a penalty of $400 was imposed upon him therefor which penalty the said Thomas Bourke has failed o pay;

Notice is ereby given that under the provisions of the Statute of 27 and 28 Vic., Cap. 3, Section 11 the said license to act as a Brewer, granted by e to the said Thomas Bourke has, in consequence of such default, become and the same is hereby declared to be forfeited and void.

ROBERT DOUGLAS,
Collector Inland Revenue,
County of Lanark.

Dated at Perth this 15th March, A.D. 1867. 397

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment

5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in tawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarsen
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Ches .
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

SUGGESTIONS

As to the kind of Proof Required by the Provincial Secretary to enable him to Report in favor of applications for Charters of Incorporation under Act 27th and 28th Victoria, Chapter 23.

1.

THE NOTICE IN THE "GAZETTE" required by section 2, may be taken to have been given, if, on examination by an officer of the Department, the fact appears, and if all the Christian names of the applicants with their residences, legal additions, or occupations, are stated in therein.

2.

The *persons* not less than *five*, who petition, must be the same persons who give the notice.

3.

The *petition* ought to correspond in every respect with the notice, and should be signed by each of the applicants (to the number of five at least) personally, or if any case by Attorney, the Letter of Attorney authorizing signature, being duly authenticated, ought to accompany the petition.

4.

The proof as to corporate *name* being not that of any other company, ought to be stated at best of knowledge and belief, by one of applicants being a resident of this Province, or by an Attorney or agent being such resident. The statement should be verified by affidavit duly sworn.

5.

The proof that one or more of the applicants is a *British subject* and a resident within the Province, should be by declaration of the "subject" himself, verified by affidavit.

6.

The proof as to *subscription of stock* may be by production of the stock-book, with the signatures of the subscribers, &c., verified by affidavit of some one who saw the subscription; or in the absence of the stock-book, by the affidavit of at least two or the subscribers, stating the fact that such subscription has been made.

7.

The fact of the subscription to the extent of at least *one half* the proposed capital having been duly made, by persons of good repute as to means of payment, must be shown by the affidavit of some credible person cognizant of the fact. The Provincial Secretary cannot report that the subscription of stock has been made in "good faith" unless this be done.

8.

The fact that the ten per cent. has been paid to the credit of trustees for the Company, in a Chartered Bank of the Province, ought to be proved by the certificate of the cashier or other principal officer of the Bank.

9.

When the paid up capital consists of *real estate* (in whole or in part) the fact of the real estate standing in the names of trustees ought to be shown either by the production of the title deeds duly proven, or by the certificate of the Registrar of the County where the lands lie, embodying so much o the instruments registered as will show the dates, the parties, the parcels, and the trusts.

10.

The *value* of the real estate to the amount required by the Act, should be proved by the evidence of at least two persons, who have examined the property. In the case of mining land, the report after examination of a Mining Engineer, or Expert, or Geologist of good repute, would seem to be requisite.

11.

The lands, *only*, actually acquired *at the date of the publication of the notice* by intending Companies for any of the purposes mentioned in subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of section 1 of the Act, will be included in the Charter. Such lands must be *particularly described* in the *Notice* and *Petition* by lot and concession, or by metes and bounds, (if a portion of lot or lots) and may comprise any number of lots, or portions of lots in any county or counties; where head offices are desired in any city, town or village, within or without this Province, such place or places must also be specified in the Notice and Petition.

12.

Where the real estate extends beyond the limits of one township, a further fee of *ten dollars* will charged for every additional township named the Charter.

WM. McDOUGALL,
Provincial Secretary.

CITY OF OTTAWA

$1500 REWARD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to the house of Mr. James Murphy, on Clarence-st., in this city, on the 19th day of April, 1867. A further sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid upon the terms above specified to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of any person guilty of any act of incendiarism during the past six months.

By order,
WILLIAM P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
April 30, 1867. 423-e

CITY OF OTTAWA

NOTICE.

PUBLIC attention is hereby directed to the following enactments of By-law No. 154:

"That no person or persons within the City of Ottawa shall keep any victualling house, ordinary, or house where Fruit, Oysters, Clams or Victuals are sold to be eaten therein, or any house where Ginger Beer, Root Beer, Lemon Syrup, Soda Water, or other manufactured beverage (other than spirituous or fermented liquors) or other refreshments are sold to be drunk or eaten therein, or to keep any other place within this city for the refreshment or entertainment of the public unless he, she or they shall have first obtained a license therefor."

The sum payable for each of the above licenses is $20, upon payment of which amount to the City Chamberlain the licenses will be issued by the City Clerk.

The attention of the Chief of Police and the Police Force is directed to the enforcement of the above By-law.

By order of the By-law Committee.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, May 15, 1867. 436-101

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street

Ottawa December 9 314tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Fanney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

12tf

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

U. S. CONSULAR AGENCY

AT OTTAWA, C. W.

Notice to the Business Men of Ottawa and its Dependencies.

THE undersigned U. S. Consular Agent for the City of Ottawa, and the dependencies thereof, deems it proper to give public notice to those who may require his official services, that his office in R. Eaton & Co.'s Store, Rideau-street, will be open at all times during business hours. All invoices of property of whatever kind exported or intended to be exported into the United States, must be authenticated by me at this Consular Agency, in order to facilitate its transit at the proper ports of entry.

P. H. MAHAR,
U. S. Consular Agent.

April 12. 407tf

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County Carleton, C.W.